The Times

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THE

"OTTAWA TIMES,"

PUBLISHED

EVERY MORNING.

(Sundays Excepted)

BY GEORGE COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

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THE WEEKLY TIMES."

A Weekly Edition of the TIMES will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, *if paid in advance*; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Jamer's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries-Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. R. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the District of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MR McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY,

LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. FEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

GENERAL Commission Agent, 3 Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. Agent for Royal Mail Line Steamers, Great Western Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad, &c.
Ottawa, May 11. 123-tf

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA.

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Genereux' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draught man, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain supper or apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATHEW'S HOTEL,)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

FIELD AND GARDEN

SEEDS!

ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF

FLOWER SEEDS!

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!

29, Sparks Street.

Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,................1.00.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.

To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!

Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store,

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6.00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.................. 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.................. 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.................. 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.................. 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.................. 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.................. 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included)..................$2.50
Steerage..................1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING

AND

Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE BATHS, TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SITZ BATHS, TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS, THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS, ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY.

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS!! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, SUSSEX STREET.

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

AND

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,

LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862,

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

The Latest News!

The Red Boot Found

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA and all others, who are interested, are hereby notified that the RED BOOT is now opened, and the large assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

Therein contained will be sold at a *small advance over cost for cash!*

Call and see for yourselves at the Red Boot, in C. W. BANG & CO.'S old stand,

Opposite the Barracks!

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, June 9. 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an one quite complete with material for every department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAPT. J. RYAN.)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 4 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

OLD LINE!

[*Established in 1844.*]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANG M NTS

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,..........	
ONTARIO,..........	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,..........	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,.......... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,.......... Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Supt, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT:
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - Lessee

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th JUNE. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated on a point commanding a magnificent view seaward, while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. As short the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it, and, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the Saguenay, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the first stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end; being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of a long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 300 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains!

G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of
Ap19-104-tf SATCHEL BROS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Special Notice—Perry Davis' Pain Killer.
Do do —Canadian Pain Destroyer.
Do do —Bristol's Sugar coated Pills.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Ten Good Shirtmakers Wanted—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
Cotton Goods, &c.—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at	7.00, a.m.
Mail Train	6.30, p. m.
Accommodation Train leaves at	1.45, p. m.
Arriving Morning Mail	10.5, a.m.
Mail, Evening	5.00, p.m.
" Night	9.00, p.m

☞ These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m., every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. "	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Metcalfe, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m
Chelsea and Wakefield,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton,	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and postage paid thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

EXCURSION !

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 2, 1866.

We do not know when we were taken so much aback as we were by the temper in which the English press received and commented upon the late invasion of Canada, by the wretched horde of misguided Americanized Irishmen, yclept Fenians. We are yet quite bewildered by the news, and can come to no other conclusion than that the intelligence from Canada must have been very scanty, and the then hardly-shaped action of the authorities at Washington intentionally magnified by representations very wide of the truth. On this side of the water—in Canada we mean—it was understood that the action of the American Government had to be stimulated by very urgent appeals from the British Ambassador, and that tardy as was that action, it would possibly have been indefinitely postponed, but for the risk of a rupture with Great Britain. Far be it from us to wish that the slowness of the Federal authorities should be made a cause of offence between the two Powers, and since the danger is past, and we have the evidence, though late, that an amount of energy commensurate with the necessities of the case was finally exhibited to restrain the marauderers and murderers, we are content to leave things as they are, and to live in the hope that for the future the same proper precautions will be taken to prevent further violations of our territory. But our surprise at the unmeasured laudations of American promptitude and effort is not at all mitigated. We are yet wholly unable to comprehend the grounds upon which such encomiums are based, and will therefore look with interest for the more elaborated opinions of the English press as they come to hand. So far as we have yet seen, little or nothing was known of the magnificent spirit displayed by our people, in rushing, almost as with a common impulse, to arms, regardless of the important secular interests and domestic ties and endearments which usually exercise so great an influence over a peaceful, busy and thriving population. And yet if the action of the American government was known, something of this must have been known too, for there was no very decided interference on the part of the former to arrest further outrages, until five days after the battle of Ridgeway. That occurred on the 2nd of June, and the President's proclamation was not issued until the 7th. By that time we had chased the invaders from our soil, saving those which found a burying-place in it—some thirty-eight at Ridgeway it is now understood, and half a dozen at St. Armands—and the 260 or 270 captured and now in gaol awaiting their trial. How is it that the magnificent spirit of our people and the gallantry of the volunteers, who met the foe, are not so much as named? We have an idea that the action of the American Government, so much praised, must relate almost solely to the capture of the retreating Fenians at Fort Erie, by the Revenue steamer *Michigan*, and if this be all that has called forth the eulogies, then we must suppose that a better knowledge of the facts will enable the *Times* to see that it has been again somewhat premature, and may have to retrace its steps. A year ago the English papers could hardly find terms sufficiently flattering, wherewith to characterize the noble stand we took, and on the occasion of the *Trent* difficulties they were almost in raptures at our superb spirit. We took it all down very comfortably, and felt somewhat rewarded for the patience with which we had borne their diatribes and sneers at the rejection of the Militia Bill. But now that we are conscious of efforts really deserving of some recognition; now when we have sacrificed a million of money and a number of valuable lives in a quarrel, which even on the part of the invaders, is admitted to be none of our own, excepting in so far as we are a portion of the British empire, a quarrel of home-growth entirely, and which was fastened upon us only because the foe could not strike directly at the parent state, our eager haste to meet and repel the invaders is passed over in comparative silence. There must have been, as we think some hocussing of the news, and we shall, therefore, await other arrivals before we can settle down in the belief that our brethren in England are wholly insensible to our claims upon their approval, if not upon their admiration. We feel somewhat jealous upon this point, as we are satisfied our brave Volunteers would have highly appreciated the good opinion of the "old country," around which cluster yet so many fond recollections in the minds and hearts of the Canadian population. We must wait.

LOCAL NEWS.

CRICKET MATCH.

The long talked of match between the ex-pupils of U. C. College, and all comers came off on Saturday last. We must congratulate the cricketers of Ottawa for the spirit and good display of the manly game. We were much pleased at the good show of cricket on this occasion, and have every reason to expect that the Ottawa Club will give a good account of themselves in any prize match. We particularly draw attention to the following players: Capt. Percival, C. Scott, H. Phillipps, E. Hester, T. C. Harrington, and W. Denison. The fielding was all that could be expected considering the want of practice. W. D. Powell's long stopping was excellent. The bowling of E. Hester and E. G. Powell, was equal to anything that has ever been witnessed in this section of the country. The Ottawa Club feel that they are under many obligations to Major Newdigate for his kindness in allowing the P. C. O. Band to enliven the scene. We cannot allow this opportunity to pass without expressing the feeling of all the cricketers for the happy manner in which the game, the opening one we may say, passed off.

Ottawa—1st innings.

E. McMurtry, b. Benjamin,	2
E. Hester, run out	3
C. S. Scott, b. Benjamin	13
J. Spencer, bd. do	4
Pemberton, l. b. w., b. Powell	6
Percival, b. Powell	11
Harrington, b. Powell	17
Brophy, c. Powell, b. Denison	0
Blackmore, c. Powell, b. Denison	2
McGillivray, not out	7
Byes	9
Wides	4
Wides	7
	85

Upper Canada College—1st innings.

E. H. Benjamin, b. Scott	0
F. B. Benjamin, c. McMurtry, b. Hester	1
H. Phillipps, b. Hester	15
W. Denison, b. Hester	3
E. G. Powell, b. Hester	11
E. Crombie, b. Brophy	1
W. Powell, b. Brophy	0
A. Cary, run out	0
G. Aumond, b. Brophy	4
A. Ross, b. Hester	0
W. Himsworth, not out	0
Byes	22
Leg byes	2
Wides	17
	76

Ottawa—2nd innings.

Capt. Percival, b. G. Powell	16
C. S. Scott, b. G. Powell	17
Capt. Pemberton, b. Powell	0
S. Spencer, b. Benjamin	11
E. Hester, not out	10
Brophy, b. G. Powell	1
Leivers, b. Benjamin	0
McGillivray, c. Ross, b. Benjamin	0
Blackmore, not out	0
Byes	9
Leg bye	1
Wides	3
	68
First innings	85
Total	153

U. C. College—2nd innings.

E. H. Benjamin, c. and b. Brophy	0
F. P. Benjamin, c. McMurtry, b. Hester	9
H. Phillipps, c. Scott, b. Brophy	11
W. Denison, c Harrington, b Brophy	12
E. Crombie, c Leivers, b Brophy	10
W. Powell, b. Hester	0
A. Cary, not out	3
G. Aumond, b. Brophy	9
A. Ross, b. Hester	6
W. Hemsworth, b. Hester	0
Byes	8
Leg byes	8
	76
First innings	76
Total	152

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.—The Canada *Gazette* of Saturday announces, that the meeting of the Boards of Examination for Volunteer Officers is hereby postponed to the first Tuesday in August next, instead of Tuesday next, 3rd July, the day fixed by the General Order No. 2, of the 27th October, 1865.

APPOINTMENTS.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:—William Henry Lee, of the city of Ottawa, Esquire, and William Alfred Himsworth, of the city of Ottawa, both Clerks of Her Majesty's Executive Council for the Province of Canada, to be Deputy Governors for signing Money Warrants.

SHIPPING AT QUEBEC.—From the comparative statement, published in the *Chronicle* of Friday last, we learn that there is a material decrease in the arrivals from sea to date, 29th June, as compared with last year, being less 58 ships and 69,992 tons. Of ocean steamships, the arrivals are the same, 16, but there is an increase on this class of 710 tons.

THE THEATRE TO NIGHT.—Mr. W. A Lyon, of Toronto, has arrived, and will appear as Polonius in Hamlet, this evening, and we understand that another young actor, Mr. Allan Halford, has been engaged, and will be on hand for the next performance. One or two more like the above is much needed, and as good actors cannot live on air, we hope to see a better patronage extended, than has been given heretofore. We imagine that if support be extended, the manager will give increased attraction, which he cannot do without receiving the wherewith to pay the shot.

NEW POTATOES.—Mr. M. S. De Rinzy, of the Gloucester Nursery, has just favored us with a box of new potatoes, known as the "Thompson's." They are of a good size, and do not appear to have that soft watery appearance, which new potatoes generally have. This is Mr. De Rinzy's first year in the gardening business in this locality, and having had many obstacles to overcome, ere he started to work, feels confident that next year he will be much earlier in the market, not only with potatoes, but peas, beans, strawberries, &c. We hope that he will meet with that patronage his energy deserves.

RARE CHANCE.—It will be seen by an advertisement, that H. McLean Auctioneer, has received instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church to offer for sale that very valuable lot of theirs in Centre Town, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets. This is a rare chance for any person who would intend purchasing for business or commercial purposes. This city has long felt the want of a Public Hall, and now an opportunity is given for any person or company to invest in so desirable an object, as it would be the best stand for that purpose now available in this city. *For particulars see Advertisement.*

CITY COUNCIL.—To-night is the regular night for a meeting of the City Council.

REMEMBER!—What? The Lecture by the Hon. T. D. McGee at Aylmer to-night.

FOOT RACE.—On Friday next a dash of 100 yards for $50, will come off between Geo. Forsyth and John Brown, on Ashburnham hill. There is no great difference between the men, and the run will be a sharp one.

COMING.—Burgess, Prendergast and Larue's Minstrels, open in Quebec on the 3rd inst., for three nights. They may be expected to put in an appearance in this city about the 20th. When here last season this company won golden opinions, and since which time, they have made many excellent additions to their famed minstrel troupe; they now rank as the *nonpareil* of minstrelsy.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Perspiring Richmond editors tell of an average temperature of 105 degrees.

—The gunboats *Hercules* and *Canada* have returned to Montreal from the upper waters.

—Strawberries were selling at Buffalo on Friday for twelve cents per quart.

—Governor Boutwell is expected to speak in Congress in opposition to the Mexican Loan.

—The people of North Louisiana appeal for relief from the destitution caused by the late floods.

—The severe rain storm of Sunday and Monday was experienced as far South as Washington.

—The Albany *Argus* says of the wheat crop in the central portion of the State, that the prospects for a large yield are unusually good.

—Artemus Ward was met, on his landing in England, with an offer of £4000 and all expenses paid for a lecturing tour of six months.

—Yesterday being the anniversary of Her Majesty's coronation, a royal salute was fired from the Island at Montreal, at twelve o'clock.

—An extensive haul of counterfeiters has been made on the Pottowatomie Indian reservation in Kansas, with $50,000 in bogus greenbacks and $5,000 in fractional currency.

—The heat in Washington for the past three days has been almost unprecedented for the season. The thermometer has ranged from ninety-three to ninety-seven.

—M. Fould seems to have been improving Napoleon's financial affairs. The estimates for 1867 are 25,000,000f. lower than those of the current year.

—The *Pall Mall Gazette* states that the Pope's sister, the Countess Benigni de Jesi, has just died in great misery, not being able to exist on the £2 a month, which her brother, the Pope, allowed her.

—Forty persons in Manlius, near Syracuse, N. Y., were poisoned last week by eating poisoned cheese. Two died and others are not expected to live. The merchant who sold the cheese is among the sick.

—On Thursday the 13th inst., a cattle fair was held at Invermay, Owen Sound, at which a number of cattle changed hands, but the buyers did not generally meet the views of holders, and a much larger number were driven home.

—An attack was made by raftsmen at Longuei, who landed and attacked the house of Mr. Anhertin, whom they left nearly dead on Thursday night. The villagers arrived, and under orders by the authorities went to the raft and arrested fifteen.

—Fourpenny bank notes, to the amount of many millions of florins, have just been issued by the Austrian government to meet the requirements of daily life; and an immense increase of the paper money of higher denominations is daily expected.

—A New Orleans letter of the 14th inst., says that two men were arrested there that morning, charged with complicity in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. One admits some association with Booth, while the other denies all knowledge of the affair. Both are strangers in that city.

—The oath of allegiance has been recently tendered to 186 employees and officers on the Northern Railway, who all took the required test, the Managing Director himself setting the example. It was also tendered to other 10 employees on the road, but they refused to take it.

—On Thursday evening the body of a female infant was found floating in Toronto bay, opposite Mr. D. Crawford's spice factory. When taken from the water a stone was found in the bottom of it's clothes, placed there of course for the purpose of sinking it. The body was dicomposed.

—A singular case has just come before the French tribunals. A young girl, eleven years of age, attempted successively the life of her mother and sister for the sole purpose of drinking their blood. The child has been examined by competent physicians, and proved to be attacked by the strange mania of authropohhagy.

LIGHTNING IN LACHINE.—The *Minerve* states that during the thunder storm of Tuesday last, the lightning fell on the house of Mr. Norbert Lafond, in Lachine. It came down the chimney, and struck, in the room where the family were assembled, two men, who lost, for a few hours, the use of their legs, after which the numbness left them, without their having been otherwise hurt. There was in the room a strong smell of sulphur.

BARNUM'S LAST PURCHASE.—Barnum has purchased the late Gordon Cumming's collection of natural history objects. At the sale, which has just taken place in London, Mr. Barnum's agents silenced all opposition by the decided character of the biddings, and secured not only the grand panorama, which brought before the spectator the scenes and adventures through which the traveller passed, but all the great gems of the collection. A large skull of an elephant and the great ivory tusks realised 100 guineas, while lions' skulls and other osteological specimens produced large sums.

CANNIBALS AT AN EVENING PARTY.—A few days since at an evening party given by Sir George Scott, recently arrived from New Caledonia, he exhibited two anthropophagi whom he had taken prisoners in a skirmish with the natives. These young cannibals handed about ices and glasses of *eau sucre* to the guests. Sir George informed his friends that one of them had eaten his grandfather, and the other had devoured the master who had instructed him in the use of the club. These two young men were as charming as possible, and were themselves in danger of being devoured by caresses.

A BEAUTIFUL IDEA.—Away among the Alleghanies there is a spring so small that a single ox could drain it dry on a summer day. It steals its unobtrusive way among the hills till it spreads out into the beautiful Ohio. Thence it stretches away a thousand miles, leaving on its bank more than a hundred villages and cities, and many cultivated farms, and bearing on its bosom more than half a thousand steamboats. Then joining the Mississippi, it stretches away some twelve hundred miles till it falls into the great emblem of eternity. It is one of the great tributaries of the ocean, which, obedient only to God, shall roll and roar till the angel, with one foot on the sea and the other on the land, shall lift up his hand to heaven and swear that time shall be no longer. So with moral influence—it is a rill, a rivulet, an ocean, boundless and fathomless as eternity.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

James Stephens Becoming Popular.

General Hooker to be Relieved of his Command on Account of Ill Health.

Duncan, of Andersonville notoriety, Gets 15 Years.

Latest News from Paraguay.

The Paraguayans Meet with Heavy Reverses.

NEW YORK, 30th.—The *Herald's* foreign correspondence, Berlin, reports the condition of affairs existing in Vienna as very bad, while on the other hand the accounts from Vienna assert that the Prussians are more detested than ever, and that the Austrian people from Tyrol and the Gates of the Palace are full of enthusiasm for the struggle, and animated with the most patriotic feelings.

The Austrian army under Benedeck had its right wing resting on Cracow, with its left on the Saxon frontier north of the Prague.

It is again intimated that Russia will accede if necessary, Napoleon holding France ready for eventualities. The difficulties which lie in the march of Italy to Venetia are said to be formidable.

The financial statements of the belligerent countries go to show that the war must from want of means be a short one.

Sixteen Italian war ships were at anchor in the Gulf of Paranto on the 14th of June.

NEW YORK, 30th—James Stephens is receiving invitations from Fenian circles in all parts of the country, and on Thursday next will leave this city for Boston, where he has been promised an enthusiastic reception.

The total receipts from International Revenue Customs and other sources for the fiscal year ending to-morrow, will it is stated foot up over $550,000,000.

The continued ill health of General Hooker has decided the War Department to relieve him in command in New York; he will be granted a long leave of absence. General Pope will succeed him in command of the department of the East. General Hancock will succeed Pope in the West, and General Schofield will be sent to Baltimore.

James W. Duncan, late of the Confederate army, and of Andersonville prison notoriety, recently tried by a military commission at Savannah, has been sentenced to be confined at hard labour at Fort Pulaski, 15 years, for murder, in violation of the laws of war.

The reports concerning changes in the Cabinet are unfounded. Neither Speed nor Harlan have suggested to the President a desire to resign.

Herald's special says, it is stated on good authority that the prominent radicals at Washington have in a series of caucuses determined to call a convention of the States now represented, which shall determine upon a platform antagonistic to the President. The name of Lt. General Grant is to be put in nomination for successor to President Johnson.

NEW YORK, 30th.—The *Post's* money article says the loan market is easier and abundantly supplied at 4 to 5 per cent. Commercial paper passes freely at 5 to 7 with little offering. The stock market is dull, and there is little doing except in good securities for which the investment demand continues active, especially from small buyers in the country. After the board Erie sold for 62¼. Foreign exchange closes on the 9th for the steamer. Bills at 60 days on London 106¾ to 107¼ for commercial; 108 to 108¼ for banker do, at short eight days at 109¾ to 110.

NEW YORK, 30th.—The special despatches received from rear-Admiral Gordon give the following details of the recent sanguinary battle in Paraguay. The allied army crossed into Paraguay on the 13th of April, avoiding the pass of Lapatria, and landing some four miles below it, in a region of country rendered almost impassible by marshes and jungles. This movement was hailed as a great success, as their losses were mere trifling.

On the 3rd of May, however, the Paraguayans fell upon the right wing of the enemy and almost annihilated it, the Paraguayans leaving few bodies to represent one of the allied powers in the field. The Paraguayans were finally repulsed with heavy loss in killed and wounded, but were not at all demoralized or injured in point of morale, which cannot be said of the Brazilian troops.

The great battle which is daily expected will decide the fate of Fort Humansia, and even of Ascension, but not the duration of the war, for the allies, by secret treaty, are pledged not to treat with Lopez, and he will not, willingly, give himself into the hands of his enemies so long as he can maintain himself at the head of an army.

THE FENIAN WAR AS DESCRIBED IN ENGLAND.

(From the London Daily News, June 16.)

The joint action of the British and the United States forces upon the Canadian frontier has postponed the deliverance of Ireland *via* the St. Lawrence. The campaign has been very short. It commenced on the 31st of May, and was over by the 2nd of June. On the earliest of these dates the Fenian army, under the command of an officer bearing the patiotic name of O'Neil, attacked and captured an abandoned corn mill with a dwelling house, at Fort Erie, and having accomplished this Quixotic exploit, proceeded to fortify themselves on the field of their conquest by throwing up breastworks. They remained one day in quiet possession of the territory which they had seized; but on the 2nd of June they were defeated, apparently with slight loss on either side, by the British troops and the Canadian volunteers at Ridgeway, and fell back to await reinforcements in their corn-mill, dwelling-house, and breastworks. The reinforcements not coming to the invaders, the invaders endeavored to make their way back to the reinforcements, but found in the federal picketboats, the obstacle which had prevented reunion. O'Neil and four hundred of his men are now prisoners in the hands of the United States authorities, having left thirty-two of their comrades, who were on picket duty, as prizes for the Canadians. Such, in brief, is the story of the Fenian invasion of Canada; and there is little likely to be any supplement to it. The patriots, who are said to be making their way with desperate purpose to the frontier, will probably stop short of it. They will take care to fall in with the Federal troops and allow themselves to be disarmed of such weapons as they may have borrowed or stolen.

England now employs iron to the extent of 160 pounds per head of population, and exports more than she consumes.

A young man named Erving, aged nineteen, and heir to a million of property, killed himself recently at Fort Wayne, Indiana, in a fit of despondency.

It appears from Baker's "Explorations in Central Africa" that the Luta Nzige, the Lake of the Dead Locusts, the reservoir of the Nile, discovered by Baker, is about sixty miles broad, and three hundred miles long. It abounds in enormous fish of two hundred pounds weight or more, also in the hippopotamus and crocodile.

THE ASCOT GOLD MINE.—Work at this mine, on the Dodd's Brook, has been re-commenced. We saw on Wednesday three parcels, the result of three first days' sluicing by six men, which is estimated to be worth about $60. This, for a commencement, is certainly very encouraging. The gold was the coarsest yet found in the vicinity, many of the nuggets being as large as a common sized bean. Mr. Tuck, the manager, has been engaged for some weeks in getting out quartz, to be sent to New York for assay, with a view, if the result warrants it, of erecting crushing works on an extensive scale.—*Sherbrook Gazette.*

ATTEMPT TO POISON THE KING AND QUEEN OF PORTUGAL.—The *Journal de Commerce* of Lisbon contains the following: "A rumor has been current here that, in the palace of Ajuda, an attempt has been made to poison the King and Queen. In the Queen's apartments was discovered at the bottom of a jug of water a quantity of phosphoric matter more than sufficient to poison the liquid. A rigorous enquiry was immediately set on foot. One of the Queen's household who had drunk of this water had been taken ill. Another version states that no one had drunk, but that the discovery had been made in time."

THE WAR ON THE CONTINENT.

The Italian Army to Commence Operations on the 19th—The Garibaldi Volunteers—Affairs in Northern Italy.

(From the N. Y. World's Correspondent.)

PARIS, June 15.

I had a conversation last evening with a gentleman who had an interview during the day with a French ex-officer of curassiers in Paris; on his way to join Garibaldi at Como, to take the post of major of cavalry in the present Italian volunteer corps. He served under Garibaldi in the last Italian war, and received a letter from him a few days ago accepting the offer of his services in the coming campaign. Garibaldi intimated in this letter that to-morrow (Saturday, June 16,) was the epoch fixed upon for active military operations in the Tyrol, from whence the Italian army would swoop "from Freuli's heights" upon Venetia. M. Edmond Texier, of the *Siecle* has been making a "tournee" through Lombardy, from whence he writes the most encouraging description of the condition of the volunteer troops. Each detachment, as it was formed, was subject for a fortnight to the severest sort of soldiering, making forced marches under a burning sun, and sleeping on the ground or on straw strewed on the stone floors of churches and hostelries. Weak and delicate constitutions, which succumb to this discipline, were despached to their homes, leaving in the ranks only the strong and healthy, inured in advance to the fatigues of difficult campaigning. This volunteer army resembles our own in our late fierce fight, in the fact that it is composed of young men from all classes of society. In the army of liberty, Italian youths, born in palaces and hovels, are to be found side by side, animated with the same enthusiasm, ready to give their lives and their fortunes for the redemption of their nation.

It is only towards Italy that one can look with any interest at present. Hapsburgh and Hohenzollern may devour each other and the world would be better off, for the people—the veritable people—would find that their hour had come. The great political event of the week is what we would call the Emperor's Message to the Legislative Chambers. It is, as usual, oracular—may be interpreted to mean either peace or war. The *Constitutionnel*—the bugleman of the government, says it means unequivocally peace; but as the aim and end of official journalism in France is to lie with a bold face, no one accepts the *Constitutionnel's* conclusions. The reading of the Imperial manifesto to the Deputies was followed by a scene disgraceful to any civilized assembly. It was evident that a fiat had gone forth to put a stop to a discussion of the external policy of the government, and M. Jules Favre and M. Thiers were prevented from speaking by a most tumultuous proceeding on the part of the majority, a succession of violent interruptions, which have never been known to take place in a national deliberative assembly without resulting in a reaction most dangerous to those who instigated them. The next day M. Jules Favre roused up the Mexican question, apropos of the documents lately published by the ministers, and gave the government such a well merited flagellation for the whole conduct of the expeditions that the ministerial minions of an arbitrary head, who, the day before, triumphed, winced under his scathing eloquence to the point of being entirely unable to reply to him. M. Jules Favre, after pointing out the mistake the government had made from the beginning, now calls on it to recall the entire body of French troops at once, and not leave a diminished number to be exterminated by the wrath of the Mexicans as soon as they find themselves the strongest. M. Jerme David, a government member, in reply, undertook, in a weakly tirade, to justify the Mexican affairs, and finished up with the following flattering allusion to the United States, every word of which, we confidently assert, was assented to by Emperor and Ministers: "No; the United States will not intervene in Mexican affairs; their statesmen have no intention of renouncing at once the strange forms in which they put their official communications and their harangues, which flatter the American temperament, so fond of noisy and bold declarations. In America, popularity is manufactured out of any kind of hardihood. We shall find no difficulty in preparing replies to the hastiness of the diplomatic style of the United States by the firm, polished, and moderate language which befits a nation like France."

The Emperor went a few days ago to a place near Paris, called Villeneve L'Etang where, as its name signifies, there is a respectable sheet of artificial water, to witness the experiment of blowing up a boat by means of ex-Confederate Maury's torpedo. The experiment was perfectly successful, and is to be tried on a large scale at Toulon next week, where the torpedo is to be compared to that lately invented by Admiral Chabannes, of the French navy, which is described as being the most wonderful destructive engine ever made.

The war about to begin will be, *certes*, a great advance in the glorious art of massacreing human beings over all other wars (always excepting our own fearful struggle), not only in the greater facilities for killing, but in the numbers brought up to be slaughtered. The Prussian army to-day is composed of more than 700,000 disciplined men. A book entitled "A Collection of Interesting Facts," printed in the last century, has among its items the following: "The Great Frederic, in 1781, reviewed the combined armies of Eastern and Western Prussia at Gandentz, consisting of 50,000 men, all told!"

The Emperor and Empress still remain at the Tuilleries; their departure cannot take place until the decisive moment shall arrive. Their majesties make very few excursions out of the walls of Paris, and even their plans for their future movements are continually being changed. A terrible suspense is the prevailing sentiment in all places, from the highest to the lowest, and the highest are those who have most to dread.

The Rhenish Provinces.

AN APPEAL TO THE FRENCH—THE RHINELANDERS DESIRE TO REMAIN GERMANS.

[Paris (June 14) Correspondence London Times].

It appears from a letter dated Heidelberg on Tuesday last, that great uneasiness prevails in the Rhenish Provinces lest they should be invaded by the French. A meeting was held in the open air at Oberingelheim, where five thousand natives, mostly of the agricultural class, protested that they would remain Germans, and unanimously voted the following appeal to the French nation:

"Frenchmen! We, Germans of the left bank of the Rhine, inhabitants of Rhenish Hesse, assembled in thousands at Oberingelheim, near Mayenae, address a fraternal greeting to the French nation. We assembled to declare freely and loudly in the face of Europe that we are Germans, and that we intend to remain Germans. German is the language our mothers taught us—German is the language which our poets and philosophers spoke; German is the language which transmitted our feelings and our ideas to our sweethearts and friends, and we intend to preserve it and teach it to our children, in order that they may one day know how, by the example of their fathers, to live, do battle, and if necessary, die for their German country. You, Frenchmen, who boast of being the most civilized, the most enlightened, and the nation most covered with glory, how can you claim that which is not yours, and which does not wish to belong to you? You, who have proclaimed the principle of nationality, why do you wish to transform a population into French who have not a drop of French blood in their veins, and who are as much attached to their country as you are to your own? The Rhenish Provinces belong to Germany, they are united to it by a community of origin, history, language, and sympathy. Germany has possessed them for the last thousand years, while you possessed them for only twenty years. As long as you did not possess these provinces your frontiers were respected, but the enemy invaded your territory when you had incorporated them with your empire. Far from protecting you, their possession placed you in danger, and it will not cease to do so, for Germany must be struck out of the list of nations before she will give up her Rhenish Provinces. But we trust we are mistaken when we attribute such a desire to you. We hope so, or rather we know it is so. It is only a minority among us who are endeavoring to disturb the sane ideas of the mass of the people, and prevent people from acknowledging each other as brethren—from uniting their efforts and laboring in common, each with their peculiar qualities, for the great work of the progress of humanity—for the great work of the suppression of clerical absolutism. Let us unite, therefore, against the chimeras of greedy ambition and the glory of battles. Let us unite in the reciprocal respect of nationalities, and, brothers, let us join hands."

TORNADO IN BUFFALO.

The Loss of Life and Destruction of Property—Shocking Deaths and Perilous Escapes.

The Buffalo papers come freighted with full accounts of the tornado in that city on Monday, the 25th. From the different narratives we condense the following leading features:

A tornado of the wildest sort burst upon this city yesterday afternoon about four o'clock. Hitherto we have had little knowledge of that peculiar description of savage zephyr, except what we have derived from thrilling stories in western papers. Famous as the town we inhabit is for its sometimes disreputable and now and then riotous, lake breezes, it has been singularly free, notwithstanding from experience of the raging elemental fury which constitutes a tornado.

Its first experience came yesterday. The oldest inhabitant never knew anything that resembled it, and stood upon an equal footing with his most juvenile contemporary in helpless awe and wonder when the fearful storm came down.

Up to three o'clock the day had been one of cloudless sunshine and blazing heat. A little after that hour the sky began to darken, the atmosphere to cool and a storm blackness gathering in the western horizen began rapidly to overspread the heavens. About four o'clock the burst of the storm came, not precipitately, but after a premonitory shower, which drove most people in doors before the rushing deluge and roaring hurricane overtook them. At the end of five minutes, however, from the first drop, the clouds were emptying themselves, not in globules of water, but in cataracts, with masses of ice in their currents, while the wind was twisting tree tops from their trunks, and trunks from their roots, and roofs from houses, and houses from their foundations, and the air was filled with flying fragments of wreck and havoc, which an instant had sufficed to make all over the city.

The sight was terrifically grand, as far as it could be seen, for the watery deluge and black sky obscured everything and rendered the scene but dimly visible. But the dimness and darkness surrounding made it all the more sublime.

Total Casualties.

Sarah J. Mallory, wife of the steersman of the canal boat *Monitor*, was killed.—The schooner *Mazeppa*, lying in the creek near Sturges elevator, broke from her fastenings and was driven against the schooner *Goshawk*, which vessel was in her turn torn from her moorings and carried across the creek striking the *Monitor* at the stern cabin, where Mrs. Mallory was lying with a child about two years old. She was crushed between the broken timbers and so injured that she died in about half an hour.

A man named Jas. Nicholson was killed. He was near the track of the Central road, in the vicinity of the Union Iron Works, and a car was blown from the track, falling upon him and crushing him. He was a married man about 38 years of age.

The canal boat *A. O'Rielly*, Capt. C. Williams, of Verona, Oneida Co., while loading at the Wilkeson elevator, was run into by a vessel which had broken from its moorings, and sunk. The boat is a total loss. A boy, son of A. B. Carr, of New London, who was employed as driver, is supposed to have been drowned, as he was in the hold at the time of the collision and has not been seen since.

Other Casualties.

One of the most lamentable occurrences of the storm, aside from those resulting in death, was the serious, and it is feared fatal injury to Mr. Thos. T. Gould. Mr. G. is superintendent of the barn belonging to the United States Express Co., a large brick structure on the corner of Chicago and Folsom streets. He had just driven into the barn in company with a younger brother, when the wall fell and the timber came down in a crash, burying him beneath the debris. When rescued, it was found that his right leg was broken at the thigh and also below the knee, his back badly bruised, and his head severely contused—his injuries being of such a nature that serious apprehensions for his life are entertained.

A German named Charles Camp, while passing along in front of Kremlin Hall, was struck on the head by falling bricks, and his skull fractured. It is feared that his injuries will prove fatal.

What might have been the worst catastrophe of the storm—what would have been but for an almost miraculous Providence—occurred at the Sisters of Charity Lying-in and Foundling Hospital on Edward street. Almost with the first sweep of the storm, the roof of the wing on the west side of the building was crushed in. In the room immediately under the roof, which was one of the nurse rooms of the Hospital, there was forty children playing at the time, of ages from one year to seven. Marvellous to say, only three were caught under the ruins which piled the floor at least three feet deep over half its space. The Sisters in charge, alarmed by the first sound of the coming crash, had succeeded, but in what way they cannot tell, in escaping with all the rest.

For some moments in the confusion and panic prevailing, the three little unfortunates were not missed, but when they had been, by a count of the children being made, the sisters hastening back, heard their feeble cries from beneath the mass of brick and timber in the roofless room. So deep were two of them buried that it required much effort to extricate them; but all three were at length and all found living, though sadly injured. George Taylor, a bright and handsome little infant, aged one year and ten months, was found under a heavy timber, with the sharp corner of a brick pressed into his forehead. He is feared to be hurt mortally. Wm. Henry, aged two years, had some of his fingers mashed to a jelly, and may have sustained other injuries internally. Mary McGovern, a little girl between two and three, is seriously injured in the head.

Narrow Escapes.

One of the heavy timbers from the roof of Kremlin Hall was carried over to Niagara street, between Pearl and Main, and one end pierced through the roof into the bathing room which Mrs. Dobbins had left but a moment before. It was indeed a narrow escape, for had the lady remained where she was, she would without doubt have been killed.

A chimney on the boarding house of Mrs. Campbell, South Division street, was blown down and went crashing through the roof of an adjoining building, carrying floor and timbers with it. A boy was sitting in the corner of a room, and although completely hemmed in by the timbers, suffered no injury. He crept from beneath the ruins and escaped through a window. The closeness of his quarters may be imagined when we state that it was impossible to take away the chair in which he was sitting until the timbers were removed.

The entire roof of the main portion of the residence of J. C. Bryan, Esq., No. 377 Franklin street, was carried away. In its flight through the air, it swept every chimney from the house of Mr. N. Lyman, adjoining. Again, strange to say, no person was injured.

The southwest corner of the roof of Public School House No. 10, on Delaware street, was raised some inches from the wall. One chimney was blown down. The school had been dismissed, but Mr. French and one of the assistants remained with some four or five pupils. Had the storm occurred during school hours, there would doubtless have been much consternation.

One of the large poplar trees which stood for so many years on Elliott street, between Clinton and Batavia, was broken off a foot or so from the ground and fell into the alley between two cottages, doing no other damage than breaking the fence. Had the direction of its fall been altered three feet either way it would have demolished a cottage and probably killed some of the inmates.

Two firemen who had been down the river on an excursion, in returning to Beaver Creek were overtaken by the storm, their boat driven on shore, themselves landed in the sand, while their boat was carried over their heads some fifteen feet, and left about sixty feet from the shore. Several small boats on Grand Island were completely demolished.

The show window of Burtis' banking office, on the corner beneath the Mansion House, was blown open, and a considerable amount in paper currency—some $600 or $700—went careering through the air. A portion of the money was subsequently recovered and returned to Mr. Burtis by the finders, but it is understood that the greater portion is still in circulation.

The list of damage to property is very long, but the full amount is probably not so large as might have been expected from the violence of the storm.

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS !

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins !

☞ At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS !

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS !

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

☞ WHOLESALE & RETAIL. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

L. B. Lent, of New York, the pioneer and champion of Equestrian Managers, is on the road with his mammoth establishment for a seasons campaign. He opened at Boston on the 25th.

COMMERCIAL

The Grocery Trade.

Owing to the changes which have been made in the tariff affecting coffee, tea, sugar, molasses, spirits, whiskey, rum, gin and wine, prices of these articles are quite unsettled. With regard to tea and liquors, on which the duty has been considerably advanced, the new tariff came into effect immediately. The resolutions were passed on the evening of Tuesday, and at 10:45 a.m., of Wednesday a despatch was received by the acting collector of the Custom House directing him to collect the increased duties. Quite a rush was made prior to this to pass entries, and duties to a considerable amount were paid. Those who were fortunate enough to get their entries passed in time, will realize a handsome profit by the operations. For transactions we refer to the following reports of trade sale:—

Choice Green, Black, and Natural Leaf Japan Teas, for account of Messrs. David Torrance & Co., 22nd June, 1866. John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers:

HYSON TWANKEY, TWANKAY AND HYSON SKIN—16 hf-chests extra finest Nankin Moyune Imperial Twankay 44c. 12 do hyson skin 36¼; 26 do 35c; 20 do finest Moyune do 35¼; 8 do curious do 35c; 22 do finest Moyune 35¼c; 40, 36 do extra fine new sealon twankay 37c; 20 do fine do 36c; 27 do do Moyune 16 to 16¼c; 10 do 15¼c; 10, 10, 26 do 15c; 10, 10, 10, 10, 20, 10, 17 do do 15c.

GUNPOWDER—25 hf-chsts superior curious gunpowder, matted, 86c; 24 do 86c; 30 do 78c; 10, 10, 17 do 79c; 10, 10 do extra superfine do 75c; 80 do 74c. 6 do extra fine Moyune 83c; 6 do superfine do 83c; 14 do finest do 71c; 17 do extra fine do 65c; 7 do 52c; 20 do finest 53c.

IMPERIAL—10 hf-chsts curious imperial, mixed, 76c; 40 do superfine do 34c; 30 do 34c; 15, 15 do 33¼ to 34c; 15, 14 do 33¼c; 30, 10 do extra superfine do 90c; 10, 10, 12 do 50c; 20, 19 do Moyune do 52 to 53c; 7 do extra do 81c; 9 do superfine do 44c; 30 do 47c; 10 do Ping Suey 70c; 22 do finest do 55c; 20 do fine do 42c; 25 do finest do 66c.

HYSON—32 hf-chests very superfine hyson 53c; 19 do Moyune do 61c; 18 do 62c; 14 do superfine do 62c; 25, 10, 10, 13 extra do 61c; 52 do 51c.

NATURAL LEAF JAPAN.—25 hf-chts superfine uncolored Japan 60c; 25 do 60c; 15 do 60c; 10 do 50c; 40, 20 do 57c; 10 do 50c; 10, 15 do 52 and 53c; 30 do 50c; 35, 15 do 53c; 10, 10, 10, 10, do 52; 10 do 53c; 10, 10, 10, 10 do 52c; 20 do 51c; 40, 10 do 52c; 40 do 55c; 38 do 55c; 38 do 55c; 30, 20 do 50c; 20 do 50c; 10 do 50c; 25 do 51c; 25 do 50c; 10 do 52c; 50 do 52c; 10 do 52c.

YOUNG HYSON.—10 hf-chts superfine young hyson 92c; 26, 10 do extra fine do 88 and 87c; 25 do finest do 87c; 40 do 83c; 10, 26 do 85c; 20 do extra fine do 83c; 10 do 82c; 40 do superfine do 81c; 10 hf chests finest Moyune 84c; 10 do extra superfine do 78c; 20, 30 do catties finest do 82 and 83c; 20, 20 do 82c; 20, 20, 20 do 82c; 20, 29 do 82c; 30 do finest new season Moyune do 77c; 40 do 75c; 10, 10, 10, 10 do 75c; 10 do 75c; 49 do superfine Moyune do 49c; 40 do finest new season Moyune do 49c; 45 do 70c; 20, 10, 20 catties curious small leaf Ping Suey, 85c; 20 do 85c; 20 hf-chts extra curious 76c; 20, 30 do superfine 56 and 57c; 10, 10, 10, 10 do 55c; 51 do ex sup 73c; 20 do 40½c; 20 do 61c; 50 do 40c; 51 ex sup Ping Suey 74c; 55 do Fychow 77c; 14 do 46c; 20 do 54c; 25 do do 47c; 10 do do 46c; 59 do superfine Moyune 56c. 62 do extra fine Moyune 72c; 40 do superfine new season Moyune 46½c; 10, 30 do Moyune 61c; 20, 17 do do 60c; 42 do superfine 62½c; 16 do finest do 62 to 63c; 22 do fine do 50c; 53 catties extra superfine Moyune 59c; 6 do superfine Moyune 56c; 9 do do Ping Suey 78c; 11 do extra fine do 57c; 9 do do Moyune.

The Leather Trade.

Business during the past week has been of a moderate character. Sales have been chiefly for immediate consumption, and buyers show no disposition to speculate at present prices.

SPANISH SOLE—The demand is light and transactions have been of a limited character at unchanged rates.

SLAUGHTER SOLE—The inquiry for even medium weights is less, and light is comparatively neglected.

HARNESS—Is in better demand, and the stock in market being very small, prices are firm with an upward tendency.

WAXED UPPER—The inquiry is light, but as stocks on hand are small and receipts limited, prices are very firm.

GRAINED UPPER—Sales have been made to a fair extent of choice stock, which is arriving more freely.

BUFF AND PEBBLED—Prime stock of the former is scarce, but common is held in considerable amount. Of the latter which, in fair supply, only extra commands outside quotations.

PATENT AND ENAMELLED—Are in small supply, but not much enquired for.

CALFSKINS—There is a ready sale for prime lots. Medium and light weights of which the receipts mainly consisted, are less desirable.

SPLITS—The demand is less active, but prices are steady.

SHEEPSKINS—Russetts are in demand, stocks being very low. Colored Linings are also wanted, especially prints and wood red.

HIDES—Recent receipts of green salted have augmented the stock. Prices are unchanged.

WOOL—Rates are still unsettled, and reliable quotations cannot be given.

Saturday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, June 30.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50 @ 9 00	
Extra	8 00 @ 8 50	
Fancy	7 50 @ 8 00	
Welland Canal Superfine	6 70 @ 6 85	
Bag Flour	3 65 @ 3 75	
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 70 @ 6 90	
No 1 Western	6 40 @ 6 75	
No. 2 "	6 30 @ 6 50	
Canada Wheat	1 45 @ 1 50	
Western "	1 45 @ 1 50	
OATS—Per 32 lbs	34 @ 36	
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50 @ 55	
BUTTER—Dairy	16 @ 17	
Store-Packed	15 @ 16	
ASHES—Pots	5 40 @ 5 45	
Pearls	7 70 @ 7 75	

New York Markets.

New York, June 30.

GOLD—Opened at 153 and closed at 154¼.

COTTON—Quiet at 37 to 39c for middling.

FLOUR—Receipts, 7,205 barrels. Sales at $6 35 @ 7 50c for super State; $7 50 @ 8 55c for extra; $6 30 @ 7 45c for super Western; 8.55 @ 9 90c for choice; $8 60 @ 11 00c for R. H. O. Canadian rather more steady. Sales at $8 75 @ 10 25c for common; and $10 30 @ 13 85c for good to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts, none. Sales of very choice No. 1 Milwaukie at $2 55c, extreme price.

RYE—Quiet. Sales at $1 05 for Western; and $1 33c for State.

BARLEY—Dull.

CORN—Opened irregular and closed at 1c with moderate demand; sales at 83 @ 85c for unsound new mixed Western; and 85 @ 87c for sound do.

OATS—Dull at 52 @ 54c for new Western.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

☞ **Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.** ☜

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

The Buffalo brokers are running against each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, but the run is nothing compared with that after the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 166a

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 12, 1863.

Gentlemen,—I have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer in my family for several years, and have always found it a reliable cure for Diarrhœa and Dysentery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Travellers cannot have by them a better friend in time of sudden attack of bowel complaint.

Yours truly,

J. H. PARKE.

NOTE—It should be understood that the Pain Killer is administered internally as well as externally. 166a

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.** In districts infested with chills and fever and billious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says: "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all bilious cases, and consider them the best family medicine we have." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular enthusiasm. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER; that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER !

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre,

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of JOHN TOWNSEND.

2nd SHAKSPERIAN PERFORMANCE.

NOTICE.—Two entirely new scenes will be exhibited for the first time to-night, painted expressly for the Lessee by the great scenic artist, Mons. Chasteneuf, of Glen's Falls, New York, and produced throughout that State, and subsequently throughout that of Vermont, amidst the enthusiastic applause of admiring thousands.

John Townsend in his celebrated character of Hamlet, as performed by him at the celebrated Metropolitan and Provincial Theatres in England with the most signal success.

Mr. W. A. Lyons of the principal American and Canadian Theatres will have the honor of making his re-appearance at this Theatre to-night in Polonius.

Mr. T. Watson will make his first appearance in Ottawa as "The Ghost of Hamlet's Father."

Re-appearance of the beautiful ballad singer, Miss Adela St. Clair.

Miss Bertha Loraine in an entirely new characteristic dance.

Supported by the whole of the present, and several new members of the company.

On this occasion a splendid band will, in addition to the Great Italian Brothers, be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening several popular overtures and operatic solos.

On Monday Evening, July 2nd,

Will be presented Shakspeare's tragedy of

HAMLET,

PRINCE OF DENMARK,

Produced with great care and most powerfully cast.

After which the MOCKING BIRD, with variations, by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Ballad by Miss Adela St. Clair.

To conclude with the laughable farce of

DON'T JUDGE BY APPEARANCES!

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, June 29. 1[illegible]

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INform his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and

CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY,
311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,
Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.
June 29. 164tf

A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a

WATER COOLER!

Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.

BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our

COOLERS!

being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Spunge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and

TUB BATHS.

Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen.

A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c.

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

MASONIC APRONS!

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

MASONIC JEWELS, CLOTHING, FURNITURE, BANNERS, DECORATIONS, &c., made to order.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, June 20. 1-y

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in a pleasant locality, within a few minutes' walk of the Post Office. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, May 18. 129-tf

NOTICE.—SERMONS WILL BE preached in the Theatre, God willing, on SUNDAY next, JULY 1, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on "[illegible] What and Where [illegible]" and in the evening [illegible]. Wm. H. Cuthbert, B. A., [illegible] and, on a mission to the Christian [illegible] of this land. All professing the Christian faith are invited to attend.

June [illegible] 164-[illegible]

FRESH SALMON.

FRESH SALMON, THE PRODUCE OF the Moisie Fisheries, for sale by the undersigned, packed in ice in boxes of from one to ten fish each, as purchasers may desire.

Orders by letter or telegraph, or through Express Agents, will receive immediate attention.

A. FRASER & CO.

Moisie Fisheries Office,
Quebec, 14th June, 1866. 154-e

AUCTION SALES.

Sale this Morning.

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

THE UNDERSIGNED has RECEIVED instructions to sell on MONDAY, JULY 2, at 10 o'clock a.m., on the ground:

Lot No. 5, South side of Daly street, a corner lot, close to the Free Presbyterian Church; one of the finest lots on Daly Street, and in a good neighborhood, 66x99. Terms, liberal, made known at the time of sale. These lots will be sold at a bargain.

ALSO,

Lot Letter D, on the south side of Napoleon Street, City of Ottawa, being part of Villa Lot number one, on the South side of Park Street, dimensions 40 feet in front by 50 feet in depth.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
164-3

Auction Sale of Building Lot

IN CENTRE TOWN.

H. McLEAN, ESQ., HAS RECEIVED instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church, to sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m., (on the ground), that very valuable Building Lot, 66 by 99 feet, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Parliament Buildings. As a desirable site, it is only necessary to say that it is decidedly the best for business or commercial purposes now in the market, and parties desirous of purchasing would do well to give it due consideration.

Terms liberal, and made known at time of sale.

Ottawa, June 30. 165-td

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingh.m Ware.

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
138y Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second-Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES,
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chandiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

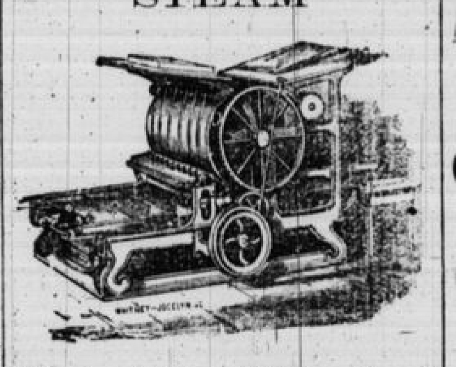
O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-t

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jel1-148d

COTTONS
Cottons,
AT PANIC PRICES

Grey Cottons
FULLY A YARD WIDE,
ONLY 11½d
FORMER PRICE 1s. 3d.

PRINTS!
Prints,
AT PANIC PRICES

Best Lilac Prints,
ONLY 1s a YARD,
FORMER PRICE 1s. 3d.

Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

NO. 20, SPARKS STREET,

Have just received, ex steamer "ST. DAVID,"

5,000 YARDS GREY COTTONS!

2,000 Yards Horrick's White Shirtings,

ROLL CAMBRICS, DRAB JEANS, STRIPE SHIRTINGS, COTTON TICKS, BROWN HOLLANDS, BEETLE TWILLS, TWILL CURTAINS, AND COCOA MATS,

All Purchased during the Great Panic in England,

AND WILL BE SOLD AT TREMENDOUS REDUCTIONS.

The best Canadian and American Cotton Yarn always on hand

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED.

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters), Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear-rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 44-6m

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED in conformity with the Provincial Act,

A Hundred Thousand Dollars

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-tf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office.

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds.

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

DANDRUFF EMBROCATION.

GUARANTEED TO CURE THE worst cases of

DANDRUFF & SCURF!

A complete remedy for all humors of the scalp, and gives to the hair the desired tone, beauty and luxuriance.

The Successful Hair Restorer & Invigorator

WARRANTED ON RELIABLE TEStimony to reproduce the growth of the HAIR when PREMATURELY LOST and prevent its falling; promote its growth, and impart nourishment and strength to its roots.

Cosmetics for the Complexion

VALUABLE CATHOLICONS FOR ALL eruptions of the skin. And certain cures for pimples, freckles, sunburn, and roughness of the face.

Handkerchief Perfumes!

COLOGNES, NOSEGAYS, and Boquets MADE TO ORDER, from the best English and French formulas.

Superior Hair Oils and Pomades.

AND A VARIETY OF LOTIONS FOR the HAIR

HIGHLY & RICHLY PERFUMED.

All prepared and sold by

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
opposite Montreal Bank, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, June 18, 1866. 154-d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Cutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,

CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.--THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. The title is perfect, and immediate possession can be given. For terms and other particulars, apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,
Or E. M. HOPKINS, Esq., Montreal.
Ottawa, June 5. 143-d

FOR SALE.--THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 6 and 8, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je.-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer, of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-am Chaudiere, Ottawa.

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-am

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-tf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.--ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
Administrator.
Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

TO BAKERS.--WANTED AT THE Gatineau Mills a first-class BAKER. Apply there or to Messrs. Gilmour & Co., Ottawa.

Gatineau Mills, 27th June, 1866. 163-a

WANTED. --- AN EXPERIENCED Salesman for the Dry Goods business. One speaking French and English preferred. Apply to CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY, 74, Rideau Street. 162tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.---A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.

G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.---IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,

(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

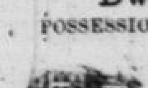
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.



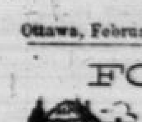
A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of HON. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.



LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

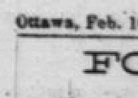
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

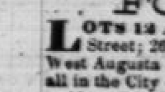


THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,



ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate,

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

For Sale at a Bargain.

2 SAW MILLS, 1 FLOUR MILL, EXTENSIVE Timber Limits, good Planing and other Machines; 1000 acres good Land, Dwellings Stores; Wharves, &c., &c.

Apply to H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, March 20 1866. 78-3m

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the REV. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

February, 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DEFAULT having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest due upon a MORTGAGE DEED made by MARTIN MARSHALL of the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, Yeoman, to JOHN JOSEPH BENNETT, of the Township of Head, in the County of Renfrew, Gentleman, of All and Singular, that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Osgoode, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Canada, being composed of lot number thirty, in the first concession of the said Township of Osgoode—containing by admeasurement two hundred acres of land, be the same more or less—save and except that portion of said lot heretofore sold to one MATHEW SCANLAN, embracing fifty acres more or less and being that portion of said lot lying on the West Side of the Ottawa, and Prescott Railway track—the said lands and premises will in pursuance of a Power of Sale contained in the said Mortgage be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, or SALE, at the LAW OFFICE of MESSRS. SCOTT & ROSS, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, on MONDAY, the TWENTY-THIRD day of JULY next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

All Searches, Abstracts, Deeds, and other Conveyancing Charges will be at the expense of the purchaser.

The said JOHN JOSEPH BENNETT will covenant against his own acts only.

W. A. ROSS,
Solicitor for John Joseph Bennett

Government House,

Ottawa, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to watch he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. Vessels to make Quarantine.

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—Supplementary Inspection.

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—Establishment.

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Inspection and Superintendence.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, on did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the Harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—Vessels proceeding to Quebec.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the lisense of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 9 tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN,	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN,	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN,	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN,	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN,	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS,	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN........$66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE........$34.25

☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons, ... Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons, ... Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons, ... Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons, ... Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, ESQ., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

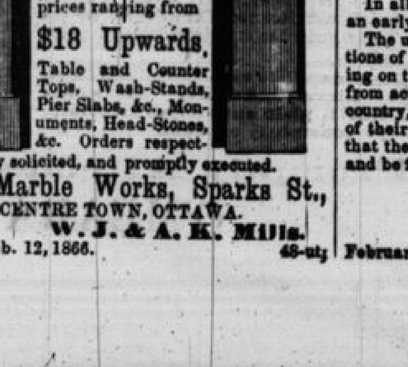
Groceries & Liquors.

☞ Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



fully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,
CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.
W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-uty

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* } WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining House-keeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade, discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

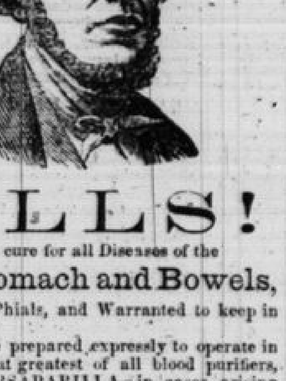
It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer.

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites
&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

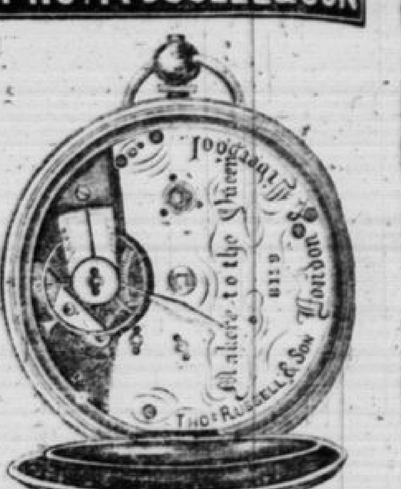
Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, Wm. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THOS. RUSSELL & SON



TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
May 21. 139-y *London and Liverpool.*

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is despensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are;

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Baris,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is fund and noble: it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are orginal and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verismilitude, that growing excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGGS's Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, powers thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'
PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years

No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO.
Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 167. | OTTAWA C. W., TUESDAY JULY 3, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES,"
PUBLISHED
EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays Excepted.)
By GEORGE COTTON, PROPRIETOR.
OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street.

Terms of Subscription:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES."
A Weekly Edition of the Times will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.
The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
IAS. COLMAN. W. McKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing.
OFFICE: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
GENERAL Commission Agent, 3 Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. Agent for Royal Mail Line Steamers, Great Western Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad, &c.
Ottawa, May 11. 123-tf

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 28 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
FIELD AND GARDEN
SEEDS!
ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF
FLOWER SEEDS!
PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
11 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,..........1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866, SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers, and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.			ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a. m.	At	Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	"	"	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	"	"	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At	Ottawa,	10:05 a m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	"	"	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	"	"	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.......... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)..........$2.50
Steerage..........1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866. one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:
Ann Sisson, Capt. Bockus.
Oregon, " Findlay.
Calumet, " Blondin.
Pontiac, " Duggan.
Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*
BATHS!
PLUNGE BATHS, TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS, THREE SIZES
SITZ BATHS, TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS, THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS, ONE SIZE.
WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.
Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.
FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.
Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!
IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL
We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.
FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.
LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.
Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

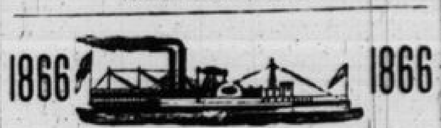
WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G A. WALTON, Agent.

The Latest News!
TheRed Boot Found
THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA and all others who are interested, are hereby notified that the RED BOOT is now opened, and the large assortment of
BOOTS & SHOES
Therein contained will be sold at a *small advance over cost for cash!*
Call and see for yourselves at the Red Boot, in C. W. BANG & CO.'S old stand,
Opposite the Barracks!
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, June 9. 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 3-tf

STEAMERS.



1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in 1844.*]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,..........
ONTARIO,..........Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,..........Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,.......... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,..........Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of a long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains!
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of
Ap19-104-tf SATCHEL BROS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Special Notice—Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.
List of Letters—G. P. Baker.
Lectures—Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B. A.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at .... 7.00 a.m.
Mail Train .... 6.30 p.m.
Accommodation Train leaves at .... 1.45 p.m.
Arriving Morning Mail .... 10.5 a.m.
Mail, Evening .... 5.00 p.m.
" Night .... 9.00 p.m.

These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m., every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. "	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, "	9.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea and Wakefield, "	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton,	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and postaid thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.
Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 3, 1866.

The news from Europe received yesterday was conflicting. The first telegram that reached us, gave a sort of hazy indication that an engagement had already taken place between the Austrians and the Prussians, and we fancied that an intimation might be discovered of the Prussians having been worsted. The second telegram states that no encounter has, actually, taken place, but that a speedy conflict appears imminent. As a caution to the public, we beg to state that in the course of the great contest now entered on, many *sensation* manufactories will be kept busy, and false rumours and *canards* will have an extensive demand.

The news from England is important. The ministry have been defeated on the question of the mode in which property shall be valued, for conferring the franchise. It appears to us by no means a vital question, and we can scarcely believe, although Mr. Gladstone is said to have hastened to the Queen, that it will bring about a resignation. Nevertheless we can hardly believe that the present Reform Bill is destined to become the law of the land.

Scarcely fourteen days had elapsed when already there were indications of a desire on the part of certain members to hurry the session to a premature end. The past two or three sessions have experienced such a fate. This has been a serious injury to the province;—many important measures have been cast aside; crude ill-digested legislation has been shot upon the Statute Book; and, through the hurry of the race, acts are, probably, now in force which on mature consideration would have been totally rejected. It is not always the best horse wins: there is a great deal in jockeying. It has also spread a suspicion, (altogether without reason, we are convinced, for circumstances conspired to render an early closing, in each case, almost inevitable) that the sole object many members have in view is the honorarium; that, once parliament had sat long enough to secure this, they worked for a prorogation, regardless of all consequences. We scarcely need repeat that the idea is groundless and, at the best, but a sorry joke. Still, it exists, and should not.

There is quite enough of realty in the evils of hasty legislation. The mention of one instance only should suffice:—the monstrous numbers and the yearly increase of "Amendment Acts." It is scarcely too much to say that not one Act in ten escapes amendment within five years of its birth; very many do not get through their first year. This, of course, is more especially the case with private acts, and where it ought not to be: from the general simplicity and singleness of purpose of this portion of our legislation, proper attention would easily secure a more fixed and permanent basis. The result is not in the least surprising to any one who knows how the Private Bill Committee is crowded, smothered with work in the last days of a hurried session; who has seen the pushing, crowding, almost wrangling of members, each striving to secure existence for his own peculiar bantling, and deeming himself fortunate if he can force it into life, no matter the shape or complexion with which it bursts upon the world. There are notable instances of what we allege now before Parliament.—We can allude but to one. Mr. Wright's Dog and Sheep Act, passed last session, is up for amendment; probably the legislatorial meshes were made so wide that the dogs jump through them and continue their depredations; at all events, the sheep bleat for amended security. We shall not be in the least surprised to hear, before the session closes, that Mr. Sturton's Thistles, in spite of the recent parliamentary edict, still raise their rebellious heads and contumaciously refuse to die. We recommend these remarks to the attention of our legislators, for what with amendment acts, and amendments upon amendments, our legislation is becoming a mass of inextricable confusion.

But there is another—and, probably, a wider and more important reason, why the present session should not be hurried over and prematurely ended.—This is, it is generally believed, the last session of the Canadian Parliament in its present shape. When an old established firm is dissolved and re-constructed with new partners, there is, necessarily, much to be done; old accounts to wind up, new accounts to open; stock to be taken and balances struck; positions and responsibilities ascertained and fixed; income and expenditure to be apportioned. It will not be wise to pass from our present to our future in a gallop. The changes about to ensue require a careful and deliberate consideration and preparation. There are measures of the weightiest importance, involving the future concord and prosperity of the Canadas, of all British America, pending, and they demand and must have time and reflection. The present session will mark the termination of the old and the inception of a new era in the annals of the important provinces, now about to be welded together; the preliminary step, there is reason to believe, to the constitution of an empire that will play no secondary part on theatre of the world. Patience and patriotism must go hand in hand. If ever there was a time and an occasion when the public good justly demand the sacrifice of private convenience and personal considerations, now is the day and now is the hour, and we have no doubt the sacrifice will be most cheerfully accorded.

LOCAL NEWS.

MAJOR'S HILL.—Until further notice, the band of the detachment, P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, will play every Tuesday and Saturday on Major's Hill from 6 till 8 P. M., (weather permitting.

FIRE.—About 11 o'clock yesterday the alarm of fire was given and the Fire Brigade turned out. The fire was confined to the smoke house in which it originated, in the rear of D'Amoure & Champagne's carriage shop on Clarence street.

FANCY STATIONERY.—Messrs. Hope & Co have on hand a very extensive and varied stock of stationery, which they are now disposing of at cost in order to make room for their fall stock, which they expect to have on hand early, in order to meet the demands of the coming season.

WORTHY OF IMITATION.—It is highly gratifying to learn the spirit with which some employers have treated their men who went to, the front. Messrs. Hope & Co., Stationers, have paid to Wm. McCormick, who belonged to the battery, $5 per week, for every week that he was on duty. Acts will tell.

VOLUNTEER FUND.—The committee appointed to make arrangements with Mr. Townsend as to the pieces to be represented for the benefit of said fund, waited on that gentleman on Saturday last, when the selection was made satisfactorily to all parties, and a good bill will be presented on the occasion.

LOOK TO YOUR LINCH PINS.—One of the many competitors for premiums whose energies are aroused by every fire bell, was driving furiously by our office yesterday, shortly after the first alarm of fire, when,—crash,—and the vision of a five dollar bill was extinguished by the prospect of a blacksmith's bill for the same amount! Upon examination however the damage grew less, but he did not get the premium.

NEW POLICE.—This body went into service yesterday. Their uniform, it appears, is not yet ready, but why it is not we cannot understand. Surely there has been sufficient time so far as tailor's work is concerned. Mr. Paul Favereau, who has been an efficient officer in the old force for eighteen years, *retires to private life and keeps a public house* on Murray street.

SOMETHING NEW.—In our advertising columns to-day will be found Mr. W. H. Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation, an article manufactured and used at his establishment on Wellington street. It contains neither mineral nor alcoholic matter, nor castor oil—ingredients generally used in all embrocations for the hair or head—consequently this must be a superior article for toilet purposes.

POLICE COURT.—Hugh Johnston, charged by Chas. Herda, with leaving his employment without permission, and contrary to the terms of their engagement. Complainant is a greengrocer and employs the boy Johns on to carry out the articles ordered by customers. The defendant gave as his reason for leaving, that his employer cursed him and called him a d—d scoundrel, which he did not deserve, and which no employer has a right to call any boy. Fined $10. Narcisse Parent, charged with selling liquor without license. Adjourned till this morning.

SUNDAY PLEASURE.—We beg to call the attention of the unsophisticated young gentlemen who resort for pleasure to Hull on Sundays, that the gentleman who amused them on Sunday last, to the tune of some forty dollars, with "prick the loop" and "three card monte," is living in pretty good style without work, whilst some of them are in danger of being turned out of their boarding-houses for not paying their bills. He can get out of them in a few hours of a Sunday as much as six of them can earn in six days of twelve hours each, and yesterday he might have got twice as much if Mr. Dey had not turned him out of the grounds as soon as he found out his character. We do not suppose we shall do much good by cautioning the victims. It is true we have discharged our duty, but "Fools will never wiser grow, until they dearly buy." The devil may not appear in the same shape next Sunday, but he will be there nevertheless, as he will be wherever reason is abandoned in the pursuit of pleasure.

IN THE GUARD HOUSE.—On Saturday afternoon our facetious friend, Mr. Frank McDougall addressed sundry interrogatories to one or more of the loyal soldiers of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, touching the question of Fenianism, in a manner which the soldiers considered offensively personal, and reflecting on their loyalty. Had they known the amiable and loyal character of the wag they would have passed it off with a laugh, taking no further notice of it; but unfortunately for him they did not. This learned talk about the *Habeas Corpus* Act, and its suspension, gave the matter a more serious aspect, and in their judgement justified them in making him a prisoner, which they accordingly did, locking him up in the guard house. There for some time he remained, till it reached the ears of the chief of police who knowing the character of the happy gentleman so well made intercession for him, and obtained his release from durance vile. When at liberty he wished to get to the canteen, no doubt for the purpose of treating the whole company, and drinking the Queen's health, but Mr. Langrell insisted on taking him home where at length he left him, to sleep on it.

CITY COUNCIL.

MONDAY, July 2nd.

The Council met at 7:30. Present—His Worship the Mayor. Aldermen,—Scott, Cunningham, Goodwin, Mosgrove, Langford, McCormick, Dow, Friel and Berichon. Councilmen,—Scott, Abbott, Perkins, Starmer, Wood, Goulden, Gerard, Heney and Martineau.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Petitions.

Coun. Abbott—Petition of W. Taylor and others for a side walk on Bank Street. Also a petition from J. D. Slater and N. Sparks, for a drain on Sparks street.

Ald. Mosgrove—Petition from Amos Rowe and others concerning water in Lower Town.

Coun. Scott presented a Report from the Board of Health, as follows:—

"The undersigned beg to report, that they have had an interview with the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, in accordance with the terms of the resolution, passed by the Central Board of Health, to take action respecting the communication from the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, in reference to the By-wash. The Hon. the Commissioner gave the undersigned to understand that the subject had already received his serious attention, that he had had the locality duly examined and reported on both as to cleanliness, and as to probable cost of covering in with barrel drain, &c. The expense of the latter undertaking would be of a serious amount, and that at present the Department was unprepared to undertake or recommend an outlay of nearly $20,000 for such a purpose, but that the Department would provide for a continual stream of water during the summer, which would tend to keep it clean, and it was hoped that the municipal authorities would endeavor to prevent parties making the By-wash excavation a receptacle for dirt and filth, which it was clearly its duty to do.

(Signed),
HAMNET HILL,
J. C. TACHE.

On resolution the above was referred to the street committee.

Considerable discussion arose on the petition of the residents in the locality of the Post Office, requesting the removal of the cabmen from the stand they now occupy on Elgin street.

Moved by Alderman Friel, seconded by Alderman McCormick, that the cab stand be removed from Elgin and Metcalfe streets, and that the north side of Wellington street and the north side of Rideau street, between the Sappers bridge and Sussex street corner, be adopted as the stand, the by-law committee to prepare the necessary by-law, that this resolution have immediate effect, and all resolutions contrary thereto are hereby rescinded.—Carried.

A petition was also presented from Mr. Mathewman, concerning the opening of the continuation of Wellington Street. After some desultory discussion and cross firing, it was moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Dow that the communication, of Mr. Mathewman be received, and that the Chief of Police be authorized to open up Wellington Street from Elgin Street to its termination eastward, and that this Council do hereby indemnify the Chief of Police in the performance of his duty.—Carried.

A petition was presented from Mr. Burritt, City Registrar, regarding the safety of the building, and the security of the vault for the keeping of the public documents.

A series of letters were read concerning the utility of the building and vault, for the purposes intended, from several Insurance Agents, all certifying that the building was being erected in a substantial and fire-proof manner.

Moved by Coun. Abbott, seconded by Coun. Perkins, that the petition of Mr. Burritt, City Registrar be received and referred to the Street Committee.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Coun. Scott, that the Communication of the City Registrar be received and placed on fyle, and as the lease of the registry office was completed with Mr. Bell, at the instance of the Registrar, and as it is evident from the certificates produced the said office is being constructed in a fire proof manner, this corporation cannot follow the Registrar in all his changes respecting an office; he is theretore to be notified that if he does not choose to occupy the office of Mr. Bell as soon as completed, he can find accommodation for himself at his own risk and cost.—Carried by 15 to 5.

A great number of other communications and petitions, concerning taxes, drains, &c., were presented, and were, on motion, referred to the respective Committees.

A frivolous and protracted discussion arose on the subject of the Major's Hill as a public park, in which certain members trotted out their well known economy hobby, consuming valuable time and gas, and emitting a great quantity of the latter, of a useless quality.

A number of accounts were presented by Ald. Traversy, all of which were referred to the Committee on Finance.

A communication from Thos. Reynolds, Esq., Managing-Director of the O. & P. Railway was presented, which was also, on motion, received and placed on fyle.

Printing.

Tenders were received from the *Citizen* and *Times*, offering to execute the City Printing for the termination of the civic year; the tender from the *Times* being the most reasonable, it was moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Scott, that the tender of Geo. Cotton & Co., of the *Times*, be accepted for printing, on their complying with the usual formalities.—Carried.

A letter from Morton Edwards, artist of London, England, was read concerning a bust of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and soliciting an order for the manufacture of one for the City of Ottawa. The communication, on motion, was referred to a Committee composed of His Worship the Mayor and the Chairmen of the Standing Committees.

Communications.

A communication was received from Mr. Thorburn, thanking the Corporation for their donation to the Ottawa and Victoria Cadets, and asking the Corporation for a room in the City Hall building for an armory. Also another letter from Col. Grant, on behalf of No. 1 Rifle Company, for a room for similar purposes, both of which were referred.

Reports of Committees.

The Finance Committee presented their reports No. 6 and 7; recommending the payment of accounts thus stated, amounting to $4426.77, and recommending the adoption of some means for the collection of the taxes in arrears for the year 1865, of which there is yet outstanding nearly one-third of the whole taxes levied for that year.

The offer of Mr. D. Goode, for compounding his indebtedness by paying $400 and the costs incurred, was discussed at full length, Councillors Abbott and Perkins and Ald. Mosgrove dissenting.

Councillor Perkins moved, seconded by Alderman Mosgrove, that in amendment to the amendment, that the clause in the Finance Report, relative to the settlement with Dan Goode, be struck out, and that the Report so amended be adopted.

On the yeas and nays being called for the vote stood 7 yeas, 13 nays—Lost.

The amendment moved by Councillor Scott, seconded by Councillor Abbott, that the following be added to the resolution, viz—and that the city Collector be required to return the Collector's Rolls of 1865, to this corporation on or before the 10th of August ensuing, and that the resolution as so amended do pass.—Carried.

The Market Committee presented their report No. 2.

Moved by Coun. Perkins, seconded by Ald. Friel, that the Market Committee report No. 2, as read, be adopted.—Carried.

The Streets and Improvements Committee presented their report No. 6, recommending improvements involving an expenditure of $20,640.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Friel, that the streets and improvements Committee reports No. 6 and 7, including the Engineers' Report just read, be printed and distributed for the use and consideration of the rate payers of this city.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

FIRE THIS MORNING!
Loss $10,000 to $15,000.

About 2 o'clock this a. m., a fire broke out in the out buildings in the rear of Mr. Mills' confectionary, on Rideau street, Lower Town, and spread with fearful rapidity. In a very few minutes after its first discovery the buildings situated between the large brick building, occupied by Messrs. Starke and Patterson on the east, and the stone one of Cunningham and Lindsay on the west, were enveloped in flames. The building adjoining Cunningham and Lindsay's was occupied by Mrs. McComb as a fancy toy and general fancy goods store, and known as the Vienna House, the upper story as a photograph gallery by her sons. They have but little insurance effected, and the goods being of a light, perishable nature, their loss, or even what was carried out of the premises, will be heavy.

Next building was occupied by Mr. C. P. Dorion, as a tin smith shop. No insurance was effected here, and the loss will not prove very heavy.

Adjoinining this was Mr. Mills' confectionary. Insurance only on a small portion of stock.

Next again was also occupied as a confectionary by Mr. Cousens, who has a partial insurance.

The last building in the row was occupied by Mr. Borbridge, saddler and harness manufacturer, whose insurance is also light.

The fire got a pretty strong hold of the brick building occupied by Mr. Starke as a hardware store, and had it not been a well constructed edifice, we should have to record a far heavier loss. As it is both Mr Starke and Mr. Thos. Patterson, grocer, will suffer considerably. We understand that they are, however, pretty fully insured.

The Firemen were early on the ground, the Ottawa and Queen working on George street, and the Rideau and Chaudiere on Rideau st., all working, with the fitful supply of water obtainable, as well as could be desired. As heretofore, the want of proper management became painfully apparent Every company working for their own peculiar point or end; true, all doing the best they possibly could, wanting a combined effort. Two continuous streams, properly directed, would have effected an hundred per cent more good; and why was not this done? simply because there was no Engineer to take command.

The Firemen cannot help seeing that for want of combined action, their energies are to great extent paralized; we hope to see them take this matter in hand, and, if the Corporation have a squeamishness about doing their duty, lay hold and do it for themselves. The Hook and Ladder Companies were, as usual, very energetic, and rendered most efficient service.

The Military were out, and formed a line from the Officers Quarters, to the By-Wash, and rendered good service in passing buckets of water.

At half-past three the fire was almost over, there being no danger of its doing any further mischief.

From what we were able to learn, in the midst of the confusion that existed, the loss will not fall far short of $15,000.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Peaches are now selling on Broadway, New York, for a dollar each!

—The young King Louis of Bavaria is said to be a spiritualist.

—The wife of ex-President Fillmore is said to be one of the leaders of fashion in Paris.

—It is reported that Disraeli is to be made a peer of the British realm.

—Young Parisians who do not pay their tailor's bills are published in the papers.

—Brigham Young is said to be 65 years old and very recently married.

—Madame Julie de Marguerittes, dramatic and musical critic of the Philadelphia *Telegraph*, died suddenly on Thursday.

—The Sisters of Notre Dame, in Philadelphia, are to erect an academy on Ritten House square, at a cost of $70,000.

—Mr. W. H. Beard, the painter of "The Dance of the Bears," is on his way to the Rocky Mountains with Bayard Taylor.

—An attempt was made to rob the National Bank of Atlanta on Thursday last; $11,000 was grabbed and then the thief ditto.

—President Johnson's June journey will probably embrace a general tour of New England.

—Four shiploads of Mormons are expected to arrive within the next fifteen days at New York.

—An increase in the receipts of the New Brunswick Railway, for May 1866, of $1,834.76 is reported.

—The 7th New York National Guard is going to visit Paris during the great Exhibition. That's some on excursion.

—A lady in New York refused to walk out with James Marshall, and James marshalled courage enough to blow out his brains.

—It is estimated that the cost of the maintenance of the Austrian army is £120,000 a day, or forty-three millions eight hundred thousand a year.

—The freedmen are behaving badly in the Sumter District of South Carolina, and a regiment of Regulars has been sent to improve them.

—Mr. Dean Richmond obeyed the law against free passes, and sold a train to the New York editors' convention last week for one dollar.

—The American Monitor *Miantonomah*, has arrived at Queenstown, having made the run in 11 days, and 10 hours; average speed 168 miles per day.

—The Quebec squadron of Volunteer Cavalry have received new full dress uniforms from England, and will hereafter bear the designation of "The Queen's Canadian Hussars."

—The Court of Inquiry on the Col. Booker Ridgeway affair, meets to-day, (Tuesday), at Hamilton. The Court will consist of Lieut.-Colonels Denison, Shanley and Chisholm.

—The largest Armstrong gun at Woolwich Arsenal—weighing 24 tons, length 15 ft. 6 in., bore 13 in., and to carry 500 pound shot—has been taken to Southsea Castle, to be tried.

—A microscopic marvel of art, from the Le Carpentier collection, a cherry-stone, upon which is carved a charge of cavalry, was sold last month by auction, at the Hotel Drouet, in Paris, for $200.

—A thieves' cave has been discovered near Cornwall, N. Y., which was filled with beds, cooking utensils, and everthing necessary for a comfortable place to live in. The occupants—two brothers, named Rhodes—were arrested.

—A man named E. H. Clark, while going from St. Joseph to Rockport, Atchison County, Missouri, on Saturday last, was robbed of $20,000, which he was conveying to its owner Senator Thompson, of Atchison county.

—J. H. Wade, Esq., President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is understood to be the President of the new Consolidated Telegraph Company, which has a capital of $50,000,000, and will control 90,000 miles of wire.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the Steamships Bremen, City of Boston and Cuba.

Latest European News.

War declared between Russia and Austria.

20 to 30,000 Troops assembled at Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

A Battle anticipated near Frankfort.

NEW YORK, July 2nd.—The steamer *Bremen*, from Southampton, 17th, has arrived.

The steamers *Alleppo* and *City of Cork* arrived out on the 19th.

In the House of Commons, June 18th, Earl Cardwell laid upon the table the report of the Jamaica commission. The debate in reference to it was continued.

The House divided on Lord Dunkillin's amendment, substituting saleable value for clear yearly value. The amendment was carried against the Government by 11 votes.

The *Great Eastern* leaves the Medway with the new cable, on the 30th. The laying of the cable will commence on the 8th of July.

LONDON, Tuesday evening, June 18th.—In consequence of the 11 majority against the Government, Mr. Gladstone has put himself in communication with the Queen, at Balmoral, and the House of Commons was adjourned until Monday. No business was done in Parliament this evening.

The Prussians entered Saxony on the 15th, in addition to the invasion across the eastern and western frontiers.

The King has issued a proclamation to his faithful people, in which he relies upon their loyalty and devotion. The King left Dresden to join the army, accompanied by Baron Buest.

The entry of the Prussians into Saxony was preceded by a formal declaration of war. The Prussian minister is about to leave Dresden.

The entry of the Austrians into Saxony is hourly expected.

The Prussians advancing on Meetzen have occupied Tabban, Leittan and Meissa.

It is reported that the Saxon army has effected a junction with the Austrians.

The *Moniteur* says that the Prussians entered Dresden on the 7th.

The King of Saxony has withdrawn into Bohemia.

The King of Hanover and the Crown Prince joined the army at Gottingen.

Diplomatic relations between Bavaria and Prussia are broken off, the Minister having left Berlin.

The Prussians occupy Hanover and threaten Baden. The Prussians occupy Cassell.

An engagement between the Prussians and the Austrians, took place near Frankfort. One regiment of Prussians were almost annihilated. The Prussians are pushing on towards Bohemia.

The Federal plan of operations is the re-conquest of Holstein.

Garibaldi had left Como. As soon as the volunteers are completely equipped, they will proceed to Burgamo and Brescia.

The Italian Chamber annulled Mazzina's election.

The Russian vanguard of a strong Russian army corps has arrived at Tarnogrod.

Portugal will observe strict neutrality.

FRANCE.

The *Patrie* says, a majority of guaranteeing powers are contrary to Turkish intervention in the Principalities. France, England and Russia have protested.

The Latest.—BERLIN, June 19th.—Prussia has formally declared war against Austria.

The Minister of Hesse-Darmstadt had been ordered to leave the Prussian capital, on account of the seizure of the telegraph station at Hamburg by Darmstadt soldiers.

RAICHENBURG, June 17th.—An army corps of 30,000 strong bivouacked at Bersdorff last night. Twelve thousand are expected to-day at Sufheimersdorf, and 8,000 at Littdorf.

The Prussians occupy Seidenburg in considerable force. Reinforcements are still pouring in.

EZER, BOHEMIA, June 19th.—On Saturday 20,000 Prussians occupied Mochern two miles from Leipsic, and subsequently Wagen, Dahlen and Riesa.

Railway communication between Leipsic and Riesa is destroyed. The Westphalian army corps stationed at Schkenditv is going to the Silesian frontier.

STRASBURG, June 19th.—A demonstration against the Prussian policy took place on Sunday at Carleshrue. Baden troops have gone to Frankfort.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, June 19th.—From 20,000 to 30,000 Federal troops are assembled before this city.

VIENNA, June 19th.—Advices from Bohemia state that the Saxon Royal arms have been removed from all places occupied by the Prussians, and replaced by Prussian arms. Considerable contributions have been levied. Up to the present time the Prussians have not crossed the Austrian frontier.

NEISSE, June 19th.—The Austrians commenced hostilities yesterday. Four thousand Austrians are marching towards the frontier.

BERLIN, June 19th.—At the request of the Prussian government the French government has consented to protect Prussian interests in Austria and Bavaria. A battle is expected near Frankfort.

FLORENCE, June 19th.—The Italian government formally declared war against Austria yesterday.

The Italian ministry have been reorganized under Ricasoli.

The persons attached to the King's household have left Florence to join his Majesty at the camp.

It is stated that Cardinal Antonelli has resigned, and it is believed he will be succeeded by Cardinal Allieri.

SANDY HOOK, July 2nd.—The steamer *City of Boston*, from Liverpool 20th, via Queenstown 21st. June, has arrived off this point. Her dates are two days later.

LONDON, June 20th, Evening.—No serious collision has yet taken place anywhere between the Austrians and Prussians, but battles are expected at Frankfort, in Saxony, and in Silesia

Owing to the adverse vote on the Reform Bill, there is a ministerial crisis in England. It is believed that the ministers will tender their resignations.

LIVERPOOL, June 20th.—The steamers *City of London* and *Britannia* have arrived.

HALIFAX, July 2nd, 12 o'clock.—A steamer is signalled in the east, supposed to be the *Cuba*, with three days later news from Europe.

NEW YORK, July 2nd.—The *City of Boston* arrived up at 2 o'clock.

LONDON, 21st, Evening.—The English ministerial crisis continues.

The Queen is at Balmoral.

The resignation of ministers or a dissolution of Parliament is considered inevitable.

The *Kalton*, from New York, arrived at Falmouth to-day.

HALIFAX, July 2nd.—The steamer *Cuba*, from Liverpool, 23rd, has arrived. She brings three days later dates.

No collision of any importance had occurred between the belligerents. The Prussians have entered Austrian Silesia. The Austrians show signs of great activity in warlike affairs.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, July 2nd.—The *Post's* money article says the European news has had but little effect in Wall street. Stock market quiet. Governments steady, but inactive.

WASHINGTON, July 2nd.—A second despatch to Representative Clark says that Senator Lane died at nine o'clock this morning.

LANCASTER, N. H., July 2nd.—J. G. Darling and Co's store and goods at Nuremburg, Vt., were burned last night. Loss $30,000. The fire is the work of an incendiary.

WASHINGTON, July 2nd.—House—The resolution of Mr. Clarke of Ohio, offered June 4th, as follows, was taken up—*Resolved*, that whereas the recent success which has attended the demonstration of the Fenian organization, with the avowed purpose of liberating Ireland from the oppressive rule of Great Britain, according to the laws of nations, as interpreted by the British authorities, entitled the said Fenian organization to be regarded with respect, and as entitled to the rights of belligerents, that the committee on foreign affairs be requested to inquire into the propriety of recommending such action as may be proper to secure that object. The resolution was rejected without argument.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Our Member and his Friends.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

In this remote section of country, so far removed from even the apprehension of a Fenian raid, society is but seldom thrown out of the even tenor of its way. Tis true, however, that our proximity to the noble Ottawa, which of late has become the resort of so many tourists and pleasure-seekers, not unfrequently affords us a glance at some men of note. It one time, it may be, a Governor-General, at another, a cabinet minister, or perchance, "our member" himself. But when, a day or two since, it became known that "our member and his friends," including, I presume, all our able-bodied legislators intended giving us a call on their way up the Ottawa, an unusual amount of bustle and excitement was everywhere observable throughout the village. Indeed, the important personage, to whom, through the courtesy and fore-thought of "our member," was conveyed the first reliable intelligence of the affair, accompanied the announcement with a more than ordinary degree of emphasis, and I have no doubt the palms of his hands are still suffering severely from the redoubled friction. Even the happy countenance of our old friend who wore a more benign smile than usual, as he proceeded to "set his house in order" preparatory to the important event; while the wonderful and luxuriant grove of evergreens extemporized for the occasion around his premises, added not a little to the appearance and respectability of his establishment. In fact, "our member's" visible presence in our midst could not have inspired a greater degree of active preparation than that which pervaded the village, in anticipation of the awful presence amongst us of the assembled wisdom of the Province.

As a small fraction of "our member's" extensive constituency, we have great reason to feel under deep and lasting obligations to him for his counsel and suggestions in our trying emergency. Thoughtful man! well knowing our extreme ignorance of everything pertaining to Parliamentary etiquette, he kindly relieved our minds from anxiety on this score, and not only named a deputation from amongst our citizens upon whom would devolve the onerous duty of welcoming in a becoming manner "our member and his friends," but also furnished a programme, coupled with divers appropriate and valuable suggestions as to how we should conduct ourselves in a manner befitting so great an occasion. In the absence of some instruction of this character, we would, no doubt, have disgraced ourselves and brought discredit upon our worthy representative. I am not aware as to the exact number of swallow-tails and white kids required by the programme, but in regard to the reception ceremony he was quite explicit enough; and I doubt not the members of the deputation, and the people generally, profited exceedingly by his suggestions. Fearing lest he should be eclipsed by the brilliant galaxy of intellect and dignity with which he would be surrounded, or, that his constituents should be overawed by the sight; and thus overlook their member, he deemed it highly advisable to admonish them of their duty to him in this respect. He would graciously condescend to act as their fugleman on the occasion, rather than suffer the mortification of any oversight on their part in the presence of his friends. On the approach of the steamer with her precious freight he would gracefully wave his beaver in the air as a signal, at which his assembled constituents on the shore, should with spontaneous shout; "Hip, hip, hurrah, for *our member* and his friends!!" Happy and appropriate suggestion. How proud we should be of our member thus returning in triumph surrounded by his friends and admirers, to receive the plaudits of his grateful constituents! Your correspondent's lungs not being in a very favorable condition to take part in the demonstration, and fearing lest his silence might be construed into opposition, deemed it prudent not to attend. But, alas! those who did attend to welcome the noble company, did not realize the fulfilment of their delightful anticipations. The absence of the appointed signal, on the approach of the steamer, spread a feeling of consternation and dismay amongst the crowd. Through some unaccountable casuality,—whether to himself or his beaver, his friends were unable to say—"our member" was not forthcoming. This, of course, put a damper on the whole affair. The tremendous outburst of popular applause in store for him, when so suddenly repressed, prevented any very great demonstration in behalf of his friends. This wonderful excursion, which we were informed would include the members of both Houses, dwindled down to a mere farce, there having been only some twenty members of Parliament in all, and not a man of any note amongst them. Quite a number from Ottawa and other places, accompanied them, many of whom when here, had much greater reason to complain of the breadth of our streets than the length of them. By expressing the hope that the people of the capital will treat our worthy member and his unfortunate beaver with all due consideration and respect,

I am, Yours respectfully,
ARNPRIOR.

June 29th, 1866.

SCIENTIFIC PAPERS.

Flowering of native and naturlized plants growing in the neighborhood of Ottawa as observed from 22nd to 30th June, instant, by Dr. McGillivray and Mr. Billings.

186. Anemone Virginiana, L. (Thimble Weed.); 187. Thalictrum Cornuti, L. (Common Meadow Rue); 188. Nasturtium palustre, D.C. (Marsh Cress); 189. Sinapis arvensis, L. (Wild Mustard); 190. Silene noctiflori, L. (Night-flowering Catchfly); 191. Mœhringia lateriflora, Fenzl. (Lateral-flowered Mœhringia); 192. Celastrus scandens, L. (False Bittersweet); 193. Potentilla Norvegica, L. (Norway Cinquefoil); 194. Pastinica sativa, L. (Wild Parsnip); 195. Diervilla trifida, Mœnch. (Common Bush Honeysuckle); 196. Viburnum acerifolium, L. (Maple-leaved Viburnum); 197. Galium trifidum, L. (Small Bedstraw); 198. Achillea Millefolium, L. (Common Yarrow); 199. Senecio aureus, L. (Golden Groundsel); 200. Companula rotundifolia, L. (Flax Bell-flower); 201. Pyrola rotundifolia, L. (Round-leaved Wintergreen); 202. Naumburgia thyrsiflora, Reichenb. (Capitate Loosestripe); 203. Veronica scutellata, L. (Skullcap Speedwell); 204. Brunella vulgaris, L. (Common Self-heal); 205. Lithospermum officinale, L. (Common Gromwell); 206. Echinospermum Lappula, Lehm. (Common Stickseed); 207. Apocynum androsæmifolium, L. (Common Dog's Bone); 208. Blitum capitatum, L. (Strawberry Blite); 209. Rumex verticillatus, L. (Whorled Dock); 210. Rumex crispus, L. (Curled Dock); 211. Platanthera hyberborea, Lindl. (Northern Platanthera); 212. Platanthera dilatata, Lindl. (small White-flowered Platanthera); 213. Cypripedium spectabilis, Swartz. (Showy Ladies' Slipper); 214. Calla palustris, L. (Common Water Arum); 205. 215. Sisyrinchium Bermudiana, L. (Blue-eyed Grass); 216. Smilax herbacea, L. (Carrion Flower); 217. Juncus tenuis, Willd. (Slender Rush), 218. Eleocharis palustris, R. Br. (Common Spike Rush); 219. Eleocharis acicularis, R. Br. (Capillary Spike Rush); 220. Carex festucacea, Schk. (Straw-colored Sedge); 221. Carex crinita, Lam. (Fringed Sedge); 222. Carex retrorsa, Mlchx. (Retrorse Sedge); 223. Carex squarrosa, L. (Squarrose Sedge); 224. Carex cylindrica Schw. (Cylindrical Sedge); 225. Glyceria nervata, Trin. (Nerved Manna-grass); 226. Glyceria fluitans, R. Br. (Common Manna-grass).

Insects observed same period, for the first time this season.

Coleoptera.

Cicindela longilabris, Say; Cicindela vulgaris, Say; Nebria pallipes, Say; Platynus decens, Lec; Platynus sinuatus, Lec; Platynus extensicollis, Lec; Platynus picticornis, Lec; Diplochchila impressicollis, Brulle'; Chlaenius sericeus, Say; Chlaenius chlorophanus, Dej; Chlaenius pensylvanicus, Say; Chlaenius impunctifrons, Say; Harpalus pensylvanicus, Lec; Stenolophus ochropezus, Dej; Columbetes sculptilis, Harris; Hister perplexus, Lec; Hister lecontei, Mars; Hister coarctatus, Lec; Pediacus planus, Lec; Orphilus ater, Er; Cytilus varius Er; Melanophila longipes, Gory; Melanophia fulvoguttata, Lec; Chrysobothris dentipes, Lec; Agrilus politus, Say; Throscus constrictor, Say; Lucernuta atra, Fabr; Photinus borealis, Rand; Trichodes Nuttalli, Kirby; Nyctobates serratus, Mann; Anaspis flavipennis, Hald; Criocephalus agrestis, Kerby; Phymatodes proteus, Kirby; Clytus undulatus, Say; Graphisurus fasciatus, Geer; Monohammus confusor Kirb; Acmaeops strigilatu, F; Donacia palmata, Ol; Donacia subtiles, Kunze; Galeruca Gelatinariae, Fabr; Psylliodes punctulatr, Mels.

Lepidoptera.

Argynnis myrina, Cram; Limenitis Adisippus Godt; Alypia Langtonii, Couper; Ctenuchia virginica, Charp; Sphinx drupiferarum; Arctia Isabella, Abb Sm; Palesidota tesselaris, Sm. Abb; Erastria carneola, Guen; Pyralis farinalis, Harris: Melanippe gothica, Guen.

The predaceous beetles included in the above list of Coleoptera appeared early in the season, but for want of proper observation, were not published.

THE WAR ON THE CONTINENT.

(From the N. Y. World's Correspondent.)

PARIS, June 15.

The Evacuation of Holstein.

HOW THE AUSTRIANS ABANDONED THE DUCHIES—SPEECH OF THE PRINCE OF AUGUSTENBERG.

(Hamburg (June 13) Correspondence London Daily News.)

The evacuation of Holstein on the part of the Austrian brigades under Field-Marshal Baron Von Gablenz commenced at 5 o'clock, p. m., on Monday, when the baggage train left Altona, and passing through the Hamburg suburb of St. Pauli, marched through this city, and proceeded to the steam ferry on the Grassbrook, where they crossed the Elbe to Harburg. The Field-Marshal was the last to quit Altona and he arrived here at daybreak yesterday morning with his staff, and was received with vociferous cheers. At Altona the greatest excitement prevailed the entire night, as the whole of the population were in the streets to witness the departure of their protectors. As it was known that the Prussians would soon arrive, the Altona populace, who hate and fear them, took the opportunity of the head guard-house on the great square being unoccupied, to make it as untenable for them as possible; so they smashed all the windows till not a single pane of glass was left, and then demolished the furniture and the rest of its contents, singing all the while the Schleswig-Holstein Hymn. In addition to the Prussian steam gunboats that are lying in the Elbe opposite to Altona, the iron-clad frigate *Arminius* arrived yesterday, and anchored in the tide-way. She is commanded by Commander Werner, who last year was so zealous in his exertions to promote the German Arctic Exploration, and was to have taken the command if his services could have been spared in his profession. Attempts have been made to engage fishermen belonging to the Hamburg and Hanoverian islands in the Elbe to act as pilots for the Prussian ships; and it is significant of the general feeling here towards the Prussians that they have not been able hitherto to engage a single man, though 14 are required for the six gunboats and the frigate, being two for each ship. Under these circumstances the vessels are likely to remain here stationary, as the navigation of the Elbe is so intricate that it requires pilots daily accustomed to its shifting sandbanks to move in any direction without danger.

Owing to the rapid succession of events, the retreat of the Austrian brigade, and the occupation of Holstein by the Prussians exclusively, the Prince of Augustenberg considered himself no longer safe in the villa belonging to his father, at Nienstadten, and has taken shelter on the other side of the Elbe. Just before his departure from Altona, on Monday evening, a large number of members of the Holstein Estates, who had just returned from their fruitless mission to Itzehoe, waited on him to take leave, when he addressed them at some length on the state of the country and his own prospects.

If I were to follow my own personal feelings, said the Prince, I should remain in the Duchy and share the coming events with you. But I believe it to be my duty not to remain, and am glad to find that you concur in that opinion. Were I to remain here my voice would be soon overpowered and my activity put an end for. My real place is where there is room and opportunity to defend the rights of Schleswig-Holstein, and you will ever find me ready to do my duty, by word and deed, in defending our rights, which are also those of Germany. Explain this to your constituents, and add that I rely as fully on the strength of their patriotic zeal as they have confidence in me. The ancient virtues of our people shine still as conspicuously as ever, though we have gone through a period of mournful excitement, and our trials are far from ended. Unity, fidelity, tenacity in the cause of truth and justice, against moral weapons no amount of physical force can prevail. In the same heroic spirit that the people of Schleswig have so long borne their trials, I feel confident of the Holsteiners exhibiting the same loyalty and attachment in their approaching visitation. I deeply regret that the civil officials who remain true to the rightful cause will not be spared a period of deep affliction and trial. As military law has now been proclaimed in the Duchy, it supersedes for the time the civil authority, and they will have to bend to the force of circumstances as far as their own conscience will permit them. And now farewell, gentlemen, till we meet again, which I sincerely hope will be soon, and under more favorable circumstances.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the first inst., the wife of John S. Nicholson, bookbinder, of twin sons.

DIED.

In this city, on Monday, the 2nd instant, Michael O'Meara, Esq., formerly of Montreal, aged 82 years.

COMMERCIAL

EMIGRATION RETURN.

Return of the number of passengers arrived at the Port of Quebec, from the opening of navigation to the 1st of July, 1866:

	Cabin.	Steerage.	Total.
From England	288	3,120	3,408
" Ireland	22	1,139	1,161
" Scotland	26	1,218	1,244
" Germany, in ships	00	2,787	2,787
" Norway, in ships	00	11,057	11,057
" Belgium	00	23	23
	336	19,344	19,680
To corresp'nding period in '65	397	9,539	9,936
Increase this year to date	00	0,000	9,744

NATIONALITIES.

English	1383
Irish	1823
Scotch	1086
Germans	2930
Norwegians	11936
Swedes	150
Danes	320
Other Countries	252
Total	19680

A. C. BUCHANAN,
CHIEF AGENT.

Government Immigration Office,
Quebec, 1st July, 1866.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Return of traffic for week ending June 23, 1866:

Passengers	$53,268
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	5,800
Freight and Live Stock	65,650
Total	$124,718
Corresponding week of 1865	116,784
Increase	$7,934

JOHN HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Montreal, June 28, 1866.

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 2.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 25	@ 8 50
Extra	8 00	@ 8 25
Fancy	7 25	@ 7 50
Welland Canal Superfine	6 75	@ 6 85
Bag Flour	3 65	@ 3 80
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 75	@ 6 90
No 1 Western	6 40	@ 6 75
No. 2 "	6 20	@ 6 40
Canada Wheat	1 45	@ 1 50
Western "	1 45	@ 1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	34	@ 35
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50	@ 55
BUTTER—Dairy	15	@ 16
Store-Packed	15	@ 16
ASHES—Pots	5 42	@ 5 45
Pearls	7 75	@ 7 80

New York Markets.

New York, July 2.

GOLD—Opened at 154 and closed at 153½.

COTTON—Quiet at 37 to 39c for middling.

FLOUR—Receipts, 13,687 barrels. Sales at $6 60 @ 7 85c for super State; $7 75 @ 8 80c for extra; $6 60 @ 7 95c for super Western; 7 90 @ 8 80c for extra; $8 80 @ 10 25c for R. H. O. Canadian rather more active. Sales at $9 00 @ 10 35c for common; and $10 40 @ 13 90c for good to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts, 34,697 bushels. Sales at $2 10c for No. 2 Milwaukie; $2 50c for No. 1 do; $3 30c for white Missouri.

RYE—Quiet. Sales at $1 05 for Western; and $1 33c for State.

BARLEY—Dull.

CORN—Sales at 83 @ 85c for unsound new mixed Western; 86 @ 88c for sound do; $1 20c for prime mixed Western.

OATS—Dul' at 51 @ 53c for new Western.

LATEST ENGLISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 17.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—Sales on Monday and Tuesday 13,000 bales. Market very dull with decline of one farthing to a half-penny per lb. Manchester market inactive and easier.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour firm and advanced 2s. Wheat firm and advanced 4d to 6d. Winter Red 10s 6d to 11s 6d. Corn steady at 28s 9d to 29s for mixed.

PROVISIONS—Beef inactive and advanced 3s 6d to 5s. Pork firmer and advanced a trifle. Bacon quiet and steady. Butter tending upwards. Lard dull and nominal. Tallow firmer and advanced 1s to 2s.

London, 20th.

Consols closed at 86 to 86½ for money. 5.20's 64¼ to 65. Eries 48 to 51.

Liverpool, 19th.

Sugar steady. Coffee quiet. Rice no sales. Linseed quiet. Petroleum quiet and steady.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

The Buffalo brokers are running against each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, but the run is nothing compared with that after the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 166a

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 12, 1863.

Gentlemen,—I have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer in my family for several years, and have always found it a reliable cure for Diarrhœa and Dysentery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Travellers cannot have by them a better friend in time of sudden attack of bowel complaint.

Yours truly,
J. H. PARKE.

NOTE—It should be understood that the Pain Killer is administered internally as well as externally. 166a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth! If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.** In districts infested with chills and fever and billious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says: "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all bilious cases, and consider them the best family medicine we have." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular emphasis. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every-where. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of JOHN TOWNSEND.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of Shakspeare's sublime tragedy of Hamlet, by a crowded audience on Monday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing it for one more night.

The young, lovely, and accomplished ballad singer, Miss Adela St. Clair having been again received with the most unbounded enthusiasm in her beautiful song of "The Mocking Bird," the Lessee has the pleasure of announcing it for repetition to-night.

Positively the last night of Shakspeare's Tragedy of Hamlet.

Miss Bertha Loraine, the great Spanish danseuse, in an entirely new Characteristic Dance.

Miss Florence Grosvenor in three characters.

Go and see the two entirely new Scenes, the admiration of every one.

On Wednesday Evening, July 4th,

To commence with (for the last time) Shakspeare's Sublime Tragedy of

HAMLET,

PRINCE OF DENMARK,

HAMLET BY JOHN TOWNSEND.

Supported by the whole Company.

SONG—"The Mocking Bird," Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Ballad by Miss Adela St. Clair.

To conclude with

THE LADDER OF LOVE!

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 3. 167

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, City of Ottawa, 30th June, 1866.

Adams Francis	Law Miss M.G (Glos.)
Andrew John	Lawler J
Atkinson Neil	Letherland Wm
Atkinson Miss S A	Lee Miss J
Austin W A	Leaney Geo
Bawden W H	Lewis W
Burnet & Bannermann	Lewis John
Baker Samuel	Little James
Bartlett George	Little Robert
Barry Henry	Logan William
Beesley	Lucas Miss F
Beswetherick Miss H	Lyons James F
Bell John	Marshall Miss A
Beaty Jas D	Major Joseph
Beaty Mrs James	Mann O H
Bean A Rideau St	Merritt Francis
Billings Francis	Mitchell Jas J
Birks T H	Montgomery Miss M A
Boyd Miss Ann	Montgomery D (of Toron.)
Boyd E.G Barrister	Morel F D
Burnham John (canal B)	Murphy David
Brownlee Miss Lizzie	Murray A (Druggist)
Brown James	Murphy Ed.
Brown Thos	Murphy Miss Julia A
Broker Maria	Murphy Wm
Brady James	Murphy Wm H
Buckley Joseph	Munroe W Wm
Burdette Miss Jane	Munroe Jas H
Burke Martin	Mulvalo Jas
Cameron Miss Ellen	Mullins Bridget
Carpenter Thos	Nesbit Miss Rebecca
Carroll Jas (carpenter)	Neagle Mrs A
Campbell Mrs James	Nevill John
Caldwell & Erroll	O'Briet Patrick
Childs Peter (Glous.)	O'Brien Michael
Clarke Geo W	O'Conner Jas
Cleary Thos	O'Connell John
Cleary C N	Oliver M D, S V
Correy Miss Mary P	O'Meara Miss Kate
Cox Miss M	O'Neil Mrs Edward
Collins Miss Elizabeth	O'Neil Henry
Cole Miss Florence	O'Reilly Eugene
Cozier Miss E	Park Matilda
Colville David	Patterson Wm W
Coughlin Mrs Daniel	Peterie Mrs Margt
Crookshanks Miss M	Pearson Henry
Craig Maria	Pollock Miss E
Cummings Isaac	Pratt Thos Henry
Cuthbert Mrs Ann	Pratt James
Culbert Jr, John	Rachey Jas (Surveyor)
Day Alfred	Rilley Mrs Margt
Dagg Gunner Geo	Robinson Miss S
Dale William	Robertson Hugh
Dunn John	Roche Wm
Dunlop R	Rourke Michael
Edmonds John	Rose Thos
Edmonston James	Ross E Martha
Elsey Jas B	Ryan John
Erwin G	Scott J E
Evans Miss S R	Seymour M
Farrel H J	Sharp John
Fitzsimmons Pat	Shiah Jane (Glous)
Fitzgerald W G	Sinclair J S
Flynn P	Smith D
Flood M	Smith R C
Flanory John	Summers Mrs Ann
Foote George	Spearman Miss Margt
Fowler John	Spear James
Fottnan Wm	Spectator "Editor"
Forson Mrs Thos	Staples Miss S E
Gamble Chas (Glos.)	Staples Miss Ruth M
Gardiner Jane Ann	Steele Mandy
Gibb J	Sullivan John (Glos.)
Griffin G W D	Sweeney John (Painter)
Gordon Mrs B	Swartfigure Mark
Gough W D	Taylor Geo (Glos.)
Grennan Matthew	Taylor Mrs (Murray St)
Grier Patrick	Tobin Chas
Guerin Mrs (Milliner)	Tracy John
Hanrath Patrick	Vandusen Mrs J W
Harvey Geo	Wallace Geo R
Harris Christopher	Wheeler Matthew
Hagarty Bernard	Whelan John H
Herbert Patrick	Willard Mrs Maurice
Heenan John	Winters Joseph
Henry John	Wilson D (carpenter)
Hewson Wm (Glos.)	Young Mr J
Hirch Mrs Chas E	Young Robert
Hodgins Thos	McAuley John
Hope R F	McCabe John (Nepean)
Hodgins Mary Ann	McCann Mrs Mary (do.)
Holmes David	McCaffery Wm, York St
Hogan Matthew	McChesney Hamilton
Hogan Luke	McDermid H J
Hughes Susan	McDonald Thos
Hutton W H	McDougall J S
Hughes Noble	McDonald John
Hutchinson John	McDonald Ellen
Jackson Mrs Kate	McFail Mrs A
James James	McGar Miss Cath
Joiner Mrs Caroline	McGowan Miss E
Jordan Miss Fannie	McGregor R
Kenedy Wm (Nepean)	McGuire Thos G
Kenley Mrs Julia A	McKenzie A
Keys John	McLaren Henry
Keeler & Gaylord	McLellan Archie
Kinney Miss Lucy	McMillan John
King Richard	McTavish R R
King Geo	Initials.
Kirk Alonzo	K W
Langdon Thos	F J L

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

167

LECTURE on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2 30 p. m., and 7 in the evening.

July 3. 167-tf

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INform his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and

CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY,
311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,
Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.

June 29. 164tf

☞ A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

MASONIC APRONS!

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

☞ MASONIC JEWELS, CLOTHING, FURNITURE, BANNERS, DECORATIONS, &c., made to order.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, June 20. 1-y

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT in a pleasant locality, within five minutes' walk of the Post Office. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, May 19. 129-tf

FRESH SALMON.

FRESH SALMON, THE PRODUCE OF the Moisie Fisheries, for sale by the undersigned, packed in ice in boxes of from one to ten fish each, as purchasers may desire.

Orders by letter or telegraph, or through Express Agents, will receive immediate attention.

A. FRASER & CO.

Moisie Fisheries Office,
Quebec, 14th June, 1866. 154-e

AUCTION SALES.

☞ Sale this Morning.

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

THIS UNDERSIGNED HAS RECEIVED instructions to sell on MONDAY, JULY 2, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the ground:

Lot No. 5, South side of Daly street, a corner lot, close to the Free Church Presbyterian Church; one of the finest lots on Daly Street, and in a good neighborhood, 66x99. Terms liberal, made known at the time of sale. These lots will be sold at a bargain.

ALSO,

Lot Letter D on the south side of Napoleon Street, City of Ottawa, being part of Villa Lot number one, on the South side of Park Street, dimensions 40 feet in front by 50 feet in depth.

HECTOR McLEAN,
AUCTIONEER.

164-3

Auction Sale of Building Lot

IN CENTRE TOWN.

H. McLEAN, ESQ., HAS RECEIVED instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church, to sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m., (on the ground), the very valuable Building Lot, 60 by 99 feet, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Parliament Buildings. As a desirable site, it is only necessary to say that this decidedly the best for business or commercial purposes now in the market, and parties desirous of purchasing would do well to give it due consideration.

Terms liberal, and made known at time of sale.

Ottawa, June 30. 165-td

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS,

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittcons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
AUCTIONEER.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTablishment, in Broderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowls, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale, by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st, JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD.

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE.

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES,
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. F. HAYES,
AGENT.

e 21. 157tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chandiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ Orders Promptly Attended to. ☜

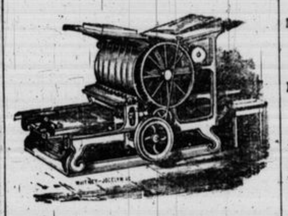
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866

O'MEARA & CO.
94-t

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

12y

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

☞ Masonic and other Jewels, ☜ Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Je11-148d

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

☞ At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

☞ WHOLESALE & RETAIL. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

INSURANCE ADVER'TS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.

B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. ;T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT.

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds.

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

GEO. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

☞ Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a

WATER COOLER!

Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.

BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our

COOLERS!

being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and

TUB BATHS.

Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen.

A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c.

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS.....from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

awa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz.: 1 new flooring machinery iron *frame*, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 jitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tenonning do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boring machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, *or* on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. The title is perfect, and immediate possession can be given. For terms and other particulars, apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,
Or E. M. HOPKINS, Esq., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 5. 143-d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stout & Lover, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Building, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
ADMINISTRATOR.

Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO BAKERS.—WANTED AT THE Gatineau Mills a first-class BAKER. Apply there or to Messrs. Gilmour & Co., Ottawa.

Gatineau Mills, 27th June, 1866 163-a

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post-Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.

G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, 8 First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinne in Ottawa.

ttawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to, J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the Yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 43 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,

ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate,

Apply to
LEWIS PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

~~For Sale at a Bargain.~~

~~2 SAW MILLS, 1 FLOUR MILL, EXTENSIVE Timber Limits, Wood Planing and other Machines ... good Land, Dwellings Stores; Wharf ... &c.~~

~~APPLY TO ... McLEAN~~

~~Ottawa, March 20 1866.~~

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the REV. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1865.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer hereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. *Vessels to make Quarantine.*

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—*Supplementary Inspection.*

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Inspection and Superintendence.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—*Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the lisense and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—*Vessels proceeding to Quebec.*

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the lisense of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN,	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN,	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN,	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN,	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN,	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS,	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN.....................$66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE.....................$34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons,	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons,	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons,	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons,	Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council as to *free* as well as dutiabl Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BRLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, ESQ., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

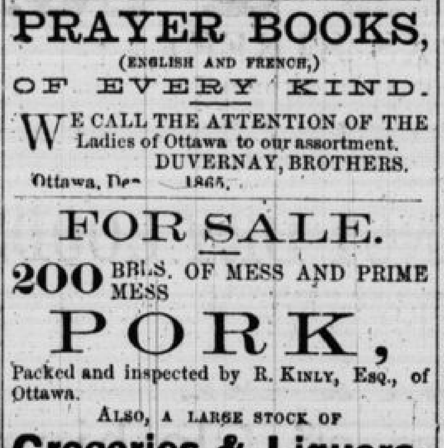
Groceries & Liquors.

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



fully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,
CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.
W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-utf

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act; Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining Housekeeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 5, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

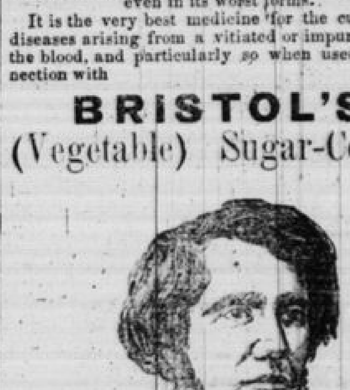
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer.

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites
&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, Wm. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THO. RUSSELL & SON

To H. M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENT constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the Body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp formed stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Kerik,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strakosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry.	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verisimilitude, that growing excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

GEO A. PRINCE & CO.'
PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS;

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years
No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate; but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO. When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO.
Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 168. | OTTAWA C. W., WEDNESDAY JULY 4, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE "OTTAWA TIMES," PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING. (Sundays Excepted.) BY GEORGE COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

THE "WEEKLY TIMES."

A Weekly Edition of the Times will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
J. S. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 21-y

MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. Offices: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
GENERAL Commission Agent, 3 Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. Agent for Royal Mail Line Steamers, Great Western Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad, &c.
Ottawa, May 11. 123-tf

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA.
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon. Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS!
ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF
FLOWER SEEDS!
PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
23, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,..............1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included).......... $2.50
Steerage.......... 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

"BEAVER HALL,"
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.
111-y

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862.
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:--37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a
WATER COOLER!
Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.
BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our
COOLERS!
being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and
TUB BATHS.
Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen.
A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c.
At ESMONDE BROS',
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in 1844.*]
DICKINSON'S OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all ways ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,..........
ONTARIO,.......... Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,.......... Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,.......... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,.......... Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT.
Traveller, be not induced by loudr cies in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found there.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in the most central and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of the Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains!
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of SATCHEL BROS.
Ap19-104-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

The Red Boot—Wm. A. Lamb.
Dissolution of Co-Partnership—Lewis & Brigham.
Card of Thanks—Cunningham & Lindsay.
Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert.
Card of Thanks—George Patterson.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at .... 7.00, a.m.
Mail Train .... 6.30, p. m.
Accommodation Train leaves at .... 1.45, p. m.
Arriving Morning Mail .... 10.5, a.m.
Mail, Evening .... 5.00, p.m.
" Night .... 9.00, p.m.

These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m., every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 4, 1866.

We publish elsewhere the resolutions on the local constitutions of Upper and Lower Canada, copies of which were distributed in the House of Assembly last night.

The question of local improvements, at all times one of much interest in civic polities, is at this particular period in the history of Ottawa of more than usual importance to its citizens. The health and convenience of the inhabitants, to say nothing of the good opinion in which all desire that Ottawa should be held by our numerous visitors, impose upon the Corporation the duty of dealing with the numerous deficiencies in the Sanitary condition of the city which have been brought before them by petition of the ratepayers; but the expense involved is of such serious magnitude that our City Fathers can hardly be blamed if they pause ere giving effect to the well-intentioned prayers of zealous petitioners who, perhaps, when the Collector comes round will be the first to cry out against oppressive taxation. The city requires improvements, but the citizens are dubious of their ability, or at all events manifest their unwillingness, to pay for them.

In this not very satisfactory condition of affairs we publish elsewhere the "Sixth Report of the Streets Improvement Committee," which was read at the last meeting of the Council, and laid over for further consideration, in the hopes that its perusal may enable the public to form a judgment on the financial capability, or otherwise, of the city to undertake the works recommended, and to bring such outside pressure upon the Council as may guide the members to a right decision in the premises.

Through the kindness of Mr. Defries, the respected Postmaster of the Legislative Assembly, who, himself, has a deep and melancholy interest therein, his gallant son having fallen at Ridgway, we are enabled to publish a Resolution, sympathising with the relatives and friends of the killed and wounded, in the encounter of the 2nd June:

Moved by Ald. J. E. Smith, seconded by Ald. Sheard, and

"*Resolved.*—" That this Corporation, deeply impressed with a feeling of admiration at the gallant conduct of our Volunteers, and especially the Queen's Own Regiment, of this city, who have so nobly vindicated their name and lineage as sons of Britain, by their prompt repulse of the lawless band of marauders, who have dared to invade our territory, and at the same time painfully moved by the recollection that the success has not been attained without the loss of valuable lives, and painful suffering to those who have been wounded in the affair,—embrace the first opportunity of their assembling to place on record, and respectfully offer, as well to the bereaved relations of those who have fallen, as also to those who, while spared alive, have nobly shed their blood in their country's cause, a heartfelt expression of sympathy, condolence and pride, nor can they omit to express the feeling of gratification with which they record that no less than four members of this Board have taken an active part in those brave achievements." Adopted unanimously in Council.
Toronto, June 4th, 1866.

Is not this worthy of imitation by other public bodies? We think a vote of thanks to our Volunteers, even by the Legislature, would be quite in place and productive of good. Many *corps*, for example, our own gallant and efficient Battery, which, though never before the enemy, (to their great regret,) exhibited a zeal, devotion, and discipline that augured well for real work, and entitles them to the best thanks and the gratitude of the country.

How wonderfully do "circumstances alter cases." With the Hon. George Brown *in* the Government, the Hon. A. T. Galt became, in the eyes of the *Globe*, transformed from a vile "Corruptionist" into one of the purest and most patriotic statesmen of the day; and with the Hon. George Brown *out* of the government, the same Mr. Galt falls back again into all his former delinquencies. Mr. Galt's new tariff is just what the *Globe* would have liked to see, only it does not like to see Mr. Galt propose it. "If we could forget," says that eminently honest, and consistent sheet, "if "we could forget the breach of faith and "slight towards the Lower Provinces—the "breach of faith towards the Upper Canada "Reformers," &c., we "could find," it continues, "some things in which Mr. Galt's scheme, "which, standing by themselves, would be "highly satisfactory." Precisely so; if Mr. Galt's measures were considered, *standing by themselves*, all would be well, but the *Globe* has the singular faculty of never allowing the actions of those whom it chooses to oppose the opportunity of *standing by themselves*. Doubtless, it will be hard for the Canadian public to discover wherein is the "breach of faith towards the Lower Provinces," the recollection of which the *Globe* appears incapable of banishing; "The Upper Canada Reformers" will be at a loss to know what special clause in their compact with the Government, Mr. Galt has violated. Surely it cannot be in the contemplated reductions, for the *Globe* says: "The proposal that the thirty, twenty-five and twenty per cents shall be lowered, and that nearly all the ten per cents shall be made free goods, would be excellent if it stood alone." Nor can the Reformers complain if the manufacturers, who, by "their votes sustained" Mr. Galt, may find their exclusive interests adversely affected by the changes in the tariff, for the *Globe* is not the one to impute to Reformers any desire to keep up monopoly. But perhaps the "breach of faith" is in the increase of duties, for the *Globe* almost hints as much when it says:

"*If* Canadian whiskey *could be made* to bear such a large additional burden, there would be no reason to complain, unless indeed we complained that Mr. Galt had not sooner transferred the burden to the shoulders of the consumers of the whiskey. But the danger is that Mr. Galt having with his usual rashness, assumed that nearly another million can be got in that way, will go on spending the money, and find at the end of the year that he has miscalculated the tax-paying capacity of the whiskey interest."

Our contemporary "doubts the capacity of the whiskey interest" to pay the additional tax, and Mr. Galt "with his usual rashness"—of course, Mr. Galt is rash, when Mr. Brown has left the government—"will go on spending the money."

How different would all these things have appeared in the eyes of the *Globe*, if only Mr. Brown had kept his seat in the Cabinet!

LOCAL NEWS.

ANOTHER CRICKET MATCH.—We understand that the Prescott Cricket Club will visit this city to-morrow for the purpose of trying a friendly tilt, or rather a bat, with the Ottawa club.

WELLINGTON STREET.—Now that the eastern terminus or run of Wellington street is to be opened up—we anticipate that the Government will at once see the necessity of having a substantial Iron Bridge erected, in order to complete the connecting link between Wellington and Rideau streets.

DISAPPOINTED PUGS.—A number of the roughs who hail from Ashburnham Hill, collected on Monday, in a field belonging to N. Sparks, Esq., for the purpose of witnessing a "prize fight" between one of their pugs, and a young Quebecer. The latter was persuaded by his friends to not enter the arena ropes, and wisely kept aloof, much to the chagrin of the blackguards who had assembled for the purpose of beating him and his friends.

THANKS TO THE P. C. O's.—We are requested by the members of the Queen Fire Company, through their Captain, Paul Favreau, to return their best thanks to the P. C. O. Rifles for their efficient and generous services at the fire on Rideau street on Monday night. On mentioning the thanks about to be published to some of the Rifles yesterday afternoon, it was asked what more natural than the "Prince Consort's Own" coming to the aid of the Queen?

ACCIDENT ON THE OTTAWA AND PRESCOTT RAILWAY.—Yesterday as the morning train from Prescott had reached a little south of the Oxford station, Alexander McDonald, a brakesman whilst looking over at the wheels, came against the cattle guard and was knocked off the car. The train put back, took him up and brought him to Kemptville, where he received medical attendance. It is believed that he has sustained severe, though we hope not serious injuries.

CAUGHT HIM.—Capt. Frank Graham, of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, while the fire was in progress on Tuesday morning, in Mrs. McComb's fancy store, had his attention called by a Sergt. of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, to the fact that he had picked up a Lady's Gold Watch and Chain, to which a Locket was attached, and that a young man had claimed it, who said he belonged to the establishment—and at the same time pointed out the party. Capt. Graham caught the gent just as he was about evacuating the premises, or changing his base of operations—and compelled him to disgorge, which at first he hesitated to do, but the Captain's *gentle persuasions* finally overcame him, and the watch has since been returned to the rightful owner.

HIGHLY COMMENDABLE.—The following note has just been handed to us for publication: Ottawa, 3rd July.—To Capt. Favreau, Queen Fire Company:—Accompanying we beg to send you $10, as a slight token for the service rendered by your Company at the fire on Rideau Street, by which our premises were endangered. Yours &c., Cunningham and Lindsay. Capt. Favreau, on behalf of the Queen Company, thankfully acknowledges the receipt of the above sum. Capt. Frank Graham of the Central Hook & Ladder Company, and Capt. John Langford of the Chaudiere Engine Company, have called upon us and acknowledged the receipt of a similar donation from the above firm, and desire that we should thus publicly express their thanks for the same. Our firemen are certainly deserving of such substantial tokens of esteem, and we have great pleasure in noting the fact that Messrs. Cunningham and Lindsay have so promptly acknowledged their valuable services.

POLICE COURT.—Narcisse Parent, whose case was adjourned from Monday, appeared to answer a charge of selling liquor without license. It was proved by two witnesses that defendant had served drinks to them, and that twenty cents had been thrown down on the table, though he had not asked for pay, nor did he take it up; but his little girl accepted it as a present. The drinking took place in the dining-room, and Mr. Parent thought it particularly hard if *he* were not allowed the privilege of treating his friends as well as any other gentleman—as well as his Worship for instance. His Worship reminded him that he had been fined a short time ago for selling liquor on Sundays, and now, having disregarded the injunctions then laid upon him, he would fine him one-third of the license money, that is to say, $25 and costs. Catherine Whelan for being drunk and abusive. The prisoner was brought up some two or three weeks since, and on that occasion let off on giving promise of reformation, but as she had not fulfilled her promise she was committed to three weeks hard labour in jail, in default of payment of $5 and costs fine. Mary Ann Douglass, her father, and her mother, were charged by Mary Dancy with using towards her language not exactly fit for our columns, but which reflected in the strongest possible manner upon her sobriety, and even upon her chastity. So pointed and so offensive was the language deemed in the delectable region of Ashburnham Hill, from which the parties "all hail," that its virtuous denizens thought it a fit subject for adjudication by the Aristides of the police court. All the defendants, it was sworn, had joined in calling Mrs. Dancy by a name the most unfashionable, and coarsest now, or ever in use in the English language to designate a lady as an unfaithful *cara sposa*. Thomas Wilson, a blacksmith to whom Mr. Dancy the husband, played second hammer in the capacity of *helper*, was declared by the clan Douglass to be *particeps criminis* in Mrs. Dancy's connubial delinquency. A soft impeachment, which, with a smile of innocence on his brow the cyclopean Lothario blandly denied. He "had *never* been in her house drinking whiskey with Mrs. D., for two or three hours in her husband's absence, and she in a state of unconscious inebriety, as was vociferously intimated by defendants before many witnesses." He "thought her a virtuous woman—a woman of good character." His Worship thought the conduct of defendants very reprehensible, and that of the male Douglass cowardly. A fine was imposed upon the elders, which in the gross amounted to about $11 50. The younger one being discharged. The victims paid the money and some more with it, for summonses against the Dancy's, to appear this morning at the same place.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, July 3rd, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half past seven o'clock.

Several bills were introduced and read a first time.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said he had intended the resolutions on the subject of the Local Constitutions should have been moved this evening, but in consequence of the unanimous representations made by members from both sides of the House, as well as by outsiders, as to the distributions of the new seats, the Government had not yet prepared the schedules on that subject. The resolutions would, however, be distributed immediately, and he would move their adoption on Thursday.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD introduced a bill to amend the Volunteer Militia Law. He proposed that the restriction as to the number of 25,000 of Volunteer force should be repealed, and the number be left in future at the discretion of the Government according as the circumstances of the country might require; also to allow the Government to accept the services of Mounted Infantry; and to authorise municipalities to provide for the wounded or their friends, and to legalize the assistance already given by the municipalities without authority of law. The Attorney-General mentioned several other contemplated changes, the purport of which did not reach the gallery.

In reply to Mr. Wood, Attorney-General MACDONALD explained that the government had already full power to erect drill sheds and armories, but of course before any expenditure of the kind is incurred it must be voted by Parliament.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said that the removal of the defects which time had shown to exist in the Militia Law which he had introduced, would be cheerfully concurred in by the members on his side of the House. He said, they were all anxious to defend their country, and when the emergency had came it had been found that the acts of his government had been sufficient to meet it, and now only required a few trifling amendments.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD—When glad to be assured of the assistance of members opposite in improving the Volunteer act, reminded the House that our Volunteer system was created under the act introduced by the government of the late Sir Allan Macnab in 1855.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds.) Though glad to see provisions made for the Volunteers, thought he would not be doing justice to his constituents, or the country, did he not state his conviction that the plan proposed by the Attorney-General was the worst that could possibly be adopted. He thought it would be exceedingly wrong to impose upon the municipalities the duty of providing for the Volunteers; it was enough that they should furnish the men.

Attorney-General MACDONALD said the hon. member had misunderstood him. It was not intended that municipalities should be compelled, but only permitted, and the grants already made legalized.

Mr. JONES hoped the Attorney-General would hear him out; he held that the country at large should provide for them, and not throw it upon poor but willing municipalities, who might do more than their ability, while other and richer municipalities might do nothing.

Mr. DUNKIN said the country had already made provisions for the Volunteers in the pay allowed them for service, and he could see no harm in the proposition of the Att'y-General.

Mr. D. MACDONALD argued in favor of providing for the Volunteers at the expense of the country at large, and not by the municipalities.

Mr. POWELL said he would not now discuss the principle involved in the bill, but he thought that ample provision should be made for the Volunteers, even those of them who, though suffering no other loss, had been deprived of their situations. He understood there were several in that position in Montreal.

On motion of Attorney-General MACDONALD, the House went into Committee of the Whole on Bill No. 47, to authorise the Law Society of Upper Canada, to admit Hewitt Bernard, as a barrister-at-law,—bill reported, and ordered to a third reading.

On the question of receiving the report of the Committee on Ways and Means,

Hon. Mr. GALT explained with reference to the delay that had taken place in communicating by telegraph on Monday last, the resolutions on customs and excise, which it was his intention to have had put immediately in force. He had enquired of the President of the Telegraph Company, and had received a letter in explanation, which he read and which promised further enquiry on the subject. Mr. Galt then stated that at midnight, or about that time, he had sent the despatches; that for Quebec was delivered at 11:30 a.m., at Montreal at 10:45 a.m., at Kingston at 10 a.m., at Toronto at 9:15 a.m., at Hamilton not until 20 minutes past 3 p.m., and at London at 10 a.m. As the delay in the messages had defeated the purpose of the Government in putting the resolutions into simultaneous effect, it was the intention of the Government to allow a limited period, say twenty-four hours, during which all goods in bond on the 27th ult., might be removed under the old tariff. To-morrow notices would be sent to all the officers, and the time he had mentioned would then be allowed, so that the mercantile community throughout the country would all be placed upon an equal footing.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON did not believe that the period of twenty-four hours was sufficient to effect the purpose contemplated by the Minister of Finance. Mr. H. then stated, that in his opinion the House, or rather the Government, had gone a little too far in the course adopted two years ago, and since followed by imposing duties, before the concurrence of the House had been taken in the resolutions. He wished the Minister of Finance to consider the point, and cited certain precedents from English practice.

Hon. A. T. GALT said the point was certainly one of very great importance, but he had not doubted of the propriety of the course that had been followed, with the consent of both sides of the House, and for the interest of the country.

Hon. A. A. DORION contended that great injury was done to the commercial community by these sudden changes, and a means ought to be devised to save those who had purchased or contracted to deliver, the value of which might be seriously affected by these changes.

Hon. A. T. GALT said that contracts were constantly being made, and that he saw no possible way of meeting the cases which had been referred to by the hon. member for Hochelaga. He would also mention that an impression had got abroad that free goods imported into Gaspe, might now be transferred to other parts of the country without paying duty, but the Government had made strict provision to prevent goods being transferred from the free ports to any other place, until the duty thereon had first been paid.

Messrs. A. A. Dorion, Dunkin, and Hon. J. H. Cameron continued the discussion for some time, as to the practice of Parliament, and the effect of acting on the resolutions before concurrence is taken thereon.

Mr. M. C. CAMERON contended that unless the Attorney-General had given the question due consideration, and come to the conclusion that those who had, on the morning after the passage of the resolutions, taken out their goods under the old tariff, could not be compelled to pay up the difference, it would be far preferable to compel them to do so, than adopt the plan proposed by the Hon. Minister of Finance.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, Mr. Street in the chair.

The item for Legislative Council Salaries, $96,580.00, was agreed to.

On the Salaries and Contingent Expenses of the Legislative Assembly, $138,440 00,

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD enquired who was to provide for the expenses of the Parliament to be held next year.

Hon. Mr. GALT said as the next Parliament would not be the Parliament of Canada, his honorable friend would see that question did not come within the scope of the Canadian Government to answer.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the Audit Act would certainly be in force in Canada, if not in the Confederacy; and he thought it belonged to the Government to show how the first expenses of the local Governments were to be legally provided for.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD explained, and made a few remarks in reply, assuring the hon. member that if no other course were open he hoped the Government, of which no doubt his hon. friend would be a member, would get a vote from the Confederate Parliament. (Laughter.)

The item was carried, as were also the remaining items embraced in the expenses of Legislation. On the educational grants, a protest was entered by Messrs. Scoble and McKenzie against the appropriations to Sectarian Colleges.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said these gentlemen had supported similar appropriations. A lengthy discussion took place between the members for Cornwall and Lambton. The several items were carried. The appropriations to Literary and Scientific institutions, amounting to $14,800, were then agreed to.

On the item for maintenance of St. John's Asylum, $16,800,

Mr. DUNKIN denounced the building as infamous, being totally unfitted for hospital purposes. He quite agreed that another Asylum in the neighborhood of Montreal was necessary, for the one at Beauport was too far from the centre of Lower Canada population, but the St. John's institution was not at all what the country required, and in fact it was impossible to give the patients fair treatment in it.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER explained that the Government had felt bound to provide for those unfortunate people, in so far as it could be done, but in view of a change in our system of Government, it was not advisable to enter into any arrangements for the present. A long discussion then ensued.

The Committee rose at a quarter to twelve o'clock to sit again on Thursday, and the House adjourned.

RESOLUTIONS.

To be moved providing for the Local Government and Legislature of Lower and Upper Canada respectively, when the Union of the Provinces of British North America is affected.

Resolved:—1, That by the 38th paragraph of the resolution of this House, passed on the third day of February, 1865, for presenting an humble address to Her Majesty, praying that she may be graciously pleased to cause a measure to be submitted to the Imperial Parliament, for the purpose of uniting the Colonies of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Prince Edward's Island, in one Government, with provisions based on the resolutions which were adopted at a Conference of Delegates from the said Colonies, held at the City of Quebec, on the 10th of October, 1864, it is provided that "for each "of the Provinces there shall be an Executive Officer, styled the Lieutenant Governor, "who shall be appointed by the Governor "General in Council, under the Great Seal of "the Federated Provinces, during pleasure; "such pleasure, not to be exercised before the "expiration of the first five years, except for "cause; such cause to be communicated in "writing to the Lieutenant Governor immediately after the exercise of the pleasure as "aforesaid, and also by message to both Houses "of Parliament, within the first week of the "first Session afterwards;" and that by the 41st paragraph of the same resolution it is provided that "the Local Government and "Legislature of each Province shall be constructed "in such manner as the existing Legislature "of each such Province shall provide":

2. That under and subject to the Constitution of the Federated Provinces, the executive authority of the Lieutenant Governor of Lower Canada and Upper Canada respectively, shall be administered by each of such Officers according to the well understood principles of the British Constitution.

3. The Great Seal of each Province of Lower Canada and Upper Canada, shall be the same or of the same design, in each of the said Provinces, as that used in the said Provinces respectively, at the time of the existing Union, until altered by the Local Government.

4. That there shall be a Local Legislature for Lower Canada, composed of two Chambers, to be called the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada.

5. That there shall be a Local Legislature for Upper Canada, which shall consist of one chamber to be called the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada.

6. That the Legislative Council of Lower Canada shall be composed of twenty-four members, to be appointed by the Crown, under the Great Seal of the Local Government, who shall hold office during life; but if any Legislative Councillor shall, for two consecutive Sessions of Parliament, fail to give his attendance in the said Council his seat shall thereby become vacant.

7. That the Members of the Legislative Council of Lower Canada shall be British subjects by birth or naturalization, of the full age of thirty years, shall possess a continuous real property qualification, in Lower Canada, of four thousand dollars over and above all incumbrances, and shall continue worth that sum over and above their debts and liabilities.

8. That if any question shall arise as to the qualification of a Legislative Councillor in Lower Canada, the same shall be determined by the Council.

9. That the Speaker of the Legislative Council of Lower Canada (unless otherwise provided by the Local Parliament) shall be appointed by the Crown from among the Members of the Legislative Council, and shall hold during pleasure, and shall only be entitled to a casting vote on an equality of votes.

10. That each of the twenty-four Legislative Councillors of Lower Canada shall be appointed to represent one of the twenty-four Electoral Divisions thereof, mentioned in Schedule A, of the first chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, and such Councillor shall reside or possess his qualifications in the Division he is appointed to represent.

11. That the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada shall be composed of the sixty-five members to be elected to represent the sixty-five Electoral Divisions into which Lower Canada is now divided, under Chapter 2 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, Chapter 75 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, and the Act 23 Victoria, Chapter 1, or of any other Act, amending the same, in force at the time when the Local Government shall be constituted, as well for representation in the Local Legislature thereof, as in the House of Commons of the Federated Provinces; Provided that it shall not be lawful to present to the Lieutenant Governor for assent any Bill of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Lower Canada by which the number of the representatives in the Legislative Assembly or the limits of the electoral divisions may be altered, unless the second and third readings of such Bill in the Legislative Assembly shall have been passed with the concurrence of three-fourths of the members for the time being of the said Legislative Assembly, and the assent shall not be given to such Bill unless an Address has been presented by the Legislative Assembly to the Lieutenant Governor that such Bill has been so passed.

12. That the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada shall be composed of eighty-two members, to be elected to represent the eighty-two constituencies in Upper Canada, such constituencies being identical, whether for representation in the Local Legislative Assembly or for representation in the House of Commons of the Federated Provinces, and which constituencies shall consist of the divisions and be bounded as is provided in the schedule here annexed, marked A.

13. That until other provisions are made by the Local Legislature of Lower and Upper Canada, respectively, changing the same in either of the said Provinces, all the laws which, at the date of the Proclamation, constituting the separate Provinces of Lower Canada and of Upper Canada, shall be in force in each of the said Provinces respectively, relating to the qualification and disqualification of any person to be elected or to sit or vote as a Member of the Assembly of the Province of Canada, and relating to the qualification or disqualification of voters, and to the oaths to be taken by voters and to Returning Officers and their powers and duties, and relating to the proceedings at elections and to the period during which such elections may be continued and relating to the trial of controverted elections and the proceedings incident thereto, and relating to the vacating of the seats of Members and to the issuing and execution of new writs in case of any seat being vacated otherwise than by dissolution, shall respectively apply to elections of Members to serve in said the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada and in the said Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada.

14. That the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada and the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada respectively, shall continue four years from the day of the return of the Writs for closing the same and no longer, subject nevertheless to either, the said the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada, or the said the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada, being sooner prorogued or dissolved by the Lieutenant Governor of either of the said Provinces respectively.

15. That there shall be a session of the Legislature of each of the Provinces once at least, every year, so that a period of twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Local Legislature in one session, and the first sitting thereof in the next session.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Further by the "Cuba."

It is stated of the nine States whose levies are congregated at Frankfort, that they are much discouraged at the aspect of affairs, and are greatly disposed to complain of Austria having thrust them into danger before she was able to protect them.

It is stated that Bavaria hesitates at present to take an active part in the campaign, on the ground that Austria is not ready.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says there is a general belief that Austria is resolved on concentrating all her strength in the effort to secure a supremacy in Germany, and after such crossing of swords as will satisfy her honor will surrender Venetia if the Italians will come to an amicable understanding.

The *Times*, speaking of the apparent delay on the part of Austria, observes that the Austrians no doubt have some reason for their apparent inactivity.

The generals and all the troops are eager, and show their obvious interest is to be successful at the beginning of the campaign.

The *Daily News* thinks the inactivity has been imposed under sagacious counsels.

The Prussian troops entered the Austrian territory at Ottenberg, in Upper Silesia, on the night of the 21st. The movements of Benedek are kept very secret; nothing more than reconnoisances appear to have been made by the Austrians in Upper Silesia.

The Prussians continued to fortify themselves at Dresden.

Emaden has surrendered to the Prussians.

Vienna papers assert that the Saxon town of Siellan had been destroyed by the Prussians, in consequence of the refusal of the inhabitants to pay war contributions.

The Prussians have taken the Elector of Hesse and his minister of war prisoners, and sent the latter to Fortress Minden. The Saxon army succeeded in joining the Austrians.

It is also reported that the Hanoverian troops effected a junction with the Federal army corps.

The Federal army corps around Frankfort, amounted to 60,000 men. The head-quarters of Prince Alexander are to be transferred to Frankfort.

The Oldenburg minister at the diet was recalled to Mecklenburg, and is expected to follow the Federal Council. Switzerland has been officially informed of the hostilities.

ITALY.

Hostilities commenced on the 22nd.

The Austrians had declared Venice and Trieste, in a state of siege.

The Austrian out-posts at Apagso, were attacked by Italian volunteers on the 22nd, and several shots were exchanged.

It is officially denied at Berlin that Prussia has ordered a conscription in the countries she is said to have entered.

The cattle disease had again broken out in Ireland, and vigorous measures had been taken to stamp it out. The infection returns show a large decrease of the disease in England.

The shareholders of the Consolidated Bank Co., had confirmed the arrangement made for a resumption of business.

The Duke of Edinburgh, Prince Alfred, was paying a three days' visit to Liverpool, and performing sundry public services, amongst other things, inaugurating the new docks at Birkenhead. He was greatly lionized.

FRANCE.

The *Constitutionel* points out the perfect sense of the Emperor's letters, and says peace has the preference and the best wishes of the Emperor, and his hope must be also that, since having positively declared that France would not engage in war, except under a decisive state of things, no belligerent would dare to assume the responsibility of provoking it by creating such a position of affairs.

Victor Emanuel left Florence for the camp on the 21st, receiving an enthusiastic ovation on his way the R. R. Depot. He arrived at Cremona on the same day.

L'Italia announces that the King received Kossuth on the 20th. Prince Corignua had arrived at Florence and assumed the Government. He was well received.

The declaration of war against Austria caused great rejoicing throughout Italy. The Chamber of Deputies adopted, by a large majority, a Bill granting extraordinary franchise powers to the Government.

The London *Times* of the 21st says that although the campaign between the main armies of Prussia and Austria has now fairly began, we have no news of an actual encounter across the whole breadth of Germany, from the frontier of Poland to the Rhine. The forces of Austria, and the States in alliance with her, have been marching for an extended series of operations, but as yet the actual gains have been on the side of the adversary.

The Austrians maintain profound silence as to their intentions.

In Italy the Austrians expect to be attacked on three sides; at Venice by the Italian fleet; on the side of the Tyrol by Garibaldi; and, lastly, by Gen Cialdene, who will cross the Po.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says, in certain political circles it is apprehended that the Russian Government has not such faith in the neutrality of France as may be desired.

SPAIN.

Notice has been officially given that the Spanish squadron has been ordered home from the Pacific. Three Spanish vessels were reported to have been destroyed by Peruvian ironclads off the Platte River.

LATEST *via*. QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, JUNE 24.—The Italian army crossed the Mincio on 22nd inst.

The Prussians left a small garrison at Dresden, and advanced into Bohemia without resistance.

A slight collision had occurred between the Austrians and Prussians in Silesia, when the former retired—nothing authentic is known.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

CINCINNATI, July 2nd.—The Metropolitan Hotel on Main street was damaged by fire today to the amount of $10,000

BOSTON, July 2nd.—The trotting race for $5,000, between the Boston mare *Blochinston Bella*, and the Philadelphia mare, *Fanny Allen*, this p. m., was won by the Boston mare, in three straight heats—time 2:28¼, 2:30½, and 2:30.

NEW YORK, July 3rd.—Valparaiso dates May 30th, says trade is moving briskly, and that the Minister of Finance is preparing a statement of losses suffered from the Spanish bombardment. Specie abundant. In Chili the Presidential election was to have taken place on the 29th of June. Parey and Gen. Balna were to be the most prominent candidates. Commerce of Chili was rapidly increasing, and when her mines and agricultural districts are developed by railways now building, there will be no limit to her wealth and progress. Belize advices to the 14th of June, says the colony had been thrown into a fearful excitement by the reports of Indian raids on the northern frontier, but the facts were greatly exaggerated.

WASHINGTON, July 3rd.—The Niagara Ship Canal Bill meets with more opposition than was anticipated.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1st.—A letter dated Mohave city, Arizona, June 14th, represents mining prospects flattering.

Small plundering bands of Indians had plundered a camp in the Macedonia district, and murdered one man there and another at Mohave springs. Two companies were raised to pursue the murderers.

NEW YORK, July 3rd.—In the great trot on Fashion Course yesterday, for a purse of $2,000, contested by *Dexter*, *General Butler*, and *Commodore Vanderbilt*, *Dexter* was the winner. All five heats were made in the twenties and the last in the fastest time on record, 2:22¼.

CORPORATION OF OTTAWA.

Sixth Report of Streets Improvement Committee.

OTTAWA, JUNE 13th, 1866.

To His Worship the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—The Streets Committee beg leave to report that having duly considered the petitions referred to them by the Council, numbered 1 to 14, they directed the City Engineer to prepare plans and estimates of the whole which with his Report they submit for your consideration.

Your Committee have selected the following portions of the Works asked for as being of most immediate necessity, and would recommend an appropriation for the same, viz.:

Victoria Ward—Broad and Queen Street drains (the former through Cregan Street)	$1,925 00
Wellington Ward—Maria, O'Connor, and Slater Streets	1,701 00
Elgin Street	925 00
St. George's Ward—Nicholas Street	400 00
Theodore Street	2,000 00
By Ward—Clarence Street	7,685 00
Ottawa Ward—St. Andrew's Street	6,006 00
Total	$20,642 00

It is not necessary to enter into any detail of the urgent need for the measures recommended in a sanitary point of view, in every one of the cases now before the Council, the retention of which may be truly called *Bilge Water* in its most offensive form in cellars and cess-pools for want of efficient drainage has become, and is fast becoming an intolerable nuisance, nor can any less expensive means be devised than the plans now placed before the Council for its removal.

The Committee also submit to the Council the Report of the City Engineer on encroachments on streets, and have to request that the same be referred to the City Solicitor, with instructions to the Engineer to be guided by his advice in future action on the matter under consideration.

As similiar encroachments have taken place in other parts of the City, some general measures should be devised to deal with them effectually.

All which is respectfully submitted.

John Heney, Chairman; James Goodwin, Francis Abbott, John Langford, Donald Dow.

CORPORATION OF OTTAWA.

Seventh Report of Streets Improvement Committee.

OTTAWA, JUNE 13th, 1866.

To His Worship the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—The Streets Committee beg leave to report that having duly considered the petitions referred to them by the Council, numbered 1 to 14, they directed the City Engineer to prepare plans and estimates of the whole, which with his Report they submit for your consideration, requesting you to decide on the amount to be expended, which they will endeavour to apportion amongst the different Wards.

Your Committee under existing circumstances could not feel justified in making any selection, knowing the imperative necessity which exists for drainage in all the cases under consideration, and the difficulty of adjusting the Financial arrangements of the City to meet the necessary expenditure.

They would also request the Council to refer the City Engineer's Report on alleged encroachments to the City Solicitor, empowering the Engineer to act on his advice with reference thereto.

All which is respectfully submitted.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,

OTTAWA, 25th May, 1866.

Report on Drainage, &c.

The Chairman of the Streets Improvement Committee, &c.:

SIR,—In accordance with your instructions, I have to submit the following Report on the petitions referred to the Committee by the Council, praying for drainage, and other improvements in the streets, now named, viz:

No. 1, a drain on Maria street.
" 2, " Albert "
" 3, " O'Connor "
" 4, " Theodore "
" 5, " Nicholas "
" 6, " Elgin "
" 7, " Clarence "
" 8, " St Andrew's street.
" 9, " Bolton street.
" 10, " Queen st., Le B. Flat.
" 11, " Broad street, "
" 12, " Bridge " "
" 13, " Sherwood " "
" 14, " Willrod " "

The system of drainage hitherto followed being unattended with satisfactory results, costly in execution, and inefficient for the purposes intended, the Committee directed that any drains recommended in future should be based on the system laid down in my "Report on the Drainage and Improvement of the city," submitted to the Council in 1861. That plan proposed for its basis, the construction of a *main drain* from the point at which Slater street joins concession B, to the Lay-By on the Rideau Canal, under which it should pass, thence down the By-Wash to Rideau street, to King street, along that street to Cathcart, through that street to Dalhousie, and thence in the direct line of that street to the Ottawa River.

This drain is shewn by a *broad red line* on the accompanying plan, and is the key to the drainage of the whole city, with the exception of Le Breton's Flat, which must be drained through the ravine below Pooley's bridge, as well as a portion of Wellington street; the blocks also north of Redpath street and between the line of Dalhousie street and the Rideau, must be drained by deepening the existing sewer in Mr. Currier's mill yard.

Such portions of the drains petitioned for as could be constructed in accordance with the system laid down, without interfering with the *levels* of the *main drains*, are designed of brick-work, and the continuations, common box drains, two feet square.

The natural outfalls for drainage, available at least expense, are the on ravine Le Breton's Flat, the Rideau Canal, the By-Wash and Rideau River.

A drain through Duke street empties into the ravine above Pooley's bridge, on private property, and the proprietor, Mr. Perkins, says he will not allow any more drains to be opened into it, as the discharge of stagnant water is sure to become an unsupportable nuisance. It will be necessary to procure, by negotiation or otherwise, an outfall through this ravine to low water mark on the Ottawa River.

I have estimated the cost of the drains asked for on LeBreton's Flat, on the supposition of their being opened into Duke street drain.

The general surface of the streets stand so little above the level of the Canal and Rideau, and the condition of both outfalls renders it impossible to use them as more than mere temporary make-shifts; it will easily be perceived, that the construction of a very limited number of the drains applied for could be in accordance with the system laid down; in fact only five of the whole number could only be partially built of brick.

As drainage is much more wanted in this city than macadamization, I would earnestly recommend the Committee, to bring before the Council, a plan for the construction of the *main drain* referred to, so that a portion of it might be put under contract this season; and that stringent regulations may be adopted and enforced against the discharge of water closets of cesspools into existing drains.

Taking the petitions as numbered, the description of the works to be undertaken would be as follows, viz:—

1st. A drain on Maria street should commence 300 feet west of Bank street, and pass eastward to O'Connor street, 594 feet more; total length 894 feet.

2nd. A drain on Albert street, Elgin to O'Connor street, 1122 feet.

3rd. A drain on O'Connor street, from Maria to Albert streets, 660 feet, and along Slater street, to head of drain opposite lot 26 about 924 feet. Total, 1,524 feet.

This drain would be the outfall of Maria and Albert street into the existing drain through Slater and Elgin streets, where it empties into the Canal under the skating rink.

It should be constructed as a mere temporary drain as follows:

894 feet on Maria street, box drain 1 foot square.
1122 " Albert " " " "
660 " O'Connor " " " "
924 " Slater " " 2 "

4th and 5th. A drain from junction of Ottawa and Theodore streets, down Nicholas street to Lay-By in Canal, about 1,600 feet, of which 1,000 feet should be open surface drain, 3 feet wide at top, 2 feet deep, and 1 foot at bottom, and 600 feet box drain, 1 foot square. This drain includes the one asked for in No. 5.

6th. A drain through Elgin street from Sparks street, to a point between Slater and Maria streets, where the drain now opens into lay-by; this would be 925 feet long, a brick drain 3 by 2; for details of which see section No. 1.

7th. A drain through Clarence street, for which see section No. 2, from Sussex street to By-wash on King street; length, 2,200 feet, of which 1,800 feet is to be of brick 3 by 2, and 400 ft. box drain 2 by 2.

8. A drain on St. Andrew's street from Sussex to Dalhousie street, where it opens into a drain already built of stone and cedar 4 by 2—6. For details, see section No. 3. Length of brick drain to be 1,100 feet.

9th. A drain on Bolton street from Sussex street to By-wash on King street. Length 2,405 feet, of which 1,071 feet is to be brick, remainder box drain 2 by 2. For details see section No. 4.

10. A drain on Queen street, LeBreton's Flat, from Sherwood street to Duke street, drain, say 700 feet, to be a tile drain 1 foot in diameter.

11. A drain from Broad street to head of Duke street on Oregon street, say 400 in length, tile pipe, 1 foot in diameter.

12. A drain on Bridge street, say 600 feet in length, tile pipe, 1 foot in diameter, with a side-walk same length, 6 feet wide.

13. A drain on Sherwood street from Queen to Oregon streets, 700 feet long, tile pipe, 1 foot in diameter.

14. A drain on Willrod street from Cobourg street to Cumberland street, and thence to Daly street, opening into drain from Daly through Bessesser into By-wash. Total length, 3,609 feet, all brick drain. For details see section No. 5.

The estimated cost of these works would be as follows, including excavation, averaging on the temporary works *six feet*, and on the permanent works *ten feet* deep in clay and five feet in rock.

Estimated Cost.

1 Maria street, 894 feet, box drain, @ 50 cents	$ 447 00	
2 Albert street, 1122 feet, box drain, @ 50 cts	561 00	
3 O'Connor street, 660 ft., box drain, @ 50 cts	330 00	
4 Slater street, 924 feet, box drain, @ $1 00	924 00	$ 2,262 00
5 Nicholas st., 1,000 ft., open drain, @ 10 cents	100 00	
Nicholas street, 600 ft., box drain, @ 50 cents	300 00	400 00
6 Elgin street, 925 feet, brick drain, @ $3 25	3,006 25	
7 Clarence street, 2,200 feet, brick drain, $3 49	7,685 00	
8 St. Andrew's st., 1,100 feet, brick drain, $5 46	6,006 00	
9 Bolton street, 2,405 ft., brick drain, @ $3 47	8,345 35	
14 Willrod st., 3,609 ft., brick drain, @ $3 25	11,729 25	36,771 80
10 Queen street, 700 feet, tile drain, @ $1 75	1,225 00	
11 Broad street, 400 feet, tile drain, @ $1 75	700 00	
12 Bridge street, 600 feet, tile drain, @ $1 75	1,050 00	
Sidewalk 36½ rods, @ $8 00	292 00	
13 Sherwood street, 700 feet, tile drain, @ $1 75	1,225 00	4,492 00
Total feet ... 17,859	43,925 80	43,925 80

Divided amongst the different Wards the amount would be as follows:—

Victoria Ward	$4,492 00
Wellington "	5,268 25
St. George "	12,129 25
By "	7,685 00
Ottawa "	14,351 35
	$43,925 80

I can advise no modification of these estimates in any drain where the principal part of the excavation is rock, but wherever clay or sand constitutes the whole cutting, a box drain two feet square may be substituted with advantage in the present condition of the City Finances.

Such modified estimates would be as follows, viz:

Maria, Albert, O'Connor and Slater sts., as before	$ 2,262 00
Nicholas, &c., as before	400 00
Elgin, &c., 925 feet, box drain 2 by 2, @ $1 00	925 00
Clarence, St. Andrew's and Bolton streets as before	22,036 35
Queen, Broad, Bridge and Sherwood, as before	4,492 00
Willrod street, 3609 feet, box drain, 2 by 2, @ $1.00	3,609 00
Total cost	$33,724 35

It would be a hard matter to decide which of those streets want drainage least, or which should be left out in the event of the Committee feeling restricted in the matter of outlay.

The estimates appear very large, but there is over 3½ miles of drains, and an area of 86 acres drained thereby.

Before closing this Report, I would direct the attention of the Committee to the very inefficient manner in which the side-gratings are placed on existing drains, and the impossibility of keeping them open or free from silt, as at present constructed.

Having given this matter a good deal of consideration, I am of opinion that the following plan will remedy this evil to a considerable extent: "A box should be attached to the frame supporting the grating of such length as to reach within two feet of the bottom of the drain; the bottom of the box and the sides should be pierced with ½ inch augur holes, at intervals of ten inches for about four feet high; it should be filled to near that level with broken stones and coarse clean gravel, and would thus act as a filter, preventing sand or any other substance from passing into the drain. As fast as the silt accumulated above, it could be removed by the simple process of lifting up the grating, and throwing it out with a shovel, while the stone and gravel, if mixed with charcoal, would make a very effective stench trap, and prevent the diffusion of deleterious gases through the grating."

I have to request the Committee will ask the Council for permission to lay down, in some of the most frequented thoroughfares, the following description of pavement, say two rods or 33 feet in length of each, viz:—

1. Nepean sandstone, 4 thick, set in sand.
2. " " " " and cement.
3. Concrete formed of Hull cement and gravel, 2 thick.
5. Plank laid on concrete formed of gas tar and sand, and covered 1 thick with same material.
6. Pavement-boulders set in sand 2½ in diameter.
7. Gravel with curbstones.
8. Ordinary platform—sleepers laid on two inch broken stones, filled to level of plank with concrete—plank tarred and sanded to depth of one inch.
9. Hard brick set in cement.
10. " " sand.

The whole to be laid experimentally, and which ever was cheapest and best, adopted.

All which is respectfully submitted,
GEORGE H. PERRY,
Civil Engineer.

P. S.—I would recommend the passing of a By-law by which the Corporation would be empowered to put in a 6 inch tile pipe, to every lot from drain, and levy the amount therefor on each lot.
G. H. P.

COMMERCIAL

STATEMENT OF LUMBER

Passed through the Chaudiere Slides of the Ottawa at Ottawa, for the week ending July 2, 1866:

	Pcs.		Pcs.
White Pine	9,724	Elm	0
Red Pine	2,062	Ash	0
Tamarac	31	Birch	0
Basswood	0	Spars	210
Oak	0	Maple	0

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 3.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50 @ 9 00
Extra	8 00 @ 8 50
Fancy	7 50 @ 8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 75 @ 6 80
Bag Flour	3 65 @ 3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 75 @ 6 90
No 1 Western	6 40 @ 6 75
No. 2 "	6 30 @ 6 50
Canada Wheat	1 45 @ 1 50
Western "	1 45 @ 1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	34 @ 35
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50 @ 55
BUTTER—Dairy	15 @ 17
Store-Packed	15 @ 16
ASHES—Pots	5 42 @ 5 47
Pearls	7 70 @ 7 90

New York Markets.

New York, July 3.

GOLD—Opened at 154 and closed at 153⅞.
COTTON—Quiet at 36 to 38c for middling.
FLOUR—Receipts, 15,456 barrels. Sales at $6 60 @ 8 00c for super State; $7 75 @ 8 80c for extra; $6 60 @ 8 00c for super Western; 7 80 @ 10 00c for extra; $8 80 @ 10 25c for R. H. O. Canadian flour dull and drooping. Sales at $9 00 @ 10 35c for common; and $10 40 @ 13 00c for good to choice extra.
WHEAT—Receipts, 45,974 bushels. Sales at $2 26c for No. 2 Milwaukie; $2 45c for No. 1 do; $1 50c for unsound Chicago.
RYE—Quiet. Sales at $1 05 for Western; and $1 33c for State.
BARLEY—Dull.
CORN—Sales at 84 @ 86c for unsound new mixed Western; 87 @ 89c for sound do; $1 20c for prime mixed Western.
OATS—Dull at 50 @ 53c for new Western.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, *Hair Dresser*, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

The Buffalo brokers are running against each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, but the run is nothing compared with that after the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 166a

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 12, 1865.

Gentlemen,—I have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer in my family for several years, and have always found it a reliable cure for Diarrhœa and Dysentery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Travellers cannot have by them a better friend in time of sudden attack of bowel complaints.
Yours truly,
J. H. PARKS.

NOTE—It should be understood that the Pain Killer is administered internally as well as externally. 166a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of **Bristol's Sugarcoated Pills**. In districts infested with chills and fever and bilious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all bilious cases, and consider them the best family medicine we have." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular emphasis. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits, waking of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, trembling, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CARD OF THANKS.—The undersigned hereby returns his sincere thanks to the several Fire Companies, and his fellow citizens, for their praiseworthy efforts in saving the property, occupied by Mr. James Stark, Mr. Thomas Patterson, and Mr. James Peacock, on Rideau Street, from destruction by fire this morning.
GEORGE PATTERSON.
Ottawa, July 3. 168-1

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS.
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

CARD OF THANKS.—Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay tender their most sincere thanks to the different Fire and Hook & Ladder Companies; also to their numerous friends for the exertions made by them in saving their premises from destruction by fire on the morning of the 3rd inst.
Ottawa, July 4. 168-1

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

GRAND CONCERT!
A GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert,
In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in
Her Majesty's Theatre!
On Tuesday ev'g. next, July 10th.
By kind permission of Major Newdigate, the Band of the P. C. O. Rifles will be in attendance, and perform several vocal and instrumental pieces from the operas.
Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.
To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme & Son's, Hope & Co.'s, Centre Town, and at the door.
Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
N.B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.
Ottawa, July 4. 168-4d

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of John Townsend.

Notice.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of Shakspeare's sublime tragedy of Hamlet, by a crowded audience on Monday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing it for one more night.

The young, lively, and accomplished ballad singer, Miss Adela St. Clair having been again received with the most unbounded enthusiasm in her beautiful song of "The Mocking Bird," the Lessee has the pleasure of announcing it for repetition to-night.

Positively the last night of Shakspeare's Tragedy of Hamlet.

Miss Bertha Loraine, the great Spanish danseuse, in an entirely new Characteristic Dance.

Miss Florence Grosvenor in three characters.

Go and see the two entirely new Scenes, the admiration of every one.

On Wednesday Evening, July 4th,

To commence with (for the last time) Shakspeare's Sublime Tragedy of

HAMLET,

PRINCE OF DENMARK.

HAMLET BY JOHN TOWNSEND.

Supported by the whole Company.

Song—"The Mocking Bird," Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Ballad by Miss Adela St. Clair.

To conclude with

THE LADDER OF LOVE!

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 3. 167

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, City of Ottawa, 30th June, 1866.

Adams Francis	Law Miss M G (Glos.)
Andrew John	Lawler J
Atkinson Neil	Letherland Wm
Atkinson Miss S A	Lee Miss J
Austin W A	Leahey Geo
Bawden W H	Lewis W
Burnett & Bannermann	Lewis John
Baker Samuel	Little James
Bartlett George	Little Robert
Barry Henry	Logan William
Beeston G	Lucas Miss F
Besswetherick Miss H	Lyons James F
Bell John	Marshall Miss A
Beaty Jas D	Major Joseph
Beaty Mrs James	Mann O H
Bean A, Rideau St	Merritt Francis
Billings Francis	Mitchell Jas J
Birks T H	Montgomery Miss M A
Boyd Miss Ann	Montgomery D (of Toron.)
Boyd Ed Barrister	Morel F D
Brennan John (canal B)	Murphy David
Brownlee Miss Lizzie	Murray A (Druggist)
Brown James	Murphy Ed
Brown Thos	Murphy Miss Julia A
Broker Maria	Murphy Wm
Brady James	Murphy Wm H
Buckley Joseph	Munroe Wm
Burdette Miss Jane	Munroe Jas H
Burke Martin	Mulvale Jas
Cameron Miss Ellen	Mullins Bridget
Carpenter Thos	Nesbit Miss Rebecca
Carroll Jas (carpenter)	Neagle Mrs A
Campbell Mrs James	Nevill John
Caldwell & Errell	O'Brien Patrick
Childs Peter (Glos.)	O'Brien Michael
Clarke Geo W	O'Connor Jas
Cleary Thos	O'Connell John
Cleary C N	Oliver M D, S V
Correy Miss Mary P	O'Meara Miss Kate
Cox Miss M	O'Neil Mrs Edward
Collins Miss Elizabeth	O'Neil Henry
Cole Miss Florence	O'Reilly Eugene
Cozier Miss E	Park Matilda
Colville David	Patterson Wm W
Coughlin Mrs Daniel	Peterie Mrs Margt
Crookshanks Miss M	Pearson Henry
Craig Maria	Pollock Miss E
Cummings Isaac	Pratt Thos Henry
Cuthbert Mrs Ann	Pratt James
Culbert Jr, John	Richey Jas (Surveyor)
Day Alfred	Rilley Mrs Margt
Dagg Gunner Geo	Robinson Miss S
Dale William	Robertson Hugh
Dunn John	Roche Wm
Dunlop R	Rourke Michael
Edmonds John	Rose Thos
Edmonston James	Ross E Martha
Elsey Jas B	Ryan John
Erwin G	Scott J E
Evans Miss S H	Seymour M
Farr W J	Sharp John
Fitzsimmons Pat	Shiah Jane (Glos)
Fitzgerald W G	Sinclair J S
Flynn R	Smith D
Flood M	Smith R C
Flanory John	Summers Mrs Ann
Foote George	Spearman Miss Margt
Fowler John	Spear James
Fottman Wm	Spectator "Editor"
Forson Mrs Thos	Staples Miss S E
Gamble Chas (Glos.)	Staples Miss Ruth M
Gardiner Jane Ann	Steele Mandy
Gibb J	Sullivan John (Glos.)
Griffin G W D	Sweeney John (Painter)
Gordon Mrs B	Swartsgure Mark
Gough W D	Taylor Geo (Glos.)
Grennan Matthew	Taylor Mrs (Murray St)
Grier Patrick	Tobin Chas
Guerin Mrs (Milliner)	Tracy John
Hanrath Patrick	Vandusen Mrs J W
Harvey Geo	Wallace Geo R
Harris Christopher	Wheeler Matthew
Hagarty Bernard	Whelan John H
Herbert Patrick	Willard Mrs Maurice
Heenan John	Winters Joseph
Henry John	Wilson D (carpenter)
Hewston Wm (Glos.)	Young Mr J
Hirch Mrs Chas E	Young Robert
Hodgins Thos	McAuley John
Hope R F	McCabe John (Nepean)
Hodgins Mary Ann	McCann Mrs Mary (do.)
Holmes David	McCaffery Wm, York St
Hogan Matthew	McChesney Hamilton
Hogan Luke	McDermid H J
Hughes Susan	McDonald Thos
Hutton W H	McDougall J S
Hughes Noble	McDonald John
Hutchinson John	McDonald Ellen
Jackson Mrs Kate	McFall Mrs A
James James	McGar Miss Cath
Joiner Mrs Caroline	McGowan Miss E
Jordan Miss Fannie	McGregor R
Kenedy Wm (Nepean)	McGuire Thos G
Kenley Mrs Julia A	McKenzie A
Keys John	McLaren Henry
Keeler & Gaylord	McLellan Archie
Kenney Miss Lucy	McMillan John
King Richard	McTavish R R
King Geo	Initials.
Kirk Alonzo	K W
Langdon Thos	F J L

G P. BAKER, Postmaster.

167-3

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in a pleasant locality within five minutes walk of the Parliament... at this office.

Ottawa... 100-tf

FRESH SALMON.

FRESH SALMON, THE PRODUCE OF the Moisie Fisheries, for sale by the undersigned, packed in ice in boxes of from one to ten fish each, as purchasers may desire.

Orders by letter or telegraph or through Express Agents, will receive immediate attention.

A. FRASER & CO.

Moisie Fisheries Office, Quebec, 14th June, 1866. 154-c

MASONIC APRONS!

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

MASONIC JEWELS, CLOTHING, FURNITURE, BANNERS, DECORATIONS, &c., made to order.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, June 20. 1-y

LECTURES on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2-30 p. m., and 7 in the evening.

July 3. 167-tf

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of Building Lot

IN CENTRE TOWN.

H. McLEAN, ESQ., HAS RECEIVED instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church, to sell, by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m., (on the ground), tha very valuable Building Lot, 66 by 99 feet, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Parliament Buildings. As a desirable site, it is only necessary to say that it is decidedly the best for business or commercial purposes now in the market, and parties desirous of purchasing would do well to give it due consideration.

Terms liberal, and made known at time of sale.

Ottawa, June 30. 165-td

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,

BUTTER CROCKS,

(Of all sizes.)

CREAM CROCKS,

CAKE POTS,

MILK PANS,

And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,

Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,

Doeskins,

Cottons,

Table Linen,

Readymade Clothing,

Satchel's Cutlery,

&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE.

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES.

Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME. 155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO.

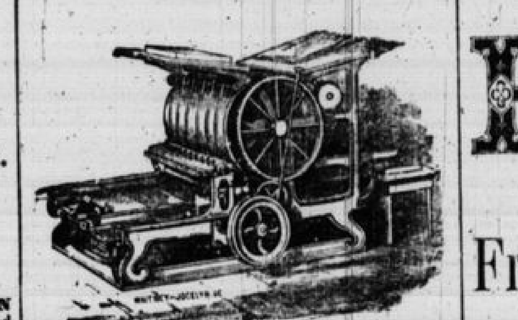
ALEXR. DUFF.

OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-t

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

12y

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jel1-148d

CHEAP SALE.

CARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

—BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO., Agents for Manufacturers, 34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE, Agent Ottawa, No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE.

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE, Ottawa, Agent, Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May ... 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,

Cassimeres, Venetians,

Bedford Cords,

Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,

Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,

Ties, Scarfs.

Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INFORM his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,

FANCY,

WINE,

CHEESE,

CABIN,

WATER,

SUGAR, and

CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY,

311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,

Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtland.

June 29. 164

A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,

CIGAR HOLDERS,

TOBACCO POUCHES,

PORTEMONNAIES,

CIGAR CASES,

CANES,

PIPE STEMS,

MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean, (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. The title is perfect, and immediate possession can be given. For terms and other particulars, apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,

Or E. M. HOPKINS, ESQ., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 5. 143-d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY, Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-133-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,

Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c., Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH, Administrator.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street.

166tf

TO BAKERS.—WANTED AT THE Gatineau Mills, a first-class BAKER. Apply there or to Messrs. ... Ottawa.

Gatineau Mills, 27th June, 1866.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.

G. P. BAKER, Post Office.

161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experie[nced] in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada.)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 43 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,

ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand. Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate,

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

~~For Sale at a Bargain,~~

~~2 SAW MILLS, 1 FLOUR MILL, EXTENSIVE Timber Limits, Wood Planing and other Machines; [illegible] Land, Dwellings Stores, Wharves, &c., &c.~~

~~APPLY TO [illegible]~~

~~Ottawa, March 20 1866.~~

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front of Nepean.

Also Pew No 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the REV. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1.—Vessels to make Quarantine.

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—Supplementary Inspection.

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—Establishment.

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Inspection and Superintendence.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, on did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge, and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—Vessels proceeding to Quebec.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in-charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, via:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superindent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE.
C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.

I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port, Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:

CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE $34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons, ...Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons, ...Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons, ...Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons, ...Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the *Minister* of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free*, as well as dutiabl Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BRLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

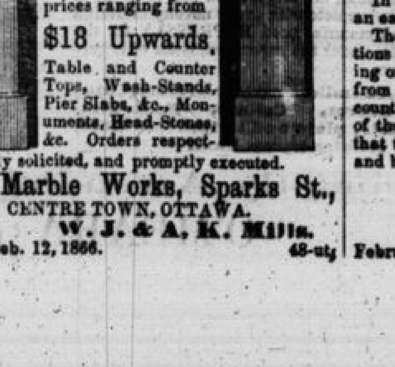
Groceries & Liquors.

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,
CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.
W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-uts

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER,
Atty.-Gen.

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed: AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health; and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be sooner revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act; Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horns, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE.
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining House-keeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

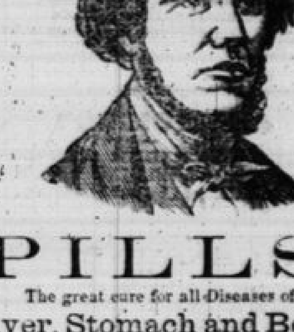
It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer,

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites

&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

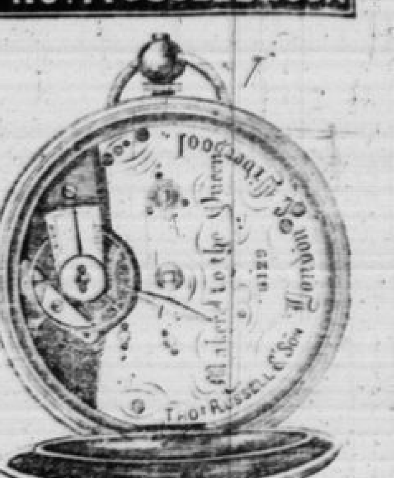
Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THOS. RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN.

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON.
London and Liverpool.

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, presenting at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Barili,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is rand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verisimilitude, that crowing excellence which enables the pianist to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 6.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs' Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument that has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO A. PRINCE & CO.'
PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years.
No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINING full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO. When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P.S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO
Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

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THE
"OTTAWA TIMES,"
PUBLISHED
EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays Excepted,)
BY GEORGE COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

☞ OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street. ☜

Terms of Subscription:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

"THE WEEKLY TIMES."

A Weekly Edition of the TIMES will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

☞ The Weekly will contain a large amount of Political and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. ...'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: ... Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the ... employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit ... for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
...S. COLMAN. W. McKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. Office: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goodie's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square.
Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 6, 1866. 11-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER. Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
GENERAL Commission Agent, 3 Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. ☞ Agent for Royal Mail Line Steamers, Great Western Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad, &c.
Ottawa, May 11. 123-tf

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, [illegible], 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
Late of Hamilton's Saloon.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
FIELD AND GARDEN
SEEDS!
ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF
FLOWER SEEDS!
PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, ...1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
☞ ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at........ 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond........ 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at........ 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included)........$2.50
Steerage........1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company. 1866.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:
Ann Sisson, Capt. Bockus.
Oregon, " Findlay.
Calumet, " Blondin.
Pontiac, " Duggan.
Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital," Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!
PLUNGE BATHS, TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS, THREE SIZES
SITZ BATHS, TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS, THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS, ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
☞ Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a
WATER COOLER!
Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.
BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our
COOLERS!
being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and
TUB BATHS.
Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen.
A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c.
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in 1844.*]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,........................
ONTARIO,........................Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,........................Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,........................— DEWITT,
EMPRESS,........................Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
☞ Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
[Ott]awa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT.
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found there.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 19 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-b

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of
SATCHEL BROS.
Apl9-104-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Acknowledgment—Louis A. Grison.
To Lease—Wm. Clegg, Sr.
Lodgings to be Let—Mrs. Toomey.
Card of Thanks.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000!** and Weekly over **4,000!** making a total circulation in the week of over **18,000!** thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(*Published every Friday morning.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line ... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line ... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 5, 1866.

We publish elsewhere an interesting account of the Upper Ottawa Parliamentary Excursion.

We have to state in satisfaction to the parties concerned, that a letter from a correspondent styling himself "Arnprior" appeared in Tuesday's issue of the TIMES, with the sentiments of which we by no means agree, and its publication is only to be accounted for by the absence from town at the time, of the responsible conductor of this journal, and the letter fell into the hands of the printer by inadvertance.

The resolutions forming the basis of the Local Constitutions of Upper and Lower Canada, under the British American Confederation, to be submitted to the action of the House this evening, and which we published yesterday morning, bear the impress of thorough and mature consideration on the part of the government, and, though doubtless they will undergo a severe and searching criticism are well calculated to command the favor of the House and the approval of the country. Numbers one and two recite the authority under which the Lieutenant Governors of each Province shall administer the local government—the limit being similar as well with regard to conditions and duration of office, as to the mode of administration which has prevailed in United Canada—"according to the well understood principles of the British Constitution." The third resolution provides for the Great Seal of each Province. The fourth and fifth give to Lower Canada two Legislative Chambers and to Upper Canada one—a disparity which will doubtless be the subject of much comment, but which is susceptible of very satisfactory explanation, when the difference in circumstances and position of the two Provinces is taken into account. Nos. 7, 8, 9, and 10 relate to the constitution of the two Chambers in Lower Canada, imposing the restriction of a three-fourths majority to the carrying of any alteration in the number of representatatives, or the limits of the electorial divisions. No. 12 defines the composition of the Upper Canada Legislative Assembly, which is to consist of eighty two members, with identical limits of constituencies for both local and general Parliaments. The three remaining resolutions provide for the continuance of all laws in force at the time of the proclamation setting apart the Provinces; four years duration of the local Parliaments, and a session at least once a year.

It cannot fail to be noticed with how much fidelity Ministers have adhered to all the provisions of our present constitution with which the genius of our people, both east and west, so thoroughly harmonize. In the resolutions sketched above, is preserved the elasticity of action, and directness of popular control, for which the British Constitution and Responsible Government have been so highly prized by the people of Canada, and the subordination into which the Local Governments is necessarily brought towards the Confederate Government, if respected as it ought to be by both parties, will be but a small price to pay for a perpetual deliverance from the sectional jarring and sectarian strife which, in former years, marred the peaceful working of the Union, and paralysed the action of the Executive.

The striking difference between Upper and Lower Canada, in the composition of their Legislative machinery, will, as we have said, attract much attention, but the circumstances of each being fairly considered, the conclusion that they will both be better served under the plans proposed, than by uniform Constitutions, will not be hard to arrive at. If Lower Canada desires to preserve an exact copy of the constitution of United Canada before that was changed by the abolition of the clause requiring a two thirds vote in certain cases, and by the substitution of the elective, for the Crown-appointed Upper Chamber, surely the people of Upper Canada can have no rational objection to their choice, nor should they ask even for an argument to convince them of its propriety. On the other hand, in Upper Canada, the return to a Crown appointed Legislative Council, as a local institution, would undoubtedly be unpopular with the great majority of the people, and looked upon like the Legislative Council of United Canada before the abolition of Crown-appointments, as a worthless and costly incumbrance; while a local elective Upper Chamber would needlessly multiply the occasions for the exercise of the franchise, and give the people no better guarantee for sound legislation than they have at the hands of a single Chamber, working in a subordinate position, within defined limits, and subject to the superior authority of the general Government.

The Municipal system so universally carried out in Upper Canada on the one side, and the great questions of general interest which will be administered by the Confederate Government, on the other, will leave for the action of the Local Legislature in that section a comparatively circumscribed field, in which danger from hasty legislation at the hands of one Chamber need scarcely be apprehended; whereas in Lower Canada it may justly be pleaded that the comparatively partial application of the Municipal system, and the diversity of interests affected by the working of what may be styled its peculiar local institutions, will impose a greater variety and amount of legislative action, and consequently justify the maintenance of an Upper House on the old Conservative Crown appointed basis. The check to hasty legislation which has been the very general argument in favor of the existence of a second Chamber has never been, to our way of thinking, the best that could have been urged under our present form of Government; for though in this respect the Upper Chamber may have been, and no doubt is exceedingly valuable to the country, yet the amount of "hasty legislation" actually perpetrated, proves that in so far as its being a "check" goes, it has been very inefficient. But the Upper Chamber to United Canada has become an almost absolute necessity from the great mass of business which is annually thrust upon the hands of the Legislature, and which no single Chamber, with a due regard to those time honored Parliamentary forms—which are the real "checks"—could possibly discharge with satisfaction, within the ordinary limits of a session of Parliament.

So it will be in the Confederate Parliament, the amount of business to be done there imperatively requires the existence of two Chambers; but with the local government of Upper Canada the case appears to us to be quite different, an Upper Chamber there is neither a necessity, nor would it be an ornament very pleasing to the people; and while we can see many reasons to justify, or at all events excuse its existence in the Local Legislature of Lower Canada, we would wish rather to see the people of that section endeavoring to dispense with it than to see those of the West seeking to engraft it on their own Local Constitution.

THE UPPER OTTAWA PARLIAMENTARY EXCURSION.

For many years the construction of a ship canal along the Ottawa River and navigable lakes connected therewith through to Lake Huron, has occupied the attention of not a few of the leading men of Canada. Late events have rendered it more than usually desirable that that great British North American Work should be undertaken as soon as practicable. To enable the representatives of the people of Canada to obtain somewhat more practical information than hearsay, Messrs. Currier, Wright, and Poupore; along with other prominent gentlemen of this section, proposed that members of the Legislature should make an excursion up the Ottawa as far as steam navigation at present extends. In accordance with this proposition a party numbering about 90, including a number of ladies, left this city, shortly after six o'clock on Friday morning last, in carriages provided by the committee of management to convey them as far as Aylmer, where they arrived at 8 o'clock. Captain Chamberlain's Infantry Company turned out and formed a guard of honor, and with their Highland piper accompanied the excursionists as far as the Chats, adding considerably to the pleasure of the trip. Sutherland's excellent String and Brass Band were secured by the committee, and accompanied the party all along the route, cheering with their harmonious strains the multitudes who were in waiting at every wharf, and putting "life and mettle" in the heels of the excursionists themselves. Dancing began soon after the party left Aylmer, on the steamer *Ann Sisson*, Captain Bockus, who had everything "taut and trim." Breakfast was served at nine o'clock, and was much relished by those who left Ottawa so early. The forenoon was tempered with a cool, refreshing breeze, and dancing was kept up with great spirit. The following are the members of the Legislature who were of the party:—Hons. Alexander, Armand, Hamilton; Messrs. Currier, Poupore, Wright, McKellar, Dufresne, (Iberville) Dufresne, (Montcalm) Robitaille, Taschereau, Blanchet, Jackson, Ferguson, (Frontenac) Remilliard, Dorion, (Arthabaska) Lebreche Viger, Fortier, Gagnon, O'Halloran, McMonies, Tremblay, Wilson, Geoffrion, Wallbridge, Bown, McFarlane, Houde, Pouliot, Street, Walsh, M. C. Cameron. From Ottawa were Messrs. Perry, Sparks McGreevey, Slater, Patterson, Caraiere, Aumond, jr., Lyons, Noel, Cassels, Howland, Wade, W. Graham, Lt.-Col. Wily, Mr. Taylor, Clerk Executive Council, Mr. Parent, Assistant Secretary East, Mr. Russell, Assistant Com. Crown Lands, Mr. Russell, Crown Timber Agent, Mr. Russell, jr., Mr. Collins, Mr. Dufort, and Mr. Sicotte, Sheriff Corbett, of Kingston, Col. Wilson, of Norfolk county, Col. Dennison, and Mr. Reed, of Toronto, also joined the party. From Aylmer there were Mayor Conroy, Sheriff Coulter, Deputy Clerk of the Crown Driscoll, Mr. Aylen, advocate, and Mr. Thistle, civil engineer.

The arrangements of the managing committee were excellent throughout. Messrs. Cassells and Thistle, two of the managing directors of the Upper Ottawa Union Company, together with Mr. Perry and Mr. G. B. Nash, manager, calculated the various requirements of the company with great care, forethought and precision, even to a staff of waiters from Ottawa, whose services, under the supervision of Mr. W. Atley, were highly appreciated. After leaving the steamer *Ann Sisson*, and Lake du Chene, the party spent some time in examining the Chats Canal, about three-fourths completed by Mr. A. P. McDonald, in 1857.—The Pontiac Mills, erected on Chats Falls by the late John Egan, were also visited and much admired, as also were the falls on which they are situate. Those mills only require the construction of the Ottawa Canal to make them the most valuable on the river.

The portage between Lake du Chene and the Chats was crossed on a substantially constructed horse railway, which, with its depots, &c., cost the Company $45,000. As soon as the party arrived at Chats Lake, they embarked on the steamer *Oregon*, Capt. Findlay, and were conveyed to Arnprior, where a large assemblage were awaiting their arrival. Carriages were also provided to bring them to points of interest around the village. Those were principally the splendid mills belonging to Mr. McLaughlin, which were universally admired; the Madawaska river, with its slides and heavy timber and saw logs, and the magnificent scenery around the village. Luncheon was provided by the people of Arnprior, and was pronounced just the very best that could be got up on such short notice. The Arnprior brass band supplied music. A number of toasts were proposed and responded to in the most enthusiastic manner. To "The members of both Houses of Parliament," Hon. Mr. Alexander and Mr. MacFarlane responded in excellent speeches. Mr. Poupore explained and regretted that Mr. McIntyre's illness did not allow that gentleman to be present on the occasion. After visiting the beautiful mansion and grounds of Mr. McLaughlin, the party returned to the steamer, accompanied by Messrs. Harvey, Harrington, McLaughlin and others. At Sand Point, a few miles farther up, Messrs. Rogers, Foundrinier and Young, came on board. Dancing was again resumed, the party reaching Portage-du-Fort at six o'clock, where they were received at the wharf by over one thousand people. Messrs. Wright, Poupore, Dorion, Hamilton and M. C. Cameron, addressed them at considerable length. The village is handsomely situated and was decorated with evergreens. A handsome arch of evergreens with "Welcome" worked thereon, decorated the landing place. The people were as kind and hospitable as they possibly could be to the guests, who were billeted among them. A ball and concert in the evening concluded the proceedings of Friday.

Saturday morning, after breakfast the party again started by land for Havelock, nine miles distance, at the foot of Lake Colonge. The road is good, and after leaving the river some distance, there are some good farms, the crops both of grain and grass look well. More speeches at Havelock, and the party embark on the steamer *Calumet*, Captain Blondin. A great quantity of timber was rafted at this place, in fact the river all along was dotted with rafts, and the sturdy raftsmen were not slow in cheering as we passed. At the Calumet all the people on the Island assembled at church in honor of the party, and as the steamer hove in sight, a huge bonfire was lighted. Along the route guns were fired, handkerchiefs waved and cheers given, and returned. Paquett Rapids were strong—they tried the strength of the steamer's horse power, but were conquered. Finally the party arrived at the head of the "reach" and walked across the corner of a small Island, and took the steamer *Pontiac*, Capt. Duggan, which steamer conveyed us to Pembroke, when we were again received by an immense crowd—more cheers and speeches and we are biletted for the night. Pembroke is a beautiful and thriving town, and the good people were fully as hospitable as those of Portage-du-fort. The public buildings lately finished, built of a whitish sandstone, quarried near the town, were much admired by the visitors, and so were the extensive mansion and elegant grounds of Mr. Supple. Several arches of evergreens were erected, having suitable mottoes. Supper, and another dance by some of the young folks concluded the business of Saturday. A few of the party remained on board the steamer; and it may be said here as well as anywhere else, that the Captain and officers on each of those steamers are the most gentlemanly men to be found any where. This was the general remark. It also delighted a great many to meet an old friend and familiar face away up among the wilds of the Ottawa—"Jamie" formerly of the Russell House here, who now dispenses creature comforts on board the *Pontiac*. The steamers themselves are first class, and so were the meals served up on them by clean cooks and tidy waiters. The *Pontiac* is 160 feet long, 135 horse power, cost $22,000. The *Calumet* 60 horse power, cost $16,000. The *Oregon* (iron steamer) 75 horse power, cost $18,000. The *Ann Sisson* 135 horse power, cost $22,000. The Company have also on the line 3 tow boats. The *Emerald* cost $18,000; *Snowbird* $8,000 and the *Pembroke* $8,000. Notwithstanding the large amount of capital invested, the stock pays well. It is anticipated that another steamer, now building at Sand Point, by the Brockville & Ottawa Railroad Company, will be incorporated with the Union Line.

But the Sunday voyage to Des Joachim Rapids had yet to be made. Although the good people of Pembroke protested against Sunday travel, and the Episcopal minister sent his protest to the Committee, the *Pontiac* quietly slipped her moorings, and with but few exceptions, the party proceeded on one of the most delightful trips which could be imagined. The scenery of the Deep Cut, as that portion of the river is called, is a combination of the Thousand Islands of the St. Lawrence and the Saguenay. On our way up, Fort William, a post of the Hudson's Bay Company, was passed. The factor, Mr. Watt, came on board and accompanied the party to Des Joachim. Some idea of the extent of business done at the post may be gathered from the fact that furs worth $50,000 has been shipped from there in one consignment, and now 260 packages of beaver, mink and other skins in store is valued at $22,000. After examining the slides at the rapids, the party returned quietly to Pembroke, and took up their respective billets.

Monday morning, at 4 o'clock, the band, with fife and drum, made a tour of the town to arouse the sleepers. At six the excursionists bade farewell to Pembroke, *pro. tem.*, homeward bound. The various portages, reaches, stage coaches, and horse railways were passed safely. Before arriving at Aylmer, a meeting of the excursionists was held in the dining saloon of the *Ann Sisson*. Hon. Mr. Alexander was unanimously called to the chair, and B. Chamberlin, Esq., appointed Secretary, when the following resolutions were put to the meeting and duly carried;

Moved by M. C. Cameron, Esq., M. P. P., seconded by Joseph Dufresne, Esq., M. P. P., and resolved,

"That we, the excursionists to the Upper Ottawa, desire to offer our thanks to J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P. P., Chairman, and the other members of the Committee of invitations and arrangements for the kindness which prompted them to organize an excursion so full of interest, and scenery of wonderful grandeur and beauty, and for the unwearied attention manifested by them which has been rewarded by the entire success of the trip."

Moved by Mr. T. D. Street, Esq., M. P. P., seconded by Theodore Robitaille, Esq., M. P. P., and resolved,

"That we also desire to express our gratitude to Mr. Cassels, the President, and Mr. Nash, the manager of the Union forwarding company, to Captain Bockus, of the steamer *Ann Sisson*, Captain Finlay, of the steamer *Oregon*, Captain Blondin, of the steamer *Calumet*, and Captain Duggan, of the steamer *Pontiac*, and the employees of the Company generally for their care and untiring exertions to promote our comfort and safety during the excursion."

Moved by J. B. E. Dorion, Esq., M. P. P., seconded by Robert McFarlane, Esq, M. P. P., and resolved,

"That our thanks are also in a special manner due to the people of Arnprior, Portage du-Fort and Pembroke, for the great kindness and cordiality of our reception at those places, and the unbounded hospitality with which they entertained us, as well as the inhabitants of the shores of the river generally, for the cordial greeting everywhere extended to us."

Moved by H. E. Taschereau, Esq., M. P. P., seconded by A. McKellar, Esq., M. P. P., and resolved,

"That after learning from actual observation the extent of these navigable reaches of the Ottawa river, and gathering further information concerning the greatness of the resources of the Ottawa valley, we venture to express a hope that the time is not distant when the revenues of the country will permit the necessary expenditure to be made to open up Ottawa navigation continuously from its mouth to Lake Huron, alike as an efficient means of defence and as furnishing another important outlet to the ocean for the trade of the great west."

On behalf of the committee of management Mr. Wright responded in an appropriate manner, and Mr. Nash followed on behalf of the Union Forwarding Company. The health of the ladies was then proposed and honored in a parting bumper.

Aylmer was reached at 8 o'clock, when the party took carriages for Ottawa, reaching the city between ten and midnight, concluding the journey of 150 miles of the Ottawa, where the projected canal is to be built.

On the whole canal from Montreal, the total lockage is calculated to be 602 feet upwards to Lake Nippissing, and 60 feet downwards to Lake Huron, total 662 feet, or 66 locks of 10 feet lift each. The size of these locks are designed to be 250 feet in length, 50 feet wide, with 12 feet water on the sills, admitting vessels of 242 feet in length, 48 feet beam, drawing 11 feet of water, and carrying 1,000 tons of freight. The average depth of the open reaches would be four fathoms, and little or no shoals exist. The cost of the work is stated at $25,000,000. The effects of its construction would be the settlement of a country containing over 20,000,000 acres of arable land, furnishing the most ample supply of white pine. It would provide a second market for the lumber trade, and open up a highway to the seaboard for the Western and North Western States, shorter by six hundred miles than the Erie Canal, and by over 500 than the St. Lawrence. It would thus enable the British manufacturer and artizan to obtain flour 25 per cent cheaper than at present, and open a profitable field for the employment of the surplus population of Great Britain. It would give an impetus to our manufacturing interests, because a change of cargo would be effected at some point on the Ottawa, where the grain would be manufactured into flour, and where the vessel on her return voyage, could take back a cargo of boards and plank. In fine it would bring a fair share of the great carrying trade of the West through the Ottawa Ship Canal. The object the promoters of the excursion arrived at, was fully attained by the expressions of satisfaction and delight of all, and the concurrence of the members of the Legislature present, in the desirability of the construction of the Ottawa Ship Canal.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, July 4th, 1866.

The SPEAKER, pursuant to the terms of adjournment took the chair at half past seven o'clock p. m.

A number of petitions were presented, a large proportion being for the renewal of an expired charter for a railway from Toronto to Owen Sound presented by Hon. Mr. Dickson.

Private Bills.

Hon Sir N. F. BELLEAU moved that the time for the reception of petitions relating to Private Bills be extended to the 15th inst.

First Reading.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU introduced a bill to facilitate measures for the repression of the vice of intemperance in Lower Canada.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, July 4th.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

The House sat with closed doors for half an hour.

When the galleries were opened a large number of petitions were presented.

Mr. McKENZIE introduced the bills to authorize two Oil Companies to hold and convey certain lands.

Mr. DUFRESNE, (Montcalm) introduced a bill relating to water courses in Lower Canada.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON introduced a bill to erect the County of Peel into a separate County.

Mr. CURRIER introduced a bill to incorporate the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, also an act to confer upon Ottawa College the power to grant University degrees.

A large number of private and local bills were introduced and read a first time.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON asked whether it was the intention of the Government to take early proceedings for the trial of the prisoners lately taken in arms invading the Province, by court martial?

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that it was the intention of the Government to bring the prisoners to trial at an early day, before a competent tribunal.

Mr. DUFRESNE, (Iberville) asked whether Didaci Tasse, Esq., who was dismissed from the office of Collector of Inland Revenue, for the District of Iberville, coroner of the said District, and Clerk of the Court of the County of Iberville, after an inquiry into his conduct, which showed him to have been guilty of fraud against the Government, had lately been appointed a Justice of the Peace?

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said the reasons which disqualified Mr. Tasse as a collector of Inland Revenue would not disqualify him as a Justice of the Peace, and it was necessary that a loyal man should be appointed to that office.

Mr. J. B. E. DORION moved his resolutions of which previous notice had been given in favor of colonization and a Homestead Law.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the principle of the motion was at variance with the relations existing between debtor and creditor in this and every other civilized country. The very debts the settler had incurred with the merchant or others might have been the means that enabled him to clear his land, and it was contrary to the principles of justice that he should be placed in a position to defy his creditors. The resolutions of the Hon. Member he thought were extremely revolutionary in their tendency and ought not to be entertained.

Mr. DUFRESNE (Montcalm) opposed the resolution as the settler's credit was based upon his property.

Hon. G. BROWN considered that the Attorney General held views against the Homestead Law altogether too strong. The Homestead Law as applied in the United States was that a certain amount of the labor and capital of the poor man should be placed beyond the risk of ordinary daily speculation, and this was very far from being dishonest. He considered that this was a very important question that would force itself upon the attention of the country, as the system now in force in the Western States was considered by many as draining this country of a large amount of its population. He asked the hon. member for Drummond and Arthabaska to withdraw his resolutions, as no practical good could flow from pressing them now. He (Mr. B.) believed the intention of the government to be to pass the requisite measures to give effect to confederation, and adjourn as soon as possible, and after that time this question could be dealt with in a proper manner.

Mr. McKENZIE quite concurred in the remarks of the Attorney-General West. He had seen the working of the Homestead Law in the Western States, and he believed it was no advantage to the honest man, but quite the contrary. For his (Mr. McK's.) part he was fully prepared to oppose the resolution and the principle of a Homestead Law, being satisfied that the law, as it is in Canada, is far more advantageous to the country.

Mr. DUNKIN would like to see a well considered measure, whereby a certain amount of real estate, being free from debt or incumbrance might be set apart for maintenance, but to pass a Homestead Law in favor of a man that has nothing, merely means that when he settles on his land he shall have no credit because he can give no security.

Mr. J.B.E. DORION addressed the House in French in favor of a Homestead Law.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER contended that, by the present state of the law, any one having property free from debt might devise or give it away, attaching to it such conditions as would protect it from seizure. He then explained the great difficulties against which the early settlers in Lower Canada had to contend, and the burthens they had to bear before the abolition of the Seignorial Tenure, with the many advantages they now enjoyed. He next contrasted the Lower Canadian public lands with those of the State of Maine, the latter being higher in price than the former, while as to free grants in the Western States, the patent cost near as much, and even more, if all incidental expenses were to be counted. He had to pay $20 for his patent, besides going to a great deal of trouble, and it was very seldom that the original occupant became the patentee. He did not say that our system of disposing of public lands should not be improved, but he believed that even now, it was more favorable to the settler than the free grant system, as carried out in the Western States.

M. POULIOT addressed the House in French.

Mr. J. B. E. DORION spoke in English in reply to the Attorney General West. He expressed his astonishment at the language used on this occasion by that hon. member, who last year had himself assisted in carrying a bill whereby a man through the means of an assurance policy on his life might deprive his creditors of thousands of pounds for the benefit of his family. He could not therefore express his astonishment at the language used now on the proposal to protect the poor man's family. As to the remarks of the Attorney General East, he knew little about the American Homestead Law. The patent under that law cost but ten dollars and there were no other charges to pay. He (Mr. Dorion,) did not see why he should wait until Confederation is carried before bringing up this question. It would have a good effect on the country to bring the question before it.

The members were then called, and the House divided, when the motion was lost. Yeas—26. Nays—78.

Hon. A. A. DORION moved an address, stating that the vacancies in the offices of the Collector of Customs for Montreal, Chief Justice of the Superior Court of Lower Canada, and Sheriff of the District of Quebec, were injurious to the public service, and praying His Excellency to fill the same. He said the Collectorship of Montreal had been vacant now for fourteen months, and he should like very much to know the reason why it had not been filled. The Chief Justiceship of Lower Canada had also been vacant, and though the public had been informed that it was to have been filled up, yet no appointment had been made. The third office, concerning the delay in filling which he desired information, was that of Sheriff of the District of Quebec, now vacant for about two months.

Hon. A. T. GALT said that the circumstances stated by the mover of the address shewed that the public service had not suffered by the vacancy in the Montreal Collectorship; nevertheless it was the intention to make the appointment at an early day.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said that with regard to the Chief Justiceship of Lower Canada, the Government lost no time in coming to the conclusion to offer the office to the Honorable Judge Black. The correspondence took some time, and he regretted to say that that hon. judge had declined to accept it. The Government then considered who should be appointed, and concluded to recommend the Hon. Judge Meredith to His Excellency. He was happy to say that Judge Meredith had consented to accept, but begged a little delay on account of unfinished political business. He (Mr. Cartier) now begged to announce that Judge Meredith's appointment as Chief Justice of Lower Canada would be made in a few days. With regard to the vacancy in the Sheriff's office in the District of Quebec, he stated that by the law the Deputy was acting Sheriff until a principal was appointed. The appointment, would soon be made but he did not consider himself bound to state further the particulars concerning it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the explanations of the Attorney-General regarding the Chief Justiceship would he felt sure be accepted as satisfactory, and even with regard to the Sheriff of Quebec the delay had not been unreasonably long, but he wished he had given a full explanation of the reasons which have induced the government to delay for more than a year in filling up the vacant Collectorship of Montreal, an explanation which the hon. Minister of Finance had failed to give.

Hon. Mr. GALT replied stating that the argument of the hon. gentleman had entirely failed to prove that the public interest had suffered by the delay in the appointment which, however he repeated would be made in a short time.

Hon. GEO. BROWN said, while it was proper that interest should be taken in the vacant offices in Lower Canada, he would beg to call attention to the large number of vacancies in Upper Canada. There were those of the counties of Renfrew and Bruce, besides the Registrarship of Huron, and he thought the Government had exposed itself to the reproach of causing needless delay in filling up these offices.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied. The vacancy in the Registrarship of Huron had been vacant but a very short time, and would be filled without delay. As to the county of Renfrew, the papers connected with its separation had only been completed on the 23rd of June, while those connected with Bruce were not yet completed, unless within the last two or three days. Let the members for Renfrew and Huron answer if these were not the facts. Hon. gentlemen should remember that certain conditions had to be complied with on the part of these counties before they could be set apart.

The House rose at 6 o'clock.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half past seven o'clock.

Hon. Mr. BROWN moved an address for correspondence, &c., with reference to the Fisheries in the Gulf of the St. Lawrence. The Hon. member said the subject was one of very great importance.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the papers would be brought down immediately. The motion was carried.

On motion the House received the Report of the Committee of the Whole on Mr. Somerville's resolutions respecting the inspection of Leather and Raw Hides, and a bill founded therein was introduced and read a first time.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on hon. Mr. Cameron's bill to amend the act respecting Attorneys at Law. Bill reported and ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. BELLEROSE—Bill respecting the building and repairing of Churches; passed through committee and was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON—Bill to amend the law of Crown and Criminal Procedure: Passed through committee.

Mr. McKENZIE—Bill to amend and consolidate the several acts respecting the assessment of property in Upper Canada, was read a second time and referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. McKELLAR moved the second reading of the Bill to amend and consolidate the several Acts respecting the Municipal Institutions of Upper Canada; carried, and bill referred to the committee on the Assessment Law.

Mr. BOURASSA—Bill on Weights and Measures, was read a second time, and referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Mr. GEOFFRION moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Municipal Act of Lower Canada.—Carried and referred to a Select Committee, after a long debate.

Mr. ARCHAMBEAULT moved the second reading of the bill to amend Section 9 of chap. 6 of the Consolidated Statutes of Lower Canada, respecting Tavern Keepers and the sale of intoxicating liqours.—Carried.

Mr. McKENZIE moved the second reading of the bill to regulate the means of egress from public buildings, the provision being to compel the doors of all churches, theatres and places of public assembly, to open from the inside.—Carried and referred to a Select Committee.

Mr. DeNIVERVILLE moved the second reading of the bill to amend cap. 70 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, intituled an Act respecting Joint Stock Companies for the construction of roads and certain other works.—Carried and bill referred to a Select Committee.

Col. HAULTAIN moved the second reading of the bill to continue, for a limited time, the Act entitled, "An Act to authorize the employment of military pensioners, and others, as a local police force," and for other purposes. Allowed to stand.

Col. HAULTAIN moved the second reading of the act to amend the act respecting the granting of charters of Incorporation to Manufacturing, Mining and other companies.—Carried, and referred to Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Mr. TASCHEREAU moved the second reading of the bill to amend the act to authorise the granting of charters of inorporation to Manufacturing, Mining and other companies.—Carried.

Mr. DUFRESNE (Iberville) moved the second reading of the bill relating to the expenses of sales *en justice* in Lower Canada.—Carried.

Mr. TASCHEREAU moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Lower Canada Game Laws.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Common Law Procedure Act of Upper Canada.

Mr. SCATCHERD said that one might imagine that the law of Upper Canada was in a very deplorable condition, when the hon. member for Peel had no less than five bills on the notice papers to amend it. Other members had also introduced bills on similar subjects, the total number being thirteen. He had the same objections to these bills as was urged against the assessment acts introduced last session; they should be consolidated, and as the Common Law Procedure Act of Upper Canada belonged to that section of the Province, its amendment should be deferred until after Confederation.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that the bill of the hon. member for Peel had been read a second time last Session and referred to a Committee, though it was not passed on account of the brief duration of the Session. He dissented from the proposition of the hon. member that because this measure referred exclusively to Upper Canada it should not be dealt with by this House.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD attacked the provisions of the bill, contending that the amendment sought for to give Sheriff's poundage on the amount of execution whether realised or not out of the goods or lands seized, as unjust and a most improper pampering of a class of officials who if they were not satisfied ought to resign.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON stated that the first clause to which the member for Cornwall referred had been amended at his own suggestion, and that all the provisions which he had objected were introduced by the Special Committee last session. He (Mr. C.) held in his hand the original draft of the bill which he had introduced, and it did not contain a single clause to which the member for Cornwall had taken exception.

Mr. MAGILL strongly opposed the bill, urging as an illustration of its effect, that had it been in force when Hamilton was in financial difficulty, that city would have had to pay the Sheriff $6,000, instead of $3,000 under the present state of the law.

Mr. CAMERON said the member for Hamilton was evidently not aware, that before the consolidation of the Statutes, the law allowed Sheriffs to charge poundage precisely in the same way as provided for by this bill. But in consolidating the statutes, this point had been overlooked, and it was to remedy this omission and restore to Sheriffs the same privileges they formerly enjoyed.

Hon. Mr. McKENZIE opposed the bill, contending that its effects would be to largely increase the amount of fees to be paid to Sheriffs under certain executions.

After further discussion, the Speaker decided that it was not competent for the House to deal with the 5th session—that relating to Sheriffs; it was consequently struck off the bill a second time.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON moved the second reading of the bill to amend the law relating to crown debtors in Upper Canada.—Carried after debate, and the House adjourned at ten minutes to twelve o'clock.

LOCAL NEWS.

OTTAWA CADET PIC-NIC—The pic-nic of the Ottawa Cadet Corps under the direction of the Revd. T. D. Phillips, was unavoidably put off. It will take place this afternoon, weather permitting. The Governor General will inspect the corps at half past three o'clock. Games to commence at four o'clock.

FOURTH OF JULY.—Yesterday being the "great and glorious" Fourth of July, we have no telegrams from our American Cousins. They devoted the entire day in celebrating this, to them, all important event, burned an immense quantity of powder, and as they have a right, enjoyed themselves to the full letter of the law.

FIRE IN LOCHABER.—We regret to learn that the residence of Wm. Abbott, Esq., of Lochaber, was destroyed by fire on Sunday night last, together with its contents—including all the family clothing, &c. Mr. Abbott has $650 insurance effected in the Beaver Montreal, but his loss exceeds that amount, largely.

HONEST BAKERS.—We have much pleasure in stating, that in these times of dear flour, the morality of our bakers is of the highest type. Mr. Chief Langrell yesterday, sent Sergeant Davis with a constable, to visit the City Bakeries for the purpose of weighing their bread, and the report is, that there is no bread in the city of light weight!

CORRECTION.—Mr. Dey, a gentleman with whom we are utterly unacquainted, has called upon us, and requests us to state that he was the party who had the watch in his possession, mentioned in our notice yesterday, and who gave it up to Capt. Graham, and further, that he never had any intention to keep the watch—and for the purpose of showing that he had no dishonest motive in the matter, he gave the Sergeant his name and residence as a guarantee.

ARRIVAL OF NO. 1. COMPANY.—This company of Volunteers arrived here last evening, and took their friends by surprise, for by the many, their arrival was unexpected. Pity it was not known to some of our bands, for we are sure if it had been, their march from the cars would have been accompanied by music. On their arrival at Hamilton's Hotel, they were taken in and treated by Captain Scale, then marched as far as opposite the Russell House and dismissed, to make home glad again by their presence.

THE RECENT FIRE.—Yesterday we saw the goods of Mrs. McComb, which were saved from the fire,—a large and confused mass of fancy goods, the greater part of which is entirely valueless. She is insured in the Liverpool and London for $1,000, in the Imperial for $1,000, and, in the Western for $2,000. Her loss above the insurance is estimated at $5,000. Wm. and Geo. McComb say they lost $2,000 by the fire, and are insured for $800, in the Western, England. They have removed the wreck of their effects to York street, next to the office of *Le Canada*.

PERSONAL.—We understand that Ogle R. Gowan, Esq., Ex-Grand Master of the Orange Grand Lodge, and Founder of the Orange Institution in British North America, has been appointed, by the joint Resolution of the Central and Western Grand Lodges, to attend a general convention of Delegates and representatives of the Orange Institution from all parts of the British possessions, to be assembled in Belfast, Ireland, on the 20th inst. We congratulate the Orangemen, on their judicious selection, for in Mr. Gowan, they have both an honorable and able representative, and we have no doubt that highly beneficial results will arise from the result of his mission.

HEART RENDING ACCIDENT.—It is our painful duty again to record another death by drowning. Early yesterday forenoon, Bower Pratt, aged seven years, a very intelligent youth, son of A. Pratt, Esq., who resides near the Bay above Le Breton Flats, went with some other boys up to the Bay, and got to playing on the timber; suddenly young Pratt was missed, and the little fellows discovered his hat floating on the water; this sad intelligence was at once communicated to his father, who with some friends made diligent search for the body at the spot pointed out as most probable where he fell in, and on removing some sticks of timber the body was recovered. It would appear as if, on falling in, he was drawn under the timber, and did not again come up to the surface. We heartily condole with Mr. Pratt in his sad bereavement. An inquest was held on the body, and a verdict of "Accidental death by drowning," was returned.

POLICE COURT.—John Loring, drunk and disorderly; pleaded guilty. Sentence—dismissed, but pay costs. Charles T. Thomas, leaving house and building materials on Wellington street; adjourned until Saturday next. Jas. Matthews, charged with leaving a drain open on York street. This drain has been for several weeks left open, to the great annoyance and inconvenience of the neighborhood It appears that the terms of the contract could not be fulfilled and had to be abandoned. Mr. Matthews did not appear to answer, and in his absence was fined $4 and costs. Geo. Letean charged by Xavier Landricault, for killing a game hen, and taking another. Mr. Ross, for the defence, said he had a host of objections to the proceedings. In the first place the summons was improperly drawn, and ungrammatical. He thought the man who drew up this paper could make a crawfish. Case dismissed—proceedings to be renewed.

THE THEATRE.—Those who have seen little of the theatre and its doings, and who from hearsay judge of it as a profane institution not to be encouraged by professing Christians, should have been at Her Majesty's Ottawa Theatre on Monday night. There they would have heard, not a man buried up to his armpits in a pulpit, delivering solemn platitudes of soporific tendency, but men and women, who had qualified themselves by deep and serious study of the great master of the human heart and all human affairs; delineating by word and gesture the sublimest teachings that ever were conceived by human preceptor. Shakespeare, whose great mission on earth in all his works, "both as the first and now, was and is, to hold as 'twere the mirror up to nature; to shew virtue her own feature, scorn her own image, and the very body of the age and time his form and pressure." This same Shakespeare, for three centuries, has been recognized by all civilised people as the greatest poet and philosopher that the world has ever produced. And to his great works the theatre throughout the world is indebted for its power to cooperate with the press and pulpit, in elevating the standard of morality and taste. On former occasions, we have spoken of the stage as an out growth of, and at the same time an auxilliary to our civilization that cannot be dispensed with, and yet it is an institution which in the hands of bad men might be made to minister to corrupt taste, and to the perversion of our youth. We have now a company here, under a manager who by his acts has given earnest of a desire to do good; and several of his company are of his own household, we therefore have a guarantee that as he cannot give to his own sons and daughters a role beyond the pale of strict morality even if he were disposed, as we know he is not, therefore the public may be sure that the wives and daughters of our community need never fear that anything will ever transpire in the theatre here to call a blush to the cheek of modesty. Hamlet, as performed on Monday night, was full of the sublimest teaching. Mr. Townsend as the Prince of Denmark delivered the entire text in the most impassioned manner, and without once faltering. Polonius by Mr. Lyon was very good, and we thought a mere trifle too good, being as in our fastidiousness we thought, a very little over done; but the character is a very difficult one. The Queen was well and quietly sustained by Mrs. Townsend. The great character of Ophilia is shorn of all its beauties when, as is very often the case, the fourth Act is *cut*, as, to save time, it was on Monday night. It is the opinion of all who have seen much of Miss Florence Grosvenor's acting, that young as she is, the *mad scene* would be well sustained in her hands. She has all the elements of a first class actress. The King was very correctly done by Mr. Mortimer, and Horatio, by Mr. Grosvenor, was quite classic. The new scenery, which is very beautiful, took the audience by surprise, and was greatly admired. Miss Adelia St. Clair unfortunately took a slight cold, which made her afraid to try the favorite *Mocking Bird*. We shall have it next time. The *pas seul*, which is a *ballet* introduced here for the first time by Miss Loraine, was executed under some disadvantages, but was full of grace and beauty, and the next time it is performed it will be with additional embellishments.

The above was written for yesterday's issue, but was unavoidably crowded out. Last night Hamlet was again played with the same cast, and as well or better than on Monday night. Miss St. Clair sang the "Mocking Bird," and "La Neapolitaine," to the intense admiration of the audience, and Miss Loraine danced with brilliant effect.

FREE PORTS.

[We have been requested to publish the following letter]:—

113 Pearl Street, NEW YORK,
June 28th, 1866.

Alonzo Wright, Esq., M.P.P., Ottawa City:

MY DEAR SIR,—I notice, in this morning's journals, that your Finance Minister, in his recent budget presented to the Canadian Parliament, has suggested the withdrawal of the free port privileges, that Gaspe and Sault Ste. Marie have hitherto enjoyed. Since my sojourn, I may say residence, in Canada (for I am only absent from there, at the present time, on business appertaining to Canada's interest, as well as my own), I have taken much interest in her welfare, and the proper mode of developing her *great* resources of wealth; and I take the liberty of giving you my ideas respecting what I conceive to be a most impolitic measure (*at the present time*) as proposed by the Hon. Mr. Galt.

Parliament legislates *too much* for Canada's *immediate interests, not* sufficiently for her *future welfare*.

Heretofore, Gaspe has aspired to nothing beyond a mere fishing port, with but small population, and a magnificent harbor. To enable the settlement to exist and induce an increase of population, it was granted the privilege of a free port of entry. Now, just at the time when the untold oil wealth of Gaspe (which has heretofore lain dormant) is attracting capital and population to that section of Canada, even before the grand migration has commenced, impediments are attempted to be placed in the way of her speedy development by suggestions made to Parliament to withdraw privileges that have heretofore existed there, and which are, and have been used as an inducement for capital, and population to seek its way there, and make Gaspe speedily, what eventually will be the case, one of the most important ports in Canada. Parliament has the power to assist in the development of one of the richest sections of the Province by a liberal policy. It also has the power by an illiberal course to check Canada's development and prosperity for years to come. In my opinion, the change that the Finance Minister proposes should be delayed until capital has become established there, and not drive away by too early legislation; rather encourage its present accumulation, and in a short time will Gaspe be able to contribute largely to the revenue of Canada. I submit this with due deference and respect, and remain,

Dear sir, your obdt. servt.,
R. M. RUSSELL.

—The Emperor and Empress of Russia are on a visit to Moscow.

—The Toronto Volunteer Relief Fund draws upward—it is now $37,000.

—There are 32,000 miles of railroad now in use in the United States.

—The total amount of exports from San Francisco, since January 1st, exceed $32,000,000.

—Duncan, Sherman & Co., of New York, are agents for a loan of $4,000,000 for Pope Pius IX.

—Ethan Allen, the celebrated stallion, died on Tuesday, in Reading, Pa., in consequence of a hurt received on Monday.

—Sixty bushels of spring wheat per acre is reported as but an ordinary yield on Red River settlement.

—Two of the "culled pussons" had a free fight in Toronto on Monday—one slashed with a razor—the other made a *barberous* brute of himself by biting off the barber's nose.

MARRIED.

On Saturday the 23rd ult., at St. James' Church, Montreal, by the Rev. Mr. Ellegoode, W. Crowther, Esq., of Belleville, C. W., to Charlotte, daughter of William Dickinson, Esq., Deputy Inspector General, Ottawa. No cards.

DIED.

In this city, on the 3rd inst., Robert M. Julyan, Esq., Post Office Department, and son of the late Captain Julyan, Royal Navy.

The funeral will take place this afternoon, Thursday, at 4 o'clock, p.m., from his late residence on Union Square. His friends are invited to attend without further notice.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD COMMON SCHOOL.

The above School, under the superintendence of Mr. Robertson, as Principal, and Misses Fleming, Murphy and Humphrys as assistants, is just closing for the summer vacation, and it is with great pleasure we publish the standing of the different pupils for the last half year. This school is the largest in the city, having an average attendance daily of 200 pupils, with 280 on the roll. There are four departments—the senior under the charge of Mr. Robertson; Miss Fleming, first assistant, having the next division in charge. Space will only permit us giving the standing of pupils in those two departments.

Senior Division—1st Class.

Reading—Dux, Mary A. Caldwell; 2nd Peter Robertson.
Spelling—Dux, Mary A Caldwell; 2nd Eliza J McIntosh.
Boy's Writing—Dux, Henry Waters; 2nd Peter Robertson.
Girl's Writing—Dux, Emily Shouldis; 2nd Mary A Caldwell.
English Grammar—Dux, Eliza J McIntosh; 2nd Hannah Gilmour.
History—Dux, Eliza J McIntosh; 2nd Hannah Gilmour.
Geography—Dux, Mary A Caldwell; 2nd Hannah Gilmour.
Arithmetic—Dux, E J McIntosh; 2nd Hannah Gilmour.
Mental Arithmetic—Dux, M A Caldwell; 2nd H Gilmour.
Natural History—Dux, M A Caldwell; 2nd Wm Sutherland.
Algebra—Dux, E J McIntosh; 2nd H Gilmour.
Geometry—Dux, Mary A Caldwell; 2nd Cherry Humphrys.

Certificates in Deportment.

Good Conduct—M A Caldwell and C Humphrys.
Diligence—M A Caldwell, C Humphreys, H Gilmour and E J McIntosh.
Perfect Recitation—M A Caldwell, H Gilmour, C Humphrys and E J McIntosh.
Punctuality—H Gilmour, M A Caldwell and E Shouldis.

Senior Division—2nd Class.

Reading—Dux, Thos Davies; 2nd J Routh.
Spelling—Dux, Annie Steacy; 2nd Annie McIntosh.
Boy's Writing—Dux, Jason Routh; 2nd C Dyde.
Girl's Writing—Dux, Addie Steacy; 2nd Emily Fisher.
English Grammar—Dux, Lucy Huckell; 2nd A McLean.
History—Dux, Lucy Huckell; 2nd Annie Steacy.
Geography—Dux, Lucy Huckell; 2nd A McLean.
Arithmetic—Dux, Andrew McLean; 2nd Lucy Huckell.
Mental Arithmetic—Dux, Lucy Huckell; 2nd A Wakley.
Natural History—Dux, Annie Steacy; 2nd Addie Steacy.

Certificates in Deportment.

Good Conduct—Emily Fisher and Lucy Huckell.
Diligence—Lucy Huckell and Emily Fisher.
Perfect Recitation—Lucy Huckell, Andrew McLean, Annie McIntosh and Annie Steacy.
Punctuality—Lucy Huckell, Emily Fisher and Annie Steacy.
General Proficiency—Mary A Caldwell.
Best Progress—Lucy Huckell.

Miss Fleming's Division—1st Class.

Reading—Dux, Alma Swalwell; 2nd W Potter.
Spelling—Dux, Emily Montgomery; 2nd Catharine Mathews.
Grammar—Dux, William Potter; 2nd E Montgomery.
Geography—Dux, Catharine Mathews; 2nd Alma Swalwell.
Arithmetic—Dux, Catharine Mathews; 2nd Wm McEwan.
History—Dux, Catharine Mathews; 2nd William Potter.
Dictation—Dux, Wm Potter; 2nd Robt Danter.
Writing—Dux, Caroline Cawest; 2nd R. Russell.

Certificates in Deportment.

Good Conduct—William McEwan.
Diligence—Catharine Mathews and Emily Montgomery.
Perfect Recitation—William Potter, Catharine Mathews, and A Swalwell.
Punctuality—Catharine Mathews, Caroline Cawest and Robert Danter.

Miss Fleming's Division—2nd Class.

Reading—Dux, Margaret Imlay; 2nd O Fisher.
Spelling—Dux, Margaret Imlay; 2nd Donald Stewart.
Writing—Dux, Catharine Mason; 2nd O Fisher.
Grammar—Dux, Donald Stewart; 2nd Henrietta Armstrong.
Geography—Dux, Fred Jarvis; 2nd Catharine Armstrong.
Arithmetic—Dux, Donald Stewart; 2nd E Wood.

Certificates in Deportment.

Good Conduct—Margaret Imlay and E Wood.
Diligence—F. Margaret Imlay and Fred Jarvis.
Perfect Recitation—Margaret Imlay, Fred Jarvis, D Stewart and Olive Fisher.
Punctuality—Olive Fisher and Lizzie Danter.

We cannot close this report without complimenting Mr. Robertson and his assistants on the very marked improvement produced from the result of their past six months labor.

CLOSE OF THE BEREA MURDER CASE.

McConnell Sentenced to be Hung on the 10th of August.

The trial of McConnell, who was extradited from this city for the murder of Mrs. Colvin at Berea, in the State of Ohio, has been brought to a close in Cleveland, and he is there to undergo the extreme penalty of the law for the crime. The gentlemen who defended him, exercised all the cunning and skill known to the wisdom of the bar, in order to secure him a fair trial—and if possible avert the fatal sentence. The prosecuting Attorneys, Messrs. M. S. Cassels, and A. T. Slade, on behalf of the State, also placed at the prisoner's command every facility possible, in order that he might be able to procure witnesses to prove his innocence. Our detectives, O'Neil and Davis, were present, as witnesses, and express themselves as under many obligations to both the defending and prosecuting attorneys, for the courtesies extended to them. From the Cleveland *Herald*, from which the annexed extracts are taken, we learn that the appeal, on behalf of the prisoner, was a most powerful effort, and that the feelings of the Bench and spectators were so worked upon, that many shed tears:—

"The motion for a new trial, in the case of Alex. McConnell, was fyled and very ably argued by his attorneys, C. W. Palmer and R. E. Knight, Esquires, this morning. The Court thereupon intimated that it did not wish to hear the argument against the motion, in behalf of the State, and proceeded to dispose of the motion.

"An hour or more was occupied in a masterly review of the law and evidence in the case, wherein the Court exercised much keen analysis, and legal acumen. At the conclusion of the whole matter his Honor, said that, after a most deliberate and solemn consideration and reflection upon the whole matter, he had come to the conclusion, in his own mind, that he could not find any dissatisfaction with the verdict of murder in the first degree. The motion was overruled.

"There being in the mind of the Court no reason for further delay in the disposition of the case, his Honor proceeded to pronounce the sentence of the law upon the prisoner. The prisoner was ordered to stand up, and in his final arraignment manifested no more emotion, nervousness, or feeling, than he had upon any previous occasion. There was the same half vacant stare in his eyes characteristic of him during the whole trial.

"His Honor then said in substance that in pronouncing the sentence which the law requires in this case, he did not deem it requisite to say anything personal to the prisoner, further than he had spoken in disposing of the motion for a new trial. He said to the prisoner that he could not blame any person for the result thereof, but himself. The only pangs or regrets that could exist in the prisoner's mind, on account of the awful position in which he stood, were those that sprang from a sense of his own misconduct. The prisoner was solemnly abjured to prepare himself to meet the awful result which the law says shall follow conviction for murder in the first degree, which I now pronounce upon you.

"It is the sentence of the law, that you, Alexander McConnell, be taken from this place to the jail of this county, that you be therein kept in close custody by the Sheriff thereof, until the 19th day of August, A. D., 1863, and that between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, you be hung by the neck until you be dead; and may God have mercy on you.

"After leaving the Court Room he met his sister, when he manifested considerable feeling, which was clearly indicated by a copious flood of tears."

—Over 6,000 tourists says the New York *Herald* are now leaving for Europe each month.

The Buffalo brokers are running against each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, but the run is nothing compared with that after the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 166a

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.** In districts infested with chills and fever and billious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says: "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all billious cases, and, consider them the best family medicine we have." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular emphasis. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly, without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of $10 from Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, as a mark of their appreciation of the services of the Hook and Ladder Company, at the late fire.

LOUIS MORRISON,
Secy. & Treas. H. & L. Co.
169-1

TO LEASE.—AN ELIGIBLE building lot on Rideau st., adjoining the store of Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, for a term of years. Apply to

MR. WM. CLEGG, SR.,
Or to MRS. TOOMEY,
Cathcart St.
169-1

LODGINGS TO BE LET.—A Gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with a comfortable sitting-room, and two bed-rooms, with use of kitchen. Apply to

MRS. TOOMEY,
Cathcart Street.
169tf

CARD OF THANKS.—The proprietor of the "Vienna House" begs to return sincere thanks to the officers and members of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, and to friends in general, for their strenuous efforts in saving the goods and furniture, and to acknowledge the careful supervision exercised by Capt. Graham, during the fire on Tuesday morning. 169-1

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

CARD OF THANKS.—Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay tender their most sincere thanks to the different Fire and Hook & Ladder Companies; also, to their numerous friends for the exertions made by them in saving their premises from destruction by fire on the morning of the 3rd inst.

Ottawa, July 4. 168-4

LECTURES on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, M.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2·30 p. m., and 7 in the evening.

July 3. 167-tf

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND* **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

FRESH SALMON.

FRESH SALMON, THE PRODUCE OF the Moisie Fisheries, for sale by the undersigned, packed in ice in boxes of from one to ten fish each, as purchasers may desire.

Orders by letter or telegraph, or through Express Agents, will receive immediate attention.

A. FRASER & CO.

Moisie Fisheries Office,
Quebec, 14th June, 1866. 154-c

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
12y

F. TRAUNWIESER,
Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

☞ Masonic and other Jewels, ☞ Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jell-148d

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of John Townsend.

☞ The great sensational Drama of THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA positively for this night only. John Townsend will have the honor of appearing to-night in his celebrated character of Carwin, the demon advocate.

Mr. W. A. Lyon as Delparc, the magistrate.
Mr. Harry Townsend as the Count de Morville.
Miss Florence Grosvenor in the highly interesting character of the Orphan.
Supported by Mr. Mortimer, Mr. Masters, Miss Constance Grosvenor, Miss Bertha Loraine, and the whole company.

On Friday Evening, July 6th,
Will be presented (for this night only), the great sensational drama (in three acts) entitled
THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA.

Carwin..........Mr. John Townsend
Therese..........Miss Florence Grosvenor
Supported by the whole company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Ballad by Miss Adela St. Clair.

To conclude with
AN OBJECT OF INTEREST.
Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 3. 167

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

GRAND CONCERT!
A GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert,
In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in
Her Majesty's Theatre!
On Tuesday ev'g. next, July 10th.

By kind permission of Major Newdigate, the Band of the P. C. O. Rifles will be in attendance, and perform several vocal and instrumental pieces from the operas.

Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme & Son's, Hope & Co.'s, Centre Town, and at the door.

Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

N.B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.

Ottawa, July 4. 168-td

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, City of Ottawa, 30th June, 1866.

Adams Francis
Andrew John
Atkinson Neil
Atkinson Miss S A
Austin W A
Bawden W H
Burnett & Bannerman
Baker Samuel
Bartlett George
Barry Henry
Beeston G
Beswetherick Miss H
Bell John
Beaty Jas D
Beaty Mrs James
Bean A, Rideau St
Billings Francis
Birks T H
Boyd Miss Ann
Boyd Ed Barrister
Brennan John (Canal B)
Brownlee Miss Lizzie
Brown James
Brown Thos
Broker Maria
Brady James
Buckley Joseph
Berdette Miss Jane
Burke Martin
Cameron Miss Ellen
Carpenter Thos
Carroll Jas (carpenter)
Campbell Mrs James
Caldwell & Errol
Childs Peter (Glous.)
Clarke Geo W
Cleary Thos
Cleary C
Correy Miss Mary P
Cox Miss M
Collins Miss Elizabeth
Cole Miss Florence
Cozier Miss E
Colville David
Coughlin Mrs Daniel
Crookshanks Miss M
Craig Maria
Cummings Isaac
Cuthbert Mrs Ann
Culbert Jr, John
Day Alfred
Dagg Gunner Geo
Dale William
Dunn John
Dunlop R
Edmonds John
Edmonston James
Elsey Jas B
Erwin G
Evans Miss S H
Farrell H J
Fitzsimmons Pat
Fitzgerald W G
Flynn P
Flood M
Flanory John
Foote George
Fowler John
Fottman Wm
Forson Mrs Thos
Gamble Chas (Glos.)
Gardiner Jane Ann
Gibb J
Griffin G W D
Gordon Mrs B
Gough W D
Grennan Matthew
Grier Patrick
Guerin Mrs (Milliner)
Hanruth Patrick
Harvey Geo
Harris Christopher
Hagarty Bernard
Herbert Patrick
Heenan John
Henry John
Hewston Wm (Glos.)
Hirch Mrs Chas E
Hodgins Thos
Hope R F
Hodgins Mary Ann
Holmes David
Hogan Matthew
Hogan Luke
Hughes Susan
Hutton W H
Hughes Noble
Hutchinson John
Jackson Mrs Kate
James James
Joiner Mrs Caroline
Jordan Miss Fannie
Kenedy Wm (Nepean)
Kenley Mrs Julia A
Keys John
Keeler & Gaylord
Kenney Miss Lucy
King Richard
King Geo
Kirk Alonzo
Langdon Thos
Lav Miss M G (Glos.)
Lawler J
Letherland Wm
Lee Miss J
Leaney Geo
Lewis W
Lewis John
Little James
Little Robert
Lynn William
Lucas Miss F
Lyons James F
Marshall Miss A
Major Joseph
Mann O H
Merritt Francis
Mitchell Jas J
Montgomery Miss M A
Montgomery D (of Toron.)
Morel F D
Murphy David
Murray (Druggist)
Murphy Ed
Murphy Miss Julia A
Murphy Wm
Murphy Wm H
Munroe Wm
Munroe Jas H
Mulvalo Jas
Mullins Bridget
Nesbit Miss Rebecca
Neagle Mrs A
Nevil John
O'Brien Patrick
O'Brien Michael
O'Connor Jas
O'Connell John
Oliver M D, S
O'Meara Miss Kate
O'Neil Mrs Edward
O'Neil Henry
O'Reilly Eugene
Park Matilda
Patterson Wm W
Peterie Mrs Margt
Pearson Henry
Pollock Miss E
Pratt Thos Henry
Pratt James
Richey Jas (Surveyor)
Rilley Mrs Margt
Robinson Miss S
Robertson Hugh
Roche Wm
Rourke Michael
Rose Thos
Ross E Martha
Ryan John
Scott J E
Seymour M
Sharp John
Shiau Jane (Glous)
Sinclair J S
Smith D
Smith R C
Summers Mrs Ann
Spearman Miss Margt
Spear James
Spectator "Editor"
Staples Miss J E
Staples Miss Ruth M
Steele Mand
Sullivan John (Glos.)
Sweeney John (Painter)
Swartfiguer Mark
Taylor Geo (Glos.)
Taylor Mrs (Murray St)
Tobin Chas
Tracy John
Vandusen Mrs J W
Wallace Geo R
Wheeler Matthew
Whelan John H
Willard Mrs Maurice
Winters Joseph
Wilson D (carpenter)
Young Mr J
Young Robert
McAuley John
McCabe John (Nepean)
McCann Mrs Mary (do.)
McCaffery Wm, York St.
McChesney Hamilton
McDermid H J
McDonald Thos
McDougall J S
McDonald John
McDonald Ellen
McFail Mrs A
McGar Miss Cath
McGowan Miss E
McGregor R
McGuire Thos G
McKenzie A
McLaren Henry
McLellan Archie
McMillan John
McTavish R R
Initials.
K W
F J L

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
167-3

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

MASONIC APRONS!
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

☞ **MASONIC JEWELS, CLOTHING, FURNITURE, BANNERS, DECORATIONS, &c., made to order.**

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, June 20. 1-y

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLETE
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ **An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-t

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of Building Lot
IN CENTRE TOWN.

H. McLEAN, ESQ., HAS RECEIVED instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church, to sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m., (on the ground), that very valuable Building Lot, 60 by 99 feet, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Parliament Buildings. As a desirable site, it is only necessary to say that it is decidedly the best for business or commercial purposes now in the market, and parties desirous of purchasing would do well to give it due consideration.

Terms liberal, and made known at time of sale.

Ottawa, June 30. 165-td

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware,
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
138y

NOTICE.
A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR EStablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOWDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES,
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT
Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture
OF
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF
BONNETS!
(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)
French and Scotch Printed Muslins!
☞ At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!
Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

☞ WHOLESALE & RETAIL. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
Ottawa, Agent,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!
Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!
25, Sparks Street.
Thomas Beament,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF
Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.
☞ **Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.**
Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INform his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and
CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY,
311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,
Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.
June 29. 164a

☞ **A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.**

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to
RANKIN
FOR HIS
Cigars, Tobaccos,
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,
THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale, a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late, George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. The title is perfect, and immediate possession can be given. For terms and other particulars, apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,
Or E. M. HOPKINS, ESQ., Montreal.
Ottawa, June 5. 183-d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je 3-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
Administrator.
Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED.— TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO BAKERS.—WANTED AT THE Gatineau Mills a first-class BAKER. Apply there or to Messrs. Gilmour & Co., Ottawa.

Gatineau Mills,
27th June, 1866. 163-a

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. — A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

Office: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY, Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 19, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

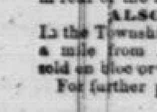
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.



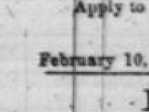
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-d f

For Sale,



ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate,

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

For Sale at a Bargain.

2 SAW MILLS, 1 FLOUR MILL, EXTENSIVE Timber [illegible]; Wood Planing and other Machines; 1,000 acres good Land, Dwellings Stores; Wharves, &c., &c.

APPLY TO H. McLEAN

Ottawa, March 20 1866. 78-3m

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ., Barrister,

Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Rev. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 29, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,

Or to H. McLEAN, Land Agent.

18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. *Vessels to make Quarantine.*

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—*Supplementary Inspection.*

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Inspection and Superintendence.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small-Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, on did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately, order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th:—*Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the lisense and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore denned. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—*Vessels proceeding to Quebec.*

In all case where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the lisense of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superindent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles abovestated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,

[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable Edward Cardwell, M. P., &c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]

Circular.

DOWNING STREET,

February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most humble Servant,

(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN,	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN,	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN,	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN,	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN,	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS,	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:

CABIN,....................$66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE,....................$34.25

☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons,	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE,	1468 tons,	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 tons,	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK,	1207, tons,	Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD, AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat. Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiabl Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,

WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road; two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec. 18[illegible].

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, ESQ., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors.

☞ Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN, Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!

fully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,

CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.

W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-uty

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,

WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining Housekeeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales, are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertizing.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 5, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S (Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sald by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer,

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites

&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with: the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin: the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the sounding board, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Bartis?,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel.*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is rand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowing excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other tem of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,

L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS

WM. HALL & SON,

543 Broadway, NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'

PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years.

No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO. When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

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THE
"OTTAWA TIMES,"
PUBLISHED
EVERY MORNING,
(Sundays Excepted.)
By GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor.
OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street.

Terms of Subscription:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

THE WEEKLY TIMES."
A Weekly Edition of the Times will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Farmer's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
Jas. Colman. W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: [illegible]'s Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
Robert Lees. John J. Gemmell.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
Wm. Clegg. Thos. F. Nellis.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
William Duck. Julius P. Bucke.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. Office: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F[illegible] 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Road's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the [illegible] House, Ottawa city, C. W. [illegible]y

CHAS. E. [illegible]
G[illegible] Agent, 3 Aumond's [illegible] Street. [illegible] Agent for Royal M[illegible] road, [illegible]
[illegible] May 11. [illegible]

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
Late of Hamilton's Saloon.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Goodstabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
FIELD AND GARDEN
SEEDS!
ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF
FLOWER SEEDS!

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED,
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,............$1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past [illegible] years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class Family and Dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall, Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store,
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.............8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.............8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.............9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.............6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.....8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond.............2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.............3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. Robert Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included).............$2.50
Steerage.............1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:
Ann Sisson, Capt. Bockus.
Oregon, " Findlay.
Calumet, " Blondin.
Pontiac, " Duggan.
Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, Manager,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!
PLUNGE BATHS, TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS, THREE SIZES
SITZ BATHS, TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS, THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS, ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-3m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
{ *Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.*

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862.
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a
WATER COOLER!
Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.
BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our
COOLERS!
being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and
TUB BATHS.
Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen.
A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.
STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c.
AT ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a Country Newspaper, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December [illegible], 1865. 3-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
Alex. Bowie, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. Shepherd, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(Capt. J. Ryan,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(Capt. Thos. Farmer.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in 1844.*]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,.............
ONTARIO,.............Capt. J. B. Estes.
CATARACT,.............Capt. J. H. Ledyard.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,............. — DeWitt,
EMPRESS,.............Capt. C. B. DeWitt.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, Agent.
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.,
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING, 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the Saguenay, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of Mrs. Blackman (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five weeks* at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, Mrs. Blackman will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street,
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
Residence:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A[illegible] CORN BEEF, at the Stall of
Ap19-104-tf SATCHEL BROS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Sheffield House—E. K. MacGillivray & Co.
Black Walnut—Thomas Campbell.
Mrs. Grant's Saloon, York Street.
Educational Institute of Central Canada—John McMillan, B. A.
Wanted a first-class Cook.
Lost a purse containing $16.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at B. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer Queen Victoria, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 6, 1866.

We published yesterday, a letter addressed, by a gentleman interested in the progress of the Gaspe region, to a member of the Legislative Assembly, in which the wisdom of abolishing the free ports was called into serious question. It must have been noted by those who perused the letter, that the objections urged against the Finance Minister's policy in this respect related exclusively to Gaspe; at a time "when the untold oil wealth of Gaspe is attracting capital," the writer believes that Parliament will have made a grave mistake if it withdraws "exclusive privileges heretofore enjoyed; that the free port system should have been continued until "capital had become established," when in a short time he hopes "Gaspe would have been able to contribute largely to the revenue of Canada."

It is not to be disputed that the policy of assisting the settlement of hitherto unoccupied parts of the country; of giving exclusive privileges for the sake of introducing some new branch of industry, or of developing a new element of national wealth, is eminently patriotic and tends ultimately to the material advantage of the country at large. But on no occasion should this assistance be given, or these privileges conferred to the direct and manifest injury of any class of the community, or of any established interest of the province. Now, we presume, that the failure of the free port system at Gaspe and Sault St. Marie may be traced, in these two particulars, to a degree quite sufficient to over balance its local advantages, and hence the wisdom of the step which has been taken by the Minister of Finance in its abolition. We have seen a letter written by an influential gentleman, for many years resident in the Algoma District, whose opinions, on account of his experience, are entitled to considerable weight, and perhaps we cannot better illustrate the defects of the free port system, in the two particulars indicated, and explain the reasons that may have led the Finance Minister to abolish it, than summarise his remarks upon its actual working in that district.

The writer says the free port system appears to him and others to have been a failure; "it does not draw much American custom, the American shore being lined with Customs Officers to prevent *smuggling.*" But even were this not the case, surely it would be a dishonorable position for Canada to occupy to be aiding and abetting, by a discriminating local system, on the borders of a neighboring country, an organized gang of smugglers whose profits could only be made out of the frauds perpetrated against the American tariff. Unless we could prove to the satisfaction of our American neighbors that the existence of the free port at Sault St. Marie was essential to our own prosperity, we should stand convicted before the world of very unfriendly conduct in maintaining it, if it proved a source of annoyance and loss to them. The smuggling, however, has taken place, and the writer of the letter before us says it has been "from the Algoma District to the adjoining parts of Canada," thereby defrauding our own government, and encouraging a vicious and demoralizing pursuit among our own people. We are further told that "the Hudson's Bay Company are the only parties benefited on a large scale, as they obtain their goods free of duty, while the Indians, trappers and employes are charged the same prices as before." It could not have been to the interest of the Province, certainly not to the revenue, longer to maintain a system, the advantages of which were monopolised by a company which, to say the least, deserves no special favors at our hands.

The country can assist in the opening up of the new regions by means far more advantageous to the general interest than by the system of free ports. The making of roads, the disposal of lands on easy terms, and the extension of postal and other privileges appertaining to well settled communities, with full protection to life and property, all of which can be done without defrauding the revenue, corrupting the morals of our own people, or irritating the feelings of our neighbors, are much more legitimate modes of encouraging the introduction of capital and labor into these new regions; better calculated to effect the objects for which the free ports were established, and not liable to the like injurious consequences.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To E. W. Murray, Esq., Buckingham:

DEAR SIR,—At your request I now give you the result of my observations, made during the last few days on some of the plumbago deposits in Buckingham and Lochaber Township, accompanied by J. V. Morgan, Esq., of Montreal, a merchant largely interested with his brothers in London, (the Morgan Patent Crucible makers,) in the production and use of this mineral. We visited the Lochaber mines, the first opened in this locality which have been thoroughly tested. These properties are owned by some 7 or 8 gentlemen of New York, as a private adventure. They are likely, I am happy to say, to reap a largely remunerative reward.

A large mill (now in operation) has been built on the River Blanche fitted up with stamps, muddles and all requisite machinery for preparing the material for market, and some 800 or 1000 tons of the mineral are lying at the mill ready for treatment. It is the intention of the proprietors, now that the undertaking has proved beyond a doubt successful, to organize a Company to continue the operations. There is no doubt in so doing that their stock will at once realise its par value, and may in a very little time exceed it, when the results of the sales and dividends made become known.

While wishing every success to my American friends for their spirit and enterprise, I should as a British subject be much pleased were I to see a little more manly enterprising spirit here amongst the merchants of Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal and Quebec, inducing them to take up these good things which ought to belong to them. From a lack of this public spirit Canada is almost stationary, and the few great successful enterprises are in the hands of our deserving neighbors.

I have entered into a detail of my inspection. It will be sufficient to say of *one* of these mines that what was a vein one inch wide at the surface is now *ten feet.*

In my next I will give you an account of my visit to the "New England Mines, Buckingham," also owned and worked by Americans in Boston or its neighborhood.

Yours truly,
JOHN L. HALL, M. C.
Economic Geologist.

Buckingham, 30th June, 1866.

SHOCKING MURDER.

Yesterday afternoon one of those deplorable events took place at Hochelaga which from time to time startle alike the military authorities as well as the public. About 10 minutes to six o'clock p. m. Corporal Smith, of Capt. Balfour's F Battery, 4th Brigade, now stationed at the barracks at Hochelaga, was looking out of the window over the Canteen into the Barrack Square, when Driver James Mack came behind and suddenly drew a razor across the corporal's throat, cutting a fearful gash, the act being witnessed by Driver E. Joyce, who was sitting on the next bed to the window. Corporal McDonald, who was also in the room at the time, then heard a sudden cry from Smith as if of pain, and at the same time a gurgling sound. He looked in the direction and saw deceased coming towards him, with his hand to his throat, bleeding profusely, and got hold of him and led him to his be . To ascertain the nature of the wound, he endeavored to remove Smith's hand from his throat. He found Smith's fingers were inserted in the wound, which was very deep, and removed them. McDonald at once summoned Dr. Harrison, the surgeon of the Battery, who was on the spot in a few minutes. In two minutes after the Doctor's arrival, however, the unfortunate man had expired. When McDonald saw deceased coming towards him, he at once exclaimed "Corporal Smith has cut his throat!" but the prisoner Mack at once came up to McDonald and said "No, he has not; I done it for him." McDonald at once sent for a file of the guard. The prisoner said there was no necessity for this, as he would go to the guard room with him. When the guard arrived they were instructed to put him in irons on the charge of murder. The prisoner said: "There is no need to put me in irons, I have done it; I have got satisfaction." In the course of the evening the prisoner was handed over to the civil authorities, and the body was conveyed to the Military Hospital, Water street, where an inquest will probably be held this morning. Corporal Smith was about 33 years of age, and Driver Mack about 24. The corporal seems to have been a man generally liked in the battery, and Driver Mack, we believe had a good conduct badge, though stated to be of a quick temper and an insubordinate disposition. He had been counselled in a friendly manner both by Smith and his superior officers, who had warned him if he did not mind he would lose his badge and come to grief. In reply he seems to have complained of Smith, who he seemed to think "was down on him," although the precise motives which led to the atrocious act can only be ascertained by the evidence at the inquest. The prisoner appeared quite satisfied with what he had done, and maintained a cool and unmoved demeanor.

In addition to the above, we learn that yesterday morning Sergeant-Major Badger of the Rifle Brigade was in the act of being shot at by a prisoner, when the rifle was fortunately knocked upwards by a sentry close by.—*Mont. Gazette.*

OMAHA, July 3.—The Government Commissioners have examined and accepted an additional twenty miles of the Union Pacific Railway. One hundred and twenty-five miles are now in running order. Regular passenger trains, carrying the daily overland mail, commenced running to Columbus the first of July. At Columbus the daily line of overland stages connect with the railroad.

THE GRAND TRUNK COMPANY AND THE EMPLOYEES.—The Grand Trunk railway company, when they organized their volunteer regiment, found that about sixty of their employees at their principal works at Montreal declined to join in the proposed military organization, and in less than a month after the regiment was started the great bulk of those who declined to join left the service, and in most cases, the country. This occurred in March last. After the attack upon the frontier at Fort Erie the authorities of the Grand Trunk Company desired to offer the oath of allegiance to every man in the service of the company who had not joined the military organization. Mr. Brydges, who is a magistrate for the district of Montreal, administered the oath himself to all in that jurisdiction and we understand he sent two agents, one East and another West, from Montreal in special trains, by which the oath was tendered to every man in the service. The result has been that nearly 150 men, since the first of March last, have either been dismissed or left the service. It has been ordered that every man who hereafter joins the railway service shall, before being appointed, take the oath of allegiance. The volunteer regiment now number upwards of two thousand men, amongst whom the very best spirit prevails, and new companies are being added as fast as the lists can be prepared.—*Montreal Transcript.*

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, July 5th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented. Several private bills were introduced and read a first time, among them one by Hon. T. D. McGee to incorporate the Montreal Literary Club.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER introduced an act respecting the Bar of Lower Canada.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL laid upon the table a copy of the report of the Adjutant General of Militia.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL laid on the table returns relating to the lands of the Hudson's Bay Company.

In reply to a question,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that the schedule to accompany the resolutions on the Local Governments defining the limits of the Upper Canada constituencies was not yet ready, but he hoped it would be to-morrow.

On the order of the day for receiving the report of Committee of Ways and Means,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON stated, that as there was a large increase of revenue proposed by the resolutions of supply, he submitted to the hon. Minister of Finance, whether it would be proper at the same time, to proceed with the proposed reductions, and bring them to the same stage before the House.

Hon. A. T. GALT said he did not believe that the House could be in ignorance of the intentions of the Government with regard to the contemplated reductions. He (Mr G.) said he was acting in strict accordance with the agreement come to yesterday, with regard to public business, that he would ask the concurrence of the House at 3 o'clock to-day, leaving the discussion until to-morrow night.

Hon GEO. BROWN said that it was not just to the House to take the concurrence in these resolutions, until the whole financial scheme was fairly before them. It had been proposed to increase the duties on some articles, and to reduce them on others, and besides a very large increase in the expenditure of the country, upon which he (Mr. B.) held very strong views, and he confessed himself unprepared to enter upon the discussion until he had more information upon it than that contained in the speech of the hon Minister of Finance.

Hon Mr. GALT had, personally, no objection to accede to the views of hon. members opposite, but there were certain leading principles in the policy of the Government, upon which it was very desirable that the House should pronounce an opinion without delay, and he felt assured that the hon. member for Chateauguay, and the hon. member for South Oxford, were just as well prepared to discuss these leading principles now as they would be in a week hence, and taking the concurrence of the House now would by no means preclude them from the opportunity of discussing the matters of minor detail at another time.

Hon. John A. MACDONALD said the policy of the member for Chateauguay was to delay the government business.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON replied that he only wished the whole financial scheme of the government to be laid before the House in Committee of Ways and Means at once, and he was prepared to enter on the discussion without a moment's delay.

Hon. Mr. GALT said that one member proposed to have no desire for delay, while another had said that he had not had time to consider it. He was quite satisfied that the members of the House who had now had the scheme before them for ten days were fully prepared to enter on the discussion, and as the principles involved were of great importance to the commercial interests of the country the House should dispose of them. The government had no intention of departing in any degree from the general principles laid down, and though a change would be made in some minor articles by transferring them to the free list, it would not affect the general features of the tariff. It had been known to the House that it was the intention of the Government to press these resolutions to as early a decision as possible, and he was prepared to go on with them now. He had made his statement already, and did not desire to say another word except in reply. He challenged the hon. gentlemen to go on at once, and give him an opportunity to answer their objections to the tariff in the only place where he could defend the policy of the Government.

The first resolution was then concurred in on division.

Hon. Mr. GALT said he would move the House in Committee of Ways and Means to-morrow, so that the resolutions might be fully discussed. He regretted that hon. gentlemen were holding the rod over his head, as he would have to pass another sleepless night, (laughter) but he would bring forward the resolutions to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON desired to see the session brought to a close as soon as possible, and wished the hon. gentleman to move in the matter this evening.

Hon. Mr. GALT had no objections if one of his colleagues would take charge of the report of the Committee of Supply.

Hon. Mr. BROWN said the Government was proceeding with business in a most unparliamentary way. They asked the House to provide for the expenditure before they secured the sanction of the House to that expenditure.

On motion of Hon. Mr. GALT, the House concurred in the report of Committee of Supply, after a long, and by no means interesting discussion, upon several items.

On the item of $4,000 grant to Trinity College, Toronto, coming up,

Mr. COWAN moved that it be expunged.

Hon. Mr. MACKENZIE said if one institution were to be deprived of the grant the whole ought to be. If his friend would move that all grants to Sectarian Colleges be expunged, he would be happy to support the motion.

Mr. D. FORD JONES exceedingly regretted that a motion such as this should have been brought up in the last Parliament of Canada, so soon after the gallant conduct of the College boys and University boys had been displayed against the Fenian invaders of our soil. He would oppose any interference with these grants.

Hon. Mr. BROWN said Trinity College stood in an exceptional position, but he agreed with the member for Lambton that the motion should be made to apply to all Sectarian Colleges, though he thought that as this was the last session of the Parliament of Canada, and as no reform in these matters could now be effected it might be better to allow the items to pass without opposition.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD addressed the House at some length on the opposition formerly offered by certain members to all such grants.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON desired to know by what right the hon. member for South Waterloo had singled out the Church of England as a special object of opposition? Was there any particular change in the condition or the numbers of the members of that church, or of the circumstances connected with Trinity College this year, more than last, that the grant should now be taken away.

Mr. FERGUSSON (Simcoe) could easily understand the motion of the member for Waterloo, and he agreed with the explanation given by the member for Cornwall as to the introduction of this grant, along with two others—one to St. Michael's and the other to Bytown College—after the formation of the coalition, and when the Hon. Mr. Brown being then looked upon as already a member of the Government, was excused from voting. The member for Waterloo was brought to book by some of his constituents on this subject, and pretended that he had voted against, while in point of fact, though he had shewn some opposition to it in one of its stages, and he now brought up this clap-trap motion to satisfy his constituents of his sincerity on that question. He (Mr. F.) had opposed those three grants as he always opposed all sectarian grants without distinction, believing that all should be free to worship God according to their conscience. But when he had moved to strike out these items, it was very little support he had received from those parties who formerly professed opposition to these grants. All the Reform members then had to excuse themselves—"Oh, they had promised to support the Government," "the coalition must be sustained," and so on; and now they were bringing up clap-trap motions to set themselves right with their constituents.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL thought that the hon. member for South Waterloo was scarcely obnoxious to the charges preferred against him by the members for Peel and South Simcoe. It was well understood that the member for South Waterloo, and those who had acted with him, had been always opposed to these grants, and they had only consented on a former occasion to allow the items to pass without discussion, owing to the peculiar circumstances the House was then placed with regard to Confederation. He (Mr. D.) thought as this was the last session of the Parliament of Canada, the same course might be pursued this year, and hoped his friend from South Waterloo would withdraw his motion.

Mr. McKENZIE said, as the hon. member for Peel appeared to act as the special representative of the Church of England, he had a proposition to make which he hoped would meet his hearty support. It was well known that Trinity College was not the only one in connexion with the Church of England; there was Huron College, London, which at all events was the College of that Diocese, and deserved as much encouragement as that of Trinity. He would therefore move that the item of $4,000, be equally divided between Trinity College, Toronto, and Huron College, London.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD, after a few humorous remarks on the course of the member for Lambton, said he had risen to remove the imputation which had been erroneously cast upon the member for South Oxford in having had anything to do with the first introduction of the grant into the estimates. The Attorney General West then explained the circumstances connected with the placing of Trinity College on the estimates, and after further discussion, the member for South Waterloo consented to withdraw his motion, Mr. McKenzie's amendment having been ruled out of order, and the item was passed.

The remaining items were concurred in and the House rose at 6 o'clock.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past seven o'clock, and the House went into Committee of Supply, Mr. Shanly in the chair.

On the item of $50,000 for Paris Exhibition of 1867,

Hon. Mr. GALT stated the desirability of securing a creditable display of Canadian products in Paris, but that since the item was put in the estimates, the sad news of the breaking out of war in Europe had reached us, and as it was impossible to say how far that might spread and interfere with the Exhibition, in which case the appropriation would be discretionary with the Government.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked the Minister of Agriculture to explain how it was proposed to conduct the representation of Canada at the Exhibition.

Hon. Mr. McGEE said it was not now the time to enter upon details as to the arrangements for the representation of Canada, but he would mention one fact which he thought ought to satisfy the House of the propriety of the appropriation. The exhibition of Canadian minerals at the Dublin Exibition had been the means of inducing a number of capitalists, some residing in Ireland others in England, who before that time were entirely ignorant of the existence of minerals in Canada, to make an offer in the Dublin Exhibition Building for the purchase of a large quantity of Canadian mineral lands. This result had followed, though the appropriation towards assisting in the representation of the country at that exhibition was but $5,000. It had been considered that the Paris Exhibition would be a most favorable opportunity for the illustration of the resources of this country before all the nations of Europe. He hoped if the matter was to be left, and he might say without violating confidence, that it had been left in his department, he felt bound to say that he wished to have nothing to do in it unless it were well understood that the country should be represented in a manner worthy of its great resources, and of the representation it made in the London Exhibition of 1862, and the Paris Exhibition of 1855. The London Exhibition had cost the country almost $70,000, and the Paris Exhibition $35,000, so that the amount put down for expenses towards our representation at Paris in 1867 could not be considered beyond what would be actually required to maintain the position of our country.

In reply to Mr. Holton,

Mr. McGEE stated that the Boards of Arts of Upper and Lower Canada would be invited to co-operate in carrying out the details.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) had very great doubts of the wisdom of the proposition of the Minister of Agriculture, for the number of emigrants we were getting was small, and he considered it of far more consequence to devise some means to keep the emigrants here when we got them. With reference to the Dublin Exhibition, he (Mr. J.) would like to get some information concerning the proceedings towards its close. There had been newspaper reports about a certain Capt. Cuff, who had got into collision with the police of Dublin, and he should like to hear the Minister of Agriculture's explanations in reference to what took place.

Mr. McKENZIE said he considered that if a practical man were appointed to select the articles to be sent to the exhibition, a far better representation would be secured than by trusting to the official Secretary of the Board of Arts and Manufacturers. He believed that it was more than useless to send specimens of our exhausted woods, which we could not supply if we got the demand. An order has been received from France for two cargoes of red cedar, when the truth was that there was not a single ship-load of that wood in the whole Province. It was manifestly wrong to mislead the world as to the existence of woods here such as cedar and walnut, which he believed were almost exhausted. As to the appropriation he trusted it would not be found necessary to expend the whole of it.

After further debate the item was carried.

On the item of $6000 for the importation of Riga flag seed,

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD asked the Minister of Agriculture for explanations.

Hon. Mr. McGEE replied going into a statement of the importance of the flax crop, and of the circumstances which had induced the government to import the seed for the benefit of agriculture in Canada.

The item was carried.

On the item for salaries and contingent expenses of the Emigrant Department, and for maintenance of the quarantine establishment at Grosse $62,400.

In reply to Messrs. Dorion and Holton, Hon. T. D. McGee explained that in former years the estimate for this branch of the public service was put down at $50,000 but this year on account of the apprehension of the probable prevalence of Asiatic Cholera during this summer it had been deemed prudent to add some $12,000 to the ordinary estimate to be expended if necessary, though he hoped as the danger had been postponed that it might be averted altogether. In former cases of visitation from this disease the first attack had occurred at one time on the 1st of June, and in the other towards the end of that month, so that there was a reasonable hope that this expenditure might not be required.

Messrs. DORION and J. S. MACDONALD assailed the Emigration Department as costing more than the value of its services to the country.

Hon. Mr. McGEE replied that whatever may have been the errors of the past, in the great Confederation Scheme, of which he was a warm partizan, the duties appertaining to his office were made both local and general, so that whatever might be the course followed under the constitution, it was pretty certain that in voting for it, he was voting away his own office. With regard to the emigration of the present year, he was happy to say, that the returns, up to the 10th of last month, shewed a very considerable increase over the same period of last year. It was true that we had no great public works going on at present as an attraction to the laboring man, such as had been going on in former years, and such as the American States had to offer. Besides population would accumulate population, just as Capital accumulated Capital, and the population of 30 millions would in the ordinary nature of things draw towards it ten times as many as we could do. He denied that we had no good lands to offer to emigrants; and maintained that on the contrary there were very large tracts of valuable agricultural lands yet open for settlement. As to reforming the administration of the department, what was the use of making a change to-day if you were to make another and greater change to-morrow, and why attempt a remodeling of one department if you leave the other in the old condition? He thought that the addition of 20,000 adults to a population of a young country like this, in the course of a few months, was an advantage that ought not to be altogether disregarded.

Mr. McKENZIE expressed his conviction that they could not provide for a very large emigration, and he did not believe that we gained more than half of twenty thousand of an increase of population last year. He believed the only way to settle the large tract of country yet open to us was by opening up the Ottawa river (Hear, hear.) The country needed a backbone, and the way to provide it was to open up the country which could only be reached by the Ottawa. He believed that after Confederation, measures might be matured that would lead to a much faster increase of population than anything which can be done under the present system.

The remaining items were agreed to and the Committee rose and reported, concurrence to be taken to-morrow.

The House adjourned at half-past 10 o'clock.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Murder of a Planter near Charleston.
The Freight Depot at New Haven Burned.
Murder of another Policeman in New York.
Diabolical Murder in New York.
Prevalence of the Black Vomit at Vera Cruz.

COLUMBIA, S.C. 4.—Hon. Barnwell Rhett was shot yesterday, p. m., while going to his plantation near Charleston. He received two loads from a double barrelled shot gun, one load breaking his arm, the other penetrating his lung. About 20 minutes after receiving the wounds he fell from his horse and died. It is not known definitely who the murderer was, but it supposed to be a negro, who had expressed it strong animosity against the family.

PORTLAND, ME., 4.—A fire broke out this a.m. in a building adjoining Brown & Son's sugar house, on Commercial street, destroying the sugar house, and other buildings. J. B. Brown & Son's lose from six to seven hundred thousand dollars.

NEW YORK, 5.—At an early hour this a.m. a fire bust from the New Haven Steamboat Freight Depot at Peck Slip, and in a short sime the whole of the buildings were in a sheet of flame. Particulars not yet given.

NEW YORK, 5.—There were 25 accidents from powder here yesterday. A German named Folks deliberately shot a policeman dead, while the latter was expostulating with Folks for threatening to shoot some ball players, whose ball had been accidentally knocked on his premises. Folks and his wife were arrested.

NEW YORK, 5.—In Brooklyn, yesterday, a man named W. S. Voltz, a painter, deliberately fired a loaded musket into a group of children, killing one, and wounding 2.

NEW YORK, July 5th.—Despatches from all sections of the country announce the anniversary of our Independence was celebrated with spirit everywhere.

Vera Cruz dates of the 22nd June state that vomito or fever was raging there, and deaths were numerous.

It was believed that Santa Anna was acting in the interest of the church party, in consideration of which he expected to be elevated to the Presidency. He promises to restore the church party their property.

Maximilian continues reorganizing and concentrating his army. The French troops which evacuated Matamoras had reached Vera Cruz.

A liberal movement on San Louis Potosi had compelled a reinforcement of that place by the Imperialists.

NEW YORK, 5th July.—There had been no deaths or admissions on board of the hospital ship of cholera patients yesterday.

EVENING DESPATCHES.

Great Fire in New York.
The Steamer "Baltimore" Destroyed.
Loss a Quarter of a Million of Dollars.
Another Case of Cholera in New York.
General Jim Lane Still Alive.
Great Fire in Portland, Me.
Half the City said to be Destroyed.

NEW YORK, July 5th.—At the fire of the New Haven and Bridgeport Depots this morning, both depots were destroyed, together with the steamer *Baltimore* and two boat loads of freight. The probable loss is a quarter of a million dollars. A colored man was badly burned and another man is missing.

NEW YORK, July 5th.—Mr. Hayward, of the firm of Cornell and Hayward, died in the city yesterday afternoon after only two hours illness, of cholera.

NEW YORK, July 5th.—The *Post's* money article says the loan market is inactive but easy—Stock market more animated. Governments in active demand. Railway shares active, Erie, M.S. and N.W., being chiefly in demand. After the board there was considerable demand in Governments.

NEW YORK, July 5th.—Frederick L. Offord, Jr., of this city and Miss Louisa Manley of Ottawa Ill., were drowned yesterday, two miles below this city.

ST. LOUIS, July 5th.—General Lane is still alive, but his recovery is doubtful.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. July 5th.—Five persons made an ascension in a balloon here yesterday. There was a high wind and they made rapid progress through the air, effecting a landing with difficulty 29 miles distant; three of the party were much hurt.

BOSTON, 5th.—The Steamer *Bosphorus* from Liverpool, 19th, arrived here yesterday, with 568 steerage passengers.

PORTLAND, Me., 4th.—The fire has completely swept through the city, from the foot of High street to North street, destroying everything in its track so completely that the line of the streets can hardly be traced, and a space of half a mile long, by a quarter of a mile wide, appears like a forest of chimneys, with fragments of wall attached to them. Perhaps 50 buildings were blown up to check the flames, but the inhabitants could scarcely do more than flee with their families to the upper part of the city saving such goods as they could carry ther every vehicle available was employed carrying goods.

The Custom House being fire-proof escaped, but is greatly damaged.

The City and County Buildings, which were considered safe, and were piled full of furniture, were swept away with their contents.

Half the city is destroyed, and that half includes nearly all the business portion. The fire is still raging along Cumberland street, working to the westward.

LAUNCH OF THE ST. LAWRENCE TOWBOAT COMPANY'S NEW STEAMER.

The launch of the fine new steamer built by the St. Lawrence Towboat Company for the purpose of plying between this port and Pictou, N. S., and intermediate ports, took place on Saturday morning. About seven o'clock a. m., the Company's steamer *St. George* left St. Andrew's wharf for the Company's building-yard, Levis, having on board a select party of about eighty persons, including several of the directors and shareholders, members of the press and prominent citizens, including a goodly proportion of ladies. Among those present were Mr. Withall, President of the Company, Mr. J. Stevenson, Mr. D. Murphy, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Bourget, Mr. Begin, Mr. Couture, Mr. Bourassa, &c., &c. The yard was soon reached; and the new steamer—having been most appropriately named the *Union*, by Mrs. Withall, wife of the worthy and enterprising President—was safely launched from the stocks. The *Union* is a substantially-built craft, evidently well adapted for the trade for which she is intended; and her fine appearance in the water was the theme of general remark. Her dimensions are: length, 240 feet; breadth, 29, depth 13, horse-power 200, tonnage between 500 and 600. She will be fitted up so as to carry with ease 135 cabin-passengers. She was towed around to one of the Levis wharves by two small tugs; and it is confidentaly expected she will be ready for sea in three weeks. We may add that she was commenced by the late Mr. Brunelle, and was completed under the superintendence of Mr. Duclos. The engines are by Mr. G. Bush, of Montreal, finished and adjusted for salt-water navigation; and the boilers were made on the Company's premises by Mr. Hicks. As soon as the launch was over, the *St. George* started on a pleasure trip down the harbour, with the guests on board. The latter have every reason to feel pleased that they had accepted the Company's generous invitation. A sumptuous champagne breakfast was served on board, and appropriate speeches were made by Messrs. Withall, Fabre, Duquet, &c. The *St. George* proceeded as far as St. Jean, where she remained about an hour, and then returned to the city, landing the guests—who were highly delighted with their trip and the entertainment afforded them—about half-past one p.m.—*Chronicle.*

A severe rain and hail storm prevailed on Saturday last, at Buffalo and Cleveland, doing an immense amount of damage to the shipping.

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at .... 7.00, a.m.
Mail Train .... 6.30, p.m.
Accommodation Train leaves at .... 1.45, p.m.
Arriving Morning Mail .... 10.5, a.m.
Mail, Evening .... 5.00, p.m.
" Night .... 9.00, p.m.

These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m., every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p. m.	12 30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and postpaid thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE THEATRE.—The Orphan of Geneva to night, with all the company and new scenery.

NEW SALOON.—We beg to direct the attention of our readers to Mrs. Grant's new saloon, on George street. It is one of the neatest fitted saloons in this city—and none but choice liquors are kept.

FOR THE MARKET.—Yesterday, Charles Aumond, left for Quebec with two large rafts of very superior White Pine Timber, which was got out on the Mattawan, last winter, and is of 70 feet average.

DON'T MISS THE BARGAIN.—Those who desire to secure a valuable lot in the most prominent part of the city, will attend the sale at 11 o'clock this a. m., on the corner of Metcalfe and Wellington streets.

ONCE AGAIN.—We most devoutly petition our civic functionary to visit Sparks street, (north side), from Elgin up to O'Meara's clothing establishment, perhaps a few feet or yards further would be of no harm, and perpetrate an act of humanity by straightening up our corduroy sidewalk.

VERY FLATTERING.—Burgess and La Rue's Minstrel Troupe open in Montreal for a few nights, on Saturday. The Quebec papers pronounce them the best Minstrels that have ever passed through Canada. Of course Cool is a gigantic professor of burnt cork—and would not run a company unless it classed A. 1. Mr. Grist, the Agent for this popular company is in town, stopping at the Albion.

MALICIOUS MAIMING OF A COW.—Yesterday it appears, some person, we believe a woman, wickedly and maliciously inflicted severe injuries on a cow, the property of Mr. James Green. The unoffensive beast had been brutally stabbed in the udder, and chopped with an axe on the side. We are told that the case has been confided to the hands of Detective O'Neil, and that we may expect to see the offender this morning at the Police court.

"PISCATORIUS."—This gentleman writes us, calling the attention of the police to the fact that on the evening of the 3rd, when the Band of the Rifles were playing on Major's Hill, a large number of boys annoyed the delighted audience by throwing stones into the bay beneath, to the imminent danger of many who were enjoying the double pleasure of "sweet music o'er the water." We mention this in hope the nuisance will be obviated in future. Pressure of Parliamentary matter must be our excuse for not publishing the correspondent's letter in full.

RELIEVED FROM DUTY.—Last evening the men of No. 1 Company were relieved from duty, after having stored their arms. Capt. Grant addressed a few well timed remarks to them, paying them a deserved compliment for their exemplary conduct, their attention to duty, and the zeal they had ever manifested to excel in all matters pertaining to military discipline. At the conclusion they gave three hearty cheers for Captain Grant, of whom they all speak in commendable terms.

ACCIDENT AT THE HOUSE.—About half-past seven o'clock last evening, as the Parliamentary buildings were being lighted up, an explosion of gas took place which completely carried away the stone steps at the Speaker's entrance of the Legislative Council wing. Through some defect in the pipe leading into that portion of the building, an escape of gas had taken place, completely filling the chamber under the steps, and as the young man opened the door leading thereto with light in hand, the explosion took place instantaneously with a fearful crash, but fortunately doing other damage. Work was immediately commenced to ascertain where the leakage had occurred.

STILL THEY COME.—Capt. Roy, of the Lower Town Hook and Ladder Company, called upon us last evening, and requested that we would gratefully acknowledge the receipt of $10, from Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, for services rendered at the recent fire on Rideau street, and at the same time to apologize for the seeming want of courtesy in not acknowledging its receipt before; the captain's absence from the city rendering it impossible for him to do so. Capt. Phelan, in behalf of the Ottawa Fire Company, also desires publicly to tender sincere thanks to Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay for a similar donation of $10, as a mark of appreciation of the services rendered by the Company at the same fire.

THE MARKHAM CAVALRY.—We yesterday had the pleasure of a visit from Capt. William M. Button, of the Markham Cavalry, the oldest and most effective troop of this essential branch of our western service men. The troop takes its date of organization as far back as 1810, then under the command of the late Capt. John Button, grandfather of the present Captain, and was called into service in 1812; continued on duty, and were very conspicuous during that war. Again, in 1837, when internal commotion disturbed the harmony of our country—the Markham Cavalrymen, leaped into the saddle, and with that spirit of loyalty that has ever characterized them, rendered the government efficient aid in putting down the rebellion. During the recent Fenian raid they were again called out, and the demand was scarcely made, when their appearance was fyled. The troop has heretofore only numbered 40 men, and Capt. Button's visit to the Capital has been for the purpose of augmenting the force by adding 10 or 15 more men to its ranks and for the arranging of its uniform, in which mission we are glad to announce he has been perfectly successful. To complete the outfit for active duty of this gallant old Company, there is but one thing necessary, and that is, to be supplied with about 25 of the Henry Repeating Rifles; they would then be complete, and when called into action be able to render a good account.

POLICE COURT.—Mrs. Cote lodged an informal complaint against her husband, Joseph Cote, for abusing her, and destroying the furniture,—to be taken up this morning. James McLaughlin and James Mulrooney were charged by Angeline Michaud with assault with intent, &c. She testified that she was walking a little below the Railroad Station last night about ten o'clock in company with Mr. William Pearce, when three men attacked her and her companion, that two of them seized and dragged her into the bush, throwing her down, but owing to the alarm given, used no further violence,—she did not think the prisoners were those men. William Pearce said that he was in company with last witness, that they were set upon as above stated, and while two men dragged the female into the bush, the other attacked him. The Magistrate remanded the prisoners for further examination till three o'clock p. m., when the prisoners were brought down from jail, and Cuthbert Bordeleau, a shoemaker, living in the neighborhood, being sworn, said the prisoners ran into his house a little after ten o'clock and appeared somewhat agitated, one of them asked to have his shoes repaired, and said he would leave them next Monday, heard a voice in the yard and then witness put out the light but the prisoners did not ask him to do so; the prisoners went up stairs and said they were afraid the constables might take them for some other persons. Constables Brown and Ritchie came to the house shortly after and found them partially undressed in a bunk, and arrested them. Case adjourned and prisoners admitted to bail till Saturday. Robt. Jessup who was arrested in the morning by Detective O'Neil was brought up, charged with taking $30 in bills and silver from John Dooley, while the latter was sleeping off the effects of too much strong drink the previous night in Cardinal's tavern. Dooley did not see nor feel him about his person. It appears that defendant has never been known to be guilty of a dishonest act. The case was adjourned till this morning,—bail was taken. During the above examination Mrs. Cote came into court in great trouble, to have a warrant signed for the apprehension of her husband, who was at that moment busily engaged in smashing up the furniture. The document was placed in the hands of a constable who proceeded at once to execute it.

NEWS ITEMS.

—There are 16,162 Freemasons in India.

—Victor Hugo asks £20,000 for his new novel called "Ninety-three."

—Rothschild refuses Austria a credit of five millions.

—The steamer *Moro Castle*, at New York, from Havana, brought 6,000,000 cigars—some smoke surely.

—Out of 220,000,000 passengers on British railways during the year 1865, only 15 were killed by accident.

—A Paris correspondent speaks of the fast tendencies of some American misses in that capital.

—A hall has recently been opened in Paris for "parlor skating." Good weather for such exercise.

—Letters from Italy mention that the flags of the Volunteers bear on one side the she wolf, and on the other the lion of St. Mark.

—The Duke of Edinburgh (Prince Alfred) has been elected honorary (young) fellow of the Geographical Society.

—The cholera has broken out again at Joddah, and at last accounts was doing a heat business, killing its hundreds a day.

—Dr. W. R. Brown, of St. Paul, announces 1,000 cart loads, said to contain $100,000 worth of furs, *en route* from Fort Garry.

—The correspondent of the *Cologne Gazette* in Mexico, M. Winckler, has just been expelled from that country by the Emperor Maximilian.

—The oil market at present is flat. We learn of one sale of 1,000 bbls at a shade less than $4 cash, delivered at the tanks, and another of 500 bbls at $5, at Wyoming.

—O'Connor, the young man who attempted the assassination of Warner, the Fenian informer, in Dublin, has been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

—In the House of Lords, the clause determining that executions shall hereafter take place privately, in the Capital Punishments Bill, was passed, on a division of 75 to 25.

—The New York *Herald* says, the Fenians will fight for some time to come with votes, not pikes. "Repeal of the neutrality laws," will now be the party cry.

—A shocking accident is reported to have occurred in Dakenfield Colliery, England. An explosion took place, from the result of which it is feared that 42 persons have been suffocated.

—An American paper says that five hundred white citizens in Texas have been indicted for murder since the collapse of the rebellion, and as yet without any of the parties being convicted.

—The polling days for North Oxford are the 11th and 12th: Dr. Clark is reported to have been very successful in his canvass. Mr. Oliver, says the *Globe*, "persists in running, and claims to be a Reformer." How impertinent.

—A great ocean race of tea ships is now being run from China to England. A prize of about $5,000 is given to the clipper which brings the first tea to England, $5 a ton being subscribed by the London tea merchants for that purpose.

—The *Leader* of Saturday announces that the City of Toronto and the Government are at loggerheads about the Island.—Keep cool—and after one or two more incursions on the part of Old Ontario, and there will be nothing to quarrel about.

—The Kingston *Whig* winds up a long, hot and cold milk-and-water tirade against Pic-Nics, by saying "the roughs and rowdies of the city care little for newspaper articles, and our present remarks will have no effect upon them." Quite likely,—Black Jack—they know who it comes from.

—In a conference of negro preachers in South Carolina, one of the preachers was charged with having two living wives, besides the one at present with him. The colored Bishop ruled that he must not "preach until he shall be relieved by Providence of his difficulties."

—Perhaps the most remarkable wedding anniversary on record has been celebrated at Olmutz, Bavaria. A landed proprietor of that place gave a *fete*, in honor of his golden-wedding, and the united ages of husband and wife amounted to two hundred years. He was 103 and she 97, and they were married in 1791.

A LUCKY WOMAN.—It is said that a poor widow residing in St. John's suburbs is about to enter into the possession of an inheritance valued at the enormous sum of eighty-four thousand pounds. The lucky woman is of Irish birth, but has resided a long time in Quebec, and was married to a French Canadian named Papillion. About two years ago, she learned that certain property in Ireland had been in the hands of administrators for many years, and that they were seeking an heir. She at once set to work to obtain the necessary documents to prove herself the rightful claimant, which she has succeeded in doing. She is said to be about to leave for Ireland in a few days in order to enter into possession. The ten thousand tongues of suburban rumor are busy with the event, and no wonder. Such good fortune is not of every day occurrence.—*Chronicle.*

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

OTTAWA, July 5, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$10 00	@	8 50
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 50	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
" Spring "	3 57½	@	3 8?
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal	3 75	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	None offering		
Barley " 48 lbs.			
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 10
Spring "	1 50	@	1 75
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 85	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 27	@	0 35
Beans " 60 lbs.	0 60	@	1 25
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 50	@	24 50
Prime Mess per do	61 40	@	18 40
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	17 00
Beef	9 00	@	10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@	0 00
Veal	0 10	@	0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@	0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 60	@	0 65
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 19
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 15
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 35	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	1? 00	@	0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 65	@	0 00

New York Markets.

New York, July 5.

STOCKS—Active and higher. Money 4 and 5 per cent. Sterling Exchange quiet at 108½.
GOLD—Opened and closed at 152½.
COTTON—Quiet at 36 to 38c.
FLOUR—Receipts, 13,735 barrels. Markets dull and drooping; $6.60 @ $8.00 for super State; $5.50 @ 5.80c for choice do; $6.60 @ 8.00c for super Western; $7.80 @ 10.10c for common to medium ex. western; $8.80 @ 10.25c for common good shipping brands for R. H. O. Canadian flour dull at $9.00 @ 10.35c for common, and $10.60 @ 13.90c for good to choice extra.
WHEAT—Receipts, 1,278,052 bushels. Market heavy at $2.00 for common Milwaukie Club; $2.20 @ 2.25 new No. 2 Milwaukie; and $2.40 @ 2.45c new for No. 1 do.
RYE—Quiet. Sales at $1.25.
BARLEY—Dull.
CORN—Receipts 599,651 bushels, closing firm at 84c @ 89c for unsound new mixed; 88 @ 89c for sound do; 95c for mixed yellow, and 20c for white.
OATS—A shade firmer at 50 @ 53c for new Western extra.
LATEST.—Flour closed dull and drooping; Wheat closed very heavy. Corn closed firm and active. Pork closed heavy—new mess $32.25. Lard closed dull and heavy at 19c @ 20c.

MARRIED.

At St. Stephen's Church, by the Rev. A. J. Broughall, assisted by the Rev. Alexander Williams, incumbent of St. Johns, Griffidus A. Mann, Esq., of Ottawa, C. W., to Christina Louisa, daughter of Stephen Oliver, Esq., of Toronto.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,
The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.
Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth! If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

The Buffalo brokers are running against each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, but the run is not compared with that after the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 166a

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.** In districts infested with chills and fever and billious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says: "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all billious cases, and consider them the best family medicine we have." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular emphasis. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as [illegible] of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

Davis' Pain Killer.
DeGraff, Ohio, June 12, 1863.

Gentlemen,—I have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer in my family for several years, and have always found it a reliable cure for Diarrhœa and Dysentery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Travellers cannot have by them a better friend in time of sudden attack of bowel complaint.

Yours truly,
J. H. Parke.

Note—It should be understood that the Pain Killer is administered internally as well as externally. 166a

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST- class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

LOST.—ON THE 21st INST., ABOUT 9 o'clock, p.m., a morrocco clasp purse, containing $16 in bills. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office. 170-2

MRS. GRANTS SALOON,
YORK STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Educational Institute of Central Canada.

THE THIRD GENERAL MEETING of the INSTITUTE will be held in OTTAWA, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 6th and 7th of July next, commencing at ten o'clock, a.m.

A PUBLIC MEETING will be held under the auspices of the Institute, on Friday evening, when the following gentlemen are expected to address the meeting:—Hon. Wm. McDougall, Hon. D'Arcy McGee, John Langton, Esq., M.A., late Vice Chancellor of the University of Toronto, and Rev. Dr. Jones.

The following papers will be read and discussed: "Presidents Address," by J. Thorburn, Esq., M.A., Head Master Ottawa Grammar School; "On a Few of the Weak Points of the School Law, by Rev. T. D. Phillipps, M.A., Principal of the Ottawa Classical and Commercial School; "Juvenile Delinquency," by Samuel Woods, Esq., M.A., Head Master of Kingston Grammar School; "The Study and Teaching of History," by the Rev. J. Whyte, B.A.; "The Position and Duty of the Teacher," by Mr. Wm. McKinnon, Common School Teacher, Nepean; "The Common School, of Ottawa," by Mr. Archd. Smirl, Common School Teacher, Ottawa.

All Teachers, male and female, Trustees, Local Superintendents, and others interested in education, are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN McMILLAN, B.A.,
Jel5-170-1 Secretary.

TO LEASE.—AN ELIGI- ble building lot on Rideau st., adjoining the store of Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, for a term of years. Apply to
MR. WM. CLEGG, SR.,
Or MRS. TOOMEY,
109-4 Cathcart St.

CARD OF THANKS.—The proprietor of the "Vienna House" begs to return sincere thanks to the officers and members of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, and to friends in general, for their strenuous efforts in saving the goods and furniture, and to acknowledge the careful supervision exercised by Capt. Graham, during the fire on Tuesday morning. 169-1

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS.
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

CARD OF THANKS.—Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay tender their most sincere thanks to the different Fire and Hook & Ladder Companies; also to their numerous friends for the exertions made by them in saving their premises from destruction by fire on the morning of the 3rd inst.
Ottawa, July 4. 168-4

LECTURES on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2·30 p. m., and 7 in the evening.
July 3. 167-tf

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

F. TRAUNWIESER,
Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jel1-148d

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of John Townsend.

The great sensational Drama of THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA positively for this night only. John Townsend will have the honor of appearing to-night in his celebrated character of Carwin, the Demon advocate.

Mr. W. A. Dixon as Delpare, the magistrate.
Mr. Harry Townsend as the Count de Morville.
Miss Florence Grosvenor in the highly interesting character of the Orphan.
Supported by Mr. Mortimer, Mr. Masters, Miss Constance Grosvenor, Miss Bertha Loraine, and the whole company.

On Friday Evening, July 6th,
Will be presented (for this night only), the great sensational drama (in three acts) entitled
THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA.
Carwin..........Mr. John Townsend
Therese..........Miss Florence Grosvenor
Supported by the whole company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.
A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.
A Ballad by Miss Adela St. Clair.
To conclude with
AN OBJECT OF INTEREST.
Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.
Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Ottawa, July 3. 16[illegible]
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

GRAND CONCERT!
A GRAND
Vocal and Instrumental Concert,
In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in
Her Majesty's Theatre!
On Tuesday ev'g. next, July 10th.
By kind permission of Major Newdigate, the Band of the P. C. O. Rifles will be in attendance, and perform several vocal and instrumental pieces from the operas.
Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.
To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme & Son's, Hope & Co.'s, Centre Town, and at the door.
Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
N.B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.
Ottawa, July 4. 168-td

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office, City of Ottawa, 30th June, 1866.

Adams Francis	Law Miss M C (Glos.)
Andrew John	Lawler J
Atkinson Neil	Letherland Wm
Atkinson Miss S A	Lee Miss J
Austin W A	Leaney Geo
Bawden W H	Lewis W
Burnett & Bannerman	Lewis John
Baker Samuel	Little James
Bartlett George	Little Robert
Barry Henry	Logan William
Beeston G	Lucas Miss F
Beswetherick Miss H	Lyons James F
Bell John	Marshall Miss A
Beaty Jas D	Major Joseph
Beaty Mrs James	Mann C H
Bean A, Rideau St	Merritt Francis
Billings Francis	Mitchell Jas J
Birks T	Montgomery Miss M A
Boyd Miss Ann	Montgomery D (ofToron.)
Boyd Ed, Barrister	Morel F D
Brennan John (canal B)	Murphy David
Brownlee Miss Lizzie	Murray A (Druggist)
Brown James	Murphy Ed
Brown Thos	Murphy Miss Julia A
Broker Mark	Murphy Wm
Brady James	Murphy Wm H
Buckley Joseph	Munroe Wm
Burdette Miss Jane	Munroe Jas H
Burke Martin	Mulvalo Jas
Cameron Miss Ellen	Mullins Bridget
Carpenter Thos	Nesbit Miss Rebecca
Carroll Jas (carpenter)	Nagle Mrs A
Campbell Mrs James	Nevin John
Caldwell & Errol	O'Brien Patrick
Childs Peter (Glos.)	O'Brien Michael
Clarke Geo W	O'Connor Jas
Cleary Thos	O'Connell John
Cleary C N	Oliver M D S V
Corey Miss Mary	O'Meara Miss Kate
Cox Miss M	O'Neil Mrs Edward
Collins Miss Elizabeth	O'Neil Henry
Cole Miss Florence	O'Reilly Eugene
Cozier Miss E	Park Matilda
Colville David	Patterson Wm W
Coughlin Mrs Daniel	Peterie Mrs Margt
Crookshanks Miss M	Pearson Henry
Craig Maria	Pollock Miss E
Cummings Isaac	Pratt Thos Henry
Cuthbert Mrs Ann	Pratt James
Culbert Mr. John	Richey Jas (Surveyor)
Day Alfred	Rilley Mrs Margt
Dagg Gunner Geo	Robinson Miss S
Dale William	Robertson Hugh
Dunn John	Roche Wm
Dunlop R	Rourke Michael
Edmonds John	Rose Thos
Edmondson James	Ross E Martha
Elsey Jas B	Ryan John
Erwin G	Scott E
Evans Miss S H	Seymour M
Farrel E J	Sharp John
Fitzsimmons Pat	Shean Jane (Gloue)
Fitzgerald W G	Sinclair J S
Flynn P	Smith D
Flood M	Smith R C
Flanory John	Summers Mrs Ann
Foote George	Spearman Miss Margt
Fowler John	Spear James
Fottnan Wm	Spectator "Editor"
Forson Mrs T	Staples Miss S E
Gamble Chas (Glos.)	Staples Miss Ruth M
Gardiner Jane Ann	Steele Sandy
Gibb J	Sullivan John (Glos.)
Griffin G W	Sweeney John (Painter)
Gordon Mrs	Swartzmore Mark
Gough W D	Taylor Geo (Glos.)
Grennar Mathew	Taylor Mrs (Murray St)
Grier Patrick	Tobin Chs
Guerin Mrs (Milliner)	Tracy John
Hanruth Patrick	Vanderson Mrs J W
Harvey Geo	Wallace Geo R
Harris Christopher	Wheeler Matthew
Hagarty Bernard	Whelan John H
Herbert Patrick	Willard Mrs Maurice
Heenan John	Winters Joseph
Henry John	Wilson D (carpenter)
Hewston Wm (Glos.)	Young Mr J
Hirch Mrs Chas E	Young Robert
Hodgins Thos	McAuley John
Hope R F	McCabe John (Nepean)
Hodgins Mary Ann	McCann Mrs Mary (do.)
Holmes David	McCaffery Wm, York St.
Hogan Mathew	McChesney Hamilton
Hogan Luke	McDermid H J
Hughes Susan	McDonald Thos
Hutton W H	McDougall J S
Hughes Noble	McDonald John
Hutchinson John	McDonald Ellen
Jackson Mrs Kate	McFail Mrs A
James James	McGar Miss Cath
Joiner Mrs Caroline	McGowan Miss E
Jordan Miss Fannie	McGregor R
Kennedy Wm (Nepean)	McGuire Thos G
Kenley Mrs Julia A	McKenzie A
Keys John	McLaren Henry
Keeler & Gaylord	McLellan Archie
Kenney Miss Lucy	McMillan John
King Richard	McTavish R R
King Geo	Initials.
Kirk Alonso	K W
Langdon Thos	F J L

G. P. BAKER,
167-3 Postmaster.

BOARDING.

LODGINGS TO BE LET.—A Gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with a comfortable sitting-room, and two bed-rooms, with use of kitchen. Apply to
MRS. TOOMEY,
169tf Cathcart Street.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HO- TEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-●

FRESH SALMON.

FRESH SALMON, THE PRODUCE OF the Moisie Fisheries, for sale by the undersigned, packed in ice in boxes, from one to ten fish each, as purchasers may desire.
Orders by letter or telegraph, or through Express Agents, will receive immediate attention.
A. FRASER & CO.
Moisie Fisheries Office, Quebec, 14th June, 1866. 154-c

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at
Reduced Prices!
Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.
SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.
Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS — NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLETE
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS
And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,
Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds
Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand.
Orders Promptly Attended to.
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of Building Lot
IN CENTRE TOWN.

H. McLEAN, ESQ., HAS RECEIVED instructions from the Trustees of Bank Street Presbyterian Church, to sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, a.m., (on the ground), tha very valuable Building Lot, 66 by 99 feet, situated on the corner of Wellington and Metcalfe Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Parliament Buildings. As a desirable site, it is only necessary to say that it is decidedly the best lot for business or commercial purposes now in the market, and parties desirous of purchasing would do well to give it due consideration.
Terms liberal, and made known at time of sale.
Ottawa, June 30. 165-[illegible]

NOTICE.
JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware,
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.
Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
A. ROWE,
138y Auctioneer.

NOTICE.
A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.
HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES- tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.
Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.
Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.
Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FA- vored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.
THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to
E. MILES.
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT
Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture
OF
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,
Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

CHEAP SALE.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF
BONNETS!
(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)
French and Scotch Printed Muslins!
At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.
COTTON GOODS!
PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!
Bought Recently at Panic Prices.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles: These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 44-6m

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.
THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
I Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.
CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
Ottawa, Agent,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!
Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!
ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech- Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!
25, Sparks Street.
Thomas Beament,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF
Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.
Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

New Bread & Biscuit Store.
THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO IN- form his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be
ONE PENNY CHEAPER
Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of
ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and
CRACKERS.
CHARLES HOY,
311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,
Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.
June 29. 164a

A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!
From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,..................from 2 cts up to 10cts.
Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to
RANKIN
FOR HIS
Cigars, Tobaccos,
MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.
JUST RECEIVED,
THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO
The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT
RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
NORTH SIDE,
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE ROY- AL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. The title is perfect, and immediate possession can be given. For terms and other particulars, apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,
Or E. M. HOPKINS, ESQ., Montreal.
Ottawa, June 5. 143-d

FOR SALE.—THE WEST- erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-tf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV- en, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.
GORDON B. McINTOSH,
Administrator.
Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT- MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO BAKERS.—WANTED AT THE Gatineau Mills, a [illegible]. Apply there or to Messrs. Gilmour & Co., Ottawa.
Gatineau Mills, [illegible] 1866. 163-[illegible]

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First- Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GRO- CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada.)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whisky.
Office: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,

ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY! FOR SALE, CONSISTING OF LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No-62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the REV. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866.

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any base, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1.—Vessels to make Quarantine.

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and frieght, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—Supplementary Inspection.

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—Establishment.

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorised to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Inspection and Superintendence.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
 Cabin passengers?
 Steerage passengers?
 Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—Vessels proceeding to Quebec.

In all case where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
 Cabin passengers?
 Steerage passengers?
 Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
102-tf C. E. C.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,.......(Building).......2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN,......(Building.)
PERUVIAN,..Capt. BALLANTINE...2600 Tons
MORAVIAN,.....Capt. AITON....2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN,....Capt. DUTTON....2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN,..Capt. WYLIE....2300 Tons
BELGIAN,......Capt. BROWN.....2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,.Capt. KERR.1784 Tons
DAMASCUS,.....Capt. WATT.....1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN.........................$66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE.............................$34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons,.......Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons,......Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons,......Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons,....Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiabl Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one-half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

PRAYER BOOKS,
(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)
OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

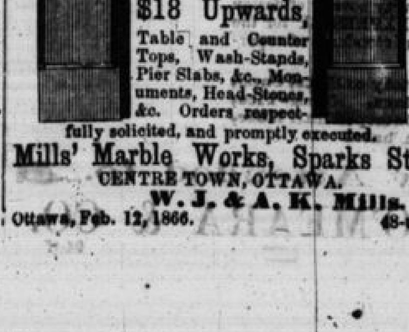
Groceries & Liquors.

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



fully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,
CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.
W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horns, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $8.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining Housekeeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

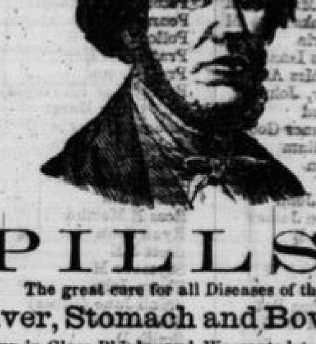
It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer,

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites
&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon it being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, Wm. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with, the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing, by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson, L. M. Gottschalk, Max Maretzek, S. Thalberg, Theodore Eisfeld, Wm. Mason, Herman Wollenhaupt, A. Borlli, Francis H. Brown, M. Strackosch, Wm. Henry Fry, Chas. Fradel,

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is round and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowing excelence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other tem of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

SOLE AGENTS:
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'
PATENT
Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years
No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

OUR AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO. When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO.
Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

VOL. I.
THE "OTTAWA
PUBLIS
EVERY MO
(Sundays Ex
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THE WEEKL
A Weekly Edition of the
lished every FRIDAY M
to Subscribers for $1 p
advance; if not paid in ad
The Weekly will co
of Foreign and Home Ne
Despatches, Local and F
will be a most valuable pa
others residing in the coun

LEGA

W. J. SCOT
ATTORNEY-AT-LA
Chancery, Conveyancer
Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau
Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. M
ATTORNEY-AT-LA
Chancery, Conveyance
side of York Street, two doors
Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CON
ATTORNEY-AT-LA
Chancery, Conveyancer,
OFFICE: Union Buildings,
February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & I
ATTORNEYS-AT-L
Chancery, Conveyancer
OFFICE: Post Office Buildi
E. B. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUC
ADVOCATE. Office
Street, Quebec. Mr. Bo
repared to attend promptly
Government employees, and
may entrust him. Mr. B. at
mit in and for the district of
December 28, 1865.

COLMAN &
ADVOCATES, Barris
neys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer
Mr. Wright will attend at
Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. McKA
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPH
BARRISTER, &c.,
Telegraph Buildings,
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS K
BARRISTER and
Solicitor in Chancery,
Office: Opposite Post Offi
Rooms lately occupied as the
Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOUL
BARRISTER-AT-L
Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildin
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL
BARRISTER, Attor
Office: Horne's Buil
and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865.

M. McLE
BARRISTER, Etc.,
OFFICES: Court House,
ham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Co
Ottawa.
February 7, 1866.

LEES & GE
BARRISTERS, A
Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Cour
ROBERT LEES.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. D
BARRISTER, Solici
Notary Public, Clerk of
Crown Attorney, for the Unit
and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court Hous
January 27, 1866.

CLEGG &
BARRISTERS and A
Solicitors-in-Chancery,
ies Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Build
Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK
BARRISTERS and A
Solicitors in Chancery
Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building,
Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

R. A. BRA
LAW, Chancery
OFFICE: Over
the Russell House, Ottawa, C
February 7, 1866.

T. G. HU
LAND Agent and Bro
lic, has removed his of
a few doors to the South of
is prepared to transact an
with the Crown Lands Depa
Land Claims, taking out Pa
any agency for parties havi
of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDIC

DR. OLIVER
DENTIST. Office
tral Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. M
DENTIST. Office
Messrs. Campbell & C
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M
HOMŒPATHIC Ph
and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block
the office at night.
References: Rev. George L
John Smith, Bowmanville;
Clarke; Duncan Campbell,
onto; John Hall, M.D., J. A
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WO
LATE of Quebec. R
Square.

DR. C. L
PHYSICIAN, Surge
OFFICE: No. 5, Russell
Street. Will be found at n
Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETL
PHYSICIAN, Surgeo
attending Physician to
tal. Office and residence,
Mosgrove Streets, nearly op
fin's. Entrance on Mosgrove
Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C.
PHYSICIAN, Surge
Ottawa, C. W. Day
Sparks Street, Center Tow
Residence, Maria Street, C
CANCERS CURED, without
new, but certain, speedy, a
cess. References given
treated, if required. The
Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J.
WELLINGTON St
of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'R
YORK Street, oppo
tel.
Ottawa, F. 7, 1866.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 17[illegible]. | OTTAWA C. W., SATURDAY JULY 7, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE "OTTAWA TIMES," PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (Sundays Excepted.) By GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor.

OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street.

Terms of Subscription:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

THE "WEEKLY TIMES."

A Weekly Edition of the Times will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE, ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT, ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week. JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street. Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House. Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street. Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON, BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD, BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W. ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal. January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa. WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

[illegible] A. BRADLEY, LAW, [illegible] and Conveyancing. Office: [illegible] opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W. February 7, 1866.

T. G. HURD, LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B., HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night. References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF, LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D., PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street. Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.* Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY, WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY, YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel. Ottawa, F[illegible] 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR, ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa. Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO., AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street. Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER, BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER, BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art. RULING done to any pattern. Particular attention paid to Map Mounting. Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON, BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY, CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY, CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street. Ottawa, March 29, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE, COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

[illegible] THOMAS E. BRUSH, GENERAL [illegible] Commission Agent, 3 Aumond's Buildings [illegible] Street. Agent for Royal Mail Line [illegible] Western Railroad, Vermont Central Railroad [illegible] May 11.

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS, Roofing Contractor, &c. CHURCH ST., OTTAWA. IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him. Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN, MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street. Agent for "Gleneross' Report of Fashions." Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention. Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE, P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa. P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents. Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES, PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge. Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN, PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to. They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa. Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets. W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S. F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S. Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL, AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr. December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments. Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada. March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler. January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel; (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL, (FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,) YORK STREET, OTTAWA. R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept. Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store, 39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS! ALSO, A CHOICE VARIETY OF FLOWER SEEDS!

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c. CHAS. AUSTIN. Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S Apothecaries Hall! 41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines! PROPERLY COMPOUNDED AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED! THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest English & French Chemicals, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &C. Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported. All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand. *ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN*, With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL! 29, Sparks Street.

Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c. Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, ... 1.00.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years. To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage. W. M. MASSEY, *Family and Dispensing Chemist*, 28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!! Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing. ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries. W. M. MASSEY, Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part: Campbell's Quinine Wine. Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair. Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c. Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public. Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia. Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt. W. M. MASSEY, Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store. 67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply Genuine Medicines, Pure Chemicals, Choice Perfumery, and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage. J. BROWN, Licentiate Apothecary. Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA DRUG WAREHOUSE, RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh. A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week. FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT. HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS. NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c. Just being opened up. JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D. P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis. Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES. THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the Ottawa Drug Warehouse. A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received. N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co., COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES, GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co., PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal. Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co., SUCCESSORS, to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of Four Dollars and Upwards. OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. H. V. NOEL, Manager. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME. Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.		At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.	
" " 1:45 p.m.		" " 5.00 p.m.	
" " 6.30 p.m.		" " 9:55 p.m.	
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.		At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.	
" " 2:20 p.m.		" " 5:00 p.m.	
" " 6:00 p.m.		" " 9:00 p.m.	

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening. *N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.* Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway. Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line. T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT. Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows: The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge. The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) ... $2.50

Steerage ... 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor. For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street. J. B. LAMERE, General Manager. Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company. 1866. UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE! CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City. On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather. Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily. For further particulars apply to G. R. NASH, MANAGER, Aylmer, C. E. Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a Garden & Nursery Within two miles of the city, In Gloucester, Green Field, County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq. MATHEW T. DeRINZY. Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street. my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street. my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street. N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c. DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Groceries, Liquors, AND PROVISIONS, Wholesale and Retail. SPARROW'S BUILDING, Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets, OTTAWA. February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS! WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware. DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS! *For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.*

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves! THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS. BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP! *LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!* COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION! Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN! *WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!*

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock! IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES. "THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. 35, *SUSSEX STREET.* H. MEADOWS & Co. Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO., Fresco Painters! —AND— GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS, OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE, CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge. December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL, J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean. This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors. Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL, LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city. Terms of Board moderate. May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE, LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support. JAMES E. GOUIN, *Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.*

JOHN MALTMAN, LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords. GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance. JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE. MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons. Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS. Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL, NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please. OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale. THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap. APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL, Or R. E. O'CONNOR. Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the World's Fair, London, 1862, The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865. As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

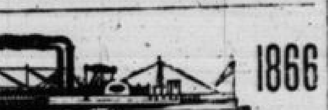
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St. Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired. 111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a WATER COOLER! [illegible] with Pure Pulverised Charcoal. BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our COOLERS! being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and TUB BATHS. Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen. A few of the celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand. STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c. At ESMONDE BROS', Sparks Street, Opposite Ontario Bank. Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

Important to Printers. PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit. Apply for information, (post paid) to W. B. HEALEY, Or to EGAR YIELDING. Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse, York street, Ottawa. Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.



1866 1866 THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers "QUEEN VICTORIA," ALEX. BOWIE, Commander. "PRINCE OF WALES," H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m. The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists. Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare. Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal. Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings. Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer. R. W. SHEPHERD. Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866. DICKINSON'S Rideau Passage & Freight Line, BETWEEN OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS "CITY OF OTTAWA," (CAPT. J. RYAN,) "BY-TOWN," (CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA" Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day. Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN" Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day. Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings. These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston. Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged. Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c. Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; Or to the Proprietor, M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE! [*Established in* 1844.] DICKINSON'S OTTAWA AND RIDEAU, AND 1866 1866. LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE. FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges, AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*. The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between OTTAWA AND KINGSTON, Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week. The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports. The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c. In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property. For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec; Or to the Proprietor, M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO 1866. 1866. STEAMBOAT COMPANY. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ...	———
ONTARIO, ...	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT, ...	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m.

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN, ...	—DEWITT,
EMPRESS, ...	Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East. Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money. This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to J. H. KELLY, AGENT. Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office. P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent. H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y. May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, &c. Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa. Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866. St. George's Hotel, CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next. OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley, Archery, Billiard Tables. ALSO, Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen. Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars. Polite and attentive servants only are engaged. O'NEILL & ABBOTT. Proprietors. June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL, (SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE. *Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.*

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the [illegible] June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance. TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies. Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public. SAMUEL BROWNING, Proprietor of Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, ST. LOUIS STREET, QUEBEC. THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found there. The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was [illegible] fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests. It is situated in a [illegible] and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL QUEBEC. The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment. W. RUSSELL & SON. Quebec, May 29. 137-[illegible]

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND. TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment. The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and a *month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England. REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION. HOWE & SON BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,

WE ARE NOW SELLING TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF BOOTS, SHOES, &C., At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS! Now is the Time for Bargains. G. HOWE & SON, 69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work OF A NEW DESIGN, AND WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store. MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit. RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker. Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of SATCHEL BROS. Ap19-104-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

LaRue's Minstrels—C. B. Griste, Agent.
Liquors, &c., for Sale—Joseph Phelan.
Card—C. E. Brush.
Land Scrip for Sale—E. J. Chesley.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 9,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line,........ 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 7, 1866.

The discussion on the tariff was again postponed, and the House adjourned at an early hour last night, to allow members an opportunity of mastering the details of the estimates which are to be distributed this morning.

Among all the objections urged against the new tariff there appears but one, that of endangering Confederation, which finds anything like a general acceptance among the different classes of opponents to the ministerial policy. That objection, started first, if we mistake not, by the Toronto *Globe*, has already been reechoed by several commercial bodies in different parts of the country, and were it to be estimated by the weight of authority with which it is supported it might be acknowledged to have some degree of force in it. But the terms in which it is stated, are so much at variance with the progress of events in this and the neighbouring Provinces, that it is a matter of surprise it should ever have been raised; for while the Confederation scheme is rapidly being matured, without reference to the present commercial laws of either of the separate Provinces, it is absurd to suppose that an approach by Canada to that scale of Customs imposts, which it is understood will be adopted when the Confederate Constitution is in force, could by any means be construed into a movement against it. It might, perhaps, be questioned whether, since there must be a change of tariff after Confederation, it would not have been wiser to have left undisturbed the old system, as frequent alterations in duties tend always more or less to disturb the operations of trade; but since the change now introduced is one in the direction in which the Confederate tariff will but go a step further, we think the progress by easy stages more favorable to the general interest of trade than a sudden change. Were it otherwise, however, the fact that Canada is now without the advantages of the Reciprocity Treaty, and compelled by force of circumstances to adapt her commercial legislation to her new requirements, ought to be ample justification for the course of the Government.

Another, and not a very creditable line of argument indulged in by the opponents of Mr. Galt's policy, is to hold that gentleman alone responsible for the measures initiated on behalf of the Government through his department. The *Globe* even goes the length of confiding to the public a revelation of the Attorney-General's private opinion of the rashness of his colleague's plans, and pretends that the former is frequently compelled to forego "his better judgment" for the sake of maintaining, in the Cabinet, the only man in the party capable of grappling with financial questions; insinuating, in fact, that Mr. Galt and not the Government should be condemned, just as in a previous issue, when forced to admit that there were many good things in the tariff, that it was, on the whole, a step in the right direction, yet, Mr. Galt should be denounced for having introduced it at this particular time, under the circumstances and in the manner which he did! In thus gratifying an ill-concealed personal hatred, under cover of discussing a vital question of public policy, the *Globe* gives additional force to the member for Lambton's version of the causes which led to the resignation of the late President of the Council; and we cannot but conclude, after a careful perusal of the several articles which recent issues of that paper have contained on the various subjects embraced in the Financial policy of the Government, that, as Mr. McKenzie said of the other event alluded to, "personal animosity" has had much to do with them.

Great stress has also been laid upon certain undefined claims, which the Reformers of Upper Canada are said to have upon the Coalition, and which are now being shamefully outraged, if we can believe the *Globe*, by the course the Government is pursuing. Our contemporary appears to have forgotten that there are still three gentlemen at the Executive Council board whose zeal for the interests of the Reform party may reasonably be presumed to be as warm as its own; gentlemen who have long served in the ranks of that party, and given it many proofs of their devotion. How comes it, therefore, that they look quietly on and allow Mr. Galt to perpetrate "breaches of faith" by the dozen?—The present Postmaster General once held the responsible position of Minister of Finance; he is still, if we mistake not, one of the leading commercial men of the Western Capital, and it cannot be presumed that he would surrender his own conviction of what is due to the best interests of the country, merely at the bidding of Mr. Galt. Neither should our contemporary insinuate that the Provincial Secretary and the President of the Council have abandoned those views on questions of finance and trade, which they have so long held in common with itself.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, July 5th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Among the Petitions presented were several for revising the charter of the Toronto and Owen Sound Railway.

First Reading.

Hon. N. F. BELLEAU introduced a bill to amend the Charter of the Quebec Bank.

Reports of Committees.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN, from the Private Bill Committee, reported the following bills:—

Bill to ascertain the proprietorship of the Commons of Berthier and Isle du Pads, with amendments.—Amendments to be considered to-morrow.

Bill to enable the Corporation of the Town of Belleville to purchase ground for a Cemetery, &c., with amendments.—Amendments concurred in and the bill ordered for a third reading on Monday.

Bill to enable the Trustees of the Scotch Church of Woodstock, to sell certain lots of land, with amendments.—Amendments concurred in and bill ordered for a third reading to-morrow.

Bill to incorporate the Belleville and Marmora Railway, with amendments.—Amendments concurred in and bill to be read a third time on Monday next.

Bill to vest certain lands in the Church Wardens of St. James Church, Toronto, without amendments.—Third reading to-morrow.

Message.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU announced a message from His Excellency.

The SPEAKER submitted the message, transmitting copy of the Adjutant-General's Report.

First Reading.

The SPEAKER announced a message from the Assembly, with a bill to admit Hewitt Bernard a member of the Law Society of Upper Canada, and to the practice of law in that part of the Province.—Second reading to-morrow.

Winter Navigation of Lower St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST moved for a Select Committee, to inquire and report whether or not it would be practicable for ocean steamships to navigate that part of the river St. Lawrence which lies below the harbors of Bic and Father Point, and to cross the Gulf of St. Lawrence in going to and from those parts in winter, and that such Committee be composed of the Hon. Messrs. Armstrong, Bosse, Ryan, Olivier and the mover. Upon the suggestion of several members, the hon. mover willingly agreed to amend the motion so as to extend the inquiry to other ports than those named, and in fact consented that it should embrace the whole coast below Quebec; also as to the best means of protecting vessels from damage by ice. He also agreed to add Messrs. Price and Gingras to the Committee, and at the suggestion of Hon. Mr. Moore the Committee was empowered to send for persons and papers.

In making his motion the hon. member stated that he considered the interests involved in the proper solution of the inquiry as of the utmost importance. For many years it had been a moot point among persons deemed to be good judges whether the Lower St. Lawrence could be navigated in winter. Some said that it could, and others that it was not possible to do so with safety. Others doubted, but it seemed to be very generally believed that it could be done all the year round except in the months of January and February, and even with respect to these two severe month, there were very reliable practical men who asserted that with proper appliances it could be done even in those two months. It would certainly not be denied that if the St. Lawrence could be navigated all the year through with the exception of two months, an immense advantage would be gained by this country, since during nearly six we had to seek an outlet through a foreign land. A special committee of this House had examined into this subject in 1860 upon a motion of his honor the present Speaker. That Committee had made long and patient researches, and had brought up a report which recommended the adoption of certain measures in order to test the practicability of the matter, and he would now beg to call the attention of the House to the said report. The Boards of Trade of Quebec and Montreal had also interested themselves in the subject, and they also appeared to regard such navigation as practicable. Then there had been public meetings at Rimouski and Bic to consider the object, and Committees appointed, one of which had reported by resolutions, one of which was to the effect that after taking the testimony of experienced pilots they were of opinion that in every month of the year save January and February the St. Lawrence was navigable from Father Point to the Gulf, and that the said place offered a very favorable site for a harbour of refuge. The report also went so far as to say that the committee considered navigation as possible even in the two months supposed to be doubtful. A steamer had for some years crossed the St. Lawrence at Lachine, and even at Quebec where the tide was so strong and the current so great an enterprising citizen had kept the ferry open during the whole of the winter before last by means of a small steamer called the *Arctic*. This was done by private enterprize, but when the question related to the whole commerce of the country, and securing a route in winter independent of a foreign nation he thought the subject important enough to invoke the attention of the Legislature. There seemed to be little doubt that Father Point could always be reached, and if so a short railway extension would put us in communication with the sea. He did not say he had entire confidence in the project, but he was willing to allow his doubts to remain in suspense, and to advocate the experiment. For this reason he would give his best efforts to procure the most reliable information, and if the result should be favorable they would be amply rewarded. (The hon. member here read a portion of the report to which he had already alluded.) This report had been sent to His Excellency, and if he remembered right the Hon. Commissioner of Public Works then seemed disposed to test the matter by experiment, but delays had intervened, and more important things had probably occasioned it to be lost sight of. He hoped however, that the House would grant the Committee. It was not intended to incur expense by bringing persons from a distance but to endeavour to get at the information with as little cost as possible.

Hon. Mr. BOSSE did not suppose that the navigation itself was impossible, but the difficulty would be found in providing suitable wharfage. If a place could be found for a harbor or wharf, where vessels could always get alongside and be safe, he believed the other obstacles could be overcome.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said that as the hon. member had consented to amend the motion so as to embrace in the enquiry the whole of the localities below Quebec, he would go heartily for it. He would, however, suggest that two other hon. members should be added to the committee, viz: Hon. Messrs. Price and Gingras, (which, as stated above, were also put on.)

Hon. Mr. PRICE said he had lived for about nineteen years at the Saguenay, and had never known that a boat could cross to the south side until about the beginning of March.—During the rest of the winter the river was covered with immense fields of ice, through which water could seldom be seen. But even if vessels could come up to Father Point, he doubted whether importers would be willing to bring their goods that way. It had been said that salt water ice was easily broken, and it was of course true that fresh water ice was much stronger, but still water became exceedingly thick by the action of surf swells beating on the shore. Even at Gaspe, vessels could hardly come in, and at Prince Edward Island it was only once or twice in winter that they could cross over to the main land. Vessels might get up the Saguenay, as it was a very deep river, with deep banks, and it had been proposed to land troops there in case they were wanted in Canada, but without railway or other adequate means of transport they would be as far away in point of time as if they were marching up from the Lower Provinces. Of the ports named he thought Bic the best.—He was glad, however, that the subject had been taken up and he had no doubt the Government would do what was proper in the circumstances. (The hon. member being at the far end of the room was very indistinctly heard.)

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER said that on the 28th December, the *Persia* had landed troops at Bic, but had anchored out too far. If she had come nearer they would all have been landed in ten hours. For many years he had known schooners leave L'Islet and go coasting about in March, and if this could be done by small frail vessels, how much more safely could it be by large steamers expressly adapted for the same.

Hon. Mr. PERRY did not very well see the necessity of prolonged discussion, since all seemed to be agreed upon the propriety of appointing a committee. They asked for no money, and the subject they proposed to investigate was one of the greatest importance to the country, especially to Lower Canada. Few persons could have believed some years ago that the St. Lawrence could be crossed at Quebec by a steamer in winter, yet it was now done with regularity and safety, and it was not at all impossible that the Lower St. Lawrence could be navigated in the same manner at that season.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER said, he had always been favorable to a thoroughly practical investigation of the subject now before the House, but the Government had the best means at their disposal for making it and that was by employing one of their steamers for that purpose. It was once thought impossible to cross the St. Lawrence, and the very proposition was regarded as wholly unreasonable. However, the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railway Company with which he was connected, resolved to make the experiment, and it was found not only practicable, but it was perfectly successful. When the people at Quebec heard this, they determined to try it there too, notwithstanding the greater difficulties, and it had also been accomplished. Now if the Government would make the experiment with respect to the Lower St. Lawrence, by sending one of their steamers duly prepared, and put a man of courage on board, who would not be easily frightened, he thought it probable the result would be satisfactory. The matter was of such importance that he thought it was well worth the while risking the value of a steamer in order to put it beyond doubt. If it were successful, the railway would soon be extended to the harbour, and would again very strongly recommend the Government next winter, to make the experiment. It was not possible to determine the question satisfactorily upon the opinions of persons residing along the shores, but so far as he had been able to get at such opinions, they were generally in favor of the possibility of a safe winter navigation of that part of the St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD said, this was a subject in which the trade of the whole Province was greatly interested, and the hon. member who had brought up the motion, deserved thanks for it. He thought however that the investigation should not be restricted to the vicinity of Bic or Father Point, but should embrace the whole southern coast below Quebec down to Father Point. He had been informed by old pilots, that the river might be navigated up to Indian Cove in winter (4 miles below Quebec) and if this were correct, the advantages would be incalculable. He entirely agreed with his hon. friend (Ferrier) in the propriety of the Government testing the matter by sending down a screw steamer there, next winter. This was the only effectual way of disposing of the question. The steamer could be strengthened expressly for the purpose. The hon. member then related several instances of vessels having sailed at the end of December from Quebec, and safely made the voyage home.

Hon. Mr. RYAN also approved very highly of the suggestion of hon. Mr. Ferrier, and added jokingly that the committee might be sent down in the steamer to investigate for themselves. But seriously he hoped the government would take the matter and give a pledge to the House that they would make the experiment recommended. The motion was then put and carried in its amended form.

First Reading

Hon. Mr. McMASTER introduced a bill to amend the Canada Land Company's Act Second reading on Monday next.

North Shore (Quebec) Turnpike Trust.

Hon. Mr. PRICE moved for the second reading of the bill to amend the North Shore Turnpike Trust Act.

Hon. Mr. BLAIR inquired of the Speaker if such a bill could originate in this House. Was it not a money bill? He understood it was to replace some debentures which had been lost.

Hon. Mr. PRICE said the bill was for the purpose of accounting to the owner of four debentures which had been stolen, but never presented or paid by the Trust, so it was not for raising money but for making a payment which was already due. The old debentures would be cancelled in the books, but before their value was accounted for, the matter would be published six months in the *Gazette*.

The SPEAKER decided that it was not a money bill in the sense which would make it objectionable to introduce it in this House. It was simply for devising a mode of giving relief to parties entitled to receive it, and required no vote of public money or the imposition of taxes.

The bill was then read and referred to a select committee of Hon. Messrs. Panet, Bosse, Le Tellier, Belleau, Duchesney and the mover.

Printing.

On motion of Hon. Mr.   the second report of the Joint Committee on Printing was then brought up for consideration and adopted.

The House adjourned at 5 o'clock.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, July 6th.

The SPEAKER took the chair at a quarter past three o'clock.

A number of petitions and reports from committees were presented.

Several bills were introduced and read a first time. Hon. Mr. CARTIER introduced a bill to amend Chapter 2 of the present session. He explained that the object of the bill was to put foreigners and British subjects on the same footing as to trial for treasonable offences.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER presented the first report of the standing committee on Railways and Telegraph lines.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

To amend the act respecting Attorneys-at-Law—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

An Act respecting the building and repair of churches in Lower Canada.—Mr. Bellerose.

To amend the law of crown and criminal procedure, and evidence at trial.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD moved the second reading of the bill to amend certain Acts respecting the College of Regiopolis, and to confer the power and privileges of an University on the same.

After some conversation, the bill was read a second time, and referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

On the orders of the day being called,

Hon. Mr. BROWN called the attention of the House to the large number of important changes which had been made in the tariff, of which the House was entirely ignorant, until the resolutions were distributed last evening. Several items, such as the duty on butter and cheese, had never been mentioned in the Finance Minister's speech.

Hon. Mr. GALT explained that he had not the opportunity of revising the latter part of the report of his speech, published in pamphlet form, and while he gave great credit to the reporters for general accuracy, he believed that some points had been overlooked. The remarks regarding tobacco had been altogether misapprehended. In comparing his repeated remarks with the resolutions he admitted there were one or two important differences, but he had in these particulars been misreported. In the evening he would have all estimates except those for the Militia Service before the House.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said he did not understand from his recollection of the speech, that the Minister of Finance had stated his intention of making any change in the Tobacco duty.

Hon. Mr. GALT said as a proof of the correction of what he had previously stated, he now held in his hand the memorandum from which he spoke, and which the hon. gentleman was welcome to look at.

Hon. Geo. BROWN enquired of the Attorney-General whether the Schedules for the Local Constitutions were yet ready.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD—They are not.

Hon. Mr. BROWN enquired when they would be ready.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD—They will be printed and distributed at the earliest possible moment.

Hon. Mr. BROWN explained himself as not satisfied with the explanation.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said if the government did submit the resolutions without the schedule they would only be following the practice of the English government, with regard to the Reform Bill which they had introduced before submitting their plan for redistributing the seats. He held the opinion before, and he held it still, that the schedule was by no means necessary to the discussion of the Local Constitution. It did not affect at all the constitution of the Lower Canada constitution; it did not affect the principle of responsible government, and it did not affect many other questions involved, still he had promised that the schedule would be brought down before the resolution was discussed, and he repeated that it would be brought down at the earliest opportunity, and the resolutions would be taken up on Tuesday.

The House then went into Committee of the whole on the act to amend the law relating to patents of invention.—Committee rose and reported the bill, which was read a third time.

The House went into Committee of the whole on the bill respecting the Court of Queen's Bench for Lower Canada.

The bill passed through Committee after considerable discussion between the legal members on both sides.

The bill to incorporate the St. Patrick's Hall Association was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. McGEE moved the second reading of the bill to amend the act respecting emigrants and quarantine—Carried.

The act for indemnifying the members of the Executive Government for unavoidable departure from the Audit act, was read a second time.

The bill to enable the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, Montreal, to sell certain real estate, and the bill to amend the act incorporating the Mercantile Library Association of Montreal (Hon. Mr. Rose) were passed through Committee.

The bill to attach a part of the Township of Aylmer to the Parish of St. Videl de Lambton, and the bill to attach a part of the Township of Broughton to the Parish of St. Frederic, County of Beauce (Mr. Taschereau) passed through Committee, as were also the following:

To incorporate the College of St. Jerome in the Township of Berlin—Mr. Bowman.

To divide the Township of Wawanosh into separate municipalities—Mr. Dickson.

To confirm the will of the late Robert Jackson of the Township of Scarborough—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

The following bills were read a second time:

To erect the Township of Wickham into two separate municipalities—M. J. B. E. Dorion.

To incorporate a Bank under the name and style of the Simcoe County Bank.—Mr. Ferguson (South Simcoe).

To incorporate the Village of New Edinburgh—Mr. Currier.

To legalize By-Law No. 7, appropriating a certain sum of money for the construction of several roads and harbors in the County of Bruce.—Mr. Dickson.

To incorporate the Ottawa Natural History Society.—Mr. Morris.

To incorporate the Town of Bothwell, and to define the limits thereof.—Mr. McKellar.

To revive and continue the powers of the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.—Mr. Smith (East Durham).

To make valid the Will of George Desbarats in Upper Canada—Mr. Street.

To authorise the Wyoming Petroleum Company, to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of London.—Hon. Mr. Carling.

To authorize the Corporation of St. Vincent to construct a Habour and impose dues, and for other purposes.—Mr. Jackson.

The Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company Capitalization Arrears Act, 1866.—Mr. Wood.

To incorporate "The Dresden Great Western Oil Company."—Mr. Magill.

To provide for the Sale of the Rectory Lands of this Province.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To legalize By-Law number one hundred and sixteen of the Corporation of the Township of Bayham, and to declare the Debentures issued under the said By-Law legal, valid, and binding on the said Corporation.—Mr. M. C. Cameron.

To incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company.—Mr Currier.

To erect the Township of Clifton into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. J. B. E. Dorion.

To amend the Church Temporalities Act.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at eight o'clock.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved the concurrence of the House in the remaining items reported from Committee of supply.—Carried and items passed.

Hon. A. T. GALT laid on the table the continuation of the estimates for the year ending 30th June 1867, and explained that as the printed copies would not be ready for distribution for a couple of hours, he would leave it to the House to say whether he should go on with the tariff or adjourn.

Amid loud cries of "adjourn," "go on," the former appearing to predominate, the Speaker declared the House adjourned at 20 minutes to nine o'clock.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Fire in New Orleans.

Fire in Cherry Valley.

Fire in Cincinnati.

NEW ORLEANS, 4th.—The Odd Fellows Hall, the most magnificent building in the city, with the exception of St. Charles Hotel, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $300,000.

CHERRY VALLEY, N. Y., 5.—All the buildings on North side of Main st., were destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $100,000.

CINCINNATI, 6.—The brick house occupied by S. S. Carpenter, and Dr. Wheeler, was destroyed by fire on Third street.—Loss, 15,000.

The total loss by fire at Lawrenceburg, Ind., will reach $100,000. 21 buildings were consumed.

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, 5.—Hopes are now entertained that Gen. Lane will recover,—he is conscious and able to speak.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, 5.—Matamoras dates to 3rd inst., are received. Juarez has been sent for to establish his Government at Matamoras. The Liberals are now confident of capturing Monterey.

PORTLAND, Me., 6th.—Five car loads of provisions came down from Boston last night, and are being distributed to the people. Large arrivals of supplies have come in from various places. Workmen are busy clearing the ruins, and everybody is at work getting in temporary residences and places of business. No one is suffering for food, owing to the noble charity of other towns and cities.

—A man in Troy, N.Y., while digging a well lately, shovelled out $3,000 in gold, and a lot of spoons.

ESTIMATES.

The following is a continuation of the estimates of the Province of Canada, for the financial year ending 30th June, 1867,—laid before the House last night:

Canals.

To meet damages caused by the construction of the Beauharnois Canal, $4,000.

Harbors, Piers, and Rivers.

For repairs to Piers below Quebec, $2,000; For the removal of Piers lying in the St Lawrence opposite St. Anne de la Perade, $1,000.

Light Houses.

For the construction of Light Houses, $7,000.

Slides and Booms.

For works connected with the descent of timber on the Ottawa and its tributaries, $22,500.

Public Buildings.

Towards the completion of the Parliament and Departmental buildings at Ottawa, $500,000; For the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, at Ottawa, $25,000; Towards the completion of the Reformatory Prison at St. Vincent de Paul, $56,000; For the Marine Hospital, Quebec, $6,000; For Prison on Manitoulin Island, $5,000.

Miscellaneous.

Arbitration and awards, $10,000; Surveys and Inspections, $5,000.

To be taken from Special Fund.

From Upper Canada Building Fund:—Towards the enlargement of the Toronto Lunatic Asylum, $50,000; From Building and Jury Funds:—Towards the construction of the Quebec Jail, $10,000; Towards the construction of St. Francis District Jail, $5,000; For the Court House and Jail at Magdelen Islands, $3,200; For the St. Scholastique Court House and Jail, $1,500; To pay the balance due on allowance to County Court Houses, $18,000. From Normal School Building Fund:—For the Govt. House, Montreal, $8,000.

Rents, insurances, and repairs of Public Buildings, $40,000.

Roads and Bridges.

Colonization Roads of Upper Canada, $50,000; " " Lower Canada, $50,000; For completion of the Metapedia Military Road, $9,000; For Monck Military Road, $10,000.

Ocean and River Steam Service.

Tug service between Montreal and Kingston, $12,500; Provincial Steamers, $75,000.

Light Houses and Coast Service.

Trinty House, Quebec, $45,536; Trinty House, Montreal, $25,770; Arrears from 1865-6, $1,949; Inland Lake and River Lights, $40,000; Allowance to Pierre Brochu for residing at Lake Matopediac, on the Kemp Road, to assist travellers thereon, $100.

Do to Marcel Brochu, do at Petit Lac $100; do to Jonathan Noble, do at LaFourche, do. $100; do to T. Evans, do at Assametquagan, do $100; proportion of expense of maintenance of Light Houses on Islands of St. Paul and Scatterie, $2,500; towards the construction of a Light House on East Point of Prince Edward Island, $1,500.

Culling Timber.

Salaries and contingent expenses of the Supervisor of Cullers' offices at Quebec and Montreal, $75,000.

Fisheries.

Upper and Lower Canada, including bounties, $25,000.

Railway and Steamboat Inspection.

Railways, $4,000; steamboats, $6,500.

Miscellaneous.

To supply blankets to aged and destitute Indians of Upper and Lower Canada, $1,160; miscellaneous printing, $5,000; advertisements and subscriptions, *Canada Gazette*, $6,500; postage of do., $1,200; shipping master's office, $1,200; unforeseen expenses, $60,000; seignorial indemnity to townships, $40,000; to pay Wm. Head in remission of penalty and costs incurred by forfeiture of his recognizance to appear as a witness at the Court of Queen's Bench, Montreal, in 1865, $142; disinfectants, $1,000; detective and secret service, $100,000; municipal claims, Lower Canada, to be hereafter paid by Lower Canada, $35,000.

Collection and Management of Revenue.

Customs (exclusive of duties refunded) $330,000; excise, $120,000; post-office—ordinary expenditure for the year, $321,000; railway and steam service, $274,000.

Territorial surveys, Upper and Lower Canada, at $14,000 each, $28,000; miscellaneous expenditure, $110,000; Canadian land and emigration Co., (whereof $5177.88 has been expended in 1866), $18,106.25; stamps, $5000; fines and forfeitures, $7,000.

Public Works—Maintenance, $125,000; repairs, $125,000; collection and miscellaneous, $45,000.

Amount of estimates previously submitted, $1,963,059. Total, $4,936,162.25.

THE WHISKEY SPECULATIONS IN HAMILTON.

Charles Magill, M. P. P. for Hamilton, whose name has figured conspicuously, since the new tariff came into force, as having made some speculation in whiskey, by having been placed in possession of the change about to take effect, in a very distinct manner denies the charge in the Hamilton *Times*, as follows:

"SIR,—As my name has lately been freely mentioned in connection with speculations in whiskey, I beg to state that I am not the proprietor of any quantity of that article, small or great, nor have I ever in my life sold whiskey, or made a cent by any transaction therein, or by any other person acting in my behalf.

"CHARLES MAGILL.

"Hamilton, July 3, 1866."

TERRIFIC HURRICANE.

(From the Oil Springs Chronicle.)

A terrific tornado swept over this village on Monday afternoon last, which for destructive fury has never before been equalled. It occurred at about one o'clock p.m. The rain poured down in torrents, the lightning flashed with fearful distinctness, and the wind howled in fearful gusts. The scene was one of thrilling grandeur. Fortunately the storm lasted but for about thirty minutes, when the atmosphere became again clear.

During the progress of the hurricane, however, a great amount of damage was done to property, but we are happy to say no very serious accidents to life or limb have occurred.

The chief damage was the blowing over of Coulson's new hotel, upon which the carpenters were just putting the roof. Fortunately the workmen had not returned from dinner, or we might have had to deplore a serious loss of life. As it was, one man who was in the building, had a narrow escape. His name is Hagerty, and strange to say, although the immense mass of timbers fell upon and around him, he was yet able to crawl out from amongst the *debris*, with but very little injury. Dr. Beaton was in attendance promptly, and rendered the necessary surgical assistance. The wreck of the hotel is complete, not a single timber being left standing. The loss will be heavy, and will fall chiefly upon the contractor, Mr. R Clow, with whom we deeply sympathize. The *Chronicle* and store of Messrs. Keating and Perry, situated within 28 feet of the hotel, fortunately escaped injury from the falling building as if by miracle. Keating & Perry lost a quantity of glassware, which was knocked off the shelves by the crashing of the falling timbers upon the side of the building. Mr. O'Grady's derrick, on the south side of Main street, was blown down, and fell across Main street. Fortunately no person was passing at the time. A derrick, belonging to the Wyoming Rock Oil Company, was also blown over. The paint shop of Mr. Taylor, situated on the east side of the creek, was blown down and is a complete wreck, Loomis' derrick, and a derrick belonging to the Toronto Rock Oil Company were also blown over. Trees fell in every direction, and it was reported that a man and two children were injured by a falling tree, but the report has not been corroborated. The thermometer, previous to the storm, stood at over 100 degrees in the shade.

One day a woman went to Brigham Young for counsel touching some alleged oppression by an officer of the church.—Brigham, like a true politician, assumed to know her; but when it became necessary to record her case, hesitated and said:—"Let me see sister,—I forgot your name." "My name!" was the indignant reply; "why I am your wife!" "When did I marry you?" The woman informed the "President," who referred to an account book in his desk, and then said: "Well I believe you are right. I knew your face was familiar."

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LOCAL NEWS.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE, CENTRAL CANADA.

The second semi-annual meeting of the above Institute, was held in the Mechanics' Hall this morning, at 10, a.m. The President, J. Thorburn, Esq., M. A., in the chair. The meeting was opened with prayer, after which the minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

We noticed present on this occasion, S. Woods, Esq., M. A., Head Master Kingston Grammar School, as a delegate from the Kingston Branch Association; Rev. J. Whyte, of Osgoode, W. M. Elliott, B. A., of Metcalf G. School, Rev. Mr. Hall, B. A., of Perth Grammar School, Rev. J. D. Phillips, M. A., A. B. Webster, M. A., and other leading teachers of this city, and from various sections of the country.

The following notices of motions were laid on the table, for consideration this afternoon.

Mr. Woods—To exempt the salary of Teachers throughout Upper Canada from assessment.

Mr. Robertson—To cause City Local Superintendents and those of large towns to be elected by the City or Town Council, instead of the Board of Trustees.

The following programme of proceedings was adopted by resolution:

1. Rev. Mr. Whyte's paper to be read at 2 p.m.
2. Mr. Wood's paper " 3 p.m.
3. Miscellaneous business.
4. Public Meeting in the evening at 7 p. m.
5. Rev. Mr. Phillips' paper at 10 a.m. Saturday.
6. Mr. McGibbon's " " 11 "
7. Mr. Shirit's, " " 12 "

On motion of the Rev. Mr. Whyte the meeting then adjourned till 2. p. m.

Afternoon Session.

Chair taken at 2. p.m.

The minutes of the morning session were read and adopted. The Rev. Mr. Whyte read a very interesting and instructive paper on "The Study and Teaching of History." Messrs. Thorburn, Woods, Phillipps, and Webster, took part in the criticism of this essay, and a considerable amount of interest was manifested in the course of the debate.

Mr. Woods, of Kingston read an excellent paper on "Juvenile Delinquency." Messrs. Whyte, Hart, Elliott, and Phillipps, took part in the debate and criticism of this essay.

Moved by Mr. Woods seconded by Mr. Robertson, that a Committee consisting of Messrs Thorburn, Phillipps, and the mover, be appointed to confer with the Committee now revising in Parliament the Assessment law of Upper Canada with a view of exempting teachers to the amount of $1000 from taxation.

Moved by Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Elliot, that in the estimation of this association the present system of appointing Local Superintendents by the Boards of Trustees, in cities and large towns, has worked injuriously to the common schools of towns, from the fact that Superintendents are too much subjected to the influences of said Boards, and that a Committee, consisting of the mover, Messrs Elliot and McMillan, be appointed to memorialize the Council of Public Instruction for said appointments to be made by the respective city or town councils.

Notices of Motion.

Mr. Robertson—That at the next annual meeting he will move that the name of the Association be changed.

Mr. Hart—That at the next annual meeting he will move that the distribution of prizes in schools, affords a healthy stimulus for the advancement of pupils in their studies.

A vote was then taken as to whether the annual meeting should take place at Kingston, Brockville or Ottawa. It was decided to meet in Ottawa. The meeting then adjourned.

MAJOR HILL.—The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, (weather permitting,) will play on Major Hill, this afternoon, from 6 to 8 p. m.

CHEERING.—We admit that the sight of men busily engaged yesterday in repairing the side walk near the Ontario Bank, was really cheering. We say, with Macduff, come on—nor wait the bidding.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—Mr. Langton, and Rev. Dr. Jones addressed a meeting of this body last evening, and we very much regret that we have not room for even a synopsis of their remarks. They were all excellent, but Mr. McGee, who seems to be at home on all subjects, was most instructive as well as amusing.

SOMETHING NOBBY.—The city was yesterday decorated, as Sewell would say, in a most artistic style, with Burgess, Prendergast & LaRue's show bills. This company seem to appreciate the application of Printer's Ink, in all its varied lines. A first-class company can always be noted in the style of bills—poor, second-class crowds can't afford to reach the figure.

THE FOOT RACE.—According to announcement, the match between George Forsythe and John Brown came off yesterday. At five o'clock both men were on the ground—the money up, ($50); starters and umpires chosen, the track cleared, and at the given signal both men leaped to their work. The dash was short and sharp, Brown, at the start, made a very sudden leap that gave him about 18 inches of a lead, which was successfully maintained to the end. The men are well matched, their stride about equal; the only perceptable difference between them was flesh—of which commodity Forsythe carries a little too much—while his opponent was in the best possible condition, and clearly shows the signs of careful training.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Last evening Mr. James Charlefour, cook at the Parliamentary Saloon, was suddenly stricken down Deceased had finished his day's work, and was just preparing to go home to his family, when he was seized with a faintness, and fell to the floor; Dr. Bowen, M.P.P. happening to be on hand, his services were called into requisition, but in five minutes after the vital spark had fled. Mr. Charlefour was for some time engaged as cook at the Rossin House, Toronto, latterly at the Russell, Quebec, and was held in high estimation by his present employer. He was about 35 years of age, and presents the appearance of being of a delicate nature. Mr. Shaver, with that generosity that has ever characterized him, at once started a subscription list, for the benefit of his widow, and we have no doubt but a liberal sum will be raised.

POLICE COURT.—Arthur Owens drunk and disorderly, found by sergeant Davis lying on the sidewalk, fine $2 and costs or 3 days in jail. Bridget Coil drunk and disorderly, pleaded guilty, fine $10 and costs or 3 days at hard labor. Sarah Jane Doras drunk, discharged. Patrick Brown drunk and disorderly, found between 12 and 1 o'clock by N. Morrison, fine $2 and costs. Ann Edwards drunk, discharged. Edward Haycock leaving rubbish on the street, adjourned till the 14th instant. Thomas Dancy charged by James Douglas with assault and battery. Defendant struck complainant twice and knocked him down, fine $4 and costs or two weeks in jail. Joseph Cote charged by Margaret Cote with being drunk on the streets, also with beating her, and breaking the stove, fine $5 and costs or three weeks in jail. John Purdy, selling liquor by retail and allowing it to be drunk on the premises, not proven, dismissed without costs. Margaret Quinn, selling liquor by retail and allowing it to be drunk on the premises, $5 and costs or in default 3 weeks in jail.

CORRECTION.—In consequence of the low tones of voice in which the proceedings of the police court are sometimes conducted, we were on Thursday led into the error of confounding the names of Jessup and Dooley. It should have been Mr. Jessup who lost the money and Dooley the prisoner.

POLICE COURT, AFTERNOON.—In the adjourned case of Jessup against Dooley, for larceny, Mrs. Cardinal, proprietress of the tavern in which the offence is alleged to have been committed, appeared, but there being no one in court capable of translating French into English the machinery of the court came to a deadlock; soon, however, Mr. Lett arrived, and the case proceeded. Witness being sworn, said she knew the person who lost the money by sight; he was there on the night in question and slept on a bench; was put there by herself and bar-keeper. Dooley entered the room while Mr. Jessup was sleeping, and while he was there she heard the sound of money falling on the floor; went in and found the man with his hand in Jessup's pocket. She then took hold of him and asked him what he was doing, and ordered him out; saw nothing in his hand; he went out and went on York street, and afterwards came back again. To Mr. Ross for defence.—Never heard of a robbery being committed in her house. Her little boy, twelve years old, was sent to gaol for stealing money. There were persons drinking in the little room off the bar, where Jessup was sleeping the same night; it was entered through curtains. A man who boards with Mr. McMaster slept there that night, and another man named Graham was there until three o'clock. She went to bed herself about five o'clock in the morning and left the bar-keeper up. Detective O'Neil sworn—When he arrested prisoner found two American half-dollars and one quarter dollar; has known prisoner nine years, and always found him to be an honest upright fellow. Mr. Ross submitted to his Worship that there was nothing made out against the prisoner. His Worship thought there was sufficient evidence to warrant his committal for trial at the Recorder's Court. Admitted to bail himself in £50, and two sureties in £25 each. Madame Cardinal and Detective O'Neil bound to prosecute. The case of Green against Mary Ryan, was then called, when it appeared that the complainant had withdrawn the charge. Detective O'Neil was instructed to see the cow, and if he found the offence, alleged to have been committed, to bring up the case on behalf of the crown.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Episcopal)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, Rev NESBIT, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, Rev NESBIT, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7.
Military Service at 9 a m, Rev Dr Adamson and Rev T C Phillipps.

St Alban's Parish—Daly Street.
Rev Dr JONES.
Court House, Daly Street. Hours of service 11 a m, and 7 p m. Holy Communion every Sunday alternately at 8 a m, and the noon service. School House, New Edinburgh, 4½ p m. Assistant Rev T D Phillipps, M A.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats
Rev E S HOWARD.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev JOSEPH ELLIOTT.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Mechanics' Institute Hall.
Rev. Mr. MOORE.
Services will be held in this Hall, on Sparks St., at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Dr. SPENCE.
Rev. Mr. McLARDY, Assistant.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. J. DOUSE, Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. STONE.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Rev. Mr. McGRATH, P. P.
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays.—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a. m., and 7 p. m. from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass at 8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael. Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m.; week days, 7½ p.m.

COMMERCIAL

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 6.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@ 9 00
Extra	8 00	@ 8 50
Fancy	7 50	@ 8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 75	@ 6 80
Bag Flour	3 65	@ 3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 75	@ 6 85
No 1 Western	0 00	@ 0 00
No. 2 "	6 30	@ 6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50	@ 1 52
Western "	1 45	@ 1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36	@ 37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50	@ 55
BUTTER—Dairy	16	@ 17
Store-Packed	15	@ 16
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@ 5 45
Pearls	7 70	@ 7 75

New York Markets.

New York, July 6.

STOCKS—Active and higher. Money 4 and 5 per cent. Sterling Exchange quiet at 108½.

GOLD—Opened and closed at 152½.

COTTON—Quiet at 36 to 38c.

FLOUR—Dull, and inferior grades 9c @ 10c lower. Sales 5,100 barrels at $6.50 @ 7.70 for super State; $7.70 @ $8.70 for extra State; $8.80 @ 10.15 for choice do; $6.50 @ 7.90 for super Western; $5.75 @ 9.90c for common to good shipping brands, for R. H. O. Canadian flour heavy and drooping at $9.00 @ 10.15c for common, and $10.40 @ 13.90 for good to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts, 99,637 bushels. Market heavy at 2c @ 3c lower for common. Sales 87,000 bushels at $1.90 Milwaukie Club, and $3.25 White Whisconsin; $2.25 new No. 2 Milwaukie, and $2.40 @ 2.45c for new No. 1 do.

RYE—Quiet.

BARLEY—Dull.

CORN—Receipts 628,793 bushels, market opened 1c better afterwards; the advance was lost and finally the market closed firmer. Sales 36,000 bushels at 85c @ 87c½ for unsound new mixed western, and 88 @ 89½c for sound do.

OATS—Opened 1c @ 2c better, and closed quiet at 1c advance. Sales at 51 @ 54c for new Western extra.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and drooping at 5c @ 10c lower for inferior grades.

Wheat closed very heavy at 2c @ 3c lower on inferior.

Corn closed unsettled at 88c @ 89 western mixed.

Pork closed heavy and lower; new mess $32.00

Lard closed dull and heavy at 19c @ 20c.

DIED.

Suddenly, at Thurso, C. E., on the 3rd instant, Mr. Andrew Ross, son of the late Thomas Ross, aged 36 years. Deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and relatives.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,
The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, *Hair Dresser*, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Davis' Pain Killer.
DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 1[illegible], 186[illegible].
Gentlemen—I have used Perry Davis' Pain Killer in my family for several years, and have always found it a reliable [illegible] for Diarrhœa and Dysentery, and I cheerfully [illegible] it to the public. Travellers cannot have by [illegible] a better friend in time of sudden attack of bowel complaint.
Yours truly, J. [illegible]
NOTE—It should be understood that the Pain Killer is administered internally as well as externally. 166a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

The Buffalo brokers are running [illegible] each other to secure Canadian money, which is now quoted at one per cent premium, and the run is nothing compared with that for the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which the people have found out to be the very best thing for the cure of colds, rheumatism, sore throat, bowel complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. [illegible]

Triumphs of the Great Cathartic.—From all quarters pour in continual proofs of the efficacy of Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills. In districts infested with chills and fever and bilious remittents, their success has been wonderful. One letter from a Western physician says: "They are breaking up intermittent fever in this region. I prescribe them in all bilious cases, and consider them the best family medicine in use." No less extraordinary is their effect in indigestion, and all the complaints of the liver and bowels to which it gives rise. The mildness of their operation surprises all who use them for the first time, while their searching properties are extolled with popular emphasis. They are rapidly superseding the old fashioned drastic purgatives; and the fact that they do not deteriorate by keeping, being put up in glass vials, gives them an immense advantage over the perishable pills. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 166a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms, too, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.—Apply to E. J. CHESLEY, Land and Patent Right Agent, Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 6th, 1866. 171-3

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, CUTLERY, JEWELLERY, FANCY GOODS, AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

AMUSEMENTS.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes,

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8¼ precisely.

D. C. LaRUE, Manager.

CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of John Townsend.

The great sensational Drama of THE IRON Chest or the Secret Murder, positively for this night only.

Miss Adela St. Clair, in two of her most popular songs.

Miss Bertha Loraine in a fancy Characteristic Dance.

NOTICE.—Family tickets for three will, in future, be issued to the Boxes for $1.

On Monday Evening, July 9th,

Will be presented (for this night only), the great sensational drama (in three acts) entitled the

IRON CHEST!

Or the Secret Murder.

Sir Edward Mortimer..........Mr. John Townsend.
Captain Fitzharding..........Mr. W. A. Lyon.
Wilford..........Mr. Harry Townsend.
Blanch..........Miss Florence Grosvenor.

Supported by the whole company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

In the course of the evening several popular overtures and operatic solos, by the great Italian Brothers.

To conclude with the laughable farce of

SARAH'S YOUNG MAN.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 6. 172

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

GRAND CONCERT!

A GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental Concert,

In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in

Her Majesty's Theatre!

On Tuesday evening next, July 10th.

By kind permission of Major Newdigate, the Band of the P. C. O. Rifles will be in attendance, and perform several vocal and instrumental pieces from the operas.

Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme & Son's, Hope & Co., Centre Town, and at the door.

Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

N. B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.

Ottawa, July 4. 168-td

CARD OF THANKS.—The proprietor of the ... House" begs to return sincere thanks to the officers and members of the Central Hook and Ladder ... friends in general, for their strenuous ... in saving the goods and furniture ... acknowledge the careful supervision ... by Capt. Grant during the fire on Sunday morning.

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.

Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

CARD OF THANKS.—Messrs. Cunningham ... tender their most sincere thanks to the different ... Hook & Ladder Companies; also to their numerous ... for the exertions made by them in ... their premises from destruction by fire ... the morning of the 3rd ...

Ottawa, July 4. 168-4

LECTURES on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2·30 p. m., and 7 in the evening.

July 3. 167-tf

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

12y

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

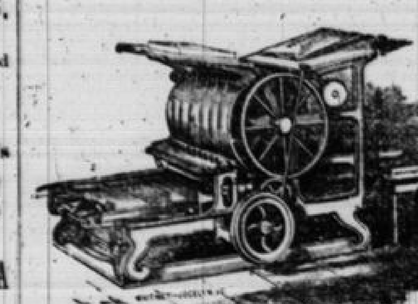
Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jel1-148d

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE!

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

LOST—ON THE 21st INST., ABOUT 9 o'clock, ... containing $30 in bills ... will be suitably rewarded by leaving ... at this office. 170-3

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with..

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. — NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of **Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.

OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR Establishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES,
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

BOARDING.

LODGINGS TO BE LET.—A Gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with a comfortable sitting-room, and two bed-rooms, with use of kitchen. Apply to

MRS. TORMEY,
Cathcart Street.

169tf

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, add to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 44-6m

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1.000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 22. 124-1a2m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs' Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INform his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and

CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY,
311, Wellington Street, Upper Town,
Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.

June 29. 164a

A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 16. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LEASE.—AN ELIGIble building lot on Rideau ... adjoining the store of Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, for a term of years. Apply to

MR. WM. ... SR.,
or to MRS. TORMEY,
Cathcart ...

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tenoning do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boring machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160-4

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL. This extensive and admirably situated property is offered for sale at private contract. ... perfect, and immediate possession can ... For terms and other particulars, apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa,
Or ... M. HOPKINS, ESQ., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 5. 143-d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. De2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
ADMINISTRATOR.

Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
No. 20, Sparks Street.

166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.

G. P. BAKER,
Post Office.

161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior ... together, or separately, in Academies ... place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 161-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,

ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money o Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

35 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Rev. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale,

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 29, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such one be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. *Vessels to make Quarantine.*

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—*Supplementary Inspection.*

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace, within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Inspection and Superintendence.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
 Cabin passengers?
 Steerage passengers?
 Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—*Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—*Vessels proceeding to Quebec.*

In all case where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
 Cabin passengers?
 Steerage passengers?
 Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superindent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea-Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN,	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN,	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN,	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN,	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN,	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS,	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:

CABIN, $66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, $34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons, Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons, Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons, Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons, Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec. 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, ESQ., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors.

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere

D. WHELAN,
Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!

IN MARBLEIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,
CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.
W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-utf

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor, of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf,

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining Housekeeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

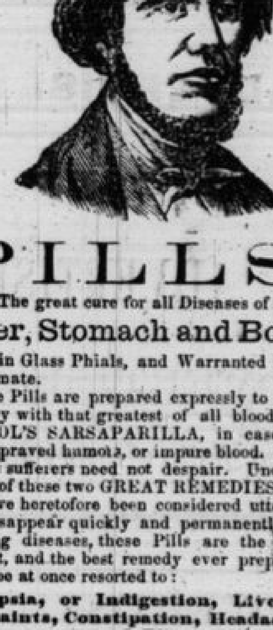
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sold by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer,

February 13, 1866. 48-utt

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites
&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, Wm. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, Sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON.
London and Liverpool.

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is despensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Bartil,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is rand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowing excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical change in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGGS'S Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other tem of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO A. PRINCE & CO.'

PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years
No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO. When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergy men and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO.
Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

Legislative Council

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THE "OTTAWA TIMES," PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (Sundays Excepted,) By GEORGE COTTON, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE—No. 60, Sparks Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—Daily, if paid in advance, $5.00 per Annum; if not paid in advance, $6.00.

"THE WEEKLY TIMES."

A Weekly Edition of the TIMES will be published every FRIDAY Morning, and Mailed to Subscribers for $1 per Annum, if paid in advance; if not paid in advance, $1.50.

The Weekly will contain a large amount of Foreign and Home News, latest Telegraph Despatches, Local and Foreign Markets, and will be a most valuable paper for Farmers and others residing in the country.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Lunge's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE, ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits in and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT, ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L. LS. COLMAN. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street. Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House. Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street. Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON, BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD, BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W. ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal. January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa. WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. A. BRADLEY, LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Over Scott's Confectionery, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, C. W. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD, LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B., HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night. References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF, LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D., PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street. Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.* Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY, WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY, YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel. Ottawa, F 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR, ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa. Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO., AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street. Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER, BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER, BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art. RULING done to any pattern. Particular attention paid to Map Mounting. Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON, BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY, CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY, CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE, COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS, Roofing Contractor, &c. CHURCH ST., OTTAWA, IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him. Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN, MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street. Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions." Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention. Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY. C. J. BOUCHETTE, P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa. P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents. Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES, PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge. Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN, PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to. They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa. OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets. W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S. F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S. Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH, General Commission Agent, AND BROKER. Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL, AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr. December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments. Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada. March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler. January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL. MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL, (FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,) YORK STREET, OTTAWA. R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in the rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept. Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store, 39 RIDEAU STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS! ALSO, A CHCICE VARIETY OF FLOWER SEEDS! PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Shoulder Braces, &c., &c. CHAS. AUSTIN. Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S Apothecaries Hall! 41 Sussex Street, Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines! PROPERLY COMPOUNDED AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

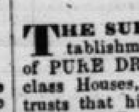
JUST RECEIVED! THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest English & French Chemicals, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &C Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported. All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand. *ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,* With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL! 28, Sparks Street. Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c. Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, ...1.00.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years. To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage. W. M. MASSEY, *Family and Dispensing Chemist,* 28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!! Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing. ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries. W. M. MASSEY, Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part: Campbell's Quinine Wine. Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair. Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c. Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public. Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia. Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt. W. M. MASSEY, Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street. Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New  Drug Store. 67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply Genuine Medicines, Pure Chemicals, Choice Perfumery, and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage. J. BROWN, Licentiate Apothecary. Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA DRUG WAREHOUSE, RIDEAU STREET. 1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866. A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh. A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week. FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT. HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS. NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c. Just being opened up. JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D. P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis. Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES. THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the Ottawa Drug Warehouse. A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received. N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co., COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES, GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co., PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal. Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co., SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK. A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of Four Dollars and Upwards. OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. H. V. NOEL, Manager. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME. Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway. Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line. T. S. DETLOR, Superintendent. Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,........ 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY. Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND until otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows: The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge. The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES. Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)........$2.50. Steerage........1.00.

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor. For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street. J. B. LAMERE, General Manager. Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company. 1866. UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE! CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City. On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather. Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily. For further particulars apply to G. R. NASH, MANAGER, Aylmer, C. E. Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a Garden & Nursery Within two miles of the city, In Gloucester, Green Field, County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowering Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq. MATHEW T. DeRINZY. Ottawa, March 24, 1866. 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street. my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street. my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street. N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c. DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr., IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Groceries, Liquors, AND PROVISIONS, Wholesale and Retail. SPARROW'S BUILDING, Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets, OTTAWA. February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS! WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware. DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS! *For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.*

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves! THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION! Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN! *WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!*

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock! IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES. "THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. 35, *SUSSEX STREET.* H. MEADOWS & Co. Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO., Fresco Painters! AND GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS, OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE, CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge. December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL, J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean. This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors. Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL, LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city. Terms of Board moderate. May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE, LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support. JAMES E. GOUIN, *Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.*

JOHN MALTMAN, LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords. GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance. JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE. MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors; and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons. Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS. Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL, NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please. OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale. THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap. APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL, Or R. E. O'CONNOR. Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the World's Fair, London, 1862, The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865. As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three-Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St. Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired. 111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

How Nice and Cool it is to Have a WATER COOLER! *Packed with Pure Pulverised Charcoal.*

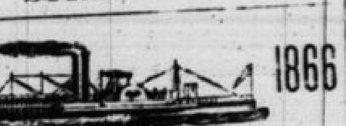
BEWARE of THOSE PACKED WITH useless Charcoal, Shavings and Saw Dust, which are worse than useless. We guarantee all our COOLERS! being manufactured on the premises. Filters of all descriptions made to order. Shower, Sponge, Plunge, Foot, Hip, Slipper, and TUB BATHS. Refrigerators of any kind made to order by competent workmen. A few of those celebrated KEDZIE FILTERS on hand.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c., &c. At ESMONDE BROS., Sparks Street, Opposite Ontario Bank. Ottawa, June 26, 1866. 154-y

Important to Printers. PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit. Apply for information, (post paid) to W. B. HEALEY, Or to EGAR YIELDING. Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa. Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.



1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS. OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers "QUEEN VICTORIA," ALEX. BOWIE, Commander. "PRINCE OF WALES," H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m. The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists. Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare. Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal. Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings. Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer. R. W. SHEPHERD. Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866. DICKINSON'S Rideau Passage & Freight Line, BETWEEN OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON. THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS "CITY OF OTTAWA," (CAPT. J. RYAN,) "BY-TOWN," (CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA." Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day. Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN." Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day. Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 5 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings. These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston. Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged. Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c. Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; Or to the Proprietor, M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE! [*Established in* 1844.] DICKINSON'S OTTAWA AND RIDEAU, AND 1866 1866. LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE. FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866. THE STOCK CONSISTS OF Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges, AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*. The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between OTTAWA AND KINGSTON, Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week. The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports. The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c. In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG-BOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property. For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls: W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec; Or to the Proprietor, M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO 1866. 1866. STEAMBOAT COMPANY. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,........	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
ONTARIO,........	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
CATARACT,........	

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m. Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer LORD ELGIN,........ — DEWITT, EMPRESS,........ Capt. C. B. DEWITT. For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East. Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money. This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to J. H. KELLY, AGENT. Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office. P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent. H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y. May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &C. Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa. Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866. St. George's Hotel, CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next. OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley, Archery, Billiard Tables. ALSO, Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen. Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars. Polite and attentive servants only are engaged. O'NEILL & ABBOTT, Proprietors. June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL, (SEASIDE.) SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee. *Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.*

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, hunting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance. TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In fact, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies. Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public. SAMUEL BROWNING, Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, ST. LOUIS STREET, QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein. The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 300 to 400 guests. It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Garden, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL, QUEBEC. The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment. W. RUSSELL & SON. Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND. TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment. The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be five weeks at midsummer, and a month at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England. REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION. HOWE & SON BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS, WE ARE NOW SELLING TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF BOOTS, SHOES, &C., At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS! Now is the Time for Bargains. G. HOWE & SON, 69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work OF A NEW DESIGN, AND WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store. MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit. RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker. Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

FOR SALE, A FEW BARRELS A 1 CORN BEEF, at the Stall of SATCHEL BROS. Ap19-104-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Special Notice—Perry Davis' Pain Killer.
Do do.—Canadian Pain Destroyer.
Do do—Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Ice Box Refrigerators—Esmonde Bros.
Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line	10c
All subsequent insertions, per line	5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Original by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 9. 1866.

Notwithstanding the explicit declaration of the Finance Minister that the tobacco duties were to remain unchanged, an impression has arisen, and been widely received, that a change—and a very sweeping change—was to be effected: nothing less than the reduction of the import duty on manufactured tobacco to 10 cents, the amount levied on the home manufacture. The most ardent free-trader would hesitate in proposing such a step. We say nothing of the Japan-like restrictiveness of our neighbors, who, through necessity or policy, are erecting a fiscal wall in which the openings for the admission of the products of other countries are few and far between. We wish not for retaliatory measures, for they generally result only in injury to those who enforce them. But we see circumstances in the tobacco manufacture which make it an exceptional business. It is a young interest and requires time for development. It is an occupation in which we cannot possibly contend with the States. Even as it is they undersell us, in our own markets, in certain sorts of tobacco. We are not enamoured with protection, but remove it in this instance, and a young and very promising business will be annihilated, root and branch. We know of no other manufacture that, under similar circumstances, would be affected in an equal degree, and this must be evident to all. The importance of the business to Canada is known but to few. In Toronto, four, out of several houses, employ five hundred individuals, and pay on the average $600 per diem duty. One firm, that of Col. Steele has, since April last—barely four months time,—manufactured no less than 92,000 lbs of *Canadian Grown Tobacco*. Our farmers find tobacco a very remunerative crop; this year a large quantity will be raised at home, and as the cultivation extends we may reasonably expect to see the quality improved. This, no doubt is needed, but the reputation for superiority enjoyed by imported tobacco is not always genuine, though it always confers an advantage. Canadian manufactured tobacco has been sent to the States and returned, and found to realize three or four cents per pound more than the same quality which had not left our warehouses. The rumour of the change reached several of our manufacturers, and frightened them up to head-quarters.—They may return home in full assurance that their interests are safe; and we recommend them to labour zealously for an improvement in their staple that will enable them to meet even handed competition with the world.

The great feature in the trade policy of the Government, the cheapening of the necessaries of life, is almost entirely ignored by the cavillers against the Tariff. They see only that the present is not the opportune time to introduce it; that it threatens injury and loss to several branches of manufacturing industry, hitherto enjoying a considerable degree of incidental protection; that, in fine, it is a conception of the Hon. A. T. Galt, and as such should be resisted, no matter how good may be its provisions, "standing by themselves."

We do not believe that the public at large will lay such objections very much to heart. Those who are conversant with the general condition of the great body of our agricultural population, know well that but for the exceptionally abundant harvest of last year, and the exceptionally high prices paid for grain and stock, we should have had to witness the melancholy spectacle of our people deserting the country by thousands, and our commerce paralised to a degree hitherto unknown, even in the worst commercial crises through which the Province has ever passed. Had the crop of '65 been but an average of the preceding five years, and prices ranged at the average of the same period, it is certain that the productive industry of Canada would have been hopelessly bankrupt, and though the reaction consequent upon the close of the American war, for the full benefit of which the country had been providentially prepared by a bountiful harvest, has tided us safely over the difficulty for the time, it is very far from the duty of the statesman to shut his eyes to the changed circumstances under which we must now seek a market for our surplus products. To "rest and be thankful," in the face of the heavy duties which meet us, at the threshold of the hitherto free markets of the United States, with the early prospect of such an increase in the productiveness of the great grain growing regions of the west, as will practically shut us out from them altogether, would be a very mistaken policy, which instead of smoothing the way for the Confederation of British North America, would be justly held as an evidence of the incapability of our public men to deal with the new issues that will then arise from the altered condition in which the country will be placed.

The abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, and the growing demands on the revenue upon the government the double duty of increasing the taxes and compensating the producer for his loss of market, while our antagonistic position towards the United States as a joint competitor for the surplus population of Europe, necessitated a policy offering to the emigrant advantages that would in some degree outweigh the attractions held out to him by the great Republic. To meet these objects has been the aim of the government in the policy now submitted to Parliament and though it may be justly regretted that the exigencies of the public service did not permit of a much greater reduction of duties upon many articles of every day consumption, it is matter of sincere satisfaction that the step has been made in the right direction. That this change is objected to as bearing rather heavily on some branches of Provincial manufactures, which have achieved an exceptional kind of prosperity under the protection afforded by the old tariff, is not to be wondered at, and we should consider it the duty of the Governments to weigh well the question whether the general benefit will far exceed the individual loss, before they extinguish any branch of industry which has grown up under what has been called the incidental protection of former years. The promoters of these enterprises have some claims to consideration, as they have embarked their capital on the faith of the policy of the country, and while the great object of cheapening the means of life, and thereby increasing the value of productive labor, should be steadily pursued, it is not at all necessary that it should be accompanied with a violent and sudden derangement in any branch of business.

HEAD-QUARTERS.

OTTAWA, 7th July, 1866.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Volunteer Militia.

No. 1. The attention of Officers Commanding Corps is called to the following republished paragraphs of the Militia General Order dated Quebec, 4th August, 1865:

"7. If the Volunteers have not yet been instructed in the proper method of cleaning their arms, the drill instructor will devote the first meeting for drill, after the receipt of this order, to teaching the men thoroughly this most important part of the duty of a soldier, the neglect of which would render him useless in battle; and the Brigade Majors will report to the Adjutant General, so soon as the Volunteers in their respective districts, or a large proportion of them, are competent to perform it.

"8. At every meeting for drill thereafter, the arms will be inspected according to the mode prescribed by the regulations of the army, and this will form in future one of the parade details of every inspection of Volunteers.

"9. After firing, Commanding Officers will require every man to clean his own rifle before returning it to the Company's arm racks, and any failure in this respect, will be immediately reported in the manner enjoined by paragraph 3 of this order.

"10. The foregoing orders with respect to the care and cleaning of arms, are not issued for the mere purpose of ensuring smartness on parade; but they are indispensable to the real efficiency, and continuance of the Volunteer Force. The arms are costly weapons, which with care will last for many years, but unless the rifles are kept thoroughly clean both inside and out, they rapidly deteriorate, and become useless."

As his life may depend on the condition of his weapon at a particular moment, every soldier has the strongest possible individual interest in the serviceable state of his rifle. He should take a pride in keeping it clean; and the Commander in Chief trusts that after the experience lately acquired no Volunteer would be satisfied to return his rifle to the Company's arm rack after firing, without having first thoroughly cleaned it with his own hands.

Commanding Officers will be required to certify on their quarterly returns that the above orders have been obeyed.

No. 2. The Grand Trunk Railroad Regiment, and any other Railroad Corps which may be formed hereafter, are to be considered as distinct organizations, not belonging to any of the existing Brigade districts; and all returns and correspondence connected therewith will be forwarded to the Militia Department direct, by the respective Commanding Officers of such Corps.

CORRESPONDENCE.

E. W. MURRAY, Esq., Buckingham:

Dear Sir,—My visit yesterday was to the St. Louis Mines, owned, I am told, by parties in Montreal and Ottawa. On the first lot, (formerly called Cosgures,) two pits had been sunk, and at another place a body of disseminated plumbago had been enforced. From one of the pits there appeared to have been some plumbago removed, and a small vein is seen holding down. The other pit showed no evidence whatever of the mineral. On the adjoining lot a shaft has been sunk several fathoms, from which some fine specimens of plumbago had been taken, and the lode appears to be holding down regularly. From what I saw at the shaft and in the store room, I should say the results of these operations amount to about five tons of ore, and although the quantity taken out does not equal that of any of the other properties visited by me, in proportion to the work done, I yet consider the appearances satisfactory, and the property well worthy of a full test by a fair expenditure of capital.

Owing to the absence of every one connected with the mine, I no doubt was unable to ascertain all particulars in connection with the works, and the amount of outlay, otherwise I should have been enabled to report more fully.

Yours truly,
J. L. HALL, M. C. C.,
Economic Geologist.

Buckingham, 3rd July, 1866.

—The Boston *Post* says:—"A felon escaped from a detective, and leaped from a New Jersey train into eternity last week."

NEWS ITEMS.

—All the Russian serfs will be free by August.

—The 47th Regiment, now stationed at Toronto, are under orders for Halifax.

—The St. Hyacinthe Turf Club Races are advertised for the 7th and 8th of August.

—The 47th regiment will proceed to Halifax in the *Oronies*, yet to arrive.

—The 17th reg't. will remain in Canada, and be stationed at Toronto.

—The *Oronies* with the 100th and 23rd regiments on board, are daily looked for at Quebec.

—The 30th regiment are to be employed on the Levis Fortifications til October, then go to Jamaica.

—The 11th Hussars, Colonel, Lord Cardigan, is reported to have received orders to prepare for embarkation to Canada.

—Patrick Walsh, an alleged Fenian, under arrest at Toronto, was admitted to bail on Monday.

—A boiler explosion took took place at Nicegard City Well, Bothwell, on the 4th, killing one man, and severely wounding another.

—A Mrs. Walker, wife of a journeyman machinist, at Hartford, Conn., has fallen heir to an English fortune of $35,000,000.

—It is thought that Dr. Mudd will die at the Dry Tortugas this summer. Spangler and Arnold are lively as crickets.

—The Yale students are earning golden reputations at Police head-quarters in New Haven.

—A Pennsylvanian drunk ten glasses of lager in ten minutes, and his funeral was celebrated the next morning.

—Congress has voted $156,000 to defray the expenses of those who may wish to exhibit their wares at the Paris Exhibition of 1867.

—Every inhabitant of the U. S. pays three cents a day for internal tax alone to the U. S. Government, or the amount paid is at that rate

—The salary of the Superintendent of "Colt's Patent Firearms Company," Hartford, is $10,000 per annum, while the salary of the Governor of the State is $1,000.

—The Chicago Fenians have threatened to take revenge on the heads of Canadians in that city should our authorities punish the prisoners now in our gaols.

—The freedmen at Holly Springs, Miss, have placed $100 in the hands of the Mayor, as a reward for the apprehension of a negro murderer.

—General Contri, the Fenian adventurer, is reported to be an illegitimate son of Victor Emanuel, as well as a son-in-law of George N. Sanders.

—A young lady, class upper ten, (in London the less), has been detected in shop lifting. A search at her domicile produced a quantity of silks and fancy goods.

—John O'Neil, of Albany, beat his wife for not having his supper ready. John was sent to gaol for one month, and now gets his meals regularly.

—A Western paper announces "A cow struck by lightning and instantly killed, belonging to the village physician, who had a beautiful calf four days old."

—The Hartford *Times*, of Monday evening, makes record of five suicides, all of which occurred in that city in the short period of twenty-four hours.

—On the 27th, a corps of engineers, under Col. Hudnott, drove the first stake and commenced the survey for the extension of the Illinois and Michigan canal to the Mississippi.

—At Fort Erie, on the 4th, several shots were fired by soldiers in a barge passing down the Erie Canal. One shot lodged in the house of the Rev. Mr. Greenham.

—Victor Hugo's new work, 'Ninety Three,' is finished, and will soon be published in ten volumes. It is reported that the price paid for this work was $100,000.

—A Maine paper states that the oldest inhabitant cannot well recollect a season when the fruit trees have put forth their blossoms more bountifully.'

—Dr. Schultz, who has just returned to St. Paul, from the plains, reports that some disease has broken out amongst the buffaloes; a number having been found dead.

—Dore's illustrated edition of La Fontaine's Fables is to be published in Paris in weekly numbers, at fifty centimes each. It has three hundred pictures.

—The Hamilton *Spectator* says:—Thomas Stock, Esq., of East Flamboro', has shown us a sample of flax from his field, which measured, three feet nine inches.

—The Cholera has entirely disappeared from the hospital ship at Quarantine, New York. The disease has also entirely disappeared from Elizabethtown, N. Y.

—At a meeting held in Buffalo, on Saturday evening, Roberts renewed his threats to make another attack on Canada, but declared that in future Fenian secrets would be better kept.

—At a banquet given on the Fourth, a toast was proposed as follows:—The fair—"May their virtues exceed the magnitude of their skirts, while their faults are still smaller than their bonnets."

—An article in a London magazine dilates on the palatable quality of steaks from lions and tigers. It is not certain about lions, but it is said that those who 'fight the tiger' rarely get their stakes.

At a fire in Toronto on Thursday, Mr. Wm. Charlton, assistant engineer, received fatal injuries. The fire destroyed five buildings on Yonge street, between Shuter and Chrookshank streets.

—Mr. Gilbert McMicken, stipendiary magistrate of Windsor, is engaged, by order of the Government, in estimating the damage sustained at Fort Erie, from the recent Fenian raid.

—A Mr. Lake, of Chicago, an enthusiastic numismatologist, it is said, has obtained, by the assistance of various missionaries in China, a complete set of Chinese coins from the year 245 B. C. to the present dynasty.

—A Berlin newspaper was seized recently, for intimating that Prince Charles' baby didn't behave itself while being baptised. The editor was finally acquitted, with a lecture on propriety.

—Four horse thieves who were being pursued by officers of the law, near Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, took shelter under a tree during a thunder storm, when all four were struck by lightning and instantly killed.

— Lieut. Geoffrey Barton and Geo. Stanley Orred, have just returned to Quebec from a hunting expedition on the Island of Anticosti, where they killed seven bears and captured a young cub, which they have brought home with them.

—A Committee on the Resources of Colorado have reported 104,000,000 pounds as the total amount of freight transported annually to that Territory, at an average of cost for the last three years at ten cents per pound, and a total of $10,400,000.

—A man was found dead on the levee at Louisville on the 23rd, with one hundred and ten stabs in his body. His ears were cut off, both his eyes were torn completely out, and the body was otherwise frightfully mutilated. The case is involved in mystery. The body is not yet identified.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, July 6th.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN, from the Private Bill Committee, reported the bill to amend the Charter of the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Navigation Company, with amendments.—Amendments concurred in and bill ordered to be read a third time on Monday next.

Bill to amend the Charter of the Savings Bank of Notre Dame de Quebec, with amendments.

On motion of the Hon. Sir N.F. BELLEAU, the amendments were ordered to be taken under consideration on Monday next.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU introduced a bill to provide for the revision of Judgments of distribution in Lower Canada in certain cases. Second reading on Monday.

On motion of Hon. Sir N.F. BELLEAU, the period for receiving Private Bills was extended to the 14th of July instant.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN gave notice that on Monday he would inquire of the Government whether they had instituted an investigation into the causes of the recent explosion of gas in one of the perches of this House, also whether proper provision was made against accidents by fire, &c.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he had received a Report from the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works in regard to the recent explosion of gas, which report he read to the House. The substance of the report was that one of the gas pipes under the steps behind the Speaker's room had broken off near the wall as it entered the building. The soil in that place had settled down and carried away the pipe. Then the hollow space under the steps had become filled with gas and when one of the messengers had gone with a flambeau to see where the gas escape was, it had ignited and caused the damage, which, however, was not great and would immediately be repaired. In consequence of this accident means was being taken to let in air in all such places, so that in the event of an escape of gas it should find its way out. In the interior of the building the gas pipes had all been carefully tested and could be relied upon as perfectly safe.

Some little pleasantry was indulged in on the subject of the explosion, while other members treated it as a very serious matter.

Hon. Mr. BULL introduced a bill to change the trustees of the marriage settlement of Frederick James Rastrick. Second reading on Monday next.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER the bill to enable the trustees of the Woodstock (Scotch) Presbyterian Church, to dispose of certain lots of land, was read a third time and passed, and on motion of Hon. Mr. Allan, the bill to vest certain lands in the Church Warden of St. James' Church was also read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. OLIVER moved that the amendment to the Berther and Isle du Pads Common Bill be now taken under consideration.

A long debate followed in French in the course of which Hon. Sir. N. F. Belleau objected to a clause which decreed the forfeiture of the right of those proprietors who failed to enregister their deeds.

Hon. Messrs. Olivier and Le Teller de St. Just defended the measure, and Hon Messrs. Bureau and Guevremont concurred with Hon. Sir. N. F. Belleau and suggested another mode of dealing with the refractory proprietors.

After an hours debate the bill was ordered to be brought up in Committee of the Whole on Monday night.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL the bill to admit Hewitt Bernard to practice law and to be entered a member of the Law Society of Upper Canada, was read a second time and sent to the Committee on Private Bills.

On motion of Hon. Sir N F. BELLEAU, the bill further to amend the charter of the Quebec Bank was also read a second time, and referred to the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.

On motion of Hon. Mr. LEONARD the Bill to incorporate the Bank of London was also read a second time and sent to the same Committee.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU submitted a return to an address of 21st of June, with the last annual statement of the Trustees of North Shore (Quebec) Turnpike Roads, and moved that the same be printed. (Carried.)

Hon. Mr. PANET gave notihe that on Monday next he would inquire of the Government if they intended soon to appoint a Judge in lieu of the late Chief Justice Bowen.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said that owing to absence the hon. member had probably not been aware that the question had been answered in another place, and to the effect that a successor to Chief Justice Bowen had already been appointed

The House then adjourned.

SCIENTIFIC PAPERS.

Flowering of native and naturalized plants growing in the neighborhood of Ottawa, as observed from 22nd to 30th June, instant, by Dr. McGillivray and Mr. Billings.

227. Adlumia cirrhosa, Raf. (Mountain Fringe); 228. Vicia sativa, L. (Common Vetch); 229. Spiræa opulifolia, L. (Nine-bark); 230. Menispermum Canadense, L. (Canadian Moonseed); 231. Geum album, Gmelin. (White Avens); 232. Geum strictum, Ait. (Yellow Avens); 233. Potentilla Anserina, L. (Silverweed); 234. Circæa alpina, L. (Alpine Enchanter's Nightshade); 235. Cryptotænia Canadensis, L. (Canadian Hone-wort); 236. Cornus circinati, L'Her. (Oval-leaved Dogwood); 237. Symphoricarpus racemosus, Michx. (Common Snowberry); 238. Erigeron annuus, Pers. (Annual Fleabane); 239. Erigeron strigosum, Muhl. (Strigose Fleabane); 240. Marruta Cotula, D.C. (Common Mayweed); 241. Pyrola secunda, L. (One-sided Wintergreen); 242. Leonurus Cardiaca, L. (Common Motherwort); 243. Hyoscyamus niger, L. (Common Henbane); 244. Apocynum cannabinum, L. (Indian Hemp); 245. Polygonum aviculare, L. (Knot Grass); 246. Scirpus lacustris, L. (Bulrush); 247. Carex hystricina, Willd. (Porcupine Sedge); 248. Agrostis alba, L. (Herd's Grass); 249. Glyceria aquatica, Smith. (Reed Manna-grass); 250. Poa compressa, L. (Blue-grass).

The following plants observed in fruit were overlooked at their time of flowering:

251. Corydalis glauca, Pursh; 252. Rhamnus alnifolius, L'Her.; 253. Acer saccharinum, Wrang.; 254. Lonicera parviflora, Lam.; 255. Ilex verticillata, Gray.; 256. Carya amara, Nutt.; 257. Myrica Gale, L.

Insects observed same period, for the first time this season:

Coleoptera.

Brachinus cordicollis, Dej.; Brachinus medius, L.; Metabletus americanus, Schaum.; Amara indistincta, Mann.; Colymbetus picipes, Kirby.; Chalcophora virginiensis, Lec.; Chalcophora fortis, Lec.; Ancylochira fasciati, Dej.; Otidocephalus myrmecodes, Say.; Anthribus coronatus, Sch.; Clytus campestris, Ol.; Acanthoderes decipiens, Hald.; Graphisurus fasciatus, Geer.; Aedilis obsoletus, Ol.; Leptura vittata, Ol.; Pachybrachis viduatus, Fabr.; Cryptocephalus auratus, Fabr.; Nosoderma obcordatum, Kirby.; Synchroa punctata, Newm; Dircaea 4-maculatus, Say.; Tomoxia tibialis, Lec.; Notoxus anchora, Hentz.; Capnochroa fuliginosa, Lec.; Dicerca tenebrosa, Kirby.; Agrilus bilineatus, Say.

Lepidoptera.

Argynnis aphrodite, Godt.; Pyrameis atalanta, Linn.; Pyrameis cardui, Linn.; Smerinthus excaecatus, Sm.; Eudryas unio, Hub.; Nudaria mendica Walker; Graphiphora C-nigrim, Linn.; Ophiura bistriaris, Hubn.; Angerona crocaotario, Guen.; Melanippe propriaria, Walk.; Crocata rubicundaria, Hubn.; The butterflies of the first brood of the season of Vanessa antiope, are now making their appearance, and a species of Grapta species not recognized are quite plentiful in thickets.

The statement of customs receipts at the four principal ports of the United States, from the 16th to the 23rd of June, shows as follows: New York, $2,108,787; Boston, $291,784; Philadelphia, $134,819; Baltimore, $69,457—total $2,604,848.

—The New York papers state that another invasion of Canada is in progress of organization in that city, and that the leaders, "having learned wisdom from experience, have determined to conduct their operations secretly, and in a strictly conspirational manner." Roberts has proceeded to Buffalo.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, July 6th.—The *Herald's* Mexican correspondence from Mexico city, June 23rd, Vera Cruz, June 26th, and Tampico June 19th, goes to show that the Mexican people were becoming more and more interested in the cause of the independence of their country.

The Imperial forces, French and native had sustained a number of defeats of greater and less severity in the field, and the cause of Maximilian was more gloomy in consequence.

Santa Anna was still engrossed, with a large share of the public attention.

The Mexican liberals proclaimed the theory that an understanding had been come to between Mr. Seward, the Emperor Napoleon, and the Ex-President, by which Maximilian would be let down gracefully. Santa Anna to assume the Presidency, and the Cabinet holding itself ready to approve the eventualities arising from the change in the executive. The liberals who were embued with this idea, did not entertain such an implicit confidence in Mr. Seward's friendship as they did some months ago.

Santa Anna it is said will remain unpopular with them, no matter in what official form he may be presented.

The city of Tampico was closely besieged by the liberals, who had made a dashing attack, riding into the very streets of the place.

At one time deserters from the Imperial to the Liberal army were frequent.

The idea of annexation to the United States was widely fostered in the liberal ranks.

The fever had considerably abated in Vera Cruz.

NEW YORK, 7th.—Washington despatches state that it is reported that Paymaster Paulding has been sentenced to be cashiered, to pay a fine of $5000, and to be imprisoned for the period of one year. He is still in close arrest.

The Kansas branch of the Pacific R. R. today triumphed in securing the signature of the President, to the Bill allowing them to run their road up Smokey Hill River, to Denver City, and to allow the California end to build eastward. A heavy presure had been brought to bear to defeat it, and secure the veto, but they failed.

NEW YORK, 17th.—The thermometer this morning in the Associated Press office marked 94°.

The Surrogate having summoned Gen B. F. Butler to account for his administration of the estate of the late Col. J. Butler, the General yesterday obtained an extension of time to the 3rd inst., when his account of receipts and disbursements is to be rendered. Among the claims filed in the Surrogates office is one for $15,000 for cotton, sugar, &c., alleged to have been seized by Col. Butler from Robt. W. Rayne of New Orleans, during the military occupancy of that city. Other claims are awaiting the rendering of Gen. Butler's account the adjudication of which is expected to involve some interesting question.

NEW YORK, July 7th.—At the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce committee, in behalf of the Portland sufferers, Mr. A. A. Law presided. A committee of twenty-five was appointed to collect subscriptions. Capt. Noyers announced to the meeting that himself and others had collected $500 and forwarded it to Portland.

BOSTON, July 7th.—The meeting at the Exchange, in aid of Portland, was largely attended—Mayor Lincoln presided. A committee of eighty were appointed to receive subscriptions and take other means to extend practical aid.

PORTLAND, Me, 7th.—The city is filled with pickpocket's from Boston and New York. Moses Russel had his pocket picked in Congress Street, this morning of $1,500. A man was robbed of $400 on Middle street this afternoon.

WASHINGTON, 7th.—The weather here is the warmest known for several years. The thermometer stands at 100 in the shade. Several cases of sunstroke have occurred, one proving fatal.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 7th.—The citizens held a meeting to-day, and authorized acting Mayor Jones to notify the mayor of Portland that he would at once honor a draft for $10,000 in aid of the sufferers.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7th.—The Corn Exchange appropriated $1,000 for the relief of the Portland sufferers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6th.—Ching How, the first chinaman ever executed in San Francisco was hung to-day for murder.

Information has been received from San Blas, *via* Acapulco, stating that the Republicans have taken the city of Santiago and threaten Tepic.

BANGOR, ME., July 7th.—A public meeting held here last evening, voted to send $10,000 to the suffers by the Portland fire. Similar meetings are being held throughout the country, and citizens are responding liberally.

SOUTH AMERICA.

War News—The bloody fight at Estero Bellaco—Boldness of President Lopez—How Paraguay is Protected—Difficulties of the Allies—Their plans with regard to Humaita and the Paraná—Political changes at Buenos Ayres—The Expedition to the Granchaca—A son of President Mitre at West Point.

BUENOS AYRES, May 14, 1866.

Within the last two weeks this city has been agitated by excitements both civil and military. We have elected and installed a new Governor with his Cabinet, witnessed the assembling of the fifth National Congress, and we have had a great battle at headquarters. As the political change here may affect everything, I may state them first.

On May 1, the Provincial Parliament Legislature met, organized, and received the messages of out-going Gov. Savaadra. The message is valuable for its facts bearing on the extraordinary progress on the country. On May 2, the Legislature elected, on joint ballot, a new Governor for a term of three years. There were several candidates of old and young men, but the successful one was Senor Doctor Don Adolfo Alsina. He is about 30, unmarried, a lawyer, and the son of Doctor Valentin Alsina, who is now President of the National Senate, and was twice Governor of this Province. The father was unfortunate, having been twice compelled, by the fortunes of war, to resign the chair of Governor. On taking the oath, on May 3, the new Governor made a short speech, in which he marked out a course of policy, hardly to be expected of him, as he was known to be of the most violent school of politics.—The cabinet he had chosen consists of young men like himself, Don Mariano Varela, editor of the *Tribuna*, and Dr. Avallaneda, a young lawyer of distinction. The provincial offices have been in the hands of a set of old men for a long time. This is the inauguration of a new style of things. Dr. Varela has addressed himself already to the chronic evil of the country—paper money.

On Sunday, May 7, Congress assembled, and was duly opened by the Vice-President. Most of the members were in attendance. Both these installations passed off very quietly. Both bodies are in harmony with each other and with the National Executive. We are rapidly approaching the final settlement of the question of the location of the National Capital, but nothing is feared from it, although the question was once a very threatening one.

We have news of the severest battle in all the progress of the war. The work and manuvering of a whole year brought on by accident a bloody fight on May 2, at Estero Bellaco, in Paraguay, two or three leagues inland from Paso de la Patria. A reconnoitering party was out under General Caceres of the Corrientes militia, and a little skirmish ensued of little importance. The party returned to the camp of the allies, and as no enemy was supposed to be near, there was enjoyed a general rest day, lounging and loafing, as the soldier will when entirely off duty. Quietly the Paraguayan cavaly followed the skirmishers, and entered the open camp with the frightened sentinels themselves. Infantry in force was at their heels and artillery brought up the rear. The Paraguayans had taken four guns before the opposition began, and the allies were compelled to rise from their lounging and fight in disorder where they stood, some without coats or hats, and some of the cavalry were happy in gaining their horses without saddles.

Gen. Flores commanded the vanguard, and was in camp during the surprise. He rallied his men, and his favorite regiment, being some hundreds at 11 o'clock, a.m., was only 40 by 3 p.m. He was completely surrounded and was falling fast when the Brazilian Gen. Osorio came up with a strong reinforcement, and learning the danger of Flores, sent a regiment with positive orders to rescue him. It was a regiment of Brazilian volunteers, and they cut through a solid body of Paraguayans and brought Gen. Flores out alive, leaving nine-tenths of their number dead behind them. Flores had, when attacked, only four battalions of infantry, a few cavalry soldiers, and four guns, and the force that fell on him was estimated variously from 6,000 to 10,000. He had two horses shot under him, and also lost three flags. Only two days before, Gen. Osorio had besought him not to remain in so dangerous a position as he had selected for his camp. The latest account of the battle says that the allies lost 1,500 men, and Paraguay lost 2,310. Gen. Mitre reports they left 1,200 dead on the field, and also left 800 muskets and a host of prisoners. At night, the allies held the battle field and two miles in advance.

No one can tell yet by what means President Lopez hopes to out-general the allies. He has five forts within the few leagues (10 or so) between the present location of the army and his stronghold, Humaita. It is a mark of temerity, or of great confidence in his resources that in the face of such an army as the allies have, he has sent some 10,000 men to meet Gen. Baron Porto de Alegre, and to prevent him with 10,000 men, as he has, from passing into Paraguay by crossing Mandues.

The number of 50,000 effective men, aided by 64 war-going vessels, six of them iron-clads, is a formidable menace. They are fully able officers. Gen. Mitre managed to take over his whole army in the face of the foe in open day, and never lost a man. Besides the steamers, Mitre has 34 sailing vessels and many lit le steamers, and hundreds of flat-boats and canoes. The Paraguayans, in retreating, have carried off all that can be eaten by man or beast except the grass of the morasses. Every particle of provision has to be imported.

It has just transpired that at the outset the three nations agreed to demolish Humaita, dividing equally its arms, and so make the Paraguay River free for the world.

The long-talked of Gran Chaco Expedition is the agreement of several gentlemen to go under escort of the Santa Fe Provincial Government to explore a region known as the the Gran Chaco, the Big Woods, along the southern margin of the River Parana. Among them are a few Canadians, several Californians, some Southerners, and a few natives. They are to have an escort of forty soldiers, as they are expected to explore a hostile region. They are seeking a location for themselves and others for young colonies.

Col. Norris, a beef-packer here, on the style of beef-packing in the United States, died suddenly at Rosario a few days ago. President Mitre's son is now studying at West Point. At the beginning of this war Paraguay had about one hundred lads and young men studying as engineers or learning trades in France. They are now left to their own resources.

THE EUROPEAN WAR.

The First Shot Fired.

The latest news from Italy is to the effect that on the 20th ultimo, the Austrian outposts at Apaniso Brufione were attacked by Italian volunteers. Several shots were exchanged.

The Italian Declaration of War.

The Italian military declaration of war against Austria has been issued from the head-quarters of the army at Cremona. It is addressed by General Cialdini, chief of the general staff of the Italian army, to the Archduke Albert, commanding the Austrian army in Venetia. The declaration says:

The empire of Austria has been for centuries past the principal cause of the division, the subjections, and the incalculable moral and material wrongs of Italy. Now that the nation is constituted Austria withholds recognition and continues to oppress one of our noblest provinces, transforming it into a vast intrenched camp in order to menace our existence. The counsels and efforts of the friendly powers with Austria were useless, and it was inevitable that Austria and Italy should again find themselves face to face in the first European complication. The initiative taken by Austria in armaments, and her rejection of the neutral powers, proved her hostile designs. The people of Italy have risen up from one extremity of the Peninsula to the other, and it is for these reasons that the King, the guardian of his people's rights and the defender of the integrity of the national territory, declares war to the Empire of Austria. I notify to your Imperial Highness the order of the King that hostilities will commence within three days hence, unless your Highness does not accept this delay, in which case I beg you to be good enough to inform me to that effect.

(Signed) VICTOR EMANUEL.

Manifestoes of Victor Emanuel—His Address to the Italian People.

The King of Italy has addressed the following manifesto to the Italian people:

Seven years have already passed since Austria attacked my states, because I had supported the common cause of the country in the councils of Europe. I took up the sword to defend my throne, the liberty of my people, the honor of the Italian name, and to fight for the right of the nation. Victory was in favor of good right. The valor of the army, the aid of the volunteers, the concord and wisdom of the people, and the assistance of a magnanimous ally, gained the almost complete independence and liberty of Italy. Supreme reasons we were obliged to respect, prevented us from at that time accomplishing that just and glorious enterprise. One of the noblest provinces of Italy, united by the desires of the population to my Crown, and when its heroic resistance and continual protest against foreign dominion rendered especially dear and sacred to us, remained in the hands of Austria. Though sorrowful at heart I abstained from troubling Europe, which desired peace. My government occupied itself with improving the work of interior organization, with opening sources of public prosperity, and with fortifying the country by land and by sea, awaiting a favorable opportunity to accomplish the independence of Venetia. Although waiting was not without danger, nevertheless we understood how to keep shut within our hearts—I my feelings as an Italian and a King, and my people its just impatience. I preserved intact the right of the nation and the dignity of the Crown and the Parliament, in order that Europe might understand what was due to Italy. Austria suddenly re-enforcing her troops upon our frontier, and provoking us by her hostile and threatening attitude, has come to disturb that pacific task of the reorganizing of the kingdom. I have replied by again taking up arms, and you have afforded the world the grand sight of hastening with promptitude and enthusiasm into the army and to enlist among the volunteers. Nevertheless when friendly powers endeavored to settle the difficulties by a congress, I gave a pledge of my feelings to Europe and hastened to accept the proposal. Austria again refused, this time rejecting negotiations and all agreement, affording thus a fresh proof that if she confides in her strength, she does not rely equally upon the goodness of her cause and of her right. You also, Italians, may trust in your strength, looking with pride upon your valiant army and strong navy, but you may rely still more firmly upon the sacredness of your right, whose triumph is still more infallible. We are supported by the judgment of public opinion and by the sympathy of Europe, which knows that Italy, independent and secure in her territory, will become a guarantee for peace and order. Italians, I hand over the government of the State to the Prince of Carignan and again take up the eagles of Gaito and Pastrengo, of Palesto and San Martino. I feel that I shall accomplish the vows made at the tomb of my high-minded father. I wish to be once more the first soldier of Italian Independence.

(Signed) VICTOR EMANUEL.

Proclamation to the National Guard.

FLORENCE, Wednesday evening.—King Victor Emanuel has just issued a proclamation to the National Guard, which says:

I leave the regency of the kingdom to the Prince of Carignan, to fight anew the final battles for the liberty and independence of Italy. While our forces by land and sea secure the rights of the nation against the threats and provocation of Austria, you will keep organized and armyed, in order that it may strengthen its liberties, in respect for the laws, preparing itself worthily for the glorious future which awaits us. It is you who have constituted the nation by your will; preserve it intact now by discipline and arms. Citizens! I confidently entrust to you the guardianship of public security and order. I go where the voice of Italy calls!

VICTOR EMANUEL.

Particulars of the First Engagement—The first Blood shed at Brunshausen—Surprise of Hanoverians.

[Hamburg (June 19) Correspondence London Daily News.]

The first blood has been shed in this unrighteous and unnatural civil war. On Sunday evening a corps of eight hundred Prussians were embarked at Harburg on board the iron-clad frigate *Armina* and one of the river passenger steamers, and arrived off Brunshausen at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, where they immediately landed, and after spiking the thirteen guns found in the fort, and destroying the earthworks forming the approaches, marched along the dykes to Stade, former

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, Hair Dresser, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion**, and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness.** You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills**, the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. In all cases **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 6th inst., Mrs. John Kelly, of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.

WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE.

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS., Sparks Street, Opposite Ontario Bank.

Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, July 6, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.			
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
100	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO:

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
400 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN, 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

171tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON, GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.

170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.—Apply to E. J. CHESLEY, Land and Patent Right Agent, Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 6th, 1866. 171-3

LECTURES on the PRESENT STATE and immediate prospects of the Christian Church, will be delivered by the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert, B.A., in the Lecture Room of the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday evening, the 3rd inst., and the two evenings following, at 8 o'clock, and in the Theatre on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 2·30 p. m. and 7 in the evening.

July 3. 167-tf

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.

Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

AMUSEMENTS.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

☞ The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes,

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

☞ An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8¼ precisely.

D. C. LaRUE, Manager.

CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

GRAND CONCERT!

A GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental Concert,

In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in

Her Majesty's Theatre!

On Tuesday ev'g. next, July 10th.

PROGRAMME:

PART 1ST.

1—Overture..........Zampa..........Herold
Band.
2—Solo...Mother Kissed me in my Dream...Thomas
A Gentleman.
3—Solo..........The Nightingale's Trill..........Guntz
A Lady.
4—Russian Carriage..........Cooke
Song by the Band.
5—Duett..........La ci Darem..........Donzetti
Lady and Gentleman.
6—Solo..........Polly Perkins (comic)..........Morris
A Gentleman.
7—Valse..........The Guards..........Godfrey
Band.
Intermission.

PART 2ND.

1—Selection..........Op Don Pasquale..........Donzetti
Band.
2—Solo..........Man the Life Boat..........Russel
A Gentleman.
3—Home, Sweet Home..........Thalberg
A Gentleman.
4—Solo—The Valley of Chamouni..........Glover
A Lady.
5—Polonaise..........The Violet..........Kucker
A Song by the Band.
6—Solo..........Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep
A Gentleman.
7—Solo..........Ernani Involami..........Hernani
A Lady.
8—Quadrille..........Irene Melodien..........Straus
Band.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme & Son's, Hope & Co.'s, Centre Town, and at the door.

Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.

Carriages may be ordered at 10.30 o'clock.

N.B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.

Ottawa, July 9. 168-td

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of JOHN TOWNSEND.

☞ The great sensational Drama of THE IRON CHEST, or the Secret Murder, positively for this night only.

Miss Adela St. Clair, in two of her most popular songs.

Miss Bertha Loraine in a fancy Characteristic Dance.

NOTICE.—Family tickets for three will, in future, be issued to the Boxes for $1.

On Monday Evening, July 9th,

Will be presented (for this night only), the great sensational drama (in three acts) entitled the

IRON CHEST!

Or the Secret Murder.

Sir Edward Mortimer..........Mr. John Townsend.
Captain Fitzharding..........Mr. W. A. Lyon.
Wilford..........Mr. Harry Townsend.
Blanch..........Miss Florence Grosvenor.
Supported by the whole company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

In the course of the evening several popular overtures and operatic solos, by the great Italian Brothers.

To conclude with the laughable farce of

SARAH'S YOUNG MAN.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 6. 172

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND* **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES, LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME. 155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpaca Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

138y A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR Establishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

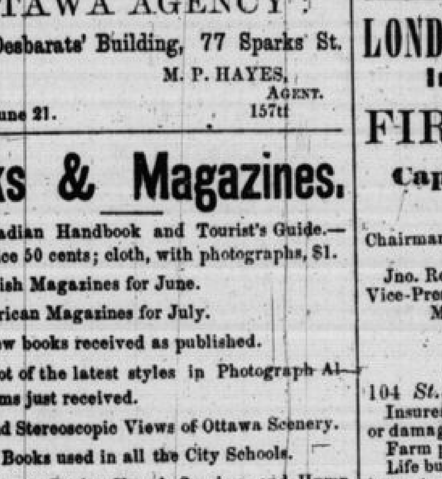
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private bargain, three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' walk from the Parliament Buildings, and for point of view, they are not surpassed. They will be sold at a low figure for cash. For particulars, apply to

E. MILES, Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-b



Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

12y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

☞ At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

☞ WHOLESALE & RETAIL. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO., Agents for Manufacturers, 34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO, *AGENTS FOR CANADA.*

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE, Agent Ottawa, No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE, OTTAWA, AGENT,

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

LODGINGS TO BE LET.—A Gentleman and his wife can be accommodated with a comfortable sitting-room, and two bed-rooms, with use of kitchen. Apply to

MRS. TORMEY, Cathcart Street.

169tf

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK, Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

☞ Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

New Bread & Biscuit Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO INform his friends and the public in general that his store will open on TUESDAY, the 26th INSTANT. He will bake every day a variety of Fancy Bread, Biscuits, Buns, and Sweet Cakes. His BREAD will always be

ONE PENNY CHEAPER

Than any in the city. His BISCUITS consist of

ABERNETHY,
FANCY,
WINE,
CHEESE,
CABIN,
WATER,
SUGAR, and

CRACKERS.

CHARLES HOY, 311, Wellington Street, Upper Town, Opposite the residence of Dr. VanCourtlandt.

June 29. 164a

☞ A JOURNEYMAN AND BOY WANTED.

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN, Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY, Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER, *Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,* Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH, ADMINISTRATOR.

Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street.

166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.

G. P. BAKER, Post Office.

161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweler in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

☞ Masonic and other Jewels, ☞ Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jell-148d

G. H. HERRICK,

(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 1865

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

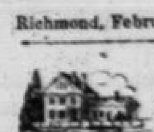
Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf



HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

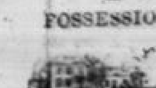
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY, Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.



A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of HON. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

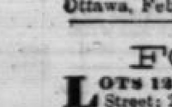
FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,



ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand. Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate,

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE, CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER, Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the REV. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x14, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes. For further particulars and terms of sale,

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO., Or to H. McLEAN, Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power,

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866.

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them, to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. *Vessels to make Quarantine.*

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle, shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—*Supplementary Inspection.*

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time: and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed, according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Inspection and Superintendence.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected?, or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, on did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—*Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore denned. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel, or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—*Vessels proceeding to Quebec.*

In all case where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the lisense of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick sick you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superindent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast-head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper Officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS. OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs, At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable Edward Cardwell, M. P., &c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET, February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

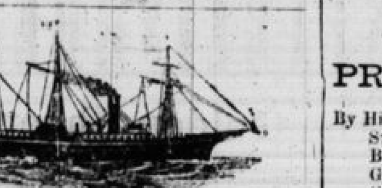
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficent to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble Servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN, $66.75 to $86.75 (According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE, $34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID	1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to HEUBACH & COWARD, AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA, Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed, WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec. 1865.

FOR SALE.

200 BRLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, ESQ., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

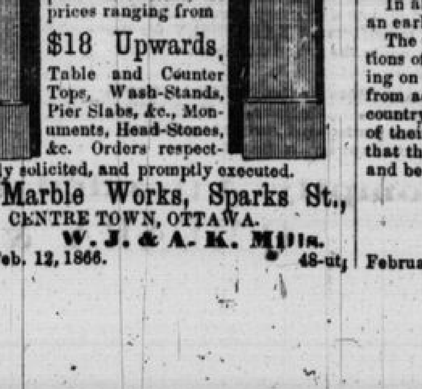
Groceries & Liquors.

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN, Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from $18 Upwards. Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St., CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.

W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-utf

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf,

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE, QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining House-keeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY, AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

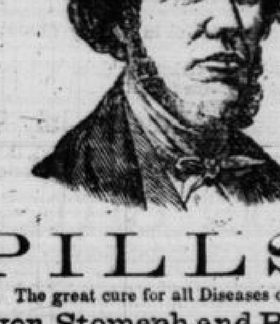
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer,

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites &c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THO'S RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON. *London and Liverpool.*

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is despensed with; the sound-boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong Iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing, by substituting straight bridges, preserving the same time the Over Strung Bass of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Berlil,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—"I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and it volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are orginal and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowing excelence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGG'S Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity, and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other tem of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON, 543 Broadway, NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

GEO A. PRINCE & CO.'

PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years

No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P. S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergy men and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO. Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-t

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 173. | OTTAWA C. W., TUESDAY JULY 10, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. "	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa,	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea and Wakefield, "	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton & East Templeton,	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and post-add thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References:—Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, St. Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map-Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon. Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks Street.

Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to ... Mrs. ...n's Hair Restorer, ...

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed on him during the past two years.

To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor ! Camphor ! !
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Remedy ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent, for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) $2.50
Steerage 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Green-house Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862.
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

Finance Department,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, July 6, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Valls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Por Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in 1844.*]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG-BOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ...
ONTARIO, ... Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT, ... Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN, ... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS, ... Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT.

Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice—Charles Billings, Town Clerk.
Auction Sale—Hector McLean, Auctioneer.
Annual Pic-Nic of the Queen Fire Company.—P. Favereau, Captain.
Bay Stud Horse Stolen—William Sayers.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Tinsmiths Wanted—Esmonde Bros., Sparks Street.
Notice of Journeymen Bakers—Wm. Jamieson.
Card—Dr. C. Leggo.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line........ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line........ 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line........ 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a.m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA,
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 10, 1866.

The *Saxonia* arrived at New York on Sunday evening, with Southampton dates to the 27th ult. The news, of which a full telegraphic summary will be found elsewhere, is highly important.

In the House, yesterday afternoon, Mr. McGivern gave notice that he would test the sense of the House on the fiscal and financial policy of the Government. The arrangement is a judicious one, as none of the ex-Ministers who grace the front seats, on the Speaker's left, would care to connect their names with a motion of the kind, without a reasonable prospect of being able to command, at least, a respectable minority. Some eighteen or twenty private and local bills were advanced a stage, and the discussion on the second reading of the Grand Trunk and Buffalo and Lake Huron arrangements bill commenced about five o'clock, being resumed again in the evening, and lasting until eleven o'clock, when the second reading was carried by a majority of 22. A few private and local bills were advanced a stage, and the House adjourned at half-past twelve.

The framers of the new Constitutions, Federal and Local, have assumed a heavy responsibility in drawing so largely on the public men of the country. Not only have they opened up a wider field for the exercise of statesmanship, but they have increased, to an alarming degree, the number of our legislators. The Confederate Parliament will absorb seventeen new men, besides giving a seat to every elected member at present sitting in the two Houses. The Lower Canada Assembly will require sixty-five, the Upper House twenty-four, while the single Chamber of Upper Canada will draw into it no less than eighty-two. Here then we have an immediate draft of 17, 65, 24, and 82—188. One hundred and eighty-eight bran new Legislators to be created by the votes of the free and independent electors for immediate active service in the year of grace 1867! Can the country stand the draft? We say nothing of the Lieutenant Governors, and other permanent officers, required to administer the Local Constitutions, as doubtless they can be found without much difficulty, but it is rather a serious question, whether at this time, so many new hands should be immediately drawn into the active duties of legislation. Without calling in question the talent of the country, or the will and ability of twice that number of people to devote themselves to its service, were the duties required of them of a far more dangerous character, we doubt the wisdom of such a sudden draft upon what must necessarily be to a great extent inexperienced talent, and that too at a time when the greatest amount of prudence and moderation will be required in the harmonious working of a new system, which, however carefully and wisely framed, must be exposed to considerable danger of collision between the different degrees of authority it creates, especially during the first few years of its operation. True, there are many ex-members of Parliament throughout the country; there are also a certain available number of crown appointed Legislative Councillors, besides the host of incipient legislators schooled in the working of the Municipal system, especially in Upper Canada; and to the ranks of these classes we may be referred as the place whence the occupants of the new Legislative seats may be drawn. But the Municipal system will continue to absorb as many men of leisure and intelligence as formerly; the gentlemen accustomed to sit in the Halls of Legislation by the Queen's pleasure will hardly condescend to the turmoil and excitement of a popular election, and it is a melancholy fact that for public or private reasons very many of the other class mentioned will not be able to find their way back to active political life. We must rely mainly, therefore, for the discharge of the vastly increased duties of Legislation under the Confederate system upon those at present engaged in public life, or upon new and untried men.

Would it not be wise under these circumstances, especially at the beginning, to constitute the members of the Confederate Parliament, for Upper and Lower Canada, the representatives of their own constituencies in the Local Assemblies of the respective Provinces? This, as a preliminary step to establishing the new system on a harmonious basis, would be productive of the most satisfactory results, as these gentlemen would bring into either House the experience acquired in the other, and thereby tend to prevent any risk of a conflict of authority. Besides, it is to be supposed that a very great majority of them will be those who have sat in this Parliament, one which has been more fruitful of profitable lessons, through the extraordinary party and political changes it has witnessed, than any of its predecessors, and they will be therefore especially qualified for the double duties of the Local and Confederate Parliaments, not only because of these lessons, but because it has been their especial study to frame a sound system of government, applicable to the new relations upon which the country is about to enter.

As the Local Governments are presumed to hold authority under the Confederate constitution, there can be no rational objection to the first members of the Confederate Parliament constituting a sort of local Provisional Parliament in their respective Provinces, for a limited period, of say two years, after which an election might be held, and the electors be left free to confer the double duty upon one representative, or to send another man to the local Parliament, according to their choice. By this means the people would be relieved of the excitement of too many elections coming on them at the same time, the local constitutions would be put practically in running order by those who may be presumed to understand them best; the surplus talent of the country would be reserved for a time, and applied, perhaps, to no less useful purposes, while the ambition of those who are aiming at local fame, would only be asked to delay its gratification for a couple of years. The election for the Confederate Parliament will furnish matter sufficient for political excitement throughout the country, without adding to it that for the Local Legislatures, for the people appear to have enjoyed the calm which followed the formation of the Coalition, and it is not desirable that it should be rudely broken by throwing upon the electors the serious responsibility of electing untried men to work a new Constitution, when by the arrangement we have indicated, the best experience in the country may be made available for the duty.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—This association, we understand, propose holding their annual Pic-Nic, at Mr. Wright's, Hull, on the 18th inst. Full particulars will be given in a day or two.

HOW IS IT?—We regret to learn that the stakes for the Foot Race, ran on Friday last, and which has been admitted to have been fairly won, even by Forsyth, Brown's opponent, has not yet been handed over. How is it?

CORRECTIONS.—A typographical error made us say, yesterday, that Patrick Smith was about to lose his leg; it should have been Patrick Sinnott. In our Saturday's police report we omitted the $10 fine, on Dan Goode for selling liquor without license. It was not heard.

ARTISTIC.—We had the pleasure yesterday of inspecting four new flags, painted by Mr. Colborne Lang, of this city, for the following Orange Lodges: No. 33, Fitzroy; No. 69, Gouldbourne; No. 470, Pembroke; and No. 653, Winchester. They are being finished in a most artistic style, and give strong evidence of Mr. Lang's ability as an artist of note. They are to be ready for the 12th.

I. P. B. S.—The President of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society has, in consequence of the Regular Quarterly Meeting of the Ottawa Loyal Orange District Lodge No. 4, of the County of Carleton, and the concert in aid of the English Church, Sussex street, taking place to-night, postponed the meeting of this Society until Tuesday next, the 17th inst., then to be held in McCarthy's Hall at 8 p.m.

BOARD OF TRADE.—The council of the Board of Trade met yesterday afternoon in the City Hall, when Mr. Francis Clemow was appointed official assignee for Prescott and Russell. It was also resolved to call a meeting of the Board to meet at three o'clock next Wednesday, to consider the tariff, and a sub committee, consisting of Mr. A. Scott, Mr. Perry and Mr. Thomas Patterson, to draft resolutions to be submitted to the meeting.

FIRST ANNUAL PIC-NIC.—The Queen Fire Engine Company, Capt. Paul Favereau, announce their first Annual Pic-nic, at Hull, on Monday next. This company, seeking, as they now do, public patronage for the first time, have a special right to anticipate a hearty response. Let it be remembered that when

The city slumbered o'er her mighty walls,
Night's dusky mantle soft and silent falls;
Sleep o'er the world slow waves her wand of lead,
And heavy torpor wraps each sleeping head.
The young forget their sports, the old their cares,
Sweet is the pillowed rest of beauty now,
And pleasure smiles upon her tranquil brow;
When hark! oh! horror—what a crash is there;
What shriek is that which rends the midnight air?
'Tis fire! 'tis fire! She wakes to dream no more;
The hot blast rushes through the blazing door;
The Hall is dimmed with smoke, and hark that cry:
"Help—help—will no one aid? I die! I die!"
She seeks the casement, shuddering at its height;
She turns again—the fierce flames mock her night.

It is in such an hour that we look for the aid of such men as comprise the Queen Company, and have never looked in vain. They are ever ready to be judged by their actions; and we trust that those of our citizens, on this occasion, will demonstrate, to a certainty, that their services are fully appreciated.

ROWDIES.—It appears that a crowd of roughs are in the habit of standing near Hunter & Rose's printing office, about 10 o'clock at night, and assaulting persons passing, frequently trying to get up fights, and on Sunday night they visited the residence of Thomas Huson, when one of the cowardly ruffians struck him a blow on the mouth, and threatened to set others upon him to beat him within an inch of his life. Steps have been taken, however, to deal with them according to their deserts. One of them should take warning by his brother's fate, lest a worse befall him.

POLICE COURT.—Patrick Dunford, charged at the instance of Mary Marcotte with assault, and attempt with others to make forcible entry into her house for an improper purpose. The alleged offence was committed on the 27th May, last. Since then the delinquent has kept out of the way; adjourned. Samuel Bingham and James O'Neil were charged with committing the offence of dragging Angeline Michaud into the bush near the R. R. Station, on the night of the 4th inst. The complainant told the same story as she did when Rooney and McLaughlin were before the court on the same charge. One of the former defendants was made a witness, but everything failed to elicit any evidence against the prisoners. The case occupied a large portion of the morning, and of the afternoon. At half past five o'clock time was given to produce another witness for the prosecution but when at six the officer returned unable to find him, his Worship very properly discharged the prisoners.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, July 9th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

A large number of petitions were received and read.

Several bills were reported from the private bills, and other Committees.

The following bills were introduced and read a first time:

Hon. M. C. CAMERON.—To amend 25th vic. cap. 40, entitled an act to confirm and establish certain roads in the Township of Reach and to extend the provisions of the said act to certain other roads.

Mr. LAJOIE.—To render valid certain acts of deceased notaries.

Mr. IRVINE.—To remove doubts as to the legality of Canon of the Synod of the Diocese of Quebec, respecting the Chaplains within the parish of Quebec.

Mr. KNIGHT.—To incorporate the Crystal Lake Cemetery Company.

Mr. WALLBRIDGE.—To amend chapters 114 and 124 Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, respecting appeals in and returns of cases of summary convictions before Justices of the Peace.

On the orders of the day being called,

In reply to Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. GALT said it was his intention to move the House into Committee of Ways and Means, on the resolutions imposing the tariff, on to-morrow (Tuesday,) at 3 o'clock.

Mr. CORNELLIES.—To amend the Municipal Act of Lower Canada.

Dr. PARKER.—To amend the Medical Act of Upper Canada.

Attorney-General CARTIER.—To amend the Acts relating to the incorporation of the City of Montreal.

Attorney-General CARTIER.—To incorporate the Institute of Canadian Artizans, of the City of Montreal.

Mr. McGIVERIN gave notice that it was his intention to test the policy of the government, both in reference to their monetary scheme, and the tariff, as well as with regard to the excessive expenditure proposed.

Hon. A. T. GALT thanked the hon. member for the timely notice given (a laugh.)

The following bills were read a third time:

To enable the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, Montreal, to sell certain Real Estate.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To Amend the Act incorporating the Mercantile Library Association of Montreal.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To attach a part of the Township of Aylmer, to the Parish of St. Vital de Lambton, in the County of Beauce.—Mr. Taschereau.

To attach a part of the township of Broughton to the Parish of St. Frederick, in the County of Beauce.—Mr. Taschereau.

To incorporate the College of St. Jerome in the town of Berlin.—Mr. Bowman.

To divide the Township of Wawanosh into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. Dickson.

To confirm the will of the late Robert Jackson, of the Township of Scarborough.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To incorporate the Montreal Club House.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

The following bills passed through Committee of the whole and ordered to a third reading for another day:

To authorize William John Bickell to construct a Bridge over River St. Charles (and amendments.)—Mr. Huot.

To incorporate the Town of St. Ours (and amendments).—Mr. Perault.

To amend the Act 27-28 Vic., chap. 71, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of Hamilton" (and amendments).—Mr. Magill.

To incorporate the Rossin House Hotel Company (and amendments).—Mr. Macdonald (Toronto).

To incorporate the Canadian Rubber Company of Montreal (and amendments).—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To amalgamate the Western Counties Permanent Building and Savings Society with the Huron and Erie Savings and Loan Society, or with any other Society of a similar character (and amendments).—Hon. Mr. Carling.

To incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company (and amendments).—Mr. Currier.

To incorporate the Bothwell Tram Road and Bridge Company (and amendments).—Hon. Mr. Carling.

On the motion for the second reading of the Hon. Mr. ROSE'S bill, "To legalize a certain agreement between the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, and the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada," several members desired it to be delayed until the evening, to allow the unopposed measures to be disposed of. This was opposed by others, and,

Hon. Mr. ROSE, in moving the second reading briefly explained the provisions of the bill, which he said he understood to be the same as those of the bill on the same subject introduced last Session. This he said was not the time to enter on a discussion of the bill, as that would properly take place before the Railway Committee.

Mr. McFARLANE said he would assume the responsibility of opposing the second reading of the bill, finding as he did that there was a strong feeling against its principle, both in the House and in the country. After a few further remarks he moved, seconded by Mr. McKenzie that it be read a second time this day six months.

Hon. M. C. CAMERON said the principle of railway amalgamation had already been sanctioned by the solemn action of the Legislature, and he saw nothing in the particular case before the House that should cause this bill to be denied the common courtesy of going before the Railway Committee. It after that it should be found to contain anything contrary to the interest of the public he for one would be ready to oppose it; but it ought not to be refused the opportunity of being fairly discussed in the Railway Committee, where he understood amendments were to be introduced to protect several interests hitherto supposed to have been in jeopardy. He regretted to have heard the hon. mover of the six months, hoist, object to the bill because it did not contain something which he thought it should contain. He did not like to see measures treated merely because of their probable effects upon certain interests of particular friends, without reference to the justice or injustice of their provisions. Influences were at work, and perhaps, on both sides, which he did not approve, to sway the decision of the House, but he hoped that a measure to legalize an agreement which has already worked for two years ought not to be condemned merely because one of the parties to it was the Grand Trunk Railway. The hon. member for South Oxford who would now oppose the second reading of the bill had given his consent to its second reading and going before the Railway Committee last session at Quebec, and he (Mr. C.) knew of no reason why that hon. gentleman should change his course on the question, except that he had crossed from one side of the House to the other. The province had paid a large sum of money towards the construction of that road, yet it has received advantages which more than repaid it for the cost, and he felt sure that it the choice were now set before the country to get the money back and surrender their advantages, the country would rather let the money go. He hoped his hon. friend from Perth would not press his motion for the six months' hoist.

Mr. McKENZIE took the floor, but it being six o'clock, the Speaker left the chair.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at eight o'clock.

Mr. McKENZIE resumed the debate on the Grand Trunk Railway Amalgamation Bill. He said were the bill one against which there was no objection to the principle, he could see the justice of the demand that the bill should be allowed to go before the Railway Committee. But when the principle was the chief objection to the bill, and when the second reading was to be made a test of that principle then it was quite proper that the second reading should be resisted by the opponents of the bill. He objected to it because it gave the Grand Trunk Railway Company a large and wealthy Corporation, the absolute control of another railway. He was opposed to placing more power in the hands of large Corporations as a general principle and they had already had sufficient experience of the influence wielded by the Grand Trunk Company. Should it unfortunately pass the second reading he should consider it his duty to endeavour to the best of his ability to make the best of a bad bill. They had found the Grand Trunk Company very powerful in this House, and throughout the country as well in Municipal matters as in contests in the electoral divisions. It was entirely on the ground of opposition to the strengthening of the influence of this Company, and not to the detail of the bill, that he resisted its second reading. He admitted now as he had two years before, that the Grand Trunk had been a blessing to the country, and he believed it had repaid, or it would hereafter repay all the money it had cost. He was not opposed to the company but he did object to increasing its present powers, for if this bill were passed the next step would be a bill amalgamating with the Great Western, and so on until it absorbed all the railways in the Province. He thought at all events the bill should have been held over, to be dealt with by the Local Legislature.

Mr. DICKSON said the mover of the six months' hoist gave three reasons, first that the travelling community would not be so well accommodated, second that the interests of Brantford would not be protected, and the third in regard to the principle. As to the first, the amendments to be proposed would meet, the second might be satisfactorily arranged before the Railway Committee, while with regard to the third he was astonished to hear the remarks of the member for Lambton at this stage of the bill, when last year a very similar bill had been sent to the Railway Committee unopposed. As to the question of amalgamation, he felt sure that if carried out properly and with a good arrangement for interchange of cars between the different roads, he was sure the people of the counties he represented would be greatly benefited by getting off their produce with more punctuality. He was sure the agricultural community would be glad to see the bill go before the committee, with the view of securing greater facilities for the removal of their produce.

Dr. PARKER said he had almost learned to oppose the bill from the hon. gentleman who had just sat down, and now to his surprise he found him speaking in favor of it. He had also learned that the hon. gentleman could make an admirable speech on both sides. He (Dr. P.) did not think, however, that the House would take from the hon. member for Montreal Centre a bill that it had refused last session, when it was in the hands of the member for Montreal West. He did not oppose the bill in the interests of the Great Western, nor in opposition to the Grand Trunk Company, but he opposed it in the interest of the people of Western Canada, which would be injuriously affected by its passage. He believed it would be detrimental to the interest of the commercial and agricultural classes in the section through which the Buffalo and Lake Huron road passes, and he opposed it also on the general principle that he disapproved of the Grand Trunk Company obtaining the control of the whole carrying trade of the country. Another reason for resisting the increase of power in the hands of this Corporation, was the political power which it had been known at times to wield to a degree that it had sometimes overshadowed the Government. For the reason he had stated he should consider it his duty to oppose the bill in all its stages.

Mr. WOODS said that if the bill were opposed on the principle of amalgamation, he desired the hon. gentleman who had last spoken to point out the clause.

Dr. PARKER entered into explanation.

Mr. WOODS said he had not answered the question. His speech was certainly a very good one, but it would do just as well against any other bill; in fact it was quite clear that the hon. member had never read the bill at all. (Laughter.) He (Mr. W.) had discussed this subject in all its bearings, and he found the truth of the adage frequently illustrated among its opponents

"That a man convinced against his will,
Is of the same opinion still."

As to the circumstances which had led to the arrangement between the Grand Trunk and Buffalo and Lake Huron, the latter Company had been carried on for years at an immense annual loss to the shareholders, amounting in the aggregate to £1,250,000 sterling, and at last they had got tired of it and stopped the road. A proposition was then made to the Great Western to work the road, but that was objected to because it would have established a monopoly on the Western peninsula. By this agreement with the Grand Trunk Co. what was the result? Why, that between Buffalo and Detroit were two distinct lines, open for travel and traffic. There was the Great Western from the Suspension Bridge to Detroit, and there was the amalgamation companies from Buffalo to the same point, a clear case of healthy competition, and if the hon. member who had last spoken, were really opposed to monopoly, he would support the bill. I had been held *in terrorem* over his head, that if he did this, that, or the other thing, for the Grand Trunk, he would suffer all sorts of opposition at another election, but he considered the bill for the interests of the country, and he would support it. As to the political influence of the Grand Trunk Company, he would be better pleased to have its opposition than its support in any constituency, with the exception, perhaps, of some of the large cities. He again challenged the hon. member to point out the amalgamation clause in the bill, and said there was no such clause in the bill. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) There was a clause which said that the Companies might work together for twenty-one years, but there was no provision for amalgamation. If hon. members would look to the Statute-book they would find that amalgamation had been provided for by the Legislature, and had been in operation for the past sixteen years. As to the interests of the town of Brantford, if he thought they would be injuriously affected by the bill, he should consider it his duty as its representative to vote against the bill, but he feared no such result.

Mr. STREET said every member of the House was well aware of the power of amalgamation which existed in the Statutes, and he did not see why these companies could not have made their arrangement under the existing law, without troubling this House for new powers. He was not afraid of the great power of the Grand Trunk Company which had been spoken of, and he should be sorry to see any misfortune befall it, but he did not wish to permit other railway interests to be injured by combinations of the kind which they were now called upon to consider. The hon. member for Brant had urged the passage of the bill, because there was a clause in it to enable the Grand Trunk Company to raise money to build the International Bridge. But did anybody believe that the Grand Trunk could find the means for carrying out every enterprise in the country? The International Bridge Company meant to raise the means themselves, and would no doubt succeed in building their bridge, but their name was only used in this bill as a blind to help to carry it through this House. If the Company could raise money he desired to see it expended in completing and improving their own property, and he should be sorry to see it saddled with another undertaking which would further draw upon its means. It was not as a question of interest to one company or the other, but to that of the people at large, that they as the people's representatives should look, and he contended that the best way to serve the people's interest was to leave the several railways precisely as they are, and allow each to work out its own fortune by its own means. He hoped the bill would be rejected on the second reading.

Hon. G. BROWN said the hon. member for Ontario had pressed very strongly the point that amalgamation had been provided for already by statute, and could not be objected to in this bill, whereas the hon. member for Brant denied that there was any amalgamation between the companies.

Mr. WOOD—I said not in the bill.

Hon. G. BROWN read a clause shewing that the act vested all the rights and powers of the Buffalo and Lake Huron company in the Grand Trunk company, and it that was not amalgamation he knew not what it was. The act clearly authorised an agreement between the two companies which gave one of them the whole control of the other for a period of no less than a thousand years, and surely that was equivalent to amalgamation. He had been exceedingly surprised to hear the hon. member from Huron and Bruce speaking in favor of this bill, for he had been one of its most strenuous opponents. Then, again, that hon. gentleman had said the people of these counties were not opposed to the principle of amalgamation, when there was before the House a petition from the United Counties' Council of Huron and Bruce, which the hon. member himself had presented, which strongly objected to the passage of the bill. The people of Brantford were also said to be in favor of the bill, but it was in a very particular way—provided they could make a profit out of the money which they had borrowed out of the Municipal Loan fund. With regard to the principle of railway amalgamation, he did not care whether it was on the statute-book or not, it was a bad principle and ought to be abolished at once.

Mr. FERGUSSON (South Simcoe) said that to his knowledge, no attempt had ever been made to amalgamate the Northern with the Grand Trunk. Another charge that had been made against the Grand Trunk was, that it had interfered with municipal as well as parliamentary elections. Now, in fact, it had been seen that along the line of the Grand Trunk, opponents to that Company had been returned—at Cornwall, Brockville and Toronto. As to the present arrangement of the Grand Trunk with the Buffalo and Lake Huron road, he had been assured, by many of the constituents of his hon. friend, who had moved the six months' hoist, that their interests were much better served now than they ever had been by the Buffalo road before the amalgamation had taken place. He (Mr. F.) knew the wants of his hon. friend's constituents, better than that hon. member did himself. All the stations north of Stratford profited largely by the arrangement; they were making now 10 cents a barrel on flour more than they did before, and they would not thank their member for trying to wrest these ten cents from them.

Mr. McFARLANE asked how was that the case.

Mr. FERGUSSON—Because, since the amalgamation, as everybody knew, the charge for the transhipment had been abolished. As to the general subject of amalgamation;—already several companies had been amalgamated and no injurious results had yet taken place. He trusted that the Ottawa and Prescott Company would enter into some arrangement with the Grand Trunk, so that the travelling community might not be detained four hours at Prescott. (Hear, hear.) He had also been very much surprised to hear the member for North Wellington speak as he did, on the subject of amalgamation. He had always considered that hon. member consistent in his views, but he thought he had been very inconsistent to-night, and would have been very much at a loss to know the reason of his conduct had he not heard that his friend had got a new office; he was now a Director in the Great Western Railway, (laughter) and therefore he must come here to speak against the Grand Trunk. The hon. member for South Oxford had also been very friendly with that Company, if not a Director he had been a contractor.

Mr. BROWN denied it.

Mr. FERGUSSON continued to explain the advantages the Grand Trunk conferred on the country, and the benefit to parties shipping produce on the line of the Buffalo and Lake Huron, by being relieved of the charge for transhipment, since the arrangement between the two companies came into force.

Hon. A. T. GALT would like to ask gentlemen opposed to this bill, into what position do they wish to throw the Buffalo and Lake Huron road? Do they wish to throw it back to the condition in which it was, before the arrangement was made, a condition of insolvency? If they mean anything, they must mean that that road should be made insolvent and sold to the highest bidder. There was no new principle involved in the bill, which had passed, a second reading in this House last year, with the consent of the hon. member for South Oxford, who was then on this side of the House. At that time hon. members on the opposite side had no reason to oppose the second reading of the bill; they allowed it to pass and go before the railway committee. It was carried through that committee and brought back to the House, though now they refused it even a second reading. This was not the time to discuss the principle of the bill, it was the practice always to send private bills to a Committee, and afterwards to discuss the principle when they came up for a third reading.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said the position of the Buffalo and Lake Huron had been in such a position that it must fall either into the hands of the Great Western or of the Grand Trunk. The Great Western was more of an American Company; it gave a daylight passage to travellers and freight from one point in the States to another, whereas the Grand Trunk was essentially a Canadian road, and so far had his sympathy, but he confessed it had not been worked to the satisfaction of the country. It had enjoyed great power over the Government of the country, every Ministry had been its friend, his own had even tried to do something for it. (Laughter.) He would follow the same course this session as he had done with regard to the amalgamation bill he once introduced himself, allow the bill to go before the Railway Committee to have its errors corrected and its objectionable features exchanged.

Col. HAULTAIN addressed the House against the second reading.

Mr. GIBBS spoke in favor of the second reading. He argued that there was a struggle between the Great Western and the Grand Trunk, as to which of them should get possession of the Buffalo and Lake Huron road, and that it was the interest of Canada that the Grand Trunk should get it. (Hear.)

The members were then called in, and the vote taken, when the amendment was lost.—Yeas, 44. Nays, 66.

Mr. Morris did not vote, having paired with the member for Argenteuil.

The bill was read a second time, on the same division.

The following bills were also read a second time:

To amend the Act to amend and consolidate the provisions contained in the Acts and Ordinances relating to the incorporation of and the supply of water in the City of Quebec.—Hon. Mr. Cauchon.

To amend the Act incorporating the Quebec Marine Insurance Company.—Hon. Mr. Alleyn.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CAMERON the House went into Committee on the bill to incorporate the Canada Vine Growers' Association. Committee rose and reported the bill.

Mr. DICKSON'S bill to legalise By-Law No. 7, appropriating a certain sum of money for the construction of several roads and harbors in the County of Bruce was read a second time.

On the motion for the second reading of Hon. Mr. CAMERONS' bill, "To provide for the sale of the Rectory Lands of this Province," a long discussion took place, Hon Geo. Brown opposing, and Hon. J. A. Macdonald and J. H. Cameron, and Messrs. Dunkin, Fergusson, (S. Simcoe,) Irvine and others supporting it.

Hon. Mr. BROWN moved the three months' hoist.—Lost.

Yeas. Messrs. Brown, McKellar and McKenzie. Nays. 77.

The bill was read a second time on the same division.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked the Minister of Finance when the House might expect the report of the Trade Commission.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL replied that the matter was now in the hands of the printer, and would be brought in as soon as possible.

In reply to Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. GALT said the education bill was in a forward state of preparation, and would be submitted at an early day.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD addressed the House on the subject of the recent calamitous fire at Portland, and suggested that the House should express its sympathy with the sufferers in some marked and formal manner.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD agreed with the hon. member, that it was the duty of every one to sympathize with the sufferers.

A few unopposed private bills were read a second time, and the House adjourned at half-past 12 o'clock.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the S. S. "Saxonia."

Resignation of the Ministry Tendered.

Her Majesty Refuses to accept the Resignation.

First Engagement between the Prussian and Saxon Troops.

Heavy Battle between the Italians and Austrians.

Both Wings of the Italian Army Repulsed

The Battle still Fiercely Raging.

Prince Amadons and many Generals Wounded.

The Italian Army Defeated.

NEW YORK, 8th.—The steamer *Saxonia*, from Southampton, June 27th, arrived here this evening, with four days later news from Europe.

In the House of Lords on Monday, June 25th, Lord Russell announced that in consequence of the hostile vote of the House of Commons on that day week, the Ministry had felt it to be their duty to tender their resignation, but the majority having invited them to reconsider their determination they awaited a result of an interview with the Queen on Tuesday, before declaring their definite course. For these circumstances he proposed an adjournment until Tuesday evening, which was allowed.

In the House of Commons on the 25th, Gladstone announced that he had the Queen's permission to acquaint the House that on account of the vote of Monday week, and the debates which preceded it, Lord Russell, and his colleagues had tendered their resignations, but Her Majesty had not deemed it advisable to accept them without the advantage of personal communications.

The Queen was now on her way to London, and would give Lord Russell and himself an audience on Tuesday.

He proposed that the House should adjourn till Tuesday evening. The House accordingly adjourned.

PRAGUE, June 22nd.—The Prussians have passed across the heights of Holleodorf, when they had an encounter with the Saxon troops. They have seized 12 locomotives in Planen.

NEISSE, June 20th.—Hostilities have been commenced by the Prussian army corps in Silesia.

Yesterday three Prussian detachments were sent out to reconnoiter towards Senskmantel, Friedbern and Fruvalden. The last of these detachments between Breitenfust and Sandsubel, came upon an Austrian regiment of Hussars.

The Prussian needle gun was very effective, and enabled the 10th Fusileer Regiment to repulse the charge of the Hussars. The Austrians lost 8 killed and 15 wounded.

It is officially announced that two attempts have been made by the Hanoverian army to break through the Prussians between Essenach and Golba.

The bold attempt which was made, notwithstanding the truce agreed upon on 5th instant, was repulsed by the 4th Regiment of the Prussian Infantry.

The Prussians sustained no loss.

GOTHA, 24th.—The Commander-in-Chief of the Hanoverian troops has declared himself willing to capitulate to the Prussian troops if the Hanoverian officers are personally convinced that the Hanoverian army is completely shut in by the superior number of the Prussian troops. It is believed that the officers will be permitted to withdraw with all honors of war, together with their arms and horses, and that a free choice of a future residence will be left to the King and crown Prince of Hanover.

GOTHA, 25th.—It is stated on good authority that negotiations for y capitulation of Hanoverians remain without result, the King insisting on free passage of his troops into Bavaria, to aid Austria against Italy.

PARIS, 25th.—The *Moniteur* says the Hanoverians have succeeded in reaching the territory of Meiningen, after having eluded the different Prussian corps by which they were surrounded.

GAITO, 23rd June.—The Italian army crossed the Mincio to-day, without meeting any resistance from the Austrians.

VERONA, Saturday, 10 p.m.—At two this afternoon the Austrian pulse brigade reached the outlying forks of Verona without loss, having been pushed back by a greatly superior force of Italian cavalry, which, however, did not charge.

VERONA, Sunday, 2 p.m.—A great battle has been in progress since morning between the Italians and Austrians. Both wings of the Italian army have already been repulsed. The battle still continues.

BERNE, Sunday, June 24th.—The Austrians have occupied the heights of the Selvio. Garibaldi is near Lake Garda.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS, Sunday evening.—A desperate engagement has just taken place in front of Verona, lasting almost the whole day.

The first corps which was intended to occupy positions between Perscheera and Verona, did not succeed in the attack. The 2nd and 3rd army corps were unable to deliver the 1st from the assault, and it had to sustain against an overwhelming force.

MILAN, 25th.—An Austrian detachment has occupied Bormio, in Lombardy.

AUSTRIAN HEAD-QUARTERS, Sunday, 24th.—The Austrian army while advancing towards the Mincio, was attacked by the forces under Victor Emanuel. Our army carried Montevante by assault, and Custosesia at the close of the engagement, at 5 p.m.

Our forces took several cannon and many prisoners.

The King employed in the attack the 3rd corps of the Mincio, and the reserve.

Prince Amadens and many generals were wounded.

Second Official Despatch.—AUSTRIAN HEAD-QUARTERS, June 25th.—The Imperial troops have repulsed the enemy at all points, after a hot fight, not without considerable losses.—Custorgas was taken by storm, which caused a fresh struggle before that position, in which 2,000 Italians were taken prisoners.

Third Despatch.—The Austrian flotilla, on the Lago Delyarda, numbering six gunboats, have cannonaded the enemies' entrance on the Lombard shore without sustaining any losses. On 23rd, the enemy, in great force, crossed the Po at several points below Peesello; the Imperial forces withdrew and came upon a reconnoitering party upon the line of Curtalore, which they drove back, taking a great number of prisoners.

The Italian army recrossed the Mincio yesterday.

The battle by Arch Duke Albrecht, is called the battle of Custora.

FLORENCE, June 25th.—The Italian fleet left Taranto on the 23rd. Its destination is unknown.

PARIS, June 25th.—The *Moniteur* of this evening says, the advance of the Prussians into Bohemia, will have the effect of preventing Gen. Benedek from entering Silesia. That an engagement will shortly take place in Bohemia, appears inevitable.

BERLIN, June 25th.—The three divisions of the Prussian army commanded by the Prince Royal, Prince Frederick Charles and General Herworth, continue to advance into Bohomia. Up to the present no serious engagement has taken place.

LOMBARDY, June 23.—The official *Stoats Auzeafer* of to-day says, after the entry of the Prussians into Electorate of Hesse, the King of Prussia again made fresh endeavors to come to an understanding with the Elector.

On the 25th inst., the Prussian minister offered an alliance on the basis of the Prussian proposition for the formation of a new confederation and constitution. That Elector should have a ministry, which should guarantee the observation of the constitution of 1831. Had this been accepted the possession of his throne and his sovereign rights would have been guaranteed.

LATER.

LEIPSIC, June 26.—A Prussian army corps destined to operate against Bavaria, arrived here to-day, and will proceed to-morrow in the direction of Hof.

BERLIN, 26th.—It is again positively announced that the Hanoverian army is completely surrounded, and that the attempts by some detachments to escape have been repulsed.

FLORENCE, 26th.—The Florence papers are unanimous in proclaiming the resolution of the country to make every sacrifice in prosecuting to their utmost the war until the complete liberation of Venetia by the arms of Italy has been accomplished.

PARIS, 26th.—According to a telegram from Madrid in *La France* a proclamation had been issued by Marshall O'Donnel, in which he announces his determination to repress with vigor every attempt at disturbance.

The telegram adds that two Generals died from the wounds they received during the fighting in Madrid.

The *Avenir National* contains a letter from Madrid dated 24th, which stated that 1,750 prisoners were made during the recent revolt, 137 of whom have already been shot. It adds that the total number of killed are 1,000.

FRANCE.

LATEST.—The *Moniteur* says that the Italian troops who were at Como, have passed through Lecco on their way to the Tyrol.

A telegram from Madrid, of yesterday, says that the 5th regiment of Foot Artillery and a regiment of Horse Artillery revolted without their officers. The barracks they occupied were, however, taken, and after an obstinate resistance the rebels surrendered at discretion.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, 9th.—The thermometer reached 98 degrees yesterday.

Thirty-three cases of sunstroke are reported, twenty-seven of which resulted in death.

Two deaths from cholera were reported yesterday.

Senor Losiano, private secretary to Santa Anna, died yesterday.

BALTIMORE, 9th.—The *Sun* publishes the following account of a rumored revolt in Cuba, which they received specially from Captain Reynolds, of the steamer *Cuba*, which arrived yesterday from Havana with dates to the 4th inst. A few hours previous to the sailing of the *Cuba*, a citizen of Havana received a letter from Porte Principe, giving an account of a serious revolt that took place. The Cuban officials had not made public any account of the affair, but the statement of the writer of the letter is said to have created intense excitement in Havana. The substance of the letter is to the following effect:—About the 29th ult., information was sent by the civil and military authorities of Porto Principe, to the Captain General of Havana, that in that place as well as in the neighborhood, a spirit of revolt was observed for some time past, and treasonable language used openly in public.

The authorities at Havana, however, paid no heed to the warning, until news came that a portion of the people of the Island had broken out in open revolt, and declared for the independence of Cuba, and separation from the Spanish Government.

On the 1st instant a Spanish force, consisting of five companies, stationed at Porto Principe, was sent against the insurgents, to bring them to order. A fight ensued, in which the commander was killed and two other officers mortally wounded, while three companies of the Spanish soldiers went over to the insurgents. The latter, now reinforced, and numbering near 7,000 men, proceeded to the mountain region. The moment the news was known in Havana, three steamers were despatched with troops to the place of revolt, but before they were fairly on their way, which was on the third, the stirring intelligence arrived that four steamers, with 2,000 troops on board, had made their appearance near Nuervitan, bearing the Chilian flag, and effected a landing in that neighborhood. All the discontented thereupon proceeded to the place of disembarkation, and it was believed that the revolt had its ramifications throughout the whole Island.—Among those who left Porto Principe, were about 1,000 negroes who, it is asserted, were armed by their owners to join the insurgents. The whole affair was looked upon as a general revolution of the natives to free themselves from the Spanish rule.

HARTFORD, CT., July 9.—During a tempest of thunder and lightning, at 6 o'clock last evening, the lightning struck the house of Chas. Whiting, in Forestville, instantly killing Mr W. and his son. Mrs. Whiting was seriously injured, and though she still lives, it is doubtful if she will recover. She and Mr. W. sat on a sofa, and her son in a chair near by.

NEW YORK, 9.—The *Post's* money article says, prominent to be seen on Wall street today is the large foreign orders for Government securities. The demand from the interior is also large. Loan markets easy, but more active at 5 per cent.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., 9.—The Valley House and Waller Wager's cabinet shop were destroyed by fire yesterday a. m. Loss $1,500. Par- Aspinwall, brings Havanna dates of the 1st, and tially insured.

PHILADELPHIA, 9.—The rope works of Pleable & Pitey were destroyed by fire last night. Loss probably $150,000, with little or no insurance.

NEW YORK, 9.—The steamer *New York* from $13,090, in gold chiefly. Potosi and Bolivia are said to have formed a league against Spain, and an application was made to Venzuela and Columbia to join the allies. The three first named are to furnish money, and the others men, while hopes are entertained of assistance from the United States, by the emigration of Southerners through Florida.

Advices from Bogola announce the installation of the new priest Mosquedra. He disapproved the act of Congress making certain annuities to nuns, in consideration of the confiscation of their property.

The Senate insisted on carrying out its measure, and the result was that an armed mob paraded the streets, entered the Senate Chamber, and compelled Congress to sanction the veto of the priest.

This was thought to be the first step towards Mosquedra's declaring himself permanent Dictator.

Everything denotes a speedy revolution throughout the Republic, but if Mosquedra does not die he will probably fight his way through.

Matters look gloomy along the south coast. Great dissatisfaction exists in Chili. A change of Government must soon take place.

Peru seems on the verge of a revolution.

Central America remains tranquil.

Costa Rica still suffers greatly from fever.

NEW YORK, July 9th.—A telegram from Berlin, says it is officially announced that the Prussian alliance has been accepted by all the German States except Hanover, Hesse and Nassau. Hungarian deserters have come into the Prussian outposts with their horses and accoutrements. A depot has been formed of them at Glogan. A telegram from Florence, June 24th, says Baron Picasole received today a deputation of citizens of Tyrol, who presented addresses, expressing the wish of these people to be united to Italy.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The Board met on Thursday the 5th inst., at seven o'clock, p.m.

Present—Messrs. J. D. Slater, Chairman, Abbott, May, Kirby, Scott, Cunningham, and Workman.

The minutes were read and approved. An account from Mr. Robertson, Teacher St. Georges Ward, was presented.

Moved by Mr. Cunningham, seconded by Mr. Workman, that the account of Mr. J. P. Robertson be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

An offer for sale of Lot No. 4, on corner of Bolton and Carlton Streets, and fronting on Cathcart Square for a school site, was read, and reserved for further consideration.

The Local Superintendent presented his half yearly statement of attendance of pupils in the several schools under the Board, which was read and ordered to be placed on file.

The meetings of the summer months are changed from seven to eight o'clock, p. m.

JAMES JOYNT,
Secretary.

COMMERCIAL

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Return of traffic for week ending June 30, 1866:

Passengers,	$48,018
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries,	5,800
Freight and Live Stock,	66,026
Total,	$119,844
Corresponding week of 1865,	116,317
Increase,	$3,527

JOHN HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Montreal, July 5, 1866.

LATEST ENGLISH MARKETS.

Liverpool, June 26.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—The evening cotton sales of Monday and Tuesday were 28,000 bales. Market buoyant with an advance of ¼ to ½d, but closed with less firmness. Manchester market quiet.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour quiet, but firm. Wheat firm. Corn less firm.

PROVISIONS—Beef firm and upward, with an advance of 2s per bbl. Pork firm, and advanced 3s per bbl. Bacon firm. Lard very dull. Tallow quiet and steady.

London, 26th.

Consols closed at 86½ to 86¾ for money. 5.20's 64 to 64½. Erie 38 to 39.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

OTTAWA, July 9, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$9 00	@	10 10
No. 1	7 70	@	7 75
No. 2	6 50	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
" Spring "	3 87½	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	None offering.		
Barley " 48 lbs.			
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	2 00	@	2 10
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 27	@	0 35
Beans " 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 50	@	24 50
Prime Mess per do	61 40	@	18 40
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	17 00
Beef	9 00	@	10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@	0 00
Veal— " "	0 10	@	0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@	0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 15
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 46	@	0 00

Monday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 9.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@	9 00
Extra	8 00	@	8 50
Fancy	7 50	@	8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 75	@	6 80
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 75	@	6 85
No 1 Western	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2 "	6 50	@	6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50	@	1 52
Western "	1 45	@	1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36	@	37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50	@	55
BUTTER—Dairy	16	@	17
Store-Packed	15	@	16
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@	5 45
Pearls	7 70	@	7 75

New York Markets.

New York, July 9.

STOCKS—Active and higher. Money on call 5 and 6 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 153½ and closed at 152¾.

COTTON—Dull at 36 for middling.

FLOUR—Dull, and in favor of the buyer. Sales 6,200 barrels at $6.50 @ 7.90 for super State; $7.70 @ $8.70 for extra State; $8.80 @ 10.13 for choice do; $6.50 @ 7.50 for super Western; $9.55 @ 9.90 for common to good extra Western, and $8.55 @ 10.20 for common to good shipping brands, for R. H. O. Canadian flour heavy and sales 250 barrels at $9.00 @ 10.35 for common, and $10.10 @ 13.90 for good to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts 72,629 bushels. Market dull heavy at 1c @ 2c lower for common. Sales 22,000 bushels at $2.40 for choice new No. 1 Milwakie; $2.15 for new No. 2 Milwaukie, and $1.85 for regis-

RYE—In fair request. Sales 16,000 bushels at $10.2½ @ 10 3.

BARLEY—Quiet.

CORN—Receipts 598,171 bushels, market opened 1c lower with a moderate business. Sales 190,000 bushels at 85c @ 89c for unsound new mixed.

OATS—Opened 1c @ 2c better, and closed quiet at 1c advance. Sales at 51 @ 54c for new Western extra.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and in buyers favor. Wheat closed very heavy at 1c @ 2c lower. Corn closed 1c lower. Pork closed firmer; new mess $32.00 @ [illegible]. Lard closed dull and heavy at 19c @ 20c.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 8th instant, the wife of Mr. D. McLennan, of the Militia Department, of a son.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.
We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Davis' Pain Killer.
DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 13, 1863.
Gentlemen,—It is with pleasure that I recommend the use of your Pain Killer. It is all that is required of it. In a household it is invaluable. I have used it in my family for the last three years, and at all times found it a sure cure for Cholera morbus, Pain in the stomach, diarrhea, and all such complaints. I have always found it a specific. No family should be without it in the house.
Respectfully,
172a JAMES HOLMES.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceeds the navies of France and the United States, of France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical, we should say it did exceed them altogether; but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt. No one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25cts per bottle. 172a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth! If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion,** and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness.** You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills,** the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. **In all cases Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing, and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.
They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.
Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.
N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges,* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every-where. 144-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, *Hair Dresser*, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!

Hurrah for the Queen Company

THE FIRST GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

QUEEN FIRE COMPANY

WILL COME OFF AT

WRIGHT'S HOUSE!

(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney.)

HULL LANDING.

Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens,

On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.

Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.

The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, 1 mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.

At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.

There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first class Quadrille Bands, (Marca's).

Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p. m. precisely. Entrance to each game 25 cents.

The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.

Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.

There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.

By order,
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

STOLEN OR STRAYED.—From the ... Flats, on Sunday, night, ... hours of 10 ... 5 a.m., a BAY ... HORSE, ... stands about 15 ... hind foot white, is chafed on hind quarters ... breeching, sprung in both fore knees, ... condition, shoes off both fore feet. Any person giving information ... will lead to his recovery, will be suitably rewarded. 173tf WM. SAYER.

NOTICE.—The Municipal Corporation of Gloucester will ... on the ... DAY of AUGUST, A.D., 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to pass a By-law establishing a Public Highway, forty feet wide, extending lengthwise through Lot No. Seven, in the Junction Gore of Gloucester, in or near the centre of said Lot, in the place where the present road has been laid out, and extending from the Rideau River to the base line, in the rear of said lot. O. BILLINGS, T. C. Gloucester, July 7. 173-1-w30-6

TINSMITHS WANTED.—Four steady Tinsmiths wanted to whom constant employment, and steady wages, will be given. Apply immediately, if by letter, prepaid. ESMONDE BROS., Sparks Street. Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 173tf

NOTICE.—In consequence of the ... of Ottawa being ... mence day ... master bakers ... unable to supply the public ... in the morning as they have ... M. JAMES, Secy. Bakers ... Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 173-1...

DR. C. LEGGO, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

AUCTION SALE

H. McLEAN HAS RECEIVED INstructions from Jones Haycock & Co., to sell all the Plank and material now lying on the East end of Wellington Street, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of JULY, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., on the ground, consisting of
80 iron and wood Pulley Blocks.
5 tons Drills, Crowbars, and Sledges.
3000 lbs Manilla Rope.
1500 lbs Chain, all sizes.
4 new Screws and Bars; 1 Bell and Pulley.
30 Wheelbarrows, new; 2 Waggons.
20 do old; 1 Hand Cart.
3 sets Blacksmiths' Tools.
A lot of Potsdam and Blue Sandstone Drain Pipes, 9 inch, Plank and Lumber, Carpenters' Benches, and Carpenter's Shop and Offices, &c.
TERMS CASH, under $100. 173-3

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM 8s UPWARDS. WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS., Sparks Street, Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Piece for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by "Reilly," Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, case and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. Isaacs Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of JOHN TOWNSEND.

GRAND DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

IN AID OF

The Ottawa Volunteer Relief Fund!

Under the distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General.

On Wednesday Evening, July 11th,

Will be presented Charles Dance's highly popular comedy, (in 2 acts), entitled

NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS!

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the Company.

After which a Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

The magnificent band of the Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening several popular overtures.

To be followed by the laughable farce of

THE TIMID LOVER,

OR, THE DEAD SHOT.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the Company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

THE RENDEZVOUS,

Or, Love in all Corners.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

* Tickets may be had of the Committee, and from His Worship the Mayor, M. K. Dickinson, Esq., J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P.P., Dr. Hill, H. J. Friel, Esq., Colonel Wiley, or A. Workman, Esq., Chairman.

Ottawa, July 10. 173

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes,

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8½ precisely.
D. C. LaRUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

GRAND CONCERT!

A GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental Concert,

In aid of the "Chapel of Ease," Sussex St., will be given in

Her Majesty's Theatre!

On Tuesday ev'g. next, July 10th.

PROGRAMME:

PART 1st.

1—Overture ... Zampa ... Herold
Band.
2—Solo ... Mother Kissed me in my Dream ... Thomas
A Gentleman.
3—Solo ... The Nightingale's Trill ... Guntz
A Lady.
4—Russian Carnival ... Cooke
... by the Band.
5—Duett ... ... Donzetti
Lady and Gentleman.
6—Solo ... Polly ... (comic) ... Morris
A Gentleman.
7—Valse ... The Guards ... Godfrey
Band.

Intermission.

1—Selection ... Don Pasquale ... Donzetti
Band.
2—Solo ... the Life Boat ... Russel
A Gentleman.
3—Home, Sweet Home ... Thalberg
A Gentleman.
4—Solo—The Valley of Chamouni ... Glover
A Lady.
5—Polonaise ... The Violet ... Kucker
A Song by the Band.
6—Solo ... Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep
A Gentleman.
7—Solo ... Ernani Involami ... Hernani
A Lady.
8—Quadrille ... Irene Melodien ... Straus
Band.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Tickets, 50 cts.; Gallery, 25 cts.

To be had at John Durie & Son's, Orme ... Son's, Hope & Co.'s, Centre Town, and at the door. Doors open at 7:15. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock.

Carriages may be ordered at 10.30 o'clock.

N.B.—Programmes will be issued at the door.

Ottawa, July 9. 168-td

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.
171tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m
Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS, &c.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

Comprising "Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
138y A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR Establishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

Three Lots for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale at private ... three lots in the city, only about 10 minutes' ... the Parliament Buildings, and for ... of view, ... are not surpassed. They will be sold at a ... for cash. For particulars, apply to
E. MILES.
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-b

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.
12y

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CUTLERY, JEWELLERY, FANCY GOODS, AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 44-6m

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.—Apply to ... Land and ... Agent, ... Metcalfe Street, Ottawa. ... 1866. 171-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. ... T. COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-...

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds.

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS, ... from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160

The Fenians being driven back. The Rush has turned to

RANKIN

FOR HIS

Cigars, Tobaccos,

MEERSCHAUM AND BRIAR PIPES,
CIGAR HOLDERS,
TOBACCO POUCHES,
PORTEMONNAIES,
CIGAR CASES,
CANES,
PIPE STEMS,
MOUTHPIECES.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE CONFEDERATION TOBACCO

The most delicious mixture ever made, and ONLY TO BE HAD AT

RANKIN'S,
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 15. 126-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 118-tf

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BO[OT]!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 4. 147-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned
JOHN BELL.
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON,
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.
GORDON B. McINTOSH,
ADMINISTRATOR.
Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street. 166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER, Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office. Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars, J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada. Ottawa, April 2, 1866.

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a ... CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a man who is experienced in the business. Apply this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Fire Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jell-148d

G. H. HERRICK,

(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N.Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Shop and Dwelling-House for Sale

IN THE VILLAGE OF RICHMOND, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY.

Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

A NEW BRICK BUILDING on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. MALCOLM CAMERON. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stable and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

LOTS 9 AND 10, ON South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46u-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. BLASDELL'S HOMESTEAD, containing about TWO ACRES, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-u f

For Sale,

ON SOUTH SIDE RIDEAU Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand. Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.

LOTS 12 AND 13, SOUTH CATHCART Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS AND HOUSES

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER,

Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-t

FOR SALE.

THAT ELIGIBLE PROPERTY known as WOODROOFES, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 600 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Rev. CHARLES FORREST, Merrickville, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

January 10, 1866. 6-utf

VALUABLE

FARMS FOR SALE!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at a reasonable rate.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in the 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes. For further particulars and terms of sale,

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,

Or to H. McLEAN, Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & CO.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

EXTRAORDINARY MERIT

Must belong to that which pleases every one and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

OF

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12 124-1a2m

Government House,

OTTAWA, 9th April, 1866

His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled "*An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*," it is amongst other things enacted, that—"The Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers, and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, or which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they are expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during, or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station, designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by the Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every port thereof, and the Passengers and Crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to send on shore at the said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said Regulations, any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be treated, and cleansed and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid; And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and the Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable, or Peace Officer for Grosse-Isle and the said Quarantine Station, and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not; And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Five Hundred Dollars*, in any case, on persons contravening the same, and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary:"

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. *Vessels to make Quarantine.*

That all ships and other vessels, whether Sailing Vessels or Steamships and whether carrying passengers, or passengers and freight, or freight alone, or in ballast, which may during the eight months next following the Fifteenth day of April in each and every year arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places, situated without the Province, by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence which is below Grosse-Isle shall stop at the Quarantine Station of Grosse-Isle, to be there inspected, and, if necessary, detained in Quarantine until such ships or vessels have been discharged therefrom by such license or passport, as shall be directed to be granted by the Governor in Council, until then persons, goods or merchandize, which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse-Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2.—*Supplementary Inspection.*

That all Ships, Vessels and Steamships after having had their discharge from the Quarantine of Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to inspection, and further detention if necessary, on their arrival at the Harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore, under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the east and west by lines drawn due south from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle, there to be submitted, should it be thought necessary by the Medical Officer of the Station, to sanitary, disinfecting and other measures calculated to prevent the introduction and spread of epidemic, contagious or infectious diseases within the Province, in accordance with the dispositions of the law, and pursuant to orders given from time to time; and no ship or vessel shall quit its assigned moorings at Quarantine without the order of the proper Officer of the Station to that effect.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Quarantine establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, with as many Medical Assistants, Hospital Stewards, Boatmen, Orderlies, and other employees as may be appointed according to circumstances. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine Station, as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever on Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness, or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And all the employees of the said Quarantine Establishment shall, by virtue of their office, be Peace Officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Inspection and Superintendence.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in the rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He (or such of his medical assistants as may be so ordered by him) shall also go off to and board vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name, and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and where taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any, and which of them infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity, go on board any ship or vessel, on did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of your ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessels may then proceed to the harbor of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passengers' lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all passengers to be landed with their luggage. He shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases from those who do not require such treatment, and he shall have generally authority to isolate from each other these different or other classes of persons by dividing the Island in different quarters according to circumstances. He shall have medical charge of all passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labor under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight diseases which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall when ever a vessel is cleaned, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on board any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns to the Minister of Agriculture of the vessel boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers who shall be landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient. Upon the recovery of persons treated for any disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to any part of the Quarantine Station by him for the reception of healthy persons and therefore considered as the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burned or otherwise destroyed.

6th.—*Traders, Suttlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Suttlers, Traders, Grocers or others occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside upon the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General, or persons administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or persons employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island, or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for any service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of these regulations, and also of the laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse-Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep the national flag of such vessel flying at the peak until boarded by the proper officers, and, in case of sickness on board, the said flag shall be kept at half-mast. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, and has not any sickness on board at the time, and may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz., the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond, at right angles to the course of the said River, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel has been detained at Grosse-Isle, or has actually any sickness on board, the Pilot or Master of such ship or vessel shall anchor the said ship or vessel at the mouth of the River Saint Charles, to await inspection.

8.—*Vessels proceeding to Quebec.*

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passenger shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expence of their maintenance at Grosse-Isle, for the time during which such vessels, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious disease aforesaid, otherwise such vessels shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

9.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse-Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your pass-port from Grosse-Isle?
3. How many person have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse-Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse-Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessels since you left Grosse-Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels to exhibit to him the license or pass-port which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answers he may receive as from the tenor of the pass-port and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But, if on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main-top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Minister of Agriculture for the information of the Governor General, and it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine Station at Grosse-Isle without stopping, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed, or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in the discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

10. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as herein before provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

11. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

12. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the Province or within the Gulf St. Lawrence, and not having touched at any ports or places without the Province, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the Province, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

13. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

14. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall, for every such offence, incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act, and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

All previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine are hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

102-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian* or *Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their Prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,

At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles abovestated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances,

I have, &c.,

[Signed] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable

Edward Cardwell, M. P.,

&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]

Circular.

DOWNING STREET,

February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to *prevent*, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions and Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to but to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any *such* Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such Vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her Crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own Country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

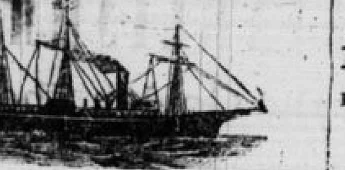
Your most humble Servant,

(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building.)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. BALLANTINE	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. AITON	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. DUTTON	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. WYLIE	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. BROWN	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. KERR	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. WATT	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:

CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75

(According to accommodation.)

STEERAGE $34.25

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207, tons	Capt. Trocks.

The Steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD,

AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, June 14, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By Command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,

WM. H. LEE,

C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five, and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCIS CLEMOW,

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

PRAYER BOOKS,

(ENGLISH AND FRENCH,)

OF EVERY KIND.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

DUVERNAY, BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Dec 1866.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS

PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. KINLY, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors.

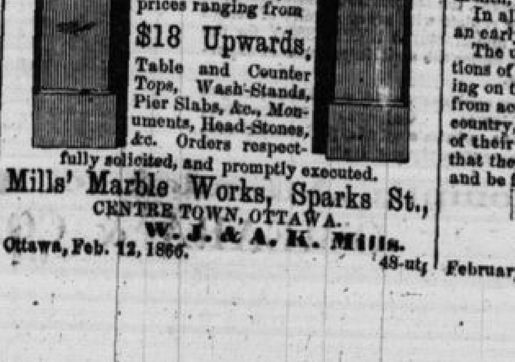
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,

Rideau street.

Ottawa, Jan. 1866. 29-tf

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks St.,

CENTRE TOWN, OTTAWA.

W. J. & A. K. Mills.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-utf

PROVINCE OF CANADA

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen.

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease, the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province, declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of Six Calender Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY of OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,

WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is hereby prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,

Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canals, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,

Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. C. BUCHANAN,

Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BY A new and special arrangement been appointed by MESSRS. JACQUES & HAY, of Toronto, their sole and only agent in Montreal, for the Sale by Auction, of their splendid FURNITURE, takes the earliest opportunity of announcing to the citizens of Montreal, and the public generally, that he will from time to time during the ensuing Spring, offer at his spacious and well established premises,

No. 267 Notre Dame Street

the various extensive consignments direct from this celebrated establishment, embracing all the new styles of their elegant and elaborately carved and polished

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE!

in every variety and description necessary to meet the demands of modern taste and convenience.

In addition to the sale at his own Stores, the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS at the private residence of parties declining House-keeping, or removing from the city, will claim special attention; and all OUT-DOOR SALES of this description are respectfully solicited. Increased facilities have been secured, with a view to the efficient carrying out this department of the business, in order to ensure the greatest economy and despatch in disposing of property, so that parties selling out can have their account sales and proceeds immediately after each sale.

Special attention will be given to the sale of REAL ESTATE and CITY PROPERTY, and as this department of the Auction business is becoming more important with the increase and extension of the city, the undersigned offers the most LIBERAL TERMS to parties wishing to bring their property into the market for public competition.

A great hardship has been felt by both buyers and sellers, the former being taxed illegally with *one per cent on the amount of purchase*, and the latter by the exorbitant charge for commission and advertising. Now, the undersigned proposes to do away with this grievance as far as his own business is concerned, by undertaking the sale of Real Property, on conditions which it is hoped will meet the views of all parties, namely:

1st.—*There will be no charge of one per cent to the purchaser.*

2nd.—When *bona fide* sales are effected not exceeding £5,000, the commission will be £5; and on amounts from £5,000 upwards only £10, exclusive of the cost of advertising; upon which the regular trade discount of 25 per cent will be allowed.

3rd.—When property is *bought in, reserved, or withdrawn, no charge* will be made, except the actual disbursements for advertising.

The undersigned avails himself of this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him during the past four years, and trusts by prompt attention to business, and strict adherence to the foregoing proposals to meet a continuance of the same.

N. B.—All orders left at the office will meet with prompt attention.

L. DEVANY,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And Agent for the sale of Real Estate.

Montreal, March 3, 1866. 65-y

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

The Great Purifier of the Blood

Is particularly recommended for use during

THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be used daily

As a Diet Drink,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the Purest and most Powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS!

The great cure for all Diseases of the

Liver, Stomach and Bowels,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and George Mortimer.

February 13, 1866. 48-utf

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentry, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites

&c., &c., &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the Public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadain Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per Bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Newcastle, C. W.,

General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, Wm. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-dw-y

THOS RUSSELL & SON

To H. M. THE QUEEN

WE Have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON.

London and Liverpool.

May 31. 139-y

PIANO FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT.

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain longer in TUNE than any other Piano The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is despensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the Press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Rotili,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel,*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principal, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is rand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. *Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are orginal and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tones in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From the N. Y. *Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano-Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The *N. Y. Times*, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old styles.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes invented and patented by Mr. S. B. DRIGGS, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *equal* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other term of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,

L. M. GOTTSCHALK

SOLE AGENTS

WM. HALL & SON,

543 Broadway,

NEW YORK

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 Each!

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES, with PATENT BASSO TENUTO or SUB BASS.

SCHOOL ORGANS and MELODEONS

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or Oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for FIVE Years

No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 NOW in USE!

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONtaining full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P.S.—A libreal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address,

GEO. A. PRINCE, & CO.

Buffalo N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865. 1-y

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton C. W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 174. | OTTAWA C. W., WEDNESDAY JULY 11. 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily.	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton,	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts—via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Kenner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa

E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.

February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.

December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.

OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.

Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.

JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.

Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the building lately occupied as the Custom House.

Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.

OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 2k-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.

February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.

OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.

OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.

OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.

OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.

WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.

REFERENCES: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; Duncan Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: No. 5, Russell House Block, Sparks Street. Will be found at night at Dr. J. Leggo's, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*

Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets: Entrance on Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.

RULING done to any pattern.

Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.

Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: with the York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter, Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.

Agent for Glenrose' Report of Fashions.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.

P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.

Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.

Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.

They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.

OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.

F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.

Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent, AND BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.

December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.

March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.

January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

R. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Sts., has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

J. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, painted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the best description always kept.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,

Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks Street.

Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.

Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,........................1.00.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.

To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.

W. M. MASSEY,

Family and Dispensing Chemist,

28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!

Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths in Furs and Winter Clothing.

ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Druggists' Sundries.

W. M. MASSEY,

Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:

Campbell's Quinine Wine.

Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.

Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, coughs, &c.

Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm destroyer ever offered to the public.

Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.

Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.

W. M. MASSEY,

Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,

Pure Chemicals,

Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,

Licentiate Apothecary.

Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.

HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.

NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,

&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.

J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.

Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

H. V. NOEL,

Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9.55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,

SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.................. 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at.................. 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.............. 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M,

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.............. 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,........................ 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, and at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.................. 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at.... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)........................$2.50

Steerage.................................. 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,

General Manager.

Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. UNION FORWARDING 1866.

AND

Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to

G. R. NASH, MANAGER,

Aylmer, C. E.

Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by

S. CHRISTIE,

Sole Agent,

No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS.	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS.	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, SUSSEX STREET.

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.

December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.

This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City; and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.

Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,

LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest, and most comfortable House in the city.

Terms of Board moderate.

May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO

H. J. FRIEL,

Or R. E. O'CONNOR. 4-tf

Ottawa, March 27, 1866.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862.

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.

G A. WALTON, Agent.

111-y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notice to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, July 6, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an fine quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to

W. B. HEALEY,

Or to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866, 1866,

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAPT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

OLD LINE!

[Established in 1844.]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,..................

ONTARIO,...................Capt. J. B. ESTES.

CATARACT,..................Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN,.................. — DEWITT.

EMPRESS,.................. Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT,

Traveller, be not induced by loud-mouthed Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.

H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.

May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &C.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing,	Boating,
Croquet,	Quoits,
Lawn Billiards,	Bowling Alley
Archery,	Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses, and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,

June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to accommodate regular and transient visitors on or about the ... This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Attached to the main building are spacious and commodious Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward-bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,

Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

June 1.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE ... establishment beg to call the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 500 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL,

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.

Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. M. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.

April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,

69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 14, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.

Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Names of Persons that took out Tavern Licenses—J. B. Turgeon.

Cheque Lost—John LeBoutillier, M.P.P.

Cigars, &c—Rankin, Sparks Street.

Public Notice—C. O'Kelly.

Great Remnant Sale—Gadand, Matchmor & Co.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000!** and Weekly over **4,000!** making a total circulation in the week of over **18,000!** thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line.......... 10c

All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad; at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a.m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 11. 1866.

The debate and the division on Monday evening, on the motion for the second reading of the Hon. Mr. Cameron's bill, to provide for the sale of the Rectory lands in the Province, exhibited a singular contrast in the temper of the House to that which, in years gone by, was displayed on the Rectory and kindred questions. Then, had the hon. member for S. Oxford called for a division in the House, he would have risen with thirty members at his back; now he cannot find three to stand up with him! Verily, there has been a great falling off—"a sair backsliding"—among the once devoted followers of the once powerful leader. The Hon. Mr. Brown betrayed an extraordinary anxiety to throw out the bill. He hoped that Lower Canada votes would not deprive Upper Canada of the opportunity of dealing with its own affairs, when it came out that the bill applied equally to the Rectory lands in both sections. He did not believe that the Rectors were in favor of the measure, and it ought not to pass except upon their petition; and again, it was explained that the petition for the bill had the unanimous sanction of all the Rectors in the Province. He disapproved of having these lands sold, and Mr. Dunkin could not but express his surprise to hear the hon. gentleman arguing in favor of holding lands in Mortmain! This stung somewhat deeply, and Mr. Brown revealed his real design—his opposition was not to the selling of the lands, but to the appropriation of the funds towards the purposes of the church to which they belonged, and he wished this general measure left to the Local Parliament of Upper Canada, felicitating himself and his Western colleagues, that the time was soon coming when they could deal with these matters in their own way, manifesting as plainly as need be, a full determination to have them "secularized," if he got their control into the hands of the Local Parliament. He moved the three months' hoist, and looked incredulous when the member for South Simcoe told him he would not find six supporters to his motion in the House. Judge, then, of his chagrin when the vote was taken to find himself standing with only Messrs. McKenzie and McKellar to bear him company! The men who had voted at his dictation by the score, whom formerly he could have annihilated with six lines of big black type in the *Globe*, the very breath of whose political being he could have extinguished with a word, sat quietly around him on Tuesday night, and did not even attempt to conceal their satisfaction at his discomfiture.

He had disinterred the hatchet of sectarian strife, and with the first blow, lopped off his own tail to the second joint. The time has been when the Hon. Mr. Brown gloried in the destruction he had brought upon the leaders of his party, when he boasted that he had "killed" them, and would "kill" the member for Cornwall, too. Surely "the shades of the dead" were avenged on Tuesday evening. Perhaps it was from a consciousness that the hand of retributive justice lay heavily on his shoulder, that he spoke yesterday afternoon in allusion to his former position as the leader of the Reform party, a position which we are sure the country will agree with the hon. Minister of Finance, in hoping that he will hold no longer.

Among the measures which have fought their way through the Private Bills Committee, there is one, the subject of which, from the length of time it has been before Parliament, has achieved something like Provincial celebrity. It refers to the old struggle for the county seat of Lincoln, between the towns of Niagara and St. Catharines. In the session of 1862 an act was passed empowering the ratepayers to select a more convenient place for a County Town—Niagara being then and now in possession. The choice fell upon St. Catharines, but the interests of the old borough were very properly protected by a clause in the bill providing that the proclamation declaring St. Catharines the County Town should not issue until Niagara had been paid for the use of the Court House by the County, that building having been erected, nineteen years ago, at the expense of the town, and will of course become an useless property after the removal of the County Seat. In the bill introduced in 1861 by Mr. Rykert, for the same purpose as that passed in 1862, there was a clause offering Niagara exemption from taxation for new county buildings with other privileges, to which we believe the County even added a proposal to give a considerable sum of money, by way of compensation; but Niagara declined these terms and left the amount of compensation to be determined by arbitration. Two of the arbitrators are already appointed, one by Niagara, the other by the County, and these two having failed to agree upon the third, his selection devolves upon the Governor General, to whom an application is about to be made in behalf of Niagara, for his nomination, so that the arbitration may proceed without delay. The object of the bill in charge of Mr. McGivern is to authorise the issue of the proclamation in favor of St. Catharines, where the necessary buildings have been provided, without regard to old Niagara's claim for compensation. Mr. Morrison, the member for Niagara, fought hard before the Private Bills Committee to defeat the bill, but on account of the absence of several members it was carried by a small majority, and will probably come before the House in a day or two.

It must be patent to any one who will give the subject the least consideration, that since Niagara has failed to get an equitable or even any settlement of its just claim, being still in possession of the County Seat, its chances of fair play will be remote indeed, after St. Catharines has been declared the County Town. There is a strong coloring of dishonesty in the course pursued by the County of Lincoln towards the old borough, which confirms the oft quoted observation that "Corporations have no soul," but we do not believe that Parliament, at the instance of the persuasive eloquence of the member for Lincoln, will legislate away a right which it has formerly so well guarded. There cannot now be any lengthened delay in settling the amount of compensation to which Niagara is entitled, and when that is determined and paid, Lincoln may then proceed to transfer its county seat to St. Catharines under the act of 1862. The passage of Mr. McGivern's bill would only give the county the benefit of a few months time in that transfer, whereas it would deprive Niagara of the security which Parliament has given it, for the payment of its just claim, and lead to years of litigation between the town and the county, to the injury of both, for we are assured that among the ratepayers of the latter, there is a very unjustifiable determination not to vote a dollar in compensation to Niagara, if by any means they can avoid it. Doubtless the House will protect a vested right of its own creation, and reject the bill.

Mr. Morrison, who if we mistake not, succeeded in defeating a similar bill last session, has been exerting himself to the utmost in defence of the interests of his constituents on the present occasion, and with a every confident hope of ultimate success. The amount at stake, though yet undetermined, is undoubtedly a large one, if we may judge by the offers made on the part of the county five years ago, and should Mr. Morrison succeed, as we believe he will, in preventing the passage of this bill, he will have saved to his constituents that amount, whatever it may be, which but for his exertions, would no doubt have been lost to them for ever.

LOCAL NEWS.

HORSE FOUND.—The horse advertised yesterday as lost was found last night keeping company with certain females of his species, on the commons near Ashburnham Hill, and arrested—perhaps locked up.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE.—The Grand Lodge of this ancient institution, opens its annual meeting to-day, in Montreal. Many leading members of the fraternity from the United States, as well as delegates from the Provincial Lodges, will be present.

PETTY LARCENIES.—Within the last few days and especially on yesterday, an unusually large number of small thefts have been committed in this city. Some of the thieves will most likely be locked up in a day or two. The new police are on their track, and are determined to ferret out the offenders.

GOODS FOUND.—Several articles were found yesterday, by Detective O'Neil, supposed to have been stolen at the fire last week. The articles comprise a quantity of jewelry, a picre, and a barrel of wrapping paper. They may be seen at the City Hall, where they await owners.

LICENSED HOUSES.—In our advertising columns will be found a list of names of all persons licensed, as tavern-keepers, to sell liquors, &c. All interested can cut it out and preserve it for reference, and those who wish to know whether the houses they patronize are licensed, would find it handy to paste it in their hats. The knowledge that this list is carried about thus, will have a good effect on those who violate the law in this respect.

COMING EVENTS, &c.—If the adage be true, there is a rich treat in store for our citizens, on Saturday and Monday next, from the talented minstrel troupe about visiting us. The Montreal *Gazette* of Monday, referring to the performance, says:—"The hall was packed to its utmost capacity, and all present gave evidence of their approbation by frequent cheers and much applause. The performances, on the whole, are free from any of the taint that sometimes characterizes Ethiopian minstrelsy, and among the audience were many of the fair sex. Mr. Burgess is himself a treat that should not be missed."

THE TELEGRAPH.—We are at a loss how to account for the whims, or remissness, of the wires. It would seem that at times the capital is not deemed of sufficient importance to give it the latest intelligence—especially when important. If a horse runs away—or one of those *rare events*—a robbery in New York occurs, why we are sure to get a glowing account—but the arrival of a steamship with really important news—why that can only be served to the big cities; for instance, on Monday we received the *Saxonia's* news, informing us of the proposed resignation of the English Ministry. Later in the day, the *Aleppo* arrives, with *one day later*, and of her news, we clip the following from the Montreal *Gazette*:—"London, June 27th,—The resignation of the British Ministry has been accepted. Lord Derby will probably be Premier, and Lord Stanley Foreign Minister."

NON-COMBATANTS, ATTENTION!—Our readers will not fail to recollect that to-night a theatrical representation will take place for the benefit of the "Volunteer Relief Fund" of this city. We are informed that the two several contributions of the Corporation of Ottawa have been nearly exhausted by their appropriations to the Volunteers, and on this appeal we doubt not that our citizens generally will turn out to do ample justice to those brave and self sacrificing individuals, who so gallantly perilled life and limb in the defence of our common homes and properties. Mr. Townsend, the lessee of Her Majesty's theatre, has with characteristic liberality placed the services of his company at the disposal of the committee for this laudable purpose. His Excellency the Governor-General has kindly consented to patronize the undertaking, as also Major Newdigate, and the Officers of the Rifle Brigade, whose splendid band has been engaged for the occasion. It requires now but the zealous co-operation of the citizens to make the affair a grand success. On behalf of our Gallant Volunteers, never let it be said "Ridgeway can be forgotten," and let the attendance to-night realize the fact.

POLICE COURT.—Angeline Beaulieu, an interesting and modest looking little French girl of about fifteen, was charged by Wm. Hunton & Co., Tailors, with leaving their employ, contrary to the terms of an agreement alleged to have been made, which terms were stated in court to have been that she should serve an apprenticeship of six months, at one dollar per week, and in that time be taught the business of tailoring. It appears that she did not understand the terms, and very little, if any, of the English language, in which they were stated. She was induced to return and finish out the remainder of her time, which is three months, and the case was dismissed without cost. Mr. Alex. Ross very kindly took charge of the defence without a fee. Mr. Langrell preferred charges against a number of cabmen for infringement of City By Law relating to them. He stated that several of them were frequently found off their stand, and were always ready with some sort of an excuse—generally that they were engaged, and waiting for their fare, or had stepped down to light their pipes. The Chief, however, was to be trifled with any longer, and resolved to bring up the offenders. Cesire Archambault was fined $6 and costs. Edward Riopelle, not licensed, dismissed. Narcisse Carpentier, not licensed, dismissed. Pierce Mansfield, adjourned. Stanislaus Hotte, adjourned. Michael Morell, adjourned.

THE CONCERT LAST NIGHT.—The Grand Concert at the Theatre last night, "came off" with great eclat. The Band of the P. C. O. is the life and soul of music here, and are doing much to cultivate a taste for the art in the city. Last night their brilliant execution of some very difficult music elicited continued applause. The effect produced by their alternate playing and singing, especially in the "Russian Carriage Song," by Cooke, was very happy. Miss S. McCarthy, in the "Nightingale Trill," was charming, and so was Miss M. J. Thompson, in the "Valley of Chamouni," which was encored, and brought out "Don't forget your Kathleen." The "Ernani Involami" of Miss McCarthy stamps her as a skilful vocalist, and "I cannot sing the old song," proved her power of expression; and then her enunciation is so clear that we never miss a word, and this can be said of very few singers. The gentlemen were very good, but they have too much gallantry to wish that we should speak of them as highly as we do of the ladies; but they did well. We may tell Capt. Seale that we *saw* in certain eyes moisture raised by the sentiment of one of his songs. Mr. Thompson's "Beautiful Dreamer" was perhaps his best. Thalberg's "Home, Sweet Home," was executed in very fine style by Dr. Valade, and altogether, Ottawa need not be ashamed to hold up her head in the musical line. We had almost omitted to mention Mr. Bartram; he is a very good baritone, and has the general elements of a good singer. Among the audience we noticed the best accompanyist, and one of the best altos in the Province, who are always ready to lend their skill to any good cause, and whom we could have wished to see on the stage.—Before the new Melodeon, in which the beautiful melody *Di Prozenza il Mar* is most predominant, Dr. Hill came on the stage, thanked the audience for attending in such numbers, and made a powerful appeal for the Volunteers, whose benefit comes off this evening. He also paid an eloquently expressed compliment to Mr. Townsend, for so generously and patriotically offering his house for this purpose. The Doctor concluded by expressing a hope that to-morrow night the house would be taken by storm.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MONDAY, July 9th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock. After routine,

First Readings.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER introduced a bill to authorize the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, Woodstock, to dispose of the Rectory lands of the said Church &c.

Hon. Mr. Ross' bill to place the Wesleyan Methodist Church property in Queen Street, Toronto, under the model deed of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in connection with the English Conference, and to vest the same in Trustees, &c. By message from the Assembly, Bill to amend the Act concerning the erection and division of Parishes, the construction and repair of Churches, &c., &c., in Lower Canada. Second reading to-morrow.

Bill to amend the act respecting Attorneys at Law. Second reading to-morrow.

Bill to amend the Law relating to Crown Criminal prosecutions and the Law of evidence in Upper Canada. Second reading to-morrow.

Winter Port in Lower St. Lawrence.

Hon. Mr. LE TELLIER DE ST. JUST moved that Hon. Messrs. Ferrier and Ross be added to the Committee, and that the quorum be reduced to five.

St. Lawrence Tow Boat Company.

On motion of Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU the bill to amend the act relating to the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Navigation Company was read a third time and passed.

Canada Landed Credit Company.

Hon. Mr. McMASTER moved the second reading of the bill to amend the act relating to the Canada Landed Credit Company, and in doing so said the Company had been in existence six or seven years, and during that period had furnished accommodation to the Agricultural interests of Upper Canada upon much more favorable terms than they could procure it elsewhere. But in consequence of the altered state of the money market in England, and their inability to dispose of their debentures there upon favourable terms it had been thought desirable to obtain from the Legislature the power to receive moneys on deposit in Canada. There were persons with small means who would be glad to invest them under the security which the Company afforded; then there were others who were indebted thereto who would be willing to anticipate in part the payments they would ultimately have to make by lodging their means with them, while others again were desirous of placing them in deposit merely. To meet the views of different classes, and to extend the usefulness of the institution, was the object of the bill which he proposed to refer to the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce.

The bill was then read and referred to the said Committee.

Conversion of Peat into Coal.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN moved the second reading of the bill to grant a patent to the Hon. Mr. Moore for the conversion of Peat into Coal by process of steam.

The Hon. MEMBER explained the object of the bill which was to obtain a patent in favor of the party named for the purpose, enabling a company to establish a manufactory for converting Peat into Coal by a process which was now in successful operation in the United States. The patent laws of the Province allowed of patent rights being granted to two classes of persons, viz: to inventors residing in this country or to persons who introduced inventions from other countries excepting the United States. These laws had long been regarded as injurious to the prosperity of the Province, and no better proof that a change was needed could be adduced than the number of applications now before the Legislature for special acts. In the case now before the House the applicant was willing to have a condition annexed to the bill to guarantee the manufacture in the Province itself, and by that means to secure the introduction of a considerable amount of capital. The hon. member went on to show that in consequence of the barrier to the introduction of useful manufactures by the Patent laws the Province was deprived of many advantages in the way of useful inventions and labor saving machinery, which it otherwise would possess, and then reasoned out that with regard to the invention for which a patent was sought, an immense benefit would follow, since a substance found in great quantities, but useless in its natural condition, would be converted into fuel in those sections of the country, where the fuel was becoming so scarce that the inhabitants had to go ten and even twenty miles to procure it.

Hon. Mr. JONES said he had no objection whatever to the passage of the measure, on the contrary was desirous that it should be successful, and he thought that if the manufacture of peat into coal was established in the Province, the effects would be extremely beneficial. He agreed with much that the hon. member had said, but he wished to repeat what he had stated on a former occasion, viz., that the manufacture of the article should be carried on here, and that a certain time should be limited in the Act within which such manufacture should be established. He was willing to see patents granted for the production of any article which was sure to promote the general interest, and he hardly agreed with the hon. member that we had been deprived of many useful inventions because of our Patent laws; on the contrary, he believed that we had in Montreal and elsewhere many factories at work making machines patented in the United States, and that we were pretty sure to have any that would be really useful to us. Many articles had been patented in the United States which were not used there, and which would be of no use to us. He was willing to go as far as possible in assisting the introduction of useful inventions from any quarter, but upon the conditions he had named.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he was disposed to concur in what appeared to be the feeling of the House, in regard of this bill, and on a previous occasion had said it would be desirable in future to consider all applications of this kind, upon their own merits. He was still of that opinion, but since it was enunciated a different view had been taken in regard of Patent rights in another place (the Assembly) and he doubted that even if the hon. member should get the bill through in this House, whether it would pass the other this session. However, he believed that so soon as Confederation was established, one of the first acts of the Government would be to revise the Patent laws, so as to secure to the Province all the advantages which could arise from the introduction of new inventions and machines.

Hon. Mr. ROSS could not well see why we should wait until Confederation. The fact that there was no general law which admitted of the granting of patents in a case like the present, was, he thought, the best reason why special acts should be granted.

Hon. Mr. MOORE begged to assure the House, he had no pecuniary interest whatever in the measure or the enterprise projected, but had simply allowed the use of his name for the purpose of securing to the Province, what he regarded as a great boon. He then went on to describe the objects of the Company, and exhibited a specimen of coal produced from Peat by great pressure. This manufacture was now in successful operation in the United States. It was no longer an experiment, but a well established fact. The coal would be useful, not only for domestic purposes, but for railways, steamboats and even in lieu of charcoal for smelting purposes. He then took the same ground as Hon. Mr. Sanborn, as to the scarcity of fuel in some parts of Lower Canada, where it was so needful, and where there were extensive deposits of Peat. He was quite willing to insert a proviso in the bill, such as recommended by his hon. friend (Ferrier) and hoped the measure would yet become law.

After some further debate, the bill was read and referred to the Private Bill Committee.

Notre Dame Savings Bank.

Pursuant to order the amendments to the bill to amend the act relating to the Savings Bank of Notre Dame, at Quebec, were taken under consideration and carried.—Third reading to-morrow.

Second Reading.

On motion of Hon. Mr. BULL the bill to change the Trustees of Mrs. Rastrick's marriage settlement was read a second time, and referred to the Private Bill Committee.

On motion of Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU the bill to provide certain facilities for the repression of the vice of intemperance in Lower Canada, was also read a second time, and referred to a special committee of hon. Messrs. Bosse, Le Tellier de St Just, Ferrier, Sanborn and the mover.

House in Committee.

The House then went into Committee on the Berthier and Isle du Pads Commons Bill—Hon. Mr. Armstrong in the chair.

The Committee rose and reported the same with amendments, which were concurred in—Third reading to-morrow.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, July 10, 1867.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

A number of petitions were presented, and several bills introduced and read a first time.

In reply to Mr. Bourassa,

Hon. A. T. GALT said, he hoped that when the discussion on the tariff was over, the labors of the Committee on the Interest bills would be resumed.

Hon. A. T. GALT moved that the Speaker do now leave the Chair, with the view to the House going into Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. McGIVERN said that in pursuance of the intimation he had given yesterday, he rose to make a few remarks. He deeply regretted that circumstances had compelled him to take this course, as he had been a consenting party to the formation of the Coalition for the carrying out of Confederation. On that occasion a solemn compact had been made, not to introduce any measure that was calculated to provoke division, and this compact had been violated on several important occasions. The subjects now before the House, the great scheme introduced by the Finance Minister, had many features which required amendment, but the most objectionable feature of the measure, was its being introduced and attempted to be forced through in contempt of the compact to which he had referred, simply because ministers had a large majority in the House, but he thought members could support a government in all reasonable readiness without being bound to accept everything submitted to them. All the great interests of the country, except that of Agriculture, are most seriously affected by the proposed Local Legislation. Had the Minister of Finance confined himself to raising the excise on spirits he believed the country and the House would have approved of his course, but when doing this why should he have disturbed the whole commercial and manufacturing interests of the country within a few months of the time when the Confederate Parliament would be called upon to revise the whole system over again? A few years ago the manufacturing interest of Canada was very small, but of late, through the protection of the tariff, manufactures had sprung up in almost every town and village in the country from Sandwich to Gaspe; and though he was no protectionist (Hear, hear) these manufactures required a continuation of that protection which they formerly enjoyed. If the government only knew the general feeling of opposition to the proposed tariff, he felt assured they would consider it their duty to postpone its consideration for a few months, until after Confederation. There was also a question of fact involved in this question—Ministers did not appear to know themselves what was the intended policy of their colleagues. He had received a telegram from Toronto, asking "what about tobacco."—The Finance Minister was not in his place, and he handed the despatches to the hon. Postmaster General, who told him, "Oh. Tobacco is not going to be touched." But the greatest point that should be considered was the indignity and the insult offered to the Liberal members from Upper Canada, who had supported the Government in good faith on the distinct understanding that such great questions would be held in abeyance until after Confederation. Mr. McG. then referred to the proposed issue of legal tender notes and the subject of free trade. It had been said that his course might endanger the carrying out of the Confederation, but he blamed the government for not having called the House together at an earlier day, that there might have been ample time to discuss the great question of the local constitutions, and other matters connected with the proposed change, and if the delegates were not sent home in time to perfect the measure this year the fault would be with ministers themselves. He next attacked the estimates, pointing out several items which he contended should be postponed until after Confederation. He and other members of the House had been called upon to defer every measure of useful legislation until that period, and why not the Minister of Finance? He next said the whole policy of the Minister of Finance was to force the trade of Canada by way of the St. Lawrence in the interest of Montreal, and referred to the extra duty of 3 cents per lb on Tea, asking how could any representative of a rural constituency justify his support of that additional tax. He believed he would have the support of the great majority of the Liberal members of the House, who had been treacherously dealt with by the Government; and those of them who did not would either be rejected by their constituents, or they would be returned as supporters of the hon. gentlemen opposite. He then moved, in amendment, seconded by Mr. Evanturel.

"That all after the word "that" be struck out and the following inserted in lieu thereof:
"This House, while prepared to make adequate "provision for the public defence, for the "maintenance of the public credit, and for the "efficiency of the public service generally, "deem it inexpedient in view of the probable "early consummation of the Confederation of "the British North American Provinces, an "event which will render necessary a comprehensive revision of the Commercial Legislation of all the Provinces, now to adopt "measures which will have the effect of unnecessarily disturbing the Trade, the manufacturing Industry, the currency, and the "Banking system of the Province."

Mr. EVANTUREL spoke in French in support of the amendment.

Hon. Geo. BROWN said he would not detain the House long, and he begged of hon. members who had formerly given him their support in matters which had, perhaps, broken up their party ties, to dismiss from their minds all thoughts regarding these matters, and to consider only the subject before them. He was convinced that any one who would give the policy of the Government serious consideration, would come to the conclusion that no man could support it without doing injury to the best interests of the country. Referring to his own resignation, and expressing his satisfaction with the manner in which the country had received his explanation, Mr. Brown continued, the Government had delayed calling Parliament together from January to February, from February to March, from March to May, and from May to June, all for the reason that the Confederation Scheme was to have been the only question of the session. Again, when an hon. member had asked the Government to remodel the militia system, the Atty.-General West had risen in his place and said that the Militia question should be deferred until confederation, when a general system would be devised for all the Provinces. So it had been with everything in the House, and yet the Local Constitutions had been delayed from day to day, and the time allowed to pass without giving the House an opportunity of discussing these important measures. There had been no action of the House to have prevented Government from proceeding with their measures, and the only way in which he could account for the delay except that Ministers were not ready with their measures. Yet the Minister now comes down with a scheme to change the whole fiscal and monetary system of the country, disturbing the relations of trade from one end of it to the other. The trumpery greenback proposition had even been laid before the House, but the Hon. Finance Minister had gone from place to place, and from bank to bank, with a set of resolutions, without meaning and without purpose, except to destroy the banks, and get the circulation of the country under the management of his own department. He had heard it reported that the Government was pledged to the Lower Provinces to get through the necessary legislation preparatory to Confederation, and to despatch delegates on the 21st July to arrange the measures in England. He thought it due to the House, and due to the members themselves, that the Attorney-General West should at once explain to the House whether this was the fact or otherwise, as it made a great deal of difference whether they had to the 21st of this month, or to the first of February next, to discuss these important measures. He asked the Attorney General whether it was the intention of the Government to obtain the adoption of the Confederate Constitution during this session of the Imperial Parliament, or the next? He hoped he would receive an answer on these points at this stage of the proceedings.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the resolutions on the subject of the Local Constitutions would be submitted to the House, and when disposed of he would acquaint the House with the intentions of the government.

Hon. G. BROWN would then hold that the Ministry was pledged to send delegates to England by the steamer leaving on the 21st July.

Hon J. A. MACDONALD—The hon. member may hold what he pleases.

Hon. G. BROWN said it was impossible to discuss these two questions—the fiscal system and the Local Constitutions—within that time. He also referred to the Trade Commission, to the other measures which the government had yet to bring forward, and to the Fenian raid, contending that this was not the time to upset the whole commercial and monetary systems of the country. But apart from these considerations, he endorsed most firmly and without reservation the remarks made by the hon. member for Lincoln, that the government was bound by a solemn compact not to introduce this measure. The Coalition was formed solely on the subject of Confederation; on all other questions the parties were understood to retain their own views, and there was a positive understanding that all measures upon which they differed were to have been postponed. He knew not how far the Provincial Secretary and the Postmaster General now respected this understanding, but he believed they had respected it. He himself had respected it while in the government, regarding himself in the double capacity of a Minister of the Crown and a Trustee of the Reform party. In case of a difference upon any question which could not be postponed, then the minority of the Cabinet, had the privilege of withdrawing from the Cabinet as had been the case on the reciprocity question; but with regard to the measures proposed by the hon. Minister of Finance, he apprehended it would be impossible to prove that they could not have been very properly postponed.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL begged to ask the hon. member who was speaking for the Liberal party, what were the objections to the measures which his hon. colleague had introduced. He had looked with anxiety through the papers, and especially in the Toronto *Globe*, but he had failed to discover a single objection urged against the policy of the government.

Hon. Mr. BROWN said he would answer the hon. gentleman presently as to the objections to the policy of the government, but he begged to tell him that he spoke for no party in the House but himself. He spoke only of the Liberal party as to its views in former days, when he and the hon. gentleman had fought side by side for fifteen years, for a fair share in the government of the country, and for the triumph of the principles they had so long held in common. With the single exception of the reduction of the 20 and 30 per cents to 15 per cent, and the additions to the free list, there was not a principle involved in the policy of the Government which the Reform party had not persistently contended against, and rather than sit, like the hon. Provincial Secretary, on the treasury benches, and assist in destroying the very principles he had gained so much honor in defending, he would submit to have his right hand cut off. In what position would hon. gentlemen be on his (Mr. B's) side of the House, when the Confederate Parliament would meet—and he hoped they would all find seats in the Assembly—when they attempted to enter on a readjustment of the fiscal system, and would be met with "Oh, you must not touch that, it was all settled six months ago." How would they feel in meeting gentlemen from the Lower Provinces, with the corn laws and the tax on butter, and the tax on cheese, which they were now called upon to impose. He knew the Lower Provinces, and he could tell the House that the proposed policy would not be acceptable to them. Mr. B continued some time, when six o'clock was reached, and the House rose, Mr. Brown having the floor.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 8 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. BROWN resumed his speech. He said that unless the hon. Provincial Secretary and the hon. Postmaster-General had had reasons of which he was ignorant, he considered they had acted most wrongly in consenting to the introduction of this policy. And if they had reasons for their course these reasons were such as he could form no idea of. No set of propositions could well have been framed more directly opposed to the principles of the Liberal party, and not a proposition coming from the hon. Minister of Finance, as could be proved by the journals of the House, embracing provisions such as those now before them, but had received the united opposition of that party. He knew that members supporting the government were opposed to the policy, and that protests against it had come from Conservative members, and it was a most extraordinary spectacle to see a Ministry formed for a special purpose, forcing these measures upon the House against its own sense. If the hon. Minister of Finance could prove that so much more money was required for the public service; if he could prove that an addition of $950,000 must be added to the taxation of the country, then he (Mr. B.) had no hesitation in saying that the House was bound to grant him this measure, or to grant him something. Mr. Brown then compared the expenditure of the past year with the estimates for the year ending June 30th, 1867, showing an increase of $539,757 in the ordinary expenditure of the country. He next read a statement, shewing the cost of civil government to have been in 1851, $160,264; in 1857, $298,328; in 1861, $437,285; an increase in ten years of nearly three fold, when the population had not doubled. In 1866 it rose to $464,726, and this year, when we were to have a short session, and when our whole system was falling to pieces, it had been put down at $521,600. He read other statements regarding the expenditure in other branches, and said that during the short period in which the hon. Finance Minister had been in office, he had raised the expenditure of the country from $4,000,000 up to $10,280,000; and during the same time he had added largely to the public debt, raising it from $50,000,000 in 1857, to $70,000,000 at the present time. Mr. Brown next attacked the Supplementary Estimates, *seriatim*, pointing out some as extravagant, others as altogether improper, and the rest as belonging more properly to the Confederate Government, and should be deferred to next year. He then said he had caught the Minister of Finance in his own trap—he had admitted that if there were no deficit there should have been no change; but he (Mr. B.) had shewn how he had needlessly swelled the estimates, underrated the revenue, for the purpose of creating a deficit that he might find an excuse for forcing his policy upon the House. Mr. Brown next attacked the tariff, saying that it was a piece of patchwork, and no man could tell whether it was free trade or protectionist. At one time his hon. friend had been the champion of incidental protection; now he discarded it altogether; a short time ago free ports were the great means of enriching the country, now, they were all wrong; *ad valorem* duties were the only duties that should be imposed; now, the specific one mode the right one. He had brought a large increase of trade to the St. Lawrence by the *ad valorem* system of duties, but the American Government had taken umbrage at it, as well as at the free ports established on their borders, and hence the cool reception the hon. gentleman had met with in his efforts to renew the Reciprocity Treaty; and now when he had failed in renewing that Treaty he went back to the old system of specific duties, and abolished the free ports. Free trader as he (Mr. B.) was, he felt bound to say that the resolutions on the subject of manufactures was a most extraordinary one, coming from the Minister of Finance. After men had been encouraged and induced to invest their capital in special branches of business protected by the tariff, to come forward now and ruthlessly sweep away every vestige of the protection they had formerly enjoyed, and expose their business to destruction, was cruel towards them, and he (Mr. B.) would not stand in his hon. friend's shoes to-day, and bear the responsibility of his conduct towards them. He did not doubt of the favor with which the people of England would view the free test, and the reduction of ten or fifteen per cent on manufactured goods, but what would they think of a tax on corn, a tax on flour, a tax on butter, a tax on cheese, a tax on almost everything that entered into daily consumption. He did not think it fair to force such a policy on the country before it had been discussed by the people, and he did not think the people of the West, if the question were well understood, would approve of these taxes on the necessaries of life.

Mr. FERGUSSON (S. Simcoe) was perfectly satisfied that the farmers of the Country anxiously desired protection, and they would have been glad even to have had the Finance Minister put a duty on wheat.

Hon. Mr. BROWN had no doubt the statement of the member for Simcoe was in a great degree correct, especially if the question had been explained to the farmers in the way his hon. friend would have done. The tariff had been changed in one way to meet free trade views; in another to suit protection. Anything more unstatesmanlike than the position in which the hon. gentleman had placed the government he could not possibly conceive, that they should come down at the very last minute, when we were just about to enter on an entirely new system, to change the tariff, to change the banking system, and to disturb the whole relations of trade. Is it possible to concede for a single moment that the scheme now before us will be adopted in the Confederate Parliament? And is it fair now to seek to obtain a judgment in advance, in favor of a system which we know will be distasteful and unsuitable as the future policy of the country. Mr. Brown concluded at twenty-five minutes past ten, having spoken altogether about three hours and a half.

Hon. A. T. GALT thought he might well ask the indulgence of the House, if he endeavored to reply to the hon. member for South Oxford's attack, not only upon the government at the present time, but for several years back, since that gentleman had had a fortnights' preparation. After such a lengthened preparation he was surprised at the results at which he had arrived, being willing to defer to the uncertain future the carrying out of those on which he had built up his party in the country and in this house. He (Mr. G.) had not been surprised to hear the old charges of corruption and extravagance with which the House had been refreshed, while the period during which his own friends had been in office had been slurred over. It was like the echo of a long told tale, coming back upon the House, to hear those old familiar charges revived by the hon. member. The Reform members of the Cabinet had always, both before and since the hon. member for South Oxford had resigned, expressed their opinions fully and freely upon every question coming up before them. There had been no solemn compact entered into, such as the hon. member described; the record of the whole negotiation might, at any time, be referred to, and whatever private construction his hon. friend may have put upon what took place, neither he (Mr. G.) nor his friends in the Government, understood that any compact of the kind existed. The hon. gentleman had accused him of a design to upset the Banking system of the country, but he denied that the paying out of a certain number of legal tender notes, instead of an equal amount of specie, would be upsetting the banking system. He understood and was willing to make allowances for the inexperience of the hon. member for Lincoln, in introducing want of confidence motions, and he therefore excused him for having introduced into it everything with which he found he could not agree. He (Mr. G.) would, however, treat the motion as that of the member for South Oxford, who, though desirous of attacking the government, had not had the courage to do so until the opportunity afforded by the member for Lincoln. The first charge against the policy was that it would endanger Confederation, but he could not see in what respect, since the Confederation scheme was in a most satisfactory state, and he had received reliable assurance that the commercial policy now before the House had met with the approval of the Lower Provinces. Even in the view of the member for South Oxford they had not delayed the measure. Again, it had been charged by the hon. member, that the western country was in a great state of excitement upon the question, though a few nights ago he had professed his own ignorance of it. Where were the evidences of this excitement? There had been no large numbers of petitions brought in against it; the petitions had come from Montreal, not from the West

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—London, Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal, had petitioned against it.

Hon. Mr. GALT—The Montreal petition said the change was inopportune. It was a very convenient word that—inopportune,—and he supposed it was upon this suggestion the resolution of the member for Lincoln had been framed. A change, it was admitted on all hands, must be made after Confederation, and that change would be in the direction of free trade. Now, by reducing the duty to 15 per cent, the merchants would have an assurance that no very great reduction below that rate could take place, and they would make their arrangements accordingly. By this reduction, the Lower Provinces would be taught that Canada did not intend to force a high tariff upon the Confederation, and thus their fears of having to pay high duties to correspond with ours would be removed. But the hon. member had admitted himself that a large portion of the tariff would be satisfactory to the Lower Provinces, though he said they would object to interference with the Banking system, though he (Mr. G.) did not see why they should complain if we took five millions of our own currency for our own purposes.—The hon. member had left the Government, because he believed they proposed making too great concessions to the United States; because he believed our policy too liberal, and now he turns round and takes quite the opposite course, blaming him (Mr. G.) for not having carried out a policy more conciliatory towards the United States. The hon. gentleman had, in fact, spoken as if he watched the interests of the United States more than those of Canada. The hon. gentleman had said that this was a time of danger, and therefore not a time to make changes, but he would look upon the danger with very great apprehension if the means were not fully provided to avert it. The danger was not in dealing with these questions in the way to put the country in a better position; the real danger would be to leave our legislation inadequate to our requirements. The hon. gentleman had again referred to what he called the compact against introducing measures on which the parties disagreed, but in this very tariff which they now proposed to change, changes had been proposed by two governments, both of which the hon. member for South Oxford had supported. These proposed changes were in the direction of free trade. The hon. member was now refusing, by his support of the member for Lincoln's motion, to adhere to those principles which he had advocated for sixteen years.

Hon. Mr. BROWN—Oh!

Hon. Mr. GALT—The hon. member may well say "Oh," for he will find it hard to reconcile his present course in going against a reduction in the tariff which he always professed to support; he will find it hard to oppose specific duties after having affirmed the opposite system was wrong. In fact, his whole case against the hon. Provincial Secretary and the hon. Postmaster-General was just this, that these two gentlemen were acting with far more sincerity towards their own principles than he (Hear, hear.) The hon. gentleman had also said both sides of the House were now being forced into supporting the tariff for the sake of Confederation, and then, that when Confederation was accomplished, if they attempted to touch it, they would then be told they must not disturb it now—it had been so recently settled. He (Mr. G.) would merely ask the hon. member to reconcile this statement with the other he had made that the tariff should not be dealt with now, because it must be changed again when Confederation was accomplished. In one of these he must be mistaken. After referring to the reasons which induced the Government to revert so generally to the specific system of duties, he proceeded to notice the charges of his having made important changes since the tariff had been laid before the House, and denied that any one could point to a single material alteration which had taken place. Mr. Galt next replied to Mr. Brown's strictures on the estimates. He referred to one particular, the cost of the civil Government for the past, and the estimate for the current year, shewing that the actual expenditure for that year was only $2,000 less than the estimate for the present year, and not $60,000 as Mr. Brown had said. He also entered at some length into explanations concerning grants to Colonization Roads, and other items, which had been the special object of censure by the member for South Oxford. The hon. member for South Oxford desired that all legislation should stop until after they had met in the Confederate Parliament, but he (Mr. G.) considered it the duty of the Government to deal with every question at the time when it was the interest of the country to do so. They had not one, but various interests to consider, and the hon. member knew that these questions had to be met, and dealt with. Then with regard to the imposition of duties upon certain articles imported from the United States, such as cheese, butter, corn and so forth, he believed it would be advantageous to give the Americans the opportunity of feeling the effects of a duty upon such articles as had hitherto been freely interchanged between us. And were these duties not put on, so long as our people had to contend against the high duties imposed by the American Government, they would have a just cause of complaint against their own government. He did not advocate the imposition of duties as a matter of principle, but he recognised them as the result, and a necessary result, of the actual circumstances in which the country was placed. The increase in the excise on spirits, and the decrease in the duty on goods, had been proposed with a view to meet the exigencies which have arisen by the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty on the one hand, and the increased expenditure of the country on the other; when the House was in committee it would be the proper time to discuss particular resolutions in the tariff, and he need not further refer to them. The amendment had been insidiously framed for the purpose of catching votes; for the purpose of giving members an excuse for voting, and he (Mr. G.) would say that any member that believed that the principles of the tariff were wrong should vote against it, but to vote against it on the paltry plea that any change was inopportune at the present time, was wrong and unfair. The fact was, the hon. member for South Oxford had aimed in this movement at a very paltry personal gratification; that of embarrassing the present Government, delaying Confederation, and with the assistance of the party of which he had been so long the leader, but of which he (Mr. G.) hoped he would be leader no longer, obtain the position for himself, and have the glory of carrying out the measures which he saw in the hands of others. (The hon. gentleman was loudly cheered on sitting down. He concluded at 25 minutes past twelve, having spoken about an hour and three-quarters.)

After a few minutes' conversation between the leading members on both sides, the debate was adjourned, and the House adjourned at 25 minutes to 1 o'clock.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

European News!

Arrival of the S. S. "City of London."

ONE DAY LATER STILL.

THE WAR IN FULL BLAST.

Another Great Battle Fought.

The Prussians severely Repulsed leaving their dead and wounded on the field

Accounts of Reverses and Victories on all sides.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The steamer *City of London*, with one day's later news, has arrived

Another great battle has been fought:

PARDUBITZ, June 27.—Since 10 o'clock this morning, a continuous fire of artillery has been kept up by the Austrian and Prussian forces between Frenstadt and Rachad, in Bohemia. The Prussians were repulsed near Skalitznt where the cavalry took part in the action.

At 6 this evening the Prussians were beaten and are in full retreat, leaving their dead and wounded on the field.

BERLIN, June 27th, evening.—The engagement which took place yesterday, at Placos, at the east of Turnang, was of a very spirited character, and lasted until midnight. The troops engaged were the Prussian division under General Van Horn, and the Prussian brigade, under Gen. Potschampot.

The Prussians lost a Colonel, Lieutenant and Captain.

ANCONA, 27th.—Twelve men-of-war, comprising the Austrian fleet appeared in sight of this port this morning, but are now leaving. The Italian squadron are preparing to follow and attack them.

BERLIN, 27th.—Last night the army of the Elbe had a successful engagement near Turin, taking 7 Austrian officers, and 500 men prisoners.

BERNE, 27th.—The Austrians have returned to the first station upon the Stelvio. The Italians have taken up position near the Port du Diable.

PRAGUE, 6th.—The Prussians destroyed the R. R. Bridge between Werdan and Grasswetz, at Aldenberg.

The people resisted the Prussians.

The King of Saxony left Prague to-day.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, June 27.—15,000 Baden troops are now stationed near Heidele, and will occupy a position between Darnsdadt and Frankfort, and will be reinforced by all available federal forces.

FLORENCE, 28.—At the battle of Custozza the Austrian forces numbered 60,000.

The 1st army corps reserve, on the heights of Valleggro, held in check an overwhelming number of Austrians, before which Gen. Ciani had been forced to retire.

Biscio's division, and the cavalry of the line protected the retreat of the army, which was effected in good order.

The Bianelli division made prisoners of an entire battalion of Austrian Huzzars.

The Italian cavalry had several engagements with the Austrians, who suffered severe losses, and the 5th army corps took about 1,000 prisoners.

The Italian losses were great, but those of the enemy were believed to be greater.

The Italian cavalry did not abandon their position, nor were they overcome until the enemy had received reinforcements.

Towards night both Italians and Austrians retired from their positions.

BERLIN, June 26.—Prussia has again offered the King of Hanover an alliance, with a guarantee for his possession of the throne on the basis of federal reform, and on condition of his capitulation with honors of war. It is hoped here that the capitulation will take place to-day.

A flying corps, commanded by Stalberg, advanced into Bohemia, and lost eight men in an engagement.

PESTH, June 27.—A second conscription has been ordered in Croatia. The Croation *Post* says that the districts on the Adriatic have been declared in a state of seige.

Benedek's passive attitude is accounted for by his desire to have the Federal troops form a junction with his army, and also to allow the Prussians to advance into Bohemia, so that he may cut off their retreat.

There is dissension among the Hungarian Liberals. The Deak party being opposed to insurrection, unless the Austrians suffer a defeat, and the other party favoring immediate insurrection.

FLORENCE, 27th.—The King of Italy yesterday requested the assistance of France against the Austrians, offering in exchange the Island of Sardinia, in addition to important concessions upon the Roman question.

BERLIN, 27th.—Prussia has repulsed the principal functionaries in Saxony, Hesse and Hanover.

FLORENCE, 27th.—The King has addressed a despatch to the President of the Council, saying the battle of the 24th was neither lost nor won. He adds: I have ordered the concentration of all our forces to resume the campaign. Our army is in excellent spirits, and is anxious to be led to battle.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, 27.—Austria has proposed to the Confederate allies that all the plenipotentiaries at the Diet should be recalled, and a committee of military plenipotentiaries appointed in their place, under the presidency of Austria. This committee to have power to decide upon matters without reference to their respective Governments.

This has not yet been agreed upon.

HEAD-QUARTERS, ITALIAN ARMY, June 27.—The Italian army is concentrated at Cremona, in Piacenza.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, 27.—The Federal Diet to-day appointed Prince Charles, of Bavaria, Commander-in-Chief of the Federal army, with instructions to conduct operations under the direction of Benedek.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Four Deaths from Sunstroke.

More Cholera Cases.

Relief for Sufferers by Fire at Portland.

BOSTON, July 9.—Four deaths from sun stroke, occurred yesterday.

During the thunder storm, last evening, lightning struck the dwelling house of Geo. Fairbanks, in Hudson, Mass., killing his daughter, aged 13.

Nearly $42,000 was subscribed within three hours to-day, in State street, for the Portland sufferers. It is expected the cash subscriptions in Boston, will reach $100,000 by to-morrow.

The race at Suffolk Park to-day, between G. H. Patchen, and Dexter, in harness, was won by Dexter in 3 straight heats, time 2:26½ 2:25 and 2:23½.

MATOMORAS, 4th.—Trade is dull. The people are frightened, and are expecting forced loans.

Corteuas has arrived and contests the governorship with Caranaja. The soldiers are full of plunder, and are acting badly, 120 were wounded at Comargo.

The Imperialists are concentrating at Monterey, to move down the Rio Grande Valley.

The Liberals are discordant.

NEW YORK, 10.—Washington telegrams state that the President was seized last night with severe indisposition, the result of the weather. He has been closely confined all day, seeing no one but Gen. Grant, who called to pay his respects previous to leaving town.

The President will probably to-morrow send to Congress a message accompanying a veto of the Freedmen's Bureau Bill recently passed by both branches of Congress. It is not considered likely that the Bill can be made a law without the approval of the President.

NEW YORK, 10.—The *Post's* money article says:—Loan market more active. Stock market unsettled. Governments strong, in consequence of the foreign demand just received. A very heavy business has been done in 5:20s. One purchase at the board amounting to one million five thousand dollars.

Railroad shares are irregular.

After the board New York Central settled 93½; Erie, 72; Illinois Central, 121½; North Western, 31½; Toledo, 111; Fort Wayne, 97½; Foreign Exchange firm.

NEW YORK, 10.—Five fatal cases of cholera reported in Brooklyn this morning.

BOSTON, 10.—The office of Geo. H. Gooding broker, was robbed last night of about $17,000

COMMERCIAL.

Tuesday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 10.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@	9 00
Extra	8 00	@	8 50
Fancy	7 50	@	8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 75	@	6 80
Bag Flour	3 65	@	3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 75	@	6 85
No 1 Western	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2 "	6 30	@	6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50	@	1 5[illegible]
Western "	1 45	@	1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36	@	37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	30	@	35
BUTTER—Dairy	17	@	18
Store Packed	16	@	17
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@	5 45
Pearls	7 50	@	7 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion**, and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness**. You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugarcoated Pills**, the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. In all cases **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by is incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Names of those that Took out Tavern License.

STREETS.	STREETS.
1 R Hamilton...York	37 A Chevrier...Patrick
2 R Nagle...Clarence	38 J M'A[illegible]...Wellington
3 Jas Whitty...Murray	39 F Hailan[illegible]...do
4 F X [illegible]pierre...Sussex	40 W C[illegible]...do
5 A St Pierre...Murray	41 J Graham Court H. [Avenue
6 [illegible]gne...Murray	
7 [illegible]...Rideau	42 Mary Barrett...York
8 J Bte P[illegible]...Church	43 H [illegible]tle...do
9 Geo Cla[illegible]...Sparks	44 J [illegible]comb...Rideau
10 D P Gould...Boulton	45 F McIntyre...St. Paul
11 W Graham...Clarence	46 R Gilpin
12 B Bishop...Sparks	47 J A Gouin...Sparks
13 M Kavanagh...[illegible]	48 Elizabeth Toobey [Canal Basin
14 H Fitzpatrick	49 J Salmon...York
15 O Pinard...Cl[illegible]	50 F Schingh...Sussex
16 F X Landrican	51 W J Loux...Rideau
17 B Huckle	52 Mary Ann Trotter [Sparks
18 A Renaud	53 G Armstrong...Queen
19 A Roy	54 F Kilby...Clarence
20 P Leblanc	55 C Laberge...Murray
21 Denis Egan	56 J Bte Martineau [Murray
22 T Fichette...[illegible]trick	57 [illegible] Beaucaire...do
23 R Graham...Sussex	58 [illegible] O'Meara...George
24 J Champa[illegible]...Church	59 [illegible] Grant...do
25 [illegible] Larivi[illegible]...Sussex	60 M[illegible] McKinna [Sparks
26 A Taylor...Clarence	
27 D McMa[illegible]...York	61 R S[illegible]y...Wellington
28 S Goub[illegible]...Sparks	62 V La[illegible]...Rideau
29 W B [illegible]...Rideau	63 M H P[illegible]...Sussex
30 W [illegible]...LittleSussex	64 Paul F[illegible]ean [Murray
31 P G[illegible]...Clarence	
32 L [illegible]vrier...Murray	65 Felix Car[illegible]...York
33 F McGee...Patrick	66 E Langlois...Murray
34 [illegible] Elliott...York	67 M Starrs...Clarence
35 [illegible] Riopel...Church	68 William McC[illegible]...York
36 [illegible] Montgomery [Wellington	

J. B. TURGEON,
Inspector of License.
Ottawa, July 11. 174

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose *he* knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
Executor.
174-d

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.

Every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, with a full and efficient company, under the management of JOHN TOWNSEND.

GRAND DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE
IN AID OF
The Ottawa Volunteer Relief Fund!

Under the distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General.

On Wednesday Evening, July 11th,

Will be presented Charles Dance's highly popular comedy, (in 2 acts,) entitled

NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS!

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the Company.

After which a Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance in character by Miss Bertha Loraine.

The magnificent band of the Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance and play in the course of the evening several popular overtures.

To be followed by the laughable farce of

THE TIMID LOVER,
OR THE DEAD SHOT.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the Company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

THE RENDEZVOUS,
Or, Love in all Corners.

Miss Florence Grosvenor and the Company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Tickets may be had of the Committee, and from His Worship the Mayor, M. K. Dickinson, Esq., J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P.P., Dr. Hill, H. J. Friel, Esq., Colonel Wiley, or A. Workman, Esq., Chairman.

Ottawa, July 10. 173

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes.

Burgess,
Prendergast
And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stope.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8¼ precisely.

D. C. LaRUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!

Hurrah for the Queen Company

THE FIRST GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

QUEEN FIRE COMPANY

WILL COME OFF AT

WRIGHT'S HOUSE!

(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney,)

HULL LANDING,

Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens.

On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.

Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.

The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, ¼ mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.

At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.

There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first class Quadrille Bands, (Marea's).

Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p. m. precisely. Entrance to each game 25 cents.

The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.

Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.

There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.

By order,
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

F. TRAUXWIESER,
Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers manufactured to order. Jel1-148

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.

170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

TO SPORTSMEN!

Breech-Loading Fowling-Pieces for Sale!

ONE OF THE CELEBRATED Breech-Loaders, made by [illegible], Oxford Street, London, 12 bore, and fittings complete. This gun is nearly new, and of a quality seldom met with on this continent. To be seen at Mr. [illegible] Hardware Store, Sparks Street. 159tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

H. McLEAN HAS RECEIVED IN-structions from Jones Haycock & Co., to sell all the Plank and material now lying on the East end of Wellington Street, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of JULY, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., on the ground, consisting of

80 iron and wood Pulley Blocks.
5 tons Drills, Crowbars, and Sledges.
3000 lbs Manilla Rope.
1500 lbs Chain, all sizes.
4 new Screws and Bars; 1 Bell and Pulley.
30 Wheelbarrows, new; 2 Waggons.
20 do old; 1 Hand Cart.
3 sets Blacksmiths' Tools.

A lot of Potsdam and Blue Sandstone Drain Pipes, 9 inch, Plank and Lumber, Carpenters' Benches, and Carpenter's Shop and Offices, &c.

TERMS CASH, under $100. 173-3

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. .157-td

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CUTLERY, JEWELLERY, FANCY GOODS, AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES, LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

Ottawa, June 19.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. — NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising "Chaudiere Tweeds," Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.
O'MEARA & CO.
94-tf

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
Ottawa, Agent,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HO-TEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz: 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 164tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.— A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV-en, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36 tf

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William F. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and those who have legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
Administrator.
Ottawa, May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

TINSMITHS WANTED.—Four steady Tinsmiths wanted to whom constant employment, and steady wages, will be given. Apply immediately, if by letter, prepaid.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 173tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED.— TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED.— A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.— IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GRO-CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

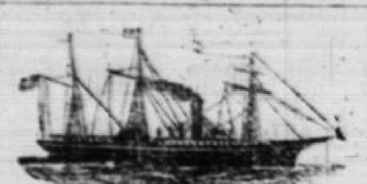
Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N.Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN........(Building)......2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN.......(Building)
PERUVIAN...Capt. Ballantine....2600 Tons
MORAVIAN.....Capt. Aiton.......2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN...Capt. Dutton.......2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN...Capt. Wylie.....2300 Tons
BELGIAN.......Capt. Brown......2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,.Capt. Kerr.1784 Tons
DAMASCUS.......Capt. Watt......1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN..............$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE...............$34.25.

☞RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons........Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons.......Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons.......Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons......Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

151tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that part of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCES CLEMOW,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

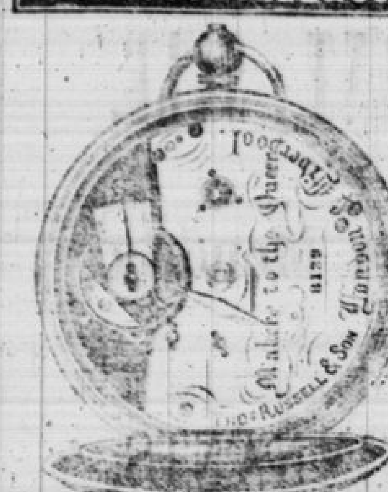
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

THOS RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON.
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act:—Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed.
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 1-tf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
AUCTIONEER.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR EStablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

[crossed out:] ... Lots for Sale. THE ... sale at ... in the city, only about 10 mi... the Parliament Buildings, and for ... are not surpassed. They ... figure for cash. For ... E. MEL... Parliamentary Hair Dressing Sa... Ottawa, June 19. 156-b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tl

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

CHEAP SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING THEIR STOCK OF

BONNETS!

(TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.)

French and Scotch Printed Muslins!

☞ At greatly Reduced Prices, with a view to clear them.

COTTON GOODS!

PRINTS, AND WHITE AND GREY COTTONS!

Bought Recently at Panic Prices.

☞ WHOLESALE & RETAIL. ☜

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

31, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry.

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD OF THE FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
31 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 44-6m

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.---Apply to E. J. CHESLEY, Land and Patent Right Agent, Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 6th, 1866. 171-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

A Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company,

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
45 hhds. Gin.
45 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds.

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!

25, Sparks Street.

Thomas Beament,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF

Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs.

☞ Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,.......................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM

Printing Works!

OFFICE:

30, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN:

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM,

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets

Ottawa, May 23. 133tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.---That eligible property known as Woodmoors, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 164tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 29, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.--THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.--- A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-150-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.--ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of the late William B. McIntosh, Esq., are hereby notified to settle their indebtedness immediately, and thereby save legal expenses. All parties having claims against the said estate are requested to file the same with the Solicitor, J. F. Boulton, Esq., Scott's Buildings, Sparks Street.

GORDON B. McINTOSH,
ADMINISTRATOR.

Ottawa May 14. 125-tf

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.---A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GRO-CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as a Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

☞ Masonic and other Jewels, ☞ Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers, manufactured to order. Jell-148d

G. H. HERRICK,
(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. Vassey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 175. OTTAWA C. W., THURSDAY JULY 12, 1866. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 2 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

W. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 106-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S.-C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler, Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,..........1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.
Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall, Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNTIL otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included).......... $2.50
Steerage.......... 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely;

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field.
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, CANNOT BE SURPASSED!
BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.
Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.
FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.
Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!
IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL
We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.
FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.
LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.
Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which, by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 6, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHE TE.

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quit; complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sunday excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and vice versa.
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, By-Town and Ottawa City, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug Queen of the Isles, with Barges will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
Two powerful tug steamer England will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG-BOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,..........
ONTARIO,..........Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,..........Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,.......... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,..........Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT.
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT.
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and refurnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance.
Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found there.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up Hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 500 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terrace and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of Mrs. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be five weeks at midsummer, and a month at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, Mrs. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 61-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ottawa Grammar School—J. Thorburn, M. A.
Gas Company's Notice.
Annual Pic-Nic of the St. Patrick's Society—J. McCarron, Secretary.
Removal—S. & H. Borbridge, Rideau Street.
Fruit Jars—Beach & Co.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

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THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line, ... 10c
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The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 12, 1866.

The House was occupied all day with the discussion on Mr. McGiverin's motion. Mr. McDougall opened with an effective rejoinder to the Hon. Mr. Brown's assault of the previous evening. He was followed by Mr. McKenzie, who detained the House for a long time, and by some allusions to the Macdonald-Sicotte Government, brought Mr. Rankin next to his feet. Col. Haultain followed, after which some conversation took place, as to when the vote would be taken. It was arranged that it should be taken to-day. Hon. Mr. Dorion filled up the remainder of the time until twelve o'clock, when the House adjourned.

When the member for Lincoln has undertaken to expose himself, to the very remote risk of having to be sent for by His Excellency, he must be supposed to be prepared with the requisite material for the construction of a veritable do-nothing-but-wait-for Confederation Cabinet; and we may also suppose that he has taken into consideration the important question, whence his ministry should derive its support. He must in fact have been in consultation with his friends. His utterances, therefore, as the mover of a want of confidence motion, are entitled to be regarded to a great degree, as foreshadowing the policy of his party. Passing over his charges of breach of faith against the Government, which were well disposed of by the gentlemen who spoke from the treasury benches, we come to the remarkable declaration, that those members of the Reform party of Western Canada who shall support the policy of the Government, will be condemned by their constituents, or returned *as supporters of the gentlemen opposite*. Here is a positive declaration of a breaking up of amicable relations in the ranks of the Reformers. Those for whom Mr. McGiverin spoke, for we can hardly suppose he spoke solely for himself, have resolved that henceforth the supporters of the Reform section of the Cabinet shall be ostracised with their leaders; that the party shall be reconstructed without them, and that they shall be treated "as supporters of the gentlemen opposite." They are in fact read out of the ranks.

The vote which is expected to take place this evening, will therefore have a particular interest, as an index to the strength of that party, which under the direction of the member for South Oxford is now endeavoring to destroy the Coalition they assisted in making, before the accomplishment of the great purpose for which it had been formed.—That hon. gentleman's *penchant* for making and unmaking Cabinets is well known to many members on both sides of the House, and we fancy their experience of the results of his last effort in that direction, previous to the formation of the Coalition, will not be such as to encourage many of them to assist him in this particular movement. He will find that the Liberal members from Western Canada who have followed him long, and through many devious ways, have at length realised the possibility of his asking them to go too far, and that they will, in the meantime be contented to accept as their leaders those whom he had selected as his colleagues. They will not be convinced that a tariff, the main features of which both he and they have contended for for years, should now be rejected because he has changed his seat in the House; nor will they see the expediency at the present time of destroying the alliance between Conservatives and Reformers, which has been productive of so many substantial benefits to the country, not only in the preparation of a new and enlarged system of government for the consolidation of British power on this continent, but also in strengthening the hands of the Executive, enabling it to cope successfully with dangers, which under the old even balance of parties, and weak and shifty governments, might have plunged the country into utter ruin. It, as Mr. Brown argued, the Fenian raid suggested reasons why even the tariff should not be interfered with, surely it would give double force to an argument against weakening the hands of the Government, and inflaming the minds of the people by unnecessary political agitation.

OUR MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR IN EUROPE.

The proprietor of THE OTTAWA TIMES, presents the readers of this journal to-day, with an accurate map of the region to which the present unhappy war in Europe will, it is hoped, be confined. Considerable expense has been incurred in its preparation, and subscribers will do well to keep it for reference.

This journal will, regardless of expense, continue to furnish the earliest news of military operations, and in all respects the proprietor will endeavor to merit a continuance of the unprecedented success with which his efforts have hitherto been rewarded.

THE OTTAWA TIMES has now been in existence about six months, and in that time has earned the reputation of being the first paper in the Ottawa Valley. Its subscription list has grown beyond the most sanguine hopes of its proprietor, and in its daily and weekly issues enjoys a wider circulation than any paper of whatever age that has at any time been established in this region. The type is always clear and neat, and the paper of the best quality.

Great pains are taken in the arrangement and display of all advertising matter, and in every department the object sought is to make it the best paper for the family, the politician, the farmer, the general reader, the mercantile public, and the very best medium for advertising to be found in the valley of the Ottawa.

LOCAL NEWS.

SECURE YOUR FRUIT.—The Messrs. Beach, of Sparks street, have just received a consignment of Hermetrically Sealed Jars; they are the best thing out for preserving fruit, and then they are so cheap. Call and see them. No charge for inspection.

DARING.—The intrepid young Canadian Blondin, whose feats of agility on the rope as an acrobat, are pronounced to be equal, if not superior to that of the famous Blondin, has been engaged by the Queen Fire Company, and will exhibit his daring feats three times on the day of their Pic-Nic. This will prove an immense attraction.

NEVER SAY DIE!—The Messrs. Borbridge, Saddle and Harness Manufacturers, notwithstanding their having been burned out, by the recent fire on Rideau street, have opened out in the large building nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, and are now prepared to attend to all work in their line of business, with their usual promptitude. Call and examine their stock of substantial and elegantly manufactured harness,—they don't sell imported trash, and you will find that it cannot be surpassed.

THE LIGHTNING.—We are sorry to learn that Mr. William Corbett, of Bell's Corners, sustained considerable loss from damage done by the lightning during the great storm of Saturday last. It appears that the lightning struck the house, hurled down the chimney, and broke the windows and doors in its course. Our account states that all in the house were more or less injured, and that Mr. Corbett himself was badly injured, but was getting better yesterday, and able to be about.

VOLUNTEER RELIEF FUND.—The promised entertainment in aid of this fund, came off at the Theatre last night. The house may be said to have been full, but not so full as we wished to see it. We were unable to ascertain the amount of money realized, because there had been no return of tickets made. To-morrow we shall probably be able to do so. The performances were very good, but one piece too many. The audience was respectable, amongst whom we noticed the young cadets. The Band of the P. C. O. Rifles seemed to surpass itself.

POLICE COURT.—Margaret Williams, a very unattractive woman, whom age has failed to improve, put in a forced appearance to answer to the impeachment of having been found on the street oblivious of that propriety which the conventional usages of civilized society require to be observed, especially of females. In fact, to use language sometimes applied to such cases, she was so nearly dead drunk as only to have retained sufficient animation to be offensive, and the police magistrate manifested his disapprobation of such goings on by inflicting a fine of $5 and costs, which being unable to pay, she accepted the alternative—two weeks at hard labor in the gaol. Damon Rey, who judging by his name might be a Spaniard of Royal blood, figured in the police court yesterday as a common disturber of the peace of her Majesty and her liege subjects, but somehow or other the case was withdrawn. In the next place the same individual was charged being drunk, and while in that state of beating an old decrepid pensioner, in a most unmerciful manner, for which he was mulcted in damages to the gross amount of about fifteen dollars. His victim receiving part of the money as compensation for injuries sustained. We could have told his Worship that this same man requested an officer to tell him how much it would cost to beat a soldier. This man had better sign the pledge, for drink seems to be the cause of all his trouble.

—The Board of Councilmen, New York, have re-passed over the Mayor's veto by a vote of 18 to 4, the resolution for a ten years' contract to light the city with coal gas.

MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR IN EUROPE.

Engraved Expressly for the Ottawa Times.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN CONFLICT.

War Powers of the Belligerents.

Their Armies and Navies.

The Navies.

The majority of people are conversant with the military strength of the four Powers who have opened the ball at which all Europe is being entertained, but very few have any idea as to what their chances would be at sea; and although the war between them would be carried on to a great extent on *terra firma*, yet as all of them are possessed of formidable navies, it is certain that there also will be considerable sea fighting. In view of these facts, we now present our readers with some interesting data concerning the naval power of the countries upon which the eyes of all the world are now turned.

The Royal Italian Navy.

The navy of Italy is of very recent growth, having been called into existence since the revolution which transformed Victor Emanuel from the monarch of one of the smallest of European kingdoms to the king of an almost United Italy. At the time of the revolution the Sardinian navy consisted of six steam frigates, four sailing frigates, three steam and four sailing corvettes, three steam despatch vessels, three steam transports, one tug and four brigantines; making in all twenty-eight vessels, carrying one hundred and thirty-six guns, and two thousand nine hundred and twenty-two men. Its *personnel* consisted of one vice-admiral, two rear-admirals, seven captains of ships of line, eight captains of frigates and eight captains of corvettes.

By an official statement, dated April 2, 1866, we learn that at that time the number of Italian war vessels in commission and equipped for active service was seventy-one, carrying one thousand one hundred and ninety-seven guns and twenty thousand six hundred and twenty-seven men, and of twenty-five thousand eight hundred and twenty horse-power. The transport squadron consisted of twenty-four ships of four thousand three hundred and ninety horse-power, and manned with crews numbering three thousand two hundred and twenty men.

The Prussian Navy.

Prussia has never ranked very high as a naval power, which is, perhaps, attributable to her insulated situation; but of late years, like all the other Powers of any standing in Europe, she has devoted much attention to the perfection of her naval armament. Ten years ago the Prussian naval force consisted of fifty-two vessels, the majority of which were sailing ships, mounting one hundred and ninety guns. The *personnel* at that time amounted to one thousand one hundred and eighty men, and sixty-six officers. In 1858, orders were issued for the construction of the following fleet within a given time:—

VESSELS.	GUNS.
12 Frigates, 60 guns each	720
10 Screw corvettes, 12 guns each	120
14 Despatch boats, 8 guns each	112
5 Schooners, 4 guns each	20
5 Practice vessels, 2 guns each	10
36 Gunboats, 3 guns each	108
82 vessels	1,090

The Austrian Navy.

We will now proceed to glance at the maritime power which is to be pitted against the collossal armaments we have enumerated above. In the middle ages Austria ranked high among the naval Powers of Europe, and in the wars of Christendom against the encroaching Turks, the galleys of Austria were ever foremost in the fight. At the celebrated naval battle of Lepanto, Don John, of Austria, carried terror to the hearts of the infidels, and at that critical period, when the followers of Mahomet seemed about to overrun Europe, the war galleys of Austria and Venice were of incalculable service in staying their ravages on the seas. Within the past three years Austria has built six fine screw frigates and five iron-clads. The navy of Austria is, as far as can be ascertained, as follows:—

VESSELS.	GUNS
6 frigates, carrying	225
6 corvettes, carrying	116
69 steamers, gunboats, &c., carrying	261
9 steam tenders, carrying	18
2 mortar vessel, carrying	20
7 brigs, carrying	112
5 brigantines, carrying	52
2 schooners, carrying	24
5 schooner brigs, carrying	20
111 vessels, carrying	848

THE ARMIES.

The Austrian Army—Organization and Strength.

The Austrian army is raised by conscription. Substitution is allowed in time of peace by furnishing a substitute or by paying a bounty of 12 hundred to fifteen hundred florins, or six hundred to seven hundred dollars to government, which re-engages for this sum able and honorably discharged soldiers.

Duration of service eight years and two years additional for reserve service.

Commanders.

	Active.	*Half-pay.*
Field Marshals	3	—
Generals of cavalry	13	29
Field Marshal Lieutenants	78	128
General Majors	121	174

Commanders of corps are called Field Zeug Meisters (F. Z. M.); of divisions, Field Marshal Lieutenants (F. M. L.); of brigades, General Majors, (G. M.)

The following table shows the strength of the Austrian army:

	Peace.	*War Foot'g.*	*Act'l War.*
Imp'l body guard	785	785	785
Line infantry	145,804	385,324	465,324
Greuz troops	30,401	53,268	67,268
Light Infantry	24,710	48,846	60,846
Sanitary companies	1,010	2,342	5,342
Total infantry	202,710	490,565	599,565
Cavalry	39,188	41,903	46,903
Artillery	28,171	50,489	62,489
Pioneers & engineers	8,784	13,766	16,766
Trains	2,928	23,272	36,272
Grand total	281,781	619,995	761,995

The Prussian Army.

The Prussian army consists in time of peace and war of one *corps des gardes* and eight provincial army corps. Each corps is composed of two divisions of cavalry, one brigade of artillery, one battalion of pioneers, one battalion of sharpshooters and one train battalion.

The whole army is commanded by one general field marshal, one general field zeugmeister (general quarter master,) thirty-five generals, fifty-eight lieutenant-generals (generals of division,) ninety-seven general majors (generals of brigade,) one hundred and eighteen colonels of infantry, thirty-five colonels of cavalry, twenty-three colonels of artillery, twelve colonels of pioneers and engineers, and two colonels of train.

Its Organization.

Commander-in-Chief in the Eastern provinces of the kingdom, General Field Marshal Count Wrangel.

Military Governor of the Western provinces, General Carl Anton, Prince of Hohenzollern Seigmaringen.

Corps des Gardes—Headquarters, Berlin.

Commander—Prince Auguste of Wurtemberg.
First division of guards—Commander, Lieut.-General von der Mulhe.
Second division—Commander, Lieut.-General von Plousvy.
First division of cavalry—Commander, Lieut.-General von Goltz.

First Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Konigsberg.

Commander—General von Bonin.
First division—Commander, General von Greisheim.
Second division—Commander, Lieut.-General von Goltz.

Second Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Berlin.

Commander—Frederick William, Prince of Prussia.
Third division (Hettin)—Major General von Werder.
Fourth division (Bramberg)—Lieutenant General rittenteld.

Third Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Berlin.

Commander—Prince Frederic Carl of Prussia.
Fifth division (Frankfort)—Lieutenant General von Tumpling.
Sixth division (Brandenburg)—Lieutenant General von Maurtein.

Fourth Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Madgeburg.

Commander—General von Schack.
Seventh division (Madgeburg)—Lieutenant General von Franseeky.
Eighth division (Erfurt)—Lieutenant General von Horn.

Fifth Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Posen.

Commander—General von Steinecke.
Ninth division (Glogon)—Lieutenant General Schemidt.
Tenth division (Posen)—Lieutenant General von Kirchbach.

Sixth Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Breslau.

Commander—General von Mutius.
Eleventh division (Breslau)—Lieutenant General von Zarton.
Twelfth division (Nelsse)—Lieutenant General von Todzynski.

Seventh Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Munster.

Commander—General Vogel von Finkesten.
Thirteenth division (Munster)—Lieutenant General von Groeben.
Fourteenth division (Dusseldorf)—Lieutenant General Meinhovel.

Eighth Corps D'Armee—Headquarters, Goblentz.

Commander—General von Bittenfeld.
Fifteenth division (Cologne)—Lieutenant General von Gartingra.
Sixteenth division (Treves)—Lieutenant General von Etrel.

Every corps d'armee consists of
Two brigades of infantry, under a major gen.
One brigade of cavalry, under a major gen.
One battalion of chasseurs, under a colonel,
One battalion of pioneers, under a colonel,
One brigade of artillery, under a major general.
One battalion of train, under a colonel.

The full strength of a corps d'armee is, in time of peace, 21,504 men; in time of war, 38,905 men—including landwehr, first call, 52,520 men, and second call, 65,400 men.

Its Numerical Strength—Army for Active Field Service.

Infantry—Corps des Gardes.

Regiments.	*Peace.*	*War.*
4 Infantry	7,664	12,192
4 Grenadiers	7,664	12,192
1 Guard Fusileers	2,107	3,067
9 Guard Infantry	17,435	27,451
Line Infantry.		
12 Grenadiers, Nos. 1 to 12	19,356	36,348
8 Fusileers, Nos. 33 to 40	12,904	24,232
52 Infantry	83,876	157,508
72 Line Infantry	116,136	218,088
Chasseurs and Sharpshooters.		
Battalions.		
1 Guard Chasseurs	534	1,006
1 Guard Sharpshooters	534	1,006
8 Chasseurs (Jager)	4,772	8,048
10 Chasseurs & Sharpshooters	5,840	10,060
Total of Infantry	139,411	255,599

One regiment of infantry consists, without officers, in time of peace, of 1,613 privates; in time of war, at 3,029 privates.

Cavalry—Guard Cavalry.

Regiments.	*Peace.*	*War.*
1 Garde du corps	603	615
1 Guard Cuirassiers	594	606
2 Guard Dragoons	1,188	1,212
1 Guard Hussars	594	606
3 Guard ulans	1,782	1,818
8 Regiments	4,761	4,857
Line Cavalry.		
8 of Cuirassiers	4,752	4,848
8 Dragoons	5,344	5,444
12 Hussars	7,720	7,868
12 Ulans	7,128	7,272
40 Regiments	24,944	25,432
Reserve (Landwehr) Cavalry.		
1 Heavy Cavalry	17	606
1 Dragoons	17	606
5 Hussars	85	3,030
5 Ulans	85	3,030
12 Regts. landwher cavalry	204	7,272
Total cavalry, 60 regiments	29,909	37,561

Field Artillery.

	In Peace. Cannon.	Men.	*In War.* Cannon.	Men.
1 brigade g'rd artillery	56	1,773	96	3,131
1 brigade artillery	56	1,761	96	3,120
7 brigades	392	12,327	672	21,840
Total	504	15,861	864	28,091

*Every artillery brigade consists of one field regiment and one garrison regiment. Every regiment has in peace 14, in war 17 batteries.

Pioneers.

Battalions	Companies.	Peace.	War.
1 guard pioneers	4	495	606
8 pioneers	32	3,960	4,848
9 battalions	36	4,445	5,434
Train.			
1 train	2	183	—
8 trains	16	1,464	30,290
9 battalions	18	1,647	30,290

The total active field army, therefore, is in peace, 191,283 men, 504 cannon; in war, 356,905 men, 864 cannon.

First Call of Landwehr, or First Field Reserve.

The first call or ban of the reserve consists of men who have served three years in the regular army, and who are from twenty-three to thirty years of age. They are fully organized, equipped and drilled, and can join their regiments forty eight hours after call. The numerical strength of this first ban (Eestes Aufgaebot) is:

	Men.
81 battalions of reserve	81,561
10 companies chasseurs	2,010
60 escadrons cavalry	10,543
36 batteries, with 144 guns	4,968
9 companies of pioneers	1,818
9 battalions of train	4,518
Extra duty men	18,500
Total of first call	123,922

Garrison Troops.

Infantry.

12 Battalions Guard Reserve	132	12,072
104 Battalion Provincial Reserve	1,560	104,624
10 Battalions Chasseurs (Jager)	—	4,020
126 Battalions		120,716

Cavalry.

37 Squadrons	5,700

Artillery.

	—Peace— Companies.	Men.	—War— Companies.	Men.
Garrison Artillery	72	7,200	142	27,047
Laborers in arsenels	6	438	6	1,200
Total	78	7,683	148	28,247

Pioneers.

12 Companies Pioneer Reserve	250	450
2 Companies Garrison Pioneers	—	3,684
Total	250	4,134

Total Strength.

	Peace.	*War.*
A—Standing (field) army	190,383	356,905
B—First call of reserve (landwher)	—	123,923
C—Garrison Troops	9,580	158,797
Total (privates)	199,963	639,625
Officers	8,000	10,000
Gens d'armes	2,250	2,250
Field orderlies twenty-two	1,438	4,872
	212,631	651,875

Second Call (Zweites Aufgebot) of Landwehr.

110 Battalions	95,496

Total Strength of the Prussians.

Army in war time	747,374

Armies of the Minor German States in '65—States South of the Main Line and supposed to go with Austria.

Bavaria.

Population in 1864, ... 4,807,440

Infantry.

	In Peace. Men.	*In War.* Men.
14 regiments	68,880	156,678
8 Rifle battalions	7,400	—
4 Scouting companies	920	—
Cavalry.		
12 regiments	9,276	29,655
Artillery.		
4 regiments, with 136 guns and a train of 304 men and 8,388 horses	12,942	26,634
Engineers.		
1 regiment	2,191	3,352

Total strength of the Bavarian army in peace, 101,699 men; in actual war, 208,714 men.

Wurtemberg.

Population in 1864 1,748,328

	In Peace Men.	*In War.* Men.
Infantry	7,684	20,109
Cavalry	2,070	4,293
Artillery and train	1,611	3,640
Engineers and staff	316	529
Total	11,701	28,795

Baden.

Population in 1864, 1,434,754; strength of the army—in peace, 7,908 men; in war, 18,403.

Saxony.

Population in 1864, 2,337,192; strength of the army—in peace, 25,396; in war, 50,792 men.

Total of the German States south of the main line—in peace, 112,017 men; in war, 303,639 men.

States North of the Main Line, and supposed to go with Prussia.

Hanover.

Population, 1,023,492; army—in peace, 26,933 men; in war, 52,000 men.

Oldenburg.

Population, 301,812; army—in peace, 4,007 men; in war, 7,500 men.

Mecklenburg.

Population.—Mecklenburg-Schwerin, 552,612; Mecklenburg-Strelitz, 99,060; army—in peace, 6,603 men; in war, 13,500 men.

N. B.—The army of Mecklenburg has already been incorporated into the Prussian army.

Brunswick.

Population, 293,388; army—in peace, 2,720 men; in war, 5,389.

The army of Brunswick forms a division of the Prussian army.

Hesse Cassel.

Population, 745,063; army—in peace, 12,856 men; in war, 28,365 men.

Hesse Darmstadt.

Population, 853,315; army—in peace, 11,700 men; in war, 20,500 men.

Schleswig-Holstein.

Population, 960,976; army—in peace, 6,000 men; in war, 12,000 men.

Smaller States in Central Germany, including the three free cities—Population in 1864, 1,342,500.

Army contingent of the German federal army, in peace, 8,020 men; in war, 17,500 men.

Total military strength of all minor German States north of the main line, in peace, 68,403 men; in war, 156,744 men.

Recapitulation.

The annexed table exhibits the numerical strength of the contending parties:

Austria and its Allies.

	Men.
Austria proper	831,095
Bavaria	208,714
Wurtemberg	28,796
Baden	18,403
Saxony	50,792
Total	1,138,700

Prussia and its Allies.

Prussia Proper	747,371
Hanover	52,000
Oldenburg	7,500
Mecklenburg (numbered in Prussian army)	
Brunswick (numbered in Prussian army)	
Hesse-Cassel	28,365
Hesse-Darmstadt	20,500
Schleswig-Holstein	12,000
Total	867,736

The above figures show a great difference in the numerical strength of the respective belligerents, but it must be borne in mind that Austria will certainly have to contend against Italy, and perhaps be forced to keep a large detachment of her army in Hungary, in order to prevent another uprising against her authority in that country.

—John B. Gough, the temperance lecturer, returns an income of $12,982.

Mr. Geo. H. Simard, of Quebec, on Saturday last received over $700 in gold from the De Levy Gold Mining Company.

—It is stated that Sir. J. P. Grant, and not Lord Alfred Churchill, will be the new Governor of Jamaica.

—The *Melbourne Argus* mentions a report that a Fenian movement is afoot there, and that men are being drilled and meetings held at South Brisbane.

—Kelly, the redoubtable (?) *Tribune* correspondent, recently imprisoned in Montreal as a Fenian, gave a lecture last week at St. Albans, on Fenianism. Of course Greeley will swear that he is not a Fenian.

—The whole population of the Republic of Liberia is estimated 4,0 00, of whom 14,000 are ranked as civilized. The value of the exports last year was $500,000; of imports $420,000. The export of sugar was 350,000 pounds; of coffee, 10,000 pounds; of palm oil 750,000.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the S. S. St. David.

No New Feature in the War News.

Lord Derby Forming a Conservative Ministry.

The S. S. *St. David* left Liverpool on the evening of June 28th, and Londonderry on the 29th.

Nothing is known of the Ministerial arrangement, except that the Queen had authorized Derby to form a Ministry and promised her support.

The *Herald* Conservative organ, says, but few difficulties are in the way of forming a new and strong Ministry.

The *Morning Post* thinks there is some reason to expect that several Palmerstonians may be induced to incorporate.

This will enable Derby to form a Government of considerable power.

A proclamation of neutrality in continental affairs has been issued.

A Prussian telegram, dated Madrid 27th, says an important battle, in which cavalry and artillery were principally engaged, had been in progress to-day up to 3 p. m.

The Austrians were driven back from near Skalitz to Jarmoices. Three flags and many prisoners were taken. The loss on both sides is very heavy.

A Prussian despatch, dated 27th, p.m., says this morning the Prussians made a fresh attack but were repulsed with heavy loss.

FRANCE.—The Corps Legislative had passed the whole ordinary budget by a large majority. There is reason to believe no arrangements are being made for the purpose of sending a French squadron over either to the Adriatic or the North Sea. The conference on the Danubian principalities had adjourned.

BOMBAY, July 2.—The *Times* alludes to rumors affecting a great Parsee house of Bombay, and says, thus far they are known to be incorrect. There might be a possibility of a temporary difficulty, but the assets are of such a character as to guarantee perfect safety of every claim. Name of firm not given.

MONEY MARKET.—Funds on the 27th continue to show quite a firmness.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, 10.—A despatch of to-day from Annapolis says:—A sad accident occurred last night. A party of 7, composed of five priests and two students, left Annapolis at 4 p. m., on a pleasure trip down the bay. When off Thomas Point, Father Classeus was lost overboard. While efforts were being made to save him, the boat capsized, and Fathers Bradley and Gerdehann, and the two students, F. Kennedy and Wm. Ruge, were lost. The two superiors clung to the boat, and drifted ashore on Thomas Point.

A party was sent out to search for the bodies, but failed to recover any of them.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *Herald's* Madrid correspondent, June 25, details all the serious circumstance, among the late military insurgents against the crown and government of Spain, as they occurred at Madrid, at Gerona, and Catalonia on the 22nd and 23rd ult.

In Madrid the insurgent troops were joined by a large body of peasants, to whom the soldiers distributed arms, who aided them in their forming formidable barricades in front of and around the military authorities. The regiments of the Queen were hotly engaged during five hours, in recovering the position, and were victorious only after a cannonade and bayonet charge. Over 1000 of the insurgents were killed and wounded, and the royal troops experienced a heavy loss. Two Generals died of their wounds soon afterwards. The moderato leader, General Narvaez, w[illegible] wounded. Martial law was in full force, [illegible] persons were arrested, and some of them were shot in Madrid. "Long live the Republci," were the cries of the revolutionists in the capital. It was thought the Spaniards would order another naval demonstration on the Pacific.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The *World's* Charleston telegram says that Gen. Sickles, on authority from headquarters, has declined to be arrested on the writ of attachment, recently issued by Judge Oregon, for contempt of Court in refusing to obey the habeas corpus writ.—All proceedings have been referred to President Johnson.

The trotting match at the Fashion Course yesterday, for a purse and stake of $1,900, was won by "Lucy" in three straight heats. Time, 2.33, 2.30 and 2.32½.

Washington telegrams state that the President's forthcoming veto, of the Freedman's Bureau bill, is said to have been discussed in Council session to-day. Secretary Harlan took a decided stand in favor of the bill, and was partly backed by Seward, on the score of expediency. Seward is said to be indifferent to its merits, but fears the effect of so many vetoes.

In the sculling match on the Hudson, yesterday, between Gilbert Ward and John McKiel, the latter was victorious. Distance 5 miles; time 41 minutes.

NASHVILLE, July 10.—Messrs. J Remington's safe, in their office, was broken open last night and $10,000 stolen therefrom. Some members of the 16th Infantry are arrested.

—An oil well at Mechanicsville took fire on Friday evening and burned all night, despite all endeavors for extinguishing it.

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, July 10.—A counsel of surgeons have decided that there is no hope of Senator Lane's recovery, although he may live a few days longer.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Shipments of specie for Europe to-day, amounted to $729,876.

PORTLAND, ME., July 11.—The Portland Mutual Insurance Company, which has been reported as losing only $100,000, cannot lose less than $400,000. It has been in operation many years, taking risks on houses at very low rates, mostly among the middle classes. It will be able to pay about 20 per cent on the loss. This will fall very severely upon the widows and orphans, and poorer classes, who have insured in this Company.

NEW YORK, 11.—The Lilliputian vessel, *Red, White and Blue*, 2¼ tons, which sailed from this place for London on the 9th, was spoken 25 miles south of the Highlands.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *Post's* money article says:—There is no scarcity of gold for delivery, and loans of coin are made either without interest, or 30 per cent in favor of the borrower.

The foreign demand for U. S. Securities is the only feature of general interest.

There is much activity in the Loan Market of Railroad shares. Erie is the chief favorite, and has risen to 76¾.

The *Commercial's* special says: Gen. Rousseau will doubtless be expelled from the House to-morrow.

NEW YORK, 11th.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* of the 27th of June says, a very remarkable increase of activity has taken place within the last few days, in the military establishment of France. Uniforms, arms and ammunition are being got ready in the greatest haste, and to a sufficient amount for the equipment of the army at its full strength. The reserves only have, as yet, not been called in, but these are always to be got at eight or ten days' notice.

A Paris correspondent of the same journal says:—I am able to state, on very good authority, that negotiations are now going on with great secresy between France and Austria, with the object of producing a *rapprochement* between the Governments, that may lead to a definite understanding, and eventually to an alliance between them.

—The cholera is on the increase at Nantes.

—Thread is made in New Orleans from the stalks of the cotton plant.

—Peaches are selling in Columbus, Geo., for 25 cents a dozen.

—A boy named Henry McDonald was drowned in the Don near Yorkville on Wednesday.

—The Quakers of Lebanon, Ohio, have discovered a process for manufacturing excellent sugar from sorghum.

—The West Eaton Company have commenced to sink the surface well on lot 17, 9th concession of Norwich.

—George Peabody, on Thursday, made another gift of $100,000 to the Peabody Institute, established by him at South Danvers.

—The Prince Imperial of France is going to learn the art of printing. We hope the future ruler of France will learn the advantage of a *free press*.

PROVINC[illegible]

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

WEDNESDAY, July 11, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3 o'clock.

The House sat with closed doors for three-quarters of an hour, discussing the subject of the admission of the public to the floor of the House behind the Speaker's chair.

After the doors were opened, a number of petitions and reports by Committees were presented.

Hon. A. A. DORION moved the issue of a writ for a new election for the county of Two Mountains, in the place of J. B. Daoust resigned.

Some conversation took place as to whether the Speaker should issue the writ without a motion passed in the House.

On the orders of the day being called,

Mr. McKENZIE said he wished to make a personal explanation with reference to the non-appointment of a Registrar for Lambton. When the question of appointments was before the House a few days ago, the Attorney-General was reported to have referred to him for an explanation. Now, he had made a recommendation to the Hon. Postmaster-General some time ago, and he had never yet heard what action the Government had taken in the premises.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said as the Hon. Postmaster-General was not in his place, it would be proper for the member for Lambton to defer his remarks. He might say, however, that in so far as he (Atty.-Genl. McD.) was concerned, he had received from the member for Lambton, notifying him of the death of the Registrar, and stating that in the meantime the public interests would not suffer, as the Deputy was thoroughly competent to discharge the duties of the office.

Mr. McKENZIE—That is quite correct.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he supposed it must have been an oversight on the part of the hon. Postmaster-General that the recommendation of the hon. member for Lambton had not been sent to the Attorney-General West, to whose department the appointment properly belonged. He had no doubt that when the hon. Postmaster-General was in his place he would be able to explain the matter.

Mr. McKENZIE said he would defer the question until the hon. Postmaster-General had taken his seat.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL, in resuming the debate on Mr. McGiverin's motion, said the remarks made yesterday at the debate demanded some explanation from those who represent, or claim to represent, in the Cabinet the views and policy of the great Liberal party in Upper Canada. He had never risen in the House with a deeper sense of responsibility. When the member for South Oxford opened negotiations with the gentlemen on the other side of the House, for the purpose of laying the foundation of a new empire, to be founded on this continent, though the proposition startled the House, still he had felt it his duty to sacrifice whatever personal feeling he had against the hon. member for South Oxford, and to support him in the undertaking. They had met in convention at Quebec with representatives from the Lower Provinces, and he must say, in justice to his Conservative friends in the Government, that no convention could have worked more earnestly, or more laboriously, to work out a scheme satisfactory to all the Provinces, and he believed that it had met with the approval not only of the Provinces, but of England. It had, however, met with a reverse by a change of Government in New Brunswick, and the government of this country found that if they desired to accomplish the great object for which it had been formed, it must continue to administer the affairs of the country for some months longer than they had anticipated. It had been deemed advisable to send commissioners to the West Indies, to ascertain whether channels of trade could not be opened up there, to compensate for those closed against us in the United States. His colleagues had done him the honor to appoint him one of these commissioners, along with other gentlemen of experience and standing in the country. Again and again the member for South Oxford, the Postmaster-General, and himself had to consider questions submitted by the Government, questions of appointment to office, as well as questions of policy; and frequently they came to the point whether it was worth their while to leave office or allow certain measures to pass; and no one had been more positive than the honorable member for South Oxford, in urging that they should not endanger the great measure of Confederation by resisting the policy of their colleagues on other points. He had seen with great surprise, on the morning he left for the West Indies, a statement that the hon. Mr. Brown had resigned; but he received no explanation from that hon. gentleman; on his return he found that the hon. Postmaster General had not considered it his duty to follow the example of the hon. member for South Oxford, and he also found that the hon. member for Brock division had seen fit to join the administration. He also found that it was in contemplation to start a paper in Upper Canada, to defend the policy of the Hon. Postmaster-General, and those of the Liberal party who had adhered to him, and to his great surprise he learned that the Editor of the *Globe*, the brother of the hon. member for South Oxford, was to have been the conductor of that paper. He (Mr. McD.) immediately proceeded to Toronto, and had a consultation with the hon. member for South Oxford, and without revealing private conversation he would say that that hon. gentleman, when the question was put to him, did not say that he (Mr. McD.) should resign. He approved of his remaining in office.

Hon. Mr. BROWN—The hon. gentleman is quite mistaken. I gave no advice either *pro* or *con*.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL—At all events the hon. gentleman did not advise him to leave his position in the government. He had pointed out to his hon. friend the great danger of disintegrating the great Liberal party, and he must say from that time until lately the organ of his hon. friend had ceased to pursue a course calculated to destroy that party. Within the past few days, however, they had found that the policy of the government, as announced by the hon. Minister of Finance, had met with the earnest opposition of the member for South Oxford, and yesterday they had heard him supporting a vote of want of confidence in the government. The hon. member had chosen his course, and it was not for him to say whether that was right or wrong, but he would say that the policy of the Government was just such as was well calculated to promote the interests of the Confederation scheme. (Hear, hear). He had a word or two to say on the charge made by the hon. member, as to the policy of the Government being contrary to the principles of the Liberal party. He would say nothing with regard to his remarks on the monetary question, which was not now before the House, and would defer any remarks upon it until the proper time. The question at present before the House was the tariff, and to that he would confine himself. He had been very much surprised to hear the hon. member for South Oxford oppose the changes now proposed in the tariff, since these changes were made in a great degree on the very points for which the hon. gentleman and the Liberal party had opposed it in 1859. Mr. McDougall read from Mr. Brown's speech on that occasion to establish his conclusions, and continued, he did not see in what particular the people of England could object to the duty on corn, the duty on butter, the duty on cheese—all of them being articles which the country produced in excess of its wants, and which were imposed only to protect the producer, in the peculiar circumstances in which he was placed by our present relations with the neighboring Republic. With regard to his action as a representative of the Liberal party, he did not see that he should leave this government without any just cause, that he must resist the policy of the Finance Minister, which he fully endorsed, and follow the hon. member for South Oxford in whatever course he may be pleased to suggest. He believed that this government had administered the affairs of the country in a most satisfactory manner; it was true that charges of extravagance had been made against it; but the same charge had been preferred against the government of the hon. member for Cornwall, of which he (Mr. McD.) was a member, and it did seem to him a singular thing that the hon. member of South Oxford, who spoke so much now of economy—it seemed strange that he who had been for a year and a half a prominent and active member of the Government, had never proposed any scheme of retrenchment, such as that on a former occasion submitted by the late Hon. Mr. Merritt. (A reference to a payment of $4,000 made by Mr. Macdougall, gave rise to some conversation between him the Hon. Geo. Brown and the Hon. J. A. Macdonald.) Mr. McD. continued—He and his friends, the Postmaster-General and the President of the Council, had made up their minds that they would stand their ground; that they would adhere to the Government to carry out the policy for which they had joined it; that they would fire gun for gun with hon. gentlemen opposite. To speak from a party point of view, it had been with great regret that he had said what he had felt compelled to say to-day, but the fault was not his; he had followed the honorable member into the Government, he had adhered to him fairly and honorably; and he would say that if the system of terrorism was to be followed towards the members of the Liberal party, that had again been revived, he would say it was time that party in Upper Canada should have an organ of its own, which would fairly represent its views. In regard to his colleagues, Mr. McD. said that he had always found the Hon. Minister of Finance and the Hon. Attorney-General West, acting fairly, honestly and honorably upon every question, executive or otherwise, that had come before them. He would further say that on every measure which had come up, he had found the Attorney-General West as progressive, as patriotic, as economical, and as liberal, as the hon. member for South Oxford himself. (Hear, hear.) He (Mr. McD.) had not been aware of any difference of views between the member for South Oxford and his colleagues, until his return from the West Indies, and if any one was to blame for what had taken place, it was the hon. member himself, who ought to have submitted his views for discussion. The responsibility of the division in the ranks of the Liberal party, would rest with the hon. member for South Oxford, and if he continued in his course, he would find himself very much in the position in which he found himself last night, with only two supporters. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) He sympathized very much with the hon. member, for it was indeed a pitiful spectacle, (laughter,) but the hon. gentleman's paper, which professed to give all the news, had carefully suppressed the division. (Mr. McDougall was loudly cheered on sitting down. He spoke upwards of an hour and a half.)

Mr. McKENZIE said at the opening of the session, at the request of the Postmaster-General, he had confined his remarks on the Ministerial explanations to a merely personal narrative, and he now begged to add, that from what he had learned, he was fully convinced that the Reform members of the Cabinet held their seats there at the sacrifice of the principles they had formerly entertained.—This was the reason which had deterred him from taking a seat in the Cabinet. He did not accuse the hon. Postmaster-General and the Minister of Finance of any desire to favor annexation, but he did think that when they had been told at Washington, "Oh, these are questions we will discuss when you come here as representatives;" it would have been proper for them to have said that such remarks were altogether out of place. Mr. McK. referred to his course as a supporter of this and the previous administration, and then addressed himself to the speech of the Provincial Secretary, who, he said, being no longer afraid of the terrorism of the *Globe*, was about to establish another organ of terror in Toronto, and between the two the Liberals of Upper Canada would be well looked after. On the present occasion several great questions had been brought down; the tariff had been introduced without, so far as he knew, a single consultation with any member of the House. With regard to the merits of the question before the House, he did not believe in building up manufactures by a protective tariff, but at the same time if the United States had adopted a policy whereby we lose them as a market, we are bound to adopt such means as will make a market for ourselves. Under the policy of the Finance Minister, manufactures had grown up in the country, and it was most unjust to those who had embarked their capital in them, that the protection should now be withdrawn without a moment's warning. Mr. McK. then discussed the import duties on coarse grains, cheese, &c., contending that buckwheat, corn and cheese, being the only articles in which the imports exceeded the exports, the protection to the farmers on them would amount to $155,464, while the increase of the duty on tea, according to the quantity entered last year for consumption, amounted to $190,019.28. He did not think a tariff which took off $1,000,000 and put on $2,500,000, could be for the general interests of the country.

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair, Mr. McKenzie having the floor.

Evening Sitting.

The Speaker took the chair at 8 o'clock.

Several bills were brought down from the Legislative Council.

Mr. McKENZIE resumed the debate. They had been told that the five per cent taken off the woollen goods would be of great benefit to the farmers, but the benefit, in his judgment, would be infinitissimally small, for almost the whole of the woollen goods consumed by the agricultural population was manufactured in the country. He admitted that the policy of the Government had not been in harmony with the tendency of the public mind, which was towards free trade, but large interests had grown up under our system of incidental protection, which he considered should not be destroyed. Our labor market being controlled in a certain degree by the labor market of the United States, it was unfair to assume that labor could be cheap here when it was high there. Then, our market being necessarily limited to our own Province, the field was comparatively small, whereas those of the United States had an immense territory, and a large population. (In reply to a question) he admitted he was favoring the protective system, which had been the policy of the country for some years, under which interests had been created which the House should respect. He believed the proper way to proceed with a reduction of the tariff would have been to have given timely notice, and then reduce them by slow degrees, so that our manufacturing interests might be preserved intact. Mr. McK. then replied to some remarks made by the Provincial Secretary. He had not been dragged by the hon. member, for South Oxford to vote on the Rectory question, but had done so from his own convictions. He was not accustomed to be dragged, as the hon. Provincial Secretary might have known from experience. The Provincial Secretary had said that all who supported this motion were endeavoring to make a split in the Reform party, and he (Mr. McK.) was willing to accept the issue; but he (Mr. McK.) could tell that hon. gentleman that if any one could be accused of making a split in the party, it was that hon. gentleman himself, when he accepted office with the honorable member for Cornwall, and bound himself to support the double majority, and vote for Separate Schools. Though he (Mr. McK.) refused to agree to this proposition. He had given that government a general support, believing it had gone to work with an honest intention to economise, but it was a government without principle from first to last. (Hear, hear.) He congratulated the country that the opposition to the government policy had been so far successful as to force ministers into an abandonment of their financial policy. The Provincial Secretary had threatened the House with the establishment of another organ in Upper Canada, to kill the influence of the *Globe*, and he was very severe upon that paper for endeavoring to exercise influence over elections. But the fact was, that when that hon. gentleman was editor of the *Globe*, every public man who differed from him was held up in the *Globe* in big black letters, and when he withdrew from the editorial, the black letters were withdrawn, too. Mr. McK. then went over various items in the estimates, to which he objected.

Col. RANKIN, as an independent member of the House, acknowledging no leader, and following no party, would enter into the debate without professing to answer the arguments of one party or the other. He must say, however, that he admired the pluck displayed by the hon. Provincial Secretary, in defending himself this afternoon, (laughter) and he liked especially the way in which the hon. member for South Oxford had opened the ball last night. (Laughter.) Col. R. then went into a history of the formation of the Macdonald-Sicotte Government, stating what took place at the caucus, and contending that the hon. Provincial Secretary was no more morally or politically guilty in joining the government on the conditions he did, than was the member for Lambton in promising to support it. The Provincial Secretary was not even so guilty as those who had put him forward, and then meanly endeavored to sneak out of the responsibility.

Mr. DUNKIN, after reading over the member for Lincoln's resolution, said it was merely a motion for delay, a mere assertion that it is inexpedient to enter upon the question at the present time. It pledged its supporters to nothing, either as regards Confederation, or as regards the questions before the House; any man might vote for it provided he could reconcile his mind that delay would be proper, and he for one would not vote for such a motion. (Hear, hear.) He would be prepared to discuss the question of the tariff, the question of the currency, and the question of the estimates at the proper time, when they were brought before the House, but the issue now before them was not one of detail, it was the general proposition whether they should deal with the resolutions already submitted, and he had not heard one reason of any weight why their consideration ought to be delayed. As so much had been said upon Confederation he might be permitted to say a few words regarding it. He had held peculiar views regarding it, he had entertained very grave doubts whether it would ever be matured or accepted by the Lower Provinces. But it had been accepted by the Lower Provinces. New Brunswick, after much delay, had emphatically pronounced in favor of it, and the scheme was evidently rapidly approaching maturity. In that case, he had no hesitation in saying that honestly and loyally, as an Englishman, he would do his best to falsify all the predictions he had uttered against its successful working. Reverting to the subject of the tariff, Mr. Dunkin contended that the tariffs introduced both by Mr. Howland and Mr. Holton were in the same direction as the one now before the House, and nothing but want of strength of the latter had prevented him from carrying it through. Even last year it was well known that the hon. Minister of Finance would have amended the tariff, but for the expected early completion of the confederation scheme; and everybody knew that after the abolition of Reciprocity the tariff must be changed to meet the circumstances of the country. The changes now proposed were assimilating our system, which he believed would ultimately prevail in the United States. The step was one in the direction which the country was bound to go, and he argued that it was the wisest policy to bring our system as near as possible to that of the Lower Provinces, and in harmony with that of the Empire. Mr. D. then referred to the Banking system, saying he had always held that one of the most legitimate sources of revenue to the country, would be a Provincial Bank. Our present system had been eulogised as the perfection of human wisdom, but he considered our banking laws were a disgrace to the Statute book. The banks were held down by restrictions that compelled them to keep their business in a very unsatisfactory manner, and he thought it would be well for the House to take up this question too, before Confederation. On the subject of the estimates, he would reserve to himself the right of voting yea or nay on every item as it came up, but he did say that he could not see the propriety of expending another dollar upon this House, which they were about to hand over to a different government. They had already done their share, and might leave the rest to the Confederate Parliament. He thought the item for the Militia Service of $1,500,000, might perhaps, be found too small, and would have been satisfied to have seen the government asking a larger amount, in case occasion might arise to need it.

Col. HAULTAIN spoke at some length on the question, explaining that after mature consideration, he had come to the conclusion that the policy of the Government was in accord with the interests of the country. He should reserve to himself, however, the privilege of voting against certain items of it, to which he did object, but with regard to the reasons urged for delay he did not think them of serious consequence.

Hon. Mr. ROSE wished to know whether it was the intention of the Government to bring on the vote to-night, as otherwise, he desired to defer his remarks until to-morrow.

Hon. John A. MACDONALD was most anxious that the vote should be taken to-night, but on further conversation, members urging that it was impossible to hear all who wished to speak at this sitting, he consented to an understanding that the vote should be taken to-morrow (Thursday.)

Mr. Jones (North Leeds) said, whether the Government desired to force on the vote or not, he was determined to review the conduct of this government, and of past governments, too.

Hon. A. A. DORION said that he had had the benefit of sitting side by side, not only with the Finance Minister and the member for Chateauguay, but also for many years with the Hon. J. Young, a gentleman who, perhaps, knew nearly as much on financial questions as the others he had mentioned, and after many conversations with these gentlemen, after endeavoring to understand to the best of his ability what would best for the country, he had come to the conclusion that free trade was our true policy. He then assailed the Minister of Finance for making frequent changes in the tariff, and quoted the saying of a great French statesman, who in a time of commotion had advised the King to let the people alone. This was what the people of Canada required—to be let alone, and not to be disturbed year after year by unexpected and sudden changes. The hon gentleman then referred to the tariff of '59, and the amendment which had been moved thereto; after which he attacked the provisions of the new tariff, for sweeping away the protection under which men had been induced to establish large manufacturing interests in the country. The hon. gentleman spoke up till midnight, and the House adjourned.

CORRESPONDENCE.

BUCKINGHAM, 3rd July, 1866.

E. W. Murray, Esq., Buckingham:

DEAR SIR:—In my last I gave you a short account of the Lochaber Plumbago Mines; to-day I will give you the result of my visit to the "New England," formerly called the "Buckingham Plumbago Mines," and others. This property is situated some six miles from the village of Buckingham, and about eight miles west of the Lochaber mines. Here the works are situated at the top of a small hill, fifty to one hundred feet high. From the opening made a considerable quantity of the mineral has been taken out—it was estimated about sixty tons. Although the surface indications are in no way equal to the Lochaber, the operations, so far, may be considered as very satisfactory, and I have little doubt, but that with a fair expenditure of capital, it will prove a good paying investment.

We next proceeded to the "Castle," formerly Donaldson's mines, and now in the market. It is situated about six miles from Buckingham village, and about five from the Ottawa River. The properties lie on the margin of a chain of lakes which connects through the Blanche River with the Ottawa. On one hundred acres of this property, there is an immense quantity of disseminated plumbago, but on the other lot, on the top of a precipitous hill, some two or three hundred feet high, the Plumbago is seen to crop out in solid veins, from three to four inches thick, increasing in thickness as sunk upon, with a large amount of disseminated ore on each side of the veins or lodes; some fifteen or twenty openings have been made at different places, and the mineral also shows, at the bottom of the hill, proving beyond a doubt, its continuance and permanence. As far as I have yet seen, I believe this property the richest yet discovered in this section of the country, one which will pay from the first day's outlay, and no doubt prove one of the safest ventures of the day.—There is every reason to believe that if the works here were begun and conducted with energy and ordinary prudence, handsome dividends might be made within *three months*. While admiring the pluck and energy of our American neighbors, who are deserving of every success in their undertakings, and to whom we are in a great measure, if not alone, hitherto indebted for the development of our vast mineral resources, I would wish, that some of our more wealthy residents in Canada would venture some little capital in properties such as the above, so that *all* our mines may not be worked by foreign capital, and the great wealth of the country taken hence, instead of remaining here, and so enriching many as to make Canada what it ought to be - one of the most progressive and wealthy portions of the globe—equal in every respect to our neighbors, who now look upon us as so many *drones*, unable to secure the honey to ourselves, but allowing our neighbors to take it and use it.

I am, dear sir, Yours truly,

J. L. HALL, M. D.
Economic Geologist.

P. S.—Since writing the above, two men have sunk a few hours on one of the veins of the "Castle" property, which has increased from three inches to two feet of solid graphite, and which appears to hold down regularly improving and increasing in size. Some of the specimens taken out have been brought to the village to be sent, at the request of the owner, to J. V. Morgan, Esq., Montreal.

COMMERCIAL

STATEMENT OF LUMBER

Passed through the Chaudiere Slides of the Ottawa at Ottawa, for the week ending July 10, 1866:

	Pcs.		Pcs.
White Pine	16,807	Elm	0
Red Pine	1,430	Ash	37
Tamarac	143	Birch	0
Basswood	0	Spars	37
Oak	0	Maple	0

Wednesday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 11.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50 @	9 00
Extra	8 00 @	8 50
Fancy	7 50 @	8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 65 @	6 75
Bag Flour	3 60 @	3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 65 @	6 75
No 1 Western	0 00 @	0 00
No. 2 "	6 30 @	6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50 @	1 54
Western "	1 45 @	1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs.	36 @	37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.	50 @	55
BUTTER—Dairy	17 @	18
Store-Packed	16 @	17
ASHES—Pots	5 40 @	5 42
Pearls	7 00 @	7 00

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 11th instant, Mrs. George B. Kirkpatrick, of a son.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
☞ Beware of Counterfeits and ☜
WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 13, 1863.

Gentlemen,—It is with pleasure that I recommend the use of your Pain Killer. It is all that is required of it. In a household it is invaluable. I have used it in my family for the last three years, and at all times found it a sure cure for Cholera morbus, Pain in the stomach, diarrhea, and all such complaints. I have always found it a specific. No family should be without it in the house.
Respectfully,
172a JAMES HOLMES.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceeds the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical, we should say it did exceed them altogether; but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt. No one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal-affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 172a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion**, and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness.** You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills**, the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. In all cases **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.
Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS. — The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

☞ **Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount.** 175tf

Ottawa Grammar School.

PRINCIPAL.........J. THORBURN, M.A.
1ST ASSIST. MASTER.........J. McMILLAN, B.A.
2ND do do ....A. McLAREN.
FRENCH MASTER.........MONS. DORION.

THE SUMMER TERM of the above Institution will commence on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER next. The class rooms have undergone a thorough renovation, and have been supplied with new desks and seats of the most recent and improved style. At the urgent request of many parents arrangements have been made for *a preparatory form*, in which boys will be prepared for entering the Grammar School Department.

On Monday, 3rd September, at 9 a. m., 12 scholarships will be competed for on the following terms: The 4 boys gaining the highest number of marks shall receive scholarships tenable for 3 years; the 4 obtaining the next highest number shall receive scholarships tenable for 2 years; and the 4 next in merit shall receive scholarships tenable for 1 year. Pupils attending *any of the city schools* are eligible to these scholarships.

The subjects of examination will be English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, British History, and Spelling. No competitor, unless he shows a creditable proficiency in these branches, shall be entitled to a scholarship.
J. THORBURN, M. A.,
175 3 *Principal.*

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

ST. PATRICK'S

Literary Association.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC!

—AT THE—

Wright House Gardens, Hull,

—ON—

Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.

THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place,

Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.

Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.

Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.

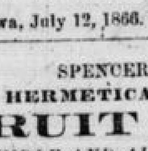
The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.
175-td J. McCARRON, Secretary.

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

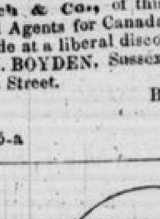
REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RE-spectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. S. & H. BORBRIDGE. 175-3m

SPENCER'S PATENT
HERMETICALLY SEALED
FRUIT JARS!
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success



THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover.

Beach & Co., of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.
BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,
Agents for Canada.
175-a

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

F. TRAUNWIESER,

Manufacturing Jeweller,

BEGS RESPECTFULLY TO announce to the public that he has arrived from Quebec, and has established himself at No. 14, Elgin street, opposite the Post Office, as Manufacturing Jeweller in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to meet a share of public patronage.

Jewellery of every description made to order, and repairing neatly executed. Meerschaum and other pipes neatly repaired.

☞ Masonic and other Jewels, Firemen's Badges, and Military Companies' numbers manufactured to order. Jell-148d

AMUSEMENTS.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

☞ The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes,

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE,
Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS,
Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone,

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS,
Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA,
W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS,
Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

☞ An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8¼ precisely.
D. C. LARUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

Hurrah for the Queen Company

THE FIRST GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

QUEEN FIRE COMPANY

WILL COME OFF AT

WRIGHT'S HOUSE!

(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney,)

HULL LANDING.

Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens,

On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.

Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.

The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, ¼ mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.

At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.

There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first class Quadrille Bands, (Marea's).

Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p. m. precisely. Entrance to each game 25 cents.

☞ The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.

Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.

There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.

By order,
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPL T

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIEN E.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, &c., &c., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

M NS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IM-mediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PRO-perty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Sreet, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as Woodburn, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866, 56-tf

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—
A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—
LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—
A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
To further particulars and terms of sale:
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 166tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV-en, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

TINSMITHS WANTED.—Four steady ... wanted to whom constant employment, and steady wages, will be given. Apply immediately, if by letter ...
...MONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED. — TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. — A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GRO-CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday
Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE
STOCK OF REMNANTS,
(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)
ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.
OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.
JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.
PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPI, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.
THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.
CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. ...T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.
A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HO-TEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866, 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

FOR SALE!
300	hf chests young Hyson	Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK.
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 116-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!
25, Sparks Street.
Thomas Beament,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF
Shirts, Collars,
Ties, Scarfs,
Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.
Ottawa, May 10. 12...y

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.
J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!
From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,............................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.
Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
NORTH SIDE,
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.
H. McLEAN HAS RECEIVED IN-structions from Jones Haycock & Co., to sell all the Plank and material now lying on the East end of Wellington Street, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of JULY, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., on the ground, consisting of
80 iron and wood Pulley Blocks.
5 tons Drills, Crowbars, and Sledges.
3000 lbs Manilla Rope.
1500 lbs Chain, all sizes.
4 new Screws and Bars; 1 Bell and Pulley.
30 Wheelbarrows, new; 2 Waggons.
20 do old; 1 Hand Cart.
3 sets Blacksmiths' Tools.
A lot of Potsdam and Blue Sandstone Drain Pipes, 9 inch, Plank and Lumber, Carpenters' Benches and Carpenter's Shop and Offices, &c.
TERMS CASH, under $100. 173-3

NOTICE.
JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware.
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.
Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.
A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.
HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.
Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

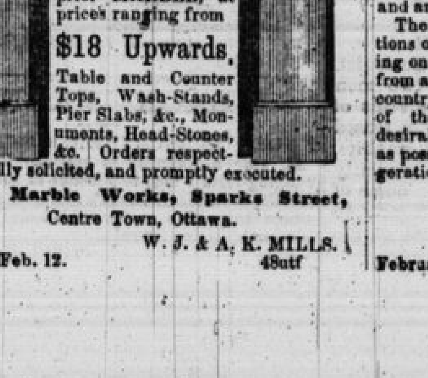
Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.
A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.
Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.
Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

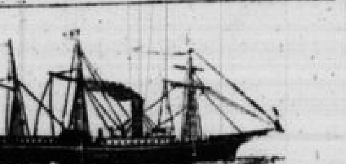
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS.
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.
The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!


Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.


MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY
CABIN............$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..............$34.25.
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

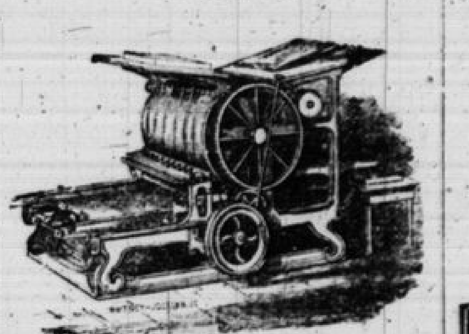
GLASGOW LINE.
ST. DAVID, 1650 tons........Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons......Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons......Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons......Capt. Trocks.
The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM


Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

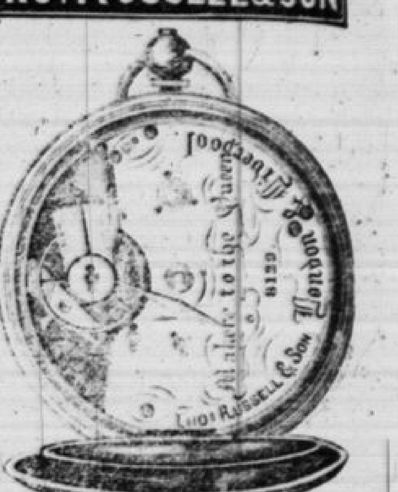
IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN
WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 18..
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED in the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, of sea..., cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*
WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 13tf

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 176. | OTTAWA C. W., FRIDAY JULY 13, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily.	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.15 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.15 p. m. 5.30 p. m.
Templeton, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Metcalfe, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
... at Templeton	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps ... if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts ... for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign countries generally, MUST BE PREPAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via ... every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. ...'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
... COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Genereos' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,............1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway,
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6:30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 1. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at........ 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond........ 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included)........ $2.50
Steerage........ 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866. one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G A. WALTON, Agent.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 6, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an ffice quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville.—(Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales." (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866, 1866,
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,........	
ONTARIO,........	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,........	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN,........	— DEWITT,
EMPRESS,........	Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT.
Traveller, be not induced by loudr cies in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y. 114-tf
May 1.

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
awa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of Mrs. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, Mrs. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-n

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

TIGHT BINDING

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Horses for Sale—Michael Young.
Ottawa Shirt Store—Thomas Beament.
Grand Promenade Concert—Ottawa Orphan's Home.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 9,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 13,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,....... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,....... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line,....... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line,....... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a.m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at B. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 13, 1866.

The Attorney-General West will move to day that there be two sittings of the House on Government days—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays; the object being to expedite the progress of the public business, preparatory to the early closing of the session.

Misfortunes seldom come singly. To the sad defection of the Reform members on the Rectory question, which left Mr. Brown, figuratively, in the plight of Tam O'Shanter's mare, must now be added the wholesale desertion of the hitherto devoted constituency of North Oxford. The election closed yesterday, and Mr Oliver, the independent candidate, who had the audacity to call himself a Reformer, and yet persisted in contesting the Riding, against the instructions of the *Globe*, has been returned by a large majority. This is indeed a discouraging beginning to the member for South Oxford's new effort at party building. Unless things put on a brighter aspect, it will become him to consult his discretion in a moment of cool reflection, when, perhaps, he may arrive at the conclusion that the enterprise is exceedingly "inopportune" at the present time, in view of the early accomplishment of Confederation.

Among the various changes proposed by the present Parliament is one brought forward by Mr. H. E. Taschereau, the member for Beauce, to regulate the seasons of shooting, and the necessity of some such change is so obvious that we hope all party spirit will be laid on one side, and no obstruction to the excellent amendments of Mr. Taschereau will be offered. Duck shooting is allowed, according to our present law, in Lower Canada from the 20th day of August, to the 20th day of May, and it is hardly too much to say that if birds have not paired before such time they are barren, indeed all the paring is over as a general rule before May has set in. Now the destruction of a bird that has paired commonly involves the total sacrifice of a brood, through it is not of course impossible for them to pair a second time. Mr. Taschereau's amendment proposes that the shooting should terminate on the 15th of April, and even this he does not say is the very best time, but the best that under all circumstances we are likely to get. His amendments go further, however, and as we think properly postpone the time for commencing to shoot until the 1st of September. We have now ourselves but few opportunities of following field sports, but we can most unhesitatingly assert that as a rule there is no proper weather for shooting until that date, and even if there were it would be impossible to keep the game until the shooting parties had arrived at home, besides which, whether the season is early or late, the number of flappers or half-grown wild ducks is a large proportion of all on the water. We might ourselves have preferred the 15th of September, but again must recollect the dates that are likely to meet with little enough opposition. Now, wild ducks are really an economic branch of our productions. There are, at least, 600 miles in Lower Canada that produce, and that are able to produce nothing but game, and we most earnestly hope they will not be sacrificed as cruelly as stake net-traps have killed the salmon in our rivers. Wild ducks in the markets of our larger cities are by far the greatest article of consumption of all kinds of poultry, and they will bring as certain a return, if only properly nursed, as anything else. Let all the marshes, unless private property, be as free as air, but at any rate, do let us observe the seasons when game should and should not be killed. We cannot close without congratulating the country generally, upon the excellent results of the Act for the preservation of small birds. Orchards that had been abandoned as hopeless, through the devastations of caterpillars, have this year budded out again, and give every promise of a splendid harvest. The island of Montreal has more cause than anywhere else to be glad of this. The fameuse apples that grew nowhere else, were only last year threatened with annihilation, through the devastations of caterpillars. Now robins, grackles, and other birds, have re-appeared, and the insects that bid defiance to every human effort have had to succumb. We wish Mr. Taschereau every possible success in his good efforts.

The agony is over. The vote on the want of confidence motion, which has been the subject of discussion for the past three days, was voted on this morning at a few minutes before 4 o'clock, with the following result: Yeas 28, Nays 83: majority for the Ministry 55. The result does not surprise us. The full discussion of the whole question; not alone upon its merits but on the personal asperations and antipathies so closely interwoven with it, placed the Liberal members from Upper Canada, upon whom the concocters of the motion relied for support, in a position to appreciate the motives which had inspired the member for South Oxford to precipitate a contest for the purpose of restoring himself to his former status of leader of the great Reform party for Upper Canada, and imposed upon them the duty of adhering to their real leaders, who had kept to the terms of the compact on which the coalition was formed. And nobly did they do their duty, as a glance at the division list will show. Messrs. McKenzie, McKellar, Rymal, Chambers, and McGiverin, were the only members of the party who followed Mr. Brown in his crusade against the Government, the commercial policy of which was merely selected as the means, though certainly not the end of the attack.

The closing remarks of Mr. Brown revealed too plainly the personal animosity which actuated him, if not towards the government, at all events towards the Reform section of it; but the bitterness with which he assailed the Provincial Secretary was well repaid by the vigorous reply of that gentleman, who exposed without reserve, and without the display of irritation which his assailant had manifested, the hollowness of the accusations brought against him.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Thursday, July 12, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

Several petitions were presented, among which were two from the County Council of Perth, by Mr. McFarlane; one praying for an investigation into the manner in which the Canada Company had carried out their charter, the other that the county be authorised to consolidate its debt.

Mr. McKENZIE, from the Committee on Municipal and Assessment Laws, reported in favor of the Assessment Act.

Mr. MORRIS presented the 7th report of the Private Bills Committee, reporting in favor of the bills to confirm by-law of the Township of Bayham, County of Oxford; To incorporate St. Patrick's Society, Ottawa; To amend the several acts incorporating Regiopolis College Kingston, and to confer on the same the power of granting University degrees.

Mr. MORRIS, seconded by Mr. Dunkin, moved that the period of notice of private bills going before the committee, be reduced to three days.

A good deal of discussion took place, chiefly between the mover and the member for Cornwall, and the motion was carried.

Hon. Mr. ROSE presented the third report of the Committee on Banking and Commerce.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD presented a return to an address for information relative to appointments in the Militia Department.

Mr. POWELL introduced a bill to admit Wm. Lynn Smart to practice at the bar of Upper Canada.

Several other private and local bills were introduced and read a first time.

Mr. MORRISON moved the first reading of the Belleville and Marmora Railway Company from the Legislative Council.

On the order of the day being called,

Hon. Mr. ROSE recommenced the debate on the tariff. He said he should confine himself to the propositions submitted by the Finance Minister, and the motion of the hon. gentleman opposite. The Finance Minister had estimated the expenditure of the current year at $12,370,000; the revenue at $11,420,000, leaving a deficit of $950,000. He proposes to raise the revenue $2,250,000 by increasing certain articles of customs and excise, and on other articles, to reduce it by $1,300,000, thus making a difference of $950,000, to supply the actual deficit. By thus changing the whole system of customs and excise he destroyed that sense of security which is the basis of sound commercial transactions. There was not an interest in the country that was not seriously affected by these changes, and he proposed speaking without special reference to any one in particular. What confidence could a merchant have in entering on a great enterprise, if he is to be exposed to the risk of a change of tariff every year? With what security could he send for a cargo of tea from China, or of sugar from Cuba, if he was in danger of finding before its arrival an entire change of tariff, which would upset all his calculations? He mentioned that these continual changes did more than anything else to prevent the growth of large commercial undertakings in the country; and if such were the case with the merchant, surely it must be much more with regard to the manufacturer. The manufacturer was not to be blamed if he had taken advantage of a tariff which he had been told, it was the policy of the country to maintain. The hon. Minister of Finance had said that the extraordinary militia expenditure had caused the deficit, and to make good this deficit we had now to consider whether we should now adopt the protective system of the United States, or the free trade system of Europe.

Hon. Mr. GALT said his hon. friend had misunderstood him. What he had said was that on account of the altered relations of the trade of the country with the United States, since the abolition of the Reciprocity Treaty, and the large demands on our revenue, had necessitated a revision of our own system, either in the direction of the American or the European.

Hon. Mr ROSE had understood him differently. But the consideration ought not to be whether we should adopt the American or the European system, but whether we could devise one suited to the peculiar wants of our own country; and in so far as his own views and feelings went, he had no hesitation in saying in favor of that system which removed every restriction which shackled the free action of commercial enterprise. He contended that the free trade system of England had been gradually introduced, and that the interests which had grown up under our protective tariff should not be summarily extinguished, by at once withdrawing the whole extent of the protection under which they had been established. He read from Peel and Gladstone to show how gradually the leading men of England had changed the policy of the country. Sir Robert Peel had said in 1845, when he found it his duty to declare that the policy of the country was to be changed, that he did not remove all protection from the tariff: on the contrary, he had retained many imposts of a purely protective nature. He contended that if, by the European system, was meant unrestricted free trade, it had not yet been very successful, for few countries had yet followed the policy which England had found it to her interests to pursue. He had always contended that no impost duties ought to be imposed to increase the cost of manufactures to the consumer, but he would not, through fear of being called a protectionist, approve a policy which would leave a large number of our population idle on our streets. The Minister of Finance had said that it was necessary to make these changes now, to prepare the way for a further change in the same direction after confederation, and to prevent the shock to trade being too severe. But for his choice he would prefer one great shock to a succession of small ones, especially when every one of these small ones deranged every interest from one end of the country to the other. The Finance Minister had said he was assimilating our tariff to those of the Lower Provinces, but he contended that there were very great differences, and went into a calculation of the rate per head of the population of customs duties raised in each Province. With regard to specific duties he contended that instead of having two markets, the Upper Canada merchants would be confined to one—New York. He asked his hon. friend, the Minister of Finance, whether he would not admit that the imposition of specific duties on sugar would injure our trade with foreign countries?

Hon. Mr. GALT said the specific system had been recommended by a Committee of the Board of Trade of Montreal, to whom the subject had been referred.

Hon. Mr. ROSE read the report of the Committee, and said they had only recommended this in case the objections to the *ad valorem* system were insuperable. There was nothing to prevent the Upper Canada merchant from importing by the St. Lawrence as well as the merchant of Montreal, and he contended that this change to specific duties would drive the foreign trade of the country by way of New York, instead of Montreal.

Hon. Mr. GALT—That was a matter of indifference.

Hon. Mr. ROSE entirely and most earnestly dissented from the proposition of the hon. gentleman. He considered it a matter of the very greatest importance that we should have a foreign trade of our own. If we are going to build up a great country, we must have commerce, and manufactures; if we are to build up a great system of commercial enterprise, we must have a direct foreign trade of our own, and without it we were unworthy a place in the new nationality which was about to be formed. Then, instead of assimilating our tariff with the Lower Provinces we were putting 3 cents additional on tea, making our rate 12½ cents per lb., when in New Brunswick it was only 4 cents on black tea and 8 cents on green.

Hon. Mr. GALT asked what difference could that addition make to the interests which the hon. gentleman was defending, when it did not enter into competition with any article produced in the country?

Hon. Mr. ROSE replied, that if it were a matter of indifference whether our trade went by New York or Montreal, then he admitted the point was of little importance, but if we wished to build up a large foreign trade in this country, it a direct foreign trade was of some value to us, then it was a serious subject for consideration. Mr. Rose continued to argue that the country did not desire any change in the tariff, until after Confederation. Even the dry-goods merchants, and the grocers throughout the country would have preferred that no change had been made at the present time, and were the Hon. Minister of Finance and the Government now to announce that the reduction of the 30, 25 and 20 per cents to 15 was the policy they intended to advocate in the Confederate Parliament, the country would be satisfied to allow the old tariff with increased excise to stand until the whole system should be revised by the general Government of the Provinces. Referring again to the duties on sugar, he said that one party had just finished a refinery at Montreal, at a cost of nearly half a million of dollars, which would now be rendered almost worthless by the policy of the Hon. Minister of Finance. Mr. Rose continued until six o'clock, when the Speaker left the chair.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at eight o'clock.

Hon. Mr. ROSE resumed his speech. He had before the recess discussed the question without reference to any special interest; he endeavored to show that a much less change would have answered all the requirements of the country, that those sweeping changes had been introduced at a most inopportune time without having been asked for by any class in the country. He had endeavored to show that the imports upon certain agricultural products, would not benefit to any degree the agriculturists of the country, and that the effect upon commercial enterprise would be to impede its action and injure our foreign importing trade. The reductions to 15 per cent was a policy of which he entirely approved, and while he agreed that the present system of imposing duties on sugar was bad, he entirely dissented from the propriety of the new mode proposed by the hon. Minister of Finance, and his great objection to the whole tariff was that it was again to be changed in a short time. The proposition of the Minister of Finance, with regard to molasses, was to raise it from 5 cents per gallon and 10 per cent *ad val.*, equal to about 6½ cents per gallon, to 11 cents per gallon. This, so far from being in accordance with the English tariff was about 2½ cents per gallon higher. In the Lower Provinces the duty on molasses was still lower. In New Brunswick it was 2 cents per gallon and 3 per cent *ad val.*; in Nova Scotia it was 5 cents per gallon, so that instead of assimilating that important article of daily use to the tariffs of the Lower Provinces he had more than doubled upon their rates. He entirely approved of the Finance Minister's policy in reducing the duty upon brandy and wines imported from France, but here again the policy of the Lower Provinces was adverse to ours, and it was another proof of the impropriety of going into these changes at the present time. If the object of the Minister of Finance was to encourage the importation of wine from France, there was no need of his having changed the mode of collection, which would now have practically a very inconvenient effect upon trade. Agricultural implements in New Brunswick were subject to an imported duty of seventeen and a half per cent., and he asked whether they should come down to our rates, or were we to go up to theirs. He approved of the gradual reduction of the tariff, but he condemned the sudden change, which so seriously injured the manufacturing interests of the country, which had grown up under the operation of our old system. The Minister of Finance had stated his intention of abolishing the ten per cents on the ground that they were all raw materials which entered largely into our manufactures. But there were many articles in that list which entered into direct competition with some branches of our own manufactures. If men would drink whiskey, it might as well be made in this country as anywhere else, and he did not object to the excise duty in itself, but the system of collecting it was entirely defective; even before the increase of duty several large establishments in Montreal had been compelled to close, because they could not compete with fraudulent distillers. The honest distiller was not protected, and could not be protected under the old system, and now when the excise had been doubled, and the duty raised to ten cents per gallon over the excise, the temptation to commit frauds had been doubled also, so that unless the Minister of Finance had an efficient army of excisemen there was no hope for the honest distiller being able to maintain his business. Nothing less than uninterrupted personal inspection by an honest well paid officer could prevent the recurrence of these frauds, and he pressed upon the attention of the Minister of Finance the necessity of putting in force a more effective system of collection than the present. He next referred to the reduction of duty on starch from 30 to 15 per cent, and the imposition of a duty of 20 per cent on the raw material—corn,—as calculated to bring ruin upon the company who carried on an extensive starch factory at Edwardsburgh. He had been assured that they had invested upwards of $200,000 in the works, on the faith of the protection afforded by the tariff, and surely it was a manifest injustice to them to take 15 per cent. off their protection and put 20 on their raw material.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Is the hon. gentleman aware that in the revised resolutions brought down, starch was also put on the list of specific duties?

Hon. Mr. ROSE was not aware. Had only seen it in the list of 15 per cent. *ad valorem*. The hon. gentleman then referred to the motion of the member for Lincoln. He said that motion proposed that the House do not go into committee, that they give no consideration to the requirements of the country. He wished to direct particular attention to this point, that it was a distinct proposition that so long as the present Ministry was in office, the House should give no consideration to the financial affairs of the country, though the Finance Minister had asked the House to provide for a deficiency of nearly a million of dollars. The effect of the carrying of this motion, therefore, would be the fall of the government, and the formation of a new one. Now, he wished it to be distinctly understood that he had no intention of taking the responsibility of supporting such a motion. (Hear, hear.) He would at the proper time use his endeavors to secure such modifications in the tariff as he deemed advisable, but he could not refuse to approach the considerations of the requirements of the country, with the view to providing for the public services. We were on the eve of a very great political change, and he had entire confidence in the government, (Cheers,) that they would carry out that change in a manner satisfactory to the country, and he did not believe there was an Upper Canada Conservative or an Upper Canada Reformer who favored the great Confederation scheme, that would desire to bring on a crisis in the present condition of affairs.

Mr. M. C. CAMERON said he was one of those who had opposed the Confederation scheme as it was first proposed, but he was not one who thought that everything should be postponed until that scheme had become a reality. He was disposed to take a good thing whenever it could be obtained, and being satisfied with the general features of the tariff, he would accept it, though he hoped that certain items would be changed. It was perhaps exceptionable in not protecting sufficiently some branches of manufactures, and in not going far enough in protecting the agriculturists. An objection had been urged against it that it was not sufficiently low to correspond with the tariffs of the Lower Provinces. But were he an advocate of Confederation, he would take the reduction as far as it had gone as an argument in favor of it, for we had made an approach towards the tariff of these Provinces, or were he a factious opponent of Confederation he would oppose the tariff because its adoption by this House might be regarded as a step towards its accomplishment. He considered the course of those gentlemen who had opposed the going into Committee as partaking of the factious spirit of former times. Perhaps he should not be surprised at the hon. member for South Oxford, for it did appear that opposition was his natural element. So far had he gone in the party spirit which had been long dormant, that the Hon. Minister of Finance was carried back for years to the party struggles they had witnessed before, and continued to refer to the hon. member for Oxford as the "hon. member for Toronto." (Laughter.) He asked whether the hon. member for South Oxford has not done that which is calculated to defeat the Confederation scheme by the course he has taken. (Hear, hear.) Having seen the hon. member for South Oxford take that position, they had seen recrimination from the other side of the House. They had heard the hon. Provincial Secretary reply to the hon. member for South Oxford, and they had heard him praising to the highest degree his colleagues in the Government, whom he had formerly so bitterly denounced. He had said "he always found them acting honestly on all public questions, executive or otherwise, that had come before them. He would further say that on every measure which had come up, he had found the Attorney-General West as progressive, as patriotic, as economical, and as liberal, as the hon. member for South Oxford himself." He, (Mr. Cameron,) thought these honorable gentlemen ought to feel themselves very highly flattered in getting such a compliment, after two years of personal intercourse, and if the hon. members concerned, and the House generally, would pardon the expression, he begged to remind them that "when rogues fall out honest men get their own." (Oh! and laughter). He had used it without any intention of personal application, but merely as applicable to the circumstances. The hon. Provincial Secretary had also referred to the hon. member for South Oxford, as appearing in the House the other night with all his tail cut off but two joints, (laughter) and he (Mr. C.) thought there was a spice of bitterness as well as ingratitude in that remark. He agreed especially with the compliments which the hon. gentleman had paid to the hon. Attorney-General East, though he regretted that that hon. gentleman had not taken a wider, broader, and more British view in the scheme of Confederation. Friends had been attacking friends all round, and even the member for Lambton had assailed the Macdonald-Sicotte administration. Mr. C. continued in the same strain for some time, and concluded by saying that when parties again took their legitimate shape, he would be ready, as he had been before, to work with the party to which he had always adhered; and in the meantime, he could not but again express his regret at the course of the hon. member for South Oxford.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the hon. member for Montreal centre, had delivered a four hours' speech, in which he had made some very good points against the policy of his friend, the Minister of Finance. But he had concluded by assuring the House that he intended to vote against the motion of the member for Lincoln. He (Mr. H.) did not expect that the hon. member of Montreal would give a liberal vote; he was under the necessity of making an opposition speech to please his constituents, but would vote with the Government. Mr. Holton then read and commented on a series of resolutions adopted at a public meeting in Montreal, setting forth that changes in the tariff ought not to be made now, that such changes ought never to be made, except gradually, and after mature consideration. The members for Montreal had been returned on protectionist principles, and he thought it wrong for those of them who sat in the Cabinet, to sacrifice the interests of those who had placed them there. Though he was a free trader, he should not consider it his duty to bring about violent and sudden changes, dealing ruin to the very interests which he himself had created; yet that was precisely the position of the Hon. Minister of Finance at the present time At that late hour he would not go into the question at such length as he might have done, had he risen at an earlier hour, but the able speeches already made from his side of the House remained yet unanswered, and therefore lengthened remarks were now unnecessary. He would merely refer to a few points which presented themselves to him in a somewhat different view to that in which they appeared to others. Referring to the inopportuneness of the changes, Mr. H. said the reasons which had led to deferring the consideration of the tariff two years ago, and one year ago, if sound then, were unanswerable now. Then the assertion that the new tariff would disarm opposition to the confederation scheme in the Lower Provinces, was absurd, as that scheme had already been endorsed in these Provinces. The argument against the propriety of making these changes at the present time had never been met, and the House had not yet heard a reason for them. He (Mr. H.) would tell the House the reasons which in his opinion had induced that hon. gentleman to make these changes. He was now Finance Minister of Canada, we were soon to have Confederation, and perhaps he might be the Finance Minister of British North America, when the nationality was formed. He would create a sensation and attract attention in England, and perhaps let the Yankees see that what he had told them at Washington was now being brought about. Mr. H. continued to argue that the new tariff was unnecessary, unexpected by the country, and injurious to many important interests; that it had been brought down in a very incomplete and unsatisfactory state, several important changes having been made since the subject was first broached to the House. He enumerated these changes which called forth several remarks of an explanatory character from Messrs. Galt, Brown, and Rose. Mr. H. then maintained that the Hon. Minister of Finance had shewn a great want of courtesy to the House, in not first submitting his resolutions to its consideration before he had allowed them to be discussed in the counting houses of Montreal, and even accepted suggestions for their amendment from deputations of shoemakers and others, directly and personally interested in particular articles. The tariff had been shown to be wrong in time, and ill-considered, but it could also be shewn to be bad in principle. It was neither free trade nor protection, and he should like to know upon what theory of free trade the Honorable Minister of Finance could justify the high duty of fifteen per cent. upon many articles that were manufactured in the country. The very essence of free trade was that if import duties must be imposed at all it should only be upon those articles which are not produced in the country, the object being to impose duties where they would not add to the cost of the articles more than the amount of the impost, whereas, by putting a duty on articles manufactured in the country the consumer not only pays the duty on the imported article, but he pays an equivalent in the shape of enhanced cost upon the home manufactured article. Then with regard to certain kinds of iron, admitted free on the ground of its being a raw material, the speaker contended that it was no more raw material to the nail-maker than was broad-cloth to the tailor. Mr. H. said that the resolution moved by the hon. member for Lincoln did not even condemn the policy of the government in any one particular; it merely affirmed the inexpediency of dealing with these subjects at this particular time, and could not have been taken as a vote of want of confidence, but hon. gentlemen opposite had chosen to accept it as such, and he would take the opportunity of receiving the expression of his want of confidence in them. If honorable members voted confidence in the Government, they voted to give them the irresponsible control of the affairs of the country for eighteen months. The supplies they were going to vote would not be accounted for to this Parliament; hon. gentlemen opposite would have full control of the affairs of the country, they would in fact, place the control of Upper Canada in the hands of the Attorney-General West, and those of Lower Canada in the hands of the Attorney-General East. That gentleman would even have more power in Lower Canada than his colleagues in the western section, for he could not only make some old fossil Tory the Governor of the country, but he would have the appointment of members for life, or practically for life, of one branch of the Legislature. If honorable members voted that amount of confidence in the Government, upon their heads be the responsibility.

Hon. T. D. McGEE said the hon. gentleman appeared not to have known at the commencement of his two hours' speech, at what point he would arrive at its conclusion. He had undertaken to lecture the hon. member for Montreal East, the hon. member for Montreal Centre, and himself (Mr. McG.,) upon their duty to their constituents; but he would say for himself, that if Montreal and the interests of Montreal, were to be the exclusive objects of consideration in this House, then he was not a representative of Montreal. The hon. gentleman had said that they were returned on protectionist principles, and should have followed the instructions of those, who sent them, but they were here not as delegates to act by instruction, but as members, not merely of Montreal, but as members for the Canadian House of Commons, to do their duty by the whole community. The hon. gentleman evidently forgot that he was talking to gentlemen as independent as himself, when he asked them to follow the course dictated by a great public meeting in Montreal. He (Mr. McG.) was not afraid of a popular meeting in Montreal. He had faced a public meeting there before and would do so again; he had acted with that gentleman, he had acted without him, and he had acted against him, and he could tell that hon. gentleman that he scorned his dictation. He had felt a considerable degree of indignation, that the hon. member should have assumed to teach him his duty towards his constituents. When he entered Parliament, nine years ago, he voted for the tariff of 1858; he voted for the tariff of 1859 because he believed the policy of the country was taking the right direction. He remembered that in 1858 the hon. member for South Oxford, who was then the farmer's member *par excellence*, declaring that the agricultural interest was being sacrificed for the benefit of Montreal. When he had supported the raising of a revenue, by giving encouragement to certain branches of artificial industry, the member for South Oxford was hostile to that policy, and now when these enterprises had been fairly stated, he came in at the eleventh hour to declare himself their defender. The hon gentleman who had just inflicted himself for two hours and a half on the House, had declared the creation of these interests by artificial means, yet he accused them for deserting them now, and he came forward in the day of their strength to help them. He said you cherished them when they were weak, you helped them to stand alone, and now you desert them, but he came in to give them support at a time when they did not need it, he who had tried to destroy them when they needed help, would help them now when they required not his assistance. He had tried to show that the motion was not necessarily one of want of confidence, but it could not be considered in any other light. If that motion carried, the government of the day must go out, and the country would be left to the chapter of accidents as to who should succeed them. He would not say who might have been the author of the resolution. But from the zeal and the energy with which the hon. member for South Oxford had spoken in its favor, it was not difficult to judge of its parentage. The member for Chateaguay, the member for Lincoln, and the member for South Oxford had the responsibility between them. If the Minister of Finance believes himself to be beyond correction, then he was a man of less judgment than he gave him credit for When he makes a schedule covering all the interests of the country, if he expects to carry it without modification or change in any particular, then he expects to do what no other Minister of Finance had yet accomplished. It had been asserted that nobody had yet made out a case against the objection as to the time of introducing this tariff, and in reply to that, he would merely say that in March, 1866, $45,000,000 worth, or two thirds of the whole trade of the country, had suffered a revolution by the abolition of the Reciprocity Treaty, and he did say that no government true to the interests of the country could have met Parliament without proposing some measure to meet the altered circumstances of trade. (Hear, hear.) He did not say they should have had to propose the same measures as were now submitted, but some measures to provide for the exigencies of the situation were absolutely essential. Referring to the Lower Provinces, Mr. McGee said, from his knowledge of these Provinces, the Finance Minister had brought our tariff into a condition in which it would be far easier to assimilate it with the tariffs of these Provinces. The tariff of Nova Scotia was 22½ per cent; our maximum had been 30 per cent, and it would be easier to assimilate a 15 and a 12½ per cent tariff than a 25 or a 30 with 12½ per cent. He also said the parliament of the Confederation would for years to come have questions enough to deal with without our bequeathing to them any subject, by dealing with which we could smooth their path and pave the way for the real union of the people of the different Provinces. He valued the measures of the Finance Minister because he regarded them as taking away a stumbling block from the working of Confederation, and thought it the duty of every man who wished well to the future of these Provinces to do nothing that would imperil their union, for they could not long stand alone. Speaking in reply to Mr. Holton's objections to the tariff, he (Mr. McGee,) promised to prove from the leading features of the tariff proposed by that hon. gentleman in 1863 that were he now in the place of his hon. colleague he would come down with a scheme substantially the same as that now before the House. It was well known that this was a coalition government, and logically this was a coalition tariff. The hon. member for South Oxford had said that it had something of free trade, and something of protection in it, but that need not have surprised him as coming from a government constituted like the present it must of necessity partake of the nature of a compromise. After touching upon several other points, Mr. McGee referred to the question of representation by population, which had so long agitated the western country, on which the hon. member for South Oxford had built up his reputation, and which was now proposed to be settled definitely by the government. He said he had desired the hon. member to remain in the government and take his share in the settlement of that and other great questions and he should be glad to see him in the front rank in the march of progress. But he warned that hon. member that the era of personal politics in Canada was past. If any man thought himself a necessity he was mistaken; if he thought that he could stop the onward march of the great project of Confederation, he would find himself deceived. He might march with that great project; if he attempted to stop it, he would find that it would march over him, and leave him a shapeless ruin behind. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. HUNTINGTON rose at a quarter past one to address the House, confining himself chiefly to a reply to Mr. McGee. His remarks were sarcastic, or meant to be so, but our columns are too crowded to give place to them.

Hon. G. BROWN asked for an adjournment, as he was very unable to address the House at that hour

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the arrangement had been made yesterday that the vote should be taken to-night, but the hon. member for South Oxford could make his reply to the hon. Provincial Secretary, on some of the items, when the House went into Committee.

After some further remarks between the hon. members,

Hon. G. BROWN rose to reply at twenty minutes to ten, and spoke until 3:15 o'clock, going over the several points in the speech of the hon. Provincial Secretary.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL replied, speaking for about twenty minutes.

The members were then called in and the vote taken on Mr. McGivern's motion, which was lost. Yeas, 28; nays, 83.

YEAS:—Messrs. Bourassa, Brown, Caron, Chambers, Coupal, Dorion (Hochelaga), Dufresne (Iberville), Evanturel, Fortier, Holton, Houde, Huntington, Joly, Labreche-Viger, Laframboise, Lajoie, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Glengarry), Mackenzie (Lambton), McGivern, McKellar, Munro, O'Halloran, Paquet, Perrault, Pouliot, Rymal, and Thibaudeau.—28.

NAYS:—Alleyn, Archambeault, Ault, Beaubien, Bellerose, Biggar, Blanchet, Bowman, Bown, Brousseau, Burwell, Cameron (North Ontario), Cameron (Peel), Carling, Cartier (Attorney-General), Cartwright, Cauchon, Chapais, Cockburn, Cornellier, Cowan, Currier, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne (Montcalm), Dunkin, Dunsford, Ferguson (Frontenac), Ferguson (South Simcoe), Galt, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Harwood, Haultain, Howland, Huot, Irvine, Jackson, Joly, Jones (South Leeds), Knight, Langevin, Le Boutillier, Macdonald (Attorney-General), MacFarlane, Magill, McConkey, McDougall, McGee, McIntyre, McMonies, Morris, Morrison, Parker, Pinsonneault, Pope, Poulin, Powell, Rankin, Remillard, Robitaille, Rose, Ross (Dundas), Ross (Prince Edward) Scatcherd, Scoble, Smith (Toronto East), Somerville, Stirton, Street, Sylvain, Thompson, Tremblay, Wallbridge (North Hastings), Walsh, Webb, Wells, White, Wilson, Wright (Ottawa County), Wright (East York).—83.

The House went formally into Committee, rose and reported, and the House adjourned at ten minutes to four.

—A resident of Amherstburg, was shot on Woodward Avenue, Detroit, on the 4th July.

—George Bruce, an aged and well known printer, died at his residence in New York on Tuesday.

—The Duke de Chartres, second son of the Duke of Orleans, has again entered the Italian army.

LOCAL NEWS.

ATTENTION.—For the information of those concerned, we may state that the season for woodcock shooting commences on Monday the 15th inst.

PERIODICALS.—Messrs. Durie & Son are in receipt of all the late periodicals, prominent among which is "The North British Review," and is, as usual, replete with valuable criticisms and information.

WAKE THEM UP.—On taking a survey down Wellington street yesterday, we noted that little if any progress had been made in carrying out the order of the City Council, made nearly two weeks ago. It is time that the parties interested were stirred up to the work.

TOO GOOD TO BE LOST.—A despatch from Boston, yesterday, says Head Centre Stephens has just been arrested at the suit of P. A. Sinnott, who claims $4000 for delivering lectures on Fenianism, and expenses incurred in the excursion to Campo Bello.

HOPE DEFERRED.—We hoped, ere this, to have our corduroy sidewalks, at this end of the city repaired, but, alas! there are no signs of the work being carried out. Query!—Have these in that locality referred to, paid their taxes?—perhaps not; if so, don't repair their sidewalks.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—That Cool Burgess, Prendergast and LaRue's minstrels open their budget of mirth, at the theatre, on Saturday evening, and will exhibit the wonder of the day—the Sphynx—a mystery of this age, and which has been pronounced by admiring thousands, as the most marvellous exhibition ever witnessed.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—H. M. Troopship *Orontes*, with the 23d Regiment, Welsh Fusiliers, arrived in Quebec yesterday. They will be forwarded to Montreal immediately.—The *Simoon* is daily expected, having on board the 100th, or Prince of Wales Royal Canadian Regiment, who are to be stationed at Hamilton and Fort Erie.

CAUGHT BY TELEGRAPH.—The police here received a telegram on Wednesday afternoon from Prescott, requesting that one Joseph Primeau for stealing money and a revolver. Officer Berichon, whom we are glad to see in the new police force, awaited the arrival of the train and succeeded in singling out his man in the crowd of passengers and arresting him, He was taken back to Prescott by the sergeant on the same evening.

POLICE COURT.—Thomas Baker, an habitual drunkard, was brought up and fined $2 and costs for furnishing a further and unnecessary proof of his consistency of character in being drunk and incapable. Mary Finn, a votaress of the same order, was fined $5 and costs, or in default, three weeks total abstinence, and undergo further depletion by a course of hard labor during that period. Mary Keeley charged with obstructing the highway by placing a house on it. The said house has been in its present position for many years, but other houses having been built in the vicinity, that of widow Keeley appears to be in the way. The locality is somewhere about Sandy Hill.

OBITUARY.—It is our painful duty to-day to record the death of Alexander Scott, Esq., one of our old and estimable citizens. On Wednesday evening Mr. Scott had been busy in the office over his confectionery establishment, and when going down stairs, by some unaccountable accident he slipped and fell to the floor, receiving severe injuries. Medical aid was immediately called in, and every possible assistance rendered, but at an early hour yesterday he breathed his last. Mr. Scott left the place of his nativity, Perth, Scotland, about 28 years ago, and on arriving in this country, came direct to Ottawa, then known as Bytown, and settled in New Edinburgh, where he resided for some time. As Bytown began to show marks of progress, he moved into the city, where he has ever since resided. At the time of his death he was senior alderman of our City Council, having represented Wellington Ward at the Board eight years, during three of which he has occupied the position of Chairman of the Finance Committee. His career with the Fire Brigade dates back twenty years; he was one of the original members and first Captain of the Central Hook and Ladder Comp ny. In him, this most important body loose a staunch and faithful friend, and the city a faithful custodian in the management of its affairs. His sudden demise will be long remembered, and deeply regretted by a large circle of friends, to whom, it may be said, a lifetime of a most exemplary business career, had endeared him. We condole with his family in their sad bereavement, and hope that they may find consolation for their grief in Him who hath said "I am the resurrection and the life."

PRESENTATION OF PLATE TO CAPT. WORKMAN.—Nothing can be more gratifying to the public who have learned, by recent events, to place so much reliance on the self-sacrificing patriotism of our brave volunteers, than to find on the one hand, ready obedience by our citizen soldiers to their superior officers, and on the other hand, that kindliness of demeanor by the officers towards the men under their command, which begets such feelings as were yesterday manifested, in tangible form, by the Ottawa Field Battery, towards their captain. At about 1 o'clock, that fine body of men marched in uniform, to the residence of Capt. Workman, to present him with a service of plate, as a testimonial of the high esteem in which they hold him for his urbanity, his genial warm-hearted sympathy with his command in the hour of trial, and unexceptionable bearing towards them on all occasions. The service was presented to the Captain by Mr. Robert Stewart, senior Sergeant, on behalf of the battery. It is a very beautiful set of modern design, though owing much of its chaste beauty to antique models, so antique, perhaps, as to be traceable to the Athenian ceremonies which gave models to the architects of Greece and Rome. The inscription engraved on it is as follows:—"Presented to Alexander Workman, junior, senior Commanding Officer of the Ottawa Field Battery, by the non-commissioned officers, gunners and drivers, as a token of their confidence and esteem, July, 1866." The initials, "A. W.," surmounted by a gun on carriage, are engraven on each piece. The address presented on the occasion is as follows:—

Address.

To Lieutenant A. Workman, Commanding the Ottawa Field Battery:

SIR,—The non-commissioned officers, gunners, and drivers, belonging to the Ottawa Volunteer Field Battery have long entertained a desire to present you with some suitable testimonial of their regard for you as their Commanding Officer.

Since the 24th March, 1864, the date of the demise of their late respected commander, Col. J. B. Turner, they have been under obedience to your orders; from that time up to the present moment, the conduct displayed by you towards the men under your command has been such as to gain their esteem and admiration The uniform kindness extended towards them, the ready attention paid to their wants, the patience manifested in the investigation of their complaints, and the anxiety evinced by you for the general welfare of the members of the Ottawa Volunteer Field Battery, are highly appreciated by them. As a trifling testimonial of their sincere regard for you, they beg you will be pleased to accept the service, which they now respectfully present, with their best wishes for your present and future welfare.

Signed on behalf of the Ottawa Field Battery.

ROBERT STEWART,
Senr. Sergeant.

July 12th, 1866.

Reply.

To the Non-Commissioned Officers, gunners and drivers of the Ottawa Field Battery.

SOLDIERS,—Accept my hearty thanks for this substantial token of your regard for me as your commanding officer. As it will necessarily serve to recall many of the pleasurable associations in connection with the brave and loyal men, I have had the honor of commanding for upwards of two years, I shall ever prize it dearly for their sakes, and hand it down as a proud memorial of the Ottawa Volunteer Field Battery.

The alacrity and willingness with which you sprang to arms at the first bugle call, in defence of your Queen and country, your soldier-like bearing, your respectful obedience to your officers, and your general good, and even exemplary conduct when on active service, were the subject of universal remark, and proved a source of pride and satisfaction to me. With such materials to work upon in connection with the harmonious co-operation of my brother officers, the duties which devolved upon me were neither difficult to perform, nor uncomfortable to sustain.

Accept my best wishes for your future welfare and happiness.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LEAVENWORTH, July 11th.—General Lane died at five minutes before twelve o'clock today.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11th.—John Mason Grier, one of the Editors of the *Evening Telegraph*, died this p. m.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—The steamer *Pacific*, with two days' later European news, will be up about ten o'clock.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says positively Postmaster General Dennison this evening resigned the place he held in the Cabinet. His successor is not named; there are reasons for supposing that Secretary Harlan will soon follow the example. The *World's* telegram says, Attorney-General Speed will also resign. At the caucus of union members to-night, Mr. Garfield announced that three other members of the Cabinet would follow Mr. Dennison in resigning their places.

General Grant has issued the following important orders:

General Order, No. 44.—WASHINGTON, July 1st, 1866.—Department District, and Post Commanders in States lately in rebellion, are hereby directed to arrest all persons who have been or may be hereafter charged with the commission of crimes and offences against officers, agents, citizens, and inhabitants of the United States, irrespective of color, in cases where the civil authorities have failed, neglected, or are unable to arrest and bring such parties to trial, and to detain them in military imprisonment until such time as a proper judicial tribunal may be ready and willing to try them. A strict and prompt enforcement of this order is required. By command of Lieut.-Gen. Grant. Signed, E. D. Townsend, A. A. G.

Rio Janeiro advices to June 9th says the allies have gained a fresh victory over the Paraguayans, who lost 6,000 killed and wounded, 6 guns and 4 flags.

A commercial crisis prevails at Rio.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—The steamer *Persia*, from Liverpool on the 30th, and Queenstown, July 1st, arrived this a. m. The war news is very contradictory, both the Austrians and Prussians claiming victories on the same battle field.

Berlin despatches, June 29th, says the Austrians were defeated on the 27th and 28th, near Rachod, by the first army corps, and on the 29th at Trantena, by the corps of the Life Guards, and at Meincingratz, by Prince Frederick Charles. At Trantena the Austrians are reported to have lost 3 to 5000 killed and wounded, the Prussians about 1000. At Meincingratz the Austrian losses are said to be 2000. The Prussians claim to have captured about 800 prisoners, numerous trophies, guns, &c.

There was great rejoicing at Berlin; the inhabitants presented an address to, and serenaded the King.

The Crown Prince of Prussia reports that in his engagement he had twenty-two battalions opposed to twenty-eight battalions of Austrians.

The Hanoverian army on the 29th surrendered at discretion to the Prussians. The officers retain their side arms, the men discharged and sent to their homes.

The whole Federal army at and near Frankfort was on the march. A battle was expected.

The Italians have changed their operations. There has been no further collision in Italy. Garibaldi was at Lake Idro.

The English Parliament had adjourned until July 5th, at the request of Earl Derby, who is forming a Cabinet. He sought to obtain the support of leading Whigs and Liberals who have acted against the Russell Government, but failed, and a Conservative majority is expected.

Threatening demonstrations had taken place in London among the lower orders, on the Reform question.

The *Great Eastern* would sail from Sheerness on the 20th.

It is reported that France would not long remain quiet. Active co-operations is reported as already agreed upon.

The *Times* again indulges in some complimentary remarks upon the visit of the U. S. monitor *Miantonomah* to England, and says that in allowing this vessel to visit England at the present moment, the Government of President Johnson has conferred a service only second to that so frankly rendered in the frantic suppression of the miserable Fenian demonstration on the Canadian border.

The returns of the Bank of France, show a further increase in the cash on hand, of 22,000,000 francs.

Bourse was flat on the 29th. Rents closed at 63f.

The Hungarian Chamber has been closed for an indefinite period on account of the war. The sittings closed with cheers for the King.

SPAIN.

A large number of those implicated in the recent military revolt have been shot at Madrid.

Two newspaper offices on the Democratic side, have been closed by the Government

The following are the latest official Austrian telegrams relative to fighting on the 29th. Pardubitry, June 28th.—The Prussians yesterday were completely defeated by Austrian forces under Gablentry, leaving behind them one third of their army killed and wounded.

Another despatch says, after occupying Jacin yesterday, the Prussians were attacked by the cavalry division of Gen. Edelsheim. They were driven out of Jacin and retreated towards Turava. In consequence of this defeat the Prussians last night evacuated Melinch and Lipat, and withdrew in great haste to Meimes.

The Prussian losses by Gen. Edesheim's detachment were enormous.

The strategic operation of the Austrian army was completey successful.

The junction of Prince Frederick Charles with the army of Silesia was prevented.

The Austrian losses in the battles of the last three days are estimated at scarcely 2,000 killed and wounded. The Prussian loss is at least equal.

Written for the "Ottawa Times."

OUR WIDOWED QUEEN.

BY A. C. GILLIES.

"Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."—DAVID.

When overwhelmed with nights of grief,
Poor sickly man is prone
To think that none of Adam's race
Has sorrows like his own.

But faith, in clouds however dark,
Beholds a lovely bow,
And lifts the soul to heaven above
From earthly things below.

O, ye whose thoughts are all on earth,
Your life's chief end ye miss;
For time's tremendous, rapid march
Embitters all your bliss!

While time is flying o'er our heads,
May we indeed discern
That God desires us from its speed
A lesson deep to learn.

Awaken'd by the march of time,
May we pursue our flight,
To Him whose glory turns the sun
Into the darkest night.

To thee, O worthy, noblest Queen!
Once underneath the rod,
All things in life will work for good,
If reconciled to God.

O happy minds! thus reconciled,
What more do they require?
Whate'er is done by Providence,
Is done—*as they desire.*

All things below, above, abroad,
From oceans to the rill,
Are moving forward in a line,
Accomplishing—*their will.*

What makes a heaven of worlds above,
A hell of earth below?
In this we strive with Providence,
In those we that forego!

To conquer *self* is far more brave
Than armies to subdue;
Apply this test, our heroes great
Are then reduced to few.

The man that spared the life of Saul
Was far more truly brave
Than when he left the pride of Gath,
Fit only for the grave.

While Christ lay buried in the tomb,
His wife the bride did weep,
And sadly seem'd to hover round,
To guard him in his sleep.

But angels watche'd the sacred corpse
While tenantless it lay,
And show'd the mournful weeping bride,
The dawn of endless day.

The close resemblance which thy lot
Bears to this truth Divine,
Provokes my daring soul to think
Such happy fate is thine.

Thy Consort's bark, so swift of sail,
Has anchored safe in port,
And left thee on the angry main
Of life without support.

As vines that cross the wall and grow
Entwined in strong embrace,
And still refuse to part their hold,
Or sever from their place.

So he in heaven and thou on earth
To death superior rise,
Beyond the bounds of mortal life,
And meet within the skies;

Where, envied Queen! thy wide renown,
Like stars in greater light,
Will sink in boundless Majesty,
Quite hid from human sight.

Thou noblest Queen that ever graced
A royal throne below,
Hast had to drink the common cup,
So fraught with human woe.

May Prince of Peace be thy support,
The word of truth thy guide,
Till thou wilt gain thy Consort's rest,
And anchor by his side.

Then thou wilt see that God is good,
That all his ways are right,
That thou art deep in debt to grief,
For ages of delight.*

As one upon a mountain-top,
Just at the dawn of day,
Sees gloomy night retreating fast
Before the solar ray:

So thou on high wilt see the clouds
That dimm'd on earth thy sight,
Chased off ETERNAL PROVIDENCE,
By rays of heavenly light.

Permit me, reader, now to close,
(To write the muse is keen,)
By saying with sincere desire,
God save our Widow'd Queen.

*As a means only: See Ps., c. XIX, 67, 71; Reb. V., 8.

DIED.

Alexander Scott, confectioner, aged 50 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Sparks Street, to-day, (Friday,) 13th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m. The public are respectfully requested to attend.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.*)*

OTTAWA, July 12, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$9 00	@ 10 10
No. 1	7 70	@ 7 75
No. 2	6 50	@ 6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	5 00	@ 0 00
" Spring "	3 87½	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	5 00	@ 5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@ 4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	None offering.	
Barley " 48 lbs	"	
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	2 00	@ 2 10
Spring " "	1 50	@ 1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 85	@ 0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 27	@ 0 35
Beans " 60 lbs	0 00	@ 1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	23 50	@ 24 50
Prime Mess per do	61 40	@ 18 40
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 17 00
Beef	9 00	@ 10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@ 0 00
Veal— " "	0 10	@ 0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@ 0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@ 0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@ 0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 14	@ 0 15
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@ 0 40
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@ 0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@ 0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 46	@ 0 50

Per S. S. Persia.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, June 30.

BREADSTUFFS—American flour nominal—Wheat dull and tending downwards. Weather favorable for crops. Winter red, 11 to 11½. Corn flat, and 6d to 1s lower; mixed, 28s 6d to 29s 3d.

PROVISIONS—Beef firm but quiet. Pork steady. Bacon firm. Lard dull and nominal. Tallow active.

CONSOLS—86⅞ to 86⅞ for money; U S 5:20s, 52½ or 53½; Illinois Central, 79 to 80; Erie, 38½ to 38½.

Thursday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 12.

Flour—Super Extra	$8 50	@ 9 00
Extra	8 00	@ 8 50
Fancy	7 50	@ 8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 65	@ 6 75
Bag Flour	3 60	@ 3 75
Wheat—Super No. 1 Canada	6 65	@ 6 75
No 1 Western	0 00	@ 0 00
No. 2 " "	6 30	@ 6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50	@ 1 52
Western "	1 45	@ 1 50
Oats—Per 32 lbs	36	@ 37
Barley—Per 48 lbs	50	@ 55
Butter—Dairy	17	@ 18
Store Packed	16	@ 17
Ashes—Pots	5 40	@ 5 42
Pearls	7 00	@ 7 00

New York Markets.

New York, July 12.

STOCKS—Lower. Money on call at 4 and 6 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 149½ and closed at 149½.

COTTON—Quiet at 38 for middling.

FLOUR—Dull, and 10c @ 15c lower. Sales 550 barrels at $6.30 @ 7.75 for superfine State; $7.85 @ $8.55 for extra State; $8.60 @ 10.00 for choice do; $6.40 @ 7.75 for super Western; $7.70 @ 8.55 for common to good extra Western, and $8.60 @ 10.00 for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian flour dull and 10c @ 12c lower. Sales 220 barrels at $9.00 @ 10.20 for common, and $10.25 @ 13.75 forgood to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts 13,400 bushels. Market dull and heavy at 5c lower. Sales 15,000 bushels new crop amber Jersey at $3.00; new No. 1 Milwaukie at 2.25 @ 2.30; and $2.75 for oldamber Mich.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 3, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 13, 1863.

Gentlemen.—It is with pleasure that I recommend the use of your Pain Killer. It is all that is required of it. In a household it is invaluable. I have used it in my family for the last three years, and at all times found it a sure cure for Cholera morbus, Pain in the stomach, diarrhea, and all such complaints. I have always found it a specific. No family should be without it in the house.

Respectfully,
172a JAMES HOLMES.

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 7,000 sailors, exceeds the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical, we should say it did exceed them altogether; but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt. No one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 172a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion,** and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness.** You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills,** the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. In all cases **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges,* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals every-where. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.

176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS. BEAMENT.

Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount. 175tf

Ottawa Grammar School.

PRINCIPAL .... J. THORBURN, M.A.
1st ASSIST. MASTER .... J. McMILLAN, B.A.
2nd do do .... A. McLAREN.
FRENCH MASTER .... MONS. DORION.

THE SUMMER TERM of the above Institution will commence on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER next. The class rooms have undergone a thorough renovation, and have been supplied with new desks and seats of the most recent and improved style. At the urgent request of many parents arrangements have been made for *a preparatory form*, in which boys will be prepared for entering the Grammar School Department.

On Monday, 3rd September, at 9 a. m., 12 scholarships will be competed for on the following terms: The 4 boys gaining the highest number of marks shall receive scholarships tenable for 3 years; the 4 obtaining the next highest number shall receive scholarships tenable for 2 years; and the 4 next in merit shall receive scholarships tenable for 1 year. Pupils attending *any of the city schools* are eligible to these scholarships.

The subjects of examination will be English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, British History, and Spelling. No competitor, unless he shows a creditable proficiency in these branches, shall be entitled to a scholarship.

J. THORBURN, M. A.,
Principal.
175 3

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON.
Opposite the Russell House. Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

SPENCER'S PATENT
HERMETICALLY SEALED
FRUIT JARS!
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success

THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover. **Beach & Co.,** of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,
Agents for Canada.
175-a

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.

170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

WANTS.

TINSMITHS WANTED.—Four steady Tinsmiths wanted to whom constant employment, and steady wages, will be given. Apply immediately, if by letter, prepaid.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 173tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, 166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

AMUSEMENTS.

Ottawa Orphan's Home.
A GRAND
PROMENADE CONCERT!

In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held

AT THE SKATING RINK
On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.

Tickets 25cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

ST. PATRICK'S

Literary Association.
ANNUAL PIC-NIC!
—AT THE—
Wright House Gardens, Hu'l,
—ON—
Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.

THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place.

Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.

Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.

Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.

The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.

175-td J. McCARRON, Secretary.

H. M. THEATRE.
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!
TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes.

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's
MINSTRELS!
UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY
THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA
And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8¼ precisely.

D. C. LaRUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!
Hurrah for the Queen Company
THE FIRST GRAND
ANNUAL PIC-NIC
OF THE
QUEEN FIRE COMPANY
WILL COME OFF AT
WRIGHT'S HOUSE!
(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney,)
HULL LANDING.
Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens,
On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.

Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.

The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, ¼ mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.

At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.

There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first-class Quadrille Bands, (Marea's).

Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p. m. precisely. Entrance to each game 25 cents.

The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.

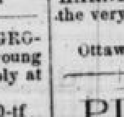
Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.

There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.

By order,
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD
We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

H. McLEAN HAS RECEIVED INstructions from Jones Haycock & Co., to sell all the Plank and material now lying on the East end of Wellington Street, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of JULY, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., on the ground, consisting of

80 iron and wood Pulley Blocks.
5 tons Drills, Crowbars, and Sledges.
3000 lbs Manilla Rope.
1500 lbs Chain, all sizes.
4 new Screws and Bars; 1 Bell and Pulley.
30 Wheelbarrows, new; 2 Waggons.
20 do old; 1 Hand Cart.
3 sets Blacksmiths' Tools.

A lot of Potsdam and Blue Sandstone Drain Pipes, 9 inch, Plank and Lumber, Carpenters' Benches, and Carpenter's Shop and Offices, &c.

TERMS CASH, under $100. 173-3

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware
Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates, in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new Books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!

fully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday
Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE
STOCK OF REMNANTS,
(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)
ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.
OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
100 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?
ONLY TO GET SOME
CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,............from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26. 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 44-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.

GILL SPI, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-tf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLT

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations, (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

M N S' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-t

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

SHOP AND DWELLING- House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY.
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 164tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.--THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.--- A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

TINSMITHS WANTED.--Four steady Tinsmiths wanted to whom constant employment, and steady wages, will be given. Apply immediately, if by letter, prepaid.
ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 173tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY A FIRST-class Cook; middle-aged woman preferred, to take charge of the kitchen. Also a first-class bar-keeper. Apply at the Albion Hotel. 170a

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.---A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANTS SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts. W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday
Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE
STOCK OF REMNANTS,
(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)
ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.
OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.--LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.
JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILL SPI, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.
THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.
CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL. Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
☞ All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

Ottawa Shirt Store!
25, Sparks Street.
Thomas Beament,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER OF
Shirts, Collars, Ties, Scarfs.
☞ Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, Satchels, Travelling Bags, &c.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-y

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!
From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.
☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

H. McLEAN HAS RECEIVED IN-structions from Jones Haycock & Co., to sell all the Plank and material now lying on the East end of Wellington Street, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of JULY, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a.m., on the ground, consisting of
80 iron and wood Pulley Blocks.
5 tons Drills, Crowbars, and Sledges.
3000 lbs Manilla Rope.
1500 lbs Chain, all sizes.
4 new Screws and Bars; 1 Bell and Pulley.
30 Wheelbarrows, new; 2 Waggons.
20 do old; 1 Hand Cart.
3 sets Blacksmiths' Tools.
A lot of Potsdam and Blue Sandstone Drain Pipes, 9 inch, Plank and Lumber, Carpenters' Benches, and Carpenter's Shop and Offices, &c.
☞ TERMS CASH, under $100. 173-3

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware.
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.
Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.
HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.
Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.
A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.
Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.
Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.
The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
—10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!

fully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN............$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..................$34.25.
☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient serventt
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM

Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT *"A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

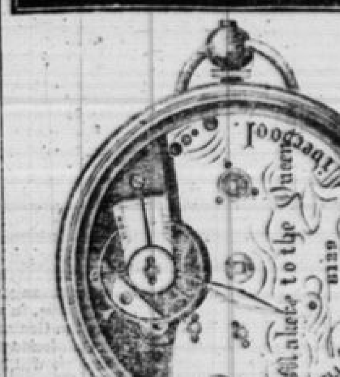
IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THO. RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed: AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that, under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 177. | OTTAWA C. W., SATURDAY JULY 14, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
...& N. Shore of Ottawa &	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m.
...rior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
...Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
...gham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
...ville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
...es and Wakefield	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
...pton & E'st Templeton	2.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

...all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps ...; if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts ...ers for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every ...sday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every ...ate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via ..., every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. ...'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
...AS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries, &c., &c. Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
W. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office, Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, &c., has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct as agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c.
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA.
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Genevres' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 4. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church. Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, ...1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 1. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.................. 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.................. 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.................. 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.................. 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond.................. 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.................. 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES.
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included).................. $2.50
Steerage.................. 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862.
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1865.
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 6, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 34 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FALMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West, Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG BOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE..................
ONTARIO..................Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT..................Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN.................. — DE WITT,
EMPRESS.................. Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious hotel at this well-known watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and refurnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about one hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; where the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, sailing, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and commodious Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Croquet and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendance.
Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it, but, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to the same, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest and ... hotel in Quebec, and one of the largest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of ... sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort over 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL,
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 131-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their almost attention.
The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five weeks* at Midsummer, and *a week* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra, should it be desired. MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. ... Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866.

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-tf

[AD]VERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 5c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line,.......... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 5c
The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer Queen Victoria, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times
OTTAWA, JULY 14, 1866.

Elsewhere we publish the schedule which accompanies the resolutions providing for the redistribution of seats in Upper Canada, which are the same for the Local and Confederate Parliaments.

Seeing that the English mail which closes in Ottawa at noon on Friday, reaches Quebec by the early train, and without any extraordinary exertions, on Saturday morning, the question naturally arises, why cannot the Quebec correspondence reach Quebec in the same time and manner? As matters now are it is from twelve to twenty-four hours longer on the road. We hope the authorities will see to this, and effect a change, which will be a great and general benefit.

The House worked industriously yesterday afternoon on the orders of the day, and advanced a very large number of measures a stage. In the evening the Hon. Attorney-General West introduced the resolutions providing for the Local Governments and Legislatures of Upper and Lower Canada respectively, under Confederation. He commented briefly on the several features of the scheme affecting Upper Canada, pointing out the reasons which had induced the adoption of a single Chamber, among which he gave deserved prominence to the subordinate position which the Local Legislature would occupy towards the general government, as well as the difficulty in finding such a large number of men able and willing to devote their time to the duties of Legislation as would be required had two Houses instead of one been determined on. The single Chamber system was, however, an experiment, and if it worked badly might be changed by the creation of an Upper House.

At the conclusion of his remarks a brief discussion ensued as to the means of putting the several governments in working order. Hon. Mr. Cartier then addressed the House in French at considerable length, explaining the provisions of the Local Constitution of Lower Canada. Hon. Messrs. Dorion and Cauchon followed, and the House adjourned before midnight.

Among the Parliamentary papers recently distributed we find a "memorandum relative to the militia system," bearing the signature of the hon. member for Brome. Mr. Dunkin submits it "as a proposition too plain for "argument, that no time can safely be lost "in at least taking all such steps, administrative and legislative, as may be needed "for the present safety of our territory, so "far, that is to say, as action on our part can "be made to conduce to that end." He argues from the experience of Canada after the troubles of 1837, and of Cuba after the Mexican war, that the Fenian element in the United States, with the enormous number of disbanded soldiery, and other causes operating to our prejudice, will be a source of insecurity, if not of danger, unless we adopt a policy of bold precaution. He advocates "a thorough volunteer organization of the "localised sort, extending over our whole "territory, and especially covering all exposed points of our long frontier." For this, he says, we need infantry along the frontier, gun-boats on the lakes, mounted riflemen, and artillery. The difficulty of securing such a general volunteer system as he proposes, on account of the objections which many men have to leave their own neighborhoods for an indefinite time, he proposes to get over by a provisional enrolment, which would not bind the volunteer to service out of his own district or county. The further difficulty of inadequate indemnity he would remove by giving power, under the militia laws, to all municipalities, to raise appropriate funds for volunteer or other militia purposes; subject only to the check that all by-laws relative to such grants be submitted to and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief. Some other suggestions are added, such as the abolition of the limit set to the number of volunteers, the restoration of the militia rank of Colonel, and an appropriation to establish telegraph communication with a few exposed points, not yet connected with our system of telegraph lines.

In the bill introduced by the Hon. Attorney-General West, "to amend the act respecting "the volunteer Militia Force," we find several of the foregoing suggestions embodied. It removes the restriction, as to the number of the force; in addition to cavalry it recognises the formation of "Troops of "Mounted Infantry, or of Mounted "Rifles." It empowers Municipalities to provide armories, construct, or aid in the construction of fortified intrenchments, drill sheds &c., to grant gratuities to any corps on actual service, and in fact to assume such share in the military expense within their limits as they may see fit. This act also provides that volunteer officers or men may be tried for any offence whilst a volunteer, at any time within six months after he has left the service. It provides that during active service the volunteers shall be paid at the same rate as corresponding grades in Her Majesty's service, or such other rates as may for the time being be fixed by the Governor in Council, and empowers the Commander-in-Chief to raise regiments of volunteer militia, in case of war, invasion or insurrection, or imminent danger thereof, by voluntary enlistment for general service, during such war, &c.

While the points submitted by Mr. Dunkin are worthy of consideration as means of permanently improving our military organization, it appears to us that the bill introduced by the Attorney-General West, embracing as it does some of the suggestions of the member for Brome, and giving the Executive freedom of action in case of emergency, makes ample provision for the defence of the country against any raid or invasion that may be attempted by the Fenians, who notwithstanding the occasional bellicose threats they still indulge in at a safe distance from our borders, will hardly dare again to invade our territory.

THE "CITIZEN" ON THE RAMPAGE.

It is said, and wisely, too, that there is a time when endurance ceases to be a virtue, and in our imagination, so far as matters are concerned between the *Citizen* and *Times*, that time has been fully arrived at. For nearly six months we have submitted to a heavy bombardment of lies and blackguardism, for which this sheet has achieved a fame, especially since passing into the hands of its present proprietor. The only manner in which this can be accounted for is, that, when the *Times* first made its bow, a black malicious hatred was conceived against all connected with it, for having dared to intrude upon what was considered to be *our* exclusive privilege. Our silence to this scurrility has caused it to put on a bold exterior and now exclaim:—

"We'll have a swashing and martial outside;
As many other mannish cowards have,
That do outface it with their semblances."

and thus, from day to day, this swaggerer has grown more bold and hardened. Lie after lie, slander after slander, has been openly and barefacedly promulgated, the majority of which were too shallow, to need contradiction at our hands. It will be remembered that one of the editors of this same sheet, in a very sneaking and dirty manner, ingeniously fabricated and hoaxed a Hamilton paper last winter, into publishing the sudden death of Mr. James Cotton: this was their first malicious contribution.

It will also be remembered by many, the valuable space thrown away by the *Citizen* and *Union*, when the former forced the latter into an idle controversy, as it now desires to do with this paper—and of a very personal nature—in which the whole lexicon of Billingsgate slang was consumed, and "swill-tubs" thrown in. This, to our mind, is beneath the dignity of any well regulated press, therefore the *Citizen's* slander and malice will be wasted, if it thinks thus to draw us into its vulgar vortex.

Again, yesterday, the spleen oozed out filthy and slimy, and the laying before our numerous readers a map of the Seat of War in Europe, with a statistical account of the belligerent powers, has to be commented upon, and another bold lie asserted, or insinuated, that the article in question was procured from the Toronto *Telegraph*. In reply to this we submit the following:—

"OFFICE OF THE TRIBUNE,
NEW YORK, 27th June, 1866.
Mr. Geo. Cotton, Proprietor Ottawa Times, Dr.
"TO TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION.

For Stereotype plate of Seat of War in Europe	$50.00
Expense of remitting per express	1.50
	$51.50

Perchance this will satisfy the "men that make envy and crooked malice nourishment, and dare bite the best."

Our object from the outset has been, not to villify any man, nor to deal in scandal about our neighbors, we had, and still have, a higher aim: to serve the public weal, by catering for them in a spirited manner, and that our endeavors thus far have proved successful, our immense circulation, its rapid and daily growth, is the best proof. Our poor despondent neighbor, who sees only through green spectacles, will flatter himself vainly, if he thinks to draw us into a controversy; for that we are not inclined, nor does our space permit, as we wish to give news, sound, wholesome readable matter, to our thousands of subscribers, and who would not thank us for occupying valuable space in abusing or prying into the private business of the editor or proprietor of the *Citizen*. Our columns have, and ever will be, closed to these low personalities. Thus, we have said our say, and now will leave Ephraim alone to his idols, "envy and gossip;" or like one of old, "let the hog wallow unnoticed in his own filth and mire."

☞ Don't forget Burgess' Minstrels at the Theatre to-night.

LOCAL NEWS.

CORRECTION.—In the division list of Mr. McGiverin's want of confidence motion, Mr. Taschereau's name was inadvertently omitted. Mr. T. recorded his vote for sustaining the ministry.

QUITE WELL.—We have received a letter from Mr. Robert Wheatley, the "honorable old pensioner" who was assaulted the other night, stating that he is all right, and it must not be inferred from his having been beaten, that he is lame or decrepid, for he is not.

ERROR.—When writing the few remarks introductory to the Workman presentation of plate, we said the designs owed much of their chaste beauty to antique models, so antique as, perhaps, to be traceable to the Athenian ceramicus, and not ceremonies. Every one acquainted with the history of Grecian art knows that the ceramicus was its nursery. The error was an oversight of the printer, or perhaps the illegibility of the copy.

CRICKET.—The return match between the ex-pupils of Upper Canada College and all-comers, takes place to-day on the ground in rear of the skating rink. Play commences at 11 o'clock a.m. We anticipate a good treat for all lovers of the game. The following are the eleven:—Upper Canada College—H. Phillips, G. Powell, W. Powell, W. Dennison, E. H. Benjamin, E. T. Benjamin, Crombie, Langton, G. Aumond, Himsworth and Harris. All-comers—C.S. Scott, W. Scott, Capt. Pemberton, Capt. Percival, W. H. Aumond, W. Skead, Blackmore, Jessup, Leavens and Hester.

FUNERAL OF ALEX. SCOTT, ESQ.—Yesterday, the solemn rites, the last tribute of respect to departed worth, was paid in a very appropriate and becoming manner. The Mayor and members of the Corporation accompanied the *cortege*, as did also the whole of the Fire Brigade, which made a most imposing show. The members of the various companies were dressed in their regalia with a mourning badge on their arms, and marched in front of the procession. On arriving at the Cemetry, they opened ranks and allowed the mourners and friends to pass through—thus paying every respect possible. On their return to the hall, the Centrals—of which deceased was a member, passed the following resolution:—Moved by John S. Nicholson, seconded by Mr. Matthewson, and—*Resolved*, "That, whereas an all-wise providence has been pleased to remove from amongst us, an old and valuable friend, not only of this Company, but of the Ottawa Fire Brigade, Alexander Scott, Esq., we do hereby express our heartfelt sorrow, and offer to his bereaved widow and family our sympathy on this melancholy event, and further, that this Company do wear a mourning badge for three months as a token of respect for the deceased."

POLICE COURT.—John Hurley, a huckster, charged by constable John Litle with having purchased poultry before twelve o'clock to sell again, contrary to a city by-law in that case made and provided. Fine $4 and costs. We hope this class of people will be looked after and made to know that they must not buy up market produce of any kind, and compel poor people to pay them an exorbitant premium for doing no good. Let the *consumer* purchase from the *producer* in all cases where it is possible. Gilbert Boulet, charged with digging a hole in the ground near his house for the purpose of using the earth excavated in levelling his platform. Defendant stated that he has filled up the hole again, and his Worship adjourned the case till this morning, that the truth of the statement may be ascertained. Andre Nadeau, charged by Victor Latourneau with assault, and tearing his vest and shirt, without a word of dispute. Both parties are boatmen and came foul of each other in that capacity. Fine $1 and costs. Josephine Jeaui was brought up on suspicion of having removed a purse containing nine dollars in silver from the pocket of Johanna Callahan, with whom she was in suspicious proximity just previous to the loss being discovered. No money was found on the prisoner, and but for her antecedents she would not have been as she is, remanded till this morning.

☞ Don't forget Burgess' Minstrels at the Theatre to-night.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—In looking over *The Ottawa Citizen* of the 9th inst., I noticed a report of the proceedings of the "Educational Institute of Central Canada," at its late session in this city; and I find that it contains several errors; for instance no paper was read by "Mr. Smith" at that convention. And I also find that you put words into Mr. Robertson's mouth, which he never uttered on that occasion.

By the bye, Mr. Editor, as there are two Mr. Robertsons in the Institute, which of them do you mean? The public would like to know who furnished you with the information. Had you a reporter at the meeting? or was the report handed in for publication by some other party?

If the "Mr. Smith" mentioned above, means Mr. Smirl, the paper read by that gentleman "pictured" in a truthful and respectful manner "the advantages and disadvantages of our system as managed in Ottawa." Neither the essay nor any of the Common School Teachers of the city, with one single exception, found fault, either, with the School Officials or with the system "as managed in Ottawa."

JUSTICE.

Ottawa, July 13th, 1866.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, July 11th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock. After routine,

Gas Explosion, &c.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN, pursuant to notice, enquired whether the government had instituted any inquiry as to the recent explosion of gas under the Parliament Buildings, and whether any investigation had been made, or was intended to be made, to ascertain whether precautions had been taken to render the Parliament Buildings secure from accidents by fire or electricity, or from explosion of steam or gas.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL answered with respect to the explosion of gas he had explained when notice of the injury was given how it happened, and that there was no cause to apprehend any future accident of the kind. As to danger from fire the buildings were fire proof, and could hardly suffer much from that cause. Regarding the danger from electricity it was a moot point yet among scientific men whether lightning rods afforded protection or increased the exposure, and that the means of protecting the buildings from the electric fluid was under consideration. As to the steam apparatus it was held in a separate building, and could not therefore affect the main edifice; besides all the boilers were furnished with safety-valves, so that there need be no cause for apprehension on that score.

Hon. Mr. LeTELLIER De S'JUST maintained that there was great cause to apprehend accidents from thunder, for the buildings were peculiarly exposed, and being crowned with metallic embellishments would be extremely likely to attract the electric fluid. He was quite sure that if Sir William Logan had been consulted he would have said it was absolutely necessary they should be protected with lightning rods.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said it was generally considered that lightning rods attracted the electric fluid, but it often glanced off and did damage to the edifices they were intended to protect. The question among scientific men was whether it would not be much better to have poles with iron rods at 10 or 15 feet distance from the buildings to be protected, than to have them on the buildings themselves.

Hon. Mr. LeTELLIER De S'JUST said the reason why the electric fluid diverged from the conductors was, that ignorant persons fastened them into the walls with iron, and these fastenings acting as conductors, drew the electricity into the very buildings the rods were intended to protect, but when the rods were properly insulated no such danger could possibly arise.

Hon. Mr. FERRIER said that one great danger to the buildings arose from the gas being allowed to come into the pipes all the time, instead of being shut off so soon as the lights were put out. During the recent thunder storm in Montreal, the electric fluid had struck a large building belonging to the Grand Trunk Railway at Point St. Charles, and run along the gas pipes, which being full of gas had burst, and set the place on fire. Through the neglect of shutting off the gas, the fire had occurred, and 450 feet of the building had been burned. If the gas had been shut off during the day there could not have been such an accumulation at the place of the recent explosion in this building. Then besides the danger from explosion, there was the immense waste which was always going on when the pressure was kept up in the day as well as in the night. He hoped the attention of the Commissioner of the Board of Works would be called to the very necessary precaution of shutting off the gas, as well to save expense as to prevent accidents.

Third Readings.

The following bills were then read a third time and passed:

Bill to admit Hewett Bernard a member of the Law Society of Upper Canada, and to practice in the Courts there.

Bill to amend the Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada.

In respect to this bill, Hon. Mr. SIMPSON, from the Committee of Banking and Commerce, said that it had received the most attentive consideration of the committee. The clause providing for the issue of preferential shares, had been struck out altogether, and that for the reduction of the stock had been so guarded as to make it a perfectly safe measure. The reduction could only take place at a public meeting of the stockholders, convened for the purpose, and each stockholder would have notice sixty days before the holding of such public meeting, so that all the parties interested would have ample opportunity of being heard. Then the security to the public would not be reduced, for the stockholders would still be bound, as heretofore, in the amount of double their present stock. On the whole, he had no hesitation to say that the measure was in every respect a safe one to adopt.

The motion to pass the bill was then put and carried.

Revision of Judgments of Distribution in Lower Canada.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU moved for the second reading of this bill, and in doing so said, that in the present state of the law it was not possible to correct certain errors which frequently occurred. Properties were sold by the Sheriff, part of the proceeds of which might rightfully belong to absent parties, who lost their right to partake in the distribution. In Lower Canada the practice did not obtain to register receipts on account of mortgages, the people believing that the possession of such receipts kept them safe. When the property passed into other hands the Sheriff was obliged to produce proof of the mortgages, and when the sale took place, said mortgages were homologated as they appeared on the Registrar's books, while in fact moneys might and had often been paid in reduction of such mortgages, the recipient keeping the money, and at the same time retaining a right to the unreduced figure of the mortgage. He desired by this bill so to amend the law that a production of proof, of payment on account, the claims should be allowed. Upon the distribution of the proceeds of sale dishonest creditors had gone and got paid sums which they had already received from the debtor, and this he considered so flagrant an offence that he would be glad to have it treated as felony. He had not made it to bear that character in the bill, but would be quite willing that it should if the House would agree with him. But as the Civil Procedure Bill for Lower Canada was now before Parliament, if the Government would undertake to amend its provisions, in the sense of the bill he was now presenting, he would be quite willing to withdraw it.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said that no doubt there had been cases of injustice practiced, such as the hon. member had described, and the Government had felt the necessity of correcting the abuses. He would now inform the hon. member that the committee named to revise the Code of Civil Procedure in the other branch of the Legislature had introduced amendments to article 751, which exactly met the requirements, as the hon. member could easily ascertain. He thought that under the circumstances the hon. member would be willing to defer the further progress of his measure until next week, when probably the Civil Procedure bill itself as amended would be brought under the consideration of the House.

Hon. LeTELLIER De S'JUST said that in a matter of such importance as the Code of Civil Procedure he thought the Government might very well have recommended the formation of a Joint Committee of legal men from both Chambers, when those representing this House could have reported upon the progress of the measure in a regular manner, instead of leaving the House to derive its information in the informal way now adopted. The members of this House upon such a Committee would have had authority to make suggestions and to cause their influence to be felt, but as that course had not been pursued, and this House could not possibly have the necessary time to devote to the measure when it was submitted, there would be no alternative but throwing the whole responsibility of the bill upon the Government.

Hon. Mr. SANBORN said it was very desirable that the amendments proposed by his hon. friend (Bureau) should be reached in some way, but he doubted if his bill would altogether meet the requirements of the case. The returns of Registrars shewed debts outstanding which had been paid 20 or 30 years ago, and as the law stood no relief could be afforded, and the claims were in danger of being lost. There should be some means of calling upon parties to make proof of claim. He had taken the trouble to read the whole Code of Civil Procedure through and had found no provision or remedy for this state of things. He was not personally aware that the amendment spoken of had been made, but he had taken some interest in the measure and made suggestions to members of the Committee. Indeed he had been asked to attend the Committee, but as he could not speak there as a matter of right, but on sufferance, he had not thought it his duty to go. When the Code was brought in he had asked why it had not been submitted to the House for consideration, but he had got such a curt answer that he had not pressed the subject. He would now advert to a matter concerning which he had openly stated his opinion at a former session, and it was that the House did not take up or perform its duties properly. In fact, instead of taking its proper share in the Legislation of the country it seemed content to pass through the most important business with as much rapidity as possible. No doubt there were members competent to deal with any and every subject which came before the House. In the matter now in question there were gentlemen representing the country parts, who had all the necessary experience to guide them in arriving at safe conclusions, but he repeated it, the House did not do justice to itself or to the country; in other words it did not fulfil its duties as it ought to do. The Government had refused to take action in regard to the Code of Civil Procedure, either by Joint Committee or by a Committee of the House, and the thing was allowed to pass. Here was a wrong demanding a remedy and there were many others like it. The Code had been sent to the Judges months ago, but was only presented to the members of this House since the commencement of the session, which he thought anything but proper.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said the hon. member (Sanborn) was wholly unjustifiable in making such remarks, for he himself (Mr. Belleau) had conducted the measure last session, and had made these offers to the House,—1st, to refer it to a Committee of the Whole, or 2nd, if thought better, to a Special Committee. What more he could do he did not see. The hon. member was in the House at the time, and had preferred leaving it to be dealt with by the other House. Having chosen to decline the duty it was hardly fair of him now to assail the Government for not giving him the opportunity of doing it. Then another hon. member (Le Tellier) objected to the information about the amendment, as informed, but he would ask what more formal or direct information could the member of a Joint Committee give than he had given?

Hon. Mr. LeTELLIER De ST. JUST said that the members of a Committee could not only have given information from their own personal knowledge, but could have assisted in perfecting the measure, a thing which this House could not now do. As to the offer of last session, it was made after the subsidies were passed, and when the members were all anxious to go home. He (Mr. Le Tellier) had then said it was quite too late to undertake such a work; in fact it was quite presumptuous to attempt to revise the whole Civil Procedure in a few days, and it was not fair to reproach them now with having refused the duty.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU.—The hon. member had found it necessary to change his ground His first complaint was about the informality of the information given, and when he discovered this to be untenable he complained that the members had not had the advantage of stating their opinions. The amendment proposed to article 751 was now before him, and the hon. member could read it if he chose.

Hon. Mr. LeTELLIER De ST. JUST had not expressed doubts as to the fact of the amendment, but as to its being communicated in an informal and irregular manner. Why should not this House have the opportunity of pronouncing upon this important measure, as well as the other.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU.—The House would, no doubt, have ample opportunity to do so yet.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU said he was now quite satisfied that the necessary amendments would be introduced in the Code of Civil Procedure. He had put himself in communication with one of the codifiers, and there were other important alterations made besides those named by the hon. Premier (Mr. Belleau). He would now read the amendments to article 751.—"In default of the party so collocated to make a declaration of what he has previously received from all parties interested in the case, and of the production of authentic acquittances, the Judge may order a distribution of the amount of said collocation to whomsoever it may appertain. 2nd. If no acquittances can be produced, the party so collocated may be cited to appear upon a simple demand (*requete*) before the court, or before a judge, and then the provisions of article 741 will apply. 3rd. If the party so collocated has no known domicile in Lower Canada, or if he be deceased and his legal representatives be doubtful upon a certificate to that effect, the Judge may order that such person, or his legal representatives, be summoned in the manner provided by article 61." With these amendments adopted, he (Mr. Bureau) would have no hesitation in withdrawing his bill, or he would be willing to send it to a Special Committee of Hon. Messrs. Belleau, Bosse, and other eminent legal men of the House.

After a few words more of a conversational character, it was agreed to let the matter stand over until next Tuesday.

Belleville Cemetry.

Hon. Mr. FLINT moved that the House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the whole upon the Belleville Cemetry bill.—Carried. Hon. Mr. Dickson in the chair.

The bill was gone through and reported with some verbal amendments. The amendments were concurred in, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

Report of Committee.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN, from the Private Bill Committee, reported the bill to repeal the act, chapter 68, Consolidated Statutes, legalizing certain expenses of the city of Toronto, and to enable them to recover certain taxes and charges.

First Readings.

The SPEAKER announced the following messages with bills from the Legislative Assembly, which were read a first time:—Bill to incorporate the Montreal Club; Bill to enable the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, Montreal, to sell said church and site, and to buy another site and build another church; Bill to divide the township of Wawanosh into two distinct municipalities; Bill to confirm the will of Robert Jackson, of Scarborough; Bill to incorporate the College of St. Jerome, Berlin; Bill to attach part of the township of Aylmer, to the parish of St. Vital, county Beauce; Bill to attach part of the township of Broughton to the parish of St. Frederick, same county.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, July 13th.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock

After the transaction of routine business,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that it was his intention to take up the question of the Local Governments, this evening at 8 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that since the last measures on the Confederation scheme was about to be submitted, it was time that the House should have a declaration from the government as to the promised measure on the education question of Lower Canada.

Hon. G. E. CARTIER stated that the measure would be submitted, but it would not take precedence of the resolutions on the Local constitutions.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD stated that if a measure was to be introduced on the education question in Lower Canada, the same privileges ought to be extended to Upper Canada. He would move a resolution to that effect himself, though personally he would have been satisfied to leave it in the hands of the majority of each Province. Since, however, they had not been asked to do that it was only fair that equal privileges should be extended to the minorities in both sections.

Hon. G. E. CARTIER said in Lower Canada there were the Common Schools, which in each municipality were the schools of the majority, whether Catholics or Protestants, and the Dissentient Schools, which were the schools of the minority, no matter to which religion they belonged. It had been complained that the minorities in Lower Canada had not the privileges which were enjoyed by the minority in Upper Canada, and it was to remedy this that a new bill was to be brought in.

Further discussion took place as to the time when the measure should be brought down, some contending that it ought to have taken precedence of the question of the Local constitutions.

Hon. G. E. CARTIER stated that the resolutions on the Local constitutions would not go to a third reading until after the education bill had been brought down. The Protestants might rely upon it that he would see that they received every justice in that measure.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON expressed his satisfaction with the explanation of the Attorney-General East, and felt sure they would be satisfactory to the people of Upper Canada, who desired to see the same privileges extended to their Protestant minority of Lower Canada as those enjoyed by the Catholic minority of Upper Canada.

Hon. A. A. DORION, after referring to the educational question, proceeded to ask the Government whether it was their intention to bring forward the promised bill to amend the election law.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the question was now receiving all the attention which the demands upon his time would permit. He hoped to be able to bring forward the measure at an early day, and would be happy to have the assistance of the hon. member of amending it, if it were found defective.

The following bills were read a third time, and passed:

To amend Chapter 34, of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, relating to Patents of Invention.—Hon. Mr. McGee.

Respecting the Court of Queen's Bench for Lower Canada.—Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

To amend the Act incorporating the cure of the Parish of Notre Dame de Quebec—Hon. Mr. Langevin.

For Indemnifying the members of the Executive Government and others, for the unavoidable departure from the provisions of the Audit Act, occasioned by the necessity of maintaining a large Militia Force on active duty on the frontier, in the years 1865 and 1866.—Hon. Mr. Galt.

To authorize William John Bickell to construct a Bridge over the River St. Charles (and amendments.—Mr. Huot.

To incorporate the Town of St. Ours.—Mr. Perrault.

To amend the Act 27-28 Vic., chap. 71, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of Hamilton."—Mr. Magill.

To incorporate the Canadian Rubber Company of Montreal.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To amalgamate the Western Counties Permanent Building and Savings Society with the Huron and Erie Savings and Loan Society.—Hon. Mr. Carling.

To incorporate the Ottawa City Passenger Railway Company.—Mr. Currier.

To incorporate the Bothwell Tram Road and Bridge Company.

On motion of Hon. G. E. CARTIER the House went into Committee to consider of the expediency of imposing a duty on each instrument or document registered in Lower Canada. The Committee reported the resolution, which was carried on division, and the bill founded thereon read a first time.

On motion of Attorney-General MACDONALD the House went into Committee on the bill to amend certain acts respecting the College of Regiopolis, and to confer the powers and privileges of an university on the same. Committee rose and reported the bill.

The following bills were read a second time:

To amend the Act respecting the Volunteer Military Force.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To authorize the sale of the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway.—Hon. Mr. Cockburn.

To amend the Act incorporating the Bank of Northumberland.—Hon. Mr. Cockburn.

An Act respecting the Bar of Lower Canada.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

To enable the Iroquois Indians of Caughnawaga to regulate the cutting of Wood in their Reserve.—Hon. Mr. Sol. Gen. Langevin.

To incorporate the Ecclesiastical Society of St. John of the Diocese of Kingston.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

Respecting the hearing of causes in the Court of Chancery for Upper Canada.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

Respecting Chapter 98 of the Consolidated Statutes, for Upper Canada.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

Respecting Chapter 2 of the Acts passed this Session.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

To amend the Acts relating to the Corporation of the City of Montreal, and for other purposes.—Hon. Mr. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

"To incorporate the "*Institut des Artisans Canadiens* of Montreal."—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

To declare and settle the construction of the marriage settlement of Hariet Marguerette Gage, and confirming assurances made thereunder.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To incorporate certain persons under the name of "The St. Lawrence Navigation Company" (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Sol. Gen. Langevin.

To extend and define the powers of the Savings' Bank, known under the name of "La Caisse d'Economie de Notre Dame de Quebec" (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Sol. Gen. Langevin.

The following bills passed through committee:

To confirm the settlement made by Charlotte Henderson, deceased, of an undivided moiety of lands in Bytown, otherwise Ottawa City in Upper Canada, and to invest the entirety of the same lands in Trustees, with power of sale and management.—Mr. Powell.

To amend the City of Hamilton Debentures Act of 1864, by giving to the city additional powers in selling lands for arrears of taxes, and for more clearly defining the rights and liabilities of purchasers of land sold under the Act, and for other purposes (and amendments).—Mr. Magill.

To incorporate the Rossin House Hotel Company.—Mr. Macdonald (Toronto.)

To incorporate the Pierreville Steam Mills Company.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To incorporate the Ottawa Natural History Society.—Mr. Morris.

To incorporate the Waterloo, Magog, and Stanstead Railway Company.—Mr. Knight.

To incorporate the South Eastern Counties Junction Railway Company (and amendments).—Mr. Dunkin.

To revive the Act 26th Vic., Cap. 16, and to extend the time for the completion of the Hamilton and Port Dover Railroad (and amendments.)—Mr. Wood.

To amend the Act incorporating the Massawippi Valley Railway Company (Reported.)—Mr. Knight.

To amend and extend the provisions of the Act incorporating the Port Hope, Lindsay, and Beaverton Railway Company, and the Acts amending the same.—Mr. J. Shuter Smith.

To confirm certain By-laws of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the County of Oxford, and to confirm sales of land for taxes imposed under and by virtue of the said By-laws.—Hon. Mr. Brown.

To incorporate the St. Patrick's Asylum of Ottawa.—Mr. Currier.

To incorporate the Steel, Iron, and Railway Works Company (Limited.)—(and amendments.)—Hon. Mr. Brown.

The following bills were read a second time.

To amend the Charter of the British and Canadian School Society of Montreal—Mr. Dunkin.

To amend and consolidate the Act incorporating the Mayor and Councillors of the Town of Sorel.—Mr. Perrault.

To erect the township of Clifton into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. J. B. E. Dorion.

To authorize the Hartford Oil Company to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To incorporate the St. Hyacinthe New Passenger Bridge Company.—Hon. Mr. Laframboise.

To erect the County of Peel into a separate County for Judicial purposes.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend the Act of Incorporation of the City of Three Rivers.—Mr. DeNiverville.

To vest the Protestant Burial Ground at Hudson, in the Incumbent and Church Wardens of St. James' Church, Vaudreuil.—Hon. Mr. Abbott.

To resolve the terms on which the Great Western Railway Company was authorized to complete the Railway from Galt to Guelph.—Mr. Street.

To incorporate the Napanee River Improvement Company.—Mr. Cartwright.

To naturalize John Rogers.—Mr. Irvine.

To amend the Act 23rd Vic., cap. 123, to incorporate the Pilots for and below the Harbor of Quebec.—Hon. Mr. Cauchon.

The Speaker left the chair at six o'clock.

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at a quarter past 8 o'clock.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD did not propose to occupy the time of the House very long in submitting the resolutions for the Local constitutions of Upper and Lower Canada. Before speaking to the resolutions he would say a word as to the charge against the Government of delay. The Quebec resolutions had been carried without amendment, but the Government of the Lower Provinces had not been so successful, on account of the hostility the scheme had met with. The hon. member for South Oxford approved of the delay. It would have answered no good purpose. It would not have expedited Confederation to enter on this subject at an earlier day. On the contrary, discussions would have taken place in this House which might have had an injurious effect. The hon. member for Hochelaga had on a former occasion, put some question relative to the Intercolonial Railway, and the remarks made on that occasion were posted up at every polling place in New Brunswick to defeat the cause of Confederation, and he doubted not that had the debate been brought on in this House before the principle of Confederation was affirmed in the other Provinces, that something would have been said on one side or the other which would have been taken advantage of by the opponents of the scheme in other places. And had they laid the subject before the House on the first day of the session it would not have expedited the business of the session. The Atty-Gen. East would address the House in explanation of the resolutions referring particularly to that section of the Province. In Upper Canada it had been concluded after mature consideration to have only one Legislative Chamber. The executive in both Provinces would be the same; a governor appointed by the general government, holding office during pleasure, which should not except for good reasons be exercised until after the expiration of five years. With respect to the Local Legislature of Upper Canada, there were several reasons inducing the choice of one chamber. For a subordinate Legislature acting under authority of the general government, having in fact something of the character of a Municipal body, one chamber had been considered sufficient. It was however an experiment, and if it did not work well it would be easy to provide two, but on the other hand it would be exceedingly difficult to begin with two and then reduce it to one. Another reason was the very great difficulty in finding the requisite number of men able and willing to undertake the charge of the duties of legislation Even in Canada, as a whole, it must be admitted that there was a difficulty in finding a sufficient number of men qualified by habit and fitness for the duties of Legislation. Another consideration that had suggested itself was that the present number of representatives, 65, might have been sufficient for the Local Legislature, but that was surrounded with difficulties. One of the principal questions with which it would have to deal, would be the redistribution of seats for the Confederate Legislature. It had therefore been considered expedient that the same limits of constituencies should apply to both the Local and the General Legislatures. The second resolution provides for the administration of the local governments according to the well understood principles of the British Constitution. Some hon. gentlemen might remember how in Upper Canada, before the union, the system of log rolling had been carried on until the statute book was loaded with appropriations which the revenue could not meet. This state of affairs was happily swept away by the union, which established the principle of responsible government, and provided against the appropriation of a single dollar without a message from the Crown. The duration of the local parliaments was to be four years.

Hon. G. BROWN—Did not understand that such was the case. The point was discussed but not decided on.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD had an impression that such, at all events, was the understanding. As to representation, its principal basis was to be population, but territory was also to be taken into account in the re-distribution of new seats for Upper Canada. In some few instances it will be seen, that from the difficulties of adjusting the population they had departed from that rule, but generally it had been adhered to. As the basis of the representation of Upper Canada was settled by the Quebec resolutions, to be re-distributed after each decennial census, they had deemed it proper to adopt, as a basis, for the first distribution, the census of 1861. By the system in Canada the people had every opportunity of electing men whom they knew—men who had been trained in the municipal system, who were capable and qualified for the high duties of a representative. It seemed to him, that in an old country, the periodical re-distribution of seats would be undesirable, but in a new country like this, or the United States, it was necessary, on account of the rapid increase in population. In concluding, he said he hoped that all the old party lines would be swept away by the Confederation of British America. He moved the adjournment of the debate, which was carried.

In reply to a question from the member for Cornwall,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said he intended that the resolutions should be proceeded with, with the Speaker in the chair; but as in the case of the Quebec resolutions, it was the desire of the Government that the same freedom of debate should be allowed as if the House were in Committee.

Hon. G. BROWN asked whether any mode of settling the liabilities between Upper and Lower Canada, and whether it was intended to submit a measure on the subject to this Parliament.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said that was a mere question of appraisal and settlement of account, with which the Local Constitutions had nothing to do. It was, however, the intention of the Government to submit a mode of arrangement to this Parliament, but his hon. friend would see that the giving effect to this, as to the Confederate and Local Legislatures, must be by act of the Imperial Parliament.

Hon. GEO. BROWN was very glad to have heard the Attorney-General's views on the subject.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald wished to know the course the Government intended to pursue towards providing for the first meeting of the Upper Canada Parliament.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the functions of this Government would cease the moment the Confederate Constitution came in force.

Hon. GEO. BROWN wished to urge on the Attorney-General the importance of the point put by the hon. member for Cornwall. It would be necessary for this Parliament to arrange the way in which the Local Constitutions were to be put in force, and he hoped the Government would at once bring down resolutions upon the subject before the debate on the Local Constitutions was resumed.

Hon. J. A. MACDONAD hoped his hon. friend would see that they should first determine the principle before they went into details. The principle of the Lower Constitutions was now before them, and when that was affirmed, the means of organizing them would be duly considered. The organization of the General Government, with the approbation of the people as expressed by a general election, should precede the organization of the Local Governments.

Hon. G. E. CARTIER addressed the House in French explaining at considerable length the provisions of the Local Constitution for Lower Canada.

Hon. A. A. DORION followed, stating that he designed to propose an amendment in favor of a single chamber in Lower Canada, the same as in Upper Canada.

Hon. Mr. CAUCHON replied to Mr. Dorion, speaking until a quarter to twelve o'clock.

The resolutions were then read a first time, and the House adjourned.

☞ Don't forget Burgess' Minstrels at the Theatre to-night.

THE RE-DISTRIBUTION OF SEATS IN UPPER CANADA.

Below we publish the schedule attached to the resolutions on the Local Constitutions re-distributing the seats in Upper Canada. It will be seen that the seventeen new seats have been apportioned with a fair regard to population and territory, though doubtless some of them may encounter discussion in cases where the personal status of the present representative may be affected in a way which he may deem injurious.

ELECTORAL DIVISIONS OF UPPER CANADA.

Divisions to Stand with their Present Boundaries.

Counties of—Prescott, Glengarry, Stormont, Dundas, Russell, Carleton, Prince Edward, Halton and Essex.

Ridings of Counties:—Lanark North, Lanark South, Leeds and Grenville North Riding, South Riding Leeds, South Riding Grenville, Northumberland East, Northumberland West (less South Monaghan), Durham East, Durham West, Ontario North, Ontario South, York East, York West, York North, Wentworth North, Wentworth South, Elgin East, Elgin West, Waterloo North, Waterloo South, Brant North, Brant South, Oxford North, Oxford South, Middlesex East Riding.

Cities and Towns:—Toronto East, Toronto West, Hamilton, Ottawa, Kingston, London, Brockville with the Township of Elizabethtown, Niagara with the Township of Niagara, Cornwall with the Township of Cornwall.

New and Altered Electoral Divisions.

District of Algoma:—County of *Bruce* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the North and South Ridings.

The North Riding shall consist of the Townships of Bury, Lindsay, Eastnor, Albemarle, Amabel, Arran, Bruce, Elderslie and Saugeen and the Village of Southampton.

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of Kincardine (including Village), Greenock, Brant, Huron, Kinloss, Culross and Carrick.

The County of *Huron* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the North and South Ridings:—

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Ashfield, Wawanosh, Turnberry, Howick, Morris, Grey, Colborne, Hullett, including village of Clinton, and McKillop.

The South Riding shall consist of the town of Goderich and the townships of Goderich, Tuckersmith, Stanley, Hay, Usborne, and Stephen.

The County of *Middlesex* divided into three Ridings, to be called respectively the North, West and East Riding:—

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of McGillivray and Biddulph, (taken from the County of Huron) and Williams East, Williams West, Adelaide and Lobo.

The West Riding shall consist of the townships of Delaware, Carradoc, Metcalf, Mosa and Ekfrid and the village of Strathroy.

The East Riding shall consist of the townships now embraced therein, and be bounded as it is at present.

The County of *Lambton* shall consist of the Townships of Bosanquet, Warwick, Plympton, Sarnia, Moore, Enniskillen and Brooke, and the Town of Sarnia.

The County of *Kent* shall consist of the Townships of Chatham, Dover, East Tilbury, Romney, Raleigh and Harwich, and the Town of Chatham.

The County of ——— shall consist of the Townships of Sombra, Dawn and Euphemia, (taken from the County of Lambton) and the townships of Zone, Camden with the Gore thereof, Oxford and Howard (taken from the County of Kent.)

The County of *Grey* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of Bentinck, Glenelg, Artemesia, Osprey, Normanby, Egremont, Proton and Melancthon.

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Collingwood, Euphrasia, Holland, Saint-Vincent, Sydenham, Sullivan, Derby and Keppel, Sarawak and Brooke, and the town of Owen Sound.

The County of *Perth* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Wallace, Elma, Logan, Ellice, Mornington and North Easthope, and the town of Stratford.

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of Blanchard, Downe, South Easthope, Fullarton, Hibbert, and the Villages of Mitchell and Ste. Marys.

The County of *Wellington* shall be divided into three Ridings, to be called respectively North, South and Centre Ridings:—

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Amaranth, Arthur, Luther, Minto, Maryborough and Peel.

The Centre Riding shall consist of the townships of Garafraxa, Erin, Eramosa, Nichol and Pilkington, and the Villages of Fergus and Elora.

The South Riding shall consist of the Town of Guelph, and the townships of Guelph and Puslinch.

The County of *Norfolk* shall be divided into two Ridings to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of Charlotteville, Houghton, Walsingham and Woodhouse, and with the Gore thereof.

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Middleton, Townsend and Windham, and the Town of Simcoe.

The County of *Haldimand* shall consist of the townships of Oneida, Seneca, Cayuga North, Cayuga South, Rainham, Walpole, and Dunn.

The County of ——— shall consist of the townships of Canborough and Moulton and Sherbrooke, and the village of Dunnville, (taken from the County of Haldimand,) the township of Caistor and Gainsborough (taken from the County of Lincoln), and the townships of Pelham and Wainfleet, (taken from the County of Welland.)

The County of *Lincoln* shall consist of the townships of Clinton, Grantham, Grimsby and Louth, and the town of St. Catharines.

The County of *Welland* shall consist of the townships of Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Stamford, Thorold and Willoughby, and the villages of Chippewa, Clifton, Fort Erie, Thorold and Welland.

The County of *Peel* shall consist of the townships of Chinguacousy, Toronto and the Gore of Toronto, and the villages of Brampton and Streetsville.

The County of ——— shall consist of the townships of Albion and Caledon, (taken from the county of Peel) and the townships of Adjala and Mono, (taken from the County of Simcoe.

The County of *Simcoe*, divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and the North Ridings:—

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of West Gwillimbury, Tecumseth, Innisfil, Essa, Tossorontio, Mulmur and the village of Bradford.

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Nottawasaga, Sunnidale, Vespra, Flos, Oro, Medonte, Orillia and Matchedash, Tiny and Tay, Balaklava and Robinson, and the towns of Barrie and Collingwood.

The County of *Victoria* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

The South Riding shall consist of the townships of Ops, Mariposa, Emily Verulam, and the town of Lindsay.

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Anson, Bexley, Carden, Dalton, Digby, Eldon, Fenelon, Hindon, Laxton, Lutterworth, Macaulay, and Draper, Summerville, and Morrison, Muskoka, Monck and Watt, (taken from the county of Simcoe) and any other surveyed Townships lying to the north of the said North Riding.

The county of *Peterborough* divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the West and East Riding:—

The West Riding shall consist of the townships of South Monaghan, (taken from the county of Northumberland,) North Monaghan, Smith and Ennismore and the town of Peterborough.

The East Riding shall consist of the Townships of Asphodel, Belmont and Methuen, Douro, Dummer, Galway, Harvey, Minden, Stanhope and Dysart, Otonabee and Snowden, and the village of Ashburnham, and other surveyed Townships lying to the North of the said East Riding.

The county of Hastings divided into three Ridings, to be called respectively the West, East and North Ridings:—

The West Riding shall consist of the town of Belleville, the township of Sydney, and the village of Trenton.

The East Riding shall consist of the townships of Thurlow, Tyendinaga and Hungerford.

The North Riding shall consist of the townships of Rawdon, Huntingdon, Madoc, Elzevir, Tudor, Marmora and Lake, and the village of Stirling, and any other surveyed townships lying to the north of the said North Riding.

The county of Lennox shall consist of the townships of Richmond, Adolphustown, North Fredericksburgh, South Fredericksburgh, Ernest-town, and Amherst Island, and the village of Napanee.

The County of Addington shall consist of the townships of Camden, Portland, Sheffield, Hinchinbroke, Kaladar, Kennebec, Olden, Oso, Anglesea, Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Effingham, Abinger, Miller, Canonto and Denbigh.

The County of *Frontenac* shall consist of the Townships of Kingston, Wolfe Island, Pittsburg and Howe Island, Storrington, Loughborough, and Bedford.

The County of *Renfrew*, divided into two Ridings to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

The South Riding shall consist of the Townships of McNab, Bagot, Blithfield, Brougham, Horton, Admaston, Grattan, Matawatchan, Griffith, Lyndoch, Raglan, Radcliffe, Brudenell, Sebastopol, and the villages of Arnprior and Renfrew.

The North Riding shall consist of the Townships of Ross, Bromley, Westmeath, Stafford, Pembroke, Wilberforce, Alice, Petawawa, Buchanan, South Algona, North Algona, Fraser, McKay, Wylie, Rolph, Head, Maria, Clara, Haggerty, Sherwood, Burns and Richards, and any other surveyed Townships lying north westerly of the said North Riding.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Additional by the "Persia."

The London *Times* sums up the Austrian and Prussian reports as follows:

The Austrians were driven back by a superior force at Nachod, but at 3 p. m., had been pursued by their foe as far as Kaljese, on the road to Jaromviz. Yet, if we may believe the Austrian bulletin, dated Josephstadt, that same afternoon, at ten minutes to five o'clock, we find that the Prussians had pressed forward from Nachod to Newstadt, in the morning came into collision with an Austrian army corps at Shalicz, and were repulsed after six hours fighting, with a loss as an Austrian telegram of yesterday says, of 18 guns and many prisoners. The Austrians, there is no doubt, had the best in this encounter, though the advantage they obtained may have been by no means decisive.

Somewhat astonished with meeting with no opposition in their invasion of Saxony, the Prussians have been for this week feeling their way at every point on the frontier of Bohemia, Austria, and Silesia, to fall in with the ever receding enemy. They pushed forward through no less than three of the mountain defiles, debouching on the plains of Bohemia, at Chenan, Trantena, and other places. They drove back the Austrians out of their posts, but as their columns advanced they found themselves in the presence of the army of Benedek, which were massed behind Josephstadt and Pardubitz, and had long been on the watch for them, and was ready for a spring before they had time to draw up and deploy their forces in the open country.

So far as it is possible to judge from the imperfect and complicating reports we have received, it would be natural to infer that the onward march of the Prussian invasion has been checked for the present, and that a further advance into Bohemia will be found impracticable.

The London *Times* of the 30th says that if the Berlin news is reliable, the Prussians have received solid successes.

The *Morning Post* believes the rejoicing at Berlin is premature.

The Army and Navy *Gazette* remarks: "The time has now come for Benedek to show whether or not he is a General."

Parliament met again on the 28th. The proceedings in the House of Lords were merely formal.

In the Commons, Mr. Gladstone stated that he had received a communication from Lord Derby, requesting an adjournment until the 5th July, to give time for the formation of a new ministry, so that in the interval, until that date, the House would only meet to expedite some necessary business.

Mr. Bernal Osborne commented upon the extraordinary position of the country, in being so long without a Government, in a time when affairs at home and abroad were so complicated. He reproached the Cabinet for having resigned upon a matter of detail, when they could certainly have commanded a vote of confidence in the House.

Mr. Gladstone explained the position of the Government, and defended its course.

Attention was drawn to the remaining proceeding, which were taking place in London, in

consequence of the defeat of the Government by so-called working men. One speaker declared that London had, for a time, on the previous evening, been under mobilization. Others contended that there was no reason for alarm, and the out-door meetings were only natural at such a time, and read and explained the police provisions to prevent mischief, should any be intended.

Lord Elcho and Mr. Lowe had been insulted by the crowds near the House of Commons, while the residence of Mr. Gladstone was cheered.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, 13th.—The *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondence, dated June 7th, in reference to the Paraguayans says:—On the 24th of May last, the announcement of which we have already had, that General Metre had ordered the assault on the enemy's entrenched camp, to take place on the 24th. Before, however, any improvement was made on that day, at half past eleven in the morning, the enemy with his whole power attacked the lines of the allies with over 10,000 men.

The Paraguayans fell upon the centre and flanks of the allies with extraordinary bravery, bringing eight batteries of infantry, and eight of cavalry upon the centre, and the same number upon the left, and about one half that number on the right flank. The battle along the whole line became general at once, and although the allied artillery poured a murderous fire upon the Paraguayans, they did not falter, until they came to a hand to hand encounter, then after four hours hard fighting, the Paraguayans were forced to withdraw, beaten and routed, to their fortified camp. The estimated losses of the Paraguayans are set down at 4000 killed, and from two to three thousand wounded and prisoners, while the Brazilians put down their loss at only 300 killed and 600 wounded. The allies lost a great many superior officers.

MEMPHIS, July 12.—A duel was fought this afternoon at the Mississippi line, between Alonzo Greenlow, and J. H. Taylor, of this city. The latter was killed at the first fire.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—A fire broke out here about 11 o'clock to-night, in the Academy of Music Building totally destroyed. Loss, $25,000.

CINCINNATI, July 13.—Cooper's blacksmith shop, Geer's turning shop, Capes' planing mill and Kaiper's stair building establishment, all on Laurel street, were destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $20,000.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The *Post's* money article says:—Gold has risen to 153¼, and there is a fair business doing. Stock market easy, and without much activity; in Governments less business is doing, and quotations are a shade lower.

One case of cholera in this city and in Brooklyn are reported to-day.

The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company have decided to increase their capital stock from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000.

BIRTHS.

At Hull, on the 13th inst., the wife of Charles B. Wright, Esq., of a daughter, still born.

On the 13th inst., at Fairview, Hull, Mrs. B. W. Scott, of a daughter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Davis' Pain Killer.

DEGRAFF, Ohio, June 13, 1865.

Gentlemen,—It is with pleasure that I recommend the use of your Pain Killer. It is all that is required of it. In a household it is invaluable. I have used it in my family for the last three years, and at all times found it a sure cure for Cholera morbus, Pain in the stomach, diarrhea, and all such complaints. I have always found it a specific. No family should be without it in the house.

Respectfully,
JAMES HOLMES.
172a

THE BRITISH NAVY.—The question has been often asked whether the navy of Great Britain, mounting as it does over six thousand guns, and manned by 75,000 sailors, exceeds the navies of France and the United States, or France and Russia, and were it not that we might be considered a little egotistical, we should say it did exceed them altogether; but it is useless speculating upon this when there are other questions that do not admit of any doubt. No one after using the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" doubts its being the very best thing for the cure of coughs, colds, sore throat, diptheria, pains in the stomach, sides and back, spinal affections, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cts per bottle. 172a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

To Rational Invalids.—A few plain, earnest words, with such of you as suffer from **Indigestion,** and its usual accompaniment, **Habitual Costiveness.** You want relief without prostration, a rapid cure without pain. The means of obtaining that relief, of accomplishing that cure, is tendered to you in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills,** the only cathartic and alternative in existence which re-opens the obstructed passage of the bowels without a qualm or a pang, and restores to the stomach and liver the vigor stolen from them by disease. This genial aperient never enfeebles any organ, or reduces the general strength. On the contrary, it infallibly renews the *natural health* of the digestive and secretive functions. Rarely will it be necessary to call in a physician, where this safe and all sufficient family medicine is kept in the house. The vials contain seven doses each, and the pills have this great advantage over all ordinary purgatives—time does not impair their properties. In all cases **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** should be used in connection with the Pills. 172a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the Druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every-where. 144-6m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
☞ **Beware of Counterfeits and** ☜
WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.
176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

☞ **Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount.** 175tf

Ottawa Grammar School.

PRINCIPAL..................J. THORBURN, M.A.
1st ASSIST. MASTER..........J. McMILLAN, B.A.
2nd do do ....A. McLAREN.
FRENCH MASTER...............MONS. DORION.

THE SUMMER TERM of the above Institution will commence on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER next. The class rooms have undergone a thorough renovation, and have been supplied with new desks and seats of the most recent and improved style. At the urgent request of many parents arrangements have been made for *a preparatory form*, in which boys will be prepared for entering the Grammar School Department.

On Monday, 3rd September, at 9 a.m., 12 scholarships will be competed for on the following terms: The 4 boys gaining the highest number of marks shall receive scholarships tenable for 3 years; the 4 obtaining the next highest number shall receive scholarships tenable for 2 years; and the 4 next in merit shall receive scholarships tenable for 1 year. Pupils attending *any of the city schools* are eligible to these scholarships.

The subjects of examination will be English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, British History, and Spelling. No competitor, unless he shows a creditable proficiency in these branches, shall be entitled to a scholarship.

J. THORBURN, M. A.,
Principal.
175 3

VICTORIA HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House. Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161t

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND*
WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

SPENCER'S PATENT
HERMETICALLY SEALED
FRUIT JARS!
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success

THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover.

Beach & Co., of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,
Agents for Canada.
175-a

RoyalCanadianBank

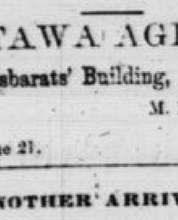
OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157d

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators



FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS.
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.

AT ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office.
161tf

WANTED.—A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

Ottawa Orphan's Home.

A GRAND

PROMENADE CONCERT!

In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held

AT THE SKATING RINK

On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.

Tickets 25cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

ST. PATRICK'S

Literary Association.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC!

—AT THE—

Wright House Gardens, Hull,

—ON—

Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.

THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place,

Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.

Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.

Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.

The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.

175-td J. McCARRON, Secretary.

H. M. THEATRE.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.

☞ The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes.

Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's

MINSTRELS!

UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY

THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA

And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.

Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,

COOL BURGESS.

MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE, Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.

SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS, Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.

THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS, Double Clog Exercises.

BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA, W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.

SWEET'S BASS SOLOS, Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."

FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.

☞ An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8½ precisely.

D. C. LaRUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!

Hurrah for the Queen Company

THE FIRST GRAND

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE

QUEEN FIRE COMPANY

WILL COME OFF AT

WRIGHT'S HOUSE!

(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney,)

HULL LANDING.

Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens,

On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.

Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.

The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, ¼ mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.

At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.

There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first class Quadrille Bands, (Marea's).

Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p.m. precisely. Entrance to each game, 25 cents.

☞ The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.

TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.

Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.

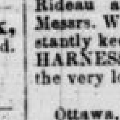
There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.

By order.
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RE-spectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices!

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(*Of all sizes.*)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
158y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FA-vored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!

IN MARBLEIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS;

(*IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS*)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.

GILL SPI, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-•

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
100 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS,
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS, ...from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160•

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS — NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLT

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MN S' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ **An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 2½ miles from Ottawa and overlooking a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 25. 133-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden-Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 43 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin and extends from front to rear, 7 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as Woodlands, owned by the late Captain Otter, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 64, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 11, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and in size 30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—16x21, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes. For further particulars and terms of sale,

Apply to E. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.

Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-17otf

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO'S,
16Itf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.---A GOOD PLAIN COOK, Housemaid, and nurse. Reference desired.
G. P. BAKER,
161tf Post Office.

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada.)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner In Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware.

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes,)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR EStablishment, in Broderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowls, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

SUITABLE FOR

Birthday and Wedding Presents.

Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

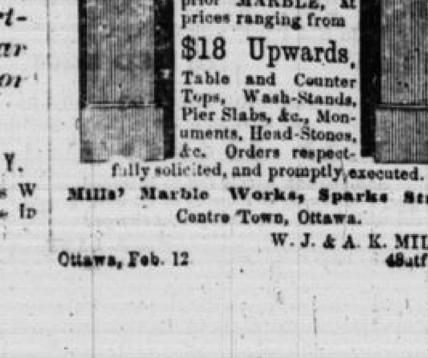
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBLEIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

W. J. & A. K. MILLS.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 48utf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS,)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of, at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application, a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders, where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.--LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.

Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 Stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1860 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN..........$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..........$34.25.

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE. THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

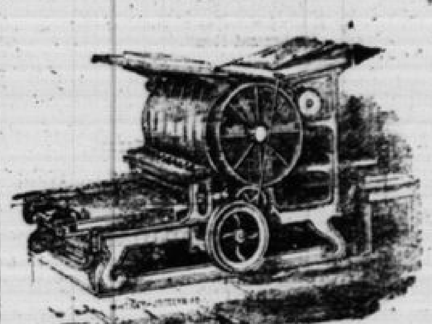
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC!

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 13th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 1tf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, January 4. 2tf

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 178. | OTTAWA C. W., MONDAY JULY 16, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail Road	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c.	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
... Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.00 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
...ville, Osgoode, &c. Daily	5.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
...	8.00 a. m.	8.00 p. m.
... & ... connections	2.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, as at rates.

To the United States, 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steam-ships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

Registered Letters must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. ...'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—North side of York street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
W. COLMAN. W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. -utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-ut

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goffie's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortland's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
☞ Agent for "Geneross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C.W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

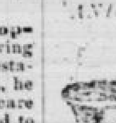
The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries' Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

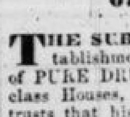
MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.

Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer .... 1.00.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
☞ ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New  Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26.

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa	7.00 a. m.	At Prescott,	9.30 a.m.
" "	1.45 p. m.	"	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p. m.	"	9.55 p.m.
From Prescott	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa	10.05 a. m.
" "	2.20 p. m.	"	5.00 p. m.
" "		"	9.00 p. m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 5.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.15 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond .... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) $2.50
Steerage 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company,
May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Green-house Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BROS.

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, CANNOT BE SURPASSED!

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS.	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS.	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee; retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
☞ Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired free of charge!
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville. (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.

"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings:

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1841.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and vice versa.

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, By-Town and Ottawa City, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug Queen of the Isles, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer England will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE	——
ONTARIO	Capt. J. B. Estes.
CATARACT	Capt. J. H. Ledyard.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN	— DeWitt,
EMPRESS	Capt. C. B. DeWitt.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT.

☞ Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing,	Boating,
Croquet,	Quoits,
Lawn Billiards,	Bowling Alley
Archery,	Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Croquet Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the Saguenay, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN, (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be five weeks at midsummer, and a month at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS,
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Special Notice—Canadian Pain Destroyer.
Do do —Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.
Do do —Perry Davis' Pain Killer.
American Invoices—Discounts—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Portraits in Oil—W. Sawyer.
First Class Residence for Sale—Ottawa.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the largest circulation of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley,—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line,........ 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 1 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at R. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer Queen Victoria, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 16, 1866.

Mr. Dunkin's memorandum relative to the Militia system, a synopsis of which we gave on Saturday morning, contains one suggestion which, perhaps, deserves more consideration than its position in the memorandum would seem to imply. We refer to the proposal to extend telegraphic communication with those exposed points not yet connected with our telegraphic system. The member for Brome suggests that this should be done by an appropriation from the public funds, and we are by no means prepared to say that the amount would be badly expended, in case the country should be again called upon to defend itself from the predatory incursions of lawless raggamuffins from the neighboring States. In times of danger, such as those through which we have lately passed, it would undoubtedly conserve the public interest to have the whole telegraphic system of the country under the direct control of the government, while the transmission of prompt and accurate information to the most distant extremities of the land would be of the utmost importance, not only in contributing to the early and effective organization of defensive measures, but in allaying the groundless apprehensions which seldom fail to take hold on the minds of the people in localities where correct intelligence is only conveyed by the slow process of the mail stage, and always preceded by the most unfounded and startling rumours.

A proposal has been made in England that the Government should assume all the telegraph lines in the Kingdom, and place them under the control of the Post Office Department. Many forcible reasons are urged in favor of this step. The service rendered to the public by the telegraph lines, is of essentially the same character as that rendered by the Post Office, the only difference being one of time in favor of the former. There cannot therefore be any logical argument, from the nature of the service why the one might not as well be performed by the Government as the other. It is also contended that the Post Office Department enjoys a larger share of public confidence, as the regularity and fidelity with which its duties are performed, than does any of the telegraph companies in the Kingdom, and that the public therefore would be better served were the reform indicated carried in to effect. The profits of the telegraph Company go into the pockets of private individuals; those of the postal department into the public chest; therefore by the proposed change the public would gain a direct pecuniary benefit, either in the profits accruing, or in the cheapening of the rates for communications by telegraph. Add to these the advantage to the government, and by consequence to the law-abiding portion of the citizens, of having full and direct control over the despatch of intelligence in times of internal or external trouble, and it cannot be denied that a pretty strong case may be made out in favor of the union of the postal and telegraphic service of the country, under one department, in the hands of the government. In the old days of political troubles in England, the government did not scruple to supervise the matter passing through the post office: in fact the system of opening letters of, or to, suspected parties under the Home Secretaryship of Sir James Graham gave a new word to our language—"Grahaming." But the "Grahaming" of telegraphic despatches would be a far more honorable operation. Their contents are confidentially entrusted to the operator to be confidentially delivered at their destination, they are known, of necessity, to the company or its office, and were the government in the place of the private company the fact alone would be sufficient to prevent the use of the wires in the furtherance of treasonable designs.

Prompt and rapid intercommunication with the Commander-in-Chief and all parts of the country is of the most essential service as a means of defence, and it was with the view of securing this that the member for Brome made the suggestion of an appropriation for the extension of telegraphic communication. But it will at once be seen that if the government interferes in the partial and exceptional manner suggested, an arrangement would have to be made for the working of the government lines, through the existing companies, and the control of the wires raised at the public cost would be of necessity in the hands of private parties. If, therefore, apart from other considerations which have given rise to the movement in England, to which we have referred, it is deemed expedient to subordinate the telegraph to the public exigencies as an auxiliary in the organization of defensive measures, the question of government control over all telegraph lines in the Province will naturally force itself into consideration as the simplest and surest way of accomplishing the end aimed at.

The question is comparatively a new one in this country, and we know the general indisposition to multiply unnecessarily the functions of the government; but where two branches of service, so essentially alike in the accomodation they afford the public, are placed, the one in the hands of the Government, the other under private control, it may fairly be considered whether the public interests would not be better served by joining them together, and placing the management of both in a position of direct accountability to the people. By this means the object Mr. Dunkin seeks would be effectively secured; for, as the Post Office Department extends its branches into the remotest settlements, and to places where the revenue does not half cover the expenses, because of its first duty of supplying the public with postal accommodation, even at loss to the revenue if need be; so might the exposed points of our extended frontier be brought into direct and immediate communication with the Commander-in-Chief at head-quarters, if required by the military necessities of the country.

LOCAL NEWS.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following is from the *Canada Gazette* of Saturday:—Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company. To be Lieutenant acting till further orders: George Low, jr., Gentleman. To be ensign, acting till further orders: Alexander H. Hume, Gentleman.

THE QUEEN.—The members of this Company hold their first annual Pic-Nic, to-day. Don't forget it, and be sure to be there—for it will be made a day of pleasure—of recreation—of rest from labor. They give away $100 in prizes.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to associate the undermentioned gentlemen in the Commission of the Peace in and for the District of Ottawa. Ovide Leblanc, N. P., of Portage-du-Fort; Silvere Dumontier, of Hull, Moise Trudelle, do, and Pierre Racine, do, Esquires.

DISCOURAGING.—We have just learned of a poor and inoffensive man who having been engaged working for some time, we believe on a farm at Gloucester, went and civilly asked his employer for money which he had earned. He had scarcely time to finish his request before the other savagely sprung at, and seized him by the throat, trying to choke him. The poor fellow suffered severely, and when we saw him he could hardly speak; next week justice will be done in the case.

AMUSEMENTS COMING.—The Dan Castellos' great show, in which is combined a first class Circus and Menagerie, the largest in America, exhibits in Toronto on the 25th and 26th inst. Herr Langel, the most daring *artiste* who has ever han led the monsters of the forest, plains and jungles, will enter the den with the wild lions and lionesses, and give a performance that has created an unparalleled excitement throughout the country. The papers and the people have endorsed and proclaimed it to be the great show of this age.

FINE ARTS.—In another place will be found the advertisement of Mr. Wm. Sawyer, Artist, of Kingston. This gentleman comes well recommended. The "Sawyer Gallery" of Art in the City Hall, of Kingston, contains the portraits of ten ex-mayors of that city, and a full length portrait of the Hon. John A. Macdonald. Mr. Sawyer has also painted the portrait of the Bishop of Montreal, and those of very many other Canadian celebrities, which have been spoken very highly of by the press. He may be found at Mr. Spencer's Photograph Gallery, Sparks Street.

THAT TROUPE.—On Saturday evening the theatre was crowded to suffocation, and many left who could not obtain sitting room—that for standing being well occupied. The performances may be summed up in a very few words. The eulogiums of the press throughout the United States and Canada, have been well deserved by this very popular troupe.—They are the nonpareil of minstrelsy—unequalled by any party travelling. Each man connected with the company, is, in his line, a professional star—it should be called a *galaxy of stars*—while Burgess himself is the quintessence of negro comedy. The Sphynx, their opening scene is, indeed, a clever optical delusion, baffling all beholders. Frank Bowles, cornet solo, or the little Utica boys, in their choreterpsichoreanclogpedality, is a treat not often witnessed. Go early and secure seats for the ladies, for this is the last chance. They leave to-morrow for the west, and our friends up that way have yet to see *the best minstrel troupe* that has ever travelled this country.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday—Gilbert Boule, adjourned from Friday, digging a hole in the ground and using the earth in grading a portion of his own premises. It was shown that the cavity had been filled in, and defendant was discharged on paying costs—$2 25. Josephine Jari, adjourned on suspicion of having picked the pocket of Johanna Callahan, a servant girl, of a purse containing $9 07, while standing in the new Auction Room on Sussex Street. It appeared in evidence that the prisoner approached complainant and tried to engage her in conversation on the merits of a watch, which the auctioneer was then expatiating upon. In a few minutes after, on entering a store a few doors off to make a purchase, she discovered her loss. She was certain no one else had been near enough to her to pick her pocket. When afterwards spoken to about it by [illegible] prisoner denied having spoken to her, or being out of the house that evening. She also told Sergeant Davis the same story when he went to search the house and arrest her. Adjourned till Monday.

IMPORTANT ARREST.—About a month ago Detective O'Neil received a warrant for the arrest of a man named Louis Maguire. The said warrant set forth that Louis Maguire with his brother Michael Maguire, both of the parish of St. Giles, district of Quebec, did on the 26th of September, 1865, enter the store of Thomas Walker, Esq., J. P., of the parish of St. Sylvester, between the hours of five and six o'clock p. m., and there did violently and outrageously assault informant with intent to kill and murder him. They dragged him across the counter and with a glass tumbler held in the hand inflicted several severe and dangerous wounds on the head, one of the wounds measuring nearly two inches in length, and a half inch in depth. Three pieces of the tumbler were afterwards found imbedded in the wound. On Saturday morning last, it was discovered that Louis Maguire was on a raft in the river, but he was not personally known. By some of those occult means, however, which detectives use to accomplish their objects, the person sought was induced to walk into the arms of Detective O'Neil, who in ten minutes after despatched a telegraphic announcement of the fact to Quebec; meanwhile the prisoner is in jail. We should have said that Sergeant Davis aided in making the arrest.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Times:

DEAR SIR:—In your issue of the 3rd inst. appeared an article over the signature of "Arnprior," which would naturally lead to the conclusion that the remarks of the writer expressed the sentiments of the people of the place; so far from such being the case, very much indignation has been expressed at the article, and although the remarks are unworthy of notice, we wish to express to the members of Parliament and the other members of the party whom we had the pleasure of receiving, our extreme regret that such a production should have emanated from a resident of our village, as they are unfounded, uncalled for and incorrect. His allusion to the members when he states there were no men of note, was written evidently without any knowledge of the gentlemen about whom he was writing. As there was neither bustle or excitement the only inference to be drawn from this remark is that the writer was actuated by splenetic motives, and we would suggest to your correspondent "Arnprior," that when he again writes over that signature, in justice to the place, he should represent the opinion of the people.

With reference to the excursion, we as a section of the Ottawa country would thank the members of the committee and the other gentlemen connected with it, for their liberal and patriotic spirit in planning and so successfully carrying out an excursion for the purpose of giving members of Parliament an opportunity of seeing and judging for themselves of the, to many of them, unknown resources of our country.

A TRUE REPRESENTATIVE OF ARNPRIOR.

Arnprior, July 7th, 1866.

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The Board met on Friday evening, the 13th instant, pursuant to special notice.

Present,—Messrs. J. D. Slater, Chairman; Abbott, McCloy, May, Kirby, Cunningham and Workman.

The Chairman read a communication from Mr. Samuel Savage, offering for sale Lot No. 4, corner of Bolton and Carleton streets, for the sum of five hundred dollars.—

Moved by Mr. McCloy, seconded by Mr. Abbott, that the communication of Mr. S. Savage be received, and that his terms for sale of Lot No. 4, on corner of Bolton and Carleton streets, be accepted, and the Chairman is hereby authorised to sign a cheque for $200, being the amount required for first instalment, the same to be deposited in the hands of our Solicitor, with instructions to act in behalf of this Board, and to register the same if found free from all claims.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. May, seconded by Mr. Cunningham, that the Chairman be, and is hereby authorized to purchase from James Rochester, Esq., two lots fronting on George and York streets, at the price of £425; title to be examined by the Solicitor to this Board, the same being for a site for a Central School.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Abbott, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the Building Company be authorized to procure a building plan for a Central School; said plan to be submitted to the Board at its next meeting.—Carried.

JAMES JOYNT, Secretary.

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

Minutes of Council, June 30th, 1866.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment Present.—The Reeve, and Messrs. Story, Stevenson and Neil.

The Minutes of last Session were read.

Motion No. 1.—Moved by Mr. Neil, and seconded by Mr. Story, that this Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council resumed; the same members present.

No. 2.—Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that Patrick Henahan be allowed to do his Statute labor on the road across Lot No. 17, in the 5th concession, under the superintendence of the pathmaster of his division.—Carried.

No. 3.—Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. Stephenson, that Mr. Hugh Carry, pathmaster, be directed to do twelve days' Statute labor of his division, from George Hunt's to the corner at the Swamp Hotel, on the seventh concession line.—Carried.

No. 4.—Moved by Mr. Stephenson, and seconded by Mr. Story, that the use of the Hall be given to the Rev'd — Walker, for a service on Sunday next.—Carried.

No. 5.—Moved by Mr. Neil, and seconded by Mr. Stephenson, that the Clerk obtain from the Assessors a copy of the dog tax list, and publish the same in the weekly edition of the *Times*.—Carried.

No. 6.—Moved by Mr. Neil, and seconded by Mr. Stephenson, that this Council do now adjourn until Saturday, the 11th day of August, next.—Carried.

W. V. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.

SCIENTIFIC PAPERS.

Flowering of native and naturalized plants growing in the neighborhood of Ottawa, as observed for the week ending, 14th July, instant, by Dr. McGillivray and Mr. Billings.

258. Ranunculus Pennsylvanicus, L. (Pennsylvanian Crowfoot); 259. Sisymbrium officinale, Scop. (Common Sisymbrium); 260. Silene inflata, Smith. (Bladder Campion); 261. Rhus typhina, L. (Stag-horn Sumach); 262. Spiraea salicifolia, L. (Meadow Sweet); 263. Œnothera biennis, L. (Common Evening Primrose); 264. Œnothera pumila, L. (Low Evening Primrose); 265. Epilobium angustifolium, L. (Spiked Willow Herb); 266. Epilobium coloratum, Muhl. (Colored Willow Herb); 267. Sambucus Canadensis, L. (Common Elder); 268. Antennaria margaritacea, R. Br. (Pearly Everlasting); 269. Cirsium arvense, Scop. (Canada Thistle); 270. Kalmia angustifolia, L. (Sheep Laurel); 271. Plantago major, L. (Common Plantain); 272. Lysimachia stricta, Ait. (Upright Loosestripe); 273. Lysimachia ciliata, L. (Ciliate Loosestripe); 274. Verbascum Thapsus, L. (Common Mullein); 275. Mimulus ringens, L. (Common Monkey-flower); 276. Verbena hastata, L. (Halbert-leaved Vervain); 277. Mentha Canadensis, L. (Canadian Mint); 278. Nepeta Cataria, L. (Common Catmint); 279. Stachys palustris, L. (Marsh Hedge Nettle); 280. Calystegia sepium, R. Br. (Wild Convolvulus); 281. Asclepias incarnata, L. (Swamp Silkweed); 282. Chenopodium album, L. (Lambsquarters); 283. Chenopodium hybridum, L. (Maple-leaved Goosefoot); 284. Polygonum Persicaria, L. (Ladies' Thumb); 285. Asclepias Cornuti, Decaisne. (Common Milkweed); 286. Sagittaria variabilis, Engelm. (Common Arrowhead); 287. Platanthera psychodes, Gray. (Purple Swamp Orchis); 288. Calopogon pulchellus, R. Br. (Calopogon); 289. Lilium Philadelphicum, L. (Red Lilly); 290. Juncus nodosus, L. (Knotty Rush); 291. Juncus filiformis, L. (Slender Rush); 292. Juncus bufonius, L. (Toad Rush); 293. Carex vulpinoidea, Michx. (Fox-Sedge); 294. Carex lupulina, Muhl. (Hop-like Sedge); 295. Carex monile, Tuckerm. (Inflated Sedge); 296. Phleum pratense, L. (Timothy); 297. Poa serotina, Ehrh. (False Red-top); 298. Phalaris arundinacea, L. (Reed Canary-grass); 299. Hypericum perforatum, L. (Common St. John's Wort.

The lists of plants and insects, in the issue of the 9th instant, was for the week ending 7th instant, instead of for the period between 22nd and 30th June, as stated.

Insects observed last week will be included in next catalogue, they could not be worked up in time for the present paper.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, July 12th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 3 o'clock. After routine,

Canada Landed Credit.

The Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Commerce reported the bill to amend the Canada Landed bill with amendments. Amendments concurred in; the capital to be one million.—Third reading to-morrow.

Quebec Bank.

Also, the bill to amend the Charter of the Quebec Bank.—Amendments concurred in and third reading fixed for to-morrow.

Long Point Company.

Hon. Mr. CURRIE moved the supervision of the 53rd rule in respect to this bill.

Hon. Mr. ALLAN said the Private Bill Committee had reported, that they agreed with respect to the proposed canal only, but not with regard to other objects contemplated by the measure, such as railway, harbor, &c., as no notice of these objects had been published. The motion, however, was put and carried.

Moneys in Sheriff's Hands.

Hon. Mr. BUREAU moved that an Address be presented to His Excellency, praying that he will cause to be laid before the House, a statement of the moneys in the hands of the several Sheriffs and Prothonotaries of Lower Canada, in their official capacities, showing the names of the Judicial District of the Sheriff or Prothonotary, of the parties in the causes, the dates, the amounts, the names of the parties to whom due, the reasons for non-payment, the names of the banks in which the moneys are lodged, and the rate of interest allowed thereon.

The hon. member said it was well known that under the new Judicature law, large sums had accumulated in the hands of these functionaries, and it was in the public interest as well as in that of the Government, that the extent of these laws should be known. The Sheriffs and Prothonotaries were only required to account for the principal, and, as large interests accrued, it might be deemed proper that some legislation should be had so that the public treasury might get the benefit instead of these gentlemen. Then if the Sheriffs had larger sums in their hands than were covered by their bonds it might tend to some danger. By means of other statistics, legislation had been a good deal ameliorated, and perhaps the statement now asked might have a similar effect.—Carried.

Parliament Buildings at Toronto.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON inquired whether it was the intention of the Government to restore the Parliament Buildings and the Government House at Toronto, preparatory to placing them in the possession of Upper Canada for the use of the Local Government of that Province?

The hon. member said that these Buildings had been made over by Upper Canada to the Province of Canada at the time of the Union. The Parliamentary Buildings had been partly destroyed by fire and the Government House remained unrepaired. These accidents had both occurred while the premises were occupied as barracks, and he concluded it was but just that the damage should be entirely repaired. Fires had occurred also in the Parliament Buildings at Quebec, and the Governors residence at Spencer Wood had also been destroyed in the same way, but both buildings had been rebuilt, in fact new Parliament Buildings altogether had been erected at Quebec. He hoped the Government would be prepared to say that they intended restoring those at Toronto.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL asked the hon. member to wait until Monday next, to which he consented.

Montreal Harbour Commissioners.

Hon. Mr. GUEVREMONT moved "that an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to have laid before this House an account of the expense incurred by the Trinity House of Montreal in laying down and taking up the Buoys in the years 1865 and 1866—shewing the amount paid to each of the owners of barges and other vessels employed, the number of days employed respectively, and the rate per day paid for each such vessel."—Carried.

Second Readings.

The following bills were read a second time and referred to the Committee.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. ARMAND,—Bill to amend the Act relating to the erection of parishes, the building, and repairs of churches in Lower Canada.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Alexander.—Bill to authorize the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, in Woodstock, to sell their Rectory lands.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL asked why the Trustees of this Church could not dispose of their Rectory lands under the general act which was in progress through the other branch of the Legislature, and which had, as he understood, received the approval of the authorities of the Church of England throughout the Province. Would it not be better to wait until that bill came here, when the hon. member would see whether its provisions would not meet the Woodstock case, as well as the many other cases of a like nature for the use of which it had been prepared?

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER replied that the general Act had not received the approval of the Church of England in the diocese of Huron. It was feared that under it the sales could not be effected so satisfactorily as under the bill now before the House, and besides it was just possible the general bill might not pass, and the promoters of the Woodstock measure wanted to be quite safe by having it at any rate.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL.—He would not oppose the second reading of the bill, but would allow it to go to the Private Bill Committee, with the understanding, however, that the House were not committed, and that it would remain there until the general measure was before the House, when it would be seen whether it could not apply as well to the Woodstock case as to others.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER consented, and the bill was read and referred.

On motion of Hon. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR—Bill to amend the act relating to Crown Criminal Prosecutions and the Law of Evidence;

Also, bill to amend the law relating to Attorneys.

On motion of Hon. Mr FERRIER—Bill to amend the Act Incorporating the Montreal Mercantile Library Association;

Also, bill to permit the Trustees of St. Paul's Church, in Montreal, to sell said church and site, and to buy and build in another part of the city.

On motion of Hon D. McDONALD—Bill to seperate the Township of Wawash into two distinct municipalities.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ALLAN—Bill to confirm the Will of the late Robert Jackson of Scarboro'.

The hon. member explained that Mr. Jackson had had two families and had left his property to the children of his second wife, but in consequence of the will having been witnessed by only one person it could not be executed. Now the children by the first wife were all willing that the will should take effect, and had signed the documents showing that they were those which he had by him. It was needful that the property should be used in part for the benefit of the younger children, the youngest of whom was only five years old, as there were no other means of providing for them.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL asked why the parties seeking the bill had not appealed to the Court of Chancery, which he believed was quite competent to deal with the matter.

Hon. Mr. ALLEN was not heard distinctly but seemed to say there were doubts about it.

The bill was then read and referred.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER, Bill to incorporate the college of St Jerome at Berlin,—a college already in existence.

On motion of M. C. DUCHESNEY, Bill to attach part of the Township of Aylmer to the Parish of St. Vital, County Beauce;

Also a Bill to attach part of the Township of Broughton to the Parish of St. Frederick, in the same county.

The House then adjourned.

PRESENTATION.

(From the Mount Forest Examiner.)

The removal of our late fellow-townsman, Mr. Alex. Robertson, from among us, to fulfil an engagement on a leading journal in the new capital, was made the occasion, by his friends here, of testifying their appreciation of his services, both during and since his connection with the *Examiner*, to the interests of our village, and of his abilities as a public writer, as also of the warm personal friendships which has grown up between him and all classes of our people during his residence in our midst. The subject was taken up by the Village Council last week, and the address then ordered to be presented to him was handsomely supplemented by the generous action of the people, who decided that the address should be accompanied by some more substantial token of their esteem. The gift very appropriately decided on was a gold pen and pencil case, and a silver inkstand, both of which were manufactured for the occasion by Mr. Sadler of Mount Forest, each bearing the inscription, "Presented to A. Robertson, by his Mount Forest friends, 1866." The massive top of the inkstand is elaborately worked, and reflects the greatest credit on Mr. Sadler's artistic abilities, as does also the workmanship of the pen-holder, both of which form a very valuable present, honorable alike to the donors and recipient.

The presentation took place on Friday evening last, at Hewitt's Hall, in presence of a large number of our principal citizens of all classes. The Reeve, on rising to discharge the duty, expressed in feeling terms his regret at parting with one whom they had all esteemed as a friend, and proceeded to read the following

Address.

"*Alexander Robertson, Esq.:*

"DEAR SIR,—We, your fellow-townsmen, though differing among ourselves in political and religious sentiments, unite on this occasion to bid you a cordial farewell, on the eve of your departure from amongst us, and to wish you every success and happiness in your new sphere, where you shall have a more extended and fitting field for the exercise of your energies.

"We shall always revert with feelings of lively interest to the events of those years in which you have taken so prominent a part, to advance the material and social interests of our village.

"Your political allies have always regarded you as the most able advocate of their principles; those of a different political creed as their most honorable opponent—scorning to make use of any political weapon unworthy of a gentleman.

"While we tender you our best wishes, we do not fail to forget your excellent and accomplished partner in life, who has our tenderest sympathies.

"Permit us to present to you this small gift, as a token of sincere friendship; and to hope that the remembrance of your Mount Forest friends may, in future years, prove an additional incentive to use this pen vigorously in defence of justice, liberty, and moderation.

"We have the honor to be,
"Your sincere friends,
"JOHN JEAB, Reeve.

"Mount Forest, 28th June, 1866."

Mr. Robertson replied as follows:—

"*Mr. Reeve and Very Dear Friends,*—

"I receive with the most grateful feelings the assurance of your sincere friendship, expressed in the very flattering address with which you have been pleased to present me, in this public manner, on the eve of my removal to other scenes, where, I can assure you, the recollection of your kindness will be a constant source of happiness to me, all the more affecting that to the remembrance of our friendly and intimate intercourse of the past few years will be added the memory of this occasion, which stirs, in me, feelings that are too deep for utterance.

"The events of those years in which it has been my pleasure to work so harmoniously with all classes of my fellow-townsmen for the progress of Mount Forest, can never be reverted to by me without feeling that my humble efforts—always honestly and energetically put forth—have been more than repaid by the kindness and courtesy I have uniformly received at your hands. That these efforts are thus publicly acknowledged, imposes upon me the duty of thanking you for the very generous interpretation you have always put upon my motives, and which, I can assure you, on all questions of local import had but the prosperity of Mount Forest as their aim.

"If, as you kindly say, my political friends have regarded me as an able advocate of their principles, and those differing from me, as their most honorable opponent, I feel that I have already achieved the dearest object of my ambition as a political writer—the respect of my opponents, and the confidence of my friends. Your kind appreciation of my honest endeavors to prevent political differences from marring the harmony of private friendship, or cooling the warmth of personal intercourse, shall ever be prized by me as a compliment the most grateful to my feelings; but truth compels me to add that my efforts in this direction would have been fruitless indeed, were it not that I, and those who have pulled with me in the same party lines were always met in a spirit of equal generosity and forbearance; and I trust that the recollection of the kindly intercourse which distinguished Mount Forest, at a time when political feeling ran high in the Province, may serve still more to obliterate political animosities, when our common country shall have entered upon a new career of progress and prosperity, under an extended and consolidated political system for the accomplishment of which all parties have made generous sacrifices, and towards which all parties look with bright hopes for the future.

"The expression of your tenderest sympathies toward Mrs. Robertson meet with a cordial response from the innermost recesses of our hearts. The severe domestic affliction which we have both been called upon to bear, during the past few weeks, has been lightened by the tender attentions of the people of Mount Forest, and both Mrs. Robertson and myself will remember with pleasure to our latest hour, those manifestations of sympathy in our time of trial, which appeared rather as the results of a life-long friendship than the fruits of a few years of kindly intimacy.

"I shall value your appropriate and costly presents, not only for their intrinsic and artistic merits, both of which exceed anything that I have deserved at your hands, but especially for the sincere feelings of personal attachment of which they are the spontaneous and generous offering. Be assured that I heartily reciprocate all the good wishes that have been so cordially extended to me within the past few days, and now formally tendered by the worthy head of your corporation; that I shall ever cherish these valuable and costly tokens of your friendship; and that I shall endeavor to use them only as you hope, "in defence of justice, liberty, and moderation," accepting the remembrance of my Mount Forest friends as an incentive to pursue, elsewhere, the course, I am gratified to find, has been so warmly approved by them, here.

"In bidding you good bye, I beg to assure you of my best wishes for your individual welfare, and for the progress and prosperity of your village, and though far away I shall never forget these warm friendships which I have formed since I came amongst you, and which you have doubled my obligation to cherish by this crowning act of your friendship to-night.

"I remain,
"Mr. Reeve and gentlemen,
"Yours, very sincerely,
"ALEX. ROBERTSON.

"Mount Forest, June 28th, 1866."

NORTH OXFORD ELECTION.—Mr. Oliver's majority over Dr. Clark, at the close of the poll was 653. The following are the returns:

	Oliver.	Clark.
Woodstock,	226	99
Blenheim,	260	190
Blandford,	183	47
East Zorra,	228	78
West Zorra,	187	42
East Nissouri,	176	60
Embro maj.,	9	
Majority for Oliver, 653.		

—The Detroit Company have had two very fair shows of oil in their well on the Moore farm

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Ship Laborers on a strike in Quebec.

THEY ARE A HARD CROWD.

Possession taken of the Quebec and Levis Ferry.

The Roughs attempt to drive the Laborers from the "Simonds."

Captain Leavitt loads a Cannon and arms his men.

The Water Police and the "Aurora's" crew called out.

QUEBEC, July 14th.—The ship laborers of this locality have recently been holding meetings and making considerable agitation, to increase the rate of wages. Ship captains, well knowing the roughs with whom they had to deal, moved over and got into loading berths at Levis, where a more peaceable class of people than those of the den Champlain were to be had, and there proceeded with their work. All went quiet until Thursday, when the vessels had to cross to the opposite shore. The strikers determined to stop work on the other side, and assembled in force at Levis, and proceeded to the St. Lawrence docks and warehouse Company's wharves, at south Quebec, where the men working at ships had to desist from labor in consequence of intimidation.

At 1 yesterday morning 80 men of the Ship Labourer's Society, as we are informed, went on board the Levis ferry steamer without paying their fare, and on the captain and purser attempting to put the intruders ashore, they were outnumbered and threatened with a beating. Meanwhile sympathisers on the wharf applauded the mob on board, and shouted to them to seize the vessel, the better so to carry out the ends they had in view.

Passengers in the cabins were greatly alarmed, and would have gone ashore but for the steamer having put off, and the captain of the crowd ordered his men to ascend to the upper deck and crowd about the wheel house, while others gathered menacingly round the engineers' room, who seized an iron bar and threatened to strike down the first man who should attempt to interfere with the management of the vessel.

The Engineer, however, was struck down by one of the crow, on the Levis side. The Capt. is about to take out a warrant against the leaders. The strikers landing at the opposite shore were reenforced by a crowd of three hundred armed with sticks, and they marched to Davy's patent ship yard. The proprietor closed the gates, and warned them off, but they got over the fence, and made their way through the yard, despite Mr. Davy's protestations, till they reached the ship *Simonds*, Capt. Leavett, whose laborers they intended to drive from the place. The Captain loaded a small cannon, and all the arms on board, and threatened to fire upon any one who came over the sides. He thus kept them at bay, till information had been sent to the Mayor of Levis.

Mr. Russell of the Water Police, and the commander of the frigate *Aurora*, who on requisition of the Mayor, sent their boats with crews fully armed, to protect the *Simonds*, and arrest the strikers, that they might be brought to trial. The fellows, however, made themselves scarce before legal force could be brought. They threatened to return to-day, and the impression among the labouring classes along the South shore is, that the bread for themselves and their families is to be lost by the designs of these rowdies. It is the intention of the mayor of Levis to call out armed force in sufficient numbers to repress these disorderlies.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, 14th.—The morning papers contain the following items from Washington: There seems to be a general acceptance to-night of the belief that Congress will at least not adjourn at present. Leading members since the crisis in the Cabinet, are more than ever inclined to prolong the session.

A Washington telegram says, we have again a batch of rumors of Cabinet changes. It is reported that Mr. Speed sent his resignation to the President yesterday, and yet he was present at the Cabinet meeting to-day, and remained to the close, leaving in company with Secretarys Stanton and Seward. We have no authentic information that Mr. Speed has resigned, though as stated last night, there is good authority for saying that both Speed and Harlan will be out of the Cabinet in a few days.

It was rumored that the President has notified Secretary Stanton, that his resignation would be accepted, and that he as well as Mr. Speed will send in their letters of withdrawal to-day. Mr. Harlan will not resign until compelled too.

Gov. Randall is believed to be the successor of Mr. Dennison.

Gen. Grant will take charge of the war office, and Judge Browning will have the Interior Department.

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, 13th.—Reports just received from Denvers and the gold regions says, that the most serious apprehensions are felt there, and upon the great overland route as the Indian bands assembled at Fort Laramie at the peace treaty, have taken the war path. All reports agree that a band of 600 Sioux were in the vicinity of McPherson, and had passed then well armed and with plenty of ammunition.

Near Fort Zaramee, upon the Little Blue, 20 miles west of this place, a band of Cheyennes have been murdering settlers, setting fire to their houses, stealing and running off their cattle. The inhabitants are abandoning their homes and crops, and are moving to the river settlements.

The whole region between the Kansas and Platte is overrun with hostile bands, who are now assuming the offensive.

The number in the bands now on the rampage is estimated at 10,000.

Bands of Sioux and Cheyennes have attacked and killed whites on the plains. Unless a large force is at once sent to the frontier, there will be a vast amount of property destroyed, and many lives lost. The panic is great, and causes immense excitement among the frontier people.

NEW YORK, 14.—John Minor Botts publishes a reply to J. B. Baldwin's statement, and denies that in his interview with the late President Lincoln, in 1861, any proposition was offered, looking to the withdrawal of troops from Fort Sumpter, in case Virginia refused to secede.

NEW YORK 14th.—Much excitement exists in financial circles caused by alleged frauds in connection with the North River Bank, of Hoboken. It is said worthless notes, bonds, stocks, &c., have been taken to the Bank and deposited, for which certificates of deposit bearing interest were received and with these certificates of deposit purchases, have been made of real estate, merchandise &c., in this city and various parts of the country. It is said that Wall street is flooded with this paper. George W. Chadwick, who is supposed to be vice-president of the bank, has been arrested and committed. Samuel Jackson was also arrested as an accessory.

WASHINGTON, 14th.—The President this a.m., nominated to the Senate A. W. Randell, now first assistant to the Postmaster-General, in the place of Dennison resigned. No other resignations of the Cabinet officers had been received by the President up to noon to-day.

NEW YORK, July 14th.—Steamer *City of Cork* from Liverpool June 29th, has arrived. News anticipated.

The steamer for Europe took to-day out $129,030 in treasure.

CONCORD, N. H. July 14th—A fire broke out here last evening, which destroyed Ford & Kimball's extensive Iron Foundry with the outbuilding, B. F. Ginkle & Co's. large machine shops, and 3 dwelling houses; the loss amounts to $40,000, less than half of which was insured.

NEW YORK, July 14th.—The *Post's* money article says, gold is quiet, and the transactions limited, the lending rate, is unchanged; the loan market is supplied with idle capital, offered at five and six per cent. Three millions currency will be distributed from the treasury next week. The stock market is quiet, but firm; Governments steady; State stock account and Railroad bonds strong, and Bank shares quiet; Railroad shares in active demand, especially N. W. Railroad; Old Southern, and Erie; after Board N. Y. Central closed at 99⅞; Erie, 74⅞.

AGRICULTURAL MATTERS.

Seasonable Hints.

SHEEP SHEARING.—Is hard work—trying to the back-ache of the workman. There is a great deal of the [illegible] ability of men for shearing sheep, some shearing fifty head per day, with [illegible] others would shear half that [illegible]. There are but few who will shear very [illegible] the same time do it well. The rapid shearer too often clips the wool unevenly, cuts the sheep and tears and tangles the fleece. The good workman will clip rapidly, cut close and evenly, and keep the fleece compact and entire. It is a good practice to keep about one hand to three shearers, to roll up and tie the fleece; a box of suitable dimensions facilitates the latter operation. Should cold nights follow shearing, the sheep should be housed.

WASHING SHEEP.—We should wait until the weather is not uncomfortable; select a place in a pretty rapid stream, where the water is about four feet deep, where there is a convenient place to yard the sheep, and a clean one to turn them out after they are washed. One washer should be employed to every twenty-five sheep. The sheep should be driven slowly to the washing place, so as to neither heat nor excite them. A careful hand should catch the sheep (always around the neck, never by the wool,) and hand them to the washers, who should treat them gently, and wash them as expeditiously as possible, squeezing the wool between the hands until the water flows clear from it when the sheep should be aided to the dry land—held a moment to allow the great weight of water to drain off, and then released. If sheep washed in this way are kept in a clean pasture until dry, and then sheared, their wool will be worth fifteen per cent more than unwashed wool. After the dawn of the temperance reformation, farmers clung to the practice of furnishing liquors to the hands at sheep-washing after it had been abandoned on all other occasions. Yet I know of no time when liquor was productive of more mischief than at sheep-washing. Hands that had imbibed too freely, would soon begin to maltreat the sheep, catching them by the wool—throwing them into the water, ducking them, &c., and I have known the sheep to grow "mighty strong," throwing the water down, and ducking him, to the great amusement of the company.

CUTTING HAY EARLY.—There seems to be a great diversity of opinion in regard to the time for cutting grass. I think, however, that if any farmer will once thoroughly try the experiment of cutting his grass when the clover has fairly blossomed, and the timothy is just heading out, or even a little earlier, and feed his milch cows alternately upon this hay, and that which is cut at the usual time—that is, when the clover is about half "turned," and timothy in blossom, or a little later—and the result will demonstrate to him the superiority of early cut hay. Come, brother farmers, you who have never tried this, make the experiment this year, and report the result in the *Farmer*. If you do not wish to cut all your hay earlier than usual, just take a piece, the larger the better, that produces a heavy crop, and cut it somewhere from the 18th to the 25th June, and again the first week in August.

Last year I cut some of my grass in this way, and although it cost more to cut and cure it I think the extra value of the hay much more than compensated me for the extra expense. I fed most of it to my cattle and sheep when they first came to the barn in the fall, and found that my cows "held out" their milk much better than usual, and my sheep; instead of moping around and refusing to eat as many will do when changed from grass to late cut hay, all, even the lambs, took hold of it with a keen relish, and went into the winter without losing flesh and without grain, and came out in better flesh than usual this spring. I attribute this result to the early cut hay or rowen, although they were fed upon it only some three weeks, when they first came to the barn. I would say that the rest of my hay was all cut in July. The first of March one of my cows calved, and having saved some rowen for the purpose, I fed her upon it some three weeks, without any other food. I then put her upon nice July cut hay, with two quarts of meal—[illegible] and oats ground together—and four quarts of carrots per day, and she shrunk in her milk nearly two quarts per day, from the quantity she gave on rowen alone.

—The estimated losses by fire on the 4th of July, throughout the United States, are set down at [illegible].

J.F. Carruthers, barrister of Toronto died on Thursday last while taking a bath.—Verdict rendered Apoplexy.

—It is stated that Sir. J. P. Grant, and not Lord Alfred Churchill, will be the new Governor of Jamaica.

—A jury empannelled in New York represents seventy-five millions of dollars. Belmont, Astor, Stewart, and others, compose it.

—A recent fire in Virginia city, Nevada, destroyed property to the amount of $200,000, and rendered 400 families houseless.

—A large number of American families attracted by the cheapness of living in Canada are settling down in London, C. W., and house rents are consequently advancing.

COMMERCIAL.

Revenue and Expenditure.

Below we publish the Revenue and Expenditure of the Province, for the month ending 30th June, 1866:

		AMOUNT.
REVENUE :—	Customs	$589,576 87
	Excise	283,062 38
	Bill Stamp Duty	5,458 16
	Post Office	37,403 02
	Crown Lands Department.	140,955 25
	Miscellaneous	175,135 31
	Total	$1,231,590 99
EXPENDITURE		$ 541,600 61

Thursday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 12.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50 @ 9 00	
Extra	8 00 @ 8 50	
Fancy	7 50 @ 8 00	
Welland Canal Superfine	6 65 @ 6 75	
Bag Flour	3 60 @ 3 75	
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 65 @ 6 75	
No 1 Western	0 00 @ 0 00	
No. 2 "	6 30 @ 6 50	
Canada Wheat	1 50 @ 1 54	
Western "	1 45 @ 1 50	
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36 @ 37	
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50 @ 55	
BUTTER—Dairy	17 @ 18	
Store-Packed	16 @ 17	
ASHES—Pots	5 40 @ 5 42	
Pearls	7 00 @ 7 00	

New York Markets.

New York, July 14.

STOCKS—Higher. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 152¼ and closed at 152.¼

COTTON—Quiet and firm. Sales at 35 @ 37½ for middling.

FLOUR—Dull. Receipts 3,688 barrels at 10c @ 25c lower. Sales 4,300 barrels at $6.15 @ 7.85 superfine State; $7.35 @ 7.50 for extra State; $8.55 @ 10.00 for choice do; $6.10 @ 7.80 for superfine Western; $7.45 @ $9.65 for common to good extra Western, and $8.40 @ 10.00 for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour dull and 10c @ 15c lower. Sales 200 barrels at $8.80 @ 10.20 for common, and $10.25 @ 13.50 for good to choice extra.

RYE—Flour quiet, at $6.75 @ 7.40.

WHEAT—Receipts 817 bushels. Market very dull, and common grades strongly tending downwards. Sales 800 bushels New Jersey at $2.93 @ 3.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon it for 1861, amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cents per bottle. 178-a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhoea.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.

N. GUIMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me to say with candid earnestness, never lay down to rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davis's Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilized world. 178-a

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion with its invariable concomitants, a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases one dose of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together. Chronic headache, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex, can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF adheres on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the best which is on its surface weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, Hair Dresser, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

BIRTH.

At Aylmer, C. E., on the 14th inst., the wife of J. Delisle, Esq., Advocate, of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.

If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

Portraits in Oil.

W. SAWYER, Portrait Painter, having visited Ottawa, may be seen for the present at Spencer's Photographic Rooms, Sparks Street, and requests those desirous of securing his services, to call immediately as his stay will be but short.

N.B.—Specimens of work may be seen at his rooms and Durie's Book Store. Photographs copied with exactness. 178-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNT.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.

176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

☞ Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount. 175tf

Ottawa Grammar School.

PRINCIPAL........J. THORBURN, M.A.
1st ASSIST. MASTER........J. McMILLAN, B.A.
2nd do do ....A. McLAREN.
FRENCH MASTER........MONS. DORION.

THE SUMMER TERM of the above Institution will commence on MONDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER next. The class rooms have undergone a thorough renovation, and have been supplied with new desks and seats of the most recent and improved style. At the urgent request of many parents arrangements have been made for a *preparatory form*, in which boys will be prepared for entering the Grammar School Department.

On Monday, 3rd September, at 9 a. m., 12 scholarships will be competed for on the following terms: The 4 boys gaining the highest number of marks shall receive scholarships tenable for 3 years; the 4 obtaining the next highest number shall receive scholarships tenable for 2 years; and the 4 next in merit shall receive scholarships tenable for 1 year. Pupils attending *any of the city schools* are eligible to these scholarships.

The subjects of examination will be English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, British History, and Spelling. No competitor, unless he shows a creditable proficiency in these branches, shall be entitled to a scholarship.

J. THORBURN, M. A., Principal.

175 3

PERRY DAVIS
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

SPENCER'S PATENT
HERMETICALLY SEALED
FRUIT JARS!
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success

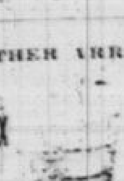
THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their old glass jars, by procuring this cover. Beach & Co., of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sparks Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street, Agents for Canada.
175-a

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF
Ice Box Refrigerators



FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

BLACK WALNUT.
THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.
178a THOS. CAMPBELL.

VICTORIA HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House. Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

TOBACCOS.
RANKIN
Oh! dear, what can the matter be.
Oh! dear, what can the matter be.
Oh! dear, what can the matter be.
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.
WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?
ONLY TO GET SOME
CIGARS!
I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose we knows.
That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore
GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!
Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS.
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!
From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS...from 2 cts up to 10 cts.
Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS.
26½ SPARKS ST..
NORTH SIDE.
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses, and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT, Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

AMUSEMENTS.
Ottawa Orphan's Home.
A GRAND
PROMENADE CONCERT!
In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held
AT THE SKATING RINK
On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.
Tickets 25 cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

ST. PATRICK'S

Literary Association.
ANNUAL PIC-NIC!
—AT THE—
Wright House Gardens, Hull,
—ON—
Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.
THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place.
Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.
Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.
Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.
The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.
175-td J. McCARRON, Secretary.

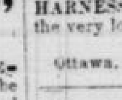
H. M. THEATRE.
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!
TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
Saturday and Monday, July 14 & 16.
The Great Confederation of distinguished Ethiopian Artistes.
Burgess, Prendergast And LaRue's
MINSTRELS!
UNIVERSALLY AND UNDENIABLY
THE CHAMPION TROUPE OF AMERICA
And the Autocrats of all Minstrelsy.
Twenty Brilliant Stars, under the personal Supervision of the greatest of all living Ethiopian Comedians,
COOL BURGESS.
MARVELLOUS VOCAL QUARTETTE,
Prendergast, Sweet, Fredericks and Stone.
SEXTETTE OF COMEDIANS,
Cool Burgess, Charley Gardner, Charley Reynolds, Geo. Reynolds, T. B. Prendergast, and A. C. Stone.
THE WONDERFUL UTICA BOYS.
Double Clog Exercises.
BRILLIANT ORCHESTRA,
W. A. Owen, Frank Bowles, Harry French, J. Timpson, and A. C. Stone.
SWEET'S BASS SOLOS,
Fredericks' "Beautiful Isle of the Sea."
FRANK BOWLES' Magic Echo Cornet Solo.
An entire new programme by the largest and most versatile company, and most remarkable combination of Instrumental, Vocal, Comic and Terpsichorean talent ever confederated in one organization.
Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½; concert will commence at 8½ precisely.
D. C. LaRUE, Manager.
CHAS. B. GRISTE, Agent. 171-td

FIR! FIRE!! FIRE!!
Hurrah for the Queen Company
THE FIRST GRAND
ANNUAL PIC-NIC
OF THE
QUEEN FIRE COMPANY
WILL COME OFF AT
WRIGHT'S HOUSE!
(Lately kept by J. P. Dorney.)
HULL LANDING.
Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor of the Gardens.
On Monday, the 16th of July, 1866.
Accommodation for dancing and other sports will be provided for; and this being our first Pic-Nic will prove to the public a great day of enjoyment to all. In addition to the above sport the company will give $100 in prizes in the course of the day.
The following is the list of Programme:

	1st prize.	2nd.
100 yards dash	$3	$2
Boys' race, under 15 years, ¼ mile	2	1
Half mile race	3	2
Champion race, 1 mile	4	2
Hurdle race, 300 yards, over 5 hurdles	3	2
One standing leap	2	1
3 standing jumps	3	1
Hop, step and leap	2	1
Running high leap	2	1
Standing high leap	3	1

There will be also a half mile horse race, open to all working horses, over hurdles, best two out of three heats; entrance $1. 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.
At the conclusion of this race the riders will be changed, and the same race run over again, the last horse coming in to be the winner.
There will be in attendance the Queen Brass Band, and also one of the first class Quadrille Bands, (Marea's).
Refreshments can be obtained on the ground at reasonable rates. Small boats will run between the Queen's Wharf, Mr. Sterling's Brewery, and the Gardens at all hours of the day. The Gardens will be opened at 9 a.m. Dancing will commence at 2 p.m. precisely. Entrance to each game 25 cents.
The celebrated young Canadian Rope Walker will give three exhibitions during the day.
TICKETS, 25 CENTS EACH.
Tickets can be had at P. O'Meara's Saloon, and at Proderick's Confectionary, and from members of the company.
There will be also a troupe of Canadian serenaders, belonging to the company, in attendance.
By order,
J. H. BERICHON, Secretary.
P. FAVEREAU, Captain.
Ottawa, July 10. 173td

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD
We Raise from our Ashes!!
REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.
In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY, Executor.
174-d

AUCTION SALES.
NOTICE.
JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham Ware,
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spitteons.
Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
T. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.
158y

NOTICE.
A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.
HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.
Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
Terms Cash on delivery.
158-l O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.
A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other House in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.
Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.
Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

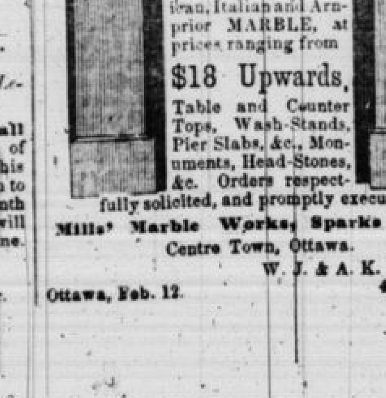
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.
The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.
12y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

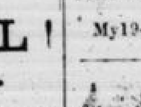
FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - - OTTAWA.
THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame; 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

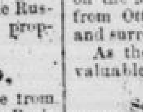
FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26, and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to JOHN MACAULAY, Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m



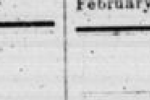
RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf



HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY, Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRTMAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street.
166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars, J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
Commencing on Monday
Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE
STOCK OF REMNANTS,
(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)
ARE CLEARED OUT.
BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20, Sparks Street.
OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!
Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.
How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.
AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained; or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO., Agents for Manufacturers, 34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.--LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.
JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.
PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.
THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE, Agent Ottawa, No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.
CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. T COCHRANE, OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

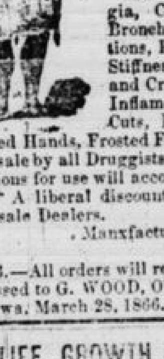
FOR SALE!
300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

BRITISH AMERICAN
Commercial College,
"TIMES" BUILDING, OTTAWA,
(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)
THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical
Business Education.
The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandizing, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing, address, enclosing stamp,
MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 9. 21w-3m

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD, Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 29, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME
RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF
CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.
Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of
Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,
And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at
Reduced Prices!
Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.
SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS.
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.
Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.
MAGEE & RUSSELL
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS
New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLETE
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y
NEW SPRING GOODS

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS
And will be found replete with every NOVELTY, OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.
O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,
Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds
Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of
MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand
Orders Promptly Attended to.
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

SHOP AND DWELLING.—House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.
Ottawa, May 23. 132-tf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two-storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pump, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 8 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46 utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as Woodburn, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 5, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 2? acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.
—ALSO—
A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.
—ALSO—
LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.
—ALSO—
A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do., planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do., 1 scroll do., 1 moulding machine, 1 tenoneting do., 1 power morticing do., 1 Foot do., 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N.Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 29, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.
SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

On MONDAY the 28th inst. and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLT
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MNS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand.

☞ Orders Promptly Attended to. ☜
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. O'MEARA & CO. 94-t

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the
Rideau Street Auction Room.
A large consignment of
Stock and Rockingham-Ware,
Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of
Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.
Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.
A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.
O. WARDELL & Co.
HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by
PUBLIC AUCTION,
Every evening at 7 o'clock.
Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice
IN
Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,
AT THE
VARIETY HALL!
No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.
Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,
New and Second Hand.
Walnut and common Furniture, new and second-hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

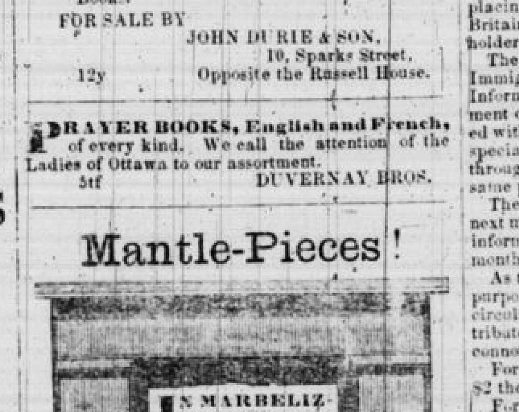
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
IMPORTERS OF
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS,
AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
SUITABLE FOR
Birthday and Wedding Presents.
Ottawa, July 1. 1-y

Books & Magazines.
The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
12y Opposite the Russell House.

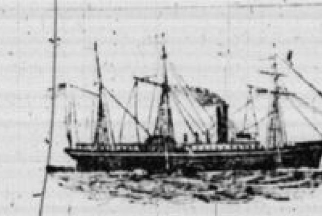
PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
☞ Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.

☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice, that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46", N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

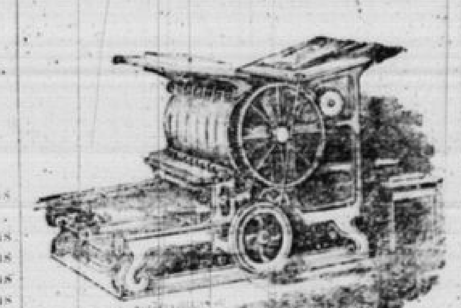
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 8th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning; said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion; and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 19. 62-tf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.
ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.
ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Maker to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

CIRCULAR No. 175.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 13th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited: save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*
WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eighth chapter of "Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in said Province. Now KNOW YE, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT,
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods bona fide exported to this Province from any country, but passing in transitu through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to free as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4 29tf

VOL. I. NO.

THE POST OFFICE, OTT[AWA]
DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF M[AILS]

MAILS.	DELIV'Y
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p / 6.00 p / 8.00 a
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	12.30 p
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a
[Ke]mptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p

RATES OF POSTAGE
To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Co[lumbia]... Letters for British Columbia, Germany... Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAI[D] To the United States 10 cts.—pre...
English Mails, per H. & A. Alla[n] Steamships, via Portland, close ... Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via N... alternate Saturday, at Noon, postag[e] Boston, every alternate Monday, at N... REGISTERED LETTERS must be prep[aid] and thirty minutes prior to the closi[ng]
☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, ...
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. ...'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, ... Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. MUR...
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. ... side of York Street, two doors from S... Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CONNO[R]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., ... OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HAY...
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers, Not... OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elg... E. B. HAYCOCK. ...ebruary 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHET...
ADVOCATE. Office: No. ... Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchett[e is] prepared to attend promptly to a... Government employes, and the p... may entrust him. Mr. B. attends r... sit in and for the district of Queb[ec] December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WR...
ADVOCATES, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. ... Mr. Wright will attend at Hull o[n] Fridays of every week. ...AS. COLMAN. W. McKAY WR... Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHER...
BARRISTER, &c., Ott... Telegraph Buildings, Metcal... Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KE...
BARRISTER and Atto... Solicitor in Chancery, Conve... Office: Opposite Post Office, El... rooms lately occupied by the Cust... Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTO...
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, ... Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MA...
BARRISTER, Attorney... OFFICE: Horne's Building... and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEO...
BARRISTER, Etc., for ... OFFICES: Court House, Ay... ...am, C.E. ☞ Attends to all Law Cour[ts] Ottawa. February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEM...
BARRISTERS, Attorn... Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, ... ROBERT LEES. Jo... Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DA...
BARRISTER, Solicitor... Notary Public, Clerk of th... Crown Attorney, for the United ... and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, ... January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & N...
BARRISTERS and At... Solicitors-in-Chancery, C... ...Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Buildin[g] ...ttawa. WM. CLEGG. T... ...ttawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK ...
BARRISTERS and At... Solicitors in Chancery, ... Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, op... Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. ...ttawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HU...
LAND Agent and (Bris...) lie, has removed his office a few doors to the South of D... is prepared to transact any... with the Crown Lands Depar... Land Claims, taking out Pat... any agency for parties havin... of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDIC[AL]

DR. OLIVER ...
DENTIST. Office: S... tral Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. M...
DENTIST. Office: S... Messrs. Campbell & C... Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M...
HOMŒPATHIC P... and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Bloc... he office at night. References: Rev. George ... John Smith, Bowmanville ... Clarke; Duncan Campbell, ...nto; John Hall, M.D., J. A... Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WO...
LATE of Quebec. ... Square.

DR. C. I...
PHYSICIAN, Surge... Office: Hunton's Bloc...

JOHN SWEET...
PHYSICIAN, Surge... attending Physician ... tal. Office and residenc... Mosgrove Streets, nearly o... ...'s. Entrance on Mosgr... Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C...
PHYSICIAN, Surg... Ottawa, C.W. Day ... Sparks Street, Center To... Residence, Maria Street, C... CANCERS CURED, without... new, but certain, speedy, ... cess. References given ... treated, if required. Th... Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J...
WELLINGTON S... of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 18...

DR. O'...
YORK Street, opp... tel. Ottawa, F... 7, 18...

Legislative Council Reading Room

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 179. OTTAWA C. W., TUESDAY JULY 17, 1866. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Hill's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
...ville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
...	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
... & N. Templeton	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID. To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts.; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 45-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
J. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 47-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffis's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate, will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 3, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL!
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
11 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer,............1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.
Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
☞ ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:15 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included).......... $2.50
Steerage.......... 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866. 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*
BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
SITZ	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS.	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.
Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.
FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.
Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!
IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL
☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.
FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.
LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.
Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
☞ Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 166tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1841.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug-steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious, sidewheel steamers,
BAY STATE,.......... Capt. J. B. ESTES.
ONTARIO,.......... Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
CATARACT,..........
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m.
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,.......... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,.......... Capt. C. B. DEWITT,
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
☞ Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.
June 2. 149-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

The Wright House—Arthur J. Lemon.
Election—Archibald Graham.
Fans—Sheffield House.
Horse Lost—T. Isaac.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000**: and Weekly over **4,000**: making a total circulation in the week of **over 18,000**: thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 17, 1866.

We have only space to direct attention to the highly important news from Europe, which will be seen under the telegraphic head. The total defeat of the Austrians, in connection with the important statement copied from the Paris *Moniteur*, may be taken as indicating a speedy termination of hostilities, and the adjustment of the European difficulty by diplomacy.

In the House yesterday afternoon a number of private bills were read a third time and passed. The famous Lincoln County Town Bill, after a debate, in which the member for Niagara took a prominent part, was amended at the suggestion of the Attorney-General West, and passed through Committee. A question of privilege occupied the rest of the afternoon. It was brought up by the member for Compton, who had been entrusted with the key of Hon. Mr. Alleyn's desk, during his absence, and who complained that Mr. Fergusson, (Simcoe) had taken possession of it, opening the desk, and getting a new lock put on, &c. The member for South Simcoe, having been patriotically engaged at the opening of the Session, in the defence of his country, only arrived in time to find every seat in the House "ticketed," except at the extreme corners from the Speaker, where nothing could be heard of the proceedings, and where, as a matter of course, he had no desire to sit. He has, therefore, been compelled to move from one seat to another, until finding the seat of the member for Quebec vacant, he took possession, as stated by Mr. Pope. The affair was the occasion of a good deal of debate, of rather a humorous, but by no means important character, and was still the subject of conversation when the Speaker left the chair at six o'clock.

In the evening a large number of private bills were advanced a stage. Several questions were put by members. Mr. Wallbridge introduced his motion for a grant of land for a Railway from Belleville to Madoc, which, after discussion, was withdrawn and the House adjourned before eleven o'clock.

The recent discussion on the Want of Confidence motion has prematurely forced upon the attention of the country the question of the reconstruction of parties. The Coalition which united the Conservatives and Reformers of Upper Canada, in support of the great project of Confederation, is now considered to be approaching the completion of its allotted task, and when that shall have been accomplished it is supposed that its component parts should return to their previous attitude of hostilities towards each other. This, indeed, appears to have been Mr. Brown's idea, from his line of argument in discussing the tariff. It has been from the first a cardinal point with him to make the Coalition appear as a mere temporary arrangement for the accomplishment of a specific object—a partnership which should expire by effluxion of time. That he left the concern and endeavored to make a party division, even before the Coalition had done its work, shows his anxiety to return to a state of things, of which the country generally is thankful to be rid, whilst the result of that endeavor must have convinced him that this was not the time to re-assert his authority over the Reformers of Upper Canada.

Those who look forward, with [illegible] to a renewal of the old state of party lines, in Upper Canada, should consider [illegible] upon the country in former years. Was it advantageous to that section of the Province to have the best energies of its public men waste in a vain struggle to maintain or assert their political supremacy? Was it desirable that their numerical equality in the United Legislature should be practically reduced by party division to the position of a minority? Did not the even balance between them bring the Government of the country almost to a dead lock? Surely in the face of an affirmative answer to each of these queries, no one can pretend, that the restoration of party, for its own sake, can be anything but injurious to the best interests of the country, however much it might please individuals, who may regard it as a means for the gratification of their own personal ambition.

Not only is the restoration of old party lines exceedingly undesirable, as the country has been taught by its experience of the past; but the very action of the Coalition Government will result in the removal of the last vestiges of the old causes of division, thereby making it practically impossible, without the prostitution of principle to the interests of party. With the advent of the new system of government will come new issues, which will no doubt be the causes of new differences of opinion among our public men, and from these sources parties will in time spring up. But to resolve upon dividing their strength, without occasion, at the very threshold of the new order, and to enter the Confederate Parliament in two hostile columns, would be a spectacle which no friend of his country could desire to see. The advantage of the increased representation of Upper Canada in the General Legislature might very readily be frittered away by a return to those party distinctions which the common sense of the country condemned, and which our politicians, from necessity, threw aside, when they attempted the solution of the constitutional difficulties that had grown up under, or been very much aggravated by party agitation; and since, to cure these evils, it was found necessary to form a coalition of parties upon a new platform—that of Confederation; so when that object is achieved, it is a most natural conclusion, that those who worked together to attain it, will at least try to work together under it, when it comes in force.

LOCAL NEWS.

MORE AMUSEMENTS.—A French theatrical Company will play at the Theatre this week.

LOUIS MAGUIRE.—Great exertions have been made to get Louis Maguire out on bail, but without effect. He will probably leave for Quebec to-day.

CITY COUNCIL.—Owing to the extreme heat yesterday—our City Fathers did not put in an appearance at the usual hour, and the council adjourned for want of a quorum.

I. P. B. S.—Members of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society of the City of Ottawa will please bear in mind the meeting to-night, to be held in the rooms of the Society. Unavoidably postponed since last Tuesday. A full attendance is requested as important business will be discussed.

FIBROUS PRODUCT.—We have been shown by Mr. A. Kirkwood, some specimens of Urtica Canadensis (Canadian nettle), now growing in his garden in this city. As this is an indigenous perennial, it becomes a question whether its cultivation cannot be made a source of profit to our farmers, on account of the large quantity of fibre it produces. Members of the Legislature who take an interest in such pursuits can see samples of it in the Bureau of Agriculture.

SIGNS OF VITALITY.—The warm weather appears to have had the effect of producing something in the shape of animation in the powers that be. Yesterday, as an evidence of this fact, a commencement was made to disturb the equilibrium of our self-acting eliptic corduroy walks. Well, worthy fathers, (we should say reverend, but here we stick); however, like Oliver Twist, we say "more." Yes, just a little more, and the job will be finished.

EFFECTS OF INTEMPERANCE.—A man named Thomas Doyle, who had been working at the quarries on the Grand River, and who was discharged yesterday, after climbing the hill with a shovel on his shoulder, slipped, or staggered, not from the weight of the shovel, but from the effects of a load of forty rod, and rolled to the bottom; during the passage his head and the shovel came in contact, and he received a severe cut in the head, one that he will probably remember for some time.

THE MINSTRELS.—Again, last evening, this deservedly popular troupe, were favored with an excellent house, and when the state of the weather, and the knowledge of the fact that there is no ventilation in the building, is taken into consideration, Messrs. Burgess & Co. may well feel flattered at the patronage extended to them. As a troupe of the highest order, both as instrumentalists and vocalists, we commend them to our friends in the west, as being deserving of patronage.

THE WRIGHT HOUSE.—Every person is looking for a *right* of some kind, but that *right* is seldom found; however, in this matter, there can be no mistake, for, if you are in search of recreation or amusement—if you wish to get away from the heat and dust of the city, and get a breath of pure air, go to the (W)right House at Hull, and there amusement can be had without alloy; and what is still better, a mug of brown ale and a prime cigar. Mr. Lemon, the proprietor, is attentive to the wants of his patrons, and may be said to be the *right* man in the *right* place.

CONGRATULATORY.—Let the citizens of Ottawa felicitate themselves upon the fact that this is the last day on which it can be said that the people of the capital don't know on what streets they live in. The names were being nailed to the wall yesterday, and the work will be continued till it shall be finished.—Many letters will be written to-morrow, announcing the fact to distant friends, that an answer may at least be directed to the street. And now, "most potent, grave, and reverened seigniory," do not good things by halves, but finish by giving us our numbers. Do you know what it is to go on such a day as yesterday, or up to your knees in snow, enquiring for Mr. Smith, without knowing the number?

THE TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.—There was more outcry about excessive heat yesterday than on any previous day this season. It was said that the thermometer stood at 101° in the shade, but on examining that kept at the door of Mr. Leslie's store, Sparks street, the highest point reached was less than 96°; there was, however, a current of air passing over the instrument. We place reliance on this thermometer, because it came from the well known makers, Negretti and Lambra, of London. We would not have it understood that we complain that the weather was not so hot as represented. We are no fire-worshippers, at least not this side of December. On the contrary we would vote with both hands to give [illegible] holiday to [illegible] in Northern climes.

PROPERTY FIRE AT AYLMER.—About a quarter [illegible] p.m., on Sunday, a destructive fire took place at the town of Aylmer. The new building erected for a convent and which [illegible] although partially occupied was destroyed to the ground, and we regret to add, is a [illegible] heap of ruins, the walls having fallen in, and to add to the disaster, there was no insurance effected on the building or contents. The upper or third story was occupied by the carpenters who were engaged on the building, and in which there was a quantity of shavings and light material, and in this the fire originated, as related to us, by the mischievousness of three boys, who were playing in this part of the structure. One of them about five years old, deliberately lighted a match and threw it amongst the shavings, and in a few minutes the whole building was enveloped in flames. Several buildings in the vicinity had a very narrow escape.

POLICE COURT.—Josephine Jari, adjourned case, on suspicion of having picked the pocket of a servant girl, discharged for want of proof. There is strong presumptive evidence that she is a confirmed cleptomaniac, and people who "put money into their purse" had better take care when she comes near. Mrs. Keely, adjourned from last week, charged with obstructing the highway, by keeping a house on it and interfering with the right of way to other property. This is a hard case, though strictly according to law. The house in question has been standing on its present site for eighteen or twenty years, and when built, no one thought that a road would ever be opened up or houses be built where they now are. His Worship gave her till the 1st of August, to remove it. Some of her friends and neighbors have agreed to set on foot a subscription to aid in building a little home somewhere else. Who knows the widow Keely with seven children, shortly to be homeless? There is an opportunity to do good, to seek and embrace which, says one of our statesmen, is duty.

QUEEN COMPANY PIC-NIC.—The pic-nic of this Company, which took place yesterday, was all that could be desired. Although the day was excessively warm, the thermometer indicating in the shade, from 11½ o'clock a.m., until 2.45 p.m., a little over 95°, still the attendance was very large, and dancing was kept up in a most enthusiastic manner. The games and races were well contested, and produced a considerable amount of mirth. In the foot races, Russell and Christian were the successful competitors—Brown showing to considerable disadvantage. In these races he did not come up to the anticipations formed of him on former occasions, and our opinion, with regard to speed between him and Forsyth, is still unchanged. At 5 and 7 p.m., the young Canadian Blondin performed on the rope, and was enthusiastically cheered; with a little training and attention to this business, he would soon rank as a first-class performer. The rope on which he walked was small—about half the size of those ordinarily used—and very poorly guyed. Our friends of the Queen Company cannot, but feel that their services, rendered most willingly whenever necessity demanded, has, on this occasion, been fully appreciated, and we congratulate them on the very successful manner in which their first pic-nic, was carried out.

PONTIAC AND PATRIOTISM.

The staunch and gallant men of Pontiac, among whom the Clarendons have been conspicuous, moved by the dangers that threatened our country, lost no time in offering their services to the government, and at once made preparation for moving to the front. The instant the Fenians appeared upon the frontier, six companies of volunteers were offered for active service. After protracted negotiation with the authorities, one company has been accepted, and the necessary measures have been taken for organization and equipment. Our friend, Mr. N. Driscoll, takes command and will soon have a company that will reflect honor on the county. This gentleman has the advantage of holding a first class certificate of the Military School, and will need no aid in drilling and disciplining his men. Mr. Walton Smith has done much in promoting the work, and deserves great credit for his zeal, assiduity and patriotism. Ever foremost in good works, whether relating to an individual, a community, or the state, the member for the County has greatly aided the movement; and assisted by his position, has been mainly instrumental in piloting the projects through the shoals and quicksands of the offices. Under such auspices—to which is added our best wishes—the Pontiacs will soon take rank among the *corps d'elite* of the province.

In conclusion, with this we may mention that another Pontiac man, Mr. R. W. Hardinge, of Portage-du-Fort, has offered his services as commander of a gun-boat for the lakes and rivers. A more fitting man for the duty could not be found in Canada. He has had considerable experience afloat, and done good and gallant work, as the following extract, from his examination papers, prove:—"From May 1852 to Nov. 1852, in command of the *Mozuffer* gun-boats (mounting 12-pounder howitzers). Attached to the advanced boat-squadrons of Capt. J. Tarleton, R. N., at the storming of Rangoon, Keunnendine, Hanzedar, Bassien, Donebew, Prome and Pegu; assisted in the capture of 187 of the enemy's supply boats, and conveyed them safely to Rangoon. At the storming of Bassien, planted the English flag on the mid fort battery; has a medal and clasp for Pegu." This was tolerably sharp work in a brief space, and his adopted country has reason to be proud of such a man. Mr. Hardinge thus winds up his application:—"If it is not part of the defence scheme of Canada (the organization of a gun-boat flotilla) I must raise a company of volunteers. No man should be idle in times like these, especially any one that has smelt powder." Here is the right sort of metal, and it is to be presumed, occasion requiring, that the offer made will be very gladly accepted.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.

The annexed having been handed to us by a highly respectable party, and one of our city Aldermen, we give it publicity, feeling that it may be relied on as truthful:

A disgraceful row occurred in our usually peaceable locality, (Wellington Street,) between 7 and 8 o'clock, on Sunday evening last. It appears that a person named Buckley, who keeps horses to hire, and also holds the office of messenger in the House of Assembly, hired a horse and buggy to some young men, who on returning home met Buckley, who thought his horse not well used. He accordingly drove back to his own house, armed himself with a formidable whipstock, with an iron end and hook attached, and returned in company with another person, whose name we could not learn, and meeting the above young men in the buggy, commenced a murderous assault upon them with the weapon in his hand; and, were it not for the interference of some passers by, no doubt but serious mischief would have been done. It is to be hoped that His Worship, Mr. O'Gara, will make an example of this man Buckley, who, it appears, was the aggressor, and took the law into his own hands, and punish him, as the case certainly deserves. A more cowardly and brutal act could hardly be expected from one holding Buckley's position. It is also to be hoped that our new police will exert themselves to put a stop to the disgraceful hiring of carriages, and [illegible] working of horses for hire on the Sabbath day. It is time that this flagrant outrage of all decency [illegible] should be put down by the strong arm of the law.

SUBSCRIBER.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MONDAY, July 16th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 7½ o'clock. After routine,

Public Buildings at Toronto.

Hon. Mr. McPHERSON inquired whether it was the intention of the Government to restore the Parliament Buildings and Government House at Toronto, preparatory to placing them in the possession of Upper Canada for the use of the Local Government of that Province.

Hon. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR said it was the intention of the Government to make an appropriation for the purpose.

First Readings.

The following bills were received by message from the Legislative Assembly, which were read the first time and ordered for a second reading to-morrow.

Bill to facilitate the rendering of judgment in Court of Queen's Bench in Lower Canada.

Bill to indemnify the Executive Government for unauthorized departure from the provisions of the Audit Bill in expending money for repressing a foreign invasion of the Province, and maintaining a military force on the frontier.

Bill to amend the Act incorporating the cure of the parish of Notre Dame de Quebec.

Bill to amend the 27th and 28th Vic. chapter 71, incorporating the Board of Trade of the City of Hamilton.

Bill to amend chapter 21 Consolidated Statutes of Canada relative to patents of invention.

Bill respecting the hearing of causes in the Court of Chancery of Upper Canada.

Ursuline Academy, Chatham.

Hon. Mr. CREA moved the second reading of the bill to incorporate the Academy of the Ursuline Nunnery, Chatham.

Read and referred to the Private Bill Committee.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, July 16th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock After the transaction of routine business:

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL presented a return to an address for papers relating to leave of absence given to Judges in Lower Canada during the past three years.

Mr. POWELL moved that the time for receiving petitions for private bills be extended until Monday, the 23rd inst., for receiving private bills to Monday the 30th inst., and reports on private bills to Monday, the 6th of August, and that all petitions already presented but not received on the ground of the period for the reception thereof having expired, be forthwith received.—Carried.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

To confirm the settlement made by Charlotte Henderson, deceased, of an undivided moiety of lands in Bytown, otherwise Ottawa City, in Upper Canada, and to invest the entirety of the same lands in Trustees, with power of sale and management.—Mr. Powell.

To amend the City of Hamilton Debentures Act of 1864, by giving the city additional powers in selling lands for arrears of taxes, and for more clearly defining the rights and liabilities of purchasers of land sold under that Act, and for other purposes.—Mr. Magill.

To incorporate the Rossin House Hotel Company.—D. Macdonald (Toronto.)

To incorporate the Pierreville Steam Mills Company.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To incorporate the Ottawa Natural History Society.—Mr. Morris.

To incorporate the Waterloo, Magog, and Stanstead Railway Company.—Mr. Knight

To incorporate the South Eastern Counties Junction Railway Company.—Mr. Dunkin.

To revive the Act 25th Vic., cap. 16, and to extend the time for the completion of the Hamilton and Port Dover Railroad.—Mr. Wood.

To amend the Act incorporating the Massawippi Valley Railroad Company.—Mr. Knight.

To confirm certain By-laws of the Municipal Corporation of the County of Oxford, and to confirm sales of land for taxes imposed under and by virtue of the said by-laws.—Hon. Mr. Brown.

To incorporate the St. Patrick's Asylum of Ottawa.—Mr. Currier.

To incorporate the Steel, Iron, and Railway Works Company (Limited.)—Hon. Mr. Brown.

The House went into committee to consider [illegible] the Vine-growers' Association from certain duties of excise and taxes—Resolution reported.

The House again went into committee on the bill to incorporate the Canada Vine Growers' Association, which was passed and ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

On the motion for the House in Committee, on bill (No. 13) To amend the Act 25 Vic., cap. 30, to enable the Ratepayers of the County of Lincoln to select a more convenient place for the County Town (and amendments).—Mr. McGiverin.

Mr. MORRISON moved in amendment that the House go into committee on said bill this day six months. He explained the ground on which the Town of Niagara resisted the proposed bill. In 1847 the town of Niagara had built a costly and splendid Court House, and an Act of Parliament then passed was still in force declaring that the sittings of the Courts for the County of Lincoln should be held there for all time to come. In the bill changing the County seat from Niagara to St. Catharines, a clause was inserted referring the claims of Niagara for compensation for the use of the Court House by the County to arbitration, and he defied the member for Lincoln to shew that any unnecessary delay in bringing the arbitration to a settlement had been caused by the action of Niagara. He explained the circumstances connected with appointment of arbitrators, and stated that Niagara only opposed the present bill because it would deprive it of the security given to it by the arbitration clause in the bill of 1862. He desired the House to settle this dispute at once, and to show that the town of Niagara was willing to act fairly in the premises, if the County would place $20,000 in the hands of the arbitrators to await their award, he would consent that the proclamation should issue at once.

Mr. McGIVERIN characterized the member for Niagara's opposition as most unfair towards the interests of the County of Lincoln.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the case was somewhat of a difficult one to deal with. It was opposed with so much pertinacity by the hon. member for Niagara, and pushed forward with such energy by the member for Lincoln, that it must be disposed of in some way. He had a suggestion to make which he thought would settle the matter. The County of Lincoln had put in a claim of $6000 out of the Upper Canada Building towards the building of their new gaol; he proposed that the County should deposit $4,000 in the hands of the Receiver-General, upon which the proclamation would issue at once. If the $10,000 thus at the credit of the County were not all required in the payment of the award to Niagara, the balance could be paid to the County. On the other hand, if the award exceeded that amount, Niagara must then collect the difference by the ordinary process. He moved an amendment, embodying his resolution.

Mr. McGIVERIN considered that such a course would be to prejudge the case of the County, and would not be fair towards it.

Mr. MORRISON would accept the amendment of the Attorney-General West.

Mr. WHITE considered the amendment an exceedingly fair and reasonable mode of settlement, and he warned the member for Lincoln that if he refused to agree to it, he (Mr. W.) should vote against the bill.

Mr. POWELL spoke to the same effect.

Mr. GIVERIN said he would accept the amendment.

The bill then passed through committee and was ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. POPE rose to a question of privilege. He said that the member for Quebec (Mr. Alleyn) on going away for a few days had given him (Mr. Pope) the key of his desk, and the charge of his seat. Subsequently the member for South Simcoe had taken possession, and had even got the old lock taken off and a new one put on. He thought it was very improper that members should thus be allowed to encroach upon the privileges of others.

Mr. FERGUSSON stated the difficulties he had encountered in obtaining a seat at the opening of the session. First, on coming down he had seated himself with the hon. member for Toronto, though he found the desk labelled with the name of his colleague from the same city. When the other member for Toronto came down he had given him up the seat, though he did not see what right seats were labelled off and held on behalf of members who were absent. He had then ascertained that the member for Quebec was going home, and had occupied his seat; having asked the member for Compton for the key which that gentleman refused. He had then opened the desk with another key, found a few papers which he held up and which he said would be there safely until Mr. Alleyn's return.

Several members addressed the House on the subject, disapproving of the course of the member for South Simcoe.

The SPEAKER was understood to say that when a member occupied a seat and desk at the beginning of a session, they were understood to be his during the remainder of that session.

Mr. FERGUSSON said he would be quite willing to give up the seat to the Hon. Mr. Alleyn when he returned.

Further remarks were made on the subject, when six o'clock came, and the Speaker left the chair.

After the Recess.

The bill to confirm and establish the existing line between the 4th and 5th Ranges of the Township of Buckingham (Mr. Currier) passed through Committee.

On the motion for the second reading of Mr. J. B. E. Dorion's bills to erect the Township of Clifton into two separate municipalities, a long discussion ensued, Messrs. Pope, Dunkin, J. B. E. Dorion, and others taking part; the motion was carried.

The following bills were read a second time:

To extend the time for the completion of the works of the North Shore Railway and St. Maurice Land and Navigation Company.—Mr. DeNiverville.

To resolve the terms on which the Great Western Railway Company was authorized to complete the Railway from Galt to Guelph.—Mr. Street.

To confer on the Ottawa College the rights and powers of a University.—Mr. Currier.

To divide the Municipality of "Gaspe Bay South and York" into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. LeBoutillier.

To authorize the construction of a Tramway Railroad from the Village of Orangeville, in the County of Wellington, to some point on the Grand Trunk Railway.—Mr. Parker.

To revive and amend the Act 25 Vic., cap. 156, intituled "An Act to incorporate the Toronto and Owen Sound Railway Company." Mr. J. Shuter Smith.

To authorize compensation for certain claims in respect of an erroneous survey of the line between the sixth and seventh concessions of the Township of Hamilton, by the issue of land scrip therefor.—Mr. J. Shuter Smith.

To authorize the issue to Messrs. J. D. Whelpley and J. J. Storer, of letters patent for a new and improved system of treating metallic ores.—Mr. Shanly.

To extend the provisions of the Act 25th Vic., Chap. 40, intituled, "An Act to confirm and establish certain roads in the township of Reach.—Mr. M. C. Cameron.

To render valid certain Acts of deceased Notaries.—Mr. Lajoie.

To remove doubts as to the legality of a Canon of the Diocese of Quebec, respecting the Parish and Chapelries of Quebec.—Mr. Irvine.

To incorporate the Crystal Lake Cemetry Company.—Mr. Knight.

To authorize the Trustees of the Presbyterian Congregation of the town of Woodstock, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to sell certain lots in the said town, held by them in trust for the said Congregation (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Brown.

To vest certain lands in the Rector and Churchwardens of St. James' Church, Toronto (from the Legislative Council.)—Mr. M. C. Cameron.

To amend the Act 20 Vic. Chap. 227, intituled, "An Act to incorporate the International Bridge Company.—Mr. Morrison.

To authorize the sale of certain lands belonging to the estate of the late Hon. Peter Adamson—Mr. MacFarlane.

To amend the Charter of the Quebec Fire Assurance Company—Hon. Mr. Alleyn.

To incorporate the Union Fire, Ocean and Inland Insurance Company—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To enable John Auld to sell certain Real Estate.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To revive and amend the Act 25 Vic., Chap., 122, intituled, "An Act to incorporate the North-West Transportation, Navigation and Railway Company—Mr. Morrison.

To consolidate the indebtedness of the town of Stratford, in the County of Perth—Mr. MacFarlane.

To amend certain errors in a conveyance from one Alexander Dixon, deceased, to W. M. Westmacott, dated 1st September, 1854, and to confirm a sale of certain lands thereunder—Hon. Mr. Cameron (Peel.)

To incorporate the Belleville and Marmora Railway Company (from Legislative Council). —Mr. Morrison.

(No. 195) To erect the Parish of St. Bonaventure into a separate Municipality.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To incorporate the Belleville and North Hastings Mineral Districts Railway Company, —Mr. Wallbridge (North Hastings.)

To authorize the admission of William Lynn Smart, as a Barrister in Upper Canada.—Mr. Powell.

To incorporate the Long Point Company.— Mr. McGiverin.

To incorporate the Town of Victoriaville.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To enable the Municipality of the Town of Belleville to purchase a site for a public Cemetry, and to exempt the Roman Catholic ratepayers of the said Municipality from taxation on account of the same (from Legislative Council.)—Mr. Wallbridge (North Hastings.)

To provide for ascertaining what persons have rights in the Commons of Berthier and Isle du Pads.—(from Legislative Council.)—Mr. Dufresne (Montcalm.)

To amend the Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada—(from the Legislative Council).—Mr. Street.

Mr. MORRIS asked whether it was the intention of the Government to prescribe a course of Elementary Military instructions for Grammar School Pupils in Upper Canada, under the Grammar School Act of 1865, and to submit to the consideration of the House an appropriation therefor; and also, whether such course is intended to comprise instructions in actual drill or the elements of military science?

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD was indistinctly heard in reply. He was understood to say that there was no appropriation for the purpose this year, but the Adjutant-General had been instructed to communicate with the principals of the schools upon the subject.

Mr. TASCHEREAU asked whether R. Pope, Esquire, was still employed at St. Francois, Beauce, as mining agent, at $5 per day?

Hon. G. E. CARTIER replied that he was still employed by the Government as mining agent at that salary.

Mr. JONES, (South Leeds), asked whether it is the intention of the Government to make provisions, by way of pension, for the wounded, and also for the families of those who were killed during the recent Fenian Raid upon the Niagara Frontier?

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said it was the intention of the Government to submit a measure on the subject before the House rises.

Mr. SHANLY asked why the Commissioner of Crown Lands' Report of 31st December, 1865, has been distributed to Members without the maps which the Department has had lithographed expressly to illustrate those parts of the Report having reference to the Mineral Districts of Lakes Huron and Superior?

Mr. McKENZIE explained that the Printing Committee was not aware of the intention to distribute these maps with the reports. They might, however, if it were desired, be got out and distributed at another time.

Mr. McKENZIE in the absence of Mr. McConkey asked whether, in view of the early consummation of Confederation, it is the intention of the Government to put the, Government House, Parliamentary and Departmental Buildings at Toronto, in a suitable state of repair, for the reception of the Government and Legislature of U. Canada.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that it was the intention of the Government to make an appropriation to prepare a Governor's residence, and to repair the Parliament Buildings at Toronto for the accommodation of the Local Legislature of Upper Canada; and as a matter of course a like provision would be made at Quebec to accommodate the Local Legislature of Lower Canada.

Mr. WALLBRIDGE (North Hastings) moved for a Committee of the whole for some future day to consider of a grant of lands in aid of the construction of a Railway from Belleville to Madoc and Marmora. He dwelt at considerable length on the vast importance of iron ore which would be made available by the construction of the projected Railway. He next referred to the land and money grants already made towards the building of other Railways, contending that the enterprise he was advocating was quite as much entitled to public aid as any of them, as opening up a profitable branch of trade, which would confer immense benefit upon the country at large. He only asked for a grant of 500,000 acres of land, to be placed at the disposal of a responsible company that would build the road. He contended that millions of money were annually sent out of the country, for articles that could be produced here if the iron mines were worked as they might be.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL said he coincided with very much which the hon. gentleman had said, but under present circumstances, he did not believe it would conduce to the public good to set aside a block of land of 500,000 acres, for the purpose stated. It was true, and a very gratifying fact, that in Lower Canada, in Central Canada, and on the shores of Lakes Huron and Superior, there were immense deposits of mineral wealth, iron, copper, silver, nickel, and other metals, which he hoped the industry and enterprise of our own people would, in time, make available; but to set apart a block of land, like that asked for, would necessitate a change in the whole land policy of the country.

The motion was withdrawn, and the House adjourned at ten minutes to 11 o'clock.

AN ADDRESS

Delivered to the Orangemen of North Gower, on the 12th of July, 1866, by Mr. John Garland, of North Gower.

This day is the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, an event which we have assembled ourselves here to celebrate. This is the anniversary of that day on which the dayspring of liberty visited and shone over the Emerald Isle, which was then in darkness and iron bonds of tyranny. But a glorious light then shone forth and expelled that darkness. Since that day down to the present, that light has not ceased to shine, though true it is, that often it has had to contend with the powers of darkness, when on every side *the fiery dragon* gnashed his brazen teeth, stamped his iron feet, flashed his fiery eyes, lashed his serpentine tail and shook his fierce head of huge horns, all mad with rage and fierce with black revenge. But well for Protestants, the monster had to keep his Irish horn within its bounds; yes within the sheath which the British lion assigned to it. For the British lion then stretched over his vanquishing paw to Ireland, and gave the red dragon a stunning blow which compelled him to draw in his cruel horn. And thus was that glorious victory gained for the Protestants of Ireland; yes, and for the Protestants of Canada, who carried with them the true spirit of liberty, when they crossed the broad Atlantic to settle on Canadian soil. We should on this day rejoice together that such a liberty was gained for us by the merciful paw of the lion. And well might Irish Romanists on this day rejoice, if they could only bethink themselves aright, that the lion's paw was so merciful to them. The lion did not crush them to atoms when he had them in his grasp, but gave them his law that they might learn to obey them and live; and even more, while they keep those laws, the lion caresses them, gives them many gifts, and leaves them free to worship as they like, and free to train up and educate their children as they choose. Glorious freedom this is! How can there be rebels against so free a government! And with all that freedom, and much more to which I have not mentioned. Behold Fenianism! Behold the red dragon again raising his vain head! Hear the sound of his graceless voice, clamoring his vain glorious threats against the fair daughter of that caressing lion. He would ravish fair Canada, take her jewels, and lavish them on his wanton lusts. But we need not fear that monster. God rules on earth as in Heaven, who has given power to the paw of the British lion to crush all such Vandalism.

Mr. Garland then delivered the following poem, which was loudly, and enthusiastically applauded and cheered:

Ode to the Orangemen on 12th July, 1866.

Ye sons of the brave!
The loyal and free!
Whose banner the emblem
Of true liberty,
Has waved over valley,
Over city and town,
And kissed the fond breeze
Of mighty renown
Which passed o'er the ocean
In conquering sway,
And wafted a gale
O'er our fair Canada.
That banner, which now
Doth float in the breeze,
Amid the wind's whistle
And the shady green trees,
Has waved a proud calm
O'er Canadian soil,
And quelled the vile workers
Of evil turmoil.
That banner, well known
To all, here to-day,
Has clapped her red wings,
In the bright sunny ray,
And filled rebel hearts
With a shuddering awe,
As we marched in procession
Around Ottawa.
Yes, that banner, which waved
Over Irishmen bold,
When glorious King William,
Whose freedom we hold
In victory onward,
Cast a bright ray
Of what freedom's sons
Have brought into day.
Well may we crowd around her,
Our tribute to pay,
And commemorate
Her glorious birthday.
And now is the time
To stand wide awake,
When Vandal invaders
Our country would take.
Like the Vandals of old
Pillaged proud Rome,
They would take our fair country,
And make it their own.
But we'll stand by our banner,
Most loyal and true,
To our Queen and our country,
Against the vile crew.
We rejoice with our brothers,
All loud in their cheers,
Just home from the front,
The brave volunteers.
Who quelled all those Fenians,
So loud in their boast,
And pulled down their signs,
Their pomp and their host.
But we weep for the dead
Who fell at Ridgeway,
In defence of our homes,
And fair Canada.
Nor was Carleton, our county,
In that firm stand,
Against the invaders,
The least in the land.
Where Parliament Powell,
A Canadian full bred,
The pride of our county,
His company led;
With a Holmes and an Elliott,
Your officers true,
And stars of this order
Among all of you.
Nor last when we heard,
That clamoring roar
Of Fenian invasion,
Was brave North Gower:
Ye flocked round your banner
To drill and parade
As volunteer subjects
Ye offered your aid.
Then proudly stand round
Your banner so free
And long may you wave her
In sweet liberty;
But while we thus ponder
At freedom's behest,
Look up to bright Heaven
To your Queen and your crest,
And give all the glory
To God in His love
Who smiles on Canadians
Frmo His bright throne above.

St. Louis employs 265 steamboats, valued at $10,376,060.

Mr. Bonner, the proprietor of the New York *Ledger*, has returned an income for the past year of $165,609.65.

A telegram by the *Persia* brings a report that Lord Monck is to be made a peer of the realm. He is at present an Irish peer.

Mr. Hart, publisher of the Dundas *Advertiser*, has been compelled to suspend the issue of his paper, for want of support.

Some of the California papers have a standing head for divorces, and print them in the same style as announcements of marriages, deaths and births.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the Nova Scotian

Four days later from Europe

Austria Cedes Venetia to the French!

Another Great Battle!

The Austrians again Defeated and Pursued by Prussians!

Garibaldi Again Wounded!

Fourth of July Celebration at Portsmouth

A Salute Fired by the British Navy in Honor of the Day.

FATHER POINT, July 15th.—The steamship *Nova Scotian*, Captain Wylie, left Liverpool on the 5th and Londonderry on the 6th, has passed this point.

The *Helvetia* arrived at Queenstown, and the *Hansa* and *Borussia* arrived at Southampton on the afternoon of the 4th. The *Louisiana* reached Liverpool on the evening of the 4th.

The *Great Eastern* was signalled off Crookhaven on the morning of the 5th.

The United States steamer *Wyoming* received damage at Nangusky, Japan, by a collision.

The Paris *Moniteur* of the 5th has the following announcement: An important event has just occurred. After having maintained the honor of his arms in Italy, the Emperor of Austria, concurring in the ideas expressed in the Emperor Napoleon's letter of the 11th June, to his minister for foreign affairs, cedes Venetia to the French Emperor, and accepts his mediation for the conclusion of a peace between the belligerents.

The Emperor Napoleon hastened to respond to the summons and immediately communicated with the Kings of Prussia and Italy, in order to obtain an armistice.

The Austrian Feld Marshal Gen. Globentz arrived at the head-quarters of Honitz, near Gitzchin, on the evening of the 4th, with a flag of truce.

The battle of July 3rd was a great affair, resulting in the complete defeat of the Austrians.

The Prussians were commanded by the King in person, and met the Austrians under Benedek between Horlets and Koenig Gratz.

The battle lasted 12 hours. Until twelve o'clock the battle was in favor of the Austrians, but after that hour the advantages were with the Prussians till 2 p.m.

After six hours' obstinate defence the Prussians carried by storm a strong position of the Austrians, after which the Austrians were quickly driven out of their positions, and by seven p. m. the Austrians were in full retreat to Koenig Gratz, pursued by the Prussian cavalry.

The Austrians were completely routed.

The road was strewn with baggage &c., which they threw away.

The number of killed and wounded on both sides was very great, but owing to the extent of the battle field it is not yet ascertained.

The Prussians claim to have captured, up to the evening of the 4th, 14,000 unwounded prisoners, 100 cannon, and several flags.

Two Austrian Archdukes are reported wounded.

Prince Lischtenstein and Prince Windischgraft were taken prisoners.

Gen. Frestins, commander of an Austrian corps, lost a leg.

Gen. Counthune was shot in the head, and Col. Bendeh and another staff officer, were killed.

The London *Times* of the 5th, says the suddenness and magnitude of the Austrian calamity are too overpowering for any man to speculate on the possible consequences on the destinies of the Austrian Empire. With the exception of a few fortresses of no more avail in modern warfare to stay the triumphant progress of the victorious army than Josefstadt, Koenig Gratz, have proved that Benedek has nothing in his rear but an open country, and nothing between him and the capital but a vast smooth battle-field where cannon and cavalry and the dread needle guns of the Prussians will have free play.

The Austrians have done enough for the honor of their arms, and they must now provide for the safety of the state. This can hardly be done by a prolonged resistance. The most illustrious names in the empire are among the dead and wounded.

The King of Prussia is in the camp, and the Emperor of Austria is not very far from Benedek's head-quarters. Let them be at Pardubitz or at Olmutz, such an interview as there was after Austerlitz and Solferino, provided better terms than Austria may obtain now, which will certainly not be granted to hereafter two or three weeks, protracted struggles has added to the exasperation of hostile passions.

The Daily *Telegraph* considers it premature to discuss the possibilities of an early peace.

The Daily *News* shows that the Prussians, not only gained battles, but strategetical advantages of the highest importance. They have concentrated eight corps of their army, and can pour down on the enemy with overwhelming fury, and have cut off all communication between the Austrians and the Federals in the west.

The Prussian victories had a decided effect on financial and commercial affairs, and there was a general improvement in consols and other securities in London stock exchange, and great buoyancy in the Liverpool cotton market.

There is a depression in breadstuffs.

Paris Bourse.—Rentes advanced 1½, and Italian securities 4 per cent.

Garibaldi, on the 3rd, attacked the Austrians at Fronte Suello, and the Austrians made a strong resistance, but the volunteers finally fell back in good order.

Garibaldi was slightly wounded in the thigh.

The ammunition of the volunteers was rendered useless by the heavy rain.

The Bavarians attacked the Prussian outposts at Barifield, with slight losses on both sides.

Intense enthusiasm prevailed at Berlin, when the Prussian victories were announced, with salutes of artillery.

GREAT BRITAN.

For the first time the anniversary of the annual independence, was celebrated on the 4th, conjointly by the British and American war vessels in port. All Her Majesty's ships at Portsmouth hoisted the American flag at the main royal mast, and at noon all ships above ten guns fired a national salute of 21 guns.

There was a grand fete given by the Americans in Paris on the 4th, at which the Prince Imperial was present.

In Liverpool, the Americans had a banquet at the Washington Hotel, and there was a good display of flags on the shipping.

The London *Times* had a Fourth of July editorial article, highly complimentary to America, rejoicing at the good feeling between England and America, and expressive of a desire for the lasting endurance of a good understanding between the two countries.

Professor Goldwin Smith, in a letter to the *Daily News*, of July 4, suggests that, considering the admirable way in which the Americans have behaved, about the Fenian invasion of Canada, the present would be a proper time to consent to an inquiry into the *Alabama* question.

What the Americans demand, says the Professor, is a fair enquiry into the case, in which they believe they suffered wrong, and such an enquiry as our honor need not refuse, as most punctilious honor on the contrary would court for its own vindication.

Queen Victoria would hold a Council on the 5th, to organize the new Derby Cabinet.

The statement of the programme of the new ministry is not expected in Parliament till the 9th.

The second boat race between Hamitt, American, and Kelly, British, on the Tyne, on the 3rd, again resulted in an easy victory by Kelly.

Sir Bulwer Lytton is to be raised to the peerage as Lord Lytton.

A Porto Rico letter says the slave population is rapidly diminishing by manumission. The sugar and coffee crops were not more than half the average.

COMMERCIAL

NEW POST OFFICES.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA ON THE 1ST JULY, 1866.

NAME OF OFFICE	TOWNSHIP.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Foxboro (re-opened)	Thurlow	Hasti'gs S R	Wm. Duffy
Fulton (re-opened)	Grimsby	Lincoln	J E White
Highfield	Etobicoke	York W R	H Dutchb'rn
Homer (re-opened)	Granth'm.	Lincoln	P A Cavers
Otter Lake	Leslie	Pontiac	Jno Mather
Rosedale	Fenelon	Victoria	M McNeil
Ryckmans Corners (re-opened)	Barton	Wentworth S R	Wm Wells

OFFICES CLOSED:
Mille Vacher, County Saguenay,
Sand Point, " Renfrew.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Return of traffic for week ending July 7, 1866:

Passengers	$55,257
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	4,900
Freight and Live Stock	62,501
Total	$122,658
Corresponding week of 1865	114,799
Increase	$7,859

JOHN HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Montreal, July 12, 1866.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, July 5.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour little enquired for. Western Canal 27s to 28s. Philadelphia and Baltimore 28s to 28s 6d. Wheat in small demand this a.m. White and Mixed 11s 6d to 12s. Red 11s to 11s 6d. Corn transactions few and unimportant. White 33s to 34s. Mixed 28s to 28s 6d. Yellow 28s 6d to 29s.

SUGAR.—Quiet.
COFFEE.—No sales.
MOLASSES.—Dull.
Consols 86½.

Greencastle, Friday, July 6.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—Sugar quiet and unaltered, and demand better for refined rates. Consols 86½ to 86¾ for account.

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 16.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@ 9 00
Extra	8 00	@ 8 50
Fancy	7 50	@ 8 00
Welland Canal Superfine	6 65	@ 6 75
Bag Flour	3 60	@ 3 75
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 65	@ 6 75
No 1 Western	0 00	@ 0 00
No. 2 "	6 30	@ 6 50
Canada Wheat	1 50	@ 1 52
Western "	1 45	@ 1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36	@ 37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50	@ 55
BUTTER—Dairy	17	@ 18
Store-Packed	16	@ 17
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@ 5 42
Pearls	7 00	@ 7 60

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhoea.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL, *Hair Dresser*, Wellington St., Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 154-d

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon it for 1861, amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle. 178-a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me to say with candid earnestness, never lay down to rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do, fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no, never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davi's Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilized world. 178-a

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion with its invariable concomitants, a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases *one dose* of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together? Chronic headache, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex, can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,
LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor. Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

FANS
PALM LEAF FA[NS]
Black, White, and Scar[let]
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HO[USE]
24, SPARKS STREET, OT[TAWA]
E. K. MacGILLIVRA[Y]
WATCHMAKERS & JE[WELLERS]
Ottawa, July 17.

HORSE LOST.—Strayed [from] the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre [...] day afternoon. He is dark bay, [...] high. Whoever will return the same [...] Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will [be re]warded. Any one harboring the sa[me after this] notice will be prosecuted according to [law].
Ottawa, July 17.

ELECTIO[N]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV[EN] an election will be held in Wel[lington Ward ...] Engine House, on SATURDAY, the [...] JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at [...] m., for the purpose of returning one [...] represent said Wellington Ward, for [...] of the year 1866, in the room and ste[ad of ...] der Scott, deceased.
ARCHIBALD, [GRAHAM], Retur[ning Officer].
179tf

FIRST CLASS RESIDE[NCE] for Sale or Lease.—That large an[d ...] Stone Mansion situated on the bank [...] in this city, with one acre and a quar[ter ...] property of the Estate of the late Mr [...] If not sold, will be leased for a s[...] term. Applicants will please stat[e ...] for which a lease will be taken.
Address, Box 167 P[...]
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866.

Portraits in [...]

W. SAWYER, Portrait P[ainter ...] ing visited Ottawa, may b[e ...] present at Spencer's Photographi[c ...] Street, and requests those desirous [...] services, to call immediately as his [stay is] short.
N.B.—Specimens of work may [be seen at the] rooms and Durie's Book Store. Pho[tographs copied] with exactness.

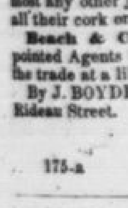
AMERICAN INVOICES—DI[SCOUNT]
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Customs, Quebec, 6th [...]
IT IS DIRECTED BY TH[E HON. THE] FINANCE MINISTER, that [...] Notices be published and furnished [...] Customs, as to the rate of discount [...] American Invoices, which is to [...] with the price of gold as represen[ted ...] at a rate equal thereto. Such [...] every Saturday in the Canada Ga[zette].
R. S. M. B[OUCHETTE]

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, [...]
IN ACCORDANCE WITH [...] Order, notice is hereby given t[hat ...] ed discount is declared to be thi[s ...] which percentage of deduction is [...] until next Weekly Notice, and to [...] chases made in the United States d[...]
R. S. M. B[OUCHETTE]

SPAN OF HORSES FOR [SALE]. Subscriber offers for sale a S[pan ...] one bright bay, the other chestnut [...] years. They are well matched for [...] Apply at the residence of the unde[rsigned ...] Bridge, Richmond Road.
176tf [...] MICH[...]

Pay your Gas R[ates] before the 14th Instan[t] 33⅓ per cent. discount.

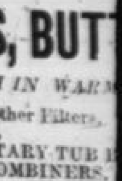
SPENCER'S PATE[NT] HERMETICALLY S[EALED]
FRUIT J[AR]
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS [...]
The best Fruit Preserver—A [...]



THIS JAR [...] thoroughly te[sted] for the last three ye[ars ...] ved to be unsurpas[sed ...] the kind in the mar[ket ...] danger of breaking [...] plying the self-se[aling ...] effecting a great sa[ving ...] and lever covered [...] cover is so constructed, that it will [...] most any other jar, which will e[...] all their cork or other jars, by p[...] Beach & Co., of this city, [...] pointed Agents for Canada are p[...] the trade at a liberal discount by [...] By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Stree[t ...] Rideau Street.
175-a BEACH [...]

RoyalCanadi[an ...]
OTTAWA A[...]
Office—Desbarats' Buildin[gs ...]
Ottawa, June 21.

ANOTHER ARR[IVAL]
Ice Box[es]
FROM $8
WARRANTED



MANUFACTURER, AN[D ...]
MEATS, BUTT[ER ...]
FRESH IN WAR[M ...]
KEDZIE and other Filters, [...] COOLERS, MILITARY TUB[ES ...] COMBINERS, SHOWER[...]
Foot, Hip, and S[itz Baths]
Any of the above article[s ...]
Stoves, Tinwa[re ...]
At ESMON[DE'S]
Ottawa, July 6, 1866.

G. H. HE[...]
(Late of the Bank of [...])
General Comm[ission] AND EXCHANG[E ...]
Agent for the Euro[...] Society.
Agent for the estat[e ...] Kingston, for the sale of H[...]
OFFICE: In Aumond's B[uildings ...]
Ottawa, June 27.

PERRY [DAVIS'] VEGET[ABLE] PAIN K[ILLER]
AT THE OL[D ...]
BEWARE OF C[OUNTERFEITS AND] WORTHLESS [IMITATIONS].
March 5, 1866.

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans, AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.

2?, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

HORSE LOST.—Strayed away from the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre Town, yesterday afternoon. He is dark bay, about 15 hands high. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Isaac's Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will be suitably rewarded. Any one harboring the same after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.

Ottawa, July 17. 179tf

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room and stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM, Returning Officer.

179tf

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon. If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

Portraits in Oil.

W. SAWYER, Portrait Painter, having visited Ottawa, may be seen for the present at Spencer's Photographic Rooms, Sparks Street, and requests those desirous of securing his services, to call immediately as his stay will be but short.

N.B.—Specimens of work may be seen at his rooms and Durie's Book Store. Photographs copied with exactness. 178-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.

176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

☞ **Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount.** 175tf

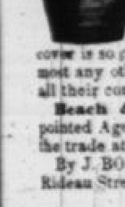
SPENCER'S PATENT

HERMETICALLY SEALED

FRUIT JARS!

SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success



THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover. **Beach & Co.,** of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street, *Agents for Canada.*

175-a

Royal Canadian Bank

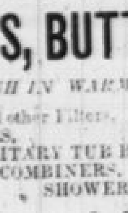
OTTAWA AGENCY;

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box  Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.

WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters.
COOLERS.
MILITARY TUB BATHS.
COMBINERS.
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.

At ESMONDE BROS., Sparks Street, Opposite Ontario Bank.

Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the Estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND* **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

AMUSEMENTS.

Ottawa Orphan's Home.

A GRAND

PROMENADE CONCERT!

In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held

AT THE SKATING RINK,

On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.

Tickets 25cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

ST. PATRICK'S

ERIN GO BRAGH

Literary Association.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC!

—AT THE—

Wright House Gardens, Hull,

—ON—

Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.

THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place.

Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.

Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.

Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.

The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.

175-td J. McCARRON, Secretary.

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN, Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160-y

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed, WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes,)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

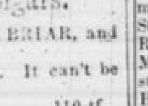
MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.

Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.

The English Magazines for June.

The American Magazines for July.

All the new books received as published.

A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.

Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.

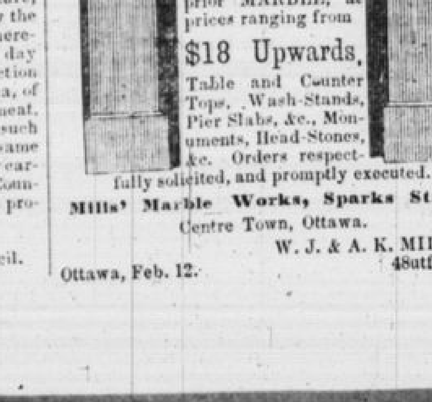
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.

Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

12y

Mantle-Pieces!



Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

W. J. & A. K. MILLS.

Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY, Executor.

174-d

BLACK WALNUT.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale a quantity of superior Black Walnut, ranging from 1 inch to 5 inches in thickness. The lumber is in Mr. Aumond's store, on Sussex street, where inspection is invited. Sales effected at a reasonable price for cash.

170a THOS. CAMPBELL.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS. Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command, R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCES CLEMOW, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.

Manufactured by G. WOOD, Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

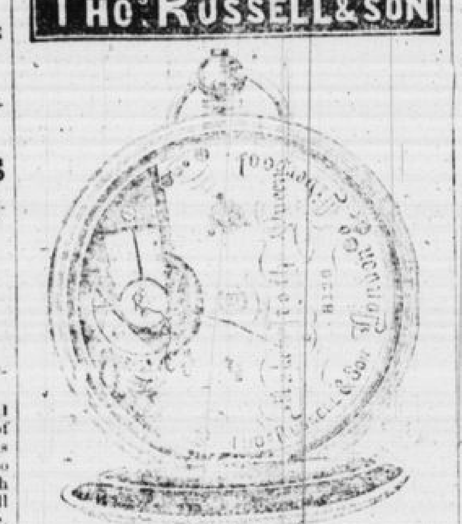
Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

THOS RUSSELL & SON



To H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of, at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

31, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO., Agents for Manufacturers, 34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.

Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE, Agent Ottawa, No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE, OTTAWA, AGENT,

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House. Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

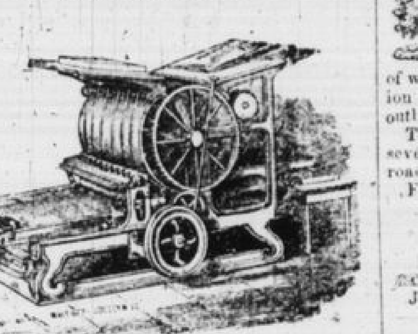
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL. WILLIAM GRAHAM. JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale, Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately! A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE. Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as Woodnoors, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER, Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO., Or to H. McLEAN, *Land Agent.*

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennent ing do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boring machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2 141-tf

FOR SALE.--- A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to JOHN MACAULAY, Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19 130-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING- House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN

Richmond, February 12, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY, Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued. AUGUSTUS LAVER, *Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,* Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS, THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.

Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT- MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street.

166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First- Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars, J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GRO- CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN, 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

171tf

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds, All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK, Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 2 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as Woodnooks, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
35 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, Esq.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—
A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—
LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—
A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
Apply to H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,
AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE
STOCK OF REMNANTS.
(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)
ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
No. 20 Sparks Street.
OTTAWA, July 17, 1866.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tenoning do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
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FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jel-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

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T. D. LEWIS.
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.---IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
Also:
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
41tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

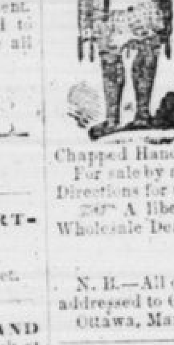
In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 29, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME
RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF
CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.
Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of
Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,
And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at
Reduced Prices!
Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.
☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

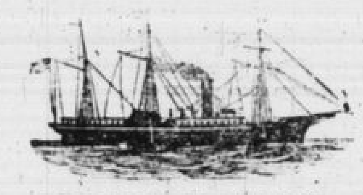
NEW SPRING GOODS. NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLT
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS
And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.
Manufacturers of Clothing,
Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds
Comprising Chandiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of
MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand.
☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☞
ALEXR. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1300 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.
☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE,	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK,	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEFBACH & COWARD,
Agents at Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 14. 125-y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 36" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

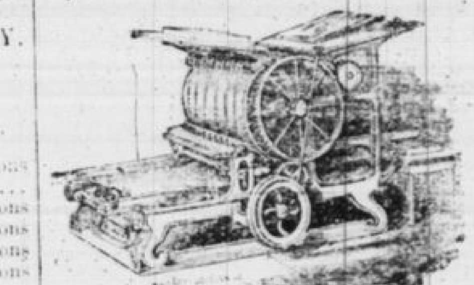
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 88th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES' CLEMOW,
117-3m Official Assignee.

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much-valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed MR. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked,—Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
Liverpool, England.
May 31, 1866.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY Bros.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 12th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties, desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited: save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to except from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen. **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed: AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods may be exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it is shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I. NO. 18[illegible]

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.
DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED
[illegible] and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
[illegible] & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
[illegible], Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa, [illegible] Corners, Richmond, [illegible], &c.,	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
[illegible], Grenville and [illegible] Ottawa, [illegible] Osgoode, &c., Daily [illegible] Wakefield, [illegible] Templeton,	5.30 p. m.	6.00 p. m.
	3.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
	6.00 p. m.	6.30 p. m.
	5.30 p. m.	6.30 p. m.
	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.
[illegible] all parts of Canada, if prepaid by Stamp[illegible], if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, [illegible] for British Columbia, Germany and Fore[illegible] generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID. [illegible] the United States 10 cts—pre-payment [illegible].
[illegible] English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canad[ian] [illegible] ships, via Portland, close at 2 p.m. ev[ery] [illegible] day—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, ev[ery] [illegible] Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; [illegible] every alternate Monday, at Noon.
[illegible] REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and po[sted] [illegible] thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.
☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
[A]TTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor [in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over [illegible]'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
[Ott]awa, April 27. 111-

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
[A]TTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor [in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—N[o.] [illegible] of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
[Ott]awa, March 20, 1866. 7

D. O'CONNOR,
[A]TTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor [in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. [Off]ice: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
[Jan]uary 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
[A]TTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors [in] Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public. [Off]ice: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, O[ttawa].
[illegible] HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
[Febr]uary 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
[A]DVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. P[eter] Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will alwa[ys] [be] [illegible] to attend promptly to any business [of] [Gov]ernment employes, and the public gen[erally] [en]trust him. Mr. B. attends regularly th[e] [Cour]ts and for the district of Quebec.
[Nov]ember 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
[A]DVOCATES, Barristers, and At[torneys]-at-Law.
[Office]s: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
[Mr.] Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays [and Fr]idays of every week.
[illegible] COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B. A.
[Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
[B]ARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. O[ffice]: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
[Ott]awa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
[B]ARRISTER and Attorney-at-L[aw], Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. [Off]ice: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, [lat]ely occupied as the Custom House.
[Ott]awa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTON,
[B]ARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor [in] Chancery, &c.
[Off]ice: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
[Ott]awa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
[B]ARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, [&c.] [Off]ice: Horne's Buildings, corner of [Sparks and] Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
[Ott]awa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEOD,
[B]ARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Ca[nada]. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and B[illegible], C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the Di[strict].
[Febr]uary 7, 1866.

LEES & GEMMELL,
[B]ARRISTERS, Attorneys, Soli[citors], Conveyancers, &c.
[Off]ice: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
[Ott]awa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL
[B]ARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace an[d] [Crown] Attorney, for the United Counties of [Prescott] and Russell.
[Off]ice: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
[Jan]uary 27, 1866.

CLEGG & NELLIS,
[B]ARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, [Notaries] Public, &c., &c.
[Off]ice: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe [Street], Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
[Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCK
[B]ARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Pu[blic], Conveyancers.
[Off]ice: Lang's Building, opposite the [illegible] [Cent]ral Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. [BUCK].
[Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HURD,
[L]AND Agent and Broker, Notar[y] [illegible] has removed his office to Nichol[as] [illegible] few doors to the South of Dan Goode's [illegible] prepared to transact any business [with] the Crown Lands Department, in p[atents] and Claims, taking out Patents, and [illegible] [as] agency for parties having business [with the] Government offices.
[Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN
[D]ENTIST. Office: Sparks Stre[et] Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
[D]ENTIST. Office: Sussex Str[eet], Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.
[H]OMŒPATHIC Physician, [Surgeon] and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be [seen] at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, O[illegible]; John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. Geor[ge] [illegible]; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.[C.S.]; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WOLFF,
[L]ATE of Quebec. Residence— [illegible] Square. Dec. 18.

DR. C. LEGGO,
[P]HYSICIAN, Surgeon and A[ccoucheur]. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks St[reet].

JOHN SWEETLAND, M.
[P]HYSICIAN, Surgeon and A[ccoucheur], Attending Physician to the Prote[stant] [Hospit]al. Office and residence, corner of [Sussex and] Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Wor[illegible]. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C. WOOD
[P]HYSICIAN, Surgeon and A[ccoucheur], Ottawa, C. W. Day office in H[illegible] Sparks Street, Center Town; Night [office] Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of th[e knife], but certain, speedy, and almost [painless]. References given to parties [if] required. *The cure guarant[eed].*
Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J. HENRY
[W]ELLINGTON Street, First [door] [west] of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'REILLY
[Y]ORK Street, opposite Mat[illegible] [Hote]l.
Ottawa, F[ebruary] 7, 1866.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 180. | OTTAWA C. W., WEDNESDAY JULY 18, 1866 | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIVERY.	CLOSES.
[illegible] and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
[illegible] & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
[illegible], Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., N. side Ottawa River, by Steamer,	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
[illegible] Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
[illegible], Innisville and [illegible]	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
[illegible], Carleton Place, Smith's Falls, &c.	6.00 p. m.	7.30 p. m.
[illegible] Wakefield,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
[illegible] E. of Templeton,	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if prepaid by Stamps on the mail, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. To British Columbia, Germany and Foreign parts generally, when prepaid, [illegible]. To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

The English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian steamships, via Portland, close at 4 p.m. every Monday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every Tuesday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every Saturday, at Noon, postage 12½ cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

Registered Letters must be prepaid, and posted half a minute prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Clow's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Apr. 21, 1866. 95-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, & Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Buildings, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
R. H. HAYCOCK, H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Lumber Merchants and the public generally may entrust him with. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
Quebec, December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Aylmer every week.
W. McKay Wright, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Ashton's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Offices: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Offices: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 24-6m

CLEGG & NELLES,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Offices: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLES.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Offices: Lang's Buildings, opposite the Post Office and Central Ottawa.
CHARLES DUCK. JOHN F. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, &c. has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting and claiming, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over Office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. WOLFE,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 2. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 109-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7/1866 43-tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT, Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 19, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 1-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 29, 1866. 75-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reid's Highwines and Proof Whiskeys; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell, Ottawa city, C. W.

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 18 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 86-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 113-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (Commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Offices: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the Bagot, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention bestowed to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. E. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent, AND BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Osmond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
29, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, ... 1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and hopes, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines, Pure Chemicals, Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business. Whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30, Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNTIL otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and one Berth in Gentlemen's cabin included)..... $2.50
Steerage..... 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 23, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*
BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.
Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.
FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.
Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!
IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL
We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.
FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.
LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.
Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slocum, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 26, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville. (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Original.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 166tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMER
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARRIER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Ste

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Plantagenet Mineral Waters—William Rodden.
Pocket Book Lost—Thomas Gallagher.
Important Sale of Timber Limits—Messrs. Thistle and Baldwin.
Royal Horticultural Society—Arthur Harvey.
Requisition—C. T. Bate.
New Books—John Durie & Son.
Her Majesty's Theatre—A French Company from New York.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000**; and Weekly over **4,000**; making a total circulation in the week of **over 18,000**; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(*Published every Friday morning.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line 5c
The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 to 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 18, 1866.

The House yesterday passed the new tariff through Committee, with such changes as the Hon. Minister of Finance suggested. Some of these will be deemed important concessions to the particular interests affected, but all of them together make no difference in the general features of the commercial policy of the Government. An amendment, moved by the Hon. Mr. Rose, in favor of maintaining the 10 per cent. duty on iron, received no countenance from the House, nor indeed did any of the alterations suggested by private members. A few private bills and several measures in the hands of members of the Government, were advanced a stage, and the House adjourned at 10:50.

Though the magnitude of the project for the settlement of which the present Coalition Government was formed, as well as the exceedingly antagonistic materials it embraced, gives some color of justification to the exclusively exceptional character, claimed for it by those who looked forward to its results as a mere enlargement of the area for the display of partizan generalship; still there is nothing, either in its elements or in its purpose, which would warrant the anticipation of its being followed by consequences differing from those of any other coalition of political parties, except as to their extent. It may be conceded that the Coalition of '54 was composed of those whose previous antipathies were weaker,—for a purpose, great and patriotic in itself, but less pregnant with important results, than that of the Coalition of 1864; but beyond this difference in degree, there is nothing either in the formation of the present alliance of parties, or the manner in which it has been carried out, to warrant the conclusion that any other party result should flow from it than that which followed the Coalition of 1854 upon the very model of which the present Cabinet was formed.

In 1854, the Conservatives and Reformers of Upper Canada coalesced, because the party struggle on the great question of secularising the Reserves had reached a point which rendered some settlement absolutely necessary in the interests of the peace of the country. But the Coalition government was not dissolved on the adjustment of that question. On the contrary, as Reformers and Conservatives had mutually and patriotically agreed to merge their differences, and approach the solution of that irritating question in a spirit of conciliation, so when they accomplished their task, as they did to the general satisfaction of the country, they continued to administer the government, embracing within the sphere of their labors some of the most substantial reforms, and some of the best measures for the developement of the country's resources which have ever engaged the attention of any Canadian administration since the Union. It is true that at its formation the Coalition of 1854 met with the opposition of a considerable number of Reformers and a few Conservatives, Mr. Brown being then, as he fain would now, the leader of the malcontents; but the Reform party proper, or those who had joined the Coalition at the instigation of the then acknowledged head of the party, adhered to its various fortunes throughout the ten following years of excitement and agitation.

That these ten years, with the inevitable approach of a disparity in the population between the two sections, so large as to render Government on the basis of the Union an impossibility, with the new issues arising in the very nature of things, or forced into being to serve the objects of political aspirants,—that these ten years should have brought round another crisis in the affairs of the country, need excite no surprise, for though, perhaps, precipitated by the personal ambition of political leaders, its coming at some time was a necessity due to the peculiar circumstances of the country. Whatever differences of opinion may have existed, or may still exist, as to the causes which led the country to the very verge of revolution, it was agreed on all hands then, as it will be admitted now, that some remedy, of a sweeping and radical character, was urgently needed, to render Government possible, and preserve the country from anarchy. And it was in this position of affairs that the member for South Oxford, with the example of the Hon. Francis Hincks, in the analogous circumstances of 1854 before him, appealed to the Conservative leaders to form a Coalition and avert the threatened dangers to the country by the sinking of party issues, and the application of a comprehensive constitutional remedy which would, for ever, remove them from the arena of Canadian politics. The very magnitude of the object thus contemplated, startled the political parties on both sides, but the extreme desirability of its attainment, and the evident sincerity with which it was made and accepted by the chiefs, led to an almost unanimous acquiescence in it by their followers. Still, even in its inception, the parallel was preserved between it and the Coalition of 1854, for to both there were Reform and Conservative dissentients.

The remedy devised by the Coalition is nearly ripe for application, and it is an unavoidable consequence that upon whatever question our politicians may in future divide, the old causes of difference will be swept away by the removal of the circumstances which gave rise to them. A little consideration bestowed upon this point, will shew how illogical is the position of those who, over the very grave of the matters which were at one time in dispute between them, would renew a party strife that must cease to have any other than a personal object, when the cause of difference is removed. In considering, therefore, the party consequences of the present Coalition by the light of that which preceded it, we are led to the conclusion that instead of being followed by a relapse into old lines, on the completion of its allotted task, it will lead to a fusion of the previously discordant elements of which it was composed, greater and more complete than the former, because it sprung from a fiercer antagonism and aimed at a higher object.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE "BEE"—A SCURVY TRICK.—For particulars see a communication, in to-days issue, from Messrs. Bell and Woodburn.

AN ALARM.—Since the fire by which the Temperance Hall was destroyed, and the Central Hook and Ladder Company's alarm bell turret came down, this part of the city has been without its accustomed alarm in case of fire. What has become of the bell? We believe it was not destroyed, and feel confident that a little exertion would soon procure the means of raising it again. Who will step forward to the work?

THE PIC-NIC TO-DAY.—The annual pic-nic of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, takes place to-day, at Hull. The committee of management have secured the services of a first-class quadrille band, and have spared no pains to supply a fund of amusement to those who may favor them with their patronage to-day. $100 will be awarded in prizes at the different games, for which we anticipate a spirited competition.

THE THEATRE.—The French company gave their first performance at the theatre last night, which was well received. They perform again this evening, presenting for the occasion a very attractive bill. It is not often our French citizens have an opportunity of attending a dramatic performance given in their own language, and we would by all means advise them to take advantage of the present occasion. See advertisement.

DISORDERLIES.—Yesterday afternoon three disorderly females, Mary Macananny, Mary Durnan, and Eliza Lee, were brought up at the Court House, before Thomas Langrell, Esq., J. P., charged by constable Silcox, with keeping a house of ill-fame near New Edinborough, and lying about in improper places. These misguided and abandoned women left jail only last Friday, and yesterday morning they were found by the constable in their old haunts, McCoy's bush, in company with a soldier, who should have known better than soil Her Majesty's uniform by contact with such creatures. There was also present a civilian, who can have no character to lose, or he would not have been found there. They were sent to jail again for three months.

POLICE COURT.—James Williams, drunk and disorderly on the streets. Fined $2 and costs, or two weeks in gaol. The case of Patrick Buckley was called, but no one appeared. After a little while, however, Mr. A. Ross, barrister, put in an appearance for defendant, but no prosecutor nor witnesses came, and the case was dismissed. It remains now to be seen whether the laws can be violated; whether a violent assault, which might have ended in death to some of the parties concerned in the shameful breach of the peace, committed on Sunday last, can be perpetrated with impunity; if so, then good bye to peace, law and order. Private prosecutors may be sometimes brought to listen to golden arguments, but the public prosecutor, in whose hands the case now rests, will be found less yielding. We shall see.

—"Drunkenness is a sin, but it is not a crime, says the North British *Review*. If so why the fine and costs a poor vagabond has to pay when caught drunk?

—The Halifax *Colonist* says the granting of licences to American fishermen becomes a necessity, in deference to the wishes of the Imperial Government.

—The Democrats of Indiana have begun their political canvass by frankly opposing that part of the proposed amendment which affirms the inviolability of the national debt.

A trial has just been made at Florence, of a cuirass of aluminium, which is as light as an ordinary waistcoat, nearly as flexible, and capable of turning a musket ball, fired at the distance of thirty-eight paces, and of resisting a bayonet thrust from the heaviest hand.—Each cuirass costs only five francs. Two regiments are, it is said, to be immediately provided with them.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

The following report forms part of the debate on the subject stated, but was held over until the Commissioner of Crown Lands was in his place to reply to the Hon. Mr. Boulton.

Poundage by Sheriffs.

Hon. Mr. BOULTON moved the adoption of the following report:—

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL,
Committee Room, 11th July, 1866.

The committee to whom were referred the returns of the several Sheriffs in Upper Canada, made in pursuance of addresses from this House of last session, in regard to poundage charged by them on executions whereon no sale took place, and to the expenses of advertising land for sale for taxes, beg leave to report:

That they have examined the said returns relating to poundage, and are much surprised to find that the said Sheriffs have, in manifest violation of the provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, and of the decisions of the Judges of the Superior Courts, exacted poundage on executions whereon no sale took place. Your committee cannot avoid reprobating in the strongest terms, the course thus pursued by the Sheriffs, and particularly after the proceedings of this House last session; and to declare their unanimous opinion that, should such a course be persevered in, any Sheriff so violating the law should be dismissed from his office. Your committee consider that the Sheriff's office is one of great honor and profit, and should be conducted with the strictest integrity; and no suspicion should exist that a public officer exacts from the poor and unfortunate any fees which are not sanctioned by law; and your committee consider it the duty of either branch of the Legislature to inquire into abuses, and if possible to prevent a continuance of them.

By the provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, although Sheriffs are prohibited from receiving poundage on executions where no sale takes place, a discretion is very properly left to the Judges to allow any Sheriff additional fees in any particular case where the Sheriff can satisfy the Court or Judges that he had much additional trouble, and ought to receive further remuneration therefor, they may allow it. However, in cases of this kind the Judges would not be influenced by the Sheriffs, but, while considering what was just towards these officers, would not disregard the unfortunate and poor debtor.

It would seem by the Sheriffs thus persevering in demanding poundage where they are not entitled to it, that they are unwilling to submit to the judges any claim for extra trouble or services as if they were apprehensive of not obtaining justice. Your Committee are convinced that in no instance where they have been appealed to, have the judges failed to afford ample remuneration to any officer of the Court in their power. In illustration of this view, it may be remarked that the judges on a claim of the Sheriff of the County of Wentworth for $6,000 for poundage, allowed $3,000 over and above all ordinary fees. A sum doubtless amply sufficient to indemnify him for any extra trouble or service in the matter.

The Committee append hereto the amount of poundage received on executions for the last year, on which no sales took place, and also a statement of the amount received for advertising land for sale for taxes. Your Committee consider that the expenses of advertising lands for taxes are very great, and do not seem to be based upon the principle adopted by printers of charging by the line or number of words.

The system adopted by the Sheriffs generally of charging a percentage of the amount due upon each lot or separate piece of land respectively, your Committee consider operates very injuriously and oppressively towards those who unfortunately have the most taxes to pay. This will in all probability be guarded against in future by a provision in the new Assessment Law introduced into the other branch of the Legislature. Your Committee are very much surprised to find that those Sheriffs whose returns are not mentioned in the annexed schedule have not thought proper to comply with the address of this House, but have acted in total disregard of its authority.

All which is respectfully submitted.

G. S. BOULTON,
Chairman.

Appended to the report there was a schedule showing that the Sheriffs of Elgin, Grey, Huron and Bruce, Lambton, Northumberland and Durham, Ontario, Peterboro, Perth, Simcoe, Victoria, Welland, Wentworth, Carleton, Essex, Haldimand, Lennox and Addington, Oxford, Prince Edward, Waterloo, Prescott and Russell, had all made returns of poundage thus exacted contrary to law, during the last year, the sums forming in the aggregate an amount of $5,565. The following Sheriffs had made no returns of poundage: Halton, Hastings, Leeds and Grenville, Lincoln, Lanark and Renfrew, Middlesex, Norfolk, Stormont, Wellington, York and Peel. Sixteen of the Sheriffs reporting the sums charged for advertising sales of lands for taxes, stated the amount in sums varying from $21 to $1,009, the aggregate being some $5,000, while the rest made no returns or stated the charges at so much per lot advertised; in one part of the country the charge per lot being 54½ cents, in another $1.39.

In bringing up his motion the hon. member said that the exaction of poundage under the circumstances stated in the report, had been found extremely injurious and oppressive, by poor debtors especially, and it had been thought highly necessary to put an end to the grievance. The practice was in direct violation of the law, and he trusted that Parliament, as the guardians of the public interests, would adopt such proceedings as would immediately put a stop to it. If any other public officer charged with an important duty were to pursue a similar course, and improperly demand and exact fees, not only without the authority of law, but contrary to its express prohibitions, and appropriate such fees to his own uses, the press of the country would soon be loud in his condemnation, but, somehow in the case of Sheriffs very little or any thing was said. The office of Sheriff was one of great importance and power, and people did not like to complain of them, but that was only a stronger reason why the Legislature should interfere to protect unfortunate persons from illegal exactions on their part. The law plainly laid down that they were not to take poundage when there had been no execution. The reason why poundage was allowed when the executions took place, was that the Sheriffs were held responsible to the creditors for the goods sold, for safe custody, embezzlement, breakage, &c., but the idea that because a seizure had been made, though the debt might be paid for within a couple of hours, the sheriff should charge just as if he had sold the effects was a monstrous imposition, and should immediately be put down; in fact the law had been passed for the express purpose of putting it down, and he yet trusted it would have the effect of doing so. Formerly the law was vague, and while it was vague the sheriffs might perhaps be excused for putting a construction upon it favorable to themselves, but when the statutes were revised the Commissioners took care to use such language as would forever do away with such doubts by clearly stating that poundage should not be taken when there had been no execution. It might be thought that £7 or £8 was a small thing to complain of, but to a poor man it was a greater hardship than a larger sum to a rich man. His object at present was to take the opinion of the House as to the impropriety of the acts complained of, and he hoped that the adoption of the report should have the effect of preventing such illegal exertions in future. He had brought this subject before the House last year when moving for the returns. As would be seen by the schedule attached to the report most of the sheriffs had responded, but some of them had taken no notice of the order. This he conceived was treating the House with a degree of contempt which should not be allowed to pass unrebuked. It was clear, however, from the returns made that it was the uniform practice of the sheriffs to levy these illegal fees, and that it had been persisted in even since the matter was brought under the notice of the House last session. The Committee to whom the returns had been referred, was a large and intelligent one, and they had come to the unanimous conclusion that the wrong must be immediately remedied. He might have taken the extreme course of asking for an address to His Excellency, praying him to dismiss the sheriffs who had offended in this way, but he had adopted a milder course, in the hope that it would prove as effectual. If public servants were at liberty to set aside the law governing their actions it was quite useless to legislate, but these gentlemen should be taught that they could not do so without serious consequences to themselves. The sheriffs could not plead ignorance, for they were generally educated and intelligent persons. The feeling throughout the country was strong against these exactions, and he had just received a letter from a person he did not know, reproaching him for not having followed up his action of last session. He trusted the report would be adopted, and that if hereafter any sheriff was found taking poundage when there had been no execution he should be dismissed from his office.

TUESDAY, July 17th, 1866.

On the order for the consideration of the report of the Special Committee upon the poundage charged by the Sheriffs being called,

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL said he hoped his hon. friend (Boulton) would not press for the adoption of said report. The facts alleged would receive the attention of the Government, as fully as if the report were concurred in, and the proper means would be taken to repress the wrongs complained of. But it would be evident to his hon. friend that the adoption of the report by the House, would in effect, be the passing a grave censure upon public officers occupying important trusts, without having heard them in their defence, and certainly if it were proper to censure, it was equally proper to allow the parties a hearing before it was done. He concurred to a great extent in the views expressed by the report, but at the same time he could not give his consent to have it formally adopted, without first giving the parties an opportunity of explaining their conduct.

Hon. Mr. BOULTON said he had no other objects in view than procuring the redress of a great wrong, which was extensively complained of, and which he had been urgently requested to bring to the attention of Parliament. He was glad that the Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands so far concurred with him in opinion; it was very clear that something was needed to be done in the matter. The late Sir H. La Fontaine had found it necessary to alter the law of Lower Canada in this respect, and he could wish that that of Upper Canada, were assimilated to it. (Hear, hear.) However, after the assurance of the Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands, that a remedy would be applied, he would move that the consideration of the report be deferred until the 7th of August.

Hon. Mr. VIDAL thought that there was a point which should not be overlooked, and it was the neglect or refusal of some of the Sheriffs to obey the injunction of the House. This was, he considered, a piece of very great disrespect, and those who had committed it should be informed that a repetition of such an offence should call for their immediate dismissal.

Hon. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR inquired as to the manner in which the Sheriffs had been required to furnish returns.

Hon. Mr. BOULTON said an address had been voted by the House to His Excellency asking for them, and the Provincial Secretary had written to the parties in the usual way.

The motion for postponement was then put and carried.

Quite a large amount of business was done at this sitting, which we have not room for to-day, but which we shall endeavor to give to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 6 o'clock.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, July 17th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

After the transaction of routine business:

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

To amend certain acts respecting the College of Regiopolis, and to confer the powers and privileges of an University on the same.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To incorporate the Canada Vine Growers' Association.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend the Act 25 Vic., Cap. 30, to enable the Ratepayers of the County of Lincoln to select a more convenient place for the County Town.—Mr. McGiverin.

To confirm and establish the existing line between the 4th and 5th Ranges of the Township of Buckingham.—Mr. Currier.

Mr. OLIVER, the new member for North Oxford, was introduced by Messrs. McKenzie and Stirton, and took his seat.

Hon. Mr. GALT then moved the House into Committee on ways and means.—Carried—Mr. Street in the chair.

In reply to the Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. GALT stated that it was his intention to explain the modifications contemplated, as the resolutions were being considered in Committee.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought a general statement of the changes should be made now, that members might be able to judge of their probable effects.

Hon. Mr. GALT contended that to provoke a general discussion at this stage of proceedings would be a mere waste of time, as the general debate would more properly take place on the motion of concurrence.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said, in satisfaction to parties who were most anxious to hear what the changes were to be, he hoped the hon. minister would fully state them before going into a consideration of the several items.

Hon. Mr. GALT said in compliance with the request of the hon. member for Montreal, he would briefly state the changes contemplated, without giving the reasons for them at the present time, these he would mention when they came to the respective items. In the article of sugar, no reduction was proposed on the first three qualities. On brown muscovado a reduction from $2.00 to $1.90 per 100 lbs. would take place; cane juice would be reduced from $1.50 to $1.37; and molasses from $1.00 to 73 cents. The following increase was proposed in tobacco: Cavendish from 10c per lb. to 15c.; common cut from 5 cents to 7½ cents; fine cut from 15 cents to 20 cents; Canadian twist from 2c to 4c; snuff and snuff flour dry, from 10c to 15c, and snuff, damp, moist or pickled, from 8c to 10c; cigars,—all kinds—would be advanced $1.00 per thousand; starch and soap would be struck out of the 15 per cent ad valorem list, being both subjected to a specific duty, the former of 2½c and the latter of 1c per lb. After plank and sawed lumber of all kinds, "he proposed to insert, except walnut, rosewood, mahogny, cherry and chestnut," which were transferred to the free list. He also proposed to strike leather out of the free list, and impose 10 per cent ad valorem, and to transfer mowing, reaping, or threshing machines to the 15 per cent list. He also proposed to add the following articles to the free list:—

Colors and articles following, where imported solely by room paper manufacturers, and stainers for manufacturing purposes only, viz: lakes in pulp, scarlet and maroon, ultra marine and Chinese blue, English umber, (raw), blue black, Paris and permanent green, bichromate of potash, sugar of lead, British green, slotted tapes for the manufacture of hoop-skirts, brass and tin clasps, slides and spangles for ditto, human hair, rattan for covering chairs; gasoline, machine silk twist, and machine linen thread, whale oils in their crude and natural state, not in any way refined, bleached or prepared.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the delay caused by the hon. member for Lincoln's motion had been productive of satisfactory results. The discussion which had taken place, and the pressure brought to bear on the hon. Minister of Finance had produced a great change in the tariff.

The several items were then passed until the resolution affecting sugar, when Hon. Mr. Galt explained the reasons which had induced him to reduce the duty on the coarser qualities which entered mostly into consumption among the poorer classes of the people. He had been accused of having tried to force the trade of Upper Canada, but the merchants of Hamilton or Toronto could import sugar directly by way of New York or Portland, just as well as by the St. Lawrence, therefore he denied that he had done anything towards forcing trade by that channel. With regard to the Trade Commission to the West Indies, he believed his hon. friend the Provincial Secretary, would be prepared to lay the report of that Commission before the House to-morrow, when he had no doubt the country would be well satisfied with its results.

In reply to the Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. GALT replied that the change of soap from the 15 per cent *ad valorem* to a specific duty, of 1 cent per lb was made because of the duty of 1 cent on tallow, which entered into its manufacture; ½ cent per lb on common soap was equivalent to an *ad valorem* duty of 15 per cent, and the other half cent had been added as an equivalent for the duty of one cent per lb on lard and tallow. He also explained the change made with regard to starch; it had been taken out of the *ad valorem* list, and a specific rate fixed equivalent to the *ad valorem* rate with an addition corresponding to the duty on corn, from which it was manufactured.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that the duty on soap, instead of being reduced from the old rate, had been largely increased, and he had little doubt, though he was not so well informed regarding starch, that the same had taken place with regard to it. Mr. Holton also contended that the imposition of a duty of six cents per gallon on crude Petroleum, had been made in the interest of a few speculators, would exclude Pennsylvania oil from the market, and largely increase the cost of the refined article to the consumer.

Hon. Mr. GALT said as the duty on the refined article had not been increased, he could not see that the consumers could be put to any additional cost because of the addition of two cents per gallon on the crude article.

On the item of tobacco, Mr. GALT stated that under the old system every kind of tobacco, except the merest rubbish, was excluded from the country, and he proposed now to impose a small specific duty, in lieu of the old rate, which was equivalent to about 40 per cent. *ad valorem*, which would have the effect of excluding the inferior qualities, and allowing of a fair competition in the superior kinds.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said it was very much to be regretted that the Hon. Minister of Finance had not left the tobacco and cigar duties just where he had found them.

On the resolution imposing duties on certain agricultural productions,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON called upon the Minister of Finance to explain the free trade principles upon which these duties were imposed. (Laughter.) He had every confidence in his hon. friend's ability to show the complete harmony between this proposition and the European system. (Laughter.)

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD begged that the Hon. Minister of Finance be excused from making the explanation demanded. He (J. S. McD.) was a protectionist, and had always been a protectionist, and as this resolution offered protection to farmers, he hoped the Minister of Finance would be excused. (Laughter.)

Hon. Mr. GALT said the 12th resolution explained the matter.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said there was an irrepressible conflict of opinion between his hon. friend from Cornwall, the leader of the former Government, and his Chancellor of the Exchequer, the member for Chautauguay, the one a free trader, the other a protectionist, and he did not wonder his Government had broken down (laughter)

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said it was a wonder that the Government which came after his, had not broken down (renewed laughter.)

Mr. FERGUSSON (S. Simcoe), thought the Finance Minister should make some change in the tariff whereby a duty would be imposed on wheat equivalent to the duty of 50 cents a barrel on flour. He contended that Americans would bring in inferior wheat and have it ground here, taking away our good wheat in return. He was satisfied, from what he knew of the farmers of the country, that they would not be contented to see a duty on flour, and wheat coming in free. So long as the Americans put a duty of 20 cents on our wheat, we ought to put a duty to some extent on theirs.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said if the member for Simcoe would consider the point he would see it was not protection to the farmer, but protection to the miller that was contemplated by this part of the tariff. Mr. Holton went on to comment on these items, and said it was an anomaly that the hon. Postmaster-General should assist in passing a tariff that operated to the advantage of the business in which he was engaged.

Hon. Mr. GALT replied, saying it was a most unjust accusation to bring against his hon. friend, and he assured the House it was altogether undeserved. It was well understood that the whole of these articles were placed under duty solely with reference to the Reciprocity Treaty, and the 12th resolution having this end in view gave the Governor in Council power to repeal them when he saw fit.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said it was an extraordinary thing that the hon. member should bring such an accusation against an hon. gentleman who had been his own colleague in the government.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON denied the slightest intention of reflecting in any degree upon the private character of the hon. member. He did not intend to impute to him any improper conduct, or to accuse him of taking an undue advantage of his position.

Hon. Mr. HOWLAND repudiated the insinuations of the hon. member. Though it was true he was connected with the milling interest, the impost would not benefit him a shilling. He then proceeded to explain the reasons which had induced the government to impose these duties on agricultural products.

Mr. McGIVERIN called the attention of the government to the advisability of imposing a duty upon fruit trees, fruits and vegetables. He had received a petition from several parties desirous of seeing this carried out, and as it would afford some additional degree of protection to the farmers, he hoped the government would view the proposition favorably.

Hon. Mr. GALT thought the House would agree with him that it would be a poor protection to a farmer who desired to set out an orchard to place difficulties in the way of his obtaining the best trees. As to the article of fruit it was not the policy of the government to place a duty upon it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought the answer very satisfactory as to fruit trees, and very unsatisfactory regarding fruit. If grain was to bear a duty why should not fruit.

Mr. MORRISON agreed with the member for Lincoln that fruit trees ought to bear a duty.

In reply to Messrs. Rymal and Haultain,

Hon. Mr. GALT explained that no duty had been put on wheat, because it was an article which entered largely into the exports of the country. It came into the country, was ground here and sent off again for sale in other markets. To have put a duty on it would have needlessly raised the price of bread, and would not have benefited the farmer to any extent, because the price in foreign markets regulated the price of wheat, and the duty would be an advantage to them. On wheat going to England a duty would be nugatory, as it would pass through Canada from the Western States in bond.

Mr. McKENZIE expressed himself satisfied with reasons stated for exempting wheat and should like see all other grains put on the same list with it.

Mr. FERGUSSON, (S. Simcoe) again addressed the House with reference to the duty on flour, and to contend for the imposition of a duty on wheat, and was about to move an amendment to strike out "except wheat," leaving that article to the same duty (10c per bushel) as other grains, when it being six o'clock, the Speaker left the chair.

Evening Sitting.

The House continued in Committee of Ways and Means. Some discussion took place on the duty of 1c. per lb. on "meats, fresh, salted or smoked." Hon. Mr. Holton contending that it would have an injurious bearing on the importation of mess pork.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD hoped the member for Pontiac would give the House the benefit of his views on this tax upon an article in which he was very much interested.

Mr. POUPORE said if the necessities of the country required a tax of $2 per barrel on pork he was willing to submit to it, though he thought that $1 would have been sufficient and he would be glad to see the Finance Minister reduce it to that amount.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) would be glad to see the tax on pork $4 instead of $2 per barrel, because the farmers of Canada, if properly protected could raise all the pork that the country required, and they had as much right to protection in this particular as any other. The item was carried.

Mr. SHANLY suggested that in the 25 per cent *ad valorem* list in the line with "essences and perfumery" should be added "fancy soaps." He considered that this article was particularly deserving of a place in the list, because a great many of the ingredients which entered into its composition bore a heavy duty, and he hoped it would be inserted in the manner he had suggested.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON thought, as the duty of 1c per lb. on common soap, was equal to an *ad valorem* rate of 40 per cent, it did seem strange to him that the article of luxury, fancy soap, should be put at a rate of only 25 per cent. He thought surely it ought to bear a higher rate than the common article.

Hon. Mr. GALT supposed they would not expect him to reply to the remarks of the hon. member who had just sat down, and who was evidently resolved upon objecting to everything which the Government proposed, but with regard to what had been said by the member for Grenville, he (Mr. G.) would remind him that many of the articles which entered into the composition of perfumed soap would now be imported at a lower rate than formerly, and that the Government, having fully considered the whole question, deemed the rate at which the article now stood 15 per cent. As to the remarks of the hon. member for Chateauguay, that the rate on common soap was equal to 40 per cent *ad valorem*, he repeated the duty was only equal to 15 per cent *ad valorem*, with the addition equal to the amount of duty on tallow.

Mr. SHANLY, seconded by Mr. Pope, moved an amendment that "fancy soaps" be added after "essences and perfumery."

Mr. POPE contended that the articles entering into the manufacture of fancy soaps, bore a heavy duty, and the Finance Minister would destroy the manufacture of soap altogether in the country to favor the English makers, and gratify his own whims.

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD contended that soap ought to be made as free as possible.

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) hoped the Minister of Finance would yield to the proposition of the member for Grenville. He had already yielded on some important points, and he deserved the thanks of the country for so doing, as he had acted only in the interests of the country, and he hoped he would now establish a fresh claim to their thanks.

The amendment was lost and the resolution carried.

The 15 per cent *ad valorem* list was carried down to the item "leather," without opposition,—"gold and silver leaf" being struck off, they appearing in the free list.

Mr. HOLTON called the attention of the House to the statement that sole and upper leather should be taken from the free list, and added to the 10 per cents. He did not see why any distinction should be made between these and the other kinds of leather; they should all be left in the list of 15 per cents.

Hon. Mr. GALT said when the duty on leather was raised to 12½, the receipts at once fell off, and if the kinds specified were to bear a duty at all, he thought 10 per cent a rate at which the revenue would be most productive.

When the Committee reached the item of iron, in the free list,

Hon. Mr. ROSE strongly objected to the repeal of the 10 per cent. duty on several kinds of iron, as by that step a large number of rolling mills, which kept a great many men at work, would have to be closed.—He stated that in Nova Scotia while iron, fit only to be re-manufactured, was admitted free, there was a duty of 5 per cent on all other kinds. He concluded by moving in amendment, that the duty on bar iron, nail and spike, rod, and rolled plate, remain as now, at 10 per cent.

Mr. FORD JONES was understood to take strong ground against Mr. Rose's amendment, contending that no article could be placed on the free list that would confer greater advantages on the manufacturing interests of the country, and he did not see that they should suffer for the sake of a few rolling mills in Montreal.

Mr. HOLTON said these rolling mills had struggled into existence under the lowest rate of duty, 10 per cent, which could not be regarded as a protective duty. They did not now ask protection; they merely desired that if any class of manufactures was to be protected, the article they manufactured should be left at 10 per cent. He (Mr. H.) did not see any special reason for taking the duty off iron altogether; it was a manufactured article, and might well bear the rate now imposed on it.

Hon. Mr. GALT said he hoped that a measure calculated to advance the general prosperity of the country would not be attended with such individual hardship as the hon. member for Montreal had pictured. The article of iron entered largely into almost every branch of manufacture in the country, and by placing it on the free list, they made a reduction in its cost of $4 per ton, of which the country would get the benefit. This article had not been dealt with to raise revenue, but as a means of carrying out the system the government had proposed to itself of redistributing the burthen of taxation. He believed that in making iron free the government could not have begun upon a better article, for it was one of prime necessity.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) warmly approved the policy of the government in placing iron on the free list.

After several members had spoken on the subject,

Hon. Mr. ROSE urged upon the government the policy, if it was their intention to adopt the principles of free trade, of approaching their end gradually so as not to destroy infant manufactures that had grown up under a different system. He suggested a reduction from 10 to 7½, then to 5, and so on until the customs duties were abolished altogether, but warned the government of the injury they would do to the classes he had mentioned.

The amendment was lost, only some half a dozen members voting for it.

In reply to Hon. J. S. Macdonald,

Hon. Mr. GALT stated that it had been the custom of the Government for some time past, to allow mill and factory machinery to remain in bond while in use by the importer, thus showing the intention of the Government to take off the duty. These bonds would now be cancelled.

Messrs. COWAN and MAGILL objected to the admission of mill and factory machinery free of duty, the latter moving that they be transferred to the 15 per cent list.—(Lost.)

The free list having been carried with the addition of the articles mentioned in Mr. Galt's speech in the afternoon.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved the imposition of 10 per cent duty, on sole and upper leather. (Carried.)

The resolutions making the importation of agricultural products from the British North American Provinces free from and after the passing of an act to that effect, and empowering the Governor in Council by proclamation to make the same articles free from the United States, so soon as they would be admitted free into that country, were carried.

A brief discussion took place on the resolution imposing an export duty on saw logs and shingle bolts. The resolution was carried.

On the resolution abolishing the free ports of Gaspe and Sault St. Marie.

Mr. GALT explained that a future day should be named for the abolition of the free ports, and the Government had fixed upon the 15th day of September next. He, therefore, moved that the resolution be amended accordingly.—Carried.

The committee then rose and reported.

Hon. Mr. GALT said he would move the House again into committee, on some resolutions relative to excise duties.

The following bills passed through Committee, and were read a third time:

Respecting Chapter 98 of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

Respecting Chapter 2 of the Acts passed this Session.—Hon. Atty. Gen. Cartier.

The following bills passed through Committee:

To incorporate the Ecclesiastical Society of St. John, of the Diocese of Kingston.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To incorporate the "Institut des Artisans Canadiens de Montreal.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

The following bills were read a second time:

An Act further to amend the Charter of the Quebec Bank (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Sol.-Gen. Langevin.

To facilitate the suppression of the evils caused by intemperance (from Legislative Council.) Hon. Sol.-Gen. Langevin.

To amend the Act incorporating the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Company (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Sol.-Gen. Langevin.

The House adjourned at ten minutes to eleven.

THE NEW BRITISH MINISTRY.

[From the Scotsman.]

The following are, we have reason to believe, the arrangements for the new or next government, so far as yet made:

First Lord of the Treasury—Earl of Derby.
Chancellor of the Exchequer—Mr. Disraeli.
Foreign Secretary—Lord Stanley.
Home Secretary—Mr. Gathorne Hardy.
Colonial Secretary—Lord Cranborne.
Secretary for India—Mr. Adderley.
Minister at War—General Peel.
First Lord of the Admiralty—Sir John Pakington.
Lord High Chancellor—Lord Chelmsford.
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—Lord Malmesbury.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland—Mr. Whiteside.
Under Secretary of War—Earl of Longford.
Attorney-General—Sir H. Cairns.
Solicitor-General—Mr. Bovill.
Board of Works—Lord John Manners.
Postmaster-General—Lord Colchester.

The Duke of Richmond, it is understood, was offered and declined the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland. Sir E. L. Bulwer Lytton is to be made a peer. Mr. Walpole is not to be in office. Chief Baron Pollock will resign, and make way for Sir Fitzroy Kelly. In Scotland it is expected that Mr. George Patton will be Lord Advocate, and Mr. E. S. Gordon, Solicitor-General.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—For some time past several persons in this community, who have heretofore been friendly disposed towards the *Citizen*, have had reason to complain of the treatment received by them at the hands of the ostensible proprietor of that journal. This morning it is our turn. It is not the first time that we have found the publisher of the *Citizen* manifesting an unfriendly spirit towards us, but not until to-day has he attempted to use the columns of that journal to do us injury. The paragraph in the *Citizen* this morning respecting the *Bee* manifests a bad spirit. It was not enough for him to have said that he did not print the *Bee* for the past few weeks, but he must needs have a malicious fling at neighbors who have never done anything save to oblige him, in order to injure them in a business way. When making the announcement referred to, he might have added, that the *Bee* had been printed in the *Citizen* office (where it originated) for the past few weeks,—that (if he could not avoid mentioning names) it had been printed at the printing office of Messrs. Bell & Woodburn,—that it was only when the *Citizen* press broke down that it was taken from there to be printed,—that a portion of the type from which it had been printed by Bell & Woodburn had been sent to their office from the *Citizen*, and that it was more as a favor than as a matter of business that they were induced to have anything to do with it. We must confess that, under the circumstances, we were somewhat surprised at the vindictiveness manifested towards us in the paragraph referred to, for we certainly fancied that we were obliging the *Citizen* people by printing the *Bee* for them in their difficulties. Had we imagined for one moment that by so doing we would have incurred the resentment of the conductor of the *Citizen*, through envy or otherwise, we should not have had anything to do with it. Heretofore, we have always striven to be guarded in everything in any way connected with those in the same line of business with ourselves, so as to preserve pleasant relations, and particularly so with the *Citizen* people. In future we will be even more so. But in the meantime, we will thank the conductor or manager of the *Citizen* establishment to send to our office for the type which he sent there from which to print the *Bee*, and that in future when difficulties beset him that he will seek assistance from those who may be more likely to submit to ingratitude and spiteful impertinance with more meekness than we are disposed to do.

Your obedient servants,
BELL & WOODBURN.

OTTAWA, July 18th, 1866.

THE RELIEF FUND PERFORMANCE.

The "Volunteer Relief Fund" Committee beg to report that the Theatrical Representation in aid of said fund came off on Wednesday evening, July 11th, at Her Majesty's theatre, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, and realized the sum of one hundred and thirty-three dollars and twenty-five cents. ($133.25c.)

In appreciation of the patriotism and liberality of Mr. Townsend, the Committee takes this opportunity of expressing its grateful thanks to himself, family and *corps dramatique* for their successful efforts to put on the boards a variety of pieces suitable for the occasion, and which appeared to have been received with every satisfaction by the assembled audience.

To Major Newdigate, of the P. C. O. the thanks of this committee are hereby tendered for the invaluable and gratuitous services of its splendid band.

To the different presses of the city, particularly the *Ottawa Times, Ottawa Citizen*, and Messrs Bell and Woodburn, the thanks of this committee are justly due for the gratuitous printing furnished on the occasion.

In reference to the final disbursement of the amount realized, the committee has deemed it advisable to enquire for the most pressing cases of hardship amongst the families of our brave volunteers, and will endeavour to meet them to the best of its ability.

(Signed) HAMNETT HILL,
Chairman.

THE SHERBROOKE GAZETTE ON THE POPE'S BULL AGAINST THE FISHERY ACT.

Mr. Pope has introduced into Parliament a bill to exempt the river St. Francis and one or two other streams from the provisions of the Fishery Act. One of these provisions is to require the proprietors of Saw Mills to build slides to allow salmon and other fish to pass up to their spawning grounds, another clause prohibits allowing saw dust and rubbish to be thrown into the stream. Previous to the building of the dam at Brampton Falls, salmon ran up the St. Francis in great numbers, and were caught plentifully in the river and lake. The first year after the dam was built, large quantities were taken out just below the dam. But now, no efficient slide having been built, and the river obstructed by saw dust, slabs and edgings, no salmon are taken below the dam, showing that these obstructions have caused them to cease running up the river. There can be no doubt but the passing of Mr. Pope's bill would greatly relieve the proprietors of the Brampton Mills from a troublesome item of cost in maintaining a slide, as well as exempt them from heavy penalties already incurred from violation of the law—but the question before the public is, is the law a wise one, and ought its provisions to be enforced to protect the fish in the streams in question. We know no reason why they should be exempted more than any other streams. Perhaps Mr. Pope can satisfy the Legislature and his constituents that the proposed amendments are for the good of the public.

SCULLING MATCHES.

Some time since it was arranged that two sculling matches, for £250 each, on two successive days, should take place on the Tyne between Henry Kelley, champion of the Thames, and James Hamill, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, an American champion. The first of them came off yesterday, in presence of an immense crowd, between the High Level-bridge, on the Tyne, and Leamington-point. Early yesterday morning both men were at their places. Hamill is 5ft. 7in. in height, weighs 11st. 2lb., and is 27 years of age; Henry Kelley is 5ft. 9in., weighs 10st. 7lb., and is 36 years of age. Kelley had for the last few days trained at the Dun Cow, Dunston, under Drewitt, and rowed in a very fine boat by Jewett, of that place. Hamill trained at Mr. Brown's, Blenheim-house, with John Hamill and James Laughlin, accompanied by a few Americans. Betting was 6 to 4 on Kelley. The start took place at 7:50, and Kelley immediately led by half a length, but so rapidly did the American play his sculls that he became level at Davidson's Mill, Kelley went away again almost immediately and became clear at the Skinner Burn. The difference in the respective styles of rowing was very marked and peculiar, Kelley was drawing the long, steady pull of 38 to 40 strokes, while his opponent, who used shorter sculls inboard, not overleaping as Kelley's did, was taking short, sharp, round, and rapid strokes, to the number, it is said, at one time, of nearly 60 per minute. At the end of the mile Kelley was eight lengths ahead, at the Meadows-house he had increased the lead to 20 lengths, at half the way to 300 yards, and he won by more than a quarter of a mile. Colonel Hawkes was referee. The second race is to take place at 8:30 this morning, over half the course and back.—*London Times.*

—The U. S. steamer *Winooski*, a ten gun double ender, is shortly expected in the St. Lawrence.

—Three gun boats arrived at Quebec, from Halifax, on Tuesday last—they are for the upper lakes.

—The little craft *Red, White and Blue* was spoken on the 11th inst., 35 miles east by south from Barnegat.

—A letter from Petrolia mentions that a "splendid show" of oil has been met with at 384 feet in a well on Durham Creek, on lot 20, in the ninth concession.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, July 16.—District Atty. Johnson, of Kings County, has issued a warrant for the arrest of the editors of the *Sunday Mercury*. An officer to-day could not find either editors or proprietors.

Two cases of cholera and three of sun stroke are reported here to-day.

ALBANY, July 16.—The thermometer, to-day, in localities protected from reflected heat showed 100°—the hottest since 1857. Some instruments, in the shade, indicated 104.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—A fire to-day destroyed all the frame buildings on State street, south of Polks, for half a block, and south of Peck Court, the same distance. Thirty frame buildings, occupied as stores and saloons below, and ten ditto above, were consumed. Fifty families were rendered homeless. Loss, $100,000.

NEW YORK, 17th.—Thermometer in the shade at 8 a.m. is 96, and still rising.

The morning papers have the following telegraph from Washington: The President on hearing of Atty.-Gen. Speed's resignation, immediately telegraphed to Hon. Henry Stanberry of Kentucky, proferring him the appointment, and to-night received a reply which does not accept, but states that he will immediately come to Washington and confer with the President. Mr. Stanberry will no doubt accept the nomination.

Hon. Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the Currency, to-day tendered his resignation to the Secretary of the Treasury, to take effect on the 24th.

The steamers *Teutonia* from Hamburg, and *Talisman* from Jamaica, have arrived, but bring no news.

WASHINGTON, 17th.—It is stated that Mr. Harlan will not resign for some days. Wm. Browning is named as the successor of Harlan in the event of the former's resignation.

Attorney-General Speed's letter of resignation is as follows:—Sir,—I hereby resign you the office of Attorney General of the United States. Be good enough, sir, to accept my thanks for the kindness, consideration and confidence, you have ever shewn towards me. I have the honor to be, most respectfully,

(Signed,) JAMES SPEED.

There is considerable speculation as to who will be chosen Vice-President *pro tem* of the Senate before the adjournment.

NEW YORK, 17th.—The large American emigrant ship *Monarch of the Seas*, which sailed from Liverpool on the 19th March last, for New York, has been 4 months at sea, and fears are entertained that some dreadful disaster has overtaken her, and that she has gone to the bottom with all on board. She had 674 passengers on board, and a crew of 54 men, including officers. The vessel was valued at $125,000, and is insured.

Yesterday was the warmest day for last ten years. There were 25 cases of sun stroke in the city, thirteen of them proving fatal. In Brooklyn six cases were reported, two of them being fatal.

THE OLMSTED MURDER.

The Full Confession of Alexander McConnell, the Murderer of Rosa Colvin, Committed March 24th, 1866.

(From the Cleveland Herald.)

Alexander McConnell, on Friday last, was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Rosa Colvin, in the township of Olmsted, on the 24th March last, and made a full and free confession of his guilt. He had expressed a desire to make the confession to Sheriff Nicola, and at four o'clock he did so. He was taken out of his cell and brought down to the parlor of the jail. There were present Sheriff Nicola, Prosecuting Attorney M. S. Castle, three of the jurymen who tried him, and the reporters of the *Herald* and *Leader*. The following is his

Confession.

My name is Alexander McConnell. I am thirty-five or thirty-six years of age, I don't know exactly which. I was born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland. I came to America sixteen years ago the 8th day of July, and landed in Ottawa, Canada West. I was married in the township of Fitzroy, county of Carleton, Canada, thirty miles from Ottawa. My wife was a widow and had six children when I married her; have had three since our marriage. Have always been a farmer. Left my home in Canada in February last, and came to Cleveland. Stayed a week in the city, then went to Berea, to work. I have said to some persons that I came away from Canada on account of difficulties, but it is not so. I owed a man $12 and he threatened to sue me, and I came away to earn the money to pay the debt. When I left the shanty with Colvin on the morning of the 24th of March last, to go to Berea, I did not intend to go, but intended to turn back. I did turn back and went home. When I got to the shanty there was no one there. Then I took Colvin's clothes and boots, and left my own on the bed. I then started for the railroad track, intending to go by Elyria Westward. On the way to the railroad track I met Rosa Colvin, in Egler's lot. I kept on, explaining to her that I had Colvin's things to carry them to him; that he was going to Cleveland. She said that if he was going she was going too.—We went on about half way up the lane to Clodell's house, when I told her that if Colvin did not get his things he would not go; that I was tired, and we would go back to the shanty, I having bethought that it would not do to tell the other story. We then went to the shanty of Egler's. After laying the clothes down, and she seeing them, she said She did not believe that I was going to her husband at all. I did not know what to say. I confessed to her that I was going home to Canada. She said, "Have you been robbing the house." I said "No, I am taking some of his clothes, and leaving some of mine in their place." I said I would take my own and go. She took the iron poker and said I should not go until William came. I insisted I would go. She said she would call the neighbors. I then went to get my own clothes, and went to go out of the door, when she struck me over the arm with the poker. I laid down the clothes and struck her with my fist, which knocked her down. She got up again and struck at me; I don't know whether she hit me or not. I then lifted a stick of wood and struck her and she fell. I then kicked her which cut her ear. I think this blow was in the back of the head. She jumped up and struck me over the head with the poker. I staggered back against the wall, and seized the axe, and struck her on the head one blow—She instantly fell. After she fell the last time I lifted her up in my arms. I was alarmed then, and said, "My God, have I killed her?" I did not know what to do. I did not know what would become of me. Thought I had killed her in my passion. I went outside the shanty and stood awhile, and then came back into the shanty and carried her out to the woodpile. This was between eleven and twelve o'clock as near as I can say. After carrying her out I came back into the shanty. While I was in the house the two Crawfords and the two Spears came by close to the house. I saw them from the window. She was then buried under the wood. As soon as they had gone to dinner I picked up the things and started. I then went past Crawford's house to the railway track; took the railway track westward and walked to Elyria. At Elyria took the five o'clock train to Sandusky. I arrived at Sandusky a little before dark. Left Sandusky about sunrise on Sunday morning. Started on foot, and walked to Clyde and staid there all night. Started about half-past five Monday morning on foot for Fremont, arriving about half-past nine; took the eleven o'clock train for Toledo, and kept right on to Detroit. Crossed to Port Sarnia and took the Grand Trunk Railroad home. In twenty minutes or half an hour after I struck her the last blow, I took her body out and deposited it under the wood pile. I was not conscious of dropping the dress that was around the body of Mrs. Colvin, and was found under the snow. After I had deposited the body under the wood and came back into the house, I mopped up the blood. I did place the heavy logs of wood over her feet. It was not more than 15 minutes after I gave her the first blow before I struck her the final blow with the axe. The money that was claimed to have been lost, and the watch, and Mrs. Colvin's clothing, I never saw and deny taking. I wish to say that I am sorry for the deed I have committed, and I hope to be forgiven for it. The foregoing is a statement I make voluntary, and have desired Sheriff Nicola and Mrs. Castle, the prosecutor, to be present, with other gentlemen, to hear it and take it down.

While he was making the above confession, McConnell showed more feeling than at any time during his trial. Whenever he spoke of the death of Mrs. Colvin the tears came to his eyes, and several times he was so choked up that he could scarcely speak.

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me to say with a full earnestness, never lay down to rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do, fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no, never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davis Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilized world. 178a

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion with its invariable concomitants, a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases a single dose of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together? Chronic headache, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges* and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 144-6m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

DIED.

In this city, on the 17th instant, Raymond Robert Hamilton, aged 48 years.

The funeral will take place at four o'clock this afternoon, and the convoy will start from his residence, (Hamilton's Hotel.) York Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

1866. 1866.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION

OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:—

Dr Hill, President, C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq. 1st Vice-President, A S Woodburn, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President, Wm Hutchison, "
Dr C Logan, Wm Kerr, "
P Fairburn, Esq. F G Crosby, "
Geo Russell " John Henderson, "
Alex Lumsden " A H Taylor, "
Alex Mutchmor "
F G French, "
Dr. J. Leggo.

List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.
July 17, 1866. 180-td

REQUISITION.

C. T. BATE, Esq.

SIR,—We the undersigned rate-payers of Wellington Ward most respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated for Alderman for the remainder of the current year, to fill the vacancy at the Council Board caused by the demise of our late respected representative Alex. Scott, Esq., and pledge ourselves to do what we can to secure your return:—

Wm Shoolbred — Thos Hunton
H McCormick — Wm Wilson
R Bishop — Thos Isaac
A Pratt — John Leslie
Jas Cunningham — Jas Hope & Co
A McCormick — Garland, Mutchmor & Co
Wm Minore — W W Massey
James Mathews — K Arnoldi
Alfred Brown — M Kavanagh
James Eang — Francis Clemow
A Duff — John Kealy
Esmonde Bros — J A Gouin
H Walton — R Kenly
Joseph Skinner — Francis Abbott
W W Brown — M A Greenwood
G A Walton — Wm Porter
George A Sheldon — William Murray
Jas J Radford — W H Cluff
W J Mills — John Purdy
A K Mills — John Wilson
Geo Hay — Charles Heney
W M Mathewson — H V Noel
James Martin — L Perkins
E Sherwood — Chs V Noel
Andrew Musgrove — W Wade
R W Spence — W G Beach
Chas Huband — Thos Gallagher
Geo Cocker — E K McGillivray
J G Bell — A S Woodburn
George Raitt — James Raitt
James Dalglish — Johnston Brown
Michael Johnston — David Manchester
Edward Hall — W Dock
Wm McCullough — C W Bangs
J M Currier — Wm Hutchison
John McDonald — R S Cassels
Wm Cousens

REPLY:

To H. McCormick, Thos. Hunton, Richard Bishop, and others,—

GENTLEMEN,—You certainly could have chosen some party much better able to fill the seat of our late worthy friend, Alex. Scott.

Should you think I can be of any service to you I shall willingly place myself at your disposal. If elected I will do my best to serve you.

Yours respectfully,
CHAS. T. BATE.
Ottawa, July 18, 1866. 180-td

Her Majesty's Theatre.

FRENCH COMPANY

FROM NEW YORK,

Will give four performances in OTTAWA. The second appearance this Evening,

Wednesday, July the 18th.

LE VIOLONNEUX!

Operette of Offenbach........Sung by Mr. and Mr. Fleury, and Mrs. Chelu

Les Jolis Pantins.

Chansonnette................By Mr. Fontenay

TAMBOUR BATTANT.

Comedy and Songs..........By Mr. Chal, Madame Fleury, and Melle Suzanne

Le Chevrier du Val d'Andore.

(From the opera of that name)......Sung by Mr. Fleury

Mr. Mayerhoffer will preside at the Piano.

Dress Circle, 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

Doors open at half-past seven. Performance to commence at half-past eight. 180tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p.m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER,
180-3 Builder, Metcalfe St.

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.

"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.

"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.

"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.

"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.

Chamber's Journal for June.

London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 30c per vol.

Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.

JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 16, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.

AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.

WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of 210 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchens Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18, North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street: Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range............100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ½ of 17 in the 4th range....500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range............200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake............163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range............200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range............200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range............100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake....400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake............200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 8th range............50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range............100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range............300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19.........400 acres
½ Lot 13, ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession.........100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½ of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range.......200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range.........100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range............87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (135 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range............100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession............200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range............51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5............50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession............284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession............400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ¼ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession.........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession.........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con.........300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range............700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 15, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range............1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½ of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range............800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. MacKinnon.

If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

Portraits in Oil.

W. SAWYER, Portrait Painter, having visited Ottawa, may be seen for the present at Spencer's Photographic Rooms, Sparks Street, and requests those desirous of securing his services, to call immediately as his stay will be but short.

N.B.—Specimens of work may be seen at his rooms and Durie's Book Store. Photographs copied with exactness. 178-tf

THE WRIGHT HOUSE.

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor. Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.

Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

Ottawa Orphan's Home.

A GRAND

PROMENADE CONCERT!

In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held

AT THE SKATING RINK

On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866,

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.

Tickets 25cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

ST. PATRICK'S

Literary Association.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC!

—AT THE—

Wright House Gardens, Hull,

—ON—

Wednesday Next, the 18th inst.

THE USUAL GAMES AND AMUSEMENTS will take place.

Prizes to the amount of $100 will be given.

Marier's Quadrille Band and a Brass Band will be in attendance from 9 o'clock, a.m.

Small boats will ply between the Gardens and the foot of the Hill at Sterling's Brewery, and also from the Queen's Wharf.

The Regatta will take place at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Tickets 25 cents each. Can be had at Graham's Albion Hotel, and O'Meara's Restaurant, Lower Town, and at the Queen Restaurant, Centre Town, or from members of the Committee.

J. McCARRON, Secretary.
173-td

Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33 per cent. discount. 175tf

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,.........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

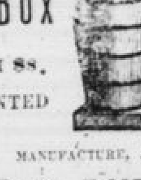
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators



FROM $8, UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

HORSE LOST.—Strayed away from the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre Town, yesterday afternoon. He is dark bay, about 15 hands high. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Isaac's Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will be suitably rewarded. Any one harboring the same after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.

Ottawa, July 17. 179tf

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room and stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM,
179tf Returning Office

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

The stock consists of

CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.

Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.

A. ROWE,
AUCTIONEER.
138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,---Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

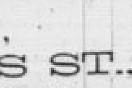
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & Co.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122*

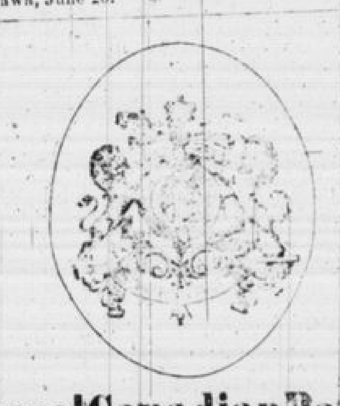
VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d



Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157d

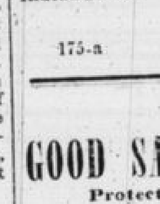
SPENCER'S PATENT

HERMETICALLY SEALED

FRUIT JARS!

SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success



THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover.

Beach & Co., of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.

By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,
Agents for Canada.
175-a

WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.

Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinne in Ottawa.

Ottaw Dec. 9, 18

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

31, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | R. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND
WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.

176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES.—The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to

J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. EGAR YIELDING. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODBURN, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY.
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES:

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross-cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennent-ing do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My12-130-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING—House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared: disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM,
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg-Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & Co.

☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 84-3m

Extraordinary Merit

Merit belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES.

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently allowed to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.

I have, &c.
[Signed.] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[Copy.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not farther or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant.
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1866. 90-tf

Books & Magazines.

The Canadian Handbook and Tourist's Guide.—Price 50 cents; cloth, with photographs, $1.
The English Magazines for June.
The American Magazines for July.
All the new books received as published.
A large lot of the latest styles in Photograph Albums just received.
Cartes and Stereoscopic Views of Ottawa Scenery.
The Text Books used in all the City Schools.
Bibles, Prayer Books, Church Services, and Hymn Books.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
12y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS.

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK.

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, January 4. 201

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1855, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported, to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12tf

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses—one bright bay, the other chestnut—aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.

176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the 'Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

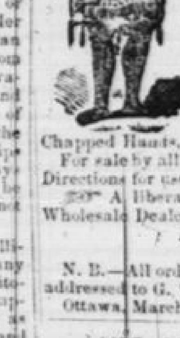
WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.

Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry.

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD OF THE FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c., Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed:

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.

JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.

Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
101 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND* WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLT.

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS,

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

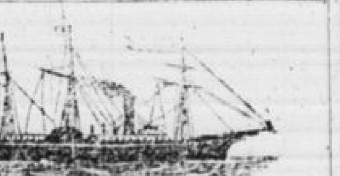
☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN..........$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..........$34.25.

☞ RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID	1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
Quebec, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration; and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

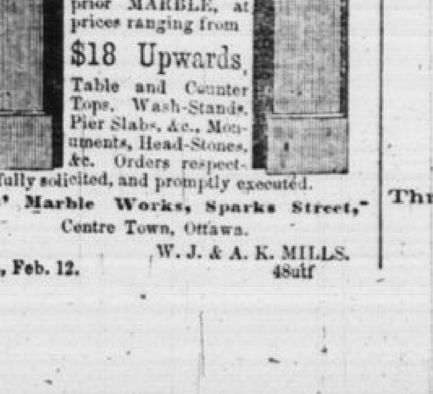
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F; in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCES CLEMOW,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

117-3m

Mantle-Pieces!



Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

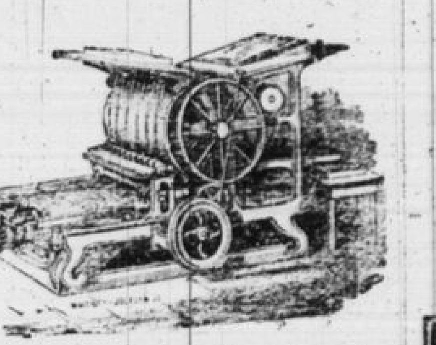
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.

Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above [illegible] by [illegible] marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON,
[illegible] Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen.

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation (and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be sooner revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light-House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 8th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

148tf

MONTREAL, 28th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
Executor.

174-d

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL

THE POST

East and West

Aylmer & N. Shore

Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c.

Bell's Corners, Perth, &c.

Buckingham, Lower Ottawa

RATES

To all parts of

W. J.
ATTORNEY
Ottawa, April

JOSEPH
ATTORNEY
Chancery
Ottawa, March

D.
ATTORNEY
Chancery
February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK
ATTORNEY
E. B. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866.

A. F.
ADVOCATE
December 28, 18

COLMAN
ADVOCATES
Ottawa, Feb. 7,

J. P.
BARRISTER
Ottawa, March

AUGUS
BARRISTER
Ottawa, March

J. P.
BARRISTER
Ottawa, Jan. 13, 18

W. MARSH
BARRISTER
Ottawa, Dec. 18

BARRISTER
Ottawa.
February 7, 1866

LEES
BARRISTER
Ottawa, February

EDWARD
BARRISTER
Notary Public
Crown Attorney,
January 27, 1866.

CLE
BARRISTER
Ottawa, Feb. 7,

MESSRS.
BARRISTER
Conveyancers.
Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 18

LAND Agent
with the Crown L
Land Claims,
Ottawa, Feb. 7.

DR.
DENTIST.
Ottawa, January

DR.
DENTIST.
Ottawa, January

GEO. LO
HOMŒPATH
Ottawa, Febru

LATE of
Square.

PHYSICIAN

JOHN S
PHYSICIAN
Ottawa, May

PHYSICIAN
Ottawa, April

WELLIN
Ottawa, Febr

YORK Str
Ottawa, F

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 181. OTTAWA C. W., THURSDAY JULY 19. 1866 PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIVERED.	CLOSING.
East and West, by Rail, Daily.	9.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m. 8.00 a.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m. 12.30 p.m.
Aylmer & S. Shore of Ottawa	and 2.30 p.m.	and 5.20 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., [illegible]	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, [illegible] Lower Ottawa	6.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
[illegible]	7.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
[illegible]	8.00 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton & E. Templeton	2.30 p.m.	2.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

In all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, [illegible]. To the United States 10 cts.—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postage 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

Registered Letters must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Sauser's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
Jas. Colman. W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied by the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Hope's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
Robert Lees. John J. Gemmell.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
Wm. Clegg. Thos. F. Nellis.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
William Duck. Julius P. Bucke.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan. Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Centre Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Centre Town.
Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 13. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa; opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

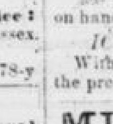
The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST.
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

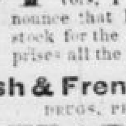


THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

MEDICAL HALL!
28, Sparks Street.
Van Buskirk's Sozodont, reduced to 50c.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer, 1.00.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of returning his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him during the past two years.
To accommodate his increasing business, he has enlarged his premises and greatly added to his facilities for carrying on a first-class family and dispensing business, and trusts, by strict attention to the interests of his customers, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28 SPARKS STREET.

Camphor! Camphor!!
Pure English GUM CAMPHOR, the only certain preventive for Moths, &c., in Furs and Winter Clothing.
ALSO, a complete stock of GENUINE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, approved Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Druggists' Sundries.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.

Sole appointed agent in Ottawa for the highly popular and reliable preparations of Messrs. Kenneth, Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall) Montreal, comprising in part:
Campbell's Quinine Wine.
Campbell's Cocoine, for the hair.
Campbell's Cherry Balsam, for Colds, Coughs, &c.
Campbell's Worm Pastilles, the best Worm Destroyer ever offered to the public.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Cit. Magnesia.
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salt.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall, 28 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, April 10, 1866. 96-3m

The New  Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 8.00 A.M.
Night do. do at 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. Robert Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) $2.50
Steerage 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.
UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, Manager,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, CANNOT BE SURPASSED!

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL,
LOWER Town, Quebec, Donald Noonan, Proprietor, adjacent to Railway and Steamboat Landings. The neatest and most comfortable House in the city.
Terms of Board moderate.
May 12. 124-2m

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

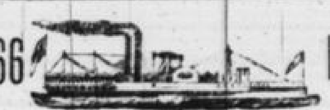
WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired free of charge!
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a Country Newspaper, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 3-tf

STEAMERS.



1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
Alex. Bowie, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. Shepherd, Commandor.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(Cat. J. Ryan.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(Capt. Thos. Farmer.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866 1866.
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and vice versa.
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, By-Town and Ottawa City, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug Queen of the Isles, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer England will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,
BAY STATE,
ONTARIO, Capt. J. B. Estes.
CATARACT, Capt. J. H. Ledyard.
Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN, —DeWitt,
EMPRESS, Capt. C. B. DeWitt.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, Agent,
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - Lessee
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it but, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the Saguenay, it may be necessary to state that Tadousac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of Mrs. Blackman (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be five weeks at midsummer, and a month at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, Mrs. Blackman will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
Residence:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Dandruff Embrocation—W. H. Mitchell.
Massena Springs—Crocker & Co., Proprietors.
De Witt's Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters—J. J. Vaughan & Co.
Cotton Yarn—Pratt & Co.
Gold Watch and Valuable Chain Lost.
Postponement of St. Patrick's Society Pic-Nic.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line.......... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 19, 1866.

We can but briefly refer this morning to the REPORT OF THE TRADE COMMISSION which has just been printed. The appendix to the report proper of the Commissioners contain within 184 pages the route and official acts of the Commissioners, commercial reports, giving very full and minute details of Brazil, British Guiana, Trinidad, Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Tobago, St. Lucia, Santa Cruz, St. Thomas, Jamaica, Cuba, Martinique, Hayti, Turks and Caicos Islands, Porto Rico, Antigua, St. Christopher, Montserrat, Nevis, Dominica, and Virgin Islands; General Remarks; Ports of Entry in the British West Indies; Exports from the United States to the Foreign West Indies, Central and South America; and imports into the United States from the same, with an outline map of the Empire of Brazil and adjacent territories.

The Commissioners have digested and arranged the mass of information collected by the different members, embracing a narrative of their proceedings at each colony and country visited; a brief description of each under a separate head, with statistical tables; and general observations upon the respective productions of British North America and the countries visited, and the reasons which induce the Commissioners to believe that commercial intercourse between them may be greatly extended. The Commissioners summarise the suggestions they are enabled to offer for removing obstructions to direct trade between British North America and the British and Foreign West Indies, Brazil and Mexico, as follows:

1st. To establish promptly a line of steamers suitable for the carriage of mails, passengers, and freight, between Halifax, Nova Scotia, and St. Thomas in the West Indies, touching (until the completion of the Intercolonial Railway) at Portland, so as to ensure regular semi-monthly communication between the ports mentioned.

2nd. To make a convention, or agreement with the Postal authorities of the United States for the prompt transmission of letters, &c., from Canada, and the Maritime Provinces by every U. S. mail which leaves the ports of Boston or New York for the West Indies, Brazil, Mexico, &c., and also for the transmission through United States mails of correspondence originating in those countries.

3rd. To establish a weekly line of steamers between Montreal and Halifax, and to complete as soon as possible the Intercolonial Railway.

4th.—To procure, by reciprocal treaties or otherwise, a reduction of the duties now levied on flour, fish, lumber, pork, butter, and other staple productions of British North America, in the West Indies, and especially in Brazil, and the colonies of Spain.

5th. To obtain, if possible, from the Spanish and Brazilian authorities, a remission of the heavy dues now chargeable on the transfer of vessels from the British to the Spanish and Brazilian flags.

6th. To procure, by negotiation with the proper authorities, an assimilation of the tariffs of the British West India Colonies, in respect of flour, lumber, fish, and other staples of British North America, a measure which would greatly facilitate commercial operations, and may well be urged in view of the assimilation about to be made in the tariffs of Canada and the Maritime Provinces.

7th, and lastly. To promote, by prudent legislation, and a sound fiscal policy, the rapid development of the great natural resources of the British North American Provinces, and to preserve, as far as lies in their power, the advantages which they now possess, of being able to produce at a cheaper cost than any other country, most of the great staples which the inhabitants of the tropics must procure from Northern ports.

The Commissioners obtained the formal assent of the Governments of the British colonies of Demerara, Trinidad, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, and Jamaica, to the following proposition:

"That customs duties and port charges on the produce and shipping of the respective colonies shall be levied solely for revenue purposes, and for the maintenance of indispensable establishments, and that the several Governments will be prepared to consider, in a liberal spirit, any complaint having reference to imposts that may be preferred by another Government, on the ground that such imposts are calculated to obstruct trade."

They also obtained from the same authorities a conditional agreement to aid by subvention, or otherwise, in the establishment of improved postal communication between British America and the West Indies. Regarding the immediate results of the Commission, under the head of "general remarks," we are informed that "orders for machinery for the Island of Santa Cruz have been received and are being executed as far inland as Oakville, Canada West."

The report bears ample evidence of the thoroughness with which the Commissioners have discharged the onerous duties devolving on them, and we feel assured the country will be well satisfied with the results of their labors.

A city contemporary, commenting on the state of public feeling in England in consequence of the defeat of Earl Russel's Ministry, refers to the fact of Lord Elcho's having been mobbed on the streets, being only "relieved by the admirable presence of mind and "cool determination of a few friends upon "horseback," and justifies the lawless conduct of the mob by saying that the noble Lord, while discussing the Reform bill, had used "expressions the very reverse of flattering to "the intelligence and respectability of the "working classes." These expressions we are told were "resisted in a proper way." Verily, it is a strange doctrine which teaches that mob law is a "proper way" to "resist," what may have been, and doubtless were, the utterances of a member of Parliament's honest convictions. The "working classes" of England do not prove that "they are much improved socially and intellectually" by such conduct, nor does our contemporary exhibit a very keen appreciation of the Briton's privilege of free speech in defending it.

In our issue of Tuesday appeared an account of a disastrous fire which occurred on Sunday last, at the village of Aylmer, whereby the fine convent building was totally destroyed. This building had been erected solely for educational purposes, at a cost of $12,000, and was designed to accommodate a large number of pupils. We understand that the worthy cure of the Parish, the Rev. F. Michel, had expended the large amount of $4,000 on it, and the people of all denominations in the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac took a lively interest in the success of the proposed educational institution. By the fire, however, the hopes of all were destroyed, for the means are now wanting to reconstruct the edifice, and these two counties will be deprived of the educational privileges they had hoped to enjoy, unless public aid be liberally extended to assist in replacing the building.

We do not presume to judge whether an appeal to the Legislature under these circumstances would meet with a favorable response, but we think that as the members for the counties immediately affected take an active interest in the matter, they will in all probability be able to convince the government and the House that a grant towards the restoration of the Aylmer Institute would be as advantageous an expenditure of public money, as any other appropriation to maintain similar institutions throughout the country. The magnitude of the calamity, in view of the straitened means of those who undertook such a laudable enterprise, ought to induce the Legislature to give a favorable consideration to the application.

The member for Lincoln has again distinguished himself on the tariff. The disastrous repulse of his first onslaught, by no means damped his ardor, for he returned on Tuesday afternoon to the attack, determined if possible to compel the obdurate Minister of Finance to discharge, at least, a part of the duty he owed to the country—and the St. Catharines Nurseries! On the first occasion he assured the House that the tariff would bring ruin upon the manufacturing and commercial interests of the country, that no change should have been made at the present time, and that the course of the Government was a violation of the solemn compact which existed between it and its Reform supporters. From such grounds of opposition to going into Committee, one might have expected that the member for Lincoln, when forced by the vote of the House to consider the tariff in detail, would have made it his especial duty to point out those contemplated changes which were to bring about the disasters he had predicted. Surely no one of the representatives of the people could sit in his place and see adopted a series of resolutions to change the customs tariff to the injury of commerce and the ruin of manufactures, without raising his voice against it, and calling attention to those points whence the danger would come; and least of all would the member for Lincoln.

It was therefore with a sense of relief that we heard the hon. member on Tuesday afternoon go into details, and point out to the Hon. Mr. Galt the weak points in his policy. Mr. McGiverin desired to see a duty imposed on fruit trees, fruits and vegetables, and the country would be saved. A tax on vegetables to protect the farmers; a tax on fruit to force the American Government into a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, and a tax on fruit trees to protect the St. Catharines Nurseries! This is the great programme of the member for Lincoln, which the Minister of Finance heartlessly rejected; and as this was the only amendment offered by those who had voted Want of Confidence, it may be fairly presumed that Mr. Galt threw away the golden opportunity for reconciliation, by refusing to incorporate these brilliant conceptions with his own prosaic calculations. What matter if the Green Grocers should have risen in arms, would not the fertile cabbage gardens of Lincoln have flourished under the fostering wing of the Galt-McGiverin tariff? What if the farmers throughout the country had been compelled to pay twenty per cent. more for fruit trees, so long as the St. Catharines Nurseries reaped the benefit? We are sure, as the hon. gentleman said when speaking to his Want of Confidence motion, that nothing but a deep sense of his duty to his constituents, to the House, and to the country at large, had induced him to press these important improvements to the tariff on the attention of the government; and we hope that the government may be forgiven, if not by Mr. McGiverin and his constituents, at all events by the House and the country, for not having incorporated them with its policy.

LOCAL NEWS.

TOO LATE.—"Vindicator," received too late for insertion in this issue, will be attended to in our next.

BAIL TAKEN.—Louis Maguire, who was arrested on Saturday last for a murderous assault, was admitted to bail on Tuesday. Mr. O'Gara refused through Saturday and Monday, but in consequence of communication with Attorney-General East he yielded.

WATCH AND CHAIN LOST.—We regret to learn that a member of Parliament had the misfortune yesterday to lose his gold watch and appendages, value about three hundred dollars. We hope he may recover his property, not only on account of its intrinsic worth, but because it may be prized by the gentleman at a higher rate, as many things of the kind often are.

PROMENADE CONCERT.—Our readers will please bear in mind the Promenade Concert at the Skating Rink this evening. The proceeds to be derived from this, are for the benefit of the Protestant Orphan's Home. To add to the attraction, the excellent Band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will be in attendance, and during the evening perform some of their very best operatic music.

NEW INFANTRY COMPANY.—Another new company has been formed at Richmond, and was officially gazetted on Saturday, with the following officers: Captain, John A. Bryson, Esq.; Lieutenant, J. S. Maxwell; Ensign, R. E. Lyon. We congratulate Mr. Bryson on his appointment, knowing as we do, that he well deserves to have it, for to his exertion and efficiency, may be attributed the formation of this company.

PLEASURE SEEKERS.—Those who are favored by fortune sufficiently to have spare time, during the warm weather, to enjoy themselves by a few days leisure, will find the Massena Springs, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., a beautiful as well as healthful resort. Messrs. Crocker & Co., are attentive to the requirements of their guests, and their prices are within the bounds of moderation. Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday the steamer leaves Cornwall for this most rural resort.

GOOD WORDS.—The July number of this favorite family magazine is to hand—amongst the most interesting of its contents will be found "The Mill in the Valley," and "The First Downward Step," this latter is particularly worthy of notice—especially by the youth of this fast age in which we live. *The Sunday Magazine* for this month has also been laid on our table. It is as usual full of sound readable matter—such as no man need fear to place within the reach of his little ones. There is an excellent little story, "The German Family in London," which is itself worth the whole price of this magazine. They are both for sale at Durie & Son's, opposite the Russell House.

STILL ANOTHER.—We see by our exchanges that S. B. Howe's great European Circus will visit Montreal on the 30th instant. This is the first town entered upon, by this enterprising American Manager, since his return from Europe, where, with his mammoth establishment he gained laurels both from the press and people. The triumphal chariot belonging to this famed establishment is a work of art, unsurpassed, and upon the extensive dais of which is formed a charming Tableau Vivant, in which a number of young ladies, elegantly draped, and representing the various nationalities, will comprise the beautiful allegory of "Peace," made thrillingly impressive by the presence, in their midst, of an enormous living lion, trained by Mr. Crockett, the English Lion King, and lying *couchant* untied at the feet of Brittania, and surrounded by the groupe of females.

DESECRATION OF THE SABBATH.—We beg to call the attention of those who are appointed to enforce the laws, to the fact that the sanctity of each returning Sabbath is shamefully violated. We have all, of whatever creed, been taught to keep it holy; but how does practice conform to the salutary precept? It is known to hundreds of our community that Sunday is made the special occasion for more vice than is known to any other day. Our youth are allured to rural haunts of debauchery, and miscalled pleasures. Some spend the day fishing, others in shooting game, in violation not only of the law relating to the Sabbath, but also of the statute law relating to game. Others also violate both the Sabbath law, and the statute laws for preserving, at least till the first of August, those pretty songsters of the grove, which co-operate with the farmer in protecting the crops of fruit and grain for our common benefit, by devouring the insects, which, if there were no birds to eat them, would eat our food. No doubt many thoughtless boys, and even men, who now indulge in this practice, would not do so if they were better informed. There is also, if possible, a worse, more degrading and brutalizing mode of spending the Sabbath, suited to an age long gone by, and countries uninfluenced by religion, and the amenities of civilized life. We allude to cock-fighting, which prevails in the vicinity of Ottawa to a considerable extent. We shall hereafter allude to other highly objectionable modes of spending the Sabbath. For the present we content ourselves with having called attention to some of those of which the laws take cognizance. We may, now that the subject is fresh, observe that last Sunday, as all the city knows, there was a riotous breach of the peace, and a savage outrage perpetrated, all through a man following his usual week-day avocation on Sunday, contrary to law, namely, letting out carriages on hire, as will be seen in our police report to-day. We are not of the straight-laced, rigidly righteous sect who would debar their species from rational recreation on any day, but "let everything be done decently and in order."

— An American paper states that a gigantic cotton factory, called the Manassas Manufactory, has been built at Carrolton, Mississippi. It contains one hundred and eighty thousand spindles and one thousand three hundred looms.

— The 100th Regiment had not yet left Malta at last advices, as the transport which was to have brought them hither had been sent to Barbados with the 16th, to take the 3rd thence to England, and the 53rd out to Malta, ere bringing the 100th to their own country.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. O'Gara and Alderman Goodwin.)

Patrick Buckley, George Huson and Thomas Bradley, were brought up at the instance of Chief Langrell, charged with committing a gross breach of the peace, on Sunday evening last. James Clarke, sworn,—testified that on Sunday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock, he was in Upper Town, when a buggy drove up with four young men in it and stopped opposite to where he was sitting; when one of them was getting out, Mr. Buckley and another man came up; Buckley had a whip in his hand, and struck Huson with the whip stock, when struck a second time Huson fell; thinks Buckley struck Bradley, they then got out, Buckley still beating them. They had to defend themselves. They quarrelled for a while; the whip was taken from Buckley's hands by Huson. Huson and Bradley were not noisy, they did not strike Buckley until he had struck them six or seven times. To Buckley—I mean that Buckley struck the men the buggy—saw a pair of tongs used on Buckley; the tongs came out of my house.

Thomas Nelson, sworn—Saw the buggy drive up and one of the young men get out; Buckley and another man came across; heard Buckley say you d—d scoundrels, four in a buggy; then Buckley raised the whip, struck Huson in the buggy, Bradley got out and went towards Buckley and scuffled with him; Buckley was greatly excited and was attacking them. To Buckley—saw no stones in any one's hands—saw a person strike Buckley with a pair of tongs, it was one of the four boys in the buggy, Huson and Bradley struck him; witness told them to go home, saw no stones lifted.

J. B. McPherson, sworn—Did not see the first of the row. Buckley was in blood, and was attacked by the four youths, one had a tongs; Mr. Anderson saved him. Huson had the whip in his hands. To Bradley—saw Buckley knock some person down.

Francis Hallandale, sworn—Corroborated most of the preceding testimony, and characterized the attack made by Buckley as savage and brutal; only saw two strike Buckley.

Charles Anderson, sworn—Did not see the first part of the scuffle, saw several persons trying to get a whip out of Buckley's hands; witness took Buckley in the house and shut the door.

Thomas Buckley, sworn—Was with defendant when they heard that there were five in the buggy, defendant made blows at them; I held him. They struck at him while I held him. He got one arm away and struck. Bradley said if they were not afraid of housebreaking they would break in. To Huson: can't say if Huson was first struck, heard many persons use threats. The case was conducted by the defendants. Fine, Buckley, $5 and costs, Huson and Bradley each $2 and costs.

James Bradley and James Daley, were charged by John Attwood with assault and battery, under the following circumstances:—Prosecutor was in charge of a waggon containing bottled ale or beer, and defendants lurked about it handling the bottles in a suspicious manner, when he ordered them off. They used abusive language towards him, and one of them took off his coat, approached Attwood with hostile intent, and talked of fighting. On coming too near, as the complainant thought, he struck the belligerent with his whip, when both the others fell upon, and beat him very badly. He exhibited the shirt he wore to the court, the front of which was covered with blood while his face furnished proof of his having been, as he said, pretty well *handled*. Fine on each, $4 and costs or one month in gaol.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

On Tuesday evening last the members of the St. George's Society of this city met in full force at Salmon's Hotel, for the purpose of doing honor to their respected Secretary, Mr. William Mills.

The President of the Society, John Rochester, Esq., occupied the chair, and read the following very feeling.

Address.

To William Mills, Esq., Secretary of the Corporation of the St. George's Society of Ottawa:

DEAR SIR,—On behalf of the Corporation of the St. George's Society of Ottawa, I have the pleasure to ask your acceptance of the accompanying mark of their esteem.

They beg that you will accept of it as an earnest, though inadequate, proof of the value they attach to your services as Secretary to the Corporation during a period of seven years. They believe that to your unwearied assiduity, unrequitted thus far, except by the consciousness of doing good, is due the present success and prosperous condition of the Society, and its increased power of unobtrusive usefulness.

That independence of character which Englishmen often "prize too high" leads, also, to a proud concealment of circumstance, which, inspiring respect, requires to be approached with delicacy and to be handled tenderly. Your friends in this Corporation well know how much of this delicate treatment has been found at your hands. They know that through your active ministration a vast amount of good has been done in the most unostentatious way, and they recognize the duty of acknowledging it.

And yet they feel that all they can say or do will add but little to the satisfaction you must derive from the part you have taken in these good and useful things. They beg me, therefore, simply to convey to you their best wishes for your happiness, and the hope that you may contine to enjoy a measure of health and strength which will secure to you a long career in the same right direction.

JOHN ROCHESTER, JR.,
President.

The Chairman then handed to Mr. Mills a very handsome and highly finished gold English Patent Lever Watch, procured from the well known establishment of Mr. Leslie. The following inscription, beautifully engraved by Mr. George Cox, appears on the case: "From the St. George's Society of Ottawa to William Mills, Esq., Secretary, Ottawa, July, 1866," and is surmounted by a representation of St. George in the act of slaying the dragon.

Reply.

To John Rochester, Esq., President of the Corporation of the St. George's Society of Ottawa:

DEAR SIR,—It would be difficult for me to find language sufficiently strong to express the gratitude I entertain toward you and the many members of the St. George's Society of Ottawa, who have been pleased to recognize my humble services rendered in the capacity of their Secretary, for a period of nearly seven years.

The exceedingly kind and feeling address with which I have been honored, will be regarded by me so long as I am permitted to live, as a document of inestimable value, next in value to which is the very handsome gift accompanying it, of which I am, as indeed I have a right to be, justly proud.

There is no merit to be attached to the performance of a duty, but there is great satisfaction in knowing that, in the discharge of that duty, we have under Providence, been instrumental in suffering and arresting want, and such is the kind of satisfaction I am conscious of having experienced on many occasions.

The high encomiums on my zeal and assiduity contained in the address presented to me, are very gratifying as evidences of the esteem and goodwill entertained for me by so many of my brother members. It is true that I have endeavoured to deserve their confidence and to gain their esteem, and I am happy to find that my endeavors have not proved unsuccessful.

For the good wishes expressed for my happiness and the continuance of my health and strength, I return my most sincere thanks, and in reciprocating those good wishes, beg leave to assure my brother members, that whatever my future position in connection with the St. George's Society of Ottawa may be, the promotion of its benevolent objects, and the advancement of its influence will receive at all times my earnest attention and most active support.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
WM. MILLS

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT,

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Wednesday, July 18th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

After the transaction of routine business,

Mr. BLANCHET asked whether it was the intention of the Government to take the necessary steps for the establishment of a winter port in the lower part of the St. Lawrence?

Hon. Mr. CARTIER was understood to say that as the subject was under the consideration of a committee of the other House, he desired the question to stand for the present.

Mr. McKENZIE asked why the payment to the municipalities of Canada West, due on the 1st July, from Clergy Reserves Fund, had not been paid?

Hon. Mr. GALT said it had always been the custom to distribute the amounts during the year after they accrued. Accordingly this year the amounts to be distributed would be those due at the end of the past year.

Mr. McKENZIE said the Government took the use of the money belonging to Upper Canada, for six months, without paying interest.—(A laugh.)

Mr. BIGGAR moved for a select Committee, to be composed of the Hon. Messrs. Galt, Holton, Sol.-Genl. Cockburn, and Messrs. Wallbridge (North Hastings), Ross (Prince Edward), Smith (Durham), and the mover, to enquire into the expediency of constructing a canal to connect the head waters of the Bay of Quinte with Lake Ontario, usually called the Murray Canal, and also, to enquire and report upon the amount of money applicable to that purpose, being the value of certain lands which had been set apart by the Government, and which were subsequently taken and granted to settlers, and to inquire as to the value thereof, as ascertained by certain Commissioners of the Government, appointed for that purpose, with power to send for persons, papers and records. He said this was an old local scheme. So long ago as 1796, 5,000 acres was set apart to aid in its construction. In 1815, these lands had been settled with the understanding that the purchase money should be applied to the same purpose. By the report of a Special Committee presented to the House of Assembly, in 1842, it was recommended that the canal be constructed, and a grant of 3,000 acres recommended towards it. He contended, therefore, that the faith of the Government was pledged to its construction; it would be useful not only as a military, but a commercial work, shortening the distance between Kingston and Toronto, by forty miles.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that the Government had no objection to the Committee being granted, with the motion amended, so as not to admit any claim for money, but to make it a subject of enquiry whether any, and what amount of money, was applicable to the purpose. The construction of the canal in question would be of the utmost importance, not only in a commercial point of view, as recent events had shewn us, that our first line of defence was the water, and could only be maintained by gun-boats, and the canal in question would give a harbor of seven miles in length.

Mr. PERRAULT moved an address for copies of reports made to the Adjutant-General, by the commandants at the camp of military instruction, at Laprairie, &c. He said as the information sought for had already been furnished by the Adjutant-General's report, he would withdraw his motion, but he wished to enter his protest against the great injustice that had been done to the young men of the country, the cadets of the military schools who had been refused the commissions to which they were fully entitled. These young men had fully qualified themselves for the duty of officers, yet they had been compelled to go into service as privates in the volunteers. He himself, when offering his services to defend the country, had been required to sign a document, giving up his commission and pledging himself to serve as a private. He considered this treatment very unfair. Eighty-one thousand men had been drafted into the militia service, and yet not an officer had been appointed over them. He had thought it his duty to lay these facts before the House, and would now withdraw his motion.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied. He had visited the camp at Laprairie, and had been much pleased with the efficiency and soldierly bearing of the Cadets, and with none more than the French Canadians. After explaining the working of the Volunteer and Militia Acts, he stated that it was true that those Cadets who had got their certificates had not yet got their commissions, and the reason was that the Service Militia had not yet been organised. There would therefore be no use in appointing the officers at the present time. It had not been deemed expedient to call out and organize the Service Militia, and as a consequence they had not been officered. Those gentlemen who had obtained their certificates had been eagerly sought after in all parts of the country where Volunteer Companies had been recently formed, for the purpose of perfecting these Companies in drill, and though they had made sacrifices this circumstance gave them some advantages in return.

Further discussion took place on the general subject of the management of the Militia. Messrs. Perrault, J. S. Macdonald, Dunkin and others taking part in it. Mr. Dunkin contended that in officering the Service Militia, care should be taken as much as possible to select those personally acquainted with the men under their command. To gain this object men might hold commissions who had not graduated in the military schools provided they were otherwise qualified.

The motion was withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved an address to His Excellency the Governor-General, for:—1st, a statement of all sales of vessels made by the Commissioners of the Montreal Harbor since the first of January last, with copies of the deeds conveying the same; 2nd, a statement, shewing cost of outfit of Dredge No. 3, now employed on Lake St. Peter, this year and last year respectively, and a comparative statement of the amount of excavation performed by the said Dredge up to 20th June last year, and this year, respectively; 3rd, a statement of the dates on which work was commenced in Lake St. Peter, in 1865 and 1866.—Carried.

Mr. WALLBRIDGE moved an address for a return giving the names of the Commissioners appointed to manage the slides on the River Trent.—Carried.

Mr SCATCHERD moved that the Clerk of the House obtain from the Law Society of Upper Canada, a return of monies received during the five terms ending 1st of June, 1866.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the House had no right to make any such demand upon the Law Society. The proper way to obtain the information would have been to proceed by address.

Mr. SCATCHERD denied that the Law Society, more than any other, had the right to receive large sums of money from the public, and refuse this House a return of it.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON agreed with the views of the Hon. Attorney-General West, but believed that the Law Society would not refuse to give a return of all monies received, either for the information of this House or for the information of the public.

The motion was carried.

Col. HAULTAIN moved an address for a list of volunteer companies, troops, batteries, or others, as existing on the 31st May last. He stated that understanding it was the intention of the government to form the companies into battalions, and that steps were already taken to carry that out, he would not press his motion.

After a few remarks from Hon. J. A. Macdonald the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. MAGILL moved that on Monday next the House go into Committee of the whole on resolutions for the payment of jurors attending the Recorders' Courts in Upper Canada.—Carried.

Mr. TASCHEREAU moved an address for correspondence between the government and Richard Pope, Esq., Mining Agent at St. Francis, Beauce.—Carried.

Mr. McKELLAR moved an address for return of all tenders for the delivery of supplies for the use of the volunteers on the Western frontier.—Carried.

Mr. McMONIES moved that the Clerk prepare a list of names of servants and employees of the House at the time of removal from Quebec, the number since employed, &c.—Carried.

Mr. HUOT moved an address for papers, &c., relating to the enquiry as to the suspension of the *Caisse d'Economie de St. Roch.*—Carried.

Mr. A. A. DORION moved an address for correspondence as to change of proprietors of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum.—Carried.

Mr. PARKER moved an address for a return of unpaid amount on account of sales of Crown Lands, in Wellington, Grey and Bruce.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the return would be a very costly one, and attended with a great deal of labor in getting it out, and he hoped the hon. member would take some other means of obtaining the desired information.

Dr. PARKER said his object was to ascertain the amount due, with the view of securing the whole, or a portion of the money, to aid in constructing a railway through these counties. He would allow the motion to stand, and endeavor to put it in a shape that would be less expensive.

On motion of Dr. PARKER, an address was carried for return of Inspections of Inland Revenue Divisions, from 30th June, 1865, to 30th June, 1866.

On motion of Col. HAULTAIN, the House resolved to go into Committee on Monday next, on resolutions respecting the employment of military pensioners and others as a local police force.

Several bills from the Legislative Council were introduced and read a first time, and the Speaker left the chair at six o'clock.

Evening Sitting.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON called the attention of the Attorney-General East to the motion of the member for Montmorenci, which had been taken out of its place and introduced at six o'clock, and which but for his (Mr. H's.) interference might have been adopted, contrary to the rules of the House. This step had been taken with the consent of the Government, and he considered it a grave departure from the rules which deserved to be noticed. The motion which was to refer a Return to an address for information respecting leave of absence granted to Judges in Lower Canada to a select committee, the effect of which would have been to put every Judge in Lower Canada on his trial before a committee of this House.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said this transaction showed the necessity of watchfulness on the part of members on his side of the House, who in the discharge of their duty to see that business was properly conducted were charged with factiousness and obstructing public business.

Mr. DUFRESNE (Montcalm) said this was a hurricane in a tea pot. The motion was properly on the notice paper, and so long as the Speaker was in the chair it was the privilege of the mover to try and get his motion adopted as soon as possible. He thought it was better to follow the orders as they were printed before them, but still there was no use in making a difficulty about a member trying to get his motion passed as soon as possible.

The House then passed to the orders of the day, when the following bills passed through committee:

To amend Chapter 26 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, respecting certain water-courses (and amendments)—Mr. Bourassa.

To amend the law relating to Crown Debtors in Upper Canada.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend Chapter 70 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies for the construction of roads and certain other works—Mr. De Niverville.

To regulate the means of egress from Public Buildings—Mr. Mackenzie

[This bill provides that the doors of public buildings hereafter to be erected shall open to the outside.]

To amend Chapter 15 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada respecting Public Education—Mr. Archambeault.

[On this bill a discussion took place, Mr O'Halloran complaining that the Education Bill promised by the Government, would be introduced too late to give time to consider it fully. Hon. Mr. Cartier said the bill of the Government would be introduced; there need be no uneasiness about that. Mr. Dunkin suggested that this bill be left over, and incorporated with the Government bill.]

On the next item, House in committee, on the bill respecting the Assessment of Property in Upper Canada (with amendments)—Mr McKenzie.

Mr. McKENZIE explained that the amendments were not printed: they were very few, however, and could be read by the chairman, and no doubt the bill would be re-printed before they reached the third reading.

Mr. JACKSON did not consider that a bill of so much importance should be proceeded with at this time. It should more properly be left to be dealt with after Confederation.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD suggested that to prevent the obstruction of other business the House might go into Committee, rise and report progress, and ask leave to sit again, if it were found that there would be much delay in passing the bill through Committee.

The House then went into Committee on the bill—Hon. J. H. Cameron in the chair—and sat for two hours and a quarter, having passed all the clauses up to the 60th. The Committee rose at 15 minutes past eleven, and reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL laid before the House the "Report of the Commissioners from British North America, appointed to inquire into the trade of the West Indies, Mexico and Brazil."

The following bills passed through Committee:—

To amend the Act respecting the granting of Charters of Incorporation to Manufacturing, Mining and other Companies.—Mr. Haultain.

To amend the Common Law Procedure Act of Upper Canada.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend section 9 of cap. 6 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, respecting Tavern-keepers and the sale of Intoxicating Liquors.—Mr. Archambeault.

To amend the Lower Canada Game Laws.—Mr. Taschereau.

The House adjourned at half-past 11 o'clock.

NEWS ITEMS.

The island opposite Toronto has been ceded to the city—and the Sunday ferry steamer will now be stopped.

Dr. Cullen, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Ireland, has received a letter from the Pope raising him to the dignity of cardinal.

The Barrie Advance says: The crops in this County and especially in the Northern and Western parts are represented as being magnificent.

The County Council of Grey lately negatived a motion to petition the Legislature for a renewal of the Charter for the Toronto and Owen Sound Central Railway.

The Lindsay Post of Friday says: The crops in Emily are thus far very promising. Spring wheat and barley look exceedingly well, and equally with all the other spring crops.

A man named Sullivan at Goderich, went in to bathe at the mill dam, on Saturday night. He got out of his depth, and being unable to swim was drowned.

General Sir John Macdonald, who commanded the forces which were sent to suppress the Irish insurrection of 1848, died in Scotland on the 24th of last month, in the 76th year of his age.

A meeting of the State and Provincial billiard champions of America took place in New York on Monday. An organization was formed for the purpose of holding annual tournaments. The first will take place during the month of September next in that city.

The military Court of Enquiry at Hamilton has finished its labours, as far as the examination of witnesses is concerned. The evidence has been summed up, and the officers composing enquiry have left for their homes.

The New York Firemens' Association, composed of members of the old Department, will visit Paris at the time of the inauguration of the Great Exhibition of 1867. Their number will be limited to 40, and they will take with them a steamer, to be built expressly for the occasion, and of the most finished workmanship.

—The Quakers of Lebanon, Ohio, have discovered a process for manufacturing excellent sugar from sorghum.

—The West Eaton Company have commenced to sink the surface well on lot 17, 9th concession of Norwich.

—George Peabody, on Thursday, made another gift of $100,000 to the Peabody Institute, established by him at South Danvers.

—The Prince Imperial of France is going to learn the art of printing. We hope the future ruler of France will learn the advantage of a *free press*.

—The Board of Councilmen, New York, have re-passed over the Mayor's veto by a vote of 18 to 4, the resolution for a ten years' contract to light the city with coal gas.

—It appears from letters received that the Democrats and the Republicans in the United States are already quarrelling for the dirty favors of the Fenians.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the S. S. Africa.

One day later from Europe.

An Armistice agreed to on the part of Prussia and Italy.

More fighting in Bohemia.

HALIFAX, July 18th.—Str. *Africa* arrived with one day later news.

BREST, July 7th.—Prussia and Italy, though their reply had not been made public, have refused the armistice.

The public generally do not believe in peace, and look upon the intervention of France, now directly interested in the contest, as inevitable.

The Paris *La Presse* of 7th, says Prince Metternich arrived at the Tuilleries at 9 p. m., and announced himself fully authorized to treat upon the basis as sent to Vienna in the morning. The interview lasted an hour and a half, and when he left, the Emperor, turning to the Empress, said, "Eugenie, this is a good day for France: you at Auriens, I at Paris, have done to-day a good work."

LIVERPOOL, July 8.—VIA QUEENSTOWN, 9.—The latest advices say that Prussia and Italy have accepted the proposal of an armistice.—The Prussians, however, had advanced further into Bohemia.

Heavy cannonading had been heard on the afternoon of the 7th, in the direction of Koniggratz. It was supposed that the Prussians were attacking the fortress.

The Liverpool cotton market of Saturday was dull and the improvement of Friday was lost. The decline was caused by a reported failure of peace negotiations.

Breadstuffs firmer. Provisions inactive.

Consols 80½ to 87½; Erie 38 to 38½; Illinois 76½ to 77½.

The Paris *Temps* announces that Prussia and Italy had accepted the armistice on the following conditions:—Prussia to retain her present positions, and her troops to be supported by the countries occupied. Austria is not to increase her armies in the field, and Italy is to occupy one fortress in the quadrilateral. Italy in reply, demanded the occupation of two fortresses in the quadrilateral.

A Vienna telegram says there is a good prospect of an armistice for six weeks; hostilities have not been resumed. The Austrian army of the north continue to hold their relative positions without molestation.

The King of Prussia had ordered the release of all the Austrian prisoners, on giving their parole not to serve again during the war.

Severe fighting is reported as having taken place on the frontiers of Venetia and Tyrol. The reports were contradictory as to the results.

The old Atlantic cable was tested and found in perfect condition.

The foreign advices are the latest *via* Queenstown. The news by the steamer direct from Liverpool, of older dates, morning of the 7th, state that the Prussians continued victorious, and had defeated the Bavarians at Dirmbeck, and occupied the town. The conclusion of an armistice was then considered improbable.

Public opinion in Prussia and Italy is strongly adverse to it.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Yesterday was the hottest day for years past. The thermometer marked 102° in the shade, and 130° in the sun.

Forty-three cases of sunstroke occurred in this city, and sixteen in Brooklyn. The weather is very hot to-day.

ORANGE CELEBRATION AT FITZROY.

The Orangemen of Fitzroy met for the celebration of the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne, in McGuiley's grove, the scene of many a festival—Wm. Green, Esq., District master, took the chair.

At 11 o'clock, proceedings were opened by the Rev. Wm. Burns, Grand Chaplain of Central Canada, who in an eloquent manner detailed the history of Orangeism. He concluded an interesting and highly instructive discourse—during the delivery of which he was frequently interrupted by hearty applause—by pointing out the unsectarian character of Orangeism. He (the Rev. Mr. Burns) regretted that he could not be present to hear the addresses of the other speakers, as duties of a similar nature called him to the other end of the township.

The company, to the number of more than 200, then proceeded to do justice to the well filled tables, which evidenced that the Fitzroy ladies were not far away.

After refreshments the company again seated themselves to hear an address from their old friend, the Rev. Mr. Mulkins, of Kingston, who happened to be here on a visit, and judging from the expression of pleasure depicted on every countenance, when he made his appearance on the platform, we inferred that he was no unwelcome guest. He expressed himself as feeling a pleasure of no ordinary kind, in seeing before him, so many familiar faces. He referred to the changes wrought by time, and regretted that the nature of his duties debarred him the privilege of visiting this field of his former labors oftener. His address, which occupied nearly an hour, met with a responsive echo in every heart.

Dr. Gilson next addressed them, and after referring to the circumstances which endeared the day to every Orangeman, said that he would not take up much time, but would briefly refer to transpiring events, some of which more particularly concern us as Orangemen; others, again, affecting the well being and prosperity of the Province. He then cursorily adverted to the danger to be apprehended from the spread of Puseyism on the one hand, and infidelity on the other. He next spoke of the late Fenian raid, and of the action of the American Government, before and since, which he denounced as being neither straightforward nor upright. In speaking of the use made of the Fenian organization by American politicians, he said: "It will be for the civilized world to say—it will be for posterity to experience—if the ends sought warranted the employment of such vile means. That any Government of the nineteenth century should resort to the truckling policy of courting the favors of reckless adventurers, the off-scouring of their own and every other country, is no small evidence of an inherent weakness which will, eventually, result in its overthrow, or else will reduce it to the pitiable spectacle of being a tool in the hands of a rabble that acknowledge no law." Confederation was next touched upon, with the Quebec scheme as a basis. He (Dr. G.) wished it every success, but was not so sanguine as to believe it would be accomplished without a struggle. He said: "There are obstacles to be overcome, opposition to be conquered, defects to be remedied, new demands to be supplied, and its friends must be prepared to experience reverses, which will have to be met with renewed vigor. Traitors to our interests hold seats in our Legislature, men who, actuated by the basest motives, are ready to sacrifice every principle of honesty and good faith in furtherance of their petty schemes—men who, in parading their professions of patriotism, would have us believe they suffer martyrdom in their country's service, while their actions are directed by paltry personal grievances; those are the men who clog our every movement, when we seek to advance. Give them the control of affairs and ere long they will incur for us the hostility of the sister provinces, and bring upon us the contempt of the home government. There are others who would shape our destinies in accordance with their own lofty aspirations, who would gladly weaken, if they could not sever, the lands which make us one in action and feeling, with the mother country: men the acme of whose ambition is to be carried, amidst the plaudits of a drunken mob, to a seat on the presidential chair of a Canadian Republic. He next dwelt on the objects and nature of Orangeism, and the duties of Orangemen, and in concluding drew attention to a statement made by the Hon. T. D. McGee, in a speech lately delivered in Aylmer, to the effect that attempts were made in some few localities in Upper Canada, to exclude Roman Catholics from the volunteers and drill associations. He (Dr. Gilson) said that gentleman goes on to say "that he could not believe it possible that such a suicidal spirit existed in one town or township of Upper Canada." I honor the motives which compelled Mr. McGee to make that statement. But I merely advert to it here for the purpose of saying that the fault does not lie with members of this institution. It is a manifest injustice to impute disloyalty to any man on account of his faith. It is an injustice of which I do not believe any Orangeman is capable. I will unhesitatingly say, and in saying it I know that I reiterate the sentiments of every Orangeman here—of every Orangeman in Canada—that instead of priding ourselves on being the sole depositaries of loyalty, there is no body of men more willing to extend the right hand of love to all good men and true, irrespective of their creed or country: none more willing than we to share by their side, if required, the fatigues of the march or the dangers of the fight. Now, we should be the last to fail in appreciating in others a quality we so highly prize. There is no principle more clearly laid down than that the Orange Society has no claim to exclusive loyalty.

"There is no qualification considered as indispensible as that the candidate should be incapable of persecuting or injuring any one on account of his religious opinions. There is no duty more strictly enforced than that which requires every Orangeman to aid and defend all loyal subjects of every religious persuasion in the enjoyment of the constitutional rights.

The Rev. Mr. Emory, incumbent of Fitzroy and Pakenham, was next called upon. The rev. gentleman in a very forcible and lucid manner pointed out many of the safeguards of Protestantism, which will continue in the future, as in the past, to prevent the introduction of corruptions into the Church of England. We regret that we were unable to obtain a full report of his address, which contained much of interest to Protestants generally. He was listened to with marked attention throughout, and at the close was warmly applauded.

The usual votes of thanks were then passed, and after giving three hearty cheers for the Queen the lodges separated.

COM.

Lady Monck is about to return to Canada.

The New York collections in aid of sufferers at Portland, foot up about $80,000.

A portion of the Atlantic cable has been insured at Lloyds at 35 guineas per cwt.

It is reported from Sebastopol that the Russians are restoring the Malakoff.

Mr. Woolner's bust of Cobden is to be placed in Westminster Abbey.

The steamer *Orilenia* from the Columbia River, recently arrived at San Francisco with $129,000 in treasure.

Laborers at Portland have struck for high wages. Their gratuitous supplies of food have in consequence been cut off.

The war vessels *Favorite*, *Wolverine*, *Jason* and *Barracouta* are all expected to be in the port of Quebec, this week.

It is said that the Russell-Gladstone Ministry advised the elevation to the Peerage of Governor Monck before they retire.

Five hundred bank clerks have been thrown out of employment by the recent bank stoppages in London.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT BOTHWELL.—On Friday last, a man named P. J. Flood, while attempting to get on the morning's express while the train was in motion, was thrown down, and his body being caught between the car-step and the platform, one of his legs was taken off and his body horribly mutilated, from which he died in about forty-five minutes. He was a resident of Sandwich, C. W.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhoea.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the hair which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon it for 1865, amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle. 178a

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-l

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me say with candid earnestness, never lay down rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no, never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davis's Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilized world. 178-a

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion with its invariable concomitants, a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases *one dose* of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together? Chronic headache, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex, can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

Pay your ... before the 14th ... 33⅓ per cent. d...

At Ottawa, on the ... Robert Shore Milner ...
In this city, on the ... O'Connor, Esq., of a so...

NEW ADV...

NOTICE.—The ... this morning, in ... Russell House, a G... CHAIN, will please ... otherwise he will be p... Ottawa, 19th July.

MASSEN...

THE UNITED ... this favorite su... grounds have been m... and the House will ... thing necessary for ... amusement of the in...

The little steamb... every other day at ... Massena Springs...

COTTO...

JUST RECEIV... rior lot of the v...

Dundas and A...

PRATT

All Numbers ... Ottawa, July 19, 1...

Prepared from the Original Receipt by J. J. VAUGHAN & Co., OTTAWA, C. W. Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

AM...

ST. P...

Literary As...

THE ... ST. PATRICK'S ...

POST...

MONDAY NE...

July 19, 1866.

1866.
ROYAL HO...

THE SUM...
OF the abo...
On Wedn...

SKAT...

The Band of th... form choice select... Admission—25... persons to each ... Treasurer, ($1 ... any of the Direc...
Dr Hill, Preside... R Surtees, Esq. ... President. Prof N B Webst... Vice-Preside... Dr C Logan, P Fairburn, E... Geo Russell Alex Lumsden

List of entries ... fore the 25th in... the Exhibition ... of the show. The Judges w... and the Rink w... Intending ... Prize List, grati... Secretary,

July 17, 1866.

Ottawa

PROME...

In aid of the ... under the distin... ey the G...

ATTH...

On Thur... Doors open a... 8 o'clock p. ... a moderate ch... Tickets 25 ct... Durie, J. Hope... per Town; at ... Robinson & Co. ... of the Board o...

NOTICE.—... cheque ... to the order ... Montreal, for ... ment has bee...

Ottawa, July ...

TH...
LATELY ... Hull La... Ball ... Pic-Nic Ring... Hull, May, ...

PE...

PAI...

BEW...
WO...
March 5, 186...

☞ Pay your Gas Rents on or before the 14th Instant, and save 33⅓ per cent. discount. 173tf

BIRTHS.

At Ottawa, on the morning of the 18th July, Mrs. Robert Shore Milnes Bouchette, of a son.

In this city, on the 16th instant, the wife of D. O'Connor, Esq., of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor, otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.
CROCKER & CO., *Proprietors.*
The little steamboat America will leave Cornwall every other day at 3 p.m. for the Springs.
Massena Springs, July 19. 181n

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPERior lot of the very best

Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,

PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA, Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
☞ All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 31-3-w

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

DE WITT'S

These BITTERS are a certain cure for Dyspepsia, They create a healthy appetite, and strengthen the system. They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by
J. J. VAUCHAN & Co.,
OTTAWA, C. W.
181-3m

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. PATRICK'S

ERIN GO BRAGH

Literary Association Pic-Nic.

THE PIC-NIC OF THE ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION, Is unavoidably

POSTPONED!

—UNTIL—

MONDAY NEXT, THE 23rd INSTANT.

J. McCARRON, Secretary.
July 19, 1866. 181-td

1866. 1866.
ROYAL HORTICULTUAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.
Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:—

Dr Hill, President.	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq. 1st Vice President.	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President.	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan.	John Henderson, "
P Fairbairn, Esq.	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "

Dr. J. Legge.

List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.
The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.
Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.
ARTHUR HARVEY.
July 17, 1866. 180-td

Ottawa Orphan's Home.

A GRAND

PROMENADE CONCERT!

In aid of the above Institution. By permission, under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, will be held

AT THE SKATING RINK

On Thursday ev'g., July 19, 1866.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock p.m. Refreshments will be furnished at a moderate charge.
Tickets 25 cts, may be had at the stores of Messrs. Durie, J. Hope, Centre Town; at Mr. Hull's, Upper Town; at the two establishments of Messrs. Robinson & Co., Lower Town, and from the Ladies of the Board of Management. 176td

NOTICE.—LOST, ON SATURDAY, A cheque of the Receiver-General's Department, to the order of the undersigned, on the Bank of Montreal, for eighty-three dollars, for which payment has been stopped.
JOHN LeBOUTILLIER, M.P.P.
Ottawa, July 11. 174-3

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,
LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.
☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.
☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVED, this day at the

Rideau Street Auction Room.

A large consignment of

Stock and Rockingham Ware,

Direct from the Manufacturers.
The stock consists of
CHURNS,
BUTTER CROCKS,
(Of all sizes.)
CREAM CROCKS,
CAKE POTS,
MILK PANS,
And FLOWER POTS.
Also, in ROCKINGHAM WARE, a large quantity of

Tea-Pots, Water Jugs and Spittoons.

Remember the place, No. 42, the Rideau Street Auction Room.
A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.
138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTablishment, in Broderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.
☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158t O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.
Toilet setts, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowls, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.
GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.
Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Portraits in Oil.

W. SAWYER, Portrait Painter, having visited Ottawa, may be seen for the present at Spencer's Photographic Rooms, Sparks Street, and requests those desirous of securing his services, to call immediately as his stay will be but short.
N.B.—Specimens of work may be seen at his rooms and Durie's Book Store. Photographs copied with exactness. 178.tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p.m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.
THOS. GALLAGHER,
Builder, Metcalfe St.
180-3

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.
If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.
Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

REQUISITION.

C. T. BATE, Esq.,

SIR,—We the undersigned ratepayers of Wellington Ward most respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated for Alderman for the remainder of the current year, to fill the vacancy at the Council Board caused by the demise of our late respected representative Alex. Scott, Esq., and pledge ourselves to do what we can to secure your return:—

Wm Shoolbred	Thos Hunton
H McCormick	Wm Wilson
R Bishop	Thos Isaac
A Pratt	John Leslie
Jas Cunningham	Jas Hope & Co
A McCormick	Garland, Mutchmor & Co
Wm Mimore	W W Massey
James Mathews	K Arnoldi
Alfred Brown	M Kavanagh
James Lang	Francis Clemow
A Duff	John Kenly
Esmonde Bros	J A Gouin
H Walton	R Kenly
Joseph Skinner	Francis Abbott
W W Brown	M A Greenwood
G A Walton	Wm Porter
George A Sheldon	William Murray
Jas J Radford	W H Cluff
W J Mills	John Purdy
A K Mills	John Wilson
Geo Hay	Charles Heney
W M Mathewson	H V Noel
James Martin	L Perkins
E Sherwood	Chs V Noel
Andrew Meegrove	W Wade
R W Spence	W G Beach
Chas Huband	Thos Gallagher
Geo Cocker	E K McGillivray
J G Bell	A S Woodburn
George Raitt	James Raitt
James Dalgliish	Johnston Brown
Michael Johnston	David Manchester
Edward Hall	W Dack
Wm McCullough	C W Bangs
J M Currier	Wm Hutchison
John McDonald	R S Cassels.
Wm Cousens	

REPLY!

To H. McCormick, Thos. Hunton, Richard Bishop, and others,—
GENTLEMEN,—You certainly could have chosen some party much better able to fill the seat of our late worthy friend, Alex. Scott.
Should you think I can be of any service to you I shall willingly place myself at your disposal. If elected I will do my best to serve you.
Yours respectfully,
CHAS. T. BATE.
Ottawa, July 18, 1866. 180-td

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of 216 square miles.
This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.
Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.
The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.
The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.
Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.
The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill-sites, with an unlimited supply of water.
Real Estate, City of Ottawa, Comprises Lot 18, North Baird Street; 18, South Nekay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold en bloc. Lot 19, South Bateler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 142ft. 6in.
In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.	
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range	100 acres
Lots 10, 16, A N W ½ of 17 in the 5th range	500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range	200 acres
WESTMEATH.	
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake	165 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range	200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range	200 acres
West ½ 16, 1st range	100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake	400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake	200 acres
ONSLOW.	
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range	50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range	100 acres
North ½ of Lots 25, 26 & 27, in range 9	400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range	300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19	400 acres
½ Lot 15, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11	300 acres
NEPEAN.	
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession	100 acres
WAKEFIELD.	
South ½ of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range	200 acres
HULL.	
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 5th range	100 acres
EARDLEY.	
Lot 14, in the 6th range	87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (135 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range	100 acres
CUMBERLAND.	
Lot 3, in the 8th concession	200 acres
ALLUMETTE ISLAND.	
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range	51 acres
BRISTOL.	
N W ½ of Lot 17, range 5	50 acres
N W ½ of Lot 15, (100 acres), N W ½ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ½ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession	284 acres
N E ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ½ and S W ½ of 15, in the 8th concession	400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession	500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession	500 acres
Lot 1, and S E ½ of Lot 8, in the 11th con	500 acres
Lot 5, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con	500 acres
CLARENDON.	
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ½ of Lot 6, 9th con	250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 5, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range	500 acres
S W ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range	700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14 and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range	1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½ s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range	800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth cash, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.
Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.
The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.
The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.
Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.
Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from
MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.
☞ OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinne in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each; no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings, of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS AREWANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

SPENCER'S PATENT
HERMETICALLY SEALED
FRUIT JARS!
SIMPLE AND ALWAYS RELIABLE.

The best Fruit Preserver—A perfect success

THIS JAR HAS BEEN thoroughly tested in the market for the last three years, and has proved to be unsurpassed by anything of the kind in the market. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus effecting a great saving over all screw and lever covered jars. Also, the cover is so constructed, that it may be applied to almost any other jar, which will enable parties to use all their cork or other jars, by procuring this cover.
Beach & Co., of this city, having been appointed Agents for Canada are prepared to supply the trade at a liberal discount for sale.
By J. BOYDEN, Sussex Street; and A. ROWE, Rideau Street.
BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,
Agents for Canada.
175-a

HORSE LOST.—Strayed away from the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre Town, yesterday afternoon. He is dark bay, about 15 hands high. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Isaac's Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will be suitably rewarded. Any one harbering the same after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.
Ottawa, July 17. 179tf

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.
ARCHIBALD GRAHAM,
179tf Returning Officer

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street.
12y

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for During Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.
That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN
DEALER IN
Tobaccos, Cigars,
FANCY GOODS.
Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
TOBACCOS!
From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,.....from 2 cts up to 10 cts.
☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

BOARDING.

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS,

WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

G. H. HERRICK,
(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada.*)

General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 pns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 555 and 557 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESpectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
DUVERNAY BROS.
5tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep.

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUDHOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the late st style, all orders that he may be favored with.
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
J. T. PRUDHOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLT

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, &c., &c., TROWSERINGS,

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ Orders Promptly Attended to. ☜

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam Planing Mills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross-cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tenoning do, 1 power mortising do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boring machine, &c., &c., &c.
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.
Also, all the Lumber on the premises.
The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.
Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je1-141-tf

FOR SALE.--A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a tinner of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ mile from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.--A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.--One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES.--The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 28-3m

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray street. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding house, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 43 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's.) good three storey stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.--Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street--all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin--and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as Woodroofs, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 52, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
--ALSO--
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

--ALSO--
A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished--30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot--24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

--ALSO--
LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3, ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College. (Sandy Hill.) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

--ALSO--
A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN.
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.
AGENTS FOR CANADA.
THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.
DIRECTORS:
Chairman,--William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du People."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.
CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. ST. COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:--Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 12-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Co., for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.--THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED.--TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.--Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.--A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.--A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

SPAN OF HORSES FOR SALE.--The Subscriber offers for sale a Span of Horses--one bright bay, the other chestnut--aged 5 and 7 years. They are well matched for carriage horses. Apply at the residence of the undersigned, Pooley's Bridge, Richmond Road.
176tf MICHAEL YOUNG.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE--OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bond shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such last mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 1-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES--DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,--I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,--Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,--Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:--
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port, Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,
96 & 98,
Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME
RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF
CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.
Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.
Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with..
The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of
Dry Goods!
FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.
HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,
LIQUORS, &c.,
And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at
Reduced Prices!
Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.
N. B.--The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
Ottawa, June 19. J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.
SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF
COTTON GOODS!
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.
Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS | NEW SPRING GOODS.
New Spring Goods.
KEARNS & RYAN
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR
SPRING STOCK!
IS NOW COMPLT
In all its Departments!
AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.
Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York
STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.
1866) Spring Importations. (1866
O'MEARA & CO.,
50, SPARKS STREET,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS
And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.
O'MEARA & CO.,
Manufacturers of Clothing,
Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds
Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of
MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.
An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand
Orders Promptly Attended to.
ALEXR. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.
GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons		Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons		Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons		Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons		Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from his date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

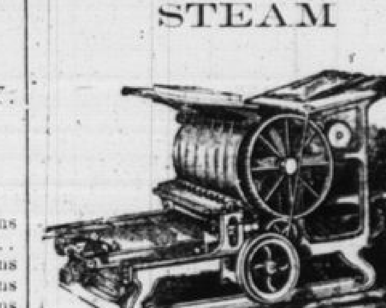
GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,--
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:--
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 63-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Land and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!
OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

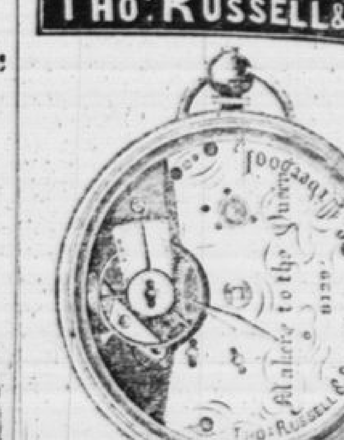
IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
--AND--
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN
WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks-street, sole Agent for sale of our Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable Charles Stanley Viscount Monck, Baron Monck of Ballytrammon, in the County Wexford, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come--Greeting:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER. *Atty.-Gen.* WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eighth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted that whenever this Province or any part thereof or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Province declare the said Act to be in force in the Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS although there exists no reason for serious alarm the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights--Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE.
148tf Clerk Executive Council

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited--
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, of any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.
In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.--Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I. NO.

THE POST OFFICE--OTTAWA
DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	12.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a.m.
Metcalfe, Osgoode, &c. Daily	6.30 p.m.
Gloucester and Wakefield	5.30 p.m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.
To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by ... , if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia ... Letters for British Columbia, Germany and ... Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID. To the United States 10 cts--pre-pay...
English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's ... Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p... Tuesday--postpaid 12½ cts.; via New Y... alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17... Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon. REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and ... thirty minutes prior to the closing of ...
Office hours--8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Post...

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor ... Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office ... Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa ...
Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. MURPHY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor ... Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office ... side of York Street, two doors from Sussex ...
Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor ... Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex ... Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors ... Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries P... Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street ...
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. H...
February 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, S... Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will ... prepared to attend promptly to any bus... Government employes, and the public ... may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly ... sitting in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WRIGHT
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and ... at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tues... Fridays of every week.
... COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B...
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa.
Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street
Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-... Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, ... Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, ... lately occupied as the Custom Hou...
Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor ... Chancery, &c.
Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau S...
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MATHESON
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor ... Office: Horne's Buildings, corner ... and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower C... Offices: Court House, Aylmer and ... Hull, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the ... Ottawa.
February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, So... Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C...
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GE...
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney ... Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace a... Crown Attorney, for the United Counties ... and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal
January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-... Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers ... Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metca... Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. N...
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCK
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-... Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries ... Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the ... Grand Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS B...
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Nota... Public, has removed his office to Nich... a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's ... is prepared to transact any business ... with the Crown Lands Department, in ... Land Claims, taking out Patents, and ... any agency for parties having business ... of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN
DENTIST. Office: Sparks St... Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. MARTIN
DENTIST. Office: Sussex St... Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocer...
Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C...
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, ... and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be ... at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, ... John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. Geo... Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R... John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence ... Square.
Dec. 18...

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and A... Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks St...

JOHN SWEETLAND, ...
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and A... attending Physician to the Pro... ... Office and residence, corner of ... Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite the Wor... ... Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C. WOOD
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and A... Ottawa, C. W. Day office in H... Sparks Street, Center Town; Night ... Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of th... knife, but certain, speedy, and almost ... References given to parties ... wanted, if required. *The cure guarant...*
Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J. HENRY
WELLINGTON Street, First ... of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Mar... ...
Ottawa, F... 7, 1866.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 182. | OTTAWA C. W., FRIDAY JULY 20, 1866 | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily.	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. .... "	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa .... "	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c. Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea and Wakefield. ...... "	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton.	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

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English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Rosamer's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.

E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.

February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.

December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.

Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.

Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.

L. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.

Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.

Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.

Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.

☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.

February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.

Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.

Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.

Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.

Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.

WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.

References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur; Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*

Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.

Ottawa, F 7, 1866 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.

RULING done to any pattern.

Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.

Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA.

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.

☞ Agent for "Glenross' Report of Fashions."

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.

P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.

Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.

☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.

They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.

OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.

F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.

Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent,

AND

BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.

December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.

March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.

January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,

Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,

Pure Chemicals,

Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,

Licentiate Apothecary.

Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.

☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

H. V. NOEL,

Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO

H. J. FRIEL,

Or R. E. O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6:30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on th line.

T. S. DETLOR,

SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) $2.50

Steerage 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,

General Manager.

Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING

AND

Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to

G. R. NASH, MANAGER,

Aylmer, C. E.

Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by

S. CHRISTIE,

Sole Agent,

No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, SUSSEX STREET.

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.

December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.

This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.

Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.

☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.

Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862,

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.

111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to

W. B. HEALEY,

Or to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, December 20, 1865. 2-tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!

[Established in 1844.]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ... Capt. J. B. ESTES.

ONTARIO, ... Capt. J. B. ESTES.

CATARACT, ... Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN, ... — DEWITT,

EMPRESS, ... Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT,

☞ Traveller, be not induced by loudr cles in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.

H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.

May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &C.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley, Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,

Proprietors.

June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,

Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.

Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,

69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau treet.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.

Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Caution—Duncan McGregor.
Auction Sale—A. Rowe.
St. George's Society Pic-Nic—W. Mills.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000!** and Weekly over **4,000!** making a total circulation in the week of **over 18,000!** thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line.......... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 20. 1866.

The House yesterday afternoon concurred in the Tariff resolutions, and passed a large number of the items in the Supplementary Estimates. To-day the remainder of the estimates will be considered and the Militia bill will be taken up in the evening.

If the member for Cornwall will persist in throwing the ashes of extinguished party fires over the heads of his neighbors, he must expect that the wind will sometimes carry them back into his own eyes. The personal explanations which he provoked last evening, by no means redounded to his credit, and we think that for the future he would find it advantageous to himself, and a great saving of the time of the House, if he would leave the Ottawa members alone.

The restriction of the Legislative machinery in the Local Constitution of Upper Canada to a single Chamber, presented by the Attorney-General West in his remarks upon introducing the resolutions, as an experiment, which in the peculiar circumstances of the country deserved a trial, will doubtless be the occasion of some discussion in the House, as it has already been in the press; but we have not seen any valid objection yet urged against it, nor do we anticipate that a serious effort will be made to supplement it with an Upper House. The intermediate position which will be occupied by the Local Legislature between the Confederate Government and the Municipal bodies, the circumscribed limits within which its legislative and administrative functions will be confined, its loss of all the dignity and freedom of action which appertain to the omnipotence of Parliament within the vague and shadowy lines drawn by British Constitutional practice, and the restraint of its labors within well defined limits, with their liability to veto at the hands of superior authority, mark it as the result of the application of the Municipal system to local and sectional questions of a wider range than those appertaining to county councils, rather than as a miniature of the supreme Government. The circumstances, therefore, which necessitate the existence of two Legislative bodies in the Confederate Government, do not apply with anything like equal force to the Local. But we think the point we urged when the resolutions were first brought down, in favor of the members of the Confederate House of Commons doing duty for a time in the Local Legislatures, the dearth of material to supply the extraordinary increase in the number of our Legislators,—ought to apply with double force against the creation of a second chamber in the Upper Canada Legislature. The draft will be serious enough upon the time and the energies of the prominent men of Upper Canada, if it takes eighty-two twice over instead of sixty-five once, to do the duties appertaining to the Commons branch of Legislation, without doubling also the number required as Legislative Councillors; and the draft upon the pockets of the people will be felt still more severely if the costly paraphernalia of an Upper House be added to the necessary outlay which must be borne in decently maintaining a single Chamber.

When the resolutions were formally introduced by the Attorney-General West, some conversation took place between him and the ex-President of the Council, regarding the duration of the Local Parliaments, the latter denying that the period of four years had been fixed, as stated in the 14th resolution, though he admitted that the subject had been under discussion. Whether this is indicative of an intention to attempt its limitation to a shorter period, we cannot say, but we do not think the democratic notion of annual Parliaments will find much favor with the people. There is nothing in the duties to be discharged by the Local Legislature which would seem to require a departure from the established custom of quadrennial Parliaments, while the fact that the franchise will henceforth be exercised under the Federal as well as the Local Constitutions, would naturally suggest an extension, rather than a shortening of the period, to avoid the too frequent recurrence of election contests, which have not hitherto exercised a very healthy influence on the political morality of the country, and ought not therefore to be needlessly multiplied. Nor is it in one or even two sessions of the House that any of our public men have heretofore distinguished themselves as experienced Legislators. It is only after long practice in the rules and forms of Parliament, and considerable familiarity with public affairs, that any man, no matter what his ability, need hope to achieve a reputation worthy of a statesman, and if every year, or every two years, he is to be harrassed with the fatigues and annoyances, generally inseparable from election contests, it will by no means assist in qualifying him for the performance of the higher duties of state, which the country at large will expect at his hands.

It is not to be supposed that any of our people are so much enamoured of American institutions as to desire to see in the executive machinery of government, any departure from the "well understood principles of the British Constitution." The system of "Responsible Government" still finds favor with the country, and any attempt to establish an irresponsible Cabinet will be met with overpowering opposition. The relations of the Ministry in the General Government towards the Confederate House of Commons ought to be strictly adhered to in all the Local Legislatures administered under the Constitution of the Federal Provinces, otherwise an element of antagonism would be introduced, which would destroy the harmony of the system. Thus were the people of Upper Canada to accept an Executive after the American pattern, and were it by experience to commend itself to their favor, it is in the very nature of things that the representatives of that Province in the Confederate Legislature would become agitators for "Constitutional changes," for the purpose of applying the same principle to the Executive of the General Government: and were the American Executive system imposed upon Upper Canada as another "experiment," we feel assured that it would encounter, from the first, the hostility of the great majority of the people, and thus contribute towards bringing the whole system of Local Governments into contempt; so that neither as the choice of the people, nor as an experimental contrivance for the amusement of Constitution-makers, is it desirable that the irresponsible Cabinet system should be incorporated with the Upper Canada Local Constitution.

LOCAL NEWS.

HARVEST.—The farmers, along the line to Prescott, are generally gathering in their hay; the timothy is a good crop.

PERSONAL.—We learn from a private source that the Hon. George Crawford, M. L. C., has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to sit out on the verandah at his residence.

PERSONAL.—We noticed yesterday that Gen. Lindsay, Col. Elrington, and Dr. Scott, of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, were in this city, and as we were informed, for the purpose of inspecting the present quarters occupied by the troops, and upon which they have expressed their entire satisfaction.

SPECULATION.—A schooner laden with wheat for Prescott sprang a-leak before she reached her destination, by which her cargo was so much damaged that it was bought by a speculator for ten cents a bushel. He afterwards sold it for twenty-five cents per bushel, but before the vessel could be unloaded she was in a sinking condition. Which of the speculators fared best we do not yet know.

MISCONDUCT.—John Chandler and John McMahon, two privates of the Rifle Brigade, were yesterday taken to Montreal, under a Corporal's guard, to undergo—one 44 days, and the other 28 days' imprisonment, for drunkenness. They were sentenced by court martial, to which they had rendered themselves liable, for being drunk the fourth time, within three hundred and sixty-five days.

SPORT AT HULL.—A sparring exhibition i announced to take place at Mr. Lemons, Wright House, Hull, this evening, and to-morrow (Saturday) evening. We understand that two capital hands at the fistic science will be present, and give a practical lesson in the art of self-defence. Since the above was put in type, Mr. Lemon has called upon us, and desires that we will state that he has not given any authority for the above exhibition, nor will he ever do so, as his grounds are to be devoted to pleasurable purposes, and not for such exhibitions as the one advertised.

AGRICULTURAL.—We learn from the Secretary of the County of Carleton Agricultural Association, that Professor Buckland, who is now on a tour through the Province, will in a few days meet some of the farmers and leading men of the agricultural districts of the County, previous to visiting the County of Russell. He is expected to address the farmers at different points on matters in which, as agriculturists, they are deeply interested. Every one knows that Professor Buckland is the recognized authority on such matters in Canada.

FOUND.—A gentleman in this city, who rises betimes with the sun, on Wednesday morning found, on the banks of the Ottawa—in a sequestered spot where lovers might in safety converse, secure from the vulgar gaze—a well filled pocket-book. The owner will, no doubt, be only too happy to recover it, containing as it does, amongst other valuables, the likenesses of two charming fair ones, whose sweet looks even an Adonis would feel captivated with. If the gentleman will call on the foreman of this office, he will be informed where his lost treasure securely lies for his identification.

ROBBERY.—A box in the house of Mrs. Gabriel Willette was broken open, and $20 stolen therefrom by a young man who was brought up in the family as an adopted son. He took the one o'clock train for Prescott, but the telegraph was put in requisition by the indefatigable O'Neill, and by its agency the thief was arrested at Kemptville, and on being searched, $74 were found on him. A serious, but perhaps salutary disappointment to his *two* female companions. He, if not they, will figure in the police court this morning, as Mr. O'Neill returned at 9 o'clock last evening and safely lodged his birds in durance vile.

THE THEATRE.—The French company here had a tolerably good house last night, and the acting, judging by the enthusiastic applause, gave great satisfaction. The troupe comprises several excellent actors and actresses. We cannot particularize all, nor can we afford to pass in silence Madame Fleury, whose acting and singing are of a much higher order than is generally found in travelling companies. The language of pantomime is extensively used by them with much gracefulness and expression. They deserve to be patronized, and it may be long before our French speaking fellow citizens will have another opportunity of this kind. This evening they play La nuit Blanche, and Les deux Pecheurs. Also, will be sung La Marseillaise, Hymne Patriotique.

THE CONCERT LAST EVENING.—We were delighted to see the immense gathering at the Skating Rink last evening, on the occasion of the concert in aid of the Protestant Orphan's Home. There could hardly been less than from 1500 to 2000 persons present, amongst whom were many of the members of the Legislative Council and their ladies. We congratulate the managing committee, on the success they have achieved in their most laudable effort to augment the funds of this charitable institution. The concert we need scarcely add was most successful. Miss Aumond, Miss McCarthy, Miss Smith, and Miss Drummond, are deserving of the highest meed of praise for the manner in which they come forward to assist in all such laudable work. We should not omit to mention that the excellent band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, under the leadership of Sergt. Hone, were the great feature of the evening's entertainment, and we hope ere they are called away from amongst us to see that their services will be most substantially acknowledged, for if parties who contribute, and valuably, to the recreation and enjoyment of the public, are deserving of approbation, surely they have a large claim.

BEAR FIGHT, OX TO HIS OWNER'S RESCUE.—We have received, from rather reliable authority, a story which, if related by some people, we should hesitate to believe. It is to this effect: A few miles up the Gatineau, where bears most do congregate, the predatory visits of these midnight prowlers have this season become unusually troublesome to the farmers of the locality, scarcely a night passing but some unlucky calf, pig, sheep, or even cow, has fallen a victim to Bruin's rapacity. So bold have those intruders become of late, that the *lord of creation* himself has felt insecure, even even in *his own domain.* One day last week a farmer, who had been bereft of some of his moveable property, probably by some of those Fenian marauders of the forest, was planning strategical movements for the destruction of the common enemy, when suddenly, he found himself surrounded—alas, too literally *surrounded*,—not by a multitude, but by the huge arms of indignant Bruin himself:—pinioned, hugged, breathed upon by his mortal foe! Luckily the poor fellow had a stentorian voice and he used it to some purpose, for, though it brought no human aid, "that once familiar *voice*" was heard by an ox, who had often obeyed it under the yoke, and now, he, or *it*, we are not sure of the gender, came in double-quick to the rescue, charged the monster, and liberated his grateful master, who with tears in his eyes, lavishly expended a large proportion of his small remaining breath in swearing to his bovine liberator, "till asseveration bred a doubt," that he would never use a goad again. Meanwhile, the bear, understanding, as well as if he had learned philosophy in the school of the sage Hudibras, which was the better part of valor, discreetly "made tracks."

POLICE COURT.—James Casey, found about twelve o'clock last night, lying drunk on the side-walk. Prisoner pleaded guilty to being "tight;" that he would acknowledge, but he did nothing else—all of which was corroborated by Constable Berichon, who said he made no noise, not even spoke a word. He had been up before, however, on similar charges, and his Worship fined him $6.00 and costs, or a month in gaol. Francis Satchell was called but did not answer;—charged with having foul premises where he keeps his hogs. Some of the offal thrown to those animals, it was deposed, had been left by them, perhaps for lunch, but the hot weather had, in an hour or two, spoiled its freshness, so far as to give notice of its presence to the delicate olfactories of Sergeant Davis and Private Brown. These gentlemen, ever zealous in sanitary matters, preferred the charge, and his Worship imposed a fine of $5 and costs, which, like the laws of the Medes and Persians, could not be altered when Mr Satchell appeared to make satisfactory explanations, which he was prepared to substantiate by witnesses, and prove that he used every means in his power to keep everything in a clean condition. This was proved as to his slaughter-house and stall, by Mr. Brown, the accuser, and could be proved by half the city. Our reporter thinks he heard Mr. Satchell say in court, *sotto voce*, that, perhaps, he was not the right stripe, and was singled out, whilst others, who really should be looked after, were let alone. Maria Burns appeared, in answer to a summons, for beating the children of Alexis Venace. The parties having some idea that law costs money, came to the wise resolution, the night before, of going no deeper into it, and privately made an amicable arrangement, on hearing which, his Worship dismissed the case with costs—$1.75 each.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—Allow me through the columns of your influential journal, to inform the ignorant and malevolent writer of the notice which appeared in *The Evening Post* of yesterday, having reference to the presentation with which I was honored on Tuesday evening last, that neither on that or any other occasion has the charitable fund of the St. George's Society been drawn upon, except for legitimate purposes.

The amount with which the handsome watch presented to me was purchased, was raised by subscription; about sixty gentlemen, influential members of the Corporation, having contributed to the fund.

I will not unnecessarily occupy more of your valuable space. I think I have said enough to remove the scandalous imputation which the writer of the notice in question has sought to cast upon the honor and integrity of the managers of the Society of which I have the honor to be Secretary.

I am Sir, your most obedient servant,
W. MILLS.
Secretary St. George's Society.

OTTAWA, July 19th, 1866.

A MODEL RAILROAD.—"Crocus," the facetious correspondent of *The Pithole Record*, writes to that paper from Richmond, Va., and that describes the medium of transportation: "We came by way of the Orange, Lemon and Alexandria Railroad, and would say to persons who are tired of life and in a hurry to get through, try this line. You leave Washington in the evening, and as a general thing will arrive in Heaven or Richmond the next day. Each train is provided with a surgeon, undertaker, amputating table and other luxuries; besides these, it has some of the finest coffins I ever expect to see.

CITY COUNCIL—SPECIAL MEETING.

THURSDAY, July 19th.

Pursuant to special notice given a meeting of the council was called for last evening.

At the appointed hour there were present:

Aldermen—Langford, McCormick, Dow, and Berichon. Councillors—Wood, Perkins, Goulden, and Guerard.

This not being sufficient for a quorum, the council, according to law, adjourned.

When it will be considered that this meeting was a special call by His Worship the Mayor, for the purpose of taking action with regard to the bill now before the Legislature for the purpose of Incorporating the Ottawa Water Works Company, it is too bad that a sufficient number of the council were not present, to take some steps anent this matter.

As there appears to be considerable speculation in the public mind regarding the aforesaid Bill, so far as the Taxation to be levied on real estate holders is concerned, and the feasibility of it at the present moment, when really the public are drawn upon to an almost overstrung extent, it is not for us to recommend the carrying out of it. In order that our readers may gain some knowledge with regard to the proposed working of this bill, we give them the following extracts, which, in our opinion, are the most interesting:—

The company shall have power, right and authority to fix and impose a water rate not exceeding cents in the dollar on the annual assessed value on all taxable lands in the City of Ottawa; but such rate shall not be imposed or levied upon any lands until the company shall be prepared to supply the same with water, and shall have laid down and completed the necessary means for that purpose.

In each and every year after the company shall be ready to supply any part or parts of the said city with water, as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said company to pass a by-law fixing and imposing such water-rate upon the lands in such part or parts, describing the same with sufficient certainty, and to serve a copy of such by-law, certified under the corporate seal of the company, together with a certificate of the engineer of the company that the company are prepared and ready to supply the part or parts of the city mentioned in said by-law with an ordinary supply of water, and that the mains for that purpose have been laid down and are ready for use, upon the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, by delivering such copy of by-law and certificate to the Mayor, City Clerk or Chamberlain of the said city, on or before the first day of June; and upon the receipt of such copy of by-law and certificate, on or before the said first day of June in any year, it shall be the duty of the said Corporation of the City of Ottawa to insert such water-rate in a separate column of the Collectors' Rolls of the said City of Ottawa for such year, and for each year thereafter, so long as the said by-law shall remain in force, against the lands in the parts of the said city mentioned in the said by-law liable to taxation, and to cause such water-rate to be collected in the same manner as the other rates and assessments against lands in the said city, and to pay over the same as collected to the company or to the Treasurer thereof; and the duties and liabilities of the City Clerk, City Collectors and other officers of the said Corporation of the City of Ottawa, shall be the same with regard to the said water-rate as to the other rates and assessments against lands in the said city; and the Corporation of the City of Ottawa shall be liable to the company for the amount of the said water rate.

The company may from time to time lawfully borrow, either in this Province or elsewhere, such sum or sums of money as they may find expedient, and at such rate or rates of interest, not exceeding per centum per annum, as they may think proper; and may make bonds, debentures, notes or other securities for the payment therefor or any part thereof and such interest thereon, payable either in current or in sterling money, and at such place or places, either within this Province or elsewhere, as they shall deem advisable, and may sell the same at such price or discount as may be deemed expedient or necessary, and may hypothecate, mortgage or pledge the lands, property and revenues of the company for the due payment of the moneys so borrowed, or any part thereof and the interest thereof; but no bond, debenture or note of the company shall be made for a less sum than dollars.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Times.

This morning *The Citizen* contains two lengthy chapters anent *The Bee*, and neither of them over truthful. The "ostensible" proprietor tries to deny the paternity of *The Bee*, but that is troublesome. The little insect owes its origin to *The Citizen* establishment; the "ostensible" encouraged it for purposes of his own; spoke favorably of it; and now that it has become troublesome to him, he wants to shirk the responsibility. His design was to annoy his neighbours, but when it struck too sharply at some of those in office who had control of public printing, and they remonstrated, he as usual meanly backed down from his assumed position, and denied all responsibility or connection with it

His statements about the type for *The Bee* and the "imprint" are neither ingenious nor truthful. We were offered the type to print the paper, increased price, &c., to help them over the broken bridge; all these and even more were tendered for a temporary lift. And the best proof that we regarded the arrangement as temporary is, that we left on *The Citizen* imprint just as it was sent to us, but when we learned that it would be more pleasant to the "ostensible" proprietor we left it out. What more could we do, or be reasonably expected of us? To get our names attached to it and remove the responsibility was perhaps what was desired and aimed at, but that was just what we had no idea of doing. The paternity of *The Bee* belonged to *The Citizen* people, and we had no wish to deprive them of the credit of it while obliging them. If the "ostensible" proprietor has reason to regret his connection with the paper, he has himself alone to blame: it is a creature of his, and it is neither fair nor manly for him how to try and disown it.

He speaks of kind feeling and friendship. We beg to ask respectfully for information on these heads, for we must confess that we are quite oblivious on this score. Perhaps he imagines he has conferred "favors" on us by going around amongst those who prefer to get printing done at our office, telling them how much neater, better and cheaper they can get their printing done at *The Citizen* office, and in case of dissent, threatening them with his dire indignation and his paper's frowns—if he fancies he is conferring "favors" on us by such interferences we beg to assure him that we are not at all grateful, and would rather decline being the recipients of such in future, than otherwise. Only the other day a notable instance of this kind occurred. A gentleman connected with a public institution called upon us with some printing. He was more anxious to get his work done than we were to do it, and as an inducement for us to undertake it, he of his own accord promised to give us his work during the remainder of the season. Upon that understanding his printing was undertaken, and performed for a couple of weeks. All at once, without explanation, we found he had gone back to *The Citizen* office with his work. But promptly thereafter came an explanation and a polite apology from that gentleman, thanking us for our attention, saying he was sorry he could not keep his pledge, but that he could not keep it—it was so convenient for a man in his situation to have a newspaper at his back to say a kind word for him occasionally. The fact is, that just so soon as they could accomplish their ends, by constant entreaties and something more, they gave him no peace until he sent his work back to them again, notwithstanding his arrangements with us. These and such like interferences on his part, and those associated with him, he regards as "favors," and because we demur, he accuses us of ingratitude. We admit that since the establishment of *The Times* we have not heard quite so much of his attentions in this respect as formerly, for it is on record that at least on one occasion he urged a person who demurred to his charges, that if he did not let him do the "job," to take it to Bell & Woodburn, but "for God sake not to take it to *The Times*."

His reference to "over-charging" comes with peculiar grace from him. We wonder if the "ostensible" could tell us who it was that the other day presented a little "bill" for $213 to a public official, with a request to certify to its correctness, and he would manage the rest at the Department, and when refused, first threatened, then pleaded being an "Ottawa man," and that "one Ottawa man should help another," and finally received it back, taxed down to $11, and pretty well paid at that! A man who can do anything like this, can afford to talk with very becoming grace of what he calls "the Foote and Blackburn jobs!"

The position of an editor is a noble one,—to instruct, improve and elevate the human mind; he should be the grand teacher of the age. But when a man degrades an able newspaper into a mere vehicle for conveying praise or censure, as it suits his pockets, to "puff" men and things just in proportion to the profit it derives thereby, he cannot fitly be regarded as a public benefactor. *The Citizen*, as lately conducted, is little better than a private speculation, devoid of ability, consistency, or principle. To-day it feebly advocates one thing, to-morrow the reverse; one day it whines for the South, and the next speaks for the North, as we noticed last season; for a while it affects to be Liberal, and then again Conservative. A while ago the Hon. George Brown was regarded by it as a far-seeing statesman, while now he is not even spoken of respectfully; and possibly to-morrow it will just be as likely to refer in similar terms to the Hon. John A. Macdonald, the Hon. Wm. McDougall, or even the Hon. Wm. Howland, if he retires from the P. O. Department. Some men's minds naturally drift in this direction; and what with natural learning, and the school to graduate in, where they have reduced political legerdemain to a profession, the "ostensible" seems to have become an adept in deceit and selfishness. In one respect alone does he manifest any regard for consistency;—viz: intense hatred of "Beast Butler," and the hon. member for Carleton.

Yesterday we tendered him special advice, which he accepted. To-day, permit us to instruct him further, as with the "London letter" the last ray of *The Citizen's* former ability seems to have departed, we would advise the "ostensible" to drop the connection, and allow the paper to revert to the hands of the gentleman from whom he received it, and who made it what it was, and who will speedily restore it to the position it occupied as a leading exponent of public opinion. By this means the public will be benefitted, and the "ostensible" proprietor will not be entirely disgraced, for people may yet become sensible that stupidity is not respectability, and that obtuseness and arrogance do not necessarily denote ability and power.

Your obt. servts.
BELL & WOODBURN.

THAT "CHALLENGE."

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Noticeing the fact that your paper has since its first appearance in this city treated all manner of public sports in an open and honorable way, I trust you will spare me space to reply to a "Challenge" which appears in *The Citizen* of yesterday. I regret that my time being already engaged ahead will not permit my remaining four weeks; but will accommodate Mr. Forsyth with a one hundred yards dash for $100, at any time within ten days from this date, at the expiration of which I am compelled to leave to meet other engagements. If this should be accepted, I must have some surety, that if successful, the money will this time be paid over, and that I will not be swindled as on a former occasion.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN BROWN.

Ottawa, July 19th, 1866.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, July 19th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved that the quorum of the Interest Committee be reduced to seven members.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BROWN called the attention of the Attorney-General West to the advantage of having a map, shewing the new constituencies of Upper Canada, on the table of the House for the information of members.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said he would have such a map laid on the table to-morrow, or on Saturday morning.

Hon J. A. MACDONALD moved that during the remainder of the Session there shall be two distinct sittings, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays—the first to begin at 3 o'clock p.m., and end at 6 o'clock p.m.—the second to begin at half-past 7 o'clock p.m. and continue until adjournment, and that on all such sittings Government measures have precedence.—Carried.

The report of the Committee of Ways and Means (on the tariff resolutions) was received on motion of the Hon. Mr. Galt.

In taking the concurrence of the House in the resolutions, when the clerk had reached "mill and factory machinery" in the free list,

Mr. MAGILL said that he had much pleasure in bearing testimony to the willingness of the Hon. the Minister of Finance, in meeting the views and wishes of the members of this House, and he was pleased to notice the modifications which had taken place in the proposed tariff since it had first been announced to the House, but whilst giving credit to the hon. gentleman for so much complacency, in so far complying with the wishes of those representing so many industrial pursuits in this country, he was sorry to find that a most important industrial business had been altogether neglected by him. The speaker stated that he had remained stationary in his seat whilst a long list of articles had been read over as being placed on the free list, until he could remain no longer, in view of the responsibilities which he incurred in relation to his constituents; he, therefore, felt it his duty to demur from the present item now proposed to be placed on the free list. He thought that the Hon. Minister of Finance, who had done so much to meet the views of those who demurred from his original proposition, should not stop short here, and allow one of our most useful branches of industry to be placed in a position which must ultimately be productive of the worst consequences to the large and important class interested in that branch of industry. The Hon. the Postmaster-General had stated a few nights since in the House, and he (the speaker) reciprocated those views, that he did not see why the Americans should have the benefit of our markets, to use them as they think proper, while we are debarred from any advantages from theirs. This the hon. gentleman stated in defence of the proposition to place fifty cents per barrel as a duty on flour. Why not apply the same principle in regard to mill and factory machinery of all kinds. We find that the Finance Minister has conceded the protection so much deserved, and which the speaker himself so much favored, in reference to mowing, reaping, and threshing machines, but why not extend the same protection to this other branch of industry, in every respect as well entitled to consideration? There are, in Upper Canada, 8 or 10 establishments engaged in the manufacture of mill and other machinery. This branch of enterprise has been fostered and encouraged under the present tariff, and is it now by this most suicidal policy to be nipt in the bud, and the promoters thereof to be sacrificed at the altar of a most insane policy. It is a nice way to bring a pressure to bare upon our American friends, that, while they pursue a course of interdiction, as it regards trade with us, we should throw down our barriers of protection, and allow them free use of our markets, while we are debarred from theirs. There are the following establishments now engaged in the industry for which I claim protection: F. G. Beckett, & Co., John Thomas & Co, of Hamilton, Goldie and McCullough, Galt, who have invested this year $20,000 in machinery. J. Hall's works, Oshawa, another firm in Galt, two large establishments in Dundas, one in Ancaster, and one in Perth, which have invested a large amount of capital, induced to do so by the present tariff, and is it just, or is it equitable, after having induced these parties to invest so large an amount in this country, now to toss off at one sweep the encouragements heretofore held out to them. We know, Mr. Speaker, that many millions of dollars have by necessity to be raised in this country, to carry on the expensive machinery of the government, as well as to provide for the interest on the public debt; that being the case, why should not the customs revenue be apportioned, in such a manner as to afford equal protection to the varied and diversified interests of the country. What, Mr. Speaker, is more cheering than to hear, through the cities, towns and villages of the country, the lively stroke of the blacksmith's hammer, reverbrating through the air? It at once betokens civilization and progress, and are these institutions, which have so auspiciously just commenced to dawn upon our country, now to receive a fatal blow? What, sir, will be the effect of this policy may be foreshadowed by deserted workshops, hundreds of skilled mechanics thrown out of employment, families made destitute, or driven to seek employment in other countries, where their avocations are more prized, or better protected. There is now another opportunity afforded the Hon. Minister of Finance of conceding this measure of relief; if he does so, it will be adding another laurel to his brow, and hundreds of Canadian subjects will feel indebted to him for the boon. It is all very well, Mr. Speaker, to discuss the correctness of the free trade principle as an abstract theory, but it is idle to adopt it in this country under present circumstances. Can any sane person suppose that it can be beneficial to our community to be exposed to being inundated with American manufactures, while we are debarred from any participation in any advantages afforded by their markets. In such a case we occupy the same position towards them that a safety valve does to a locomotive. Whenever their markets become glutted with their manufactures, an occurrence that not unfrequently has taken place, in the midst of excitements so peculiar to that people, they will use our markets in order to run off their surplus stock, which cannot but operate most prejudicially and disastrously to those branches of our industry left without protection. We are now, by our proposed policy, venturing on uncertain grounds. We know and can speak of the past with certainty—we know that under the protective system our country has increased in population and wealth, and, Mr. Speaker, what country has ever outstripped the United States in material progress, and what country has ever acted more upon the principle of protecting its various branches of industry. Free trade is more in harmony with the interests of older communities than ours, where capital is abundant, and where the various industrial pursuits are brought to such a state of perfection as to enable them to defy competition. I feel satisfied, Mr. Speaker, that in advocating protection for this important class; I reflect the views and wishes, not only of the constituency which I have the honor to represent, but also of the great mass of the people of this country. Because, while affording encouragement to the mechanic, and making his calling profitable, we are building up in our midst a consuming population, thereby creating a home market for the products of the farmer, which is the best market of all others. He, the speaker, had therefore great pleasure in moving, seconded by Mr. Gibbs, the following amendment:—

"That the report of the Committee regarding mill and factory machinery be not now received, but that it be referred back for the purpose of amending the same, by placing mill and factory machinery in the list of 15 per cents."

Messrs. COWAN and GIBBS spoke in favor of the amendment.

Hon. Mr. GALT said as the resolutions had been carried by a very large majority in committee, he hoped the amendment of the hon. member for Hamilton would now be rejected by a majority equally large.

The members were called in and the House divided, when the amendment was lost.—Yeas 22, Nays 72.

YEAS—Messrs. Ault, Bowman, Chambers, Cowan, Carrier, Dorion, (Hochelaga,) Ferguson, (Frontenac,) Gibbs, Labreche-Viger, Lajoie, Macdonald, (Cornwall,) Macdonald, (Glengarry,) Magill, McMonies, Munro, O'Halloran, Ross, (Dundas,) Shanly, Stirton, Street, Thompson, Willson—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Beaubien, Bellerose, Biggar, Blanchet, Bourassa, Bown, Burwell, Cameron, (North Ontario,) Cameron, (Peel,) Caron, Cartier, (Attorney-General,) Cauchon, Chapais, Cockburn, Cornellier, Coupal, De Boucherville, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne, (Iberville,) Dufresne, (Montcalm,) Dunkin, Galt, Gaucher, Gaudet, Geoffrion, Harwood, Holton, Houde, Huot, Jones, (N. Leeds and Grenville,) Knight, Laframboise, Langevin, Macdonald, (Attorney-General,) Mackenzie (Lambton,) McConkey, McDougall, McIntyre, McKellar, Morris, Oliver, Paquet, Parker, Perrault, Pinsonneault, Pope, Poliout, Poupore, Powell, Rankin, Raymond, Remillard, Robitaille, Ross, (Champlain,) Ross, (Prince Edward,) Rymal, Scatcherd, Scoble, Smith, [East Durham,] Smith, [Toronto East,] Somerville, Taschereau, Thibaudeau, Tremblay, Wallbridge, [North Hastings,] Webb, Wells, Wright, [Ottawa County,] Wright, [East York.]—72.

The remaining items were then concurred in and on the motion of the Hon. Mr. Galt the bill founded thereon was read a first time.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved the House into committee of supply.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON again asked the government for some positive information regarding the introduction of the Lower Canada Education bill. It had been promised for three sessions, and day by day the House had been led to expect its introduction during the present session.

Hon. Mr. GALT said that on to-morrow the government hoped to give the House some indication as to the periods when their several measures would be laid before it. As to the education bill he had given it a great deal of attention himself, and said the House would have ample them to consider it.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD addressed the House at considerable length, expressing his anxiety to see the education bill brought down, and stating that he pitied the Attorney-General West, for he knew the eagle eyes that were watching him. He was anxious that this education question should be settled both in Upper and Lower Canada, so that those Ecclesiastics and others might return home, for the Attorney-General West must be in purgatory at this time. (Laughter.) He said that perhaps this education question might be the cause that another session would be held. He had heard of such a thing spoken of, and he desired that a full and satisfactory explanation of the intention of the government on this and the other promised measures of the government.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD made a humorous and sarcastic reply. The member for Cornwall's zeal for the safety of the Protestant minority of Lower Canada was like that of the hen who had raised a brood of ducks, when she sees them take the water she fears their destruction, though they went on unconscious of danger. He also exhibited great sympathy for the Catholic minority of Upper Canada, as well as for himself (J. A. McD.) He could not understand why the member for Cornwall should say he (the Atty.-Gen.) was in purgatory because of his enjoying the society of the Hierarchy, and eminent members of his own church. (Laughter.) Perhaps he judged by his own feelings, as the same society might be purgatory to him, and while speaking on this subject he reminded the hon. gentleman of the old saying that he might go farther and fare worse. (Great laughter). The member for Chateauguay had also exhibited extraordinary zeal on behalf of the Protestants of Lower Canada, contending that even the salaries of the officials of the other House could not be voted until a bill on that subject was brought down. He stated that the bill would be brought down and hon. members would have time to discuss the bill, clause by clause.

Mr. DUNKIN said he had no anxiety on the Lower Canada education question, he relied on the promise made by the Government, that the measure would be brought in, and that time would be given to consider it. He did not thank the hon. member for Cornwall for his zeal on this question; his whole purpose seemed to be to provoke some other issues, and throw difficulties in the way of passing the bill.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) addressed the House at some length on the importance of protecting the educational interests of the Protestants of Lower Canada, and deprecating the course of the Attorney-General West in treating such a serious subject with so much levity.

In reply to a question by Hon. Mr. Holton, concerning the banking scheme,

Hon. Mr. GALT repeated the answer already given, regarding the education bill, that to-morrow the Government would indicate its intention to the House regarding their measures.

The House then went into Committee of supply.

Mr. STREET in the chair.

The following items were passed without much debate: Canals $4,000; harbors, piers and rivers, $3,000; light houses $7,000.

On the item of $22,500 for slides and booms "connected with the descent of timber on the Ottawa and its tributaries,"

Hon. Mr. BROWN took very strong exception to it; no Upper Canadian he said, would dare to vote for that item and face his constituents.

Mr. POWELL explained that these slides were on both sides of the river, both in Upper and in Lower Canada, and he did not think that Legislation was to be stopped because of the objections raised by the member for South Oxford.

During the long discussion which ensued, and when Hon. J. S. Macdonald was on his feet

Mr. POWELL asked whether he (J. S. McD.) had not offered to buy these slides provided the Ottawa members would support his government? (Hear, hear).

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD denied it.

After further discussion,

Mr. WRIGHT stated the circumstances under which the member for Cornwall, when Premier, had led the Ottawa members to believe that his government would assume these slides provided he got the Ottawa members to support it.

Hon. Mr. BROWN proceeded to show that works of the kind would belong to the Local Government, when the House rose at 6 o'clock

After Recess.

Mr. WRIGHT rose to a question which affected his personal honor. The hon. member for Cornwall had denied the statement made by him, that he had offered the member for Pontiac to assume the slides, and take up the question of the improvement of the Ottawa navigation if he would support the Government. He now called upon the member for Pontiac to say whether his (Mr. Wright's) statement was correct.

Mr. POUPORE detailed the circumstances of his meeting with the member for Cornwall, when that gentleman was at the head of the Government, and the conversation which transpired between them. The member for Cornwall had distinctly said that the Government would take up these questions and settle them, if he supported the Government, but it was absurd to think the Government would do so while he remained in opposition. Conversation had taken place on two occasions on this subject, and he (Mr. Poupore) had a distinct impression of the offer made by the member for Cornwall; it was that if he would support the Government the question of the slides would be taken up and disposed of in a way satisfactory to him.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the grave charge against the hon. member for Cornwall had not been substantiated with the precision which such an important matter deserved. The times and the circumstances, day and date, should be fully stated.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD declared on his honor, that he had not had any confidential conversation with the member for Pontiac since the vote of want of confidence in 1863. He had spoken to him before, for he had come to his (Mr McD.'s) office, but the member for Ottawa was not then in the House, so that he could not possibly have heard any conversation, such as that he speaks of. That gentleman had only been returned at the following general election, since which time nothing had passed between him and the member for Pontiac.

Mr. WRIGHT stated that the conversation took place shortly after the opening of the session of 1863, when the hon. gentleman wanted votes.

Mr. POUPORE said a conversation on the subject took place in the St. Louis Hotel, on Sunday afternoon, and he (Mr. P.) had actually to go away for fear that his own friends might suspect him of deserting them.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the member for Chateauguay had not mended the matter by interfering to protect the member for Cornwall. He regarded the discussion upon such points as unfortunate, and when a misconception arose as to a matter of fact between two hon. gentlemen, equally worthy of credence, it was not the duty of others to interfere and provoke an angry discussion on the point. He hoped that now these old cries and personal accusations would be all abandoned, and that members would rise to a higher sense of their responsibility than to deal in these petty recriminations. Parties had already risen in a great degree since the events which took place in July, 1864. But the hon. member for Cornwall had not risen; he had clung to the old system of crimination, and had provoked the hon. members for Pontiac and Ottawa, to make the charge against him which they did. He (Mr. McD.) remembered that the member for Pontiac had told him a long time ago that this offer had been made to him, and the member for Ottawa had said that he was present. But what, after all, was it? That the member for Cornwall regarded that which the Government had now undertaken, the assumption of these slides by the Department of Public Works as a commendable course of policy. The conversation no doubt conveyed the impression to the members for Pontiac and Ottawa just as they had stated to this House, but it did not follow that the charge was of the grave character with which the member for Chauteauguay invested it.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD replied at considerable length, saying while he thanked the Attorney-General for the temporary manner he had discussed the matter, but he would take his own way in meeting the charges brought against him. Had it been true that he made the offer as stated, then the hon. gentleman would at once have gone to the leader of the opposition, and he would very likely have told them "you did right to refuse; how much did he offer? We will give you more." (Laughter.) Had he been corrupt enough to make the offer, surely he would have been corrupt enough to have raised high enough to carry it through. He then explained how the Macdonald-Sicotte government had been disappointed in the member for Pontiac's vote on the Want of Confidence motion, they having established some claim to his gratitude.

Further discussion took place, Mr. Wright declaring, amid the laughter of the House, that he and the member for Pontiac had been obliged to go to church on the Sunday in question as the only way to avoid the member for Cornwall.

The House then went into Committee of supply.

The debate on the item for slides and booms was continued for a long time, Messrs. Brown, McKenzie and others contending that these slides would belong either to Upper or Lower Canada, after Confederation, and that the government ought not under these circumstances to ask the appropriation. Messrs. Galt, Morris, and others argued that it would be to the public interest to acquire the slides, that they would properly come under the control of the general government after Confederation, and that if not they might be arranged for in the general settlement which would have to take place between Upper and Lower Canada. Messrs. Pope and Shanly argued that the public should own the slides in the interest of the lumbering trade of the country.

Mr. WALSH called attention to the conflict of opinion which had already occurred between the member for South Oxford and the Finance Minister, as to the meaning of the Quebec resolutions, and hoped that the jurisdiction of the General and Local Governments would be clearly defined. He would support the appropriation without passing judgment upon the point as to which government the slides should belong, because he believed they should be the property of the public.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL explained that though the hon. member for South Oxford, and others, no doubt gave their honest interpretation of the Quebec resolutions, still he could show from these resolutions that all danger of conflict between the governments on a point such as that under discussion had been very carefully guarded against. He then read from the resolutions to the effect that the Confederate Government would have power to control all local works when considered necessary in the public interest.

The item was carried.

On the item of $500,000 towards the completion of the Parliamentary and Departmental Buildings,

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS entered into lengthy explanations of the several sums by which the amount was made up. The item was carried after a long discussion.

The following items were agreed to: $25,000, for the residence of His Excellency, the Governor-General, at Ottawa; $56,000, towards the completion of the Reformatory Prison at St. Vincent de Paul; $6,000, for the Marine Hospital, Quebec; $5,000, for Prison on Manitoulin Islands; $10,000, for Arbitration and Awards; $5,000, for Survey and Inspections; $50,000 (from the Upper Canada Building Fund), towards the enlargement of the Toronto Lunatic Asylum; $10,000, (from Building and Jury Fund), towards construction of the Quebec Jail; $5,000, towards construction of St. Francis District Jail; $3,200, for the Court-House and Jail at Magdalen Islands; $1,500, for St. Scholastique Court House and Jail; $18,000, to pay balance due on allowance to County Court-Houses; $8,000, (from NormalSchool Building Fund) for the Government House, Montreal; $40,000, for Rents, Insurances and repairs of Public Buildings; $50,000, for Upper Canada, and $50,000 for Lower Canada Colonisation Roads; $9,000, for completion of the Metapedia Military Road; $10,000, for Monck Military Road.

The Committee then rose and reported.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. GALT stated that the remaining estimates would be gone through to-morrow, and the Attorney-General West would proceed with the Militia Bill in the evening.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Brown,

Hon. Mr. GALT said that neither the Local Constitutions nor the Banking Scheme would be taken up to-morrow.

The House adjourned at 12:10.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Further by the S. S. Africa.

The Shore end of the Cable at Valentia.

Fluctuation of the Stock Market on Peace Speculations.

Newspaper Argument on the pros and cons of Peace Proposals.

Another Battle between the Bavarians and Prussians!

The Prussians again Victorious.

20,000 Prisoners taken and 116 guns Captured!

Marriage of the Princess Helena.

HALIFAX, 18th.—The steamship *Great Eastern* arrived at Bear Haven on the morning of the 5th.

The steamer *William Corry* with the shore end of the cable arrived at Valentia on the morning of the 9th.

In commercial circles the *Moniteur's* announcement of the cession of Venetia and the mediation of Napoleon, was accepted as almost certain evidence of peace.

The excitement on the London Stock Exchange on the 5th was great, specially with regard to Italian securities, which largely advanced. English securities were kept down by the maintenance of the bank rate at 10 per cent. On the Paris Bourse rates advanced 4 per cent, making a total recovery of 21 per cent within a few days, while Italian stock advanced 17 per cent in two days. On the 6th sanguine hopes were not only not realized, but commenced gradually melting away.

The Minister of Police at Berlin has announced that the proposals for an armstice presented by General Goldenz have been declined.

The Florence journals consider the Austrian proposals inadmissable, they regard the cession of Venetia as a strategy to isolate Prussia and enable Austria to secure herself against Italy. They declare that Italy will not bind herself to such proceedings. The cession of Venetia to France, with a view to its subsequent cession to Italy, would be a violation of national rights and submission to a foreigner. Italy will owe Venice to her arms alone.

The Moniteur of the 6th contains no official announcements.

The Patrie says the Prussian reply to the proposal for an armistice has not yet been received.

The delay is said to have arisen from the distance of the headquarters in Bohemia which were yesterday successively advanced several points. It was said in official circles in Berlin that the armeitice can only be accepted after a provisional settlement of the principal bases of the negotiations for peace.

Prussia will demand the occupation of the whole of Bohemia, and the evacuation by Austria of the fortresses of Koniggratz, Josephstadt, and Theresastadt.

The King of Italy has replied to the Emperor of the French, thanking him, and adding that he was about to enter into immediate communication with the King of Prussia.

La France understands that the session of Venetia was made unconditionally.

The Paris correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that it is quite a mistake to suppose that Austria placed herself at the mercy of France when proposing to cecede Venetia.—She knew beforehand what she was to get as compensation.

The Weimar Abend Post says that previous to the battle of the 3rd inst., the Austrian Government had already requested the Emperor of the French to bring about an armistice between Austria and Italy, in order to render it possible for the Austrian troops in Italy to join the army of the north.

The Emperor of the French, willing to meet the wishes of the Austrian Government, and desirous to see peace once more established in Europe, even went further, and without being directly or indirectly requested to do so by the Austrian cabinet, also offered his good offices to effect an armistice between Austria and Prussia. This offer was accepted by the Austrian Government.

The London Times of the 7th says there is too much reason to fear that hostilities will be resumed in both the seats of war; if so, Austria will be unable to withdraw any considerable number of troops from Venetia, and unless sheltered by the ægis of France, may soon be compelled to hear the terms of peace dictated by Prussia in her own capital.

The Daily News compares the cession of Venetia to France, to the act of a debtor who makes away with his property when on the eve of bankruptcy.

The Post thinks that should the Congress meet in Paris, England will be represented by Lord Clarendon, and it is probable that the French Government will propose a general disarmament.

The war intelligence from the Venetian frontier states that the Austrians are strengthening their forces at Rovigno.

Severe engagements have taken place between the Prussians and the Bavarians near Dermbach, in Weimar, in which the latter were repulsed, and the Prussians occupied Dermbach in force.

The Prussians captured eight positions, and were advancing victoriously.

The Austrian prisoners taken in the battle on 3rd are estimated at 20,000. One hundred and seven guns were captured.

The losses sustained by the 1st Prussian army corps were considerable; those of the 2nd were comparatively small.

The Bavarian army had entered the Tyrol, and was proceeding in the direction of Italy.

Princess Helena was married to Prince Christian of Augustene, in presence of the Queen, the King and Queen of the Belgians, and distinguished company; but the affair was comparatively private.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, who had been named for office in the Derby ministry, died suddenly on the 5th from paralysis.

The Paris bourse is without change. Rentes closed at 60 francs.

The shore end of the Atlantic cable was successfully laid on the 6th instant.

Great preparations are making to supply the army with breech loading rifles.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the Manhattan from Vera Cruz.

Fearful thunder storm at New York.

A number of buildings in New York and Brooklyn destroyed by lightning.

Prevalence of heat—30 deaths from sun stroke in New York on the 18th.

Terrific boiler explosion in New York.

Three women drowned at Great Falls, New Hampshire.

Latest Intelligence from Mexico.

NEW YORK, July 18th.—Steamer *Manhattan* from Vera Cruz, July 9th, has arrived at Quarantine.

Yellow fever not so prevalent at Vera Cruz.

Wife of Maximilian soon to leave for Europe to arrange for a new loan.

A heavy thunder storm, accompanied by torrents of rain, occurred this p.m. Several places were struck by lightning in this vicinity. A block of 12 unfinished buildings on Warren street, Brooklyn, were nearly demolished by lightning and the gale.

One or two vessels were also struck by lightning.

St. John's chapel was set on fire in this city and the steeple of St. Teresas church struck- eral more fatal sun strokes reported.

NEW YORK, 18.—The number of deaths from heat to-day will reach nearly thirty at least.

NEW YORK, 19.—The Rope Factory of Henry Lawrence & Sons, William street, was struck by lightning yesterday. Four boilers exploded, two of which were driven through a brick wall to a distance of 600 feet, destroying several large trees in their course; the other two passed through a brick stable, which was completely destroyed. One man was killed.—Damage $30,000.

The Presbyterian Church, on Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, was slightly damaged by lightning. Two persons were killed in the streets of Brooklyn. The Cotton Seed Oil Factory, of the New York Oil Company, 19th street, and the Primary School House adjoining were destroyed by fire last night.

The Macaroni Factory of Mr. Billings was damaged. Loss, $10,000. Partially insured.

NEW YORK, 19th.—The steamer *Moro Castle*, from Havana on the 14, arrived at quarantine last evening.

There are thirty vessels now in quarantine, but no cases of cholera or fever are reported on board.

BOSTON, July 18.—It is rumored that the Cunard steamers will be withdrawn from Boston on the termination of their postal contract, and run from Liverpool to Halifax, and New York.

GREAT FALLS, N. H., July 18.—Last evening while two young ladies, Miss Stone and Miss Maddox were bathing in the river, they ventured out beyond their depth and were drowned. The mother of Miss Maddox, who went to their rescue, was also drowned.

NEW YORK, 19th.—The thermometer at 8 a.m., stands 76°.

The Herald's city of Mexico correspondent, July 5th, says, a naturalization law has been promulgated, which gives any foreigner the right to become a citizen of Mexico in 24 hours after his arrival, by renouncing his allegiance to his native country and having some visible means of support.

The system of passports has been abolished.

An American named Jackson, formerly a Capt. in the 34th New York Infantry, was ordered to leave the country by the Liberals after having his stock stolen and his crops destroyed. They threatened to hang him if he did not leave.

The capture of Matamoras was a severe blow. The Emperor and Marshall Bazaine are at loggerheads, not speaking to each other; the latter being considered responsible for the surrender of that place. The Liberals claim that Tampico and Tuxpan are both in their power. Gen. Lamadrid, a Mexican Imperialist, defending Tampico, having re-hoisted the Liberal flag, and turned the guns of the city against the French soldiers and inhabitants. A skirmish took place only thirteen miles from Vera Cruz which created considerable excitement in that town.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, July 17th.—The steamer *Harlan* brings an account of a tornado lasting three days, beginning at Indianola on the 13th and ending on the 15th. Four vessels were totally wrecked, of two of them there was not a vestige left. The steamer *Potomac*, which was anchored outside the bar, has disappeared. It is supposed that she foundered at her anchorage, and that all who were on board in charge of her, are lost. Her passengers had previously been landed.

No such storm has occurred on this coast within the memory of the oldest inhabitant.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18th.—133,000 pounds number one American shipping wool, has been sold during the past week, at prices ranging from 16 to 22 cents per pound.

NEW YORK, July 19th.—The steamer *Moro Castle* brings Havana dates of the 14th.

Late advices from Mexico state that the Liberals occupied Huadamingo.

Maximilian had recalled the Imperial consul at Liverpool, for having disobeyed the orders of his legation.

French iron clads had arrived at Tampico, to aid the naval forces.

Letters from Monterey describe affairs in that section as very gloomy. The frontier is full of Liberals.

It was rumored that Tampico had fallen into the hands of the Liberals.

NEW YORK, July 19th.—*The Post's* money article says gold is rather active. Loan market heavy, and abundantly supplied. Stock market irregular with a drooping tendency. Railroad shares dull, except the New York Central, which is excited. After the board New York Central sold at 104¾; Erie sold at 61½; Illinois Central sold at 123.

NEW YORK, July 19th.—Cholera has made its appearance at Hart's Island. Two new cases in this city are reported, and four in Brooklyn.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 19th.—The Str. *San Salvador* arrived at quarantine yesterday, with 500 recruits for the regulars. There were 28 cases of cholera among them, and 13 deaths during the voyage.

GARDINER, ME., July 18th.—A man named Irving, about 75 years of age, living in Somerville, shot his wife, of about the same age, dead, on Tuesday evening, and then killed himself. No cause assigned for the deed.

In the case of Buckley on Wednesday, Mr. Clarke was made to say "the tongs came out of my house." It should have been, the tongs did *not* come out of my house.

COMMERCIAL

STATEMENT OF LUMBER

Passed through the Chaudiere Slides of the Ottawa at Ottawa, for the week ending July 17, 1866:

	Pcs.		Pcs.
White Pine	33,782	Elm	63
Red Pine	4,414	Ash	79
Tamarac	580	Birch	0
Basswood	11	Spars	22
Oak	0	Maple	0

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 19.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50 @ 8 75
Extra	7 75 @ 8 00
Fancy	7 25 @ 7 50
Welland Canal Superfine	6 50 @ 6 60
Bag Flour	3 50 @ 3 65
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 40 @ 6 60
No 1 Western	0 00 @ 0 00
No. 2	6 10 @ 6 30
Canada Wheat	1 50 @ 1 52
Western	1 45 @ 1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36 @ 37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50 @ 55
BUTTER—Dairy	17 @ 18
Store-Packed	16 @ 17
ASHES—Pots	5 40 @ 5 42
Pearls	7 00 @ 7 00

New York Markets.

New York, July 19.

STOCKS—Lower. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 150½ and closed at 150⅛.

COTTON—Quiet and firm. Sales at 36 for middling.

FLOUR—Dull. Receipts 7,481 barrels at 10c @ 25c lower. Sales 6,100 barrels at $5.90 @ 7.60 superfine State; $7.60 @ 8.20 for extra State; $8.25 @ 9.90c for choice do; $5.90 @ 7.60 for superfine Western; $7.45 @ $9.65 for common to good extra Western, and $8.40 @ 10.00 for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O.; Canadian Flour dull and 10c @ 20c lower. Sales 290 barrels at $8.50 @ 9.90c for common, and $10.00 @ 12.00 for good to choice extra.

RYE—Flour quiet, at $5.75 @ 7.40.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon it for 1861, amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle. 178-a

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me to say with candid earnestness, never lay down to rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do, fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no, never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davis's Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilized world. 178-a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth! If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 154-d

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion with its invariable concomitants; a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases one dose, of **Bristol's Sugarcoated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together? Chronic headache, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex, can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other! ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 144-6m

DIED.

At Alexandria Park, Portage-du-Fort, on the 18th instant, Fingal Wallace, eldest son of Mr. C. Sparrow, Jr., of this city, aged 2 years, 3 months and 21 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

1866. 1866.
ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION

OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:—

Dr Hill, President,	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq. 1st Vice President,	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President,	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan,	John Henderson, "
P Fairburn, Esq,	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "

Dr. J. Leggo.

List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.
July 17, 1866. 180-td

HORSE LOST.—Strayed away from the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre Town, yesterday afternoon. He is dark bay, about 15 hands high. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Isaac's Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will be suitably rewarded. Any one harboring the same after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.
Ottawa, July 17. 179tf

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.

CROCKER & CO.,
Proprietors.

The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p.m. for the Springs.
Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room and stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM,
179tf Returning Office

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

AMUSEMENTS.

1866. 1866.

St. George's Society,

OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE.

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Ponies under 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be lai down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.

WM. MILLS,
Secretary.
Ottawa, July 20. 182a

ST. PATRICK'S

ERIN GO BRAGH

Literary Association Pic-Nic.

THE PIC-NIC OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION,

Is unavoidably

POSTPONED!

—UNTIL—

MONDAY NEXT, THE 23rd INSTANT.

J. McCARRON, Secretary.
July 19, 1866. 181-td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED INstructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES, STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus,

LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.

A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD.

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits.

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of 210 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range..........200 acres,

WESTMEATH.
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake..........163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range..........200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range..........200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range..........100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake..400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..........200 acres

ONSLOW.
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range..........50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range..........100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range..........300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19..........400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.
South ½ of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range..........100 acres

EARDLEY.
Lot 14, in the 6th range..........87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range..........100 acres

CUMBERLAND.
Lot 3, in the 8th concession..........200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range..........51 acres

BRISTOL.
N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5..........50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession..........284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession..........400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession..........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession..........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con..........300 acres

CLARENDON.
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..........700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14 and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range..........1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range..........800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

☞ OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

REQUISITION.

C. T. BATE, Esq.,

SIR,—We the undersigned rate-payers of Wellington Ward most respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated for Alderman for the remainder of the current year, to fill the vacancy at the Council Board caused by the demise of our late respected representative Alex. Scott, Esq., and pledge ourselves to do what we can to secure your return:—

Wm Shoolbred	Thos Hunton
H McCormick	Wm Wilson
R Bishop	Thos Isaac
A Pratt	John Leslie
Jas Cunningham	Jas Hope & Co
A McCormick	Garland, Mutchmor & Co
Wm Minore	W W Massey
James Mathews	K Arnoldi
Alfred Brown	M Kavanagh
James Lang	Francis Clemow
A Duff	John Kenly
Esmonde Bros	J A Gouin
H Walton	R Kenly
Joseph Skinner	Francis Abbott
W W Brown	M A Greenwood
G A Walton	Wm Porter
George A Sheldon	William Murray
Jas J Radford	W H Cluff
W J Mills	John Purdy
A K Mills	John Wilson
Geo Hay	Charles Heney
W M Mathewson	H V Noel
James Martin	L Perkins
E Sherwood	Chs V Noel
Andrew Mosgrove	W Wade
R W Spence	W G Beach
Chas Huband	Thos Gallagher
Geo Cocker	E K McGillivray
J G Bell	A S Woodburn
George Raitt	James Raitt
James Dalglish	Johnston Brown
Michael Johnston	David Manchester
Edward Hall	W Duck
Wm McCullough	C W Bangs
J M Currier	Wm Hutchison
John McDonald	R S Cassels.
Wm Cousens	

REPLY:

To H. McCormick, Thos. Hunton, Richard Bishop, and others,—

GENTLEMEN,—You certainly could have chosen some party much better able to fill the seat of our late worthy friend, Alex. Scott.

Should you think I can be of any service to you I shall willingly place myself at your disposal. If elected I will do my best to serve you.

Yours respectfully,
CHAS. T. BATE.
Ottawa, July 18, 1866. 180-td

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor, otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(*IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS*)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They create a healthy appetite, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p. m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER,
180-3 Builder, Metcalfe St.

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.

If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny *says they taste so nice.* I suppose *he knows.*

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests young Hyson Tea.		
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
150 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & R. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinne in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

☞ Orders Promptly Attended to. ☜

ALEXR. DUFF.
O'MEARA & CO
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam PlaningMills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE& LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROpetty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamised road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Sreet, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as Woobnoors, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. François Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRTMAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.---IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those ent tled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

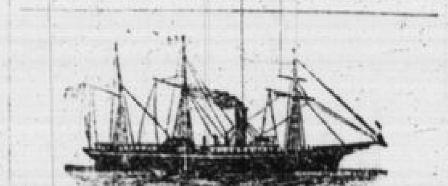
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 5, 1865. 90-tf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.

☞RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons ...... Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons ...... Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons ...... Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons ...... Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR;

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

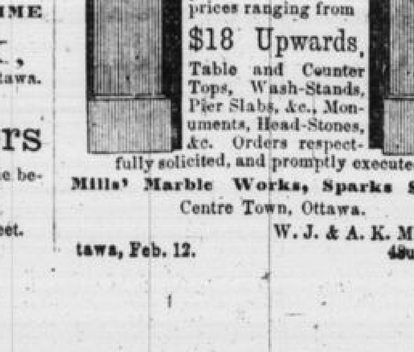
Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZEDSLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM

Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Wh'ch it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY, VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS,
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising, Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freignt and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

HORSE LOST.---Strayed away from the Stable of Mr. Isaac, Centre Town, yesterday afternoon. He is dark bay, about 15 hands high. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Isaac's Hardware Store, Sparks Street, will be suitably rewarded. Any one harboring the same after this notice will be prosecuted according to law.
Ottawa, July 17. 179tf

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY OF JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room and stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.
ARCHIBALD GRAHAM,
179tf Returning Office

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.

"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.

"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.

"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.

"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.

Chamber's Journal for June.

London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.

Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON.
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.

AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

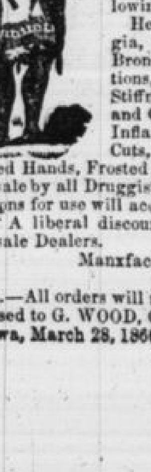
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal Artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Bartli,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone: in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From *The N. Y. Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fulness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and excels them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully;
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.
PATENT
Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH.

THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.

School Organs & Melodeons

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 Now in Use.

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain-Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dw-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 22-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

Legislative Council Reading Room

VOL. I. NO. 183. | OTTAWA C. W., SATURDAY JULY 21, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

Mails.	Delivered.	Closed.
Kingston West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p.m. and 6.40 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer, on South side Ottawa River,	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Aylmer, on North side Ottawa River, Nepean, Stittsville, Richmond, Fitzroy, &c.,	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Buckingham, Gatineau, Lower Ottawa,	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Metcalfe, Dunrobin, &c., Daily,	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Carleton Place & Almonte, Daily,	3.30 p.m.	2.30 p.m.
Gloucester & Wakefield, &c.,	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Richmond & Templeton,	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

On all parts of Canada, (if prepaid by Stamps or if unpaid, 7 cts.) To British Columbia, 10 cts. Postage to British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, must be prepaid in full. To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per R. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every Alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 114-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Sussex Street. Office: Union Building, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
R. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
January 7, 1866. 47-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employs, and the public generally contract them. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
November 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the office lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

V. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. Office: Court House, Aylmer and Bickingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
R. Lees. John J. Gemmel.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 54-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
W. A. Clegg. Thos. F. Nellis.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
William Bucke. Julius P. Bucke.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

T. G. HURD,
AND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, &c., has removed his office to Nicholas Street, four doors to the South of Daniel Gould's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Hope's Block. Can be found over office at night.
References: Revs. George Lawrence, Quebec; Rev. Mr. Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, do.; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square.
Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Waverley Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Gray's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
Success Crown, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully cured, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 109-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 186 43-tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY R. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT, Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 47-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.
y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA.
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 80-3m

R. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Gleeroes' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PLAN. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon. Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General. Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent, AND BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1865. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertion or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS. I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the professional and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148.3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 95

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 22, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
DUVERNAY BROS.
5tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.50 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Laprairie and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at..... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNTIL otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)..... $2.50
Steerage..... 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company. 1866.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:
Ann Sisson, Capt. Hockus.
Oregon, " Findlay.
Calumet, " Blondin.
Pontiac, " Duggan.
Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfil orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, CANNOT BE SURPASSED!
BATHS!
PLUNGE BATHS. TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS. THREE SIZES
SITZ BATHS. TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS. THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS. THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS. ONE SIZE.
WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.
Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.
FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.
Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!
IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL
We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.
FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.
LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.
Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
AND
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE.
LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMOS, Proprietor.
Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired free of charge!
Ottawa, July WM. A. LAMB.
147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -tf

STEAMERS.

1866 1866
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcels express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 29. 166tf

1866. 1866.
DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAP. J. RYAN.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Government Notice.
Grand Concert in aid of the French Canadian Orphan Home.

ADVERTISING AGENCY — *Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000; and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week of over 15,000; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times.
(*Published every Friday morning.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line.... 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line.... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at R. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing it in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
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EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times
OTTAWA, JULY 21, 1866.

The House spent the whole of yesterday, except the time devoted to another discussion of personal matters, between the Hon. J. S. Macdonald and the Ottawa members, in Committee of Supply. A long and discursive debate took place on the Fisheries item, which the Opposition promise to renew on the motion of concurrence. The item for detective and secret service, which met with general approval on both sides, was also the subject of a lengthy discussion, wound up by the member for South Wentworth, with a joke at the expense of the Fenians. The House adjourned at eleven o'clock.

A blunder is said to be worse than a crime, and were we to judge by the zeal sometimes displayed in repairing the one, and the apathy in atoning for the other, we should have to confess that the doctrine is not without believers. The member for South Oxford has discovered that he made a blunder in forcing a party division on the tariff, and his organ, *The Globe*, is industriously engaged in repairing it. In *The Globe's* Ottawa despatches of the 18th, we are told that "the whole point of "Mr. McGiverin's motion was taken away "by the concessions forced from the government." What then becomes of the "breach of the solemn compact," of which Messrs. Brown and McGiverin complained so bitterly? What of the "inexpediency" of making any change at all until after Confederation? These were the chief grounds of Mr. Brown's attack, and none but *The Globe* and its "own correspondent" will be able to discover that their "point was taken away" by the "concessions" made on a few items in the tariff. "It was well understood before the division "that, so far as the Liberal party of Upper "Canada were concerned, it was not a party "affair" says *The Globe*, and we are happy to agree with our contemporary to this extent that the "Liberal party of Upper Canada," for once in its life, refused to be dragooned by Mr. Brown, and by consequence adhered to the government which he was endeavoring to upset.

But to repair the blunder *The Globe's* despatch-maker perpetrates a crime. "Some importance," he says, "was certainly given to "Mr. McGiverin's motion by the gratuitous "and impertinent attack of Mr. McDougall on "Mr. Brown in the debate." Now, the fact is the attack was not made by Mr. McDougall, but by Mr. Brown. Surely the "correspondent" could not have forgotten with what heat of words and emphasis of gesticulation the member for South Oxford assailed the Provincial Secretary—declaring that rather than do as that hon. gentleman had done he would submit "to have his right hand cut off." Mr. McDougall did not therefore "attack," he only replied; and so far from being "gratuitous," his reply was the honest discharge, with interest, of a long outstanding debt, for the payment of which a very peremptory demand had been made the day before. It was the complete failure of Mr. Brown's attack upon the Reform section of the Cabinet in general, and on the Provincial Secretary in particular, which gave "some importance" to the vote on Mr. McGiverin's motion, and we can well understand the anxiety of *The Globe* to give a different colouring to the contest.

It is now found by experience that Mr. Brown's attempt to restore ancient party combinations was "inopportune." The objection as to time so ineffectually urged against the tariff, has been proved to be valid against the party move, and to explain it away as much as possible, we are told that "the time is fast approaching when the one "end of the Coalition will be accomplished, "and when the two great parties must separate and stand up for their distinctive principles." But the "one end" for which the Coalition was formed—Confederation—was devised expressly, in so far as Mr. Brown had anything to do with it, for the sole purpose of removing those causes of difference which at that time kept "the two great parties" asunder. Why, then, "must" they separate again, at the very time when they have settled the old questions upon which they differed? Why revive names and distinctions which will lose their meaning when the circumstances which gave rise to them shall have passed away? *The Globe* correspondent endeavors to throw upon Mr. McDougall the onus of the premature attempt at party reconstruction, by accusing him of having spoken "plainly" of the "Attorney-General West, as his leader," when the fact was that he only spoke of him as leader of the Government in the House—a position which the same gentleman held when Mr. Brown himself was in the Cabinet. But whatever may be the responsibility of the Provincial Secretary in the matter, the vote proved clearly that, with three or four exceptions, he carried with him the confidence of the whole Reform party of Upper Canada; a circumstance, which galls *The Globe*, and accounts for its great anxiety to mislead the public on the real nature of the issue.

To strengthen the case against the Provincial Secretary, the correspondent telegraphs several paragraphs from our articles of Tuesday and Wednesday last, shewing the folly of restoring the old parties, when the ground upon which they formerly stood shall have been swept away, and warns the Reformers of Upper Canada to "look out." Undoubtedly they will take his advice; they will ask him for an exposition of those "distinctive principles," for which they are so soon to be called upon to "stand up;" and if his explanations are satisfactory there need be no doubt of their response. But we fancy, that despite the efforts of *The Globe* to the contrary, the Reformers of Upper Canada will enter on the great arena of Confederate politics without entangling themselves in the party trammels which paralysed their action in former years, and from which the formation of the Coalition gave them a means of escape, of which they were not slow to take advantage.

LOCAL NEWS.

MILITARY.—We understand the companies on duty at present in Cornwall, are to be relieved, and that two companies from Lower Canada, and one from the 15th battalion, No. 5, U. C. are to replace them.

REMEMBER IT.—The St. Patrick's Literary Association Pic-nic, which was to have taken place on Wednesday last, but was unavoidably postponed on account of the weather, will come off on Monday, when we anticipate the largest gathering of the season.

WELLINGTON WARD.—The electors of this Ward should bear in mind that the election of an Alderman for the City Council, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Alex. Scott, Esq., will take place to-day. The poll will be opened at 10 a.m., in the engine house, Sally street, Upper Town.

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH CO.—This company is hoisting their lines all over this Canada of ours, and we commend them for their zeal. They have now got their line extended back to Pembroke. At Portage-du-Fort they have also opened an office, and in a few days will have one at Renfrew. This will prove a great convenience to our lumbermen.

SPARRING EXHIBITION.—An exhibition of the "manly act" came off last night in the village of Hull, where a room suitable for the purpose has been secured. Another, and we believe a final one, will come off at the same place this evening, where some good sport may be had. Sparring commences at half-past eight o'clock.

ONE CHANCE LEFT.—Parties desirous of procuring a splendid shooting iron, and at a *very small price*, have still an opportunity of doing so. Mr. Watrous' agent, at the Russell House, has but a few left, and they are all of a superior manufacture, not surpassed by any other weapon of the kind in the world.

THE CENTRALS.—This Company, we rejoice to learn, are pushing ahead; they have purchased a lot of ground, opposite the Union Hotel, and are going to undertake the building of a Fire Hall for their own use. This is just as it should be, and we feel confident, that any assistance they may need to assist in carrying out their object, will be most heartily rendered to them.

TIMBER LIMITS.—We direct the attention of our numerous readers to Messrs. Thistle and Baldwin's advertisement for the sale of Timber Limits and other valuable property, belonging to the estate of the late John Egan, Esq. This sale is not only an extensive, but very important one, embracing some of the best timber limits on the Upper Ottawa and its tributaries. Speculators will find it to their advantage to note the date of sale.

LARCENY.—Yesterday evening, about eight o'clock, Detective O'Neill lodged in gaol Joseph Laframbois, for stealing a pair of boots, the property of G. H. Preston, Rideau street. It appears that Laframbois has just come down from the shanty, and wishing to take home some presents, adopted this means of getting them. The prisoner will appear at the police court this morning, to answer to the charge, when he will, very likely, find that he has taken the dearest method of procuring presents.

LITTLE GIRL DROWNED.—We are informed that on Thursday evening a little girl, the daughter of a widow woman, in Lower Town, was drowned in the Ottawa river. It appears that the girl and her brother, a boy about ten years of age, were out in a canoe, on the river, and by some awkward movement the former was thrown out into the water and sank, no assistance being at hand to rescue her. The little brother it appears then went home and repaired to bed, and it was not until his mother asked him where his sister was that he informed her of her being drowned. The poor woman's feelings as may be imagined were then intense. The body was not recovered at three o'clock yesterday.

POLICE COURT.—John Miller, a knight of the brush and pot—particularly the beer pot—was brought up charged with exhibiting a proclivity for occupying too much space on the streets. The case was adjourned in order to give Miller time to leave the city, which he promised to do. Moise Canseneau, who was brought up from Kemptville, as stated in our issue yesterday, was next introduced, charged with having stolen $80 from Gabriel Ouilette. Several witnesses were examined and their testimony all went to prove that the prisoner had stolen the money. Detective O'Neill, who arrested the prisoner and received the money as also Louise Ouilette, wife of complainant, Dennis Roy, and John Loughly were all bound over to appear at the next sitting of the Recorder's Court, to give evidence, and to which the prisoner was sent for trial.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Friday, July 20th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

Considerable discussion took place on a petition from the Town of Brantford, reported on favorable, to enable the Corporation to erect a drill shed on a public square in the town.

Dr. BOWN explained that the bill only asked for the corporation power to erect a drill shed on the place named, provided the same were sanctioned by the ratepayers.

The bill was read a first time.

Mr. M. C. CAMERON introduced a bill to authorise the County Courts in Upper Canada to admit Attorneys-at-law admitted to practice in Upper Canada before the 1st day of July, 1856, to practice in the said Courts as counsel or advocates any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Some conversation took place between the hon. member for Cornwall, the Attorney-General West, and Mr. Cameron, and the bill was read a first time.

Mr. WRIGHT said before orders of the day were proceeded with, he wished to make a personal explanation. The hon. member for Cornwall had said yesterday that the price of his support to this Government was the building of certain bridges in the county he had the honor to represent. He denied this charge, and stated that the building of the bridge was commenced under the Government of the honorable member for Cornwall, and he now wished to prove that he (Mr. W.) was right, and that hon. gentleman wrong. Mr. Wright then read two letters from the Bureau of Agriculture, one dated Nov. 6th, 1862, stating that a certain appropriation of money was available for colonization works in Ottawa and Pontiac counties; the other March 22nd, 1863, acknowledging report concerning the Gatineau bridge, and ordering its construction to be proceeded with.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD read from the reports to the department, to show that all that had been done up to 1864, a few days before his government went out of office, was the getting out of the timber for the Gatineau bridge, but no authority had been given to proceed further with the work.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said last evening he had given the hon. member for Cornwall an opportunity of getting out of the personal altercation which he had raised by bringing unjust accusations against members of the House, but the hon. gentleman had declined to take advantage of it, and had got up in his place and renewed his charges. He (Attorney-General) had submitted to this treatment until he considered he ought to submit to it no longer. The hon. member for Cornwall had made offers to gentlemen on this side of the House, and many persons could establish the fact. He had endeavored to support his government by this course, and it was well known that he had bought, literally bought, the former member for Pontiac, William Macdougall Dawson, who was a high-toned Lower Canada Conservative, a supporter of the Attorney-General East, and he had hunted the members for Ottawa and Pontiac, until the only way of escape for them was to go to church. (Laughter.) Then as to this Gatineau bridge business, the member for Cornwall should have honorably acknowledged his mistake. Nothing could be plainer than that the member for Ottawa had stated the case correctly, for when the government which succeeded the member for Cornwall's government came into office, they found not only that the timber had been got out, but that the contracts had been signed, and they felt they had no choice but go on with the work.

Mr. RYMAL asked whether he understood the Attorney-General aright when he said that Wm. McDougall Dawson was one of the high-toned Conservatives of Lower Canada, and on being answered in the affirmative, continued—then he says he was bought by the member for Cornwall like a beast in the market. (Laughter.) That just confirmed the opinion he (Mr. Rymal) always had of the Tories. They were the very cattle to be bought and sold (great laughter), but had he said this of them before, the House would not have believed him.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD replied at length, to the points touched on by the Attorney-General West, and charged the member for Pontiac with having first promised to the Solicitor-Gen. East, that he would support his government, and then deserted it. He had nothing to say against the explanation offered by the member for Ottawa, beyond what he had already read from the journals of the House, but when the leader of the government in this House renewed the attack upon him, bringing up old matters, then he felt bound to declare that he could defend himself and did not seek the sympathy of any one. He trusted to his reputation, as a member of the House for twenty-five years, to clear him of any imputations that had been cast upon him, and expressed his surprise that these gentlemen on the treasury benches who had been members of his Government should sit there quietly and listen to the accusations brought against his administration, which affected their reputation as well as his.

Mr. POWELL, after making some remarks on the personal question, said with regard to the purchase of slides and booms, and his assertion that a Conservative Government was the only one that would do it, he (Mr. P.) begged to say that the largest purchase of slides and booms ever made in the country, was made by the Baldwin-Lafontaine Government.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD appealed to the hon. member of Argenteuil, to say whether he had informed him (J. S. McD.) that the member for Pontiac would support the Government.

Hon. Mr ABBOTT, after regretting that such personal matters should be allowed to come up in the House, said that he had told the member for Cornwall that the member for Pontiac had promised to support the Government.

Mr. POUPORE said the promise he had given was one of personal support to the member for Argenteuil.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that the Assessment Act, and the Municipal Act would be carried through this Session. The Education bill and the question of currency would be submitted immediately.

On motion of Hon. A. T. GALT, the House went again into Committee of Supply, Mr. Street in the chair.

The following items were passed: Tug Service between Montreal and Kingston, $12,500; Provincial Steamers, $75,000; Trinity House, Quebec, $45,536; Trinity House, Montreal, $25,790; Arrears (do) '65-6, $1,949; Inland Lake and River Lights, $40,000.

Mr. McKENZIE enquired whether it was the intention of the Government to provide additional light-houses on Georgian Bay and Lake Huron.

Mr. CHAPAIS was understood to say that there were six light-houses on these waters, and two more were to be built.

The following items were then passed:

Allowance to Pierre Brochu for residing at Lake Metapediac, on the Kempt Road, to assist travellers thereon, $100; do to Macel Brochu, do at Petit Sac, do $100; do to Jonathan Noble, do at La Fourche, do $100; do to T. Evans, do at Assametquagan, do $100; proportion of expenses of maintenance of light-houses on islands of St. Paul and Scatterie, $2,500; towards the construction of a light house on East Point of Prince Edward Island, $1,500; Salaries and contingent expenses of the Supervisor of Culler's Offices at Quebec and Montreal, $75,000.

On the appropriation of $25,000 for Fisheries, Upper and Lower Canada, including bounties,

Hon. Mr. BROWN asked for information concerning the issuing of Licenses to American fishermen, giving away for a mere trifle the whole of the valuable Fisheries belonging to the Province. He thought it an extraordinary proceeding.

Hon. Mr. GALT said the Fisheries question was not exclusively a Canadian one; it affected all the Provinces, and the Imperial Government, and the government was not in a position to submit the despatches on the subject.

Hon. Mr. BROWN made enquiry about the mode of issuing the licenses, the manner of collecting the amount, and enforcing the regulations.

Hon. Mr. GALT explained, the licenses were issued by the Fisheries branch of the Crown Lands Department, they had been given to Capt. Fortin, and copies sent to the admiral of the fleet, and the Cruisers, who were on the spot to see to the carrying out of the regulations.

The House rose at a quarter past six o'clock.

Second Sitting.

The Speaker took the chair at eight o'clock.

The House went into Committee of supply, Mr. Morris in the chair.

The discussion was resumed on the fisheries question. The Imperial despatch relating to certain particulars concerning the fisheries having been marked "confidential" could not of course be laid before the House; but the announcement of this fact did not prevent hon. members from prolonging discussion.

Mr. GALT closed the discussion by saying that he should be exceedingly sorry if any one should infer, from what had taken place, that the Imperial Government had given the slightest indication of any desire, but that which had the integrity of the empire primarily in view.

The item was carried.

The following items were then passed:—Railway inspection, $4,000; steamboat inspection, $1,500; to supply blankets to destitute Indians of Upper and Lower Canada, $1,100; miscellaneous printing, $5,000; advertisements and subscriptions, *Canada Gazette*, $6,500; postage of *Canada Gazette*, $1,200; shipping master's office, $1,200; unforeseen expenses, $60,000; seignorial indemnity to townships, $40,000; to pay Wm. Head in remission of penalty and costs incurred by forfeiture of his recognizance to appear as a witness at the Court of Queen's Bench, Montreal, in 1865, $142; disinfectants, $1,000.

On the item of $100,000,

Hon. Mr. GALT explained that recent events had suggested to the Government the propriety of placing a certain sum of money at their disposal, for the purpose of enabling it, in case of emergency, to counteract the machinations of a secret conspiracy which, as the country was well aware, had threatened, and already attempted its invasion. The House might deal with the amount in any way they pleased, reduce it or reject it, but of course they could not increase it. The House would, of course, understand that the very nature of the service precluded any more particular explanation than that which he had given.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON would be quite willing to increase the appropriation for "unforeseen expenses," to be afterwards accounted for to Parliament, and he considered that a safer course than to vote a sum for secret service. If the $60,000 already voted to that end was not enough, let it be increased in preference to voting such a large sum that would never afterwards be accounted for.

Hon. Mr. ROSE contended that it was the duty of the House to place at the disposal of the government the means necessary for the defence of the country, and circumstances having recently pointed out the necessity of the government's being in a position to secure certain information, which could only be obtained through the agency of secret service money, it was right that this sum should be placed in its hands.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON had no objection to placing in the hands of the government the means necessary for the defence of the country, but he hoped that at all events the form of the motion would be changed, so that the government would be held to accountability as he did not wish to see it buying its information from spies.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON said there was the greatest need at the present time for the appropriation. There was constantly opportunities of obtaining information that might be of the greatest consequence to Canada if the government had in its hands the means of paying for it. He would oppose any attempt to change the form of the appropriation in the way suggested by the member for Chateauguay, as he believed the House could well intrust the government with it, so long as they gave it their confidence in the administration of the affairs of the country.

Mr DUNKIN contended that it was better that things should be called by their right names, and as it was well understood for what purpose the money was to be used, if used at all, it should be appropriated under the designation of secret service. He objected to the appropriation for unforeseen expenses being directed to the purposes of secret service.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT supported the appropriation, contending that no information could be got concerning the Fenian movement even for money, unless the informer had the fullest assurance that the transaction would be surrounded with the strictest secresy.

Hon. A. A. DORION opposed the appropriation altogether. The Government had got information last March, which caused them to organize the volunteers, and send them to the front, but there was no invasion. He argued therefrom that the information received was not reliable.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said it was quite well known that had not the Government received the information, and been well prepared for the invasion of the country on the 17th of March, the country would have been invaded on that day. The Fenians were ready for the invasion then, but they found that we were prepared to receive them. With regard to the position taken by the member for Chateauguay that the money for such service should be taken out of the "unforeseen expenses" appropriation, the proposition was quite irreconcilable, as all amounts expended out of "unforeseen expenses" had to be accounted for to the House, and such a course would destroy the character of the secret service.

Dr. PARKER thought the information to be derived from parties open to the reception of secret service money would be exceedingly unreliable. The American Government had lately done its duty and would no doubt continue to do so, and that the country had now very little to fear.

Mr. McKENZIE said the proper way to meet the emergency, would be to appoint a certain number of highly respectable men as political agents in the United States. The American Government had taken this course in our country during the time of the civil war, and he thought that Canada should now adopt it in preference to the voting of secret service money. Let the appropriation be made for political agents in foreign countries, which would be a far more honorable course, and more likely to result in procuring correct information.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD argued that on account of the circumstances of the country, and the responsibility attaching to the Government, they must have a certain sum of money at their disposal to be used by them in the defence of the country, in the way which they should judge it necessary. He had not so little confidence in the gentlemen opposite, but that he believed they would at all events use this money judiciously.

Mr. O'HALLORAN spoke against the utility of the appropriation.

Hon. Mr. BROWN asked in what way would the money be issued, in case the appropriation were made.

Hon. Mr. GALT explained that a record would necessarily have to be kept of the payments, and of the agents to whom paid, but such records would of course form part of the secrets of the Government, not to be divulged.

Hon. Mr. BROWN was quite satisfied, from his own knowledge of the public service, that some appropriation of the kind ought to be placed at the disposal of the Government, but he was utterly at a loss to understand why so large an amount as $100,000 should be asked. In his own opinion something less than half that amount ought to be quite sufficient. It was the first time that any such appropriation had appeared in the estimates, and he thought the subject ought to be approached with great consideration, and a proper limit set to the amount.

Col. HAULTAIN approved of the appropriation, but thought the amount altogether too large. If the government would say positively what amount would be actually required he would be willing to vote for it, but in his own opinion the sum asked for was altogether too large.

Hon. Mr. GALT said he could give no explanations beyond what he had already stated. The matter was in the hands of the committee.

Mr. SMITH (Toronto) thought the plan proposed by the member for Lambton was perhaps the best one. He disagreed with those who said the Militia were called out too soon. They were not called a day too soon, but they were called home again a great deal too soon.

Mr. RYMAL had an idea to suggest to the House which was not original, but still he thought it a very good one. He would make all the inhabitants on the frontier detectives. The people there were generally loyal, but he wished to combine interest with patriotism, and as he thought these Fenians were a sort of half human, half hyena, breed they should be dealt with accordingly. He proposed that the frontier men should get five dollars for every Fenian scalp (Great laughter.) $100,000 would pay for 20,000 scalps, and by the time these were brought in, there would be no more need of secret service money.

The item was carried—and the Committee rose.

Mr. McKENZIE asked the Postmaster-General to say whether or not he (Mr. McKenzie) had written to him recommending a person to fill the office of Registrar of Lambton, the date of the letter, the name of the party recommended and the nature of his (the P. M. G.'s) reply.

Hon. Mr. HOWLAND replied that he received the letter dated February 20th, recommending Dr. Johuson for appointment to the office of Registrar of Lambton, and he replied on the 23rd acknowledging receipt of the letter, but stating that action would not be taken immediately in the matter.

Mr McKENZIE—That is quite correct.

The House then adjourned at eleven o'clock.

THE WAR IN GERMANY.

BOHEMIA.

Benedek's Confession of Defeat—A Semi-Official View of the Situation—Count Clam-Gallas Accused of Incapacity.

(Correspondence of the London Times.)

VIENNA, July 1st.

Benedek announces the defeat of the left wing of his army and the consequent removal of his head-quarters from Koniginhof to Koniggratz, a small fortress about 22 English miles south of Josephstadt:

DUBENEC, June 30, 6 p. m.

"The repulse of the Saxon and 1st Austrian *corps d'armee* obliges me to retreat in the direction of Koniggratz."

At the foot of Benedek's laconic despatch is the following semi-official article:—

"From the Feldzeugmeister's communication that he, in consequence of the repulse of the Saxon's and 1st Austrian *corps d'armee*, was retreating in the direction of Koniggratz, we being for the moment without any nearer information on the subject, must suppose that the left wing of the Northern Army advanced to the north-west of Jicin (Gitschin), and there found the enemy in a strong position, from which it was unable to dislodge him. We must further conclude that the Feldzeugmeister, being unwilling to subject his army to further severe losses, has fallen back in the direction of Koniggratz, with the intention of attacking the enemy as soon as he may think fit to quit the position which he now occupies. The courage and constancy of our troops, and the well-known energy of their commander, render it probable that the enemy will soon be deprived of any advantages which he may have obtained.

The inhabitants of Prague and Vienna are in great consternation, and on all sides it is asked how the Emperor could allow Count Clam-Gallas to retain the command of the 1st corps d'armee, he having, during the war in Lombardy in 1863, given multifarious proof of incapacity. Up to two days ago almost all the fighting had been done by the 6th and 10th corps d'armee (Lieut-Gens. von Ramming and von Gablenz) and the 1st Light Cavalry Division, under Major General Baron Edelsheim.

During the last four days there have been several sanguine engagements in the neighborhood of Skalitz and Trautenau, in the northeastern corner of Bohemia; and on the evening of the 29th of June a pitched battle was fought in the neighborhood of Turneau, a small town to the north of Munchengratz. On the same day the Tenth Corps (Gablenz) and a part of the Fourth Corps (Lieut-Gen. Count Testitics) were engaged with the Prussian Guard, and it must be supposed that they were worsted, for they have since fallen back on Koniginhof. The losses on both sides are enormous, and military men tell me that the "Zundnadelgewehr" well deserved the high reputation it enjoys. The wounded soldiers who have been brought here say that there is hardly any interruption in the fire of the Prussian infantry, "the bullets continually rattling about one's ears, like hailstones during a storm."

Terrible Effect of the Prussian Needle Gun.

[From the London Daily News, July 4.]

It is impossible not to look forward with anxiety to the news which may be expected from Bohemia within the next few days. Considering the losses which the armies have sustained, the generals on both sides might well be inclined to suspend for a while the work of mutual destruction. The most recent battles have been exceedingly sanguine. The Prussian needle-gun, as all bear witness, has been wielded with a terrible effect, which has made a deep impression on the ill-armed Austrian troops. A military correspondent who saw the fighting at Podoll declares that the *Austrians who fell under the fire of infantry were, compared to the Prussians, six to one.* On the other hand, the Austrians have more than once, and notably at Gitschin, had the advantage of strong positions, which enabled them to inflict heavy loss upon their adversaries. The Prussians are publishing extraordinary accounts of their enemy's losses. To these little importance need be attached. But if we could be certain that the Austrians had taken as many prisoners as the Prussians, the losses of the two armies, from all causes, since yesterday week, could not be estimated at less than 50,000 men.

The Horrible Slaughter in Bohemia—The Battles fought only a prelude to the great Pitched Battle—The Federals moving.

(From the London Times, July 4.)

The war in Bohemia is awful work. The Austrians, we are told, lost 15,000 men in their various encounters with the army under the Crown Prince of Prussia; they had 25,000 put *hors de combat* in their vain attempts to arrest the progress of the army under Prince Frederick Charles—altogether, 40,000 men in five days. The prisoners are computed at 15,000, leaving 25,000 for the dead and wounded.—Whole battalions have been annihilated; whole corps—the Clam-Gallas, the Gablenz, and the Saxon corps, no less than the Kalick brigade—are so utterly broken up as to be unable to re-appear in action for some time. Benedek's army has fallen back behind the Elbe, taking up its position between the fortresses of the Josephstadt and Koniggratz, greatly disheartened and disorganized, according to the account of Austrian officers, prisoners in Prussian hands. The desertion of Italian soldiers from the Austrian ranks is on the increase.

While the main armies of the Elbe are pausing to take breath, a stir is perceptible among the Federal troops, which have for some time been gathering numbers at least, if not strength, on the Main. On Monday a detachment of the army under Prince Alexander of Hesse, four thousand men strong, took momentary possession of Wetzlar, the Prussian *enclave* between the territories of Hesse and Nassau, and levied contributions among the people, but they withdrew in the afternoon, and marched upon Giessen. Whatever importance may be attached to this feat of arms, it is not likely that either the Federals at Giessen or their Bavarian allies at Hof will venture far before the upshot of the main contest in Bohemia renders their co-operation of little use to the Austrians, or their opposition of little account to the Prussians. These petty Kings and Grand Dukes are but fair-weather friends to their great Austrian patron, and the fate of Hanover, Cassel, and Saxony may well inspire them with misgivings.

The Battle at Podoll Bridge—Graphic Account of the Slaughter on the first day.

(From the military correspondent London Times.)

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRST PRUSSIAN ARMY, SCHLOSS OF SICHROW, June 27th.—The railway and highroad which leads down the valley of the Iser from Turnau to Munchengratz run a distance of about five miles from the former town on the north side of the river, but on reaching the village of Podoll, cross to the south bank by two bridges, which are about two hundred yards distant from each other, that of the railway being on the right, and that by which the road crosses on the left of a person looking towards Munchengratz. The railway bridge is constructed of iron; that which carries the road across the stream is made of wood, and lies on a level with the causeway, which is raised on an embankment about ten feet above the flat meadows lying along side it. The Iser is at Podoll near upon 100 yards wide, and runs with a deep but fast stream between steep banks, which only rise about 4 feet above the level of the water. By the side of the road and on the stream grow large willow trees, planted at equal distances from each other, and about ten yards apart. Three roads lead from the plateau of Sichrow to the high road which runs down the valley of the Iser. That on the east a country road, which leaves the plateau near the Schloss of Sichrow and joins the highway near the village of Swierzen, almost at an equal distance between Turnau and Podoll in the centre the chausse from Liebenau strikes into the highroad halfway between Swierzen and Turnau, and the road from Gentschowitz on the west joins it close to this town.

Yesterday evening Prince Frederick Charles threw a light pontoon bridge over the river a little below the broken bridge of Turnau, and occupied the town with a small force without opposition. Horne's division marched at the same time by the country road on the east, occupied the village of Swierzen, and pushed its advanced guard towards Podoll. The troops directed on this point consisted of two companies of the fourth Jagar battalion, the second fusileer battalions of the 31st regiment, and one battalion of the 71st. The Jagars, who were leading, got to within three-quarters of a mile of Podoll bridge before they came into collision with the Austrian outposts, but here they found the enemy, and a sharp action ensued, for the Austrians had six battalions in the village, and meant to hold the place and cover the passage of the river.

Opening Fire.

It was about 8 o'clock, and the dusk of the evening was rapidly closing in, when the Jagars first felt their enemy. On the right hand side of the road, about half a mile before the bridge, stands the first house of the village. It is a large square farm house, with windows without glass, but with heavy gratings. The Austrians had occupied it in force, and their outlying pickets, as they retired before the advancing Prussians, formed line across the road beside it. As soon as the Jagars came within sight, the garrison of the farm-house, and the formed-up pickets opened a bitter fire upon them. From the grated windows and from the line of soldiers in the road, there came one rapid volley, which told severely on the Prussian riflemen, but these went quickly to work, and had fired about three times before the Austrians, armed only with muzzle-loading rifles, were able to reply. Then the noise and tumult of musketry rose high, occasionally swelling into a heavy roar, but sometimes falling off so that the ear could distinguish the separate reports.—But this did not last. Major Von Hagen, commanding the second battalion of the thirty-first, which was following the Jagars, on the first sound of the firing, had put his troops into double-quick time, and was soon up to reinforce the riflemen. It was now nearly dark, and the flashes of the rifles, the reports of the shots, and the shouts of the combatants, were almost the only indications of the positions of the troops; yet it could be seen that the rapid firing of the needle-gun was telling on the Austrian line in the road, and the advancing cheers of the Prussians showed that they were gaining ground. Then while the exchange of shots was still proceeding rapidly between the window gratings of the farm-house, and the Prussian firing parties who had extended into a cornfield on the right of the highway, there was a sudden pause in the firing on the road, for the Jagers, supported by the 31st, had made a dash, and were bearing the Austrians back beyond the farm-house, to where the cottages of the village closed on each side of the road, and where the defenders had hastily thrown some hewn-down willow trees as a barricade across the way.

Terrible Fighting.

Then the tumult of the fight increased. Darkness had completely closed in, and the moon had not yet risen; the Prussians pressed up to the barricade, the Austrians stoutly stood their ground behind it, and, three paces distant, assailants and defenders poured their fire into each other's breasts. Little could be seen, though the flashes of the discharges cast a fitful light over the surging masses; but in the pauses of the firing the voices of the officers were heard encouraging their men, and half-stifled shrieks or gurgling cries told that the bullets were truely aimed. This was too severe to endure. The Prussians, firing much more quickly, and in the narrow street, where neither side could show their whole strength, not feeling the inferiority of numbers, succeeded in tearing away the barricade, and slowly pressed their adversaries back along the village street. Yet the Austrians fought bravely, and their plans for the defence of the houses, had been skillfully though hastily made; from every window muskets flashed out fire, and sent bullets into the thick ranks of the advancing Prussians, while on each balcony behind a wooden barricade Jagars crouched to take their deadly aim; but in the street the soldiers, huddled together and encumbered with clumsy ramrods, were unable to load with ease, and could return no adequate fire to that of the Prussians, while these, from the advantage of a better arm, poured their quick volleys into an almost defenceless crowd.

Fighting on the Streets.

As the battle in the street was pushed inch by inch toward the Iser, the Austrians, in every house which the foremost ranks of the Prussians passed, were cut off from their retreat, and were sooner or later made prisoners, for the houses of the village do not join on to each other, but are detached by spaces of a few yards, and there is no communication from one house to the other except by the open street. The whole of the Prussian force was now up, and, extending between the houses which the first combatants had passed by, cut off the escape of their garrisons, and exchanged shots with the defenders.

Horrible Midnight Scene.

With shrieks and shouts, amid the crashing of broken windows, the heavy sounds of falling beams, and the perpetual rattle of firearms, the battle was heavily pressed down to the narrow street, and about 11:30 the moon came up clear and full to show the Austrian rearmost ranks turning viciously to bar the Prussians from the bridge. The moonlight reflected in the stream, told the assailants that they were near the object of their labour, and showed the Austrians that now or never the enemy must be hurled back. Both sides threw out skirmishers along the river bank, and the moon gave them light to direct their aim across the stream, while on the first plank of the bridge the Austrians turned to bay, and the Prussians pausing some short paces from them, the combatants gazed at each other a few moments. Then they began a fiercer fight than ever. The discharges were more frequent, and in the narrower way the bullets told with more severe effect. Herr von Drygalski, leading the Fusilier Battalion of the Thirty-first, a lieut.-colonel of only two days' standing, went down with two bullets in his forehead, and a captain at his side was shot in both legs. Many men fell, and the grey horse of a Prussian field officer, with a ball in his heart, fell heavily against the wall, kicking amid the ranks; but he was soon quieted for ever, and at that moment men regarded but little such wounds as could be inflicted by an iron shod hoof, even in the agonies of death. The Austrians stood gallantly, and made an attempt to set fire to the bridge; but the difference of their armament again told upon them here; and it is said that, galled by their hard fortune, they charged with the bayonet; but that the Prussians also took kindly to the steel, and this charge caused no change in the fortune of the fight; certain it is that the defenders were ultimately obliged to retire across the bridge.

In the village the utmost disorder gave evidence of the severity of the contest. Austrian knapsacks, shackos, clothes, and arms were scattered about in wild confusion. Dead horses lay in the ditches by the roadside.—White coats and cloaks, which had been thrown off in the hurry of the fight, lay scattered along the road; the trees which had formed the Austrian barricade were still on the side of the street, and held many a bullet. The cottages had been ransacked of their furniture, and their beams and roof-trees had been torn down to form defences for the doors and windows; while along the street and upon the banks of the river lay objects which in the distance looked like bundles of untidy uniform, but which on nearer approach are seen to be the bodies of slain soldiers. Sometimes they lie in groups of twos and threes, twisted together as if they had gripped one another in their mortal agony, and sometimes single figures lie on their backs, staring with livid countenance and half closed hazy eyes straight up against the hot morning sun. The dark-blue uniform with red facing of Prussia, and the white with light-blue of Austria lie side by side, but the numbers of the latter much preponderate, and on one part of the railway three Prussian corpses opposite nineteen Austrian form a grisly trophy of the superiority of the needle-gun.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Great Trot over the Fashion Course.

Dexter Triumphant—Time of Second Heat 2:19¾

Increase of Cholera again in New York.

Mr. Stanberry Accepts the U. S. Attorney-Generalship.

NEW YORK, 19th.—Three brothers named Meade, elderly farmers, were suffocated in a well in the presence of their families in West Chester County, last Tuesday.

HANOVER, N. H., 19th.—At the Dartmouth College commencement to-day, the Honorary degree of Dr. of Laws was conferred on Maj-Gen. Sherman.

NEW YORK, 20th.—The bay Gelding "Dexter" won the purse of $1,000 at the trotting match, under the saddle, at the Fashion Course yesterday, beating "Gen. Butler" and "Toronto Chief," when he made the best time on record, "Flora Temple's" famous three heats being eclipsed. The second mile was made in 2:19 which was never beaten except by "Dexter" himself in his trot against time, when he made it in 2:18½.

Eleven cases of cholera and six deaths were reported yesterday in New York, and four cases in Brooklyn, three of which were fatal.

NEW YORK, July 20th.—The morning papers contain the following telegrams from Washington: General Rousseau has tendered his resignation as member of the House of Representatives, to the Government of Kentucky. The Sec'y of the Treasury has authorized the acceptance of 7:30's from any holders in exchange for 5:20's bonds of 1865, upon equal terms, as respects principal, the interest being adjusted according to the amount due on each security.

It is understood that Mr. Stanberry accepts the office of Attorney-General, tendered him by the President, and that his nomination will be sent to the Senate to-morrow.

NEW YORK 20.—Alfred Townsend sailed for Europe to-day by the steamer *Atlantic*, to follow the Italian army for *The World* newspaper.

BOSTON, 20.—About 4 o'clock, yesterday, p. m., some bold thief entered Messrs. Kinsley's office, No. 11, State street, and stole a box from a desk in Mr. Kingsley's private room, containing stocks, a cheque for nearly $100, and about $2,500 in bank notes.

TROY, N. Y., 20.—Mr. A. Fould, editorially connected with *The Daily News* of this city, accidentally fell from the third story of the Phoenix Hotel, Landinburgh, last evening, and will probably die.

Samuel B. Hicks, proprietor of the Clarendon Hotel, Landinburgh, committed suicide this morning, by hanging himself.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The House has passed the joint resolution, admitting Tennessee into the Union again, by the following vote: Yeas 125; nays 12. Even Mr. Stephens, of Pennsylvania, voted a yea.

NEW YORK, July 20.—*The Commercial's* money article says:—Stock speculation is rather less active, and prices slightly lower. Erie firm and better; R. R. and State bonds were active and firmer; Government list generally weaker; money a shade easier; call loans mostly at 5 per cent. There is a moderate demand from all parts for gold; foreign exchange quiet—the supply of bills being quite up to the demand.

One hundred and thirty-one burial permits were granted in this city this morning, making an aggregate, since Sunday morning last, of 1,082 interments. The demand for hearses is so great that it cannot be supplied. Eight new cases of cholera are reported in this city to-day, of which two died. Six cases in Brooklyn, of which two died.

WASHINGTON, 20.—Another prize fight took place this morning about 14 miles from Washington, on the Virginia shore. The combatants were Horatio Bolter and Mike English, *alias* Carr light weights. They fought 24 rounds in 22½ minutes; neither was severely punished. English was decided the victor.

CHARLESTON, S. C. 20th.—A mutiny occurred last night amongst a portion of the negro troops on Folly Island, which was suppressed after one of the mutineers had been killed and two wounded. The rest of the mutineers were brought to this city under a strong guard.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Congress will adjourn on Wednesday 25th inst.

—The University of Prague has been closed on account of the outbreak of war.

—New York exhibits a return of seven hundred deaths in four days of this week.

—The *Cuba*, from Boston, on the 18th, took out $275,000 in specie.

—Tomatoes are in the Buffalo market, selling at 25c per dozen.

—The hay harvest has commenced this year in the neighborhood of London much earlier than usual.

—A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Sacramento and Stockton, California, at a quarter past ten o'clock on Sunday night.

—The new Chicago City Directory, with characteristic modesty, claims 264,000 as the present population of that city.

—In the anticipation of a general election a project has been set on foot to nominate Mr. Gladstone as a candidate for London.

—The Street Railway Company of Quebec have declared a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum.

—A boy died in Chicago last week from the effects of swimming in a pond where the carcasses of dead animals had been deposited.

—The King of Italy has taken with him to the camp M. Carlo Ademollo, painter of battle-pieces of great reputation.

—A Jewish synagogue, just completed at Berlin, cost seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars in gold.

—Hamilton is in ecstacies over a rumor that oil had been struck on the Cline farm, just outside the city limits.

—The Confederate General Early, of Virginia fame, was in St. John, N. B., on Saturday last. We understand that he intends to visit the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

—Prince Christian, of Schleswig-Holstein, the Princess Helena's husband, has been created a Major-General in the British Army by command of the Queen.

—The Nova Scotia Railway Commissioners have purchased three locomotives for the Pictou road from the Kingston Canadian Engine and Machine Company.

—The Freemasons of the Lower Provinces are discussing the feasibility of joining the brethren in Canada, with the object of forming a British American Grand Lodge.

—The Agricultural Department at Washington has received information showing that the crops throughout the country are in a better condition than had been anticipated.

—The old seventy-four gun ship *Delaware*, one of the war vessels sunk at the Gosport Navy Yard at the outbreak of the war, has been got afloat.

—The Princess Mary, it is said, was weighed a few days before her marriage, when it was found that she represented the substantial figure of eighteen stone.

—Mrs. Mary Curley, of St. Louis, committed suicide and poisoned her daughter, because Mr. Curley did not get home one night as early as she expected he would.

—The cattle plague returns published on Saturday are highly satisfactory. Only 523 new cases are reported against 987 the week previous.

—James Doyle paid a fine of $100 in Toronto on Monday for having assaulted a policeman. Mr. Doyle will probably handle his fists carefully hereafter.

—The Portland Society of Natural History, for a second time, has lost its valuable collection, a misfortune which will appeal to the generosity of other societies throughout the country.

—Henry Ward Beecher has published a sermon on "How to Love." One sparkle of th young woman's eye will convey more instruction on that point than a whole volume of sermons.

—A correspondent writing from Chicago says the wheat crop has turned out better than was expected, and that corn is coming forward rapidly.

—The *Atrey* [illegible] intelligence that the S. *Persians* of the [illegible] arrived [illegible] on Sunday [illegible] days and twenty-three hours. [illegible]

—*The Bruce* [illegible] July 14th, says:—From all accounts we find that the yield of the country will be much better than was supposed some weeks ago. The magnificent weather which we have had of late has been the salvation of the country.

MONSTER RESTAURANT IN PARIS.—Among the curious sights of Paris well worth seeing is the establishment of which we have the following description by [illegible] correspondent of *The* [illegible]: [illegible] who are now contemplating a [illegible] to this metropolis, I should recommend a visit to "La Californie," a monster restaurant near the Barriere du Maine, and which is the rendezvous of hundreds of workmen and [illegible] young men of [illegible]. No less than [illegible] persons can be accommodated there. *The Salut* gives us a [illegible] details as to this immense establishment. [illegible] in the morning the servants of La Californie are at work [illegible] employment. The waiters have no other occupation than that of pouring out wine and supplying the customers with glasses and plates, and there are [illegible] of them hard at work from morning till night. The proprietor was originally a [illegible], but [illegible] reserved for the use of the restaurant [illegible] per month, and 1,500 [illegible]. Thirty butchers scarcely suffice to supply the amount of meat now required by "La Californie" since he has put himself at the head of the concern. Precisely as the clock strikes seven, M. Cadet, the said proprietor, presides over the distribution of soup and meat to the poor of the neighborhood. Between half-past seven and eight the customers begin to arrive. Nothing can be more promiscuous than the crowd that frequent "La Californie." There may be seen the poor and industrious workman, who buys a piece of bread and a morsel of cheese, which he eats as he goes to his work; the [illegible] who has spent his night in dissipation, and comes in to drink a glass of wine and [illegible]. [illegible] who has slept [illegible] answers a sudden call from an impatient customer. Every customer of La Californie is expected to go in person to the kitchen and carry away the dish he prefers, for which he pays on the spot, being there supplied with a spoon and iron fork. M. Cadet has been at the head of this establishment since the 26th of May, 1850, and has purchased [illegible] glasses, 100,000 forks, and 75,000 knives since that date to the present hour. The dish in constant demand from seven in the morning to eleven at night is soups and beef, for which the customer pays six sous, or three pence. Add to this two sous of bread and three sous of wine, and the poor workman will have had his meal for eleven sous, that is 5½d. The daily bill of fare of this monster restaurant shows a consumption of 2,000 French pounds weight of meat. The prices are thus quoted: A plate of meat, either beef or mutton, 2d.; ditto of veal, 3d.; a half-pint of wine, 2d. Two casks of wine are drunk per day, and 800 pounds weight of bread eaten.

COMMERCIAL

New York Markets.

New York, July 20.

STOCKS—Steady. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 150¼ and closed at 150¼.

COTTON—Quiet and firm. Sales at 38c for middling.

FLOUR—Dull. Receipts 85,290 barrels at 10c @ 25c lower. Sales 5,100 barrels at $5.85 @ 7.25 superfine State; $6.95 @ 8.15 for extra State; $8.25 @ 9.90c for choice do; $5.85 @ 7.35 for superfine Western; $7.00 @ $9.00 for common to good extra Western, and $8.25 @ 9.75c for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour dull and 10c @ 20c lower. Sales 200 barrels at $8.45 @ 9.90c for common, and $9.95 @ 12.40c for good to choice extra.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

OTTAWA, July 19, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$8 00	@	9 00
No. 1	7 25	@	7 75
No. 2	6 50	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 00
" Spring "	3 87½	@	4 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	None offering.		
Barley " 48 lbs			
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 60
Spring "	1 50	@	1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 35
Beans " 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	25 50
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	20 50
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	17 00
Beef	9 00	@	10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@	0 09
Veal— " "	0 10	@	0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@	0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 21	@	0 23
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 17
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 46	@	0 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the tolls collected upon it for 1861, amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle. 178-a

To Parents, and especially mothers, who have the more immediate care of children, permit me to say with candid earnestness, never lay down to rest at night with the health and happiness of your children at heart without having the *Perry Davis Pain Killer* at hand. Trust to no other pain preparations or panaceas. They may and often do, fail in critical cases—but the Perry Davis, never—no, never. If you heed not this timely warning the fault is your own, as Perry Davis's Pain Killer is in nearly every store throughout the length and breadth of our land, and all over the civilised world. 178-a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off, those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR. It soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only removes the dandruff, but imparts to it [illegible]

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.
It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.
Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. 134-d

Tortures of the Head.—
with its invariable concomitant
disturbance of the liver and bowels
cause of sick and nervous headache
their excruciating agony when
some cases overdose of **Bristol's**
Pills will remove cause and
ther? Chronic headache, of
type, inevitably and quickly vie
and most efficacious of all cathar
medicines—which so disagr
mach, a morbid state of the
constipation of the bowels, or
due to the weaker sex, can hard
cases where the liver is seriou
tol's Sarsaparilla, the most
the animal fluid the world has
greatly facilitate a cure. The P
glass vials, and will keep in
medicines are kept by leadin
where.

Mothers Read This!—Ho
Lozenges are a certain and
Worms in Children and Adult
known and melancholy fact the
of death among children is fro
cannot be too deeply impressed
parents the necessity of
children. By so doing; a
the symptoms and true cause
thousands of children might be
graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS
are a few of the very numer
diseases which are caused by
appetite, emaciated extremities
frequent picking at the nose,
during sleep, hardness of the b
slimy stools, and sometimes con
of the arms, pain in the head a
sleep, faintings, tremblings,
low spirits, frightful dreams,
ing away of flesh.
They are palatable and safe
child—drive out the worms thor
and completely cleanse the stom
away with the necessity of a
Oil or other unpleasant catha
of other Worms.
Each box contains the
of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newc
he sole proprietors.
N. B.—Ask for *Hollo*
and take no other.
druggists in Ottawa, and
where.

DIED.
On the 7th inst., at Bucking
wise, wife of John Munro,
deeply regretted by numerous
Cornwall papers please

NEW ADVERTI

GOVERNMENT

TENDERS IN DUPLIC
received at the Commis
C. W., until 12 o'clock, noon,
the 25th inst., for the supply o
BREAD, at per 10
To the Garrison at Ottawa,
ber, 1866, at certain conditi
certained by application to th
ce, Ottawa.
Forms of Tenders to b
place.
Commissariat, Kingston,
July 19, 1866.

CAUTION.—We, Dunca
can John McGregor, of th
ley, forbid any person or pers
a note of hand made by us, d
day of May, 1866, and payab
April, 1867, as we have receiv
same, and will not pay for it
payable to John Fee, of Goul

MASSENA S
THE UNITED STAT
this favorite summer re
grounds have been much imp
and the House will be found
thing necessary for promoti
amusement of the invalid or p
CE
The little steamboat *Ameri*
every other day at 5 p.m. for
Massena Springs, July 10.

ELECT
NOTICE IS HEREBY
an election will be held
Engine House, on SATURDA
JULY A.D., 1866, commenci
m., for the purpose of returni
represent said Wellington W
of the year 1866, in the room
der Scott, deceased.
ARCHIB
179tf

Extraordina
Must belong to that which
such is the case with
BUCHANA
Unrivalled
—of—
MOCHA, JAVA, A
COFF
Roasted and ground daily,
steam po
Consequently always to be kn
perfection.
JAS. BUC
Susse
Ottawa, May 10.

A FEW ROOMS AT
TEL, Sparks Street,
Daily, or Weekly Boarders
Ottawa, June 19, 1866.

BOARDING.—MRS.
"Cottage" Book and Fa
3 doors from Sussex Street,
she is prepared to accommo
ers.

REQUIS

C. T. BATE, Esq.

SIR,—We the under
of Wellington Ward re
that you will allow your
Alderman for the remainde
fill the vacancy at the Coun
demise of our late respecte
Scott, Esq., and pledge our
to secure your return:—

Wm Shoolbred
H McCormick
R Bishop
A Pratt
Jas Cunningham
A McCormick
Wm Minore
James Mathews
Alfred Brown
James Lang
A Duff
Esmonde Bros
H Walton
Joseph Skinner
W W Brown
G A Walton
George A Sheldon
Jas J Radford
W J Mills
A K Mills
Geo Hay
W M Mathewson
James Martin
E Sherwood
Andrew Musgrove
R W Spence
Chas Huband
Geo Cocker
J G Bell
George Baitt
James Dalglish
Michael Johnston
Edward Hall
Wm McCullough
J M Currier
John McDonald
Wm Cousens

REP

To H. McCormick, Thos
and others,—
GENTLEMEN,—You certa
some party much better a
late worthy friend, Alex.
Should you think I can
I shall willingly place my
elected I will do my best

Ottawa, July 18, 1866.

NOTICE.—The pe
this morning, in one
Russell House, a GOLD
CHAIN, will please ret
otherwise he will be prose
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866

Tortures of the Head.—Imperfect digestion, with its invariable concomitants, a sympathetic disturbance of the liver and bowels, is the exciting cause of sick and nervous headaches. Why endure their excruciating agony when a course, and in some cases one dose of **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills** will remove cause and consequences together? Chronic headaches, of the most obstinate type, inevitably and quickly yields to this mildest and most efficacious of all cathartic and antibilious medicines—which no disease from a disordered stomach, a morbid state of the liver, irregularity or constipation of the bowels, or the difficulties incident to the weaker sex, can long withstand. In all cases where the liver is seriously affected, **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, the most potent purifier of the animal fluid the world has ever known, will greatly facilitate a cure. The Pills are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. Both medicines are kept by leading druggists everywhere. 178a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing, and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

DIED.

On the 7th inst., at Buckingham Village, Catherine, wife of John Munro, Esq., aged 51 years, deeply regretted by numerous friends.

Cornwall papers please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS IN DUPLICATE WILL BE received at the Commissariat Office, Kingston, C.W., until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst., for the supply of

BREAD, at per 100 POUNDS

To the Garrison at Ottawa, until the 30th September, 1866, at certain conditions, which may be ascertained by application to the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

Forms of Tenders to be obtained at the same place.

Commissariat, Kingston, July 19, 1866. 185-n.t

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.

CROCKER & CO., *Proprietors.*

The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p.m. for the Springs.

Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

ELECTION,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an election will be held in Wellington Ward Engine House, on SATURDAY, the 21st DAY of JULY, A.D., 1866, commencing at TEN o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of returning one Alderman, to represent said Wellington Ward, for the remainder of the year 1866, in the room and stead of Alexander Scott, deceased.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM, Returning Officer.
179tf

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN, Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

REQUISITION.

C. T. BATE, Esq.,

SIR,—We the undersigned rate-payers of Wellington Ward most respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be nominated for Alderman for the remainder of the current year, to fill the vacancy at the Council Board caused by the demise of our late respected representative, Alex. Scott, Esq., and pledge ourselves to do what we can to secure your return:—

Wm Shoolbred	Thos Hunton
H McCormick	Wm Wilson
R Bishop	Thos Isaac
A Pratt	John Leslie
Jas Cunningham	Jas Hope & Co
A McCormick	Garland, Mutchmor & Co
Wm Minore	W W Massey
James Mathews	K Arnoldi
Alfred Brown	M Kavanagh
James Lang	Francis Clemow
A Duff	John Kenly
Esmonde Bros	J A Gouin
H Walton	R Kenly
Joseph Skinner	Francis Abbott
W W Brown	M A Greenwood
G A Walton	Wm Porter
George A Sheldon	William Murray
Jas J Radford	W H Cluff
W J Mills	John Purdy
A K Mills	John Wilson
Geo Hay	Charles Henry
W M Mathewson	H V Noel
James Martin	L Perkins
E Sherwood	Chs V Noel
Andrew Mosgrove	W Wade
R W Spence	W G Beach
Chas Huband	Thos Gallagher
Geo Cocker	E K McGillivray
J G Bell	A S Woodburn
George Raitt	James Raitt
James Dalglish	Johnston Brown
Michael Johnston	David Manchester
Edward Hall	W Duck
Wm McCullough	C W Bangs
J M Currier	Wm Hutchison
John McDonald	R S Cassels
Wm Cousens	

REPLY:

To H. McCormick, Thos. Hunton, Richard Bishop, and others.

GENTLEMEN,—You certainly could have chosen some party much better able to fill the seat of our late worthy friend, Alex. Scott.

Should you think I can be of any service to you I shall willingly place myself at your disposal. If elected I will do my best to serve you.

Yours respectfully, CHAS. T. BATE.

Ottawa, July 18, 1866. 180-td

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor, otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 23d Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman......75 cents
Single Ticket......50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183d

1866. 1866.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:—

Dr Hill, President.	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq. 1st Vice President.	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President.	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan,	John Henderson, "
P Fairburn, Esq.	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "
	Dr. J. Leggo.

List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.

July 17, 1866. 180-td

1866. 1866.

St. George's Society.

OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE.

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Ponies under 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be laid down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

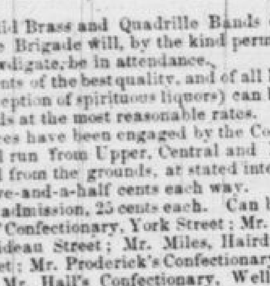
Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.

WM. MILLS, *Secretary.*

Ottawa, July 20. 182a

ST. PATRICK'S



Literary Association Pic-Nic.

THE PIC-NIC OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION,

Is unavoidably

POSTPONED!

—UNTIL—

MONDAY NEXT, THE 23rd INSTANT.

J. McCARRON, Secretary.

July 19, 1866. 181-td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED INstructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES.

STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus, Looking Glasses, &c.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

138y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR EStablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☞

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

"PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND*

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished): these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range......100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range......500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range......200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake......163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range......200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range......200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range......100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 5d range, Musk Rat Lake......400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake......200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range......50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range......100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9......400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range......300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19......400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11......300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½ of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range......100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range......87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range......100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession......200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range......51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5......50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession......284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession......400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession......500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession......300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con......300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con......300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con......250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range......500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range......700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range......1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range......800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

☞ OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns, New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD,

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,

The City Steam Planing Mills,

AND SASH FACTORY,

CANAL BASIN, - OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz.: 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY, Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-136-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1¼ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY, Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets.

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 16, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Sreet, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, Ottawa.

Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER, Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(*IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS*)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA. They *create a healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system. They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. [illegible]-3m

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
[illegible] qr. casks Gin.
[illegible] Green cases Gin.
[illegible] Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret. do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN, 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

171tf

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tt

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p.m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER, Builder, Metcalfe St.

180-3

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.

If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

TOBACCOS.

RANKIN

Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Oh! dear, what can the matter be,
Johnny's so long gone to—RANKIN'S.

WHAT DID HE GO TO RANKIN'S FOR?

ONLY TO GET SOME

CIGARS!

I said he might smoke if he got them there; they smell so nice, and Johnny says they taste so nice. I suppose he knows.

That's what the ladies say, and from their decision there is no appeal. Therefore

GO TO RANKIN'S FOR CIGARS!

Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, July 11. 126-y

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1,50 cts per pound.

CIGARS......from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN, Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1863. 110-tf

New Goods, New Goods, New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK

Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
[illegible]

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS. BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.

Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacka Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ **An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.

OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE,
The City Steam PlaningMills,
AND SASH FACTORY,
CANAL BASIN, OTTAWA.

THIS BUILDING IS 100 FEET BY 30, two stories high, with all the machinery, viz. 1 new flooring machinery iron frame, 1 surfacing do, planes 26 inches wide, 2 slitting saws, 1 cross cut do, 2 scroll do, 1 moulding machine, 1 tennenting do, 1 power morticing do, 1 foot do, 2 turning lathes, boreing machine, &c., &c., &c.

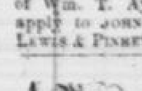
Steam engine, 15 horse power, locomotive boiler. The whole now in full operation. There is sale for all the work that can be manufactured.

Also, all the Lumber on the premises.

The above will be on sale up to the first day of August next.

Application to be made to H. McLean, or on the premises. 160d

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and Lewis & Pinhey, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf



FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

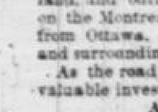
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1¼ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

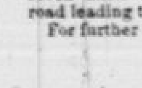
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

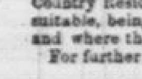
TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf



FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

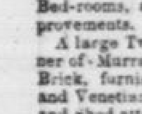
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf



RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

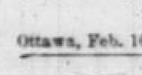
Dwellings to Let.



POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

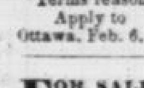


FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

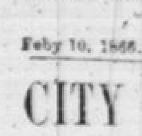


FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 29, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf



FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as Woodroofs, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front of Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 56-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 5, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within five miles of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 4 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes. For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVen, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
I Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED.---TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.---A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.---IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his lifetime, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA,
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1863, directing "that Goods bona fide exported to this Province from any country, but passing in transitu through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to free as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order; and, it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no Chilian or Spanish armed Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders, in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.

I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

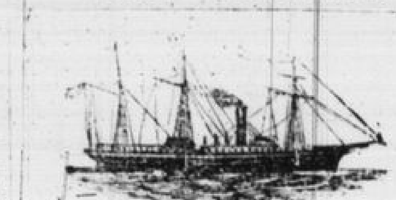
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE,	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK,	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad. I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool; under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient serventt
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

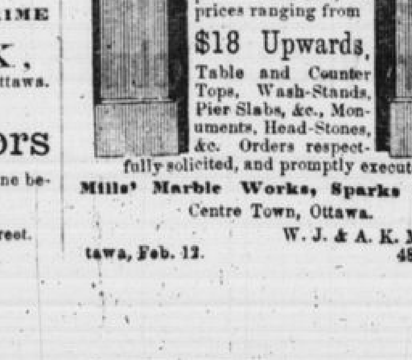
SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more or less.

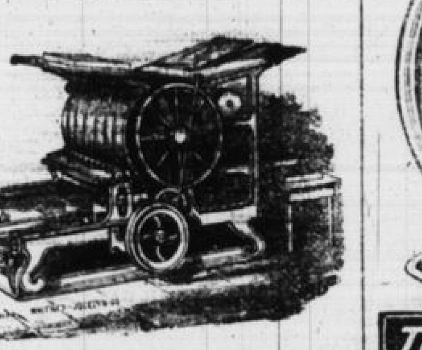
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH!

IF YOU HAVE

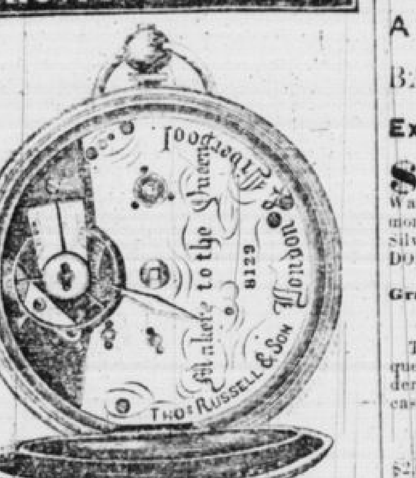
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON



To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen. WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed: AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.,
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St. Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches, Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF
Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLA[SS]
MANUFACTURE; AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.

"The Contemporary Review," Bound Dean Alford.

"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.

"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.

"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.

Chamber's Journal for June.

London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.

Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.

AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPErior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 81-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over String Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	L. M. Gottschalk,
Max Maretzek,	S. Thalberg,
Theodore Eisfeld,	Wm. Mason,
Herman Wollenhaupt,	A. Bartlt,
Francis H. Brown,	M. Strackosch,
Wm. Henry Fry,	Chas. Fradel

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of the N. Y. Tribune says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From The N. Y. Herald, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs' Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The N. Y. Times, July 13, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and excels them in pure, musical intonation and even tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18 1865.

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PATENT
Automatic Organs.

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THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINING full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

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The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dwy

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 22-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I. N[O.]

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G. P. BAK[ER]

LEGA[L]

W. J. SCOTT[,]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. [...] Jenner's Shoe Store, Rideau Stre[et] Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. MU[...]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. [...] side of York Street, two doors fro[m] Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CONN[OR]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Otta[wa] February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HA[...]
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers, N[...] OFFICE: Post Office Building, [...] E. B. HAYCOCK. [F]ebruary 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHE[R]
ADVOCATE. Office: No [...] Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouche[r is p]repared to attend promptly to [...] Government employes, and the[y] may entrust him. Mr. B. attends [...] sit in and for the district of Queb[ec] December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WR[IGHT]
ADVOCATES, Barristers, [Attor]neys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. [...] Mr. Wright will attend at Hull [on] Fridays of every week. JAS. COLMAN. W. McKAY WR[IGHT] Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHE[RSON]
BARRISTER, &c., Off[ice] Telegraph Buildings, Metcal[fe] Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KE[...]
BARRISTER and Atto[rney] Solicitor in Chancery, Conve[yancer] Office: Opposite Post Office, E[...] Rooms lately occupied as the Cu[...] Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTO[N]
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, [...] Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MA[...]
BARRISTER, Attorney, [...] OFFICE: Horne's Building, and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEO[D]
BARRISTER, Etc., for [...] OFFICES: Court House, Aylm[er] ham, C.E. Attends to all Law Court[s] Ottawa. February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEMM[ILL]
BARRISTERS, Attorne[ys] Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ot[tawa] ROBERT LEES. Jo[hn ...] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DA[...]
BARRISTER, Solicitor, [...] Notary Public, Clerk of the [...] Crown Attorney, for the United C[ounties] and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L[...] January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & NE[...]
BARRISTERS and Atto[rneys] Solicitors-in-Chancery, Con[veyancers] Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building [Ott]awa. WM. CLEGG. [Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK &[...]
BARRISTERS and Atto[rneys] Solicitors in Chancery, N[otaries] Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, opp[...] Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. [Ott]awa, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HUR[...]
LAND Agent and Broke[r ...] lic, has removed his office [...] a few doors to the South of Dan[...] is prepared to transact any [...] with the Crown Lands Departm[ent] Land Claims, taking out Patent[s] any agency for parties having [...] of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICA[L]

DR. OLIVER M[...]
DENTIST. Office: Spa[rks Street, Cen]tral Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. MA[...]
DENTIST. Office: Sus[sex ...] Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s [...] Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M.[D.]
HOMŒPATHIC Phy[sician] and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. [...] he office at night. References: Rev. George La[...] John Smith, Bowmanville; R[...] Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.[...] onto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adam[...] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WOL[...]
LATE of Quebec. Resi[dence ...] Square.

DR. C. LEG[GO]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon [...] Office: Hunton's Block, S[...]

JOHN SWEETLA[ND]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon [...] attending Physician to t[he ...] tal. Office and residence, co[rner ...] Mosgrove Streets, nearly oppo[site ...] fe's. Entrance on Mosgrove S[treet] Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C. W[...]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon [...] Ottawa, C. W.—Day offic[e ...] Sparks Street, Center Town; [...] Residence, Maria Street, Cent[re ...] CANCERS CURED, without the [knife] new, but certain, speedy, and [...] cess. References given to [...] treated, if required. The cure [...] Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J. H[...]
WELLINGTON Street [...] of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'REI[LLY]
YORK Street, opposit[e ...] tal. Ottawa, F[eb.] 7, 186[6.]

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 184. | OTTAWA C. W., MONDAY JULY 23, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

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W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. James's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.

Ottawa, March 26, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.

Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.

Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa

E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.

February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.

December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.

Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.

Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.

J. S. COLMAN. W. McKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.

Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.

Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.

Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.

Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.

Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.

Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.

☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.

February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.

Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.

Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.

Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.

Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.

WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.

References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,

Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. G. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town. Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*

Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. P. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.

Ottawa, F 7, 186 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.

RULING done to any pattern.

Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.

Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.

☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.

P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.

Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.

☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.

They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.

OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.

Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent,

AND

BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.

December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.

March 6, 1866. 65-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.

January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

11 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please, call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.

Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.

☞ Best Cod LIVER OIL always on hand.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3p.m.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the Union Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO

H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on th line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains; Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

Royal Mail Line of tea mers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) ... $2.50

Steerage ... 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.

Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to

G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.

Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.

my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.

For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.

my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by

S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE BATHS, TWO SIZES.
SPONGE BATHS, THREE SIZES
SITZ BATHS, TWO SIZES.
FOOT BATHS, THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S BATHS, THREE SIZES.
SHOWER BATHS, ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, SUSSEX STREET.

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

AND

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.

Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.

December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.

This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.

Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.

☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.

Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

4-tf

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862.

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St,

☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.

111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to

W. B. HEALEY,

Or to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

STEAMERS.

1866 1866

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON,

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAPT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!

[Established in 1844.]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,	...
ONTARIO,	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN,	— DEWITT,
EMPRESS,	Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT.

☞ Traveller, be not induced by loudr cies in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.

H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.

May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

awa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms hav been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.

June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.

Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.

April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,

89 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau treet.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.

Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

House to Let—J. G. Robinson.
Special Notice—Canadian Pain Destroyer.
Do do —Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.
Do do —Perry Davis' Pain Killer.
Do do —Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
American Invoices—Discounts—R. S. M. Bouchette
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.

ADVERTISING AGENCY —*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000!** and Weekly over **4,000!** making a total circulation in the week of **over 18,000!** thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(*Published every Friday morning.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at R. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 23, 1866.

In a recent issue we published the general recommendations of the Trade Commission for the removal of the obstructions to direct trade between British North America and the West Indies, Brazil and Mexico, with other interesting particulars extracted from their report. These recommendations or "suggestions" are reduced to seven propositions, only the first and last of which can be carried out by the Confederate Government at its own pleasure; the others are depending upon the joint action of our government with those of the colonies or countries referred to, but all likely to be of easy accomplishment provided prompt action is taken here to give effect to the first and last.

The first suggestion is to establish regular semi-monthly communication by a line of steamers between Halifax and St. Thomas, in the West Indies. "St. Thomas," say the Commissioners, "has been virtually a Free "Port for upwards of a century. The only "duty payable upon imports is 1½ per cent. *ad* "*valorem*. It is however not on account of "its productions, revenues or trade that St. "Thomas is important but because "it possesses a good harbour, perfectly land locked, easy of ingress and "egress, and is suited on account of its near- "ness to Europe—its being a convenient port "of call between Europe and Mexico—between "North America and the Brazils, Buenos "Ayres and other South American countries "—and its convenient position with respect to "the other West India Islands themselves— "to form the central point for the postal sys- "tem of these regions." After enumerating the various lines of vessels which touch at St. Thomas, the report says: "It would seem, "on this account to be the best place for the "West India terminus of the proposed British "North American line, as letters once at St. "Thomas can be easily distributed to any "other West India port. There are conve- "niences too, at St. Thomas, for docking, "examining, and repairing ships. The repre- "sentative of His Danish Majesty, His Excel- "lency Lieut.-Governor Rothe, assured the "Commission of his disposition to afford the "same encouragement to any mail steamers "from the British North American Provinces, "as is given to those already running from "European and United States ports. And "the managers of the various existing lines "expressed their willingness to afford facilities "for coaling and despatching the vessels of "any such such line on liberal terms." The Commissioners also say "in all probability a "considerable demand for the coals of Nova "Scotia will soon arise at St. Thomas, for "the supply of the steamships which frequent "that port. An order for a sample cargo "was obtained from Mr. Cameron, the agent "of the Royal Mail Steamship Company."

The pith of the seventh suggestion is, that the British American Provinces "should pre- "serve, as far as lies in their power, the ad- "vantage which they now possess, of being "able to produce, at a *cheaper cost* than any "other country, most of the great staples "which the inhabitants of the Tropics must "procure from Northern ports." This undoubtedly would be a wise policy, without especial reference to the establishment of a direct trade with the West Indies, for our changed commercial relations with the United States compel us to adopt a trade policy at direct variance with theirs, for the development of our resources, and the protection of our interests. The reasons which establish the probability of our being able successfully to compete with the United States for the trade of the West Indies, are of general application, and may all be reduced to the simple proposition that while in this country the cost of production has not been materially changed during the past ten years, it has been greatly enhanced by the American system adopted during and since the war. We can therefore go into the foreign market with the same article at a cheaper rate than they, and in proportion as we can by "a sound fiscal system" still further reduce the cost of production, our ability to compete with them will increase. The Commissioners thus resolve the question of our competition with our neighbors for the Trade of the West Indies:

"The inventive genius of the American people, the enterprise and activity of their merchants, the accumulation of capital in every branch of industry during many years of peace, and a national growth, by immigration, unparalleled in any age or country, gave them advantages in securing the trade of the W. I. which the newer, smaller, and almost exclusively agricultural communities on the shores of the Gulf and along the Valley of the St. Lawrence could not hope to obtain, in the ordinary course of events, for generations to come. But war, unexpected, unexampled, and terrible in its power and will to destroy, raised its standard in that favored country, and in little less than four years changed many, if not all of these conditions. A commercial policy, condemned by the experience and rejected by the public opinion of the most enlightened nations of the world, has followed in the wake of war, and greatly enhanced the cost of all domestic productions in the United States. The abrogation of a Treaty under which they imported free of duty most of the staples which enabled them to supply the requirements of the West Indies, has added to the difficulties under which that trade must now be carried on. The Commissioners believe, in view of these circumstances, that the advantages which the merchants and traders of the United States undoubtedly possessed over those of the British Provinces prior to 1862, are now more than equalized."

LOCAL NEWS.

THE PIC-NIC.—Don't forget the Pic-Nic of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, to-day at Hull. The sports will commence early in the day in order that the whole list may be got through with before dark.

A GOOD OPENING.—We believe that there is a good opening in this city for one or two first class music teachers, having lately heard several enquiries for such made. Our juvenile community is suffering for want of instructors in this most essential element of domestic happiness.

WELLINGTON WARD.—There was no contest for the Aldermanic seat for this ward on Saturday. Mr. Blasdell having retired from the contest, Mr. C. T. Bate was declared by the Returning Officer, as the duly elected representative. This gentleman will take his seat at the next meeting of the Council.

CAUGHT AT LAST.—For some time back, the officers of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, stationed in this city, have suffered annoyance from a series of petty thefts, which baffled all their skill to discover. On Saturday, our city detective's service was brought into play, and in a very short time one of the light-fingered gents was introduced to our public boarding house.

POSTPONED.—The concert advertised to take place at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening, in aid of the French Canadian Orphan Asylum, has been postponed for one week, as the committee of management, and wisely too, have no desire to come into collision with the Pic-Nic of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, which to-day will be the centre of attraction.

GRANTED.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to grant patents to Alexander Kirkwood, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Gentleman, for "A New and Improved chemical process for the production of a material for the manufacture of paper from wood shavings or wood saw dust," and for a "A New and useful combination or combinations of materials to produce a vendible substance or substances, for use as a fuel."

"CEAD-MILLE-A-FAILTHA."—A hearty and cordial Irish *cead-mille-a-failtha* will be extended to all no matter what their country, creed, or politics, who patronize the coming celebration of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, and as the Committee is determined to bring forward attractions which will stamp it as the event of the season, an immense crowd is expected. Save a few quarters therefore and look out for the I. P. B. S. We are also requested, to remind the members, that a full meeting of the Society is confidently expected this evening in McCarthy's Hall, at eight o'clock, to hear report of the celebration Committee.

THE BAND.—There was immense gathering on the Major's Hill, on Saturday evening, all seeming as happy as if life was one continual stream of bliss, but alas for poor humanity, all joys have their end, and so will our present one. The session will now soon be brought to a close—His Excellency depart for Europe, and the detachment and band proceed to Montreal; these moves will follow in rapid succession. As this band has afforded an immense and rare fund of enjoyment to all classes, we hope to see some one step forward and move in the matter of a proper appreciation of their talent, and the source of pleasure they have afforded.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following are from the *Canada Gazette*, of Saturday:—*Ottawa City Rifle Independent Company of Infantry.*—An Independent Company of Infantry is hereby authorized in the City of Ottawa, to be styled the "Ottawa City Rifle Independent Company of Infantry." To be Captein: Robert Lyon, Esquire. To be Lieutenant: Major John C. T. Cochrane, 1st N. S. Bn., York Military School. To be Ensign: W. Wade, Gentleman. *2nd Rifle Company, Prescott.*—To be Lieutenant, (Temporary): Ensign James Morrow Walsh, Military School. To be Ensign (temporary): James Hurley, Gentleman, Military School.

POLICE COURT.—Jonathan Buftin, foul premises, postponed till Tuesday next. Daniel Kelly charged with cruelty to animals. On the 19th inst., the defendant had a calf in the stall with its legs tied together with a large rope. Constable Little ordered him. Three quarters of an hour after it was still tied, defendant also had a sheep tied. Constable took them away and received great abuse. Fine $4 and costs. Denise Dubie, selling liquor without license. Fine $20 and costs, to be levied by distress or in default three weeks in jail. Joseph Laframboise charged with stealing a pair of shoes value $1,38 from G. H. Preston, Rideau street, pleaded guilty, and elected to be tried summarily; sentence one month at hard labor in jail.

A BITTER PILL.—Medicine is at all times, and in all shapes, a bitter pill: wry faces are put on even by the old and staid, when the dose must be swallowed. This, however, is not the case with De Witt's famed Tonic, or Anti-Dyspeptic Bitters, they are pleasant to take, and as a regulator for the stomach, have no equal. The great majority of this class of articles, are warranted to cure all the ills unto which poor humanity is heir, but not so with this. Mr. Vaughan, the agent, makes no loud praises of this Bitters, but there is one fact well worth remembering, that is, wherever they are once introduced and used they open a market by their own virtue. They are now the most popular Bitters in this locality, and deservedly so too.

FIRE AT THE CHAUDIERE.—About two o'clock on Sunday morning, a fire broke out in a small unoccupied frame building, on Bridge street, Chaudiere, and had there have been anything of a breeze blowing at the time, we have no doubt that a disastrous conflagration would have to be recorded this morning, all resulting from the internal hand of an incendiary. The Chaudiere engine was first on the ground; Central Hook and Ladder second, and the Queen engine, from lower town, third and last, as none of the others put in an appearance.—The usual want of management was again visible, no one to give orders for the uniting of efforts, thus, at a far less expense, and in a shorter time, achieve that which the members of every company are striving, with might and main, to accomplish. Had there been, as there should, a proper supply of hose, the first engine on the spot could have easily extinguished this fire, without expending one cent; or when the second one arrived, she could have been sent to the race, and thrown her stream to the other, and a continuous one would have been thus given, the result of which cannot fail to be perceived. From day to day this bungling is going on, and to all appearances will, until some heavy disaster occurs, then there will be a general wakening up, old style, lock the door after the horse is stolen.

THE GREAT PLEASURE TRIP AND PIC-NIC OF THE SEASON, AND CHRISTENING THE STR. "ALEXANDRA."

Friday last was the day chosen by the officers of the Rifle Brigade stationed here, to give a treat to their friends in the capital before taking their departure, which we are sorry to hear is expected soon to take place. It was also determined by the Ottawa River Navigation Company to christen their new steamer at the same time. Two o'clock p. m. was the hour chosen for the ceremony. Soon after that hour the distinguished pleasure party assembled on the upper deck to witness it. Mrs. E. M. Hopkins, the accomplished lady of Mr. Hopkins, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company, having been invited for the purpose, was escorted to her position, when she proceeded to break a bottle of champagne against the vessel's side in the usual manner, at the same time pronouncing the royal name *Alexandra*. The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade then immediately struck up the "Prince of Wales' March." It was intended to play the Danish March, but the music could not be procured in time. The *Alexandra* then let go her moorings, and to the inspiring strains of harmony, glided smoothly down the peaceful bosom of the glorious Ottawa, *the great national river* of the country. Its verdant and wooded banks do not present the picturesque ruggedness of the Danube, nor the vine-clad beauty of the Rhine: still its shores are beautiful and full of interest, fertility and salubrity. Years hence, we hope before the *Alexandra* shall have finished her aquatic career towns and villages, *not* few and far between, will have arisen, to furnish her and her embryo consorts with freight and passengers. While moving smoothly and noiselessly, though rapidly along, we proceed with the aid to introduce the company. Gen. Lindsay intended to be present, but had to return from the boat before starting, to transact business with His Excellency the Governor-General:

Mrs. E. M. Hopkins, Montreal; Col. Irvine, P. A. D. C., and the Misses Irvine, Judge Armstrong, and Mrs. Geddes, Hon. Mr., Mrs. and Misses Macdougall, Hon. Donald Macdonald, M. L. C., and Mrs. and the Misses Macdonald, Col., Mrs. and Misses Wiley, Col. and Mrs. Cumberland, Col., Mrs., and the Misses Coffin, Captain and Mrs. Glover, Miss Cote and Miss Russell, Dr. and Mrs. Wolff, Mr. G., Mrs. F. and the Misses Bouchette, Capt. and Mrs. Bowie, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Powell, Mr. Mrs. and the Misses Reifenstein, Mr. R. Haycock, and Miss Ridout, Mrs. and the Misses Stanton and Mrs. Gough, Mr. Alfred and Miss Patrick, Mrs. and Miss Hurd, Mr. and Mrs. A. Stewart, Mr. C. McNabb, and the Misses Smith, Capt. Pemberton, A. D. C., Mr. A. Hart, Montreal, Mr. J. P. Macpherson, Mr. Drinkwater, Mr. Malloch, Mrs. E. Griffin and Miss Major, Mr. W. Miller, Mr. James Audy, Mr. G. Powell. Officers of Rifle Brigade.—Col. Elrington, Major Newdigate, Capt. Percival, Capt. Mildmay, Lieut. Anstruther, Lieut. Drummond, Lieut. Seymour, Lieut. Monck, Dr. Scott, Dr. Wiles, and some others whose names we did not learn.

The boat touched at Buckingham for a moment and proceeded on her way. On meeting the *Queen Victoria* cheers and waving of handkerchiefs were reciprocated. A little before sunset she reached her destination—a most delightful spot, and the site of an old French fort, at present the summer residence of G. B. L. Fellowes, Esq., and called by him *Butternut Grove*. Here the excursionists went ashore, wandering about as fancy led them; some reclining on the greensward, some sitting on fallen trees, and others wending their way among the trees and shrubs, while some again were shifting about to get different views of one of the most beautiful landscapes it has ever been our lot to witness. The setting sun and the rising moon united to "lend enchantment to the view." The trees on the farther bank were seen distinctly in their forms and foliage reflected down deep in the still water, whilst the real trees and all the rural accompaniments were illuminated by a rich bright saffron background. And then the water in the distant reach presented hues of such inexpressible tenderness, as would suffice to attract a Turner across the Atlantic, and furnish matter to Ruskin for a volume. But yonder is another scene requiring attention. There are youth threading the mazes of the dance in front of Mr. Fellowes' house, and age looking on admiringly. Some of these have drank in rejuvenating inspirations from the view, and are frisking about as in days of yore, *sans* the bounding elasticity. The band are using their lanterns,—it is dark, and the seniors have had enough practice—the cry is "to the boat." So arm in arm and hand in hand the groups move off. There is a large force remaining behind—they have laid siege to their host's house, and would not raise it until Mr. Fellowes and his family should consent to return to town; some of the garrison went over to the enemy and the gentlemen had no alternative but to yield.

On returning to the boat the tables were laid and all that could be desired was there in profuse abundance. The choicest wines were most plentifully supplied to all the guests, and in a little while preparations were made for a dance in earnest; and all engaged in it *con amore*, as if it was part of their creed, and why not? In moderation, dancing is a good thing, and every soul on board the good ship *Alexandra* thought so, from the sage of the tribunals through all grades and ages, and both sexes down to the stoker's boy; no feet, no limbs were still till the boat touched shore at midnight, to the irresistible strains of Sir Roger de Coverly. After that the band played the National Anthem, and that was the finale of the most fashionable trip and pic-nic perhaps in the history of Ottawa, one in which all were striving to promote the comfort of each, and each for all. Captain Bowie and the officers of the garrison were noticed by all the company, as zealous in their endeavours to make every one happy.

PLEASURE PIC-NIC.

To the Editor of the Times.

DEAR SIR,—As a guest, yesterday, of the officers of the Detachment of the 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade, I trust you will permit me to give a brief, although very imperfect sketch, of the delightful entertainment given by them to some of their friends in Ottawa.

At half-past two o'clock, the invited guests began to flock on board the new steamer at the wharf, and soon after that hour, Mrs. Hopkins, of Montreal, wife of the manager of the Hon. Hudson Bay Company, accompanied by Major-General the Hon. James Lindsay, at present commanding the forces, as had been arranged, proceeded to name the boat, which was done by the usual mode of breaking a bottle of wine on her bows, and at three o'clock the *Alexandra* steamed off with a happy party on board, who were enlivened by sweet music from the band. We arrived at Butternut Grove, the residence of Lyon Fellowes, Esq., about six o'clock, and after paying our respects to Mrs. Fellowes, walked about the grounds, and were most kindly received by Mr. and Mrs. Fellowes. After strolling about for an hour, the welcome call of the day, to a soldier's ear, the "Roast beef of old England," was heard from the steamer, followed by three loud whistles from the steam-pipe, to announce "Ladies and gentlemen, dinner is ready;" need I say every lady and gentleman was soon present at the dinner roll call, and did ample justice to the handsome dinner prepared by their kind hosts, and I can safely assert, that of all such similar entertainments, I never have seen such kind attention shown as that of yesterday, by Major Newdigate, and the officers of the detachment under his command, and well may the people of Ottawa regret their near departure.

After dinner, dancing was commenced, and vigorously kept up until half-past 11 o'clock, when we found ourselves along side of the wharf in Ottawa.

As far as my memory will allow, I add a list of the invited guests who were present: Mrs. Hopkins, of Montreal, the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Macdougall, and the Misses Macdougall, Col. Irvine, A.D.C. to Governor-Gen'l, and the Misses Irvine, Col., Mrs., and Misses Coffin, Captain Pemberton, A. D. C., to Governor-General, Col., Mrs., and Miss Wylie, Col. Cumberland, the Hon. Mr., Mrs., and Miss McDonald of the Legislative Council, Captain Glover, Staff Officer of Pensioners, and Mrs. Glover, Miss Coate, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stewart, Mr., Mrs., and the Miss Reiffeinsteins, Mrs. and Miss Hurd, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Alfred Patrick, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Powell, Col. Elrington, Commanding 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade, Montreal, Mrs. and the Misses Stanton, Mrs. Gough, the Misses Russell, Doctor, Mrs., and Miss Wolffe, Mr. Haycock, and Miss Smith, Mrs. Bouchette, Jr., and the Misses Bouchette, Dr. Scott, Rifle Brigade, Montreal, Lieutenant Drummond, Rifle Brigade, Montreal.

When the guests bid good-night the universal buzz of voices all poured forth the same language, what a charming party we have had, and how kind and attentive all the officers were. Captain Bowie was also very civil and kind to all on board of his boat.

Ottawa, July 21st 1866.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Citizen:

SIR,—On Monday evening last, I sent you a correction of certain errors, in what purported to be a statement of *facts*, connected with the so-called "Buckingham mystery," published in your paper of that day. I made no charge of *wilful* perversion, or of any other impropriety. I simply assumed that your reporter had been misinformed, as to what had occurred, previous to his arrival in Buckingham. I never supposed that the "opinions" or "judgment" of your reporter, were a matter of public concern. *You*, sir, are *responsible* for the statements which you publish, emanating from your own *employees*, under whatever heading they may appear, and to that responsibility you will be held. I have good reason for saying, by the parties immediately interested. I therefore treat the article, which appeared in your issue of to-day, in reply to my letter, as *your own*.

Permit me then, to say, that as you have not traversed one of my statements of *fact*, but on the contrary, have endeavored to *glaze over* your previous errors, by raising false issues on nearly every point on which you had been corrected, as well as by your further remarks on the subject. You have been guilty of a grave abuse of your position, as a journalist, inasmuch as you have endeavored, by unfair means, to produce in the public mind, an impression unfavorable to a person still under examination, and against whom not one atom of direct proof has been produced.

How, Sir, can you justify the publication of of such remarks as these, that "Mr. Babin is of a moody temperament," that, "he has a sinister cast of features," that "he exhibits a degree of stoicism most unnatural to his position," and your reproduction of a hearsay report of his demeanor when the grave of his sister was opened. Do you not know, sir, that the publication of these worthless utterances affects the life, nay the *more* than life of a person, heretofore of unspotted character, and who may yet be proved perfectly innocent, not only of crime, but also of what you are pleased directly, to charge him "grossly unnatural conduct."

Your article of to-day sets out by endeavouring to make it appear that my correction of your errors in statements of *fact* is merely a conflict of *opinion*, in which you have the advantage of having nine-tenths of the people of Buckingham on your side. Let it now be known then, that the whole people of Buckingham, with the exception of the parties interested, have been rigidly excluded from the Coroner's Jury Rooms, that they have had no means, but common report of ascertaining facts, that as a consequence the most wildly improbable tales are in circulation in Buckingham and neighbourhood, and then let your readers choose if they will between adopting the opinions of a people thus ill-informed, or reserving judgement, till at least the Coroner's Jury have rendered their verdict. The public do not want "opinions" in such a case as this; they want facts. It is their right. It is the right of a person suspected, but not accused, that if anything be published it sha'll be the truth. Let us come then to the facts. Referring you to what has been already published, I adopt the same numbers; and commence with:

ERROR NO. 1.—If you had confined yourself at first to the words as you to-day *mis-quote* them "that Mr. Babin kept the knowledge of his "sisters' presence in the house a secret." It might have passed as a partial, but not incorrect statement. Pray, why *dare you not* requote your own words? Why, do you leave out the term "*profound secret*"?

Sir, did you not intend to convey to the public, that the presence of his sister in the house being such a *profound* secret, her disappearance would have remained equally *in profundis*, had not the body been accidentally discovered?

That *is* the popular belief, misled as men are by such statements as you and others have made; whereas the *fact* with which I supplied you that her residence with him was known at least to a dozen persons and possibly many more goes to show that if Mr. Babin murdered his sister, he did so with the *certainty* before his eyes that he must shortly be called on to account for her.

This would be sheer insanity and Mr. Babin is not an insane person.

ERROR NO. 2.—And so *I* am as far or further astray than you on this point!! Let the public judge.

Your first statement * * nor could he recognise the man (Ledoux) it he were to see him again.

My Correction "He *never* so stated, on the contrary he stated that he *could* recognise him."

Your amendment "Mr. Babin did not state that he could recognise him, but that he *thought he could*"!!

How much better would it have looked had you if only on this point, made the *amende honorable* and frankly acknowledged your error.

ERROR NO. 3.—I do *not* call the description given of Ledoux a "perfect" description, but "as perfect a description as could be reasonably expected of a man possessing so marked peculiarities. Pray what would be an "intelligent description" of your "intelligent" self?

ERROR NO. 4.—(Respecting the place where the body was found.) Surely a more Satanical twisting of truth into the service of error never was penned than your original statement. Your attempt to explain it away, coupled with a reiteration of the assertion that "it was near Mr. Babin's house."

"The facts are these: Mr. Babin's house is situated on, or near the margin of a sort of bay below the Upper Buckingham Falls, this bay being known as the "big eddy." This eddy never gives up any floating substance in the spring until after the water has fallen below a certain mark. This year that event did not take place, till some days *after* the body of the girl was found. The eddy this spring was full of saw logs. That the body could not have been in it at all without being crushed to pieces, is known to all men familiar with the locality. The body *was* found near the shore below this eddy, close by a number of houses of the villagers. The facts all point to the conclusion, that whether put into the water by Mr. Babin or not, it was near the centre of the village, and comparatively far away from his house that the deed was done. Compare now the above with your original statement, "the body having been found below an eddy in a most secluded position," together with your comment on Mr. John O. Smith's testimony. The eddy where the body was found, goes up to the accused's garden. Compare, I say, these statements with the *facts*, and shall I not be justified when I say, that the public mind has been *poisoned* by your insinuations.

ERROR NO. 5.—Your statement that "Mr. Babin admitted that he had made no enquiries after his sister from the time he gave her in charge of Ledoux," though it may be "wholly" true yet it may also be a *quasi* error from a *suppressio veri*, a keeping back of mere truth.

Your mode of making truth do the duty of error, in the present instance lies in this, that you take a part of Mr. Babin's testimony which may be used against him, and do not give the remainder, which may be in his favor, yet both standing on the same basis equally false, or, equally true. This however I will admit in such a report as yours is quite a venial sin.

No. 6.—The correction which I made to this error certainly demands some further explanation from me. Mr. Babin never stated positively that he removed his sister on the 6th April. His statement before he had the opportunity of referring to his note book was, as I remember it, near the beginning of April, he could not be certain of the date. When he afterwards produced his note-book, in it there appeared the entry under date 6th April, "Marie started for Ottawa with Mr. L."

Mr. Babin explained that this entry was not made at the time, but some two or three weeks afterwards, that he referred both to the girl and to his wife and upon consultation they came to the conclusion which led him to enter the date—6th April.

If that should prove to be an error it does not bring Mr. Babin's testimony in *conflict* with that of Mr. Smith or his servant. The latter confirms the fact of the reference having been made to her by Mr. Babin when making the entry. The servant has stated in my hearing that it was on a Thursday night that Marie left.

Now, the first two Thursdays in April were the 5th and the 12th. It she left on the 5th, the date 6th might possibly mean the date from which her board commenced. If she left on the 12th, travelling was quite possible in a cutter, as a heavy fall of snow took place on the 11th, and there was much old ice on the roads. What the date 15th April, which you drag in, has to do with the matter, I cannot comprehend, except that it may serve to throw a little more dust in the eyes of the public, and give them a more purblind view of the whole affair.

As to Mr. John O. Smith, I should be sorry to utter one word against his character, or cast the slightest suspicion on his evidence, which so far as I can see has but little bearing on the case. My reason for speaking of him at all was this: When you supposed his evidence contradicted that of Mr. Babin, you were pleased to introduce his testimony and himself to the public as the "*sworn* (italics mind) testimony of Mr. Jno. O. Smith, a man of the highest standing in the community." This description, according to the opinion of several educated gentlemen, to whom I have referred it, means, "a man in a high social position,"—a man to whom the majority of his neighbors *look up*. In giving his real position, I did not look upon it as a reproach to him, a secton of a church being usually a trustworthy man, but as a reproach to *you*, for overstating his rank, in order to give his evidence a factitious weight.

Mr. Smith, judging from his letter to you, is clearly not a man who would say with David, "I would rather be a door-keeper in the house of my God than to dwell in the courts of Princes." It also appears that he considers your report in which he is called a man of the highest standing in the community to be "an account entirely thruthful and in accordance with facts." But let that pass.

My letter to you sir, was not intended to "improve Mr. Babins position". It was written to save you and the public from doing him (even if he were guilty) a grave injustice, by judging him on an erroneous statement of facts.

With the public or a portion of them, my object may have been attained. With you, I regret to see it has not. If your conduct in this matter were generally imitated by the press, it would soon be impossible to empanel a jury in the land who had not already made up their minds as to his guilt.

I will only add that in these letters I have made no statement for which I am not fully prepared to produce incontrovertible proof.

S. T. PEARCE.

Ottawa Hotel,
Montreal, July 12th 1866.

SCIENTIFIC PAPERS.

Flowering and Fruiting of native and naturalized Plants, growing in the neighborhood of Ottawa, as observed by Dr. McGillivray, and Mr. Billings, for the week ending 21st July, instant:

In Flower.

Ranunculus Flammula, L. var. reptans, (Small Spearwort;) Hypericum ellipticum, Hook, (Elliptic St. John's Wort;) Hypericum mutilum, L, (Small-flowered St. John's Wort;) Rudbeckia hirta, L, (Hairy Rudbeckia; Utricularia vulgaris, L, (Common Bladderwort;) Scutellaria galericulata, L, (Common Skullcap;) Scutellaria lateriflora, L, (Mad-dog Skullcap,) Solanum nigrum, L, (Common Nightshade;) Amarantus retroflexus, L, (Hairy Amarantus;) Euphorbia Helioscopia, L, (Sun Spurge;) Laportea Canadensis, Gaudich, (Canadian Nettle;) Typha latifolia, L, (Broad-leaved Cat-tail;) Potamogeton pectinatus, L, (Fennel-leaved Pondweed;) Potamogeton hybridus, Michx, (Small Floating Pondweed;) Potamogeton Perfoliatus, L, (Perfoliate Pondweed;) Scirpus sylvaticus, L, (Dark-green Club Rush;) Glyceria Canadensis, Trin, (Rattlesnake Grass; Phalaris Canariensis, L, (Canary Grass;) Panicum dichotomum, L, (Variable Panic-grass;) Panicum Crus-galli, L, (Cock's-foot-grass.

In Fruit.

Carex Œderi, Ehrh, (Œder's Sedge;) Pteris aquilina, L, (Common Brake; Adiantum pedatum, L, (Maiden hair,) Asplenium Felix-foemina, R, Br, (Female Spleenwort;) Aspidium Thelypteris, Swartz, (Marsh Shield Fern;) Osmunda regalis, L, (Flowering Fern.)

Insects observed from 8th to 21st July, inst., for the first time this season:

Coleoptera.

Cicindela repanda, Dej; Cicindela 12-guttata, Dej; Amara patricia, Lec; Antherophagus ochraceus, Mels; Agrilus ruficollis, Say; Limonius confusus, Lec; Oestodes tennuicollis, Lec; Asaphes memnonius, Lec; Eros sculptilis, Say; Clytus speciosus, Say; Clytus leucozanus; Heliomanes bimaculatus, Say; Clytus Nobilis, Harris; Leiopus angulatus, Lec; Desmocerus palliatus, Forst; Leptura Fugax, Fabr; Galeruca tomentosa, L; Physocnemeim brevilineum, Say; Anoplium pilosum, Forst; Chrysochus auratus, Fabr; Boros unicolor, Say; Tenebrio molitor, L; Mordella melaena, Germ; Mordella lineata, Mels; Mordella borealis, Lec.

A mutilated specimen of Calsoma scrutator was found a few days ago by Joseph Aumond, Esq., in the yard attached to his block of building on Rideau Street; This beautiful insect is not generally supposed to inhabit this part of Canada, and might have been conveyed to this place from the West in a package of merchandize. That it may occur here is not more improbable than that of Clytus nobilis, a specimen of which was captured lately, on the Major's Hill, by Mr. Willson, Cashier of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

Lepidoptera.

Melitaea phaeton, Gram; Limenitis arthemis, Drur; Neonymphe Boisduvallii, Harris; Erebia nephele, Kirby; Smerinthus geminatus, Say; Clisiocampa Americana, Harris; Deilephila Chamaenerii; Harris; Limacodes cippus, Sm; Cataclysta annularis, Walk; Datana ministra, Sm.

QUEBEC SPECIAL DESPATCH.

Indignation Meeting at Quebec.

Mayor Cauchon's Bill strongly denounced.

QUEBEC, July 21.—The call of the pro-Mayor, pursuant to requisition, for a public meeting to protest against the provisions of Mr. Cauchon's bill, as infringing on the liberties and privileges of the citizens was, this afternoon, responded to by a gathering, of at least 5,000 people. The meeting had to be adjourned from the City Hall to the front of the Court House for want of room. Mr. Pruneau, the pro-Mayor, presided, and opened the meeting. The speakers were Alderman Hearn, G. O. Stuart, M. A. Plamondon, D. A. Ross, John Sparles, J. Burstall, T. H. Grant and P. Garneau, Esquires. Among those present besides, were—W. Herring, L. Gibb, M. Stevenson, H. G. Forsyth, M. G. Worthington, J. Dinning, J. C. Thompson, J. Dean, J. Palmer, J. G. Ross, N. Brown, J. K. Boswell Esquires, and other influential citizens. Resolutions, condemnatory of the bill and endorsing the action of the Council in relation to it, were passed unanimously.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Arrival of the City of Paris.

Three Days Later News.

No Armistice Agreed upon.

Napoleon Reported to have taken steps of Intervention.

Movement of the Great Ironclad Fleet.

SANDY HOOK, 20th.—The S. S. *City of Paris* has arrived.

No armistice has yet been agreed to, but negotations were continued.

The Italian papers say that Prussia had declined the armistice.

Semi-official Vienna papers state that Napoleon had taken fresh steps of an energetic character to effect an armistice.

An armed mediation had been announced at Prussian headquarters.

The *Kangaroo* arrived out on the 10th, and the *City of New York* and *Germania* on the 11th.

La France states that the Italian Cabinet strongly recommends Italy to accept Napoleon's mediation.

Prussia does not stay her victorious march, making Pardubitz her headquarters. Her armies either have taken possession of Pardubitz or will shortly do so.

Prince Charles had seized the railroad to Prague, and seems likely to march direct south to Vienna.

The proportion of wounded in the late battles is 8 Austrian to 1 Prussian.

Cholera continues to rage at Stellin and Berlin.

The scourge was rapidly increasing on the 7th. 148 cases were reported in Berlin, of which 71 proved fatal.

The Austrians have beaten the Italians at Borgo Forte and Monte Luello.

The Italians were repulsed five times at Borgo Forte.

Gen. Cialdini crossed the Po on the 8th, into Venetia, at the head of three army corps.

The assertion of *La France* that France has recommended Italy not to attack Venetia is discredited in Berlin.

The fords on the Elbe between Pardubitz and Elbe-Leinitry are in the hands of the Prussians.

Marshall Benedek appears to be withdrawing towards Brunn, followed by both armies.

NEW YORK, 21.—*The Post's* money article says, Stock Market dull, and drooping; receipts of Treasure to-day, from California, was $2,064,002.

NEW YORK, 21.—Five deaths by cholera and 7 in Brooklyn to-day, out of twenty cases.

The Globe believes the continent to be on the brink of a general European war.

Prussia continues firm in her demands.

The Italians were advancing in spite of French orders.

The French iron clad squadron were ordered to Venice on the night of the 11th. The Cherbourg squadron were also ordered to sail; destination unknown.

Cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales on Thursday, 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs unchanged, but firmer. Provisions heavy and dull. Consols 87¼ a 88¼; 5-20's 67¾ a 67¼. Erie, 39¼. Ill. 75¼ a 76¼.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Indian troubles in Omaha.

The Cholera rapidly spreading in New York.

It has broken out amongst the troops on Hart's Island.

Nine deaths on Hart's Island, and ten on Governor's Island yesterday, from Cholera.

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 20th.—Rev. J. C. Richmond while standing in his meadow to-day, was struck by Richard Lewis and killed.

NEW YORK, July 21st.—The steamer *Herman* with three days later foreign news is signalled.

A special to *The Tribune* from Leavenworth yesterday says, the reports telegraphic from Omaha, that peace had been made with the Indians, was a mistake. The inhabitants on the border are arming and making preparations for their own protection. The Indians have given the overland stage Co. six days to move the stations from New Montana or Powdan river route, and declare war to the knife to all trespassers.

NEW YORK, July 21.—*The Herald's* correspondent, from Paris, Vienna and Berlin, confirm the accuracy of the telegraphic report from Halifax, in attributing the most important consequences as likely to result from the defeat of the Austrian army at Sadowa, and the cession of Venetia to France by Austria. The prevailing opinion was that the war would be continued, notwithstanding the armistice of proposition of Austria but the very pointed questions in diplomatic and political circles were, will Napoleon, who is acknowledged master of the situation, so far as Italy is concerned, permit Prussia, flushed with triumph, to batter Austria to the earth? And will he complete the unity of Italy by turning over Venice to Victor Emanuel, unclogged with conditions, and thus giving him Rome, or give Rome to the church, and thus leave Italy incomplete?

Mercantile letters from Hayti, speaking of the recent revolution that was mentioned as just breaking out, say that the universal impression is that the overthrow of Geffrard's Government will be the result.

NEW YORK, 21.—The morning papers have the following telegrams from Washington: Senor Romero states that he has positive information that troops are being despatched to Mexico by Napoleon.

A despatch to *The Times* denies the statement that Gen. Rousseau has sent in his resignation. He will, however, to-day, and also announce it to the House.

The inhabitants of Vienna were vastly depressed by the news from the field of Sadow, and the citizens of Berlin were proportionately elated. The Viennese, however, were disposed to take a philosophical view of affairs, hoping as had been frequently the case with Austria after defeat, that all would turn out for the best.

NEW YORK, July 21st.—The official reports show that cholera is making rapid headway over the entire metropolitan district. It broke out among the troops at Hart's Island yesterday, nine deaths occurring at that place during the day, and ten deaths on Governor's Island. Two cases proved fatal in the city out of seven, and five cases in Brooklyn resulted fatally out of sixteen.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

Governor's Secretary's Office.

Ottawa, 17th July, 1866.

His Excellency the Governor-General has directed the publication of the following despatches from the Secretary of State for the colonies, for general information.

DENIS GODLEY.

DOWNING STREET, 30th June, 1866.

MY LORD,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's Despatch No. 53, of the 14th June, enclosing copies of reports addressed to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Mitchel, by the several officers whose names are noted in the margin relative to the recent Fenian Invasion at Fort Erie.

Her Majesty's Government deplore the loss of life which has thus occurred, but they congratulate you on the complete discomfiture of the large and comprehensive plan of attack which had been arranged.

Her Majesty's Government unite with you in the tribute you pay to the energy and good faith exhibited by the American Government on this occasion, and they confidently trust that the efficient measures which have been adopted by both the United States and the Provincial Government will secure British Territory from any further attack.

Your account of the spirit which animates the Canadian people, of their appreciation of the free institutions under which they live, and of their loyalty to the Throne, is in the highest degree satisfactory.

The cheerfulness with which they suspended their industrial occupations in order to serve in the ranks of the Volunteers, and the zeal which they exhibited in the service reflect the greatest credit upon them.

I shall have much pleasure in bringing under the notice of the Secretary of State for War the testimony you bear to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Michel, and the officers under his command, in the able disposition of the troops, both, Regulars and Volunteers, and I will not fail to call the attention of the Lords Commissioners of the Admirality to the praise awarded by you to the Officers of the Royal Navy quartered at Quebec and Montreal.

I will also bring under the notice of the Secretary of State for War the name of Colonel MacDougall, the Adjutant-General of Militia, whose services have been so highly appreciated by you.

I have &c.,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
VISCOUNT MONCK, &c., &c.

DOWNING STREET, June 30th, 1866

MY LORD,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's Despatch of the 8th instant, No. 48, in which you enclosed to me a copy of the speech with which you had that day opened the session of the Canadian Parliament.

I have read with great interest your tribute to the spirit displayed by the people of Canada, in their ready response to your Proclamation calling out for active service a large portion of the Volunteer Militia Force. You justly told your Parliament that the spirit thus evinced by the people of Canada, had received the approval of Her Majesty's Government. They have not failed to appreciate as it deserves the loyalty of all classes of Her Majesty's subjects throughout the North American Provinces. Her Majesty's Government deplore with you the loss of life and suffering entailed upon the gallant body of Volunteers who resisted the invasion of Her Majesty's Territory by a band of lawless maurauders; and cordially approve the satisfaction with which you speak of the friendly course adopted by the President of the United States of America.

It is with especial gratification that I observe the reference you have made to the great question of the union of the British North American Provinces.

I rejoice to know that the recent proceedings of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, and of the Legislative Council of New Brunswick, together with the result of the recent election of Members of the Legislative Assembly in that Province, fully warrant the confident expectation you expressed that at some very early period the noble buildings in which for the first time you then addressed the Parliament of Canada, will receive a Parliament not confined to an Assembly of the representatives of Canada alone, but embracing those of all the Colonies of British North America.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
VISCOUNT MONCK, &c., &c.

LETTER FROM A DISBANDED FENIAN.

MR. EDITOR,—Its mesilf that feels imposed upon and used up intirely. Bad luck to the man that persuaded me with his blarney from my precious ould home, with lots o' good living, an' lashuns o' whiskey, to shoot at Canucks in the British sheep pasture up north of the lakes. Bad luck to him, I say, an' if I live a hundred years I won't risk my life with such nonsense again. I'll die first.

You see, the case was in this wise. About four years ago one Michael O'Flarity, he comes to me, an' says he, "Finnegan, do you want to join the Faynians?" "What's that?" says I. "A great military organization," says he. "Does it fight for the stars an' stripes an' aigle of liberty?" says I. "The devil a bit," says he. Then it was that he put the tip of his forefinger to the point of his nose, and winked with both eyes till I thought he meant something to destroy the Government, the best the sun ever shone on, for I once heard a man say so in a speech. So to punish him for insultin' me, I tossed a shamrock at his head, an' I belaive he remembers it. The shamrock was a brick, ye see.

After awhile Tim comes to me again, an' he tells me the Faynians is a body of men who are goin' to flog the British an' release ould Ireland from tyrannical rule. I was glad of that, an' I tould him I'd join on that very evening. Then we shook hands and took a shmile, O'Flaherty an' me.

That very night I went into the Faynians tooth an' toe nails an' all my ould clothes. Night an' day we drilled an' worked to learn how to shoot down the inemy. The officer drilled us, and shpeakers bored us, an' we all felt merry, for they said we would take Canada an' thin the blessed ould Island would be free again.

Well, about two thousand of us started for the Canada border, which is a very troublesome piece of American embroidery. I felt glorious, Misther Editor, an' my heart went pity Pat. But I went to the front, an' bedad its a wonder I didn't shtay there. The commander said we would come out victorious, but the miracle was that we came out at all. The red-coats were all around us, an' the Americans wouldn't let recruits pass over to us, because may be they couldn't pay the fare. Funds was mighty low, and reinforcements couldn't get transportation you see. If they had fallen into British hands, they would have got transportation for life. So when we saw that we couldn't get help, we left Pigeon Hill, an' gave it up to the British again, the spalpeens. We couldn't hould a place like that. It wasn't our game. Next day I was musthered out. Faith, its a wonder I wasn't peppered out. I got my discharge without a mouthful of rations, back pay or bounty. My musket has not been discharged yet. I could neither get any back pay, nor aaybody to pay my way back, so I had to foot my own bills. But I'm full of patriotism as ever, an' long for the day that is to shorten the bondage of Erin, the land o' my birth. (That's poetry.)

But I won't go to Canada again. It's a mighty fine country it is, and a good place to take, but it don't pay. My Colleen Bawn an' the childers may wake to dreame o' future bliss an' prosperity, for their husband an' father has unsoldiered himself an' will hereafter leave Canada in peace an' barrenness. It's at home I am, an' I've commenced Wearin' o' the Green. With a heart firm in the cause, an' a body that means to keep out of it till the prospects brighten, I am, Misther Editor,

TIM FINNEGAN, T. C., (Tail Centre.)

—The Paris correspondent of *The London Daily News* says that the Emperor gave a private audience to General Beauregard on June 26th, and afterwards sent one of his chamberlains to accompany him to the Corps Legislatif.

—A second Dr. Tumblety, styling himself the Rev. Dr. Potts, who has been fleecing the poor, lame and crippled at Port Hope, out of considerable sums, by pretending to cure all their diseases in the twinkle of an eye, made a very speedy retreat from there on Saturday night. A mob gathered round the hotel where he had his rooms, and gave him warning to leave immediately. He took the hint, and early the next morning was seen on foot making quick time on the road to Cobourg.

FLAX CULTURE.

(Communicated by J. A. Donaldson, Esq.)

This new and valuable branch of Canadian industry is fast gaining the attention of the farming community, and is well deserving, not only of their notice, but also that of capitalists and men of enterprise.

While the crop produces valuable seed from which is extracted a large quantity of oil, most useful in its place—a valuable production is also obtained in the oil cake for feeding cattle. But the great secret of wealth is in the fibre, when separated from the straw, as in the preparation of this portion of the crop a large amount of labour is required, producing as it does, an immense amount of employment after the crop is removed from the field.

In the first place, the seed has to be taken off. The straw or fibre must then be removed to the meadow, and allowed to remain twelve or fourteen days, during which time it is necessary it should be turned once, and when the woody part is sufficiently rotted, it is taken up and carted to the mill. It there undergoes the process of breaking and scutching, to prepare it for the spinner and weaver, by whom it is either converted into cordage, thread, twines, ropes, and linen of various descriptions, together with seamless bags. All this entails a large amount of expense, which is distributed among the laboring classes of the community, from the most unskilled hand at work to the scientific artizan, whose skill in other countries more advanced than ours in the manufacture of this article commands the admiration of all classes.

The cultivation of flax is not more profitable than interesting. From its tiny seed, the smallest of any which we commit to earth, we derive, not only our finest linens, lawns, and cambrics, but also the sail cloth and cordage of our fleets and navies.

The quality and quantity of flax produced in Canada proves, beyond a doubt, the adaptability of the soil and climate for its growth to be equal to any in Europe.

A few years ago we had only a few hundred acres under this crop, at the present time we can boast of many thousands, and also the prospect of a large increase this year. There are already in full operation *three extensive linen manufactories*, three or four linseed oil *mills*, and *eighty or ninety scutching mills*, affording employment to two or three thousand persons.

It is somewhat surprising, with the numerous advantages attending this crop, that it has not been more extensively cultivated, when so many complaints are made of the failure of the wheat crop in the older townships, as this offers one of the best substitutes.

When the wheat crop has failed, either from being winter killed, or from being cropped too often, there are properties in the soil, where this has been found to be the case, that will produce excellent flax.

The production of the seed, of itself, is a strong inducement to our agriculturalists.—Ten or twelve bushels is admitted to be the average quantity grown on an acre—this, at current rates, will realize $24. The fibre, when properly prepared for market, will realize nearly double this amount, 300 lbs. to 400 lbs. of clean scutched flax being the usual yield to an acre, worth at present prices from $10 to $14 per 100 lbs.

While it is gratifying to know that the crop is remunerative to the farmer, the miller, or man of enterprise, who engages in its manufacture, may safely calulate on a handsome profit.

At the present time, prices are *ruling high in Ireland for every quality of flax*, and while we convert the coarse parts into goods suitable to our own market, the finer quality will find ready sale in either *Ireland or Scotland*.

The Canadian Government have shown their intention to encourage, in every possible way, this branch of agriculture.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture, who is ever ready to forward the interests of farmers, caused a quantity of *Riga* seed to be imported, for sowing this year, which has been distributed to parties making the trial at much under cost, and premiums are being offered in almost every county for the best article of flax produced this season.

When either scutch mills or linen manufactories are likely to be erected, it is important to those who cannot avail themselves of water power to drive the machines, to know that flax will produce *its "own fuel" to drive an engine of any capacity*.

Being an advocate for many years for the growth of this valuable plant, with present prospects of a most abundant crop this year, we may look forward to the most promising results. There are other descriptions of crops that are equally worthy of the attention of the farmer as well as flax, viz.: hemp, tobacco, broom corn, hops, &c., &c., all of which will prove profitable.

Provided that each farmer would sow the fractional part of his farm of five acres out of every 100, there being under cultivation in Canada, according to a late authority, 10,865,860 acres, of which there would be 542,793 acres under flax, which, at the average quantity of ten bushels per acre, worth two dollars a bushel, would net the handsome sum of $10,855,850 for seed alone.

The fibre, when scutched and ready for market, produces an average of 800 lbs. to the acre, worth, at present prices, $15 per hundred pounds, or $45 per acre, netting the handsome sum of $24,526,656¼, which added to the price of the seed, will give us the large amount of $35,282,506¼. The converting of this into manufactured goods, will entail a large expenditure.

Samples of this years growth from the farm of Mr. Duncan have been shown him at present by Mr. Donaldson, fifty inches long.

July, 21st 1866.

—A curious complication exists in Tennessee. The members of the Legislature refuse to attend, and the Governor—the well known Parson Brownlow—has called on the Secretary of War to place an armed force at his disposal in order to force them to do so. Mr. Stanton declined the modest request.

COMMERCIAL

New York Markets.

New York, July 21.

STOCKS—Better. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 149 and closed at 149¼.

COTTON—Quiet and firm. Sales at 38c for middling.

FLOUR—Dull. Receipts 8,764 barrels at 10c @ 25c lower. Sales 5,100 barrels at $5.70 @ 7.50 superfine State; $6.80 @ 8.19 for extra State; $8.15 @ 9.75c for choice do; $5.85 @ 7.50 for superfine Western; $8.90 @ $8.75 for common to good extra Western, and $8.10 @ 9.65c for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour easier at $8.30 @ 9.80c for common, and $9.90 @ 12.30c for good to choice extra.

Saturday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 21.

FLOUR—	Super Extra	$8 50 @ 8 75
	Extra	7 75 @ 8 00
	Fancy	7 25 @ 7 50
	Welland Canal Superfine	6 50 @ 6 60
	Bag Flour	3 50 @ 3 65
WHEAT—	Super No. 1 Canada	6 40 @ 6 60
	No 1 Western	0 00 @ 0 00
	No. 2 "	6 10 @ 6 30
	Canada Wheat	1 50 @ 1 52
	Western "	1 45 @ 1 50
OATS—	Per 32 lbs	36 @ 37
BARLEY—	Per 48 lbs	50 @ 52
BUTTER—	Dairy	17 @ 18
	Store-Packed	16 @ 17
ASHES—	Pots	5 40 @ 5 42
	Pearls	7 00 @ 7 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhoea.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and of WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" there never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantaneously, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 20 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 184a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off, and the heat which is on its surface weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once allays the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents [illegible] ... collecting on the surface ...

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn, London. 184a

Perry Davis' Pain Killer has been used in severe cases of cholera, and never has failed in a single case where it was thoroughly applied on the first appearance of the symptoms.

The late Rev. Dr. Granger repeatedly expressed his belief that he owed his life to the timely use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. During his recent visit to the Missions in Burmah, he had a severe attack of the cholera, and was immediately relieved by the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. Samuel J. Gonsalves, writing from Portuguese Colony, July 1, 1847, says:

"Your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done great good among the exiles of Maderia. It is now and has been for two years the great family medicine with us. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, colds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croup, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, etc. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole colony. 184a

Habitual Constipation.—Words of Comfort.—Dr. Cyrus W. Nelson, of Boston, Mass., author of "Clinical Observations on the Treatment of Abdominal Diseases," says, in a letter dated February 27th, 1862: "I consider Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills the best remedy for Chronic Constipation at present known. With me they have never failed, and I have prescribed them in at least fifty instances." He also states: "That for all irregularities of the digestive functions, the liver and the bowels, they are by far the most useful medicine he has ever prescribed—perfectly safe and eminently reliable." Similar testimony is volunteered by Dr. Humphrey Lettsom, of Chicago, Ill., who enumerates thirty cases, with names and dates, in which he has administered the Pills, with entire success, for habitual costiveness and piles. Wherever they have been used as a remedy for liver and bowel complaints, the result has been equally satisfactory. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 184a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 23. 184d

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 35½ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure-seeker.
CROCKER & CO.,
Proprietors.

The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p.m. for the Springs.
Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor, otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager .... *John Townsend.*

Double Company, amateur and professional, for this night only.

The free list entirely suspended, the public press excepted.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General.

By permission of Major Newdigate, commanding Detachment of the 4th Battalion Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade, the amateurs of the corps will make their second and last appearance in Ottawa, assisted by the professional Ladies and Gentlemen of the company.

On Tuesday Evening, July 24th,

When will be presented J. B. Buckstone's great drama, in 3 acts, entitled

THE GREEN BUSHES!

OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Produced with great care and most powerfully cast.

By the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the magnificent band of the Battalion will be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening a choice selection of music.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

"Jolly Dogs," Song and Chorus, by the Band.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

THE ARTFUL DODGE.

Characters by the double Company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Ottawa, July 23. 184

ST. PATRICK'S

ERIN GO BRAGH

Literary Association Pic-Nic.

THE PIC-NIC OF THE

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION,

Is unavoidably

POSTPONED!

—UNTIL—

MONDAY NEXT, THE 23rd INSTANT.

J. McCARRON, Secretary.
July 19, 1866. 181-td

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman .... 75 cents
Single Ticket .... 50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 184d

1866. 1866.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION

OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:—

Dr Hill, President,	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq, 1st Vice President.	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President,	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan,	John Henderson, "
P Fairburn, Esq,	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "
Dr. J. Leggo.	

List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.
July 17, 1866. 80-td

1866. 1866.

St. George's Society,

OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE,

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Ponies under 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be laid down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.
WM. MILLS,
Secretary.
Ottawa, July 20. 182a

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS IN DUPLICATE WILL BE received at the Commissariat Office, Kingston, C. W., until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst., for the supply of

BREAD, at per 100 POUNDS

To the Garrison at Ottawa, until the 30th September, 1866, at certain conditions, which may be ascertained by application to the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

Forms of Tenders to be obtained at the same place.

Commissariat, Kingston,
July 19, 1866. 183-s.m.t

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudière Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range	100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range	500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range	200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake	163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range	200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range	200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range	100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake	400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake	200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range	50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range	100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9	400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range	300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19	400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11	300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession	100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½ s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range	200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range	100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range	87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range	100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession	200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range	51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ½ of Lot 17, range 5	50 acres
N W ½ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ½ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ½ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession	284 acres
N E ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ½ and S W ½ of 15, in the 8th concession	400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession	500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession	300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ½ of Lot 8, in the 11th con.	300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con.	300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ½ of Lot 6, 9th con.	250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range	500 acres
S W ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range	700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range	1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½ s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range	800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.
OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

Tremendous Sacrifice

IN

Crockery, Stoves & Furniture,

AT THE

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.
120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES, STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus,

LOOKING GLASSES, &c.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.
A. ROWE,
AUCTIONEER.
138y

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAVORED by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of

GLENSHARROLD.

Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible

BUILDING LOTS

A plan of which may be seen at my office.

Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.

T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
Executor.
174-d

WANTS.

WANTED.— TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.— A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.— IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They *create a healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.
181-3m

Ottawa, July 19.

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p. m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER,
180-3 Builder, Metcalfe St.

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS .... from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS,

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26. 1866. 110-tf

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.

WARRANTED OF FIRST CLA[SS]

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
" qr. casks Gin.
" Green cases Gin.
" Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I, respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.

If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.

Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinne in [O]ttawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS — NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudière Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-t

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.--THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. Teskey, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
May 19 138-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome Stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PRO-perty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IM-mediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as WOODBOORS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

AUCTION NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN FAvored by A. YIELDING, ESQ., with instructions to offer for sale by public auction, at the Russell House, on SATURDAY, 21st JULY, his property of
GLENSHARROLD,
Immediately adjoining the city on the route from the Rideau Bridge to the Governor General's Residence, on which there are a
STONE DWELLING HOUSE,
Out-Offices and convenient out-buildings; also several Eligible
BUILDING LOTS
A plan of which may be seen at my office.
Terms made known at time of sale. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.
MACDONALD,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 21. 157-td

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 5, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale:
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV-en, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,
Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND LIFE!
Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

NOTICE.---THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us as LEWIS & BRIGHAM, has been dissolved by mutual consent. T. D. Lewis will carry on the business, and to him all debts must be paid, as he will settle all claims due by the Firm.
T. D. LEWIS,
THOMAS C. BRIGHAM.
Templeton, July 3, 1866. 168-b

WANTS.

WANTED. --- TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S,
166tf No. 20, Sparks Street.

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.
Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED. --- A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--- IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.---A SITUATION in a GRO-CERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1855, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods
Signed.
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 13, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 32 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

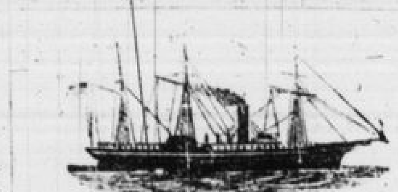
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid:
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be **specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.**
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

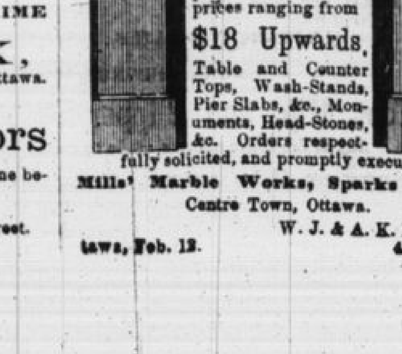
Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

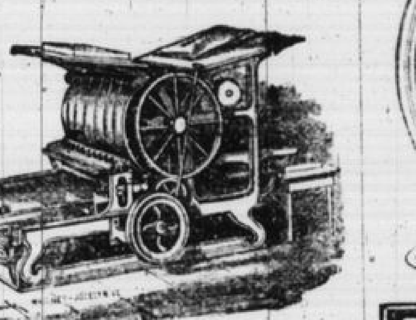
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the Hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 13. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A
JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE
PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE
LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE!
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON.
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.*

WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty-Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TEN-DERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators
FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON.
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPE-rior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866 51-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTER-NAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle. They have greater strength, and will remain in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Bertli,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume and tone of power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical change in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often [illegible] in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.
PATENT
Automatic Organs.
$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.

A N ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAIN-ing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on the European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract the difficulty (want of swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 22-w

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I. N[illegible]

THE POST OFFICE
DELIVERING AND CLOSING
MAILS.
East and West, by Rail, Daily
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.
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RATES OF POST[illegible]
To all parts of Canada, if prepaid, 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Letters for British Columbia, [illegible] Countries generally, MUST BE PREPAID. To the United States 10 cts [illegible]
English Mails, per H. & A., Steamships, via Portland, close Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; [illegible] alternate Saturday, at Noon, [illegible] Boston, every alternate Monday.
REGISTERED LETTERS must be [illegible] and thirty minutes prior to the [illegible]
Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 [illegible]
G. P. BAK[illegible]

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Turner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street. Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. M[illegible]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. [illegible] side of York Street, two doors from [illegible] Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CONN[illegible]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HA[illegible]
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, [illegible] E. B. HAYCOCK. February 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHE[illegible]
ADVOCATE. Office: No. [illegible] Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette is prepared to attend promptly to [illegible] Government employes, and the [illegible] may entrust him. Mr. B. attends [illegible] sit in and for the district of Que[illegible] December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WR[illegible]
ADVOCATES, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. [illegible] Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Fridays of every week. [illegible] COLMAN. W. McKAY W[illegible] Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHER[illegible]
BARRISTER, &c., Ot[illegible] Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe [illegible] Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KE[illegible]
BARRISTER and Atto[illegible] Solicitor in Chancery, Conve[illegible] Office: Opposite Post Office, [illegible] Rooms lately occupied as the Cus[illegible] Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTO[illegible]
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, R[illegible] Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MA[illegible]
BARRISTER, Attorney, [illegible] OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, [illegible] and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEOD
BARRISTER, Etc., for L[illegible] OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer, [illegible] C.E. Attends to all Law Courts [illegible] Ottawa. February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEMM[illegible]
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. Jo[illegible] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DAR[illegible]
BARRISTER, Solicitor, [illegible] Notary Public, Clerk of the P[illegible] Crown Attorney, for the United C[illegible] and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'O[illegible] January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & NE[illegible]
BARRISTERS and Atto[illegible] Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conve[illegible] Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, [illegible] WM. CLEGG. Tho[illegible] Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK & [illegible]
BARRISTERS and Attor[illegible] Solicitors in Chancery, Nota[illegible] Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposi[illegible] Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HURD
LAND Agent and Broker, [illegible] life, has removed his office to a few doors to the South of Dan G[illegible] is prepared to transact any bu[illegible] with the Crown Lands Department, Land Claims, taking out Patents, any agency for parties having bu[illegible] of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICAL

DR. OLIVER MA[illegible]
DENTIST. Office: Spark[illegible] tral Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. MAR[illegible]
DENTIST. Office: Susse[illegible] Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, G[illegible] Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M.D.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physici[illegible] and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block, C[illegible] In office at night. References: Rev. George Lawre[illegible] John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. [illegible] Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., [illegible] John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, [illegible] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WOLFF
LATE of Quebec. Reside[illegible] Square.

DR. C. LEGG
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon an[illegible] Office: Hunton's Block, Spar[illegible]

JOHN SWEETLAN[illegible]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon an[illegible] attending Physician to the [illegible] Office and residence, corne[illegible] Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite [illegible] Entrance on Mosgrove Stre[illegible] Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C. WO[illegible]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon an[illegible] Ottawa, C. W. Day office in [illegible] Sparks Street, Center Town; Ni[illegible] Residence, Maria Street, Center T[illegible] CANCERS CURED, without the use [illegible] but certain, speedy, and als[illegible] References given to pa[illegible] if required. The case gua[illegible] Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J. HEN[illegible]
WELLINGTON Street, [illegible] of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'REIL[illegible]
YORK Street, opposite [illegible] Ottawa, F[illegible] 7, 186

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 185. | OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY JULY 24, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

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Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, [illegible]	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
[illegible], Daily	[illegible]	7.30 a.m.
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G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. [illegible]'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
Wm. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1865. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Godin's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over he office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town. Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, F 7, 186 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 73-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, cor-ner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, op-posite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent,

AND

BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ot-tawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Pro-prietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAM-ILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

44 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FA-vors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an es-tablishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GAR-DEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liq-uors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Import-ers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 1. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

1866. 1866.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UN-til otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included) $2.50
Steerage 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING

AND

Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	**Capt. Bockus.**
Oregon,	**" Findlay.**
Calumet,	**" Blondin.**
Pontiac,	**" Duggan.**

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PUR-CHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants, and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OAT-MEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES, A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 52-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

AND

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.
Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANTS SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862,

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.
The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an ffice quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, tor Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

STEAMERS.

1866. 1866.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamers.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 26. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail, Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!

[Established in 1844.]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866. 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ...
ONTARIO, ... Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT, ... Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN, ... — DEWITT,
EMPRESS, ... Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of experience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT.
Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RE-sort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley, Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up, with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-n

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Free Trade—W. B. Cordier & Co.
Protection — Do do.
Teas, Wines, Liquors, &c., for sale—John Leeming & Co., Montreal.
Situation Wanted—Address A.Z., Ottawa P.O.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over **2,000:** and Weekly over **4,000:** making a total circulation in the week of over **18,000:** thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at B. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing it in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 24, 1866.

The House yesterday afternoon passed a few third readings, and several private and local bills through Committee. On the motion for going into Committee on the bill to confirm the agreement between the Grand Trunk and Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Companies, Mr. Street moved the three months' hoist, which was lost after a brief debate by a vote of 43 to 47. The House then went into Committee, and Mr. Rankin moved that the Committee rise. He was followed by Mr. Rose, and Mr. Jones, of North Leeds, the latter having the floor at six and resuming in the evening. He spoke very strongly against the bill, contending that the power of that Company was great enough already, and that as the members from the West, who were more particularly interested in the matter, opposed it, it ought to be rejected by the House. Several members followed on both sides; Mr. Powell contending that from the experience of the Prescott and Ottawa Road in the hands of the Grand Trunk, he did not anticipate any advantage from the amalgamation of the Buffalo and Lake Huron with the same Company. Mr. Jackson urged that the question should be viewed on its own merits, and that the arrangement had been made between the Companies, who were the best judges of their own interests. Mr. Cartier replied to the taunts of those who reproached the French members, with forcing the bill on Upper Canada, explaining that the Great Western owed its very existence to the Lower Canadian vote. Messrs. McKenzie and Haultain spoke strongly against the bill, dwelling chiefly on the political argument. Other speakers followed, after which the committee divided, and the motion to rise was lost by 40 to 53. The bill was then reported without amendment.

A discussion also took place on the act to confer University powers on Ottawa College, on the tone of which the member for Carleton took occasion to compliment the House. A great many items on the paper were gone through with, and the House adjourned a little before midnight.

The Globe has assumed an attitude of uncompromising hostility towards the Government. The estimates are extravagant,—the tariff ruinous,—the policy on the fisheries unpatriotic, and the delay of Government business has exposed Confederation to the risk of being postponed for another year! Such is the bill of indictment filed against his late colleagues by the member for South Oxford, and which we may be sure is to be added to and enlarged upon from day to day, as the progress of affairs will suggest new matters of grievance to the fertile fancies of *The Globe's* staff. In Saturday's issue we are treated to a couple of articles, one on the Fisheries question, the other on the presumed delay of Confederation, in both of which Ministers are severely berated, and the conclusion very plainly indicated that their shortcomings may yet lead to the failure of the great project, the accomplishment of which has heretofore been the special object of this Cabinet.

A slight consideration of the actual circumstances will shew how baseless are the imputations of *The Globe*. There is no intention on the part of the Government to delay the project of Confederation for a single day beyond the time when it can be accomplished, but in the present state of political parties in England there cannot possibly be any object in hurrying off the Delegation, which might just arrive in time to find the mother country in the midst of a general election. But the *animus* of the *Globe* is made apparent by its total change of base in its charge on the Government. In the debate upon Mr. McGivern's motion, the Hon. Mr. Brown, assuming that Ministers were under promise to dispatch the Delegates on the 21st July, made one of his strongest points, if he made any points at all, on the plea that the Government had given the House no time to consider the Local Constitutions and other important measures which ought to be dealt with by the present Parliament. Now since that assumption has been proved fallacious, the ground is changed, and the Government blamed for not having hurried through the very measures, that a few weeks ago, it was contended, could not be fully considered within the time then supposed to be at the disposal of the House.

While pretending that the course of the Government has "estranged" many of its former supporters, *The Globe* is forced to admit that as yet there is no "organized opposition" among them. The country is doubtless fully aware of the fact, and the great purpose of *The Globe*, in its present course, is evidently to conceal the utter failure of Mr. Brown's attempt to get it up. By throwing odium upon ministers, it hopes to withdraw attention from the partizan tactics of the ex-President of the Council, which, since their discomfiture, it would be very glad to have forgotten by the country; but the evidence is, as yet, lacking of any estrangement between the Government and the members in the House who gave in their adhesion to the Coalition at the time of its formation, if we except the member for South Oxford himself, and two or three of his own personal friends, whose desertion on Mr. McGiverin's Want of Confidence motion, may have been the result of sympathy with the fallen chief, rather than of opposition to the Government or its policy. The estrangement has taken place on the other side, as *The Globe* cannot fail to have noticed. Mr. Brown was able to lead the whole Reform party of Upper Canada into the Coalition, with the exception of a very few gentlemen who joined with his former Lower Canadian allies in opposition. Well, Mr. Brown has now left the Coalition, and how many has he led out of it? The answer to this query tells where the estrangement has taken place: and it is because of the member for South Oxford's having put himself in a false position with regard to his late colleagues, his party, and the question of questions for which he professed such a readiness to make sacrifices, that his organ now assails the Government.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION PIC-NIC.

Yesterday, in accordance with announcement, the annual pic-nic of this Association took place. It would almost appear that the elements had conspired against their endeavors, by following up the choice of day with threatening weather, accompanied with refreshing showers; yet, notwithstanding this, at 3 p.m., there were a large number of people assembled, and under the direction of the Managing Committee, and Mr. Chas. McCarron, the sports were opened, with the

LONG STANDING LEAP.—*Four Entries.*—1st, Geo. Forsyth, twelve feet and a ¼ in.; 2nd, Thos. Bambrick.

THREE STANDING LEAPS.—*Three Entries.*—1st, John Behan; 2nd, Geo. Forsyth.

STANDING HIGH LEAP.—*Four Entries.*—This was too closely contested to make it interesting, and after several attempts to get a decision, was declared a tie between Russell and Bambrick.

RUNNING HIGH LEAP.—*Four Entries.*—1st, G. Russell; 2nd, Geo. Forsyth—in this feat Russell excelled with all ease, at the same time, Forsyth being deemed the prettiest jumper, giving a high clear vault.

HALF MILE RACE.—*Five Entries.*—At the start it was anticipated that this race would be a very sharp contest, but Brown's superior mettle, in this part of the sport, soon became apparent, and he came in an easy winner—Christian a good second.

TWO HUNDRED YARD RACE.—*Four entries.*—Forsyth put in an appearance, and his friends as usual, backed him, and for about 115 yards George led Brown very prettily, but at this point the latter gathered himself for a last brush, and carried himself in at the lead in a telling pace, Forsyth a good second. It must be borne in mind that Forsyth had contested four other games ere he entered for this, while his opponent had, in his usual style, kept himself fresh and in trim for the foot races only.

THE BOAT RACE.—*Four entries.*—Mr. Haycock's *Vivid*; Mr. Sparrow's *Fairy Bell*; Mr. Soullier's *Red Pine*, and Mr. Sampson's *Green Horn*. The boats got away well together, the *Fairy Bell* taking the lead. In a few minutes it became apparent that she was not to have the course without sharp work, for the *Green Horn* shot out at a rapid and sure pace, followed closely by the other two, and this they continued until rounding the buoy, which point the *Green Horn* reached first, the other three coming around close together. On reaching the home buoy, they arrived in the following order:—*Green Horn* 1st; *Vivid* 2nd; *Red Pine* 3rd; and *Fairy Bell* 4th. This concluded the sports, and a large force having been added to those already assembled, the band struck up "Nora Creena," and youth and beauty, entered upon the mazy dance which was kept up with great spirit until a late hour. The pic-nic has been a success, despite the inclement weather, and the Committee are deserving of credit, for the handsome manner in which they carried out the arrangements of the day.

The young men of this locality—particularly Mr. Forsyth and Russell are also deserving of praise for the manner in which they contest for all the prizes—fighting each other as it were for the mastery yet always in the most friendly and good humored manner.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Times.

SIR,—May I ask you why the reports of the Legislative Council have ceased to appear? Surely the opinion of such men as Christie and Skead, to say nothing of those of three ministers of the Crown, are valuable, if the proceedings of the House generally are quite valueless to the public, and so little cared about that not a single newspaper—Whig or Tory—can be induced to publish them. In the ordinary course of business their proceedings should be published, although it would not be fair to ask a newspaper publisher to fill his columns with matter which, though it might be of use to future historians, possesses little immediate interest to the ordinary reader. I am curious, Mr. Editor, excuse me.

Meanwhile,
I am yours, truly,
DANIEL DEFOE.

Ottawa, 23rd July, 1866.

LOCAL NEWS.

$100 IN PRIZES.—It will be seen on referring to our advertising columns that Messrs. W. B. Cordier & Co., of Montreal offer the above sum as a prize for essays on "Free Trade" and "Protection."

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges, with many thanks, the receipt of $25, per honor of Mr. John Stuart from the Ottawa Field Battery, in aid of said Institution. Also, the sum of 5 dollars, and sixty cents, per honor of Mr. Abraham McAmmond, from Loyal Orange Lodge No. 395, Bear Brooke.

I. P. B. S.—The meeting of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, last night, was largely and respectably attended, at which it was decided to give a Promenade Concert at an early day, in aid of the funds of the Society. Full particulars will shortly be given. As the committee are determined to make it a good affair, and the Society certainly deserves patronage, we sincerely hope to see it a complete success.

TRADE SALE.—Messrs. John Leeming & Co., Auctioneers of Montreal, advertise to-day an extensive trade sale of teas, sugars, wines, &c., at the stores of Messrs. Rimmer, Gunn & Co., to take place on the 26th inst. This will afford our merchants a capital chance of procuring fresh supplies, and as the stock they offer is all fresh, and of recent importations, they may be relied on as being of the best quality.

THE THEATRE.—This evening presents a great bill. The double Company, comprising the military and Mr. Townsend's, will appear in "Green Bushes" and "the Artful Dodge." The great favorite Mr. W. A. Lyon appears in the first piece as Captain D'Artoise, and Miss Florence Grosvenor as Madame St. Aubert. The P. C. O. Band will play their best music and His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to give his distinguished patronage on the occasion.

HARMLESS AMUSEMENT.—Yesterday evening, a Mr. William Morrison, during the absence of Mr. Robert Gilpin, who keeps a hotel on Little Sussex street, entered into the amusement of throwing stones at his house, when the Chief of Police, and detective O'Neil put in an appearance, and objected to the procedure, thus spoiling dear William's sport. If we mistake not this is the same William Morrison whose wedding was broken up, some time ago, rather abruptly, by being arrested for stealing a watch. It is to be hoped that friend O'Gara will change the direction of his labor from *throwing* into *breaking* of stones, if only for a month. Perchance sweet William may find it refreshing.

POLICE COURT.—Charles W. Jones, drunk and disorderly on the street—was surrounded by a crowd of boys. He was swearing and threatening to beat them; when arrested he was very quarrelsome. Fine $4 and costs, to be levied by distress, or in default two weeks in jail. Joseph Douglas, same offence, only he was so drunk as not to be able to be quarrelsome nor to take care of himself. Costs. Matthew Gilmore, breach of the peace, knocking a man down and following him with hostile demonstrations. Fine $5 and costs or two weeks in jail. Daniel Kelly, abusive language to John Litle, market constable, $3 and costs, in default, one week. George Bartliffe charged with having a stove pipe pass through side of a wooden building; defendant pleaded guilty. Fine $5 and costs.

BOOK NOTICES.—"The Argosy" for July, has been received, and is on sale at Durie & Son's. Its contents for this month are "Griffith Gaunt," continued, with an illustration; "From Meshed to Teheran"; "Theatres and Music Halls"; "Cuckoo Song"; "Lotta Schmidt"; "The Minister Painter"; "Poetry on Twelve Shillings a Week"; "My Chinese Neighbors"; and "The Round of Play." *Demorest's Magazine*, is also on sale at the same establishment. In addition to its usual valuable reading matter, and fashion plates, it has a full sized pattern of the new Giralda, an exquisitely beautiful jacket or mantle, also a new Temperance ballad, arranged for the Piano, entitled "Oh, Touch not the Wine Cup," and a very finely traced portrait of Washington Irvine; all for the small sum of 25cts. while either of the plates are worth double the amount.

CONFEDERATION.—We have laid on our table, a Poem, or rather a series of poetic effusions, on the subject of Confederation, by J.T. Breeze. This is but a section of a still larger work which the author proposes publishing, and as he states, "hopes that the sale of it, in parts, will assist him to publish the whole work, and by circulating among the masses, will reconcile them to the utility and majesty of the scheme itself." In this number will be found the opening poem to "Britain," "Her Constitution," "Her Colonies," "British North America," "Parental authority and care of England," "His Excellency, Lord Viscount Monck," "Lieut.-Col. Irvine," "Hon. John A. Macdonald," "Hon. A. T. Galt," "Hon. Alex. Campbell," "Hon. T. D. McGee." The above subjects and hon. gentlemen are all dilated upon in strains poetic, for the merit of which, not having had time to peruse them, we refer our readers to the work itself. As for the typography, if taken into consideration at all, it will but poorly commend the work, which otherwise may contain some real worth, for anything we know to the contrary.

IMPROVEMENT.—Our readers will rejoice with us, that the principal bridge of Ottawa, which heretofore has been the "bridge of sighs" to the owners of innumerable shins bruised in the difficult task of crossing it, is being restored from its dilapidated state, or rather, perhaps, from its *deplankedated* ruin to one of bran new side-walks, which, in a few days, bids fair to be in a presentable state for pedestrians. We could point out many dangerous passes in back streets, to say nothing of the front ones where many of the old ones, (not so very old either) would be accepted as a boon by the neighboring inhabitants who would be, perhaps, but too happy to lay them down at their own expense. But we are told that the corporation has sold them, which we do not believe. We do believe, however, that their mal-appropriation is meditated, and if not checked in time they will be spirited away by parties who have no right to them, to that *burn* from whence no travelling plank has e'er returned. If the rate-payers don't look after them, we will. If the planks are fit only to be burned, let the poor have them. If good enough to be used again, let not the corporation pay for them as new

UNLICENSED HOUSES AND THE REVENUE.—It is a well known fact, that all over the country liquor is being continually sold by persons not qualified by license to do so. Efforts are also being made to put such establishments down, in justice to those who pay high prices for their license, as well as in behalf of the revenue. The License Inspectors are those generally engaged in the prosecution of illicit vendors, but unfortunately as the law stands, they are frequently thwarted. Information is lodged, and the parties are brought up either before Police Magistrates or County Justices of the peace, and a fine imposed, which is not paid, but an *appeal* is entered, and in the interim a *douceur* is handed to the witness, who at the trial can not be found. Thus the whole of the expenses of the prosecution fall to the lot of the very individual who should be sustained in his endeavours to promote the public good. If some well disposed member of Parliament would take up the matter, and carry it through before the adjournment, he would merit and receive the thanks of all those whose thanks are worth having. What is required in the premises, is simply to make an appeal from the decision of the magistrate an impossibility.

ST. GEORGE FOR MERRIE ENGLAND.—This ancient and time honored institution of Old England, the St. George's Society, in other columns announce their annual pic-nic, to come off on Thursday next, the 26th inst., in the beautiful grounds of the McKay estate, near the Governor-General's residence. The Committee of Management in whose hands are placed the carrying out of the games and festivities of the day, are sparing neither labor nor expense, in order to make this *the* pic-nic of the season. The proceeds, and we hope they will be large, will, as usual, be applied to the relief of those who arrive in our city from that dear old land, and who may be in destitute circumstances. The workings of this Society are carried out in a purely philanthropic manner; the recipients of their bounty scarcely knowing from whom or what hand the relief comes. By the aid of such benevolent societies as this how many hearts bowed down with grief, oppressed by dire want, are made to gladen; and, as a ray of sunshine bursts in upon them, feel to exclaim that there is yet a something worth living for, and go forth into the world with renewed vigor to struggle for an honorable living. The tickets are placed at the small sum of 25 cents, and we would say to those who invest, whether they participate in the pleasures of the party or not, that they could not make a better investment of so small a sum.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—TWO MEN DROWNED.—We have to-day to record the drowning of two men, by accident, yesterday in the Ottawa. From the statement made by the Captain of the steamer *John Stewart*, we learn that as the steamer was proceeding up the river at or near Buckingham, and having two barges in tow, he noticed a canoe crossing from the Cumberland side in which were two men and a woman. He fearing that they would come in contact, called out for them to keep back, which they did not appear to hear or take notice of as they continued on their course. The Captain then gave the signal to stop the steamer, but ere her headway was checked, the canoe fouled on her forward quarter and was upset by the collision, the two men sinking, while the young woman who was the daughter of one of the men, caught hold of the tow rope, attached to one of the barges, and by this means was rescued. The crews of the barges, as also that of the steamer, coroborated the statements, consequently the Captain is held blameless. Detective O'Neill, on hearing of this unfortunate affair, went on board the barges, and afterwards on the steamer, and finding that all of the men made the same statement, as above given, did not deem it necessary to place the Captain under arrest. The Captain on his arrival went immediately and made a full report to His Worship the Mayor, thus showing that his actions in the matter were strictly honorable.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY FOR CANADA AND THE STATES.

Bell's Magazine, in referring to the very high duties levied upon English Agricultural Machinery by our Government, says:—"They have entirely prevented its export to that important colony. The duties under the commercial treaty with the United States were so much lower that the Americans had a monopoly of the market. The leading makers of English agricultural machinery have recently memorialised the Colonial Office upon the subject of lower duties, setting forth the hardship of being practically shut out from one of our largest colonies, and the loss sustained by the colonists in being debarred the use of our improved implements. The Hon. Mr. Cardwell has transmitted the memorial to the Governor of Canada for the consideration of the provincial government. English agricultural machinery is also by the high scale of duties imposed shut out of the United States, whilst England receives American reaping and other agricultural machinery duty free. We learn that Mr. James Howard is about to proceed to America with a view to obtain some concession. He has our hearty wishes for his success."

NEWS ITEMS.

—Mace and Goss have decided to fight in the London District for £200 a-side, on Tuesday, 7th August.

—General Sherman, of the United States Army, was in Montreal on Saturday.

—The reception of Head Center Jas. Stephens, at Howell, was slim and cool. So says the Boston *Advertiser*.

—The Mayor of Montgomery, Ala., fines the hackmen of that city $5 per d—n for swearing in the streets.

—The contributions from New York, to the Portland relief fund, on Tuesday, amounted to $109,558.64.

—The collections of Internal Revenue for the 7th District of Ohio, for the fiscal year, amounted to $1,194,389.78.

—An American paper says: "The little tax of one cent upon every box of matches netted the Government $1,500,000 last year.

—The Summer Exhibition of the Horticultural Society has been an immense success. There were present between 3,000 and 4,000 people.

—Reports from Northern Ohio state that the season has been decidedly unfavorable for the grape crop. The continued cold rains of last month injured it materially.

—The New England papers have come to the conclusion that the hay crop will be a very fair one. The weather of the last fortnight has greatly improved its weighing qualities.

—The Perry County *Weekly* states that wheat has been purchased in Lexington at $2.70 per bushel. Corn is retailing at stores in town there at 90 cents per bushel.

—A brakesman on the Northern Railway was killed on Wednesday morning, while on board one of the trains, by his head coming in contact with a bridge crossing the track.

—Gen. Breckenridge denies the story circulated about his tendering his services to the Canadian Government, having only offered to defend his own home at Niagara with the rest of the inhabitants if necessity required it.

—A new style of head-dress is just out, called the 'Silverino.' It is composed of a silver half dollar, with a number of holes drilled about the edges, from which are attached natural flowers of any kind the wearer chooses.

—Jeanie Burns, who is lecturing on the subject of temperance, has given five hundred dollars to the Patriot Orphan Home at Dixon, Illinois. She is said to be a relative of the poet Burns.

—An order has been issued recently from the Horse Guards, London, for the conversion of 50,000 Enfield Rifles into breech-loaders, the whole to be completed within the year. The cost of alteration will be about $3.75 each.

—The Chincha Islands, from whence the world procures the greater part of its supply of guano, are not more than two and a half square miles in extent, yet for years past they have given cargoes to at least 400 ships per annum.

—An Eastern paper strikes the names of two subscribers from its list because they were recently hung. The publisher says he was compelled to be severe because he did not know their present address.

—A prize of $500 is offered for the best essay on the "physical signs and other indications of longevity in man," by the American Popular Insurance Company of New York. The essay may be written in any language.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, July 23rd, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at 3 o'clock.

On the orders of the day being called,

Mr. SMITH (Durham) moved that the order for the third reading of the bill to amend and extend the provisions of the act incorporating the Port Hope, Lindsay and Beaverton Railway Company, and the acts amending the same, be discharged, and that the said bill be now referred to Committee of the whole.—Carried. The House went into Committee and reported the same with amendments. The bill was then read a third time.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:—

To incorporate the Ecclesiastical Society of St. John, of the Diocese of Kingston.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To incorporate the "Institute des Artisans Canadiens de Montreal.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Cartier.

The following bills passed through Committee:—

To confirm and make valid the Will of the late George Desbarats in Upper Canada.—Mr. Street.

To incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of London.—Hon. Mr. Carling.

To authorize the Corporation of St. Vincent to construct a Harbor and impose dues, and for other purposes.—Mr. Jackson.

To incorporate the St. Hyacinthe New Passenger Bridge Company.—Hon. Mr. Laframboise.

To amend the Charter of the British and Canadian School Society of Montreal.—Mr. Dunkin.

To erect a new Municipality in the County of Beauharnois, under the name of "St. Etienne de Beauharnois."—Mr. Denis.

To erect the Township of Wickham into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. J. B. E. Dorion.

To incorporate the Town of Bothwell, and to define the limits thereof.—Mr. McKellar.

To authorize the Wyoming Petroleum Company, to hold and convey certain lands (and amendments.)—Mr. Mackenzie.

To authorize the New York and Canada Oil Company to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. McKenzie.

To incorporate the Simcoe County Bank.—Mr. Ferguson (South Simcoe.)

To amend the Act incorporating the Quebec Marine Insurance Company.—Hon. Mr. Alleyn.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the House into Committee on a Bill to legalize and confirm an agreement made between the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company. He said the House would remember that he had promised that certain amendments would be moved to the bill in the Railway Committee, having for their object an arrangement for an interchange of cars between the Great Western and the Grand Trunk Companies, and for continuous running between the two companies at certain connecting points. These amendments were offered in Committee, but were refused on behalf of the Great Western Company, and they had been withdrawn, as it was not considered judicious to put in clauses into the private bill of one company for the purpose of compelling another company to perform duties towards the public which it had declined to assume. He was glad, however, that the member for Huron had introduced a bill embracing the amendments to which he had referred, and he begged now to say that the bill had come back from the Railway Committee precisely in the same state as it had passed the second reading.

Mr. STREET said the very reason that the bill was just the same as when it was last before the House ought to be sufficient to induce the House to reject it. He moved, seconded by Mr. McGivern, that the House go into committee on said bill this day three months (cries of "lost," "carried" and "call in the members.")

Mr. McKELLAR as a Western member stated that he was very much opposed to the bill and regretted to see it in the hands of a gentleman from Lower Canada. He believed that no Upper Canadian would have taken charge of it. Though not unfriendly towards the G. T., and though he admitted that it had done the country a great deal of good, he was strongly opposed to its getting any more power. The country had already seen too much of its power, and if this bill were carried it would put the company in a position to control not only the traffic of the country, but the legislation of this House.

After a few words from Messrs. Parker and J. B. E. Dorion the members were called in and the amendment negatived. Yeas 43; Nays 47.

YEAS.—Bourassa, Bowman, Bown, Burwell, Carling, Cowan, Dorion, (Drummond and Arthabaska), Dufresne, (Iberville), Dunkin, Gagnon, Geoffrion, Haultain, Holton, Houde, Howland, Jones, (N. Leeds and Grenville), Latramboise, Lajoie, Macdonald, (Toronto West), McFarlane, McKenzie (Lambton), Magill, McConkey, McGivern, McKellar, McMonies, Oliver, Paquet, Parker, Perrault, Powell, Rankin, Ross, (Prince Edward), Rymal, Scatcherd, Scoble, Street, Thibaudeau, Thompson, Wells, White, Wilson, Wright, (Ottawa County).—43.

NAYS.—Alleyn, Archambeault, Beaubien, Bellerose, Blanchet, Cameron, (North Ontario), Cartier, (Attorney-General), Cauchon, Chambers, Chapais, Cockburn, Cornellier, Currier, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Dufresne, (Montcalm), Fortier, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Harwood, Irvine, Jackson, Knight, Langevin, Macdonald, (Glengarry), McDougall, McGee, McIntyre, Morrison, O'Halloran, Pinsonneault, Pouliot, Poupore, Robitaille, Rose, Ross, (Champlain,) Ross, (Dundas), Shanly, Smith, (East Durham), Somerville, Tremblay, Walsh, Webb, Wood.—47.

The House then went into committee on the bill, Mr. Shanly in the chair.

Mr. RANKIN immediately moved that the committee rise. He made a long speech against the bill, contending among other things, that the bill should have been referred to the shareholders of the companies concerned.

Hon. Mr. ROSE said there was little need of going again over the arguments in favor of the bill. It was an acknowledged fact that either the Grand Trunk or the Great Western Railway must control the Buffalo and Lake Huron Road, and he contended that by its being in the hands of the latter the trade of the country had the benefit of a healthy competition between the two routes, whereas its control by the Great Western would undoubtedly establish a monopoly.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) said we had been annoyed with legislation enough on behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway. When he saw the Western members come down to this House and protest against the amalgamation, gentlemen who thoroughly understood the question, and whose constituents were particularly interested against this bill, he thought it the duty of this House to reject it. He did not consider the question with reference to the Great Western Railway; he considered it in the interests of the country, and it was not for these interests that the power of the Grand Trunk should be increased. He said the indebtedness of the country at the present time, on behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway, (principal and interest,) was $35,000,000. He made a strong appeal to members not to increase its power by passing this bill, which would even prove detrimental to Central Canada. Why not allow the Buffalo and Lake Huron Road to be sold like the Ottawa and Prescott?

It being six o'clock the Committee adjourned.

Evening Sitting.

Mr. JONES resumed the debate. He said he proposed to give a history of the Grand Trunk from its inception to the present time. (Laughter). His reason for this was, that every time the Legislature had been appealed to on behalf of this Company, it had been promised that it would be the last. First, the country had been promised the road for £5,000 per mile, but the contract had been signed in London for the road from Montreal to Toronto, at the rate of £9,000 sterling per mile, more than double the amount, and the western branch to Sarnia had been let at £8,000 stg., instead of £5,000 currency. Mr. Jones continued to refer to Grand Trunk legislation and its connection with the Government of the country, and said he deferred to the opinion of Western members, and would vote against the bill, believing that by so doing he would be serving the best interests of the country.

Mr. POWELL would not have said a word on the subject, had it not been for the reference made to the Ottawa and Prescott Railway, by the member for Montreal Centre. The hon. gentleman endeavored to show that the same reasons should apply to the Buffalo and Lake Huron, as applied to the case of the Ottawa and Prescott; now, he (Mr. P.) could inform the House that not one of the promises, made by the Grand Trunk, had been fairly carried out. When this Company had failed to carry out its agreements with the Ottawa and Prescott, he believed it would be quite as likely to fail in carrying out its agreement with the Buffalo and Lake Huron. The Western members were the best judges of the utility of the measure, and as they were generally opposed to it, he should consider it his duty, as an Ottawa member, to oppose it.

Mr. JACKSON said the experience of the Ottawa and Prescott road should not apply to the case under consideration. It ought to be viewed simply on its own merits. Now, the Buffalo and Lake Huron Co. had entered into an agreement with the Grand Trunk Company. That Company ought to be the judge of its own affairs, and it had made an arrangement with the Grand Trunk Company, no doubt for its own benefit, which the Grand Trunk now asked Parliament to sanction. That Company no doubt understood its own business sufficiently well, to know that unless it accommodated the public, it would fail to secure its patronage. He believed it would serve the interests of the country to sanction the agreement between these two Companies, and he would accordingly support the bill.

Mr. DUFRESNE, (Montcalm) addressed the House in French in support of the bill.

Mr. McGIVERIN rose to a point of order, he hoped the hon. member would speak in English. If the bill were to be carried by French votes, he would like to hear the argument in English.

Mr. DUFRESNE—The hon. member for Lincoln should know better than to interrupt him. If he spoke in English he (Mr. McGiverin) would not listen, and if he did not understand French he should learn it. (Laughter.)

Mr. CARTIER said that the Great Western Railway owed its very existence as a corporation to these French votes of which honorable members were now complaining. It was very unjust on the part of those pretending to be friendly to the Great Western Company to reproach the French members with the votes which they might give on this bill. In 1851 the Great Western Railway charter was opposed by the late Hon. W. Hamilton Merritt, who wanted a Lake Shore line. The late Sir Allan McNab, on behalf of the Great Western Company appealed to the Lower Canadians for their support. He explained to them that the Great Western was more of a Canadian enterprise than the Lake Shore one, and they supported it. That Company therefore owed its existence as a corporation to-day to the votes of the Lower Canadians, and it was not becoming its friends to reproach them for their votes on this occasion. They would support this bill for the same reason; because the Grand Trunk was more of a Canadian railway than the Great Western Railway. The bill would benefit the country by directing traffic towards Montreal rather than to the American markets of which the Great Western was a feeder. He would vote for the bill himself, and he hoped his caluminated fellow countrymen would vote for it too in the interests both of Upper and of Lower Canada.

Mr. McKENZIE spoke against the bill. He hoped the Attorney-General East would permit the Western members to be the judges of their own interests, and he thanked the members for Carleton and North Leeds for having paid so much deference to the opinions of members from the West. The Grand Trunk had already too much influence; it had been painfully witnessed in the House to-day, and when members who two years ago, who one year ago, voted against it, had the audacity (order!) now to stand up and speak in its favor in defiance of their constituents it was time that the influence of the company should be resisted. The argument of the danger to the country from amalgamating two powerful companies had never yet been met, and if this bill was carried the next step would be a bill amalgamating the Grand Trunk and Great Western. He had heard that certain parties interested in a Southern railway bill introduced to-day had been canvassing for support to the amalgamation bill, on the ground that if the Lake Shore members would support it then the Grand Trunk would get the Southern bill through the House. It really appeared as if, the Grand Trunk was a power in the land, stronger than the government itself.

Col. HAULTAIN opposed the bill. When he heard the Atty.-Gen East was speaking for the bill he forgot his position in the Government, and regarded him only as the paid servant of the Grand Trunk Company. The Minister of Agriculture had also been said to owe his position in the House to the support of that Company. He then spoke strongly against the political power which would be wielded by the Grand Trunk Company if the bill were carried. He dreaded the future if it would pass, for the Grand Trunk would swallow up every road in the country, and control the political destinies of the country.

Mr. WALSH said those gentlemen who opposed the bill in the House, had allowed it to be carried in the Railway Committee, where it might have been discussed fairly, without raising a single objection. He (Mr. W.) was opposed to the principle of amalgamation, but that principle was not raised by this bill.—The Legislature had already pronounced in favor of this principle, and it was not now the time to reconsider it. When he found the member for Huron, who represented the largest constituency in Western Canada, and one more directly interested in the Buffalo and Lake Huron Road than any other, who in former years opposed the bill, now coming down and explaining that the agreement which the Buffalo and Lake Huron Company had entered into with the Grand Trunk, had been found after a trial to be of great advantage to the country, he had no hesitation in supporting the bill to legalize that agreement.

Mr. RANKIN spoke in very strong language against the passage of the bill, accusing its supporters of being utterly regardless of the interests of the country. In reply to Mr. Cartier, he said the Great Western had cost twice as much money as the Southern line, which the Lower Canada votes had defeated in 1851, would have done. Sir Allan McNab had favored the Great Western for the same reason, that he (Mr. C.) now favored the Grand Trunk for his own interest.

Mr. DICKSON said as he had been referred to he wished to say a few words. He represented a constituency more interested in this bill than any other, and he might be permitted to remind the House, that since the abolition of the Reciprocity Treaty, a greater amount of wheat had to seek an outlet by way of Montreal, and he exceedingly regretted that the gentlemen representing the Great Western Railway had refused to agree to the proposed amendments, for interchange of cars which would have been of great benefit in the forwarding of produce. In his opinion, the proposed interchange of cars would be equivalent to an addition of one-eighth to the rolling stock of the two companies, while it would do away with the delay which occurred in transferring produce from one line to another. The grain-buyers on the line of the Great Western would also be relieved of the cost of transhipment, by which the farmers would realize so much more on their produce. His constituency raised one-ninth of the entire wheat grown in Upper Canada, and the House would understand the advantage it derived from the agreement, when he stated that wheat was now carried to Montreal at 4 cents a bushel less than formerly. A great change had taken place among his constituents on this question.

The Committee divided and the motion to rise was lost. Yeas 40; Nays 53.

The bill then passed through Committee and was ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

The following bills passed through Committee and ordered to a third reading to-morrow:

To enable the Municipality of the Town of Belleville to purchase a site for a public Cemetery, and to exempt the Roman Catholic rate-payers of the said Municipality from taxation on account of the same (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Wallbridge (North Hastings).

To authorize the issuing of letters patent of invention to Arthur Rankin for a new and hitherto unknown description of fuel, of which he has acquired knowledge by purchase from the inventor.—Mr. Rankin.

To enable Pierre Eymard Jay, and the Honorable Louis Antoine Dessaulies, to take out conjointly, patents of invention for different machines and inventions in this Act mentioned.—Hon. Mr. Laframboise.

To incorporate the Village of New Edinburgh.—Mr. Currier.

To provide for the Sale of the Rectory Lands in this Province.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To authorise the Trustees of the Presbyterian Congregation of the Town of Woodstock, in connexion with the Church of Scotland, to sell certain lots in the said Town, held by them in trust of the said Congregation (from Legislative Council).—Mr. McKellar.

To vest certain funds in the Rector and Churchwardens of St. James' Church, Toronto (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Cameron (N. Ontario).

To legalize By-Law No. 7, appropriating a certain sum of money for the construction of gravel roads and harbours in the County of Bruce.—Mr. Dickson.

On the motion for the House in Committee on bill to confer on the Ottawa College the rights and powers of an University.—Mr. Currier.

Mr. McKELLAR wished to hear the views of the Government on this bill.

Mr. DUNKIN thought this a very important measure. Parliament had already given University powers to one Catholic College in Upper Canada. There were in Upper Canada, the Toronto University, non-sectarian; Trinity College, Church of England; Queen's College, Presbyterian; Victoria College, Methodist; and now Regiopolis, Catholic, all having the power of conferring degrees, and he hoped that the question would be well considered before this other College was endowed with the same powers, otherwise there was danger of lowering the standard of education in the country.

Hon J. H. CAMERON agreed with the member for Brome, and spoke in favor of having the separate Colleges affiliated with one University, by which the standard of education would be in no danger of being reduced as the competition between the different Colleges would maintain it.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD addressed the House on the subject, but his remarks were imperfectly heard.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD had a great authority, that of Dr. Ryerson, with him, that while the Common School Education should be secular, the child learning religion at its mother's knee; the higher institutions of education, those having a status above the Common School system, should be strictly denominational. He felt strongly the force of this proposition, that the young man when he left the parental roof should be placed under proper control as to his religious principles, for then it was that he was in real danger. As to this College at Ottawa, he had no fear of any consequence following its elevation to the dignity of an University, which would tend to degrade the standard of education. On the contrary, he had every confidence that the consequence would be quite the reverse, and that perhaps in the course of a few years, the Colleges of Regiopolis and Ottawa might combine under one University Charter.

Mr. SCOBLE spoke against denominational Colleges.

Mr. M. C. CAMERON did not quite agree with the views of the Attorney-General West. He thought it would be a mistake to create two Universities in the same denominational body, when one would really be more to their interests. He was not prepared, however, at this stage to refuse to the Ottawa College what the House had granted to Regiopolis, though he hoped that some arrangement would be come to between them whereby they would amalgamate.

Hon. T. D. McGEE said a few words in favor of freedom of education.

Mr. WRIGHT said it was the unanimous desire of the Catholic body of this part of the country, that the Ottawa College should be clothed with University powers. He quite agreed with the remarks of the Attorney-General West.

Mr. DUNKIN said as he had begun the discussion he wished to say a few words at the conclusion. He took the opportunity of denying that he had opposed the granting of University powers to Regiopolis College, nor did he wish to oppose any measure which was deemed advantageous to the educational interests of any class. But he believed the proper way would be to have all the Catholic Colleges in Upper Canada under one University.

Mr. POWELL congratulated the House on the tone of the House, so different from that which used to pervade it in former times, when such questions were brought before it. It was by approaching these questions in the temperate manner which now pervaded the House, that they could be settled in the interest of the country. He dissented from the irreligious principles of the Attorney-General West, (laughter) and maintained that religion ought to be taught in the schools. From his personal knowledge of Ottawa College, he did not hesitate to say that it was an institution which did credit to the Province.

The House then went into Committee on the bill, and reported the same without amendment.

The following bills also passed through Committee:

To authorize the Hartford Oil Company to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To amend the Church Temporalities Act.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

The following bills were read a second time:

To incorporate the Long Point Company.—Mr. McGiverin.

To incorporate the Town of Victoriaville.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To adjust the Boundary Lines and settle the titles in certain Ranges of the Township of Grenville.—Hon. Mr. Abbott.

To authorize Margaret Besserer to sell a block of land in Ottawa, for the benefit of her son the devisee, a minor.—Mr. Currier.

To enable Joseph Robinson Bawden to be examined by the Law Society of Upper Canada, for admission to practice as an Attorney and Solicitor.—Mr. Cartwright.

To incorporate the Bank of London (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Carling.

To place the Wesleyan Methodist Church and property, situated on the South side of Queen Street, in the City of Toronto, under the direction of the "Model Deed" of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in connection with the English conference for the better management thereof and to vest the same in certain Trustees under said Deed (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Cameron (North Ontario).

To amend the Act incorporating the Canadian Institute of the City of Ottawa.—Mr. Currier.

To authorize the Town Council of the Town of Brantford to build a Drill Shed on a certain piece of land.—Mr. Bown.

To incorporate the Ursuline Academy of Chatham (from Legislative Council).—Mr. McKellar.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

To amend Chapter 26 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada respecting certain Water-courses.—Mr. Bourassa.

To amend the law relating to Crown Debtors in Upper Canada.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend Chapter 70 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting Joint Stock Companies for the construction of Roads and certain other works.—Mr. De Niverville.

To amend the Common Law Procedure Act of Upper Canada.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To amend Section 9 of Chapter 6 of the consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada, respecting Tavernkeepers and the sale of Intoxicating Liquors.—Mr. Archambeault.

The House adjourned before 12 o'clock.

— The Glasgow *Herald*, referring to the Fort Erie campaign, says:—It is irritating to think of it, that the 47th and 16th Regiments, and two parts of the Royal artillery, the finest in the world, Armstrong guns, in beautiful and perfect order, and worked by disciplined men, should have been kept nearly thirty hours on a thirteen or fourteen miles march."

—A poor tailor, dunning for an old debt the other day, wrote as follows: "Dear Jim, this little account has been standing seven years, and I think it high time it was paid." To which Jim replied on the same sheet of paper, while Snip's boy was waiting: "Dear Sam—I don't; and may a difference of opinion never alter friendship." What a splendid diplomatist Jim would have made.

SPECIAL FROM QUEBEC.

The Ship Laborers' Strike.

QUEBEC, July 23—7 p.m.

The Volunteer Militia at Levis were called out this morning in aid of the civil power, in consequence of this strike, which still continues, putting a stop to all business on shipboard. A meeting of merchants took place this afternoon to take into consideration the state of affairs, consequent on the ship laborers' strike, and was largely attended. The following gentlemen were present: Messrs. J. G. Ross, J. Sharples, J. Gilmour, I. Burstall, W. Duval, Cangley, Becket, Roberts, Rae, Whit[e], Roche, Dean, Stuart, D. D. Young, H. F., C. W. Wilson, Dewolf, H. Jeffery, A. Thomso[n], Hon. George Pemberton, and T. H. Grant. M[r.] Ross was called to the chair, and Mr. Grant r[e]quested to act as secretary. It was resolved in effect: 1st—That the conduct of the Quebec Ship Laborers' Society, besides being subversive of public order, and causing great inconvenience to the shipping interest, is in direct opposition to the purpose of their charter, which was expressly stated to be for mutual relief. 2nd—That the municipal authorities be called on to protect those persons disposed to work at the shipping. 3rd—That the captains of vessels do employ their crews, or such other persons as are disposed to work, at loading their ships. Before the passing of the fourth resolution, a letter was received from the Ship Laborers' Society, to the effect that they were willing to resume work as usual, on condition that the merchants do secure to them the payment due for their labor, which is too often kept from them by dishonest stevedores; that owners and agents do instruct masters to see hereafter that the laborers are duly paid.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

Further by the "City of Paris."

Latest War Operations.

Peace Negotiations Still Pending.

The Emperor of Austria willing to submit to a Peace Congress.

Lord Derby on the Fenian Raid—A Compliment to the Loyalty of Canadians.

The Vienna *Fiderlauth* says the army of the North is still 200,000.

A French despatch of the 10th says, this morning the Austrians made a rapid advance in strong force with artillery, in the direction of Laridone. They were driven back with the bayonet by the Garibaldians as far as Lasesso, which place was occupied by the volunteers. Garibaldi was present but had to remain in a carriage in consequence of his wounds.

The operations of the Italian army against Bargo Fort were being continued. Italian troops on the 10th captured by assault, the village of Matteguio, near the Let du Pont, at Bargo Fort.

VIENNA, 10.—The Emperor of Austria has issued a manifesto, in which he says: The heavy misfortunes which have befallen his army of the North, have moved to its inmost core his heart; but the reliance he had placed upon the devotion of his people, the courage of his army, upon God and his good and sacred right, has not wavered a single instant. He had addressed himself to the Emperor of the French, requesting his good offices for bringing about an armistice with Italy. Not merely had the Emperor readily responded to his demand, but offered to mediate with Prussia for a suspension of hostilities, and for opening negotiations. This offer he accepts, and announces himself prepared to make peace upon honorable conditions, to prevent bloodshed, but he would not make peace by which Austria's position, as a great power would be shaken. Sooner than do this he would carry on the war to the utmost extremity.

The troops are being reinforced, and all the gaps in the ranks are filled by conscription and volunteering, called to arms by the newly awakened spirit of patriotism.

Austria has been severely visited by misfortune, but she is not humiliated nor bowed down.

PESTH, July 9th., p.m.—An imperial proclamation calls upon the volunteers to enrol themselves under the banners of the army, in order to protect the fatherland, which is threatened by events of war.

FLORENCE, 9th.—The losses of the Italians in the battle at Custozza are officially stated to be 657 killed, 2009 wounded, and 4252 prisoners and missing.

The London *Times* correspondent's account of the battle of Quadawa says, the Prussians had engaged about 250,000 men, and the Austrians nearly as many. Nearly 1500 guns were in action of which 750 were Prussian.

Lord Derby made a statement in the House of Lords on the 9th, in which after declaring the difficulties he met with in forming a ministry, said, in foreign affairs he held it to be the duty of the country to maintain amicable relations with all foreign countries, to avoid entanglement with foreign disputes, and to abstain from all vexatious and irritating interference, or advice with respect to the war in central Europe. The Government would maintain a perfect neutrality, but would be prepared in conjunction with other powers, whenever a favorable opportunity presented itself, to offer its good offices for the restoration of peace; commending the action of the United States Government in relation to the Fenians, he paid a tribute to the loyalty of the Canadian volunteers, adding an expression of his desire that a confederation of all the British American Colonies might soon be accomplished.

The Paris *Presse* says the following are the basis of negotiations suggested by France, and communicated to the representatives of the belligerents.

The German Confederation had to be dissolved, and another Confederation had to be established, of which neither Prussia nor Austria should form part. No territorial cession is to be demanded of Austria. The abandonment of the latter of their rights in the Duchies, and to replace the war indemnity, at present demanded by Prussia. Prussia to incorporate Schleswig-Holstein, Hesse-Cassel, Hesse-Darmstadt and Brunswick. The population of the Prussian Kingdom would thereby be raised to 25,000,000. The Rhine to constitute the western frontier of Prussia, and the Provinces between the Rhine and Maine to serve as an indemnity to the Sovereign dispossessed by the war. An exchange of territory to take place between Baden and Bavaria, who would give the former nearly the whole of the Rhenish pelatenat, Saxony, Hanover, and the Duchies of Saxe, to conclude military conventions with Prussia. The inhabitants of Launenberg to choose whether they shall belong to France or Baden, and the population of the valley of the Lorre to choose between France and the Rhenish Sovereigns.

La France says the Prussian conditions are the exclusion of Austria from the Germanic Confederacy,—the exclusive command of the military and naval forces of the Confederacy by Prussia,—the diplomatic representation of Germany abroad, and the cession to Prussia of the Duchies, and part of the territory already occupied.

La France also says, the Emperor Napoleon at once sent these conditions to Petersburg and London, as raising questions of European interest, which can only be settled by consent of the great powers.

MADRID, 11th.—The O'Donnel Ministry resigned last night, and a new Cabinet was appointed, with Marshall Marnara President of the Counsel, and minister of war.

FERARA, 11th.—General Cialdini is marching upon Rodrigo, with an army of more than 100,000 Italians, and 200 guns.

The Austrians have evacuated the whole territory between the Minio and the Adigi. The greater part of the Austrian forces are stationed at Padua.

—The sale of horse meat in the Parisian capital has now been authorized by the Prefet.—*La societie des hippophages* intends giving a grand banquet, next week, in order to celebrate the event of their favorite meat being introduced as a means of nourishment. The price will be about two-thirds cheaper than beef. The Society's bill of fare is to be the following: Potage au consomme de cheval; Saucisson de cheval; Aloyan de cheval aux croquettes de pommes de terre; cheval a la mode; civit de lievre; filet de cheval roti; salade de Romaine

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Cattle Disease broken out in California.

Desperate Encounter with Indians near Idaho City.

The effects of the recent fine weather on the state of health.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21st.—A disease among the cattle is reported in San Joaquin County. They die suddenly.

A letter from Ruby City, Idaho, says much excitement was created there by an intelligence that Capt. Jennings and party fifty miles distant, were surrounded by Indians. Two hundred volunteers went to the rescue, but on their arrival the Indians had disappeared. The besieged party fought 2 days without cessation, they killed forty Indians and lost but one man.

NEW YORK, 23rd.—The police arrested 47 liquor dealers in Brooklyn last night, for violation of the excise law.

The woods on Long Island, in Suffolk County, have been burning several days causing heavy damage.

WASHINGTON, 23rd.—The official report sent to the headquarters of the Austrian troops in Mexico, shows that the number of Austrian troops engaged at Comargo on the 16th, when Olivera was defeated, was 280, of whom 130 were killed including all the officers, 126 taken prisoners, and 23 missing.

NEW YORK, 23rd.—*The Herald's* San Francisco correspondence says, the Americans in Mazatlan complain bitterly of the want of protection afforded them. There is not a government vessel either at Mazatlan or Guanniss.

NEW YORK, July 23rd.—The pleasant weather of the past three days has had the effect of preventing any further increase of the cholera in this city. The number of confirmed cases yesterday was fourteen. The epidemic is increasing on Governor's Island. There were two deaths yesterday, and more than the usual number of cases. It appears that of twenty-four cases on the Island, all were boys from sixteen to twenty. Prompt measures have been taken for the suppression of the epidemic, and arrangements are being made to supply the troops with better water. On Hart's Island the cholera is severe, the cases being from twenty to thirty daily, with a proportion of from ten to fifteen per cent. of deaths. Diarrhea prevails among officers and men to a great extent, and the greatest care is required to prevent it from merging into cholera. There were five new cases in Brooklyn yesterday, which were removed to the new cholera hospital.

The Herald's city of Mexico correspondence says: The 4th of July was duly celebrated by the citizens of the United States residing there.

General Magruder, of the Confederate army, and Prince Salon Salin, et Atlanta, formerly of the United States army, paid their respects to the American Consul, during the day.

The Declaration of Independence was read by the Consul.

The memory of Washington was eulogised by ex-Governor Reynolds, of Missouri. Gen. Magruder responded to the toast of "Army and Navy of the United States."

The memory of our martyred President was received with distinguished honor by all, the ex-rebels joining with marked respect in its observance.

WHEELING, VA., 23.—The extensive flour mill of Detweller & Co., was completely destroyed by fire on Saturday morning. Loss estimated at $50,000; insured, $20,000.

A woman named Reddle was brutally murdered on Saturday evening near her residence, by a German named Ludens. The victim was stabbed six times in the neck and breast, and died in fifteen minutes after receiving those wounds. The murderer is still at large.

FATHER POINT, 23, noon.—There are as yet no signs of the S. S. *Hibernia*, now due off this point, with one day's later news from Europe.

BOSTON, 23rd.—The steamer *Concordia* from Liverpool on the 5th *via* Queenstown the 7th inst., arrived here to-day, with 300 steerage passengers.

NEW YORK, 23rd.—The *Great Eastern* may arrive at Heart's Content on Friday, when the Associated Press will receive by telegraph early and full details of the operations connected with the laying of the Atlantic Cable.

Communication between Newfoundland and Nova Scotia is stopped, in consequence of a break in the cable made by a sailing yacht. A new cable will be laid within four weeks.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A *Tribune's* special from New Orleans says: The different rebel organizations, which existed during the war, having perfected a re-organization of regiments, brigades and divisions for, it is claimed, charitable purposes, and to erect a monument to the Confederate dead. Gen. Sheridan, under an order dated 18th, prohibits the erection of any such monument, and disbands such organization. Hundreds of Union men have received anonymous notices to leave the city or suffer assassination. Freedmen are also whipped, shot, and hunted down.

NEW YORK, July 23.—*The Herald's* Montreal despatch says that the New York mail bag, due there on Saturday night, was stolen. It is not believed the loss is large, as it is not said the mail contained any registered letters.

The reported escape of Fenian prisoners is untrue.

Gen. Sheridan met with a cordial reception in Montreal, on Saturday. He arrived in Quebec on Sunday.

The Herald's Ottawa despatch says: The troops that have recently arrived, and are still arriving in Canada from England and English colonial possessions, are to remain in the Provinces, and none are to be sent away of those which were here previously.

NEW YORK, 23.—Washington telegrams state that the President is expected to veto the joint resolution admitting Tennessee.

European despatches received at the State Department do not confirm the hopes of an immediate peace.

It is expected that France will be compelled to assume the character of a belligerent. She will be drawn into the contest in behalf of Austria.

No reports of cholera are yet made for to-day, though it is said the mortality in Brooklyn has been unusually large.

NEW YORK, 13.—*The Chronicle's* money article says:—The Stock Market shows a sharp change from the activity of last week. Governments are quiet; money is easier; gold steady, but scarce for delivery. One-sixteenth per cent. being paid on borrowed gold.

COMMERCIAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Return of traffic for week ending July 14, 1866:

Passengers	$56,619
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	4,900
Freight and Live Stock	63,740
Total	$125,259
Corresponding week of 1865	115,000
Increase	$10,259

JOHN HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Montreal, July 19, 1866.

New York Markets.

New York, July 2[illegible].

STOCKS—Better. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 150 and closed at 150½.

COTTON—Quiet and firm. Sales at 38c for middling.

FLOUR—Dull. Receipts 8,764 barrels at 10c @ 25c lower. Sales 5,100 barrels at $5.70 @ 7.50 superfine State; $6.80 @ 8.19 for extra State; $8.15 @ 9.75c for choice do; $5.85 @ 7.50 for superfine Western; $8.90 @ $8.75 for common to good extra Western, and $8.10 @ 9.65c for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour easier at $8.30 @ 9.80c for common, and $9.90 @ 12.30c for good to choice extra.

DIED.

At Toronto, on the 20th instant, in her fourteenth year, *Helen Louisa*, only daughter of Captain F. G. Scott, late 71st regt., and grand daughter of T. A. Stayner, Esq.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized.

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL-KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only removes the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn, London. 184d

Perry Davis' Pain Killer has been used in severe cases of cholera, and never has failed in a single case where it was thoroughly applied on the first appearance of the symptoms.

The late Rev. Dr. Granger repeatedly expressed his belief that he owed his life to the timely use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. During his recent visit to the Missions in Burmah, he had a severe attack of the cholera, and was immediately relieved by the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. Samuel J. Gonsalves, writing from Portuguese Colony, July 1, 1857, says:

"Your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done great good among the exiles of Maderia. It is now and has been for five years, the great family medicine with us. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, colds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croup, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, etc. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole colony. 184a

Habitual Constipation—Words of Comfort.—Dr. Cyrus W. Nelson, of Boston, Mass., author of "Clinical Observations on the Treatment of Abdominal Diseases," says, in a letter dated February 27th, 1862: "I consider Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills the best remedy for Chronic Constipation at present known. With me they have never failed, and I have prescribed them in at least fifty instances." He also states: "That for all irregularities of the digestive functions, the liver and the bowels, they are by far the most useful medicine he has ever prescribed—perfectly safe and eminently reliable." Similar testimony is volunteered by Dr. Humphrey Lettsom, of Chicago, Ill., who enumerates thirty cases, with names and dates, in which he has administered the Pills, with entire success, for habitual costiveness and piles. Wherever they have been used as a remedy for liver and bowel complaints, the result has been equally satisfactory. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 184a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 144-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

"**FREE TRADE.**"—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "FREE TRADE," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O. Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

"**PROTECTION.**"—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "PROTECTION," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O., Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, SUGARS, AND General Fresh Groceries.

On Thursday, the 26th July,

AT THE STORES OF

MESSRS. RIMMER, GUNN & CO.,

WILL BE SOLD,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

TEAS, WINES, TOBACCOS, SUGARS,

And FRESH GROCERIES.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at Ten o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

185-td

AUCTION SALE —OF— Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN has been instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, July 25th, at the hour of ten a.m., at the Store of Mr. JOSEPH BOYDEN, Sussex Street, a very large lot of good FURNITURE, nearly new, belonging to a gentleman giving up housekeeping, viz.: 2 Superior Sofas, 6 Chairs to match, 2 Rocking Chairs, 12 Common Chairs, 3 Bureaus, 2 Centre Tables, 1 Sideboard, 4 Bedsteads, 2 Hair Mattrasses, Washstands, What-Not, 1 Fine Brussels Carpet, Oil Cloth, Tables of different kinds, 1 Wardrobe, 1 Cooking Stove and Furniture, 2 Parlour Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, and several other articles too numerous to mention. The whole will be sold without reserve. Terms Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 23, '66. 185-2

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager......*John Townsend.*

Double Company, amateur and professional, for this night only.

The free list entirely suspended, the public press excepted.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General.

By permission of Major Newdigate, commanding Detachment of the 4th Battalion Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade, the amateurs of the corps will make their second and last appearance in Ottawa, assisted by the professional Ladies and Gentlemen of the company

On Tuesday Evening, July 24th,

When will be presented J. B. Buckstone's great drama, in 3 acts, entitled

THE GREEN BUSHES!

OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Produced with great care and most powerfully cast.

By the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the magnificent band of the Battalion will be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening a choice selection of music.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

"Jolly Dogs," Song and Chorus, by the Band.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

THE ARTFUL DODGE.

Characters by the double Company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 23. 184

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman	75 cents
Single Ticket	50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183d

1866. 1866.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION

OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz.:

Dr Hill, President,	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq, 1st Vice President,	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President,	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan,	John Henderson, "
P Fairburn, Esq	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "
	Dr. J. Leggo.

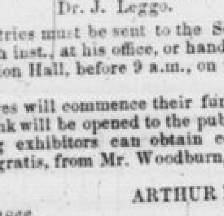
List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.

July 17, 1866. 180-td

1866.  1866.

St. George's Society, OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE.

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Ponies under 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be laid down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of th P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.

WM. MILLS, *Secretary.*

Ottawa, July 20. 182a

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS IN DUPLICATE WILL BE received at the Commissariat Office, Kingston, C. W., until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst., for the supply of

BREAD, at per 100 POUNDS

To the Garrison at Ottawa, until the 30th September, 1866, at certain conditions, which may be ascertained by application to the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

Forms of Tenders to be obtained at the same place.

Commissariat, Kingston, July 19, 1866. 183-s.m.t

TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.

Apply to JAS. G. ROBINSON, The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 23. 184d

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor, otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c. (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.	
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range	100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range	500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range	200 acres
WESTMEATH.	
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake	163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range	200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range	200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range	100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake	400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake	200 acres
ONSLOW.	
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range	50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range	100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9	400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range	300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19	400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11	300 acres
NEPEAN.	
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession	100 acres
WAKEFIELD.	
South ½s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range	200 acres
HULL.	
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range	100 acres
EARDLEY.	
Lot 14, in the 6th range	87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range	100 acres
CUMBERLAND.	
Lot 3, in the 8th concession	200 acres
ALLUMETTE ISLAND.	
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range	51 acres
BRISTOL.	
N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5	50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession	284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession	400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession	500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession	300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con.	300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con.	300 acres
CLARENDON.	
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con.	250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range	500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range	700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range	1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range	800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained, In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

Tremendous Sacrifice IN Crockery, Stoves & Furniture, AT THE VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

A VARIETY OF TEA AND OTHER setts, 50 cents a set cheaper than any other house in the city.

Toilet setts, Soup Tireens, Vegetable Dishes, Side Dishes, Baking Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Plates in variety, Enamelled Pudding Bowels, Milk Bowls, &c. Also, a large quantity of Stone Churns, Stone Butter Crocks, Stone Cream Jugs, Tomato Jars, Preserve Jars, Flower Pots, Milk Pans, &c., will be sold at the manufacturer's cost price.

GLASSWARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND PATTERNS.

Cooking Stoves,—Select Patterns,

New and Second Hand.

Walnut and common Furniture, new and second hand, double and single Mattrasses, Looking glasses, &c., &c., to be sold at a slight advance on cost, at the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

Crockery and Glassware loaned to public or private parties at a reasonable charge.

Persons having Furniture or other effects to sell or exchange will find it to their advantage to call at the Variety Hall, as I will purchase all kinds of Stoves or Furniture at their residences, thereby saving a great deal of time and expense to the seller.

120y JOSEPH BOYDEN.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They *create a healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 13. 181-3m

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p. m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER,
Builder, Metcalfe St.

180-3

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS..................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1865. 110-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED INstructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS,
CHAIRS,
TABLES,
CARPETS,
CURTAINS,
PICTURES,
STOVES and PIPES,
GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY and
KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus,

LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.

A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

138y

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.	B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
Executor.

174-d

WANTS.

WANTED.—TEN GOOD SHIRT-MAKERS. Apply at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.'S, No. 20, Sparks Street.

166tf

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100-tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
136-3m

Ottawa, May 28, 1866.

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, and Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS', & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-t

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.--THE WESTERLY one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-139-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

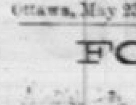
SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

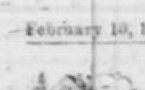
ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

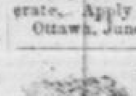
FOR SALE.



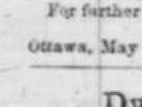
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa; with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf



TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

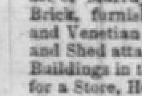


FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 136-tf

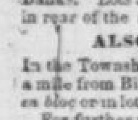


RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.



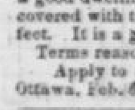
POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf



FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

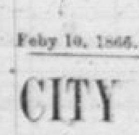
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf



FOR SALE.--ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf



FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as WOODROOFE, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES.

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests young Hyson Tea.		
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

400 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
50 qr. casks Gin.
Green cases Gin.
Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
**Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.**
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans,

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RE-spectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.
If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.
Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.
CROCKER & CO.,
Proprietors.
The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p m. for the Springs.
Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33¼ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

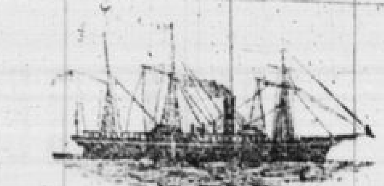
MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation)
STEERAGE $34.25.

☞RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID, 1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD,
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 13th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importers furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties in the habit of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

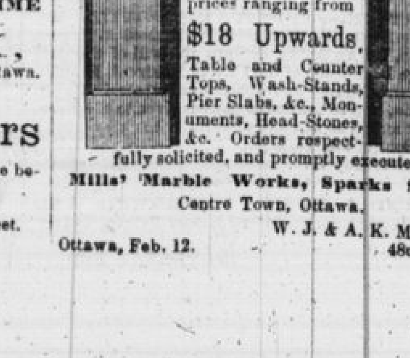
Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin; Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a South[illegible] direction, from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, [illegible] said, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.
117-3m

Mantle-Pieces!

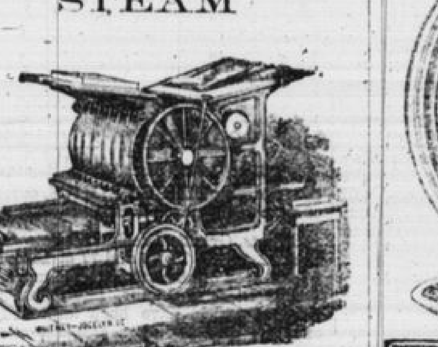


IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards.
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS, INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

THO'S RUSSELL & SON

To H M THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction, and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TEN-DERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT

BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD

OF THE

FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, Beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students' English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180[illegible]

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPE-rior lot of the very best

Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,

—AT—

PRATT & CO.'S,

No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
☞ All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866 s1-3-w

WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTER-NAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural: all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin: the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Berlin,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound, for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verisimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Piano ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGG's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed on the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have in it an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable in any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.

PATENT

Automatic Organs

$52 to $552 EACH.

THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES

WITH

PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS

School Organs & Melodeons

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.

Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 Now in Use.

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAIN-ing full descriptions of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dwy

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted.) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

Legislative Council

VOL. I. NO. 186. | OTTAWA, C. W., WEDESNDAY JULY 25, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily.	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	3.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	3.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton,	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

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☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Jamer's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa

E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.

February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits in and for the district of Quebec.

December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.

OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.

Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.

GEO. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.

Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.

Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.

OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.

☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.

February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.

OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.

OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.

OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.

OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.

WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.

References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*

Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.

Ottawa, F 7, 186 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.

RULING done to any pattern.

Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.

Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reid's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.

☞ Agent for "Glenross' Report of Fashions."

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.

P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.

Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.

☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.

They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.

OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.

F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.

Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent,

AND

BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.

December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.

March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.

January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,

Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,

Pure Chemicals,

Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,

Licentiate Apothecary.

Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.

HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.

NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,

&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office, 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.

☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

H. V. NOEL,

Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO

H. J. FRIEL,

Or R. E. O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on th line.

T. S. DETLOR,

SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c. &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond........ 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

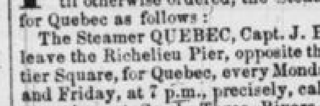
C. J. BRYDGES,

Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

1866.  1866.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNTIL otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included)........ $2.50

Steerage........ 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,

General Manager.

Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING

AND

Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to

G. R. NASH, MANAGER,

Aylmer, C. E.

Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866. 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.

my31-139-d

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, No. 5 Sparks Street.

my31-139-d

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, *SUSSEX STREET.*

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.

Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.

December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.

This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.

Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.

☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.

Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862,

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.

111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an ffice quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to

W. B. HEALEY,

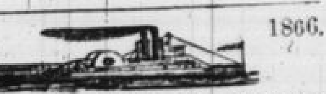
Or to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

STEAMERS.

1866.  1866.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAPT. J. RYAN.)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN,"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Por Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

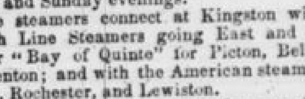
OLD LINE!

[Established in 1844.]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866.  1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

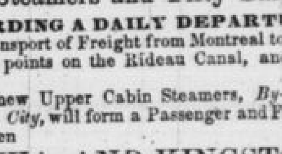
Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,

Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866.  1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,........Capt. J. B. ESTES.

ONTARIO,........Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

CATARACT,........

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN,........ — DEWITT,

EMPRESS,........Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT,

☞ Traveller, be not induced by loudr cies in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.

H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.

May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &C.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms hav been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,

Proprietors.

June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,

Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.

Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.

April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,

69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather, and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.

Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice of Indebtedness—J. R. Hamilton.

Variety Hall—Joseph Boyden.

Cow Stolen or Strayed—James Green.

Cook Wanted—Hamilton's Hotel.

Farmer Wanted—John Ashworth.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(Published every Friday morning.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.

Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line, 10c

All subsequent insertions, per line, 5c

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The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 25, 1866.

The House yesterday passed the Militia Estimates, in committee, and concurred in the items formerly reported. No less than three divisions took place. The first was on an amendment moved by Mr. Holton, to reduce the appropriation of $22,500 for slides and booms to $10,000, to prevent the purchase by the Government of the works on the Black Water, and, practically, to interdict the lumber trade next season. The opponents of the appropriation assumed a very untenable position, and had by long odds the worst of the argument. The second division was taken on a motion by Mr. McKenzie to strike $100,000 off the estimates for Public Buildings, and the third on Secret Service appropriation. The government were sustained on all by handsome majorities.

The Hon. Mr. Ferrier introduced a bill in the Upper House on Monday last, relating to Foreign Fire Insurance Companies doing business in Canada. It provides that all such Companies not incorporated in this Province shall invest fifty thousand dollars in Canadian Securities. A similar measure, but requiring a much larger amount to be invested, and applying both to Fire and Marine Companies is before the Assembly in charge of Mr. Morrison. We do not see any reason why the Life Assurance Companies should be excluded from the operation of the contemplated enactments though the amount of security required might, perhaps, be fixed at a different figure.

At present several American Companies, Fire, Life and Marine, are doing a very large business in the country, while none of them but the Fire Companies give security, and they only $10,000 each, an amount which appears small in view of the possibility of the occurrence of such an overwhelming calamity as that which recently befell the city of Portland. On the other hand English Companies are compelled by the law of 1863 to invest $100,000, or file an annual statement of their affairs with the Minister of Finance. Most of them being unable to furnish a statement oftener than once in three or five years, are, consequently, under the necessity of making the investment or ceasing to do business. We understand that the managers of the English Companies, with creditable liberality, have united in asking the Legislature to reduce the $200,000 deposit proposed by Mr. Morrison's bill to $50,000 for American Fire and Marine Companies, and to extend the same law to American Life Companies. In this shape we believe the proposed act would have a salutary effect, and it is to be hoped that out of the two measures on the subject now before the Legislature one good bill may be framed and become law.

With reference to the inquiry of a correspondent, yesterday as to "why the reports of the Legislative Council have ceased to appear," the answer is simply that we found it to our advantage to drop them. We know that the House had never, either in Toronto or Quebec, commanded sufficient public attention to make it worth the while of the *Globe*, *Leader*, *Chronicle* or *Mercury*, to report them, excepting in a very brief form, and then only when subjects of more than usual importance were in question—most of the time their Lordships not being even so much as mentioned. We know further that the long reports which appeared in other papers, in the cities named, were paid for by the House, out of its contingencies; that is, the House paid a reporter an amount from which he was able to defray the expense of publishing the reports, and have, we must suppose, a moderate remuneration left for his services; and we may here add, we were prepared to print the debates upon the same terms. Indeed, we had opened our columns to the gentleman who had long reported the House, with that understanding, and were further encouraged to let him take up more room than we could well spare, from the fact that the Secretary of the Contingent Account Committee, shortly after the opening of the session, addressed us a note, asking upon what terms we would both report and print. We inferred from this, as we had good reason for doing, that they were willing to pay at least the value of the work. Similar letters were addressed to other papers, and to several reporters, but their old reporter, we understood, made the most favourable offer, and we concluded he had got the preference. The Committee, however, without rhyme or reason, all at once changed their minds, and determined that they would not pay anything at all, in other words they concluded it would be for the advantage of the House to be practically ignored, and, perhaps, they were right. We have no quarrel with them further than that we were misled by their practice of many years past. Some of the members of the Committee were very positive that the newspapers would not leave them unreported, and for our part we have no desire to prevent any of our contemporaries from engaging in the work, but on the contrary, will be glad to learn what is doing in the House, and may, perhaps, occasionally copy some of the more effective speeches. But we cannot undertake to pay some $30 or $40 for reporting, and as much more for printing, weekly, just to please the Committee.—How they could expect that the newspapers at Ottawa would do what the great leading journals in Toronto and Quebec did not feel able or willing to do, we cannot conceive. Then, is not this rather amusing. Here is a service to be performed, and which most people will agree to say it were very desirable to have performed, (or the Legislative Council might as well have no existence) which may cost the country—say $500 a session, but those patriotic gentlemen, instead of either voting the amount from their contingencies, or if they have become too scrupulous to do that, putting a-side *half a day's pay each*, wish to throw the whole burden upon one citizen, who can, in no way, be advantaged, but in every way injured by it. We can't do it gentlemen, nor would either of you do it if you were in our place.

The Hon. Mr. Howland has on the paper a motion for the House in Committee at its second sitting to-morrow, on the following resolutions:—

Resolved, 1. That if any person shall use or attempt to use in prepayment of postage on any letter or mailable thing posted in this Province, any postage stamp which shall have been before used for like purposes, such person shall be subject to a penalty of not less than ten and not exceeding forty dollars for every such offence; and the letter or other mailable thing on which such stamp shall have been so improperly used may be detained, or in the discretion of the Postmaster-General forwarded to destination, charged with double the postage to which it would have been liable if posted unpaid.

2. That sub-section ten of section fifty-five of the Post-Office Act be repealed, and the following substituted therefor:

"To enclose a letter or letters or any writing intended to serve the purpose of a letter, in a parcel posted for the parcel post or in a packet of samples or patterns posted to pass at the rate of postage applicable to samples and patterns, or to enclose a letter or any writing, or to enclose any other thing in a newspaper, posted to pass as a newspaper, at the rate of postage applicable to newspapers, (except in the case of the accounts and receipts of newspaper publishers, which are permitted to pass folded within the newspapers sent by them to their subscribers, shall in each case be an offence punishable by a penalty of not less than *ten* and not exceeding *forty dollars* in each case.

3. That the Postmaster-General be authorized to grant licenses revocable at pleasure, to agents, other than Post-Masters, for the sale to the public, of postage stamps and stamped envelopes, and to allow to such agents a commission of not exceeding *five* per cent. on the amount of their sales, and that it shall not be lawful for any person to undertake the business of selling postage stamps, or stamped envelops to the public unless duly licensed so to do by the Postmaster-General, and under such conditions as he may prescribe, and that any person who shall violate this provision, by selling postage stamps, or stamped envelopes to the public, without a license from the Postmaster-General, shall on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, incur a penalty of not exceeding *forty dollars* for such offence.

4. That if any person shall wilfully or maliciously injure or destroy any Street Letter Box, Pillar Box, or other recepticle, established by authority of the Postmaster-General, for the safe deposit of letters or other mail matter, such person shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the Court, before whom the offender is convicted, and every person who aids, abets, counsels, or procures the commission of this offense, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punishable as a principal offender.

5. That wilfully and maliciously, to destroy, damage, detain or delay any packet or package of patterns, and samples of merchandize, and goods, or of seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions or grafts, sent by mail, under the preceding clause, shall be a misdemeanor.

These contemplated improvements to the existing law will doubtless have a salutary effect in securing the better administration of the postal service, but we submit that the provision in the first resolution, that a letter on which a postage stamp previously used has been placed, may be forwarded under double unpaid postage rate to its destination, may be the cause of unduly inflicting an innocent party without contributing to the prevention of fraud on the department. The receiver in this cause can hardly be presumed to have any share in the guilt of the thief, while the fact of having a correspondent so contemptible as to perpetrate such a crime would be humiliation enough, without superadding the payment of a penalty implying a certain degree of participation in it.

—Ketchum the forger has been pardoned from the New York State Prison.

—The Portland *Advertiser*, lately burned out, will appear on the first of August.

—Gen. Grant says he will accept no party nomination for the Presidency.

—P. T. Barnum is said to be a candidate for a seat in Congress from Connecticut.

—The Hon. Chas. Connell has been appointed Surveyor-General of New Brunswick.

—The war in Prussia has caused such a scarcity of labor that women are employed in repairing railroads.

—Commodore Vanderbilt, of New York, reported his income for 1865 at $633,960. Wm. B. Astor reports $1,154,059.

LOCAL NEWS.

POST OFFICE.—We are informed that the Ottawa Post Office is about to be put on the same footing as those of other cities, and instead of deriving his income from a per centage as heretofore, the salary of the Postmaster will be fixed.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION TO-DAY.—We anticipate a large attendance at the Horticultural Exhibition at the Skating Rink to-day. To add to the attractions of the evening, the excellent band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will be in attendance.

CHOICE FURNITURE.—We direct the attention of parties desirous of getting good Furniture, and at bargains, to visit the Variety Hall, Sussex Street, and the stock there on view cannot fail to please, while Mr. Boyden will always be found ready and willing to drive a bargain providing the ready cash comes in.

THAT CONFEDERATION POEM.—The Polck called upon us yesterday, and his virtuous(?) indignation knows no bounds, and all this froth forsooth, because we did not see fit to puff his garbage. If the gentlemen upon whom the gentle *Breeze* has blown his horn, stands the shock, we have no reason to complain.

THE THEATRE.—Last night was one of the best of the season. In fact it may be called an ovation. The two companies worked well together, and everything passed off in admirable style. The enthusiastic applause with which the performance was received throughout, makes it desirable to repeat it on Friday night, and the manager has been induced to apply to Major Newdigate, for permission to give his men leave, and it is believed he will be kind enough to do so.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY PIC NIC.—We have been requested to state that no band will parade the streets on Thursday morning, (to-morrow). The band of P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will be on the grounds at an early hour, and will play at intervals throughout the day and evening. Besides the games, &c., announced, there will be a performance on the tight rope, by the young Canadian Blondin. At night a monster bonfire will illuminate the gay and festive scene. We heartily wish the St. George's Society the utmost success on this and every other occasion.

FENIANS IN OUR MIDST.—Ever since "the raid," the most silent and insidious deathdealing movements of the enemy, now in our very midst, have been allowed to proceed until the green is publicly worn in open day, and no one disputes its progress. Let the Board of Health look to the stagnant pools of death all over our city. These are the *green clad* pestilential plague spots more deadly in their work than the repeating rifles of the Fenians. Our brave volunteers could dispose of the latter, but who shall meet the former? We have no objection whatever to the *green*, when it does not cover the treasonable designs of Fenianism, nor the malaria of stagnant pools.

MAGAZINES.—"The Leisure Hour," for July, one of the best English monthlies, always replete with that information from which the mind can receive wholesome food. The contents of this number are beautifully illustrated, the frontispiece being a splendid vignette of that truly philanthropic man of our age, George Peabody, also an engraving of his buildings at Spitalsfields. "The Sunday at Home," which, as the title would indicate, is strictly a family Magazine, well stored with reading for the Sabbath day, and beautifully illustrated with engravings. The parting of Abraham and Lot is a rich engraving, as is also the vignette of Elizabeth Brodie, the last Duchess of Gordon. These valuable family fireside companions are on sale at Durie & Son's.

CURSING IN COURT.—The man Morrison, in the course of his evidence against a liquor seller, yesterday, gave rise to one of those expressions which some people would consider entirely out of place in a court of justice, and it may as well be recorded. The fellow being asked if he knew what time the occurrence in question took place, answered "Oh, I took d—d good care to know what time it was." We expected, of course, that he would be fined, for, though filthy cursing and swearing and blasphemous oaths are heard on all hands, both by little children in rags and grown men with good clothes on, we were not aware that it would be tolerated in court, and that too from a person at the time under the solemn obligation of an oath. It is true, the man was checked, and threatened with punishment if he cursed again, but it certainly did appear to us that he should have received some tangible proof. Perhaps, however, the Police Magistrate took the philosophical view, that the practice being so prevalent, an inadvertant slip of the tongue might be excused as such. We believe with the Hon. Mr. McGee, that no one has a right to throw his handful of dirt into that glorious reservoir of "English undefiled" which has come down to us as a rich heritage, grander and nobler, and more comprehensive than any language the world has ever known. And our public institutions should at least be the guardians of its purity.

POLICE COURT.—Francis Day, drunk and insulting on the street. When arrested he assaulted the constables, Sergeant Davis and Brown. He confessed to having broken his pledge which, but for having had his path crossed by "that rowdy," he would not have done. If his Worship would allow him to go he would give his word never to drink another drop till the last day of his life. The incorrigible delinquent elected to be tried summarily and pleaded a little guilty—not much. Fine, $10 and costs, to be levied by distress, or one month's hard labor. Antoine Baulne, drunk on the market—first time. Fined $2 and costs. Wm. Morrison, drunk and amusing himself quietly with throwing stones at a gentleman's house on Little Sussex street; had not been known to violate the laws before. His Worship addressed the prisoner very feelingly, which elicited signs of contrition, and his worship said he would be lenient, in the hope, which he was pleased to indulge, that he would pursue a better course. Fined $2 and costs. Abraham Ratier, grocer, selling liquor after 9 o'clock on Saturday night. Antoine Bordeleau sworn—Said he sent a boy to purchase liquor; saw the boy pay for it. It appears informer had been distrained upon for rent by defendant, and thus to avenge himself had induced Ratier to violate the law, that he might have the satisfaction of seeing him punished. Odillon Mattien, a little boy charged with throwing stones and using bad language—first time; dismissed. Eliza Ford, charged with having in her possession, a keg, stolen from Wm. Israel. She bought it a year ago from a person who has left the country, but as it appeared to her to belong to complainant, she was willing to give it up, which was accordingly done and the matter settled.

—Letters from Saugenay, the sea-side, and other fashionable resorts, report the number of visitors to be less than usual.

—The fines collected at the Police Court, Toronto, on Saturday last amounted to about $400. Good for the exchequer, but not so for the city morals.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, July 24th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at three o'clock.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD complained that the Government allowed private bills to be introduced towards the close of the Session when the attention of the House ought to be devoted to matters of public interest.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that he considered the government justified in giving the fullest opportunity for the passage of private bills. In its own sphere private Legislation was of more importance than public. Every private bill contributed in some degree to the progress of the locality, or the benefit of the interests affected.

The following bills were introduced and read a first time:

To enable the Canadian Loan and Investment Company to sell and dispose of certain lands.—Mr. Morrison.

To incorporate the Savings Bank of the St. Joseph's section of the Montreal Temperance Society.—Mr. Dennis.

To capitalise the interest debt, and extend the time for the payment of the indebtedness of the County of Perth.—Mr. McFarlane.

To authorise the issue of Letters Patent to C. S. Gzowski, and Hon. D.L. Macpherson, for a certain invention for improvements in treating certain ores and alloys, and in obtaining metals and other products therefrom.—Attorney-General Macdonald.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked in what order the Government would be proceeded with?

Hon. Mr. GALT replied, that it was the intention of the Government to go on at once with the Militia items in Committee of Supply, and if time permitted to pass also the remaining items in the general estimates.

On motion of Hon. Mr. GALT, the House went into Committee of Supply, Mr. Street in the chair.

The following (Militia) items were passed: Adjutant-General $3,000; Deputy-Adjutant General Lower Canada, $2,400; Deputy-Adjutant General Upper Canada, $2,400; Two Assistant Adjutant-Generals, L. C., $3,200; Two Deputy Assistant Adjutant-Generals, U. C., $2,400; Two Deputy Assistant Adjutant-Generals, L. C., $2,400; Superintendent Military Schools, $1,200; Military Surveyor, $1,200; Provincial Aid-de-camp, $1,840; Chief Clerk and Accountant, $2,000; Senior Clerk, $1,400; Superindent of Stores, $1,400; Three Clerks at $1,200 each; One at $900; One at $800; One at $660; Two at $600 each; Messenger, $500; do $400. Total for Departmental Salaries,—$36,880.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD attacked the administration for the increase in the number of officers in the departments, and hoped that as many of these appointments were marked temporary and provisional, they would be dispensed with as soon as the exigencies of the service would permit.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the position of the Minister of Militia was like that of the Minister of War. He was a civil officer, and had to bow to military authority on military matters. He explained the causes which led to the appointment of the Adjutant-General, upon whom the responsibility of the Department had been thrown, and he had chosen his own officers. The Adjutant-General required a certain degree of efficiency in the staff, and even the Lieut.-General commanding the forces desired that the Department should be brought up to an efficient standard. No man was recommended by him (Attorney-General) for any of those offices, the appointments had been made by the Military authorities with a due regard to the effective administration of the department. The Attorney-General went over the names of the several appointments, explaining the necessities which had caused them, and the services performed. When the Adjutant-General came to consider the means of defence for our long, exposed frontier he found there was not such a thing as a military map in the department. A Military Surveyor had therefore been appointed to examine the roads, and report upon the general features of the frontier to be defended. He could not agree with the member for Cornwall that the staff should at once be reduced to its old footing, on the ground that all danger was over. That hon. gentleman might remember, for he was a soldier then, that after the troubles of 1837 the country was harrassed with maranders for three long years, and though he (Atty.-General) would be very glad to find himself mistaken he did not think we should as yet consider ourselves altogether out of danger. As to the disposition of the forces the Attorney-General stated it should be understood that in time of war the militia are placed under the direct control of the commander of Her Majesty's forces, and that the Adjutant-General had no orders to take from the government regarding their disposition or movements. Before sitting down he would read the following memorandum from the Adjt.-Gen., which he had no doubt would be accepted as satisfactory by the House, and would show that that gentleman had not by any means underrated the services of the Brigade Majors:—

"The Adjutant-General claims no merit personally for the efficiency of the Volunteer force, as evidenced by late events. He found that force for the most part in existence. The merit is due partly to the admirable material of which the Volunteer force is composed; partly to the zeal and efficiency of the executive officers in the different districts. As a general rule the A. G. has had great reason to be satisfied with the Brigade Majors whom he found on his arrival already appointed. But it must be evident that on any emergency greater cohesion and unity of action are required, for the purpose of combining military movements, than could be ensured by the agency of the Brigade Majors working each in his comparatively limited districts. Without derogating from the merit due to the Brigade Majors, therefore, the services of officers of more extended military experience are necessary to direct and combine the efforts of the Brigade Majors. Just as in every regiment, in order to secure unity of action, the authority of the Subalterns of a Company is centralized in the Captain; the authority of the Captains in the Majors, and the authority of the Majors in the Lieut.-Col; so, on a larger scale, the authority of two or more Brigade Majors requires to be centralized in one district Executive Staff Officer. It was in this view that the Assistant and Deputy A. A. G.'s were appointed. The A. G. claims the credit of having recommended these appointments, and he confidently appeals to the representatives of the different districts in both Houses of Parliament, to bear testimony to the efficiency and zeal with which the duties of these appointments have been performed."

Mr. RANKIN next addressed the House, and was followed by

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD, who spoke at considerable length, referring to the establishment of the Military Schools, the appointment of Brigade Majors, the organization of some 15,000 Volunteers under his Government, &c., &c.

Col. HAULTAIN said the country would no doubt congratulate itself that the member for Cornwall was not Minister of Militia, for it was evident he knew very little about military matters. There were several duties which had to be performed by the Staff, not properly pertaining to the Adjutant-General's department, and it was because of the absence of classification that it appeared so large. As to reducing the Staff at the present time, he reminded the House that that it should properly be the last thing to take place in the general plan of placing our military organization on a smaller footing, and he considered the reputation and ability of the Adjutant-General ought to satisfy the House that the Militia department would be well administered.

Mr. SMITH (Toronto) did not consider the Adjutant-General's office an easy one, or his Staff too large. He thought the Brigade Major's salary altogether too small, and would be glad to vote for its increase. The Assistant Adjutant-Generals might be well employed in perfecting our Volunteer force, which was at present in a very inefficient state.

Second Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past seven o'clock.

When the orders were called,

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said there was great anxiety on both sides of the House to adjourn as soon as possible. It was understood that besides passing the ordinary supplies, this Session was held chiefly to dispose of the measures relating to the proposed scheme of Confederation. Yet to this day these measures had not been proceeded with, and here they were going on night after night.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said that it was understood with regard to the Local Constitutions that the resolutions should be laid before the House, and that the country should have a reasonable time to consider them before they were finally disposed of. There had been some delay in the preparation of the bill to amend the election law, a very important measure, but he had himself been pressed for time by other matters, and had not been able to give that degree of attention to it which it deserved before submitting it to the House. It would, however, with the other measures of the government be proceeded with, and the House would have an early opportunity of considering it.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said the House had not been fairly dealt with, but the delay could not be charged upon his side of the House.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD also attacked the government for the delay of public business. The explanation of the Attorney-General West regarding the distribution of the resolutions providing for the Local Constitutions, that the country might have time to consider them, only proved that they should have been introduced at the beginning of the Session.

The House then went again into Committee and resumed the debate on Departmental Salaries.

After a brief discussion the several items were agreed to.

In reply to Mr. Dunkin,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD stated that telegraph lines might be extended to exposed points, from the incidental militia expenses, without a special vote for that purpose.

Col. HAULTAIN hoped that no time would be lost in arming our Volunteers with breach loaders. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. D. A. McDONALD contended that the British Government ought to furnish the Canadians with arms. If the people here had to supply both men and arms for the defence of the country, it would create bad feeling.

Mr. FORD JONES said it was too late in the day now to ask the Government of Great Britain to supply us with arms. Far better that we should see that our Volunteers were properly provided when they entered the field. Better 10,000 men well supplied than double the number poorly equipped.

The following items were then passed:

Contingent expenses for stationery, printing, inspecting and repairing arms, transport of all government stores, and all other incidental expenses of the militia, $50,000; compensation for accidents or injuries on drill, $2,000; ball and blank ammunitions, $30,000.

Mr. CARTWRIGHT, on the item of Military Schools $100,000, addressed the House at considerable length on the general organization of the Militia. After reviewing the several systems suggested for its improvement, he argued in favor of training a certain number of men each year for six months successively, which would give them a degree of efficiency that could not be acquired through a few days, annual drill. He regretted that he had not been allowed the Committee on this subject he had asked for last session, as he felt that he would have been able to prove, even to the satisfaction of the member for Cornwall, that the plan for which he contended was the one which would best meet the requirements of the country. He desired to see some definite arrangements made with the English government on the question of defence, though he expected, especially after Confederation, that England would deal liberally with us. He regretted that there was not more consideration given to the subject by this House.

The item was carried.

The following items were also carried:—Two storekeepers at $600 each; seven storekeepers at $300 each; rent of armouries and public buildings, care of arms, pay of Sergeant-Majors of field batteries, caretakers and storemen of armouries, including fuel and light for the several buildings, $45,700—total for public armouries, $53,000; clothing and equipment of force and great coats, $281,000; sixteen Brigade Majors, horse allowances and travelling expenses, $19,000; efficient volunteer corps under sec. 16 of the Volunteer Militia Act, $85,000; drill sheds and armouries, &c., rifle ranges, $110,000. On the item "Amount due Imperial Government" for stores, $45,000, Mr. D. A. MACDONALD asked for explanations.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that the amount had to be placed in the estimates, though it was not expected that it would have to be paid by the country. When our volunteers were required suddenly to take the field there were many things needed for their equipment, which had to be supplied from the Imperial stores in this country. These had, of course, been charged to the Province by the military authorities here, but they expected to adjust the account with the Imperial Government. The Attorney-General then read a memorandum from the Adjutant-General, recommending that a requisition be made upon the Imperial Government for the arms, &c.

In reply to Mr. D. Ford Jones,

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said if the Imperial Government adopted the breech-loading arm, it would as a matter of course to our Volunteers in the usual way. He believed the feeling was now general in favor of the breech-loader, and it would in all probability be adopted.

The item was carried, as were also the following:

Rent of an office for Brigade Major Macpherson, at Montreal, from Nov. 1862 to 31st Dec. 1864, at $500 per annum,—$420; Arrears of Drill Shed rent due Captain McMaster, at Toronto, $400.

On the item "Buildings for Magazines of Arms and Military Stores at London, Toronto, and Kingston,—$20,000.

Mr. MAGILL, with all due deference to military authorities, did not see why Hamilton should be excluded from this list. He believed that the most important military points were at one time considered to be Quebec, Montreal, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton. He thought the importance of his position, as well as its well known military enthusiasm, entitled it to be considered as well as the other cities named.

The remaining items,—Compensation to pensioners, in lieu of land,—$10,000, and for General Militia Service, $734,300, were then agreed to and the committee rose.

On motion of Hon. Mr. GALT, the two previous reports of committee of supply were received, and concurrence taken thereon.

On the motion for concurrence in the item $22,500 for slides and booms, a long debate ensued, in which the old ground debated in committee was again gone over.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said these public works on the Black River were either local or general. If local, they should be acquired by the local governments; if general, by the future Confederation. In either case the present government ought not to assume them. He therefore moved, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Thibaudeau, that the item be reduced to $10,000.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS replied these were the only public works of the kind in the hands of private parties, and it was desirable that they should be assumed by the government for the advantage of the lumbering interest.

Hon. Mr. BROWN opposed concurrence, and hoped the government would abandon the proposed purchase of these works.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the Commissioner of Public Works had come to the conclusion that it was in the interest of the public service that these works should be assumed by the country. The amount of money was a very small one, compared with other sums placed in their hands for the service of the country, and the great trade of Central Canada was deeply interested in the arrangement being carried out. The Government had the confidence of the House in the administration of the affairs of the country, and nobody could suppose that they had any anxiety to secure Mr. Poupore's vote by this purchase. They acted only in the interests of the public service in seeking this appropriation, and on these grounds appealed to the support of the House. If the member for Chateauguay, or the member for South Oxford, again desired to test their strength they were of course at liberty to do so.

Mr. McKENZIE said the public service could not be affected by the purchase this year, as not a stick of timber would pass down this season.

Mr. POWELL said that repairs were needed which could only be done when the water was low.

Mr. McKENZIE continued to argue that it was the need of these repairs which hurried on the purchase. This made the case still worse in his view.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS said the dilapidated state of these works was the very reason that led him to undertake their purchase. He would not assume the responsibility of stopping the whole lumber trade of the country by delaying repairs on these works, and he could not of course proceed with them until they had been acquired by the government.

Mr. DUNKIN said if the works had been in good repair there might have been reason for delay, but they required immediate attention in the interests of the trade; it was better that the thing should be done at once.

Mr. POWELL said, though the works were not in good repair, the slides were there, and it was these which were to be purchased. The sheeting required repair, and if not attended to immediately the lumber trade of next year would be stopped. This was the responsibility which those would incur who would vote for the amendment.

Mr. DUNKIN resumed his remarks, saying that the accident of the slides being the property of a member of this House ought not to prevent their being acquired by the Government.

Mr. MORRIS supported the appropriation, and opposed the amendment.

The members were called in, and the House divided, when the amendment was lost.—Yeas, 32. Nays, 59.

YEAS.—Messrs. Biggar, Bowman, Brown, Burwell, Caron, Coupal, Dorion, (Hochelaga,) Fortier, Gagnon, Holton, Houde, Haultain, Joly, Laframboise, Lajoie, Macdonald, (Cornwall,) Mackenzie, (Lambton,) McGivern, McKellar, O'Halloran, Oliver, Paquet, Parker, Perrault, Ross, (Prince Edward,) Rymal, Scatcherd, Scoble, Stirton, Thibaudeau, Wells, Wright, (East York.—32.

NAYS.—Messrs. Archambeault, Ault, Beaubin, Bell, Blanchet, Bown, Brousseau, Cameron, (North Ontario,) Cartier, (Attorney-General,) Cauchon, Chapais, Cockburn, Cornellier, Cowan, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne, (Montcalm,) Durkin, Ferguson, (Frontenac,) Galt, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Harwood, Higginson, Howland, Huot, Irvine, Jones, (N. Leeds and Grenville,) Jones, (South Leeds,) Knight, Macdonald, (Toronto West,) MacFarlane, McConkey, McDougall, McIntyre, McMonies, Morris, Morrison, Pinsonneault, Pope, Powell, Rankin, Raymond, Robitaille, Ross, (Champlain,) Ross (Dundas,) Shanly, Smith, (Toronto East,) Somerville, Tremblay, Walsh, Webb, Willson, Wright (Ottawa County.—59.

The item was carried on the same division.

On the item of $500,000 towards the completion of the Public Buildings,

Mr. PERRAULT moved in amendment, that it be reduced to $300,000. He would have liked to bring it down to a less amount, but he believed that sum was already contracted for, or actually necessary. He went over the details, which he contended could be well dispensed with, and said if this House could occupy these buildings, why could not the Confederate Parliament? He believed that Canada had already expended enough, and that the new members coming into to share in the use of these buildings should also help to pay for them.

Col. HAULTAIN said if the hon. member would propose a reduction of $100,000 he would support him, but he did not think that the item would bear to be reduced by $200,000.

Mr. McKENZIE entered into a lengthy discussion of the details, some of the items in which he contended might very properly be postponed. He next entered upon particulars of the estimates for work already done in fitting up several portions of the House. The fitting up of the Library was put down at $4,000, while one third the amount ought to have paid for it; the platform en which the Speaker's chair stood, worth some $20 or $25, was entered at $135, and so on. These estimates he said were most extraordinary, and it was the duty of the Commissioner to institute a searching investigation into them. Upon a full consideration of the subject, he thought $180,000 might be struck off. It was, he believed, a general understanding, as the Confederate Parliament would meet in this country, that we should furnish the building, and to this he had no objection, but he was convinced that there was no necessity for many of these items being immediately expended, and he trusted the Government would consent to deduct $150,000 or $180,000 from the appropriation.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS explained that many of the items referred to, by the member for Lambton, had been incurred in preparing the building for the reception of Parliament. He had the fullest confidence in the gentleman who superintend the works, and had taken the figures as he had furnished them.

Mr. DUNKIN said as he understood the question, there was only a sum of $150,000 which the House could deal, and as he did not see how a reduction of $200,000 could be made with that sum, he must vote against the amendment.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON twitted the member for Brome for supporting the Government.

Mr. DUNKIN replied, denying the member for Chateauguay's right to call his course in question. He had always been a conservative, and had held firmly to the political opinions with which he started in life.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) said that the government of which the member for Chateauguay was a member had intrusted a good deal of responsibility in the extravagances perpetrated on these buildings. After appointing a Commission which cost the country $22,000, and condemned architects and contractors and all concerned. That government relet the work to same contractors at a higher figure, and re-appointed one of the delinquents. They had also referred the matters in dispute between the government and contractors to arbitration.

Mr. McKENZIE moved in amendment that the appropriation be reduced to $400,000. He did not think that $200,000 could well be taken off, but he did believe that at all events $100,000 might well be saved.

Hon. M. C. CAMERON spoke against both motions. He thought it the proper policy to place our "magnificent folly" in the best position, and not expose its nakedness by leaving it unfinished. It was not by cheesing or paring now that any good could be effected, for by delaying the expenditure now it might be greater at another time; no doubt there were some who would like to see the appropriation defeated for the purpose of destroying Ottawa as the future Capital, but with such he had no sympathy.

After further debate the members were called in, and the House divided on Mr. McKenzie's amendment, which was lost. Yeas 36; Nays 54.

YEAS.—Messrs. Bowman, Brown, Caron, Coupal, Cowan, Dorion (Drummond and Arthabaska), Dorion (Hochelaga), Dufresne (Iberville), Fortier, Gagnon, Haultain, Holton, Houde, Latrambois, Lajoie, Macdonald (Glengarry), MacFarlane, Mackenzie (Lambton), Magill, McGivern, McKellar, O'Halloran, Oliver, Paquet, Parker, Perrault, Pinsonneault, Poulliot, Ross (Prince Edward), Rymal, Scatcherd, Stirton, Thibaudeau, Tremblay, Wells, Wright (East York).—36.

NAYS.—Messrs. Archambeault, Ault, Bell, Bellerose, Biggar, Blanchet, Bown, Brousseau, Burwell, Cameron (North Ontario,) Carling, Cartier (Attorney-General), Cauchon, Chapais, Cockburn, Cornellier, Currier, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne, (Montcalm), Dunkin, Ferguson (Frontenac), Galt, Gaucher, Gibbs, Harwood, Higginson, Howland, Huot, Jones (North Leeds and Grenville), Jones (South Leeds), McConkey, McDougall, McGee, McMonies, Morris, Pope, Poupore, Powell, Rankin, Raymond, Robitaille, Ross (Champlain), Ross (Dundas), Shanly, Smith (Toronto East), Somerville, Walsh, Webb, Wilson, Wright (Ottawa County) —54.

Mr. PERRAULT'S amendment was then declared lost on division, and the item was concurred in.

Several other items were then concurred in.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON, seconded by Hon. Mr. Dorion, moved that the appropriation for Detective and Secret Service be reduced to $50,000. Lost. Yeas 26; Nays 60.

The remaining items were concurred in, and on motion of Hon. Mr. Galt the House went into Committee of Ways and Means, to consider two resolutions, which were necessary before proceeding with the excise and tariff bills.

The resolutions were reported, and the House adjourned at a quarter past one o'clock.

[CORRECTION.—Among the "third readings" in our report of Monday's proceedings, we omitted to mention the Act "To incorporate the *Globe* Printing Company."]

—About seven thousand Scandinavians have passed through Chicago this season for Minnesota, and more are expected.

—A labouring man named John Wilson, was killed by being run over by the day express West, on Saturday evening, two miles East of Chatham.

—A boy about nine years of age, named Wm. Potts, residing in Caledonia, accidentally fell into the mill-race of Mr. McKinnon's mill in that place on Friday last and was drowned.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the S. S. Scotia.

Successful Splicing of the Cable and Start of the Fleet.

Suspension of the Birmingham Banking Company.

LIABILITIES SET DOWN—£2,000,000.

The English Army to be Supplied with Breech Loading Rifles.

THE WAR NEWS!

Nothing Definite as Regards Intervention.

The Contending Armies still Augmenting their Forces.

Benedek's Army set down at 600,000, Independent of Cavalry or Artillery.

The Prussians regarded as within a Week of Vienna.

The Italian National Guard Defeat the Austrians at Stelta.

NEW YORK, 23.—The S. S. *Scotia*, from Liverpool, 14th, via Queenstown, 15th, arrived this evening.

The telegraphic fleet arrived off Valentia on the 13th.

The cable was successfully spliced to the shore end, and the *Great Eastern* commenced paying out.

Signals through the whole cable were perfect.

Religious service took place at Valentia prior to the commencement of operations.

English politics unimportant.

The Government stated in the House of Lords that preparations were making to arm British troops with breach-loaders.

Another serious bank su

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

☞ Beware of Counterfeits and ☜ WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,

The Great Dandruff-Preventative,

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by is incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it,

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn, London. 184d

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Perry Davis' Pain Killer has been used in severe cases of cholera, and never has failed in a single case where it was thoroughly applied on the first appearance of the symptoms.

The late Rev. Dr. Granger repeatedly expressed his belief that he owed his life to the timely use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. During his recent visit to the Missions in Burmah, he had a severe attack of the cholera, and was immediately relieved by the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. Samuel J. Gonsalves, writing from Portuguese Colony, July 1, 1857, says:

"Your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done great good among the exiles of Maderia. It is now and has been for five years, the great family medicine with us. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, colds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croup, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, etc. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole colony. 184a

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Habitual Constipation—Words of Comfort.—Dr. Cyrus W. Nelson, of Boston, Mass., author of "Clinical Observations on the Treatment of Abdominal Diseases," says, in a letter dated February 27th, 1862: "I consider Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills the best remedy for Chronic Constipation at present known. With me they have never failed, and I have prescribed them in at least fifty instances." He also states: "That for all irregularities of the digestive functions, the liver and the bowels, they are by far the most useful medicine he has ever prescribed—perfectly safe and eminently reliable." Similar testimony is volunteered by Dr. Humphrey Lettsom, of Chicago, Ill., who enumerates thirty cases, with names and dates, in which he has administered the Pills, with entire success, for habitual costiveness and piles. Wherever they have been used as a remedy for liver and bowel complaints, the result has been equally satisfactory. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 184a

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Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.—A FARMER COMPETENT to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
186a Before 9 a.m., and after 4 p.m.

NOTICE.—Strayed or Stolen from the Common at the Brick Yard, a SMALL RED COW, Canadian breed, rising five years old, full eyed, small neck, long tail and well shaped horns, leaning a little wild, and has a private mark by which she can be identified. Any person giving information to JAMES GREEN, Ashburnham Hill, will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, July 24th, 1866. 186-tf

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.

J. R. HAMILTON.

Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—

Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattrasses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades.
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform-Scales.

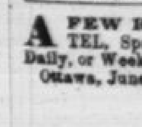
BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also, a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

☞ At the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
186y General Commission Agent.



TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 23. 184d

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman,............75 cents
Single Ticket,............50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183td

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1866. **1866.**

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SUMMER EXHIBITION

OF the above Society will take place

On Wednesday, 25th inst.,

—IN THE—

SKATING RINK.

The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will perform choice selections throughout the evening.

Admission—25 cts each. Tickets to admit five persons to each show, may be obtained from the Treasurer, ($1 each) J. Spencer, Esq., also from any of the Directors, viz. :—

Dr Hill, President,	C R Cunningham, Esq.
R Surtees, Esq, 1st Vice President,	A S Woodburn, "
	Wm Hutchison, "
Prof N B Webster, 2nd Vice-President,	Wm Kerr, "
	F G Crosby, "
Dr C Logan,	John Henderson, "
P Fairburn, Esq.	A H Taylor, "
Geo Russell "	Alex Mutchmor "
Alex Lumsden "	F G French, "

Dr. J. Leggo.

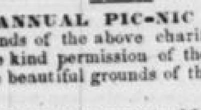
List of entries must be sent to the Secretary before the 25th inst., at his office, or handed to him at the Exhibition Hall, before 9 a.m., on the morning of the show.

The Judges will commence their functions at 11, and the Rink will be opened to the public at 1 p.m.

Intending exhibitors can obtain copies of the Prize List, gratis, from Mr. Woodburn, or from the Secretary.

ARTHUR HARVEY.

July 17, 1866. 180-td

1866.  1866.

St. George's Society,

OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE,

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Poniesunder 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be laid down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.

WM. MILLS,
Secretary.

Ottawa, July 20. 182a

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN has been instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, July 25th, at the hour of ten a.m., at the Store of Mr. JOSEPH BOYDEN, Sussex Street, a very large lot of good FURNITURE, nearly new, belonging to a gentleman giving up housekeeping, viz.: 2 Superior Sofas, 6 Chairs to match, 2 Rocking Chairs, 12 Common Chairs, 3 Bureaus, 2 Centre Tables, 1 Sideboard, 4 Bedsteads, 2 Hair Mattrasses, Washstands, What-Not, 1 Fine Brussels Carpet, Oil Cloth, Tables of different kinds, 1 Wardrobe, 1 Cooking Stove and Furniture, 2 Parlour Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, and several other articles too numerous to mention. The whole will be sold without reserve. ☞ Terms Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, July 23, '66. 185-2

TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS,

SUGARS,

AND

General Fresh Groceries.

On Thursday, the 26th July,

AT THE STORES OF

MESSRS. RIMMER, GUNN & CO.,

WILL BE SOLD,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

TEAS, WINES, TOBACCOS, SUGARS,

And FRESH GROCERIES.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Sale at Ten o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
185-td Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED INstructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION.

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS,
CHAIRS,
TABLES,
CARPETS,
CURTAINS,
PICTURES.

STOVES and PIPES,
GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY and
KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus,

LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.

A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday,

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBERMANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range,..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range,..........200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake,..........163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range,..........200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range,..........200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range,..........100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake....400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..........200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range..........50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range..........100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range..........300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19,......400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range..........100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range..........87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range..........100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession..........200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range..........51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5..........50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession..........284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession..........400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession.......500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession..........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con......300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..........700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range..........1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range..........800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

☞ OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

WANTS.

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.

For further particulars and terms of sale.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.

CROCKER & CO.,
Proprietors.

The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p.m. for the Springs.

Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

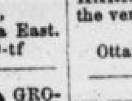
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.



THE UNDERSIGNED RESpectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.

Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They *create a healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

LOST.—Opposite the Sheffield House, between the hours of four and five p. m., on MONDAY, a POCKET BOOK containing $40 in $1 notes, also a number of other valuable papers. The party who found the same by returning it to the undersigned will be suitably rewarded.

THOS. GALLAGHER,
180-3 Builder, Metcalfe St.

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST..

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26. 1866. 110-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

"FREE TRADE."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "FREE TRADE," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O. Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

"PROTECTION."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "PROTECTION," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O., Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND*

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1.000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.	B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KEELY,
174-d Executor.

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.,

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.

Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ **An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-4

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
The land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 16 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 33 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. — 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10. 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Extraordinary Merit
Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture
—OF—
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,
Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

MASSENA SPRINGS.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL AT this favorite summer resort is now open. The grounds have been much improved and beautified, and the House will be found replete with everything necessary for promoting the comfort and amusement of the invalid or pleasure seeker.
CROCKER & CO.,
Proprietors.
The little steamboat *America* will leave Cornwall every other day at 5 p.m. for the Springs.
Massena Springs, July 19. 181a

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
45 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

FIRST CLASS RESIDENCE FOR Sale or Lease.—That large and commodious Stone Mansion situated on the bank of the Ottawa, in this city, with one acre and a quarter of land, the property of the Estate of the late Mr. Mackinnon.
If not sold, will be leased for a suitable rent and term. Applicants will please state the longest term for which a lease will be taken.
Address, Box 167 P.O. Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16th, 1866. 178-a

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.
PALM LEAF FANS!
Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD
We Raise from our Ashes!!
REMOVAL.
THE UNDERSIGNED RE-spectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first-mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

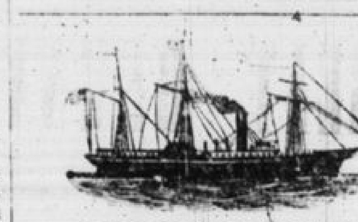
[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33¼ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650	Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)		
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600	Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650	Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434	Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300	Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400	Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784	Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800	Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN ....$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..........$34.25.
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

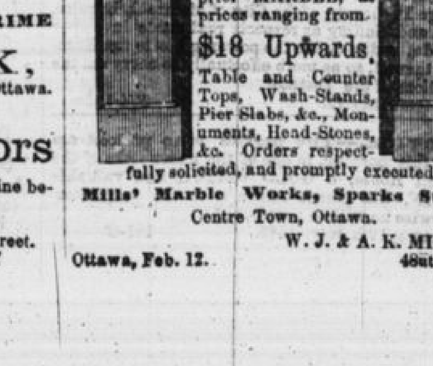
GLASGOW LINE.
ST. DAVID, 1650 tons........Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons ......Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons......Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons......Capt. Trocks.
The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

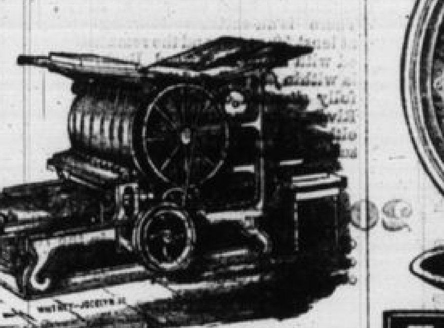
Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street,
Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.
ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.
ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now KNOW YE that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.
THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!
Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.
How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.
AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF
Ice Box Refrigerators

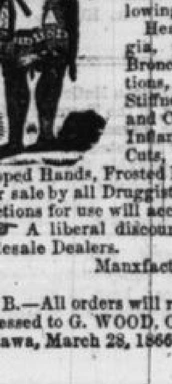
FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.
"**THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer** Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.
CHEAP EDITIONS.
Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!
SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

COTTON YARN!
JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPErior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19. 1866. 31-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTER-NAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT
ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country; among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Barili,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano-Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald,* Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGG's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.
PATENT
Automatic Organs.
$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.
AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.
The Automatic Organ.
In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Out AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.
The Melodeon and School Organ.
For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.
Caution to Purchasers.
All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dw-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 187. | OTTAWA C. W., THURSDAY JULY 26. 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m. and 5.30 p. m
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. "	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa,	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	8.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m
Chelsea and Wakefield, "	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m
Templeton & East Templeton,	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m

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To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

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REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Tanner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week. A. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street. Ottawa, March 16, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House. Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street. Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. ☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W. ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal. January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa. WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa. WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.P.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night. References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street. Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.* Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel. Ottawa, F 7, 186 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa. Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street. Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art. RULING done to any pattern. Particular attention paid to Map Mounting. Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him. Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street. ☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions." Ottawa, May 4. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention. Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa. P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents. Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge. ☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to. They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa. OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets. W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S. F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S. Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent, AND BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr. December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments. Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada. March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler. January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept. Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. ☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST.

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa. Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines, Pure Chemicals, Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN, Licentiate Apothecary. Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis. Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal. ☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

H. V. NOEL, Manager. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL, Or R. E. O'CONNOR. Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage. Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment. 5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT. Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

1866. 1866.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND until otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included).......... $2.50
Steerage.......... 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE, General Manager. Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim, Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to G. R. NASH, MANAGER, Aylmer, C. E. Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY. Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, *SUSSEX STREET.*

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge. December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean. This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors. Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor. ☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors. Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords. GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance. JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS. Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please. OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK STITCH

Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the

World's Fair, London, 1862,

The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.

As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.

Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.

☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.

111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB. Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an ffice quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to W. B. HEALEY,

Or to EGAR YIELDING. Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa. Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -1

STEAMERS.

1866. 1866.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA," ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES," H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD. Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA," (CAPT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN," (CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!

[*Established in 1844.*]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866. 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa*.

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG-BOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec; Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,..........	
ONTARIO,..........	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,..........	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN,..........	— DEWITT,
EMPRESS,..........	Capt. C. E. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT.

☞ Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &C. Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa. Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT, Proprietors. June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING, Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal. June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 300 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON. Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five weeks* at Midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON, 69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker. Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Dog Tax Sheet, Township of Fitzroy.
Army Contracts—A. M. Festing, D. A. C. G.
Sale of Buffalo Robes—John Leeming & Co.
Teacher of Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.—John Mercer.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE

Ottawa Weekly Times,

(*Published every Friday morning.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly. Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line,.......... 10c
all subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,

FROM THE

Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,

Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.

With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.

All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA

Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 26, 1866.

Several motions on the notice paper were disposed of by the House yesterday afternoon. One by the member for Ottawa, with the object of reviving a petition, presented in March, 1865, praying for an investigation into the conduct of Judge Lafontaine, led to a discussion which lasted until six o'clock.

In the evening, the House in Committee, resumed the consideration of the Upper Canada Assessment Act. A few verbal alterations, but no important amendments were made to the bill, as reported from the Select Committee. At a quarter past twelve o'clock, all the clauses were passed, and the Committee rose and reported the bill. After a few words of explanation, as to Government business to-day and to-morrow, the House adjourned.

We have received the following letter, with reference to our brief comment appended to the Postmaster-General's resolutions, in yesterday's TIMES. Though it does not appear to have been written for publication, its insertion, suppressing the writer's name, will show the object of the contemplated change. The writer says:—

"In writing your editorial comment on the Postmaster-General's resolutions this morning, it probably did not occur to you that a considerable proportion of the class of letters on which a fraudulent stamp prepayment is attempted, do not carry the writer's address, or other evidence upon which to apply the penalty for fraud.

"What is there to be done with such letters? Shall they be forwarded as though prepaid by the fraudulent stamp? or shall they pass as though no fraud had been attempted? or shall they be destroyed?

"In the interest of the person addressed, the Department desires to be empowered to forward such letters to their address, taxed with the very lenient penalty of an additional rate postage."

It is quite clear that such letters ought not to be forwarded as if prepaid. It may be desirable that the Postmaster-General should have the discretionary power of forwarding them to their destination, though such letters or packages being a fraud on the Revenue, are undoubtedly liable, with their contents, to confiscation; and we incline to the opinion that the knowledge that such fraud would, if discovered, lead to the forfeiture of the article mailed, and thereby frustrate the object of the sender, might in itself, be one means of protecting the Department. But assuming that the discretionary power is only to be exercised in cases where the interest of the person addressed will be thereby promoted, and this we have no doubt may be sometimes desirable, we think it is a pity to mar the grace of such a favor by taxing it even with the "lenient penalty of an additional rate of postage."

We thank our correspondent for his communication, and claim for him and us the credit of having demonstrated how questions, apparently trifling in the matter of Departmental administration, sometimes involve considerations of very material importance. In the solution of these questions we ought generally to be guided in our judgment, by the opinions of those who have the working of the system to which they relate under their own supervision, and in this particular case we have every reason to believe that the effect of the proposition has been well considered, both in the interest of the public and of the revenue.

There is much force in the remark made by the Attorney-General West on Tuesday, that the private Legislation of the country was of more importance than the public. The general state of the public law in view of the important improvements it has undergone within the past few years is now such that no pressing necessity exists for its being tampered with, if we except the Municipal and Assessment Acts which undoubtedly are susceptible of amendment, and measures are now before the House having that end in view. There are other questions requiring the fullest attention at the hands of the Legislature the consideration of which cannot be postponed, as they have a direct bearing upon the constitutional changes which will soon take place; and there is besides a large amount of private Legislation urgently demanded, the delay of which will not only be deeply injurious to the interests of the parties immediately concerned, but may tend to retard seriously the progress of the country in the development of its material resources.

Members are impatient to be relieved for a time of the duties of legislation. They desire to draw the session to a close at as early a day as possible, and since the public questions to which we have referred, must of necessity be dealt with, a disposition is manifested to summarily suspend all action upon private bills. Now some of these, such as that upon the introduction of which the Attorney-General made the remark alluded to, are calculated in their probable consequences to confer the most substantial benefits upon the country at large. It may be deemed a matter of slight importance by honorable gentlemen who look only to the political, or party, bearing of the questions before the House, whether any of the recent appliances of scientific knowledge to the practical operations of productive industry are, or are not, introduced and utilised amongst us; but those who study our material progress, without which the finest political systems, or the most perfect laws will afford us but little consolation, will gladly lend their best attention to every measure offering a reasonable prospect of assisting in the developement of the latent wealth of the country—even to the delay of those questions which in the eye of the mere politician ought to receive the first consideration.

There are several private bills before the House, providing for the issue of patents for certain discoveries or inventions, the right to use which has been acquired, and which if turned to practical account could not fail to be of material advantage to the country. On the other hand, if these inventions turn out upon trial to be valueless, it is clear that no one will suffer except he who has undertaken the risk. One of these is "for a new and hitherto unknown description of fuel," applied for by the member for Essex, and surely if Mr. Rankin can successfully introduce into our markets an article of fuel, at a rate which will enable him to compete with coal and wood, he will have conferred upon the country a benefit of which it ought not to be deprived, merely through reverence for the existing patent law, or the anxiety of members to get home by a day sooner. The same remarks apply with equal force to the other measures, some of which contemplate enterprizes of very great importance to the productive industry of the country. The bill introduced by the Attorney-General West on Tuesday, aims at the introduction of an invention which has already been tested in Glasgow, on a scale sufficiently extensive to inspire scientific and practical men with the utmost confidence in its success. It relates to the extraction of metals from the ore, and by the economy of the new process renders the poorer ores capable of being worked with profit. Should this invention prove successful in its application here, it will have an influence in developing the mineral wealth of Canada which cannot now be estimated.

There are other private measures which, though less general in their scope, are no less deserving of attention, as affecting personal or local interest and we think it would be an ungracious thing in the last Parliament of Canada to neglect the consideration.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Jay Cooke, the well-known banker, returns an income for 1865, of $625,000. His tax will be over $60,000.

—About two thousand bushels of new wheat have been received and ground at Richmond. The crop is much earlier than usual.

—An Austrian regiment of infantry contains four battalions of twelve hundred men each, making the regiment as strong as an American brigade.

—One of the performing elephants attached to Bailey & Co.'s menagerie, died in New York on Friday. His value was $15,000.

—The "Rent Riots" at Albany, N. Y., have been of such a serious character as to necessitate the calling out of the military, who fired on the mob.

—A sloop was overhauled in the lower bay at Mobile, on the 17th, by a U. S. cutter, having on board 150 negroes, whom the parties were about to carry to Cuba and sell into slavery.

—The latest thing in paper is the paper sock, which is made with a mixture of muslin, and will last as long as an ordinary sock will keep clean, while it can be sold cheaper than the usual cost of washing.

—A report is circulated in some State department circles at Washington, to the effect that General McClellan has been invited home to succeed Mr. Stanton in the War Department.

—An Indiana exchange announces the marriage of Dr. Thomas N. Lyon and Miss Mollie Lamb. In the light of milennial prophecy, we may suppose that by and by "a little child will lead them."

—A special dispatch from St. Joseph to the St. Louis *Democrat* says, parties from the plains report the Indians massing for war, and all ranchmen say as soon as the corn is ripe nearly every tribe on the plains will start on the war path. They are well armed and have plenty of ammunition.

—The receipts by the citizens' committee of Boston, amounts to $2,217, $500 from the Paper Collar Manufacturers' Protective Association, and $100 each from the Ames Plow Co., Wm. R. Lovejoy & Co., Merrill & Co., and Simons Brothers & Co. Total, $74,773.60. Receipts at the Mayor's office about $50,000.

—Every step requisite, says the Petrolia *Reporter*, for the building of the Petrolia and Wyoming Railway has been taken and accomplished, the right of way has been secured, the consent of the township councils obtained, the route has been surveyed and planned, the stock all subscribed, and the iron ready to be laid down as soon as the superstructure is complete.

—A French father was recently trying to persuade a young ward to marry his daughter, (the ward was very wealthy) he said: She has talents even to her fingers' ends. "I should prefer a thimble there." She will be the best of literary wives. "I should prefer the best of housewives." She will go to posterity. "I had much rather she would go to market."

LOCAL NEWS.

NO. 3 RIFLES.—We learn by special despatch from Cornwall, that No. 3 Rifles will return from frontier service by the afternoon train

HIGHLY INTERESTING.—Beautiful flowers and sweet music, both are interesting, and have their charms, but what is more beautiful or charming than a neat, cosey, well furnished house? Those who desire to replenish their stock should not fail to be present at the sale at the residence of the late Mrs. Bates, Daly Street, this morning, where Mr. Rowe the Auctioneer, will talk to one and all just like a father.

DRAMATIC.—We learn that Mr. Lester has been prevailed upon to give our citizens a taste of his dramatic abilities, at Her Majesty's Theatre, on Saturday evening, 28th inst. Although we have never witnessed any of Mr. Lester's histrionic efforts, we hear but one opinion expressed, from which we anticipate a dramatic treat of no ordinary character. Not having been apprised of the "Bill of Fare" chosen for the occasion, we are unable to refer to them, but no doubt the selections will be judiciously made, and as it will be positively the only night of Mr. Lester's appearance, he may rely on a hearty greeting, from a discriminating and fashionable audience.

POLICE COURT.—Mary Harrison, charged with being drunk and so disorderly and noisy, as to keep the inmates of the jail awake all night. She promised to reform, and made solemn declarations, that in his official capacity, His Worship's lordship should never set eyes on her again. She was allowed to depart in peace, invoking the choicest blessings in heaven's gift, on the head of her worshipful liberator. And now Mary must remember her parole d'honneur or—we shall see. Louis Lacroix, drunk, plea guilty. Fine $2 and costs. William Eiress or Eyres, vagrancy. He is an old soldier who was wounded in his country's defence at the "Windmill;" he lost his knee-cap, and his right hand is useless. He is also so deaf that his mind is almost entirely unapproachable through the sense of hearing. His dialect is that of Gloucestershire, England. His Worship ordered him to be referred to Mr. Mills, Secretary to the St. George's Society. Adolphe Duponte, charged by Alexis Chevrier, with whom defendant boarded, with having become belligerent because his landlord refused a "treat," believing he had already drank quite enough. Fine $3 and costs. Jean Peltier, selling liquor without license. Defendant stated the circumstances of his application for his license, and thought he was to get it. Postponed till to-morrow for enquiries to be made.

EXCURSION IN HONOR OF MAJ.-GEN. SHERMAN.—Major-General Sherman, on Tuesday, was entertained by the Regular and Volunteer Officers of Montreal, by an excursion to Lake St. Louis, and a dinner, at which "the Queen," "the President of the U. S.," "the Governor General," and other toasts were given, and appropriately responded to. The last toasts were "Our Guest, Major-General Sherman, U. S. A.," and "England and the United States of America—Mother and Daughter—United in the bonds of a common origin, language and Constitutional Government. May their only rivalry be that which will conduce to the welfare of Nations." General Sherman, in acknowledging the toast, "Our Guest," referred to the pleasure he had experienced in his tour through Canada. At every point he had been received with the greatest good will and friendliness, and he would take the earliest and every opportunity of expressing to his countrymen the friendly feelings existing in Canada towards their American cousins. He expressed his admiration of the efficiency and splendid discipline of the soldiers and Volunteers which he had seen, and complimented General Lindsay on his having the command of such troops. He also passed a high eulogium on the 23rd Regiment, a better drilled body of men than which he had never seen.—Referring to the late Fenian invasion, the General congratulated Canada on possessing the resources necessary to their repulsion, but stated that any further attempt by the Fenians would be promptly suppressed by the American Government.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY'S SUMMER SHOW.

This exhibition was opened here yesterday at one o'clock, p.m., in the Skating Rink. This is the first summer show attempted in Ottawa. The attendance during the day was rather slim, but those visitors who were there were generally very intelligent on the subject of flowers, and the specimens were many of them exceedingly good.

The collection comprised. Balsams, exhibited by Mr. Davis, of Rockliffe, Mr. Currie, Mr. R. Surties, of New Edinburgh, and Mr. Dwyer. A very fine Egyption lilly by Dwyer. Japanese corn by W. White, Esq., the seeds of which were brought home by Commodore Perry. Very fine Oleander by Mr. Henderson, New Edinburgh. Fuchias, Currie, Davis and Dwyer, very good. A good collection of healthy house plants by Mr. Hanafin. A very pretty flower garden in miniature by Mr. Kerr. A considerable number of bouquets were on the table very tastily done up, and the flowers well selected, but perhaps the prettiest was the smallest by A. and F. J. French, New Edinburgh. The fan bouquet, by Miss McKinnon, was very good, as were also her wreath and flower-basket.—Floral design by French. Stocks, (ten weeks) by Mr. Davis, contained some of the best specimens we have seen in this region. Hollyhocks, good, by Currie. Pansies, by Mr. Surtees, very good indeed for these parts. Collections of verbenas, Surtees, Maxwell and Currie. Pinks, passable, French. A fine African sunflower, N. Manville. An oleander of large dimensions and very fine, Fosset.

Turning to the vegetable garden, we observed the names of Baker, Dwyer, Currie and Hickey, as exhibitors of lettuce and cabbage, which contained very passable specimens, and some of the cauliflowers were very good. The only melon was by Manville. Tomatoes, well-formed and ripe, and of good quality, but not large, Baker and Currie. Raspberries and currants, exceedingly fine, Donald Robertson.—Fine large gooseberries, Mrs. Burrows and Mr. Dwyer. Sugar peas, not become as common as they should be, very fine, Mrs. Burrows. There was a variety of good peas, beans, potatoes, beets and onions, by several exhibitors. The specimens of rhubarb were exceedingly fine, and of the best quality. By De Kinzey Watkins and Robertson, specimens of Gloucester and Ottawa tobacco, fine. Mr. Walton's show of Sewing Machines, formed quite an attractive feature in the exhibition, and when tired (if that could be) of gazing on those "stars of earth,"—the flowers, one could turn and see how modern shirts are made.

The Secretary not having been able to make up the official prize list till to-day, it could not be given complete by either of the papers of this morning.

In the evening, that ubiquitous band of the P.C.O., which has become an indispensable institution here, delighted a large concourse of very respectable people with short intermissions during the evening, and all left apparently well pleased with the entertainment.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Wednesday, July 25th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock. After the transaction of routine business,

Mr. RANKIN asked when, and how it is intended to expend the $600,000 (with compound interest for upwards of ten years) set apart to be appropriated by Parliament to some local purpose or purposes in Upper Canada, under authority of 18th Vic., cap. 3, sec. 17, 1854, "An Act for the abolition of feudal rights and duties in Lower Canada"—a similar amount having been taken from the public exchequer, and expended for Lower Canada purposes under the above cited Act.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that it was in the power of Parliament to set apart the amount now if it saw fit, otherwise it would be accounted as an assett belonging to Upper Canada in the general settlement of accounts.

Mr. RANKIN said his chief object was to get an acknowledgement of the debt.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) moved an address for a statement of the expenses to the country of the Civil Service Board of Examiners, since 1857. Mr. Jones contended that the expenses of the Civil Government had increased enormously during past years, and now on the eve of Confederation it was proper that some steps should be taken to secure retrenchment. During the present year the expenses of the Crown Lands Department had exceeded the whole amount of lands sold by $126,000, and if that was not a case which should be dealt with it was a very strange thing to him. When we came to colonization roads we found that upon four of the leading roads, upon which $67,000 had been expended, not one new settler had located. The member for Cornwall had effected a certain degree of retrenchment when he was in office, and he regretted that it had not been followed up. Since 1841 the Crown Lands Department expenses had increased six times over.

The motion was carried.

Mr. PARKER moved for an address to His Excellency the Governor-General, for a return shewing the unpaid amount on account of all sales of Crown Lands in each of the Townships of the several Counties of Wellington, Grey, and Bruce, and the probable value of the unsold Crown Lands in the said Townships.—Carried.

Mr. POPE moved an address to His Excellency the Governor-General for a copy of all tenders, contracts and specifications, and all other papers and documents respecting the contracting or building the Sherbrooke Jail,—also, report of the Inspector of the work (if there is any) as to the present state of the work.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CAMERON moved that an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Governor-General, conveying the congratulations of this House to His Excellency on his elevation to the Peerage of Great Britain.

Mr. CAMERON, in moving the address, paid a very high tribute to the administrative talent of His Excellency, and referred to the kind and friendly notice which had recently been taken of British North America in the Imperial Parliament by the leaders of both the great political parties.

Hon. A. A. DORION seconded the motion and expressed his hearty concurrence with the sentiments so eloquently expressed by the member for Peel.

Hon. Mr. BROWN.—Though sure that only one opinion prevailed in this House, regarding the subject brought before the House, he might be permitted to add his own testimony, as one who had had some experience in the Government of the country, to the high qualities which distinguished His Excellency, and rendered him so worthy the distinction which had just been conferred upon him.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD having had an experience of two years' personal intercourse with His Excellency, could heartily endorse every word that had been said in his commendation by the members who had spoken.

The motion was carried.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON moved for the appointment of a committee to draft the address.—Carried.

The Committee reported the following:—

"*May it Please Your Excellency,*—

"We, Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of Canada, in Provincial Parliament assembled, beg leave to approach Your Excellency with the expression of our most sincere congratulations upon the elevation of Your Excellency to the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

"In this gracious act of our beloved Queen, we recognise, with the warmest satisfaction and gratitude, Her Majesty's appreciation and acknowledgment of the service of Your Excellency in your faithful administration of the Government of this Province, and we hope and pray, that by the blessing of divine providence, Your Excellency may enjoy, for long years, the honor which has been so well and worthily conferred."

On motion the Address was adopted, and ordered to be engrossed, and presented to His Excellency, at such time as His Excellency should signify his pleasure to receive the same.

Mr. MAGILL moved for an Address to His Excellency the Governor-General for copies of all correspondence, Orders in Council, and regulations generally in reference to the levying and collecting of tolls on the Burlington Bay Canal; also a statement of the aggregate receipts and expenditure on the same for the past ten years. He complained of the injustice to the trade of Hamilton, which the maintenance of the tolls on the Burlington Bay Canal inflicted, and hoped that justice would be done to that city.

The motion was carried.

Mr. POULIOT moved an address for a statement of the amount to which each township in Lower Canada is entitled, under the provisions of the Seignorial act.—Carried after a long discussion.

Mr. WRIGHT moved for the reading of Journals of 17th of March, 1865, page 253, in so far as relates to the Petition of P. Aylen and others, of the District of Ottawa; praying for an investigation into the conduct and acts of the Hon. Aime Lafontaine, Judge of the Superior Court in and for the said District. It was a painful duty, he said, to impeach the honesty of the most humble official, but when that official was one of the Superior Judges of the land, the duty was still more painful. The charges which had been preferred against the Hon. Judge Lafontaine were of such a grave and flagrant character, that they ought to be investigated without delay. If true, he ought at once to be dismissed from his high position, and covered with the disgrace which belongs to such crimes; if false, no time should be lost in proving them to be so. The petition referred to in his motion, was signed by men of the highest respectability, who could no doubt prove the charges it contained, and he desired that the matter should not longer remain undisposed of. Before Mr. Lafontaine's elevation to the Bench, he had been Crown Lands Agent, and it appeared that he sold the public property and kept the money. The department had apparently sustained him, for he had been raised to the Bench without being deprived of the office. He appealed to the House to sustain him in having these charges investigated, as it was not right that the lives and property of 60,000 people should be at the mercy of such a man.

The motion was granted and the journals read accordingly.

Mr. WRIGHT then moved that the petition be laid on the table of the House.

Mr. SCOBLE asked what would be the effect of that?

Mr. WRIGHT said, he intended next to move that all the papers connected with the case be printed.

Hon. Mr. DORION said it was an extraordinary case, and ought not to be in the hands of a private member. He wished to hear the views of the Government with regard to it.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said the Government had not yet had time to take the case into consideration. It was only now by the revival of the petition, presented in March, 1865, that the matter was brought to their notice, as they might be presumed to have forgotten its contents since first presented. He did not hesitate to say, that the proceedings of the hon. member, except as to the reading of the journals, was quite irregular, and ought not to be carried out. The charges brought against Judge Lafontaine were not so serious as he pretended, even according to his own statements, for nothing very positive was made out. Judge Lafontaine had been an advocate in Montreal, a partner with the Hon. Mr. Drummond, and held as high a character for honor and honesty as any advocate in the city.—(Hear, hear). During that time he held the office of Clerk of the Peace and Prothonotary as well as Crown Land Agent, and no complaint had been made against him. When Judge McCord died, the whole district of Ottawa desired that they should have a Judge who had grown up with their District, and who knew its history. Petitions had been sent to the Government for this object, and one of these petitions was signed by the same Mr. Aylen, whose petition against the Judge was laid before the House in March last. Was it to be expected that the Government should go now into an investigation of charges against Judge Lafontaine, which referred to his conduct before he was appointed? He objected to the motion, as being out of order, for want of the proper notice.

Hon. Mr. CAUCHON said the House had not got at the facts of the case. The hon. member for Ottawa had made the accusation, and the Hon. Att'y.-Gen. East had defended him—these were only the lawyers in the case, but what were the facts? The House did not know them, and obstacles ought not to be put in the way of obtaining them. If the wrong way had been adopted in this case to secure an investigation, it was the duty of the Government to point another way whereby the facts might be brought out.

Mr. IRVINE said a discussion like this, which must end in nothing, was very unfortunate, as it would go before the country in a way which would reflect seriously on the administration of justice in the country. He very much regretted that the Attorney-General was not in a position either to grant an investigation or to repel the charges.

Hon. Mr. BROWN said, though the question was a Lower Canada one, he wished to call the attention of the House to the fact that while the petition was only presented in 1865 it was dated 14th March 1864, and it brought accusations relating to Judge Lafontaine's conduct before his appointment to the Bench in 1858. He did think that the Attorney-General East ought not to have allowed that petition to lie over for a year without investigating it.

Mr. POWELL regretted that any discussion had taken place on the subject until the facts were brought out.

The SPEAKER decided that Mr. Wright's motion was out of order, as he had given no notice.

Mr. WRIGHT gave notice of his motion for to-morrow, and it being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

The House went into Committee on the Act respecting the assessment of property in Upper Canada,—Mr. Walsh in the chair.

On many of the clauses, more or less discussion of a conversational character took place. Several verbal amendments, but no changes of consequence, were made to the bill as reported from the Select Committee.

The Attorney-General West, Hons. J. S. Macdonald, and J. H. Cameron, and Messrs. M. C. Cameron, McKenzie, Street, Haultain, Ferguson, (Simcoe,) and Gibbs took part in discussing the provisions of the bill.

The Committee sat until 12:15, and reported the bill, which was ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. TASCHEREAU moved the third reading of the Act to amend the Lower Canada Game Laws.

The third reading was objected to by Dr. Beaubien, who had an amendment to propose.

Mr. HOLTON thought the unopposed third readings might be proceeded with.

Mr. D. A. MACDONALD submitted that it was not fair to proceed with the third readings when there was only a handful of members in the House. He moved that the House do now adjourn.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Holton,

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said he would proceed with the civil procedure act to-morrow.

Hon J. A. MACDONALD said the debate on the Local Constitutions would be resumed on Friday.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—And the education bill will be introduced to-morrow?

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD hoped so.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON—Both? (Laughter.)

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD was not prepared to say. (Laughter.)

The House adjourned at twenty-five minutes past 12 o'clock.

THE FENIAN PRISONERS IN THE TORONTO GAOL.

They Attempt to break out, but make a "bad job of it."

(From the Toronto Daily Telegraph.)

Of late we have heard but little of the doings of the ragamuffin gang who are safely ensconced within the precincts of the old gaol. The building is looked on as one of the strongest in the city, and indeed is known to be much safer than the new gaol building. The Fenian prisoners have, however, in addition to the usual number of turnkeys, been strongly guarded by a detachment of the 17th Regt., and nothing is left undone by the governor in seeing that his charge is secure and safe. Those of the police who have visited the jail since the incarceration of the Fenian prisoners, will know that the sleeping apartments of the traitors are in the upper story of one of the wings. At the north-east side of the building a large opening has been left for a door to communicate with the interior of the jail. This opening was securely planked up with heavy timber, and coated inside with stove-pipe iron, which the prisoners, having nothing else to do since they saw the loyal display on the 12th of July, amused themselves with pulling out the nails that affixed the iron coating to the boards, which they carefully replaced with such adroitness that for several days past the keepers were not aware that their precautions had been interfered with. On Friday morning, on entering the apartment, the turnkey noticed that several of the nails affixed to the plating fell out, and on examining the work, he discovered that one side of the door had been loosened. On making the discovery, the Fenians were struck dumb with astonishment for a few minutes, but at last one of them mustered up sufficient courage to outspeak his opinion 'that it was a bad job,' a sentiment which was perfectly coincided by the conspirators present. On an examination of the boards outside of the iron coating it was found that several of them had been sawn across, which clearly evinces that the plot must have been a deeply matured one, and but for the lucky discovery would in all probability have proved successful. The facts of this attempted escape goes far to prove that the sooner the Fenian trials are brought on the better. Any man that is innocent need not fear an impartial trial, but the guilty in most cases dread it. We are not aware of the names of the parties who were the principal conspirators in this plot; but whoever they may be their conduct has demonstrated that they have been deeply implicated one way or the other in the late Fenian raids. As soon as the danger was discovered steps were at once taken to remedy the evil, and before evening their appartments were left in a state of security, which will effectually debar ingress or egress in future, except for those who are connected with the institution.

—Accounts of the crops in Wisconsin, Iowa, and Northern Illinois are favorable. Most of the wheat has been harvested in excellent condition, and is abundant in quality.

—The 4th of July was noticed at Halifax. N. S. *The Sun* of that place says the British war ships and many other vessels in port displayed the American flag.

—The Ohio *Farmer* has seen and read so much of the value of air-slaked lime in curing green hay that its use is unqualifiedly recommended. Clover, it says, may be cut when full in bloom in the forenoon, after the dew is off, and if not very heavy, turned, ranked and put into the barn the same day, by the use of from our to six quarts of lime to the load.

—The war correspondent of the *London Morning Herald* says:—"In military circles the performance of the Prussian needle gun has created great surprise. The weapon is so heavy and unwieldy that there existed a great prejudice against it; but it is quite plain that its drawbacks are more than compensated by the great rapidity of its fire. I have seen a private letter from the Austrian camp, which says that this formidable weapon fully doubles the enemy's strength. I know, moreover, that this last experience of the *zundnadelgewehr* has been brought under the notice of the Small-arm Committee of the French army, who up to this time have been strenuously opposed to the adoption of any breech-loader whatever, and I should not be surprised if another change in the armament of the French infantry were one of the consequences of this Bohemian campaign."

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at	7.00, a.m.
Mail Train	6.30, p. m.
Accommodation Train leaves at	1.45, p. m.
Arriving Morning Mail	10.5, a.m.
Mail, Evening	5.00, p.m.
" Night	9.00, p.m

☞ These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m., every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LIVERPOOL, 16th.—At noon the *S. S. Hibernian* having repaired damage to her screw, left Liverpool at 2 p.m., on the 16th, for Quebec direct.

Latest reports from the *Great Eastern* are quite favorable. Steady progress being made on Sunday afternoon; paid out 283 miles, distance run 263.

No markets whatever since the *Scotia's* departure. Cotton this morning opened with decided improvement.

Nothing transpired concerning negotiations; several French papers received Government warning for publishing false news.

A sanguinary conflict took place on the 14th, between the Prussians and Federals near Aschaffenburgh, the former were entirely successful. The town was in flames, and the Federals were retreating.

Prussians were marching on Frankfort, which town the Federal troops had evacuated, and the Diet was removed to Augustenburg, where the foreign representatives were expected to assemble.

Headquarters of the Prussian army under the King had been advanced to Broun.

Izlar was reported to be in possession of the Prussians.

Cialdini had occupied Padua and Vicensa, towns on the line of the railroad to Vienna.

Austrians in Venetia, except those in Venice, had no railway communication with Vienna, so unless Cialdini be diverted, Austrians cannot render aid in the impending battle with the Prussians.

The Times of the 16th says, whatever forces the Austrian government may have succeeded in gathering around Vienna, still it is doubtful whether it will itself be equal to the task with the standing victorious Prussians, who according to all calculations should assemble before Vienna to-morrow or day after. If anything is needed to render the Austrian position hopeless, it is the tidings of the irreparable disaster at Chaffenburg, which must have reached Vienna.

Pressed by deputations from the Viennese municipality, inquiring into the Emperor's pleasure in regard to the defence of Vienna the Emperor at once removed the peoples apprehensions by answering that Vienna would be treated as an open city, and added that he would limit his military operations to the defence of the line of the Danube, a plan which might bring the Prussian attack on Flondoff village, two or three miles from the town gates, where the Austrians have established a camp and Tete de Pont. Should the Prussians, however, resolve to attack Vienna, they would certainly attempt to cross the river at several points, and in case of success an open city would unavoidably fall into their hands.

It is stated that the discouragement into which the Austrian army is thrown by repeated losses in Bohemia, *The Times* believes, will deter the Emperor from a final encounter so close to the capital, and trusts before the Prussians will be ready for the onset an interview between the two monarchs will take place, which might have been opportunely held on Warrow's disaster at Koenig-Gratz.

In diplomatic circles at St. Petersburg, it was declared that Russia has no present intention of abandoning her policy of neutrality, and that only in case of active intervention of foreign powers on the German conflict, would she make declarations, and take up an attitude corresponding with her interest.

The Moscow *Gazette* expresses entire sympathy to the Italian cause, and favors the annexation of Venice to Italy.

Advices from Lumberg state that all soldiers on furlough in Russia have been recalled, and that military trains start every day from Warsaw to the frontier at Silesia and Galicia. Russian troops were marching from Padolia to Bessarabia.

The Spanish Government had prohibited the sale of newspapers in the public streets.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The cholera has somewhat abated. Only four cases were reported officially in the city yesterday, and six in Brooklyn. There are several others unofficially reported, but there is no doubt that the weather is retarding the progress of the disease. The cholera on the islands was no less severe. Three deaths have occurred, and a number of troops are ill of diarrhœa. The mortuary reports for the week ending July 21st, shows that there were 1,362 deaths.

Four gentlemen have been appointed by the Citizens' Executive Committee, for the relief of the Portland sufferers, to visit that city and distribute the funds collected in this city. The treasurer reported the amount of contributions received to be $101,749. The total amount donated to the city is $134,056, of which $5,526 was collected in Roman Catholic churches and donated by Catholic pastors last Sunday.

NEW YORK, 25.—The trial of Genls. Sweeney and Spear, for committing a breach of the neutrality laws, will take place to-day before Judge Smalley, U. S. District Judge in Windsor, Vermont.

NEW YORK, 25th.—A villanous report has been made by the commission to investigate the cruelties perpetrated by Mrs. Henry Abrahams, of King Williams County, Virginia, upon her servants. The report shows that on the 2nd of June, a freed girl named Martha Annie, aged 17, was brought to a hospital in Richmond. The surgeon stated that there were upon her body 7 ulcers, all the result of burns, and all produced within two or three weeks; the largest was nearly two inches in diameter. In addition to these her entire body was almost covered with scars, some old, and some scarred with recent scars. Some the result of burns, and some the result of whipping. She had been so abused that she was scarcely able to give expression to an intelligent idea. The invesigation before the Judge Advocate of Richmond, proved that this monster, Mrs. Abrahams, whom half the lawyers of the city had volunteered to defend, has, within the last six years, been the cause of the death of four of her negro servants.

NEW YORK, 25.—Twelve cases of cholera reported to-day. There were three deaths in this city.

In Brooklyn eight cases were reported, but no deaths.

—The great work of the Chicago tunnel will be completed by next November.

—The *Shandon* arrived in the port of Quebec on Sunday, this being her second voyage.

—Eternal truth is not received through sensation.

—He that can spare no kindness from himself has a narrow soul.

—Verdi has presented the Italian army, not with a march, but with a war-horse.

—Between two and three hundred newly fledged Mormons passed through Toronto, on Saturday night, *en route* for Utah.

—General Sherman, and staff, while in Quebec, were entertained by the gallant officers of the 7th Fusiliers.

—A swarm of locusts have invaded the Province of Algeria, destroying the growing crops of the farmers.

—Ex-President Fillmore is to deliver an address on behalf of America, on the occasion of the World's Exhibition at Paris.

—The most rev. the Lord Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan will leave for England at the beginning of last month.

—The harvesting of the crops in the West has caused the bottom of the grain market in Chicago to drop out. Millers are grinding new wheat, and the delusion of a scarcity has completely vanished.

PIC-NIC AT FITZROY HARBOUR IN FAVOR OF OUR VOLUNTEERS.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR: Seldom have we witnessed greater enthusiasm than that which animated all classes of the community assembled at Fitzroy Harbour on Tuesday last. The praiseworthy people of that village, having given notice a few days previous, of the coming pic-nic, and its object: that of giving public expression to the sentiments of our gratitude to the gallant defenders of our country on their return home from the frontier.

No spot could exceed, in beauty, that lovely island, one of the picturesque groups embosomed in the great Victoria Chatts Falls.—The place and vicinity was handsomely decorated with flags, &c., in good order and taste. The place of embarkation is a little promontory upon which stands the residence of Dr. Dubord, around which the Dr. had a number of flags neatly arranged, and presented the very appearance of a fortress in miniature. The day was beautiful, and crowds of well-dressed people, of both sexes, might be seen coming from all directions towards the place of rendezvous. At ten a.m., the martial appearance, in handsome scarlet uniform, of the volunteers, as they approached, elicited shouts of welcome from the assembled multitude present. The unavoidable absence of Captain Fraser was much regretted. The townships of Fitzroy, Torbolton, Onslow, Pontiac and Pakenham were well represented on the occasion. It is to us here a pleasing duty to publish through your very popular paper, the assemblage together of 600 to 700 persons; the inhabitants of this immediate neighborhood, all apparently animated by the one common cause, that of loyalty to the most amiable sovereign that ever graced the throne, since the time of Alfred the Great. It is by our fidelity, that we prove to the world our earnest wish to continue and maintain our happy connection with the mother country. While we are thus happily united together in our quiet Canadian homes, attending to our peaceful avocations with due obedience respectively to the altar and the throne; worshipping God, every one according to the dictates of his own heart, under his own vine and his own fig tree. Who then but blind and stupid fools could flatter themselves with the belief, that we would stand with folded arms while looking at our homes being sacked and our property taken by a dastardly gang of invading plunderers; no, as long as we have stout hearts and strong arms, and shall hear the paternal echoing voice across the Atlantic saying to us, courage my children your mother is coming.

Is there anything more becoming the population of any country than to be true to themselves; loyalty like charity, begins at home, as a matter of a first principle, our lives, our families, our homesteads, our institutions, free and unfettered, as we are, civil and religious liberty on equal terms to all peaceable citizens which makes Canada morally and socially, one of the most happy countries on the face of the globe. Then I say by being true to the lawfully constituted authorities in supporting our government, in their united actions on good statesmanship and wise legislation on the part of our representatives, by which means we would lay the basis of a future empire in British North America, that may yet rank amongst the great nations of the earth. Every country has their heroes, and every nation their patriots and statesmen, and with what pride we look back at their glorious deeds, which survives them in death, and blooms like roses and laurels upon their graves.

The managing committee on the present occasion, deserves great applause for the polite and genteel manner in which they conducted the whole affair throughout. Unusually long tables well supplied were set in the grove by the water side, near the great cataract on the one side, and the Victoria Slides on the other. Plenty of the good things of this world were there in abundance, and many a well filled basket was emptied during the day, but there was plenty left.

The afternoon was devoted to the sport of different games by the youth of both sexes, for which ample preparation was made by the Committee. However I cannot omit to mention the presence in a body of the La Crosse Club from the Quio village, in their very handsome uniform and flags unfurled in the light breeze. Their several games at LaCrosse was well conducted on both sides under the leadership of Messrs. Davis and Finn, much to the admiration of all present. The volunteers together with all the young people, made several trips over the slides, on cribs of timber belonging to the Hon. James Skead, whose timber was putting over at the time. Dancing was kept up till a late hour in the evening, when three hearty cheers were proposed and given for the Queen and Royal family, also our own Government and the volunteers, after which all separated to their respective homes, evidently well satisfied with having spent a delightful day.

Committee of Management—Messrs. Henderson, Nicholson, Hady and McGilivray, to whom our thanks are justly due on the present occasion; also Dr. Dubord deserves special mention on account of the patriotic spirit and friendly participation evinced by that gentleman throughout the whole proceedings.

I am dear sir,
Very respectfully, yours,
VINDICATOR.

July 19th, 1866.

The Southern papers are passing from one to another, with applauding endorsements, the following choice stanza:

"The four meanest names in the whole universe
Begin with a "B," as you every one know;
And just in order the muse shall rehearse,
Beelsbub, Butts, Butler the Beast, and Bully
Brownlow."

NEWS ITEMS.

—Two men and a boy were killed by lightning on Saturday morning, near Piqua, Ohio.

—The "Locals" of Connecticut are to hold a convention at New Haven on the 31st inst. They propose to form an organization for mutual benefit.

—The Newark (Ohio) *American* reports that during the season 1,000,000 pounds of wool have been purchased in Licking County. Average price 52 2-3c.

—On Sunday last, at an early hour, thirteen of the prisoners confined in the Montreal Gaol, attempted to break out. They picked the locks of five cells, when they were detected by the guard.

—The *Commonwealth* announces that Geo. Peabody intends to bestow $50,000 each upon Harvard, Amherst, and Williams Colleges, of this State, and the sum of $1,000,000 upon Boston for homes for the poor.

—The man who can make his own fire, black his own boots, carry his own wood, hoe his own garden, pay his own debts, and live without wine and tobacco, need ask no favor of him who rides in a coach and four.

—The new swing bridge at St. Gabriel Locks, uniting Seigneurs street with St. Patrick's street, was opened to the public on Saturday. The name of the Hon. Mr. McGee has been given to the bridge.

—The St. Albans (Vt.) *Messenger* says there was little doing in butter at the market there on Tuesday, and buyers were cautious of anything over 38 cents, which was the ruling price. The quantity sent off was 21,000 lbs., a great decrease compared with what was shipped the previous week.

—A virulent epidemic, much resembling yellow fever, has made its appearance in the Department of Santa Cruz de la Sierra, and, if report be true, has caused frightful ravages among the sparse population of that distant mountain region. It is affirmed that, without any exaggeration, in less than sixty days about about 4,000 persons have died out of a population of barely 12,000, from the terrible disease.

COMMERCIAL

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 25.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@	8 75
Extra	7 75	@	8 00
Fancy	7 25	@	7 50
Welland Canal Superfine	6 50	@	6 60
Bag Flour	3 50	@	3 65
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 40	@	6 60
No 1 Western	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2	6 10	@	6 30
Canada Wheat	1 50	@	1 52
Western "	1 45	@	1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs.	36	@	37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs.	50	@	55
BUTTER—Dairy	17	@	18
Store-Packed	16	@	17
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@	5 42
Pearls	7 00	@	7 00

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

OTTAWA, July 25, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$8 00	@	9 00
No. 1	7 25	@	7 75
No. 2	6 50	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	5 00	@	0 00
" Spring "	3 87½	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	None offering.		
Barley "			
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 60
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 35	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs	0 30	@	0 35
	0 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	25 50
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@	20 50
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	17 00
Beef	9 00	@	10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@	0 00
Veal— " "	0 10	@	0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@	0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 21	@	0 23
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 17
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 46	@	0 00

New York Markets.

New York, July 25.

STOCKS—Steady. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 150 and closed at 150½

COTTON—Dull and 36 for middling.

FLOUR—Receipts 2,834 barrels at 10c @ 20c lower. Sales 7,400 barrels at $5.50 @ 7.40 superfine State; $6.70 @ 7.95 for extra State; $8.00 @ 8.50c for choice do; $5.50 @ 6.40 for superfine Western; $6.70 @ $8.30 for common to good extra Western, and $8.00 @ 9.40c for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour dull at $8.25 @ 9.65c for common, and $9.75 @ 12.15c for good to choice extra.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. MCGRATH, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

☞ **Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.**

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" there never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantaneously, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 20 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 184a

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn, London. 184d

Perry Davis' Pain Killer has been used in severe cases of cholera, and never has failed in a single case where it was thoroughly applied on the first appearance of the symptoms.

The late Rev. Dr. Granger repeatedly expressed his belief that he owed his life to the timely use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. During his recent visit to the Missions in Burmah, he had a severe attack of the cholera, and was immediately relieved by the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. Samuel J. Gonsalves, writing from Portuguese Colony, July 1, 1857, says:

"Your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done great good among the exiles of Madeira. It is now and has been for five years, the great family medicine with us. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, colds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croup, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, etc. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole colony. 184a

Habitual Constipation—Words of Comfort.—Dr. Cyrus W. Nelson, of Boston, Mass., author of "Clinical Observations on the Treatment of Abdominal Diseases," says, in a letter dated February 27th, 1862: "I consider Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills the best remedy for Chronic Constipation at present known. With me they have never failed, and I have prescribed them in at least fifty instances." He also states: "That for all irregularities of the digestive functions, the liver and bowels, they are by far the most useful medicine I have ever prescribed—perfectly safe and eminently reliable." Similar testimony is volunteered by Dr. Humphrey Lettsom, of Chicago, Ill., who enumerates thirty cases, with names and dates, in which he has administered the Pills, with entire success, for habitual costiveness and piles. Wherever they have been used as a remedy for liver and bowel complaints, the result has been equally satisfactory. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 184a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale every where. 144-8m

MARRIED.

At Three Rivers, on the 23rd inst., by the Rev. Mr. Baillaregeon, J. F. Gaudet, Esq., P. L. Surveyor, youngest son of the late J. T. Gaudet, Esq., Commissariat Staff, to Marie Cecile, daughter of the late Honorable Mr. Justice Mondelet.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the [illegible]th instant, the wife of Martin Battle, of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ARMY CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS IN DUPLICATE —the service or supply being marked on the envelope—will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th AUGUST next, for the following supplies and services, at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

GENERAL SERVICE.

FRESH MEAT, at per 100 lbs.
BREAD, at per do.
FIREWOOD, at per cord.
FORAGE, at per ration.
COAL OIL, at per Gallon.
WICKS, for Coal Oil Lamps, at per dozen.
WATER, for Troops, at per 100 gallons.
LAND TRANSPORT—Cartage.

Separate Tenders will be required for each of the above services.

The conditions of the several Contracts (to which particular attention is invited,) the probable quantity of each article required, or the nature of the service to be performed, forms of tender, and all other necessary information, can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

No Tenders, except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures must be bona fide those of the principals and sureties.

Commissariat, Kingston, C.W.,
23rd July, 1866.

A. M. FESTING,
D. A. C. G.,
Commissariat Officer in charge Kingston District.

Ottawa, July 26. 187-t.f.m.w.f.m.w.f.m.

The Hudson Bay Company's

BUFFALO ROBES.

THE FIRST ANNUAL SALE

WILL TAKE PLACE

AT THE COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,

17, COMMON STREET,

ON WEDNESDAY, 8th AUGUST, 1866.

Catalogues will be prepared, and further particulars shortly announced.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, July 26. 187td

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.

THOROUGH BASS.

AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.

Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

AMUSEMENTS.

1866. 1866.

St. George's Society,

OTTAWA.

THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC IN AID OF the funds of the above charitable institution will, by the kind permission of the proprietor, be held on the beautiful grounds of the McKAY ESTATE.

On Thursday next, 26th July.

The Grounds will be opened at 10 o'clock, and a variety of Games (for which see Posters), will commence at 1 o'clock. The winner of each Game will, in addition to the prize awarded, be presented with a handsome Diploma.

The Pony race (Ponies under 14 hands high) will be under the management of gentlemen of experience. Entrance fee, $1.

A Spacious Platform for dancing will be laid down.

The splendid Brass and Quadrille Bands of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate, be in attendance.

Refreshments of the best quality, and of all kinds, (with the exception of spirituous liquors) can be had on the grounds at the most reasonable rates.

Conveyances have been engaged by the Committee, and will run from Upper, Central and Lower Town, to and from the grounds, at stated intervals. Fare—Twelve-and-a-half cents each way.

Tickets of admission, 25 cents each. Can be had at Mr. Mills' Confectionary, York Street; Mr. Botts, Fruiterer, Rideau Street; Mr. Miles, Hairdresser, Rideau Street; Mr. Proderick's Confectionary, Sussex Street; Mr. Hall's Confectionary, Wellington Street, of any member of the Committee of Management, or Stewards, and of the Secretary. Children under twelve years of age admitted free.

By order.

WM. MILLS,
Secretary.

Ottawa, July 20. 182a

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager...... John Townsend.

GLORIOUS SUCCESS OF THE GREEN BUSHES!

NOTICE.—Family Tickets for three, will, in future, be issued to the Boxes for $1.

Double company, amateur and professional, positively for one more night only.

By the kind permission of Major Newdigate, commanding detachment 4th Battalion Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade, the amateurs of the corps will make their third, and last, appearance in Ottawa, assisted by the professional Ladies and Gentlemen of the company.

On Friday ev'g., July 27th, 1866,

When will be presented for the last time Buckstone's great and ever popular drama, in 3 acts, entitled the

GREEN BUSHES:

OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

The magnificent Band of the Battalion will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate and the officers, be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening several popular overtures.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

Song and chorus by the Band.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

SLASHER AND CRASHER.

Characters by the double Company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 26. 187

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman,..........................75 cents
Single Ticket,..................................50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183td

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

DOG TAX SHEET,

29 Vic., C. 39, Township of Fitzroy.

1866.

Name of Owner.	Con.	Lot.	No. of Dogs.
John Whyte	1	25	1
Thos. May	1	24	1
Isaac May	1	24	1
Robert Hervey	1	22	1
Archd McVicar	1	21	1
Neil O'Donnell	1	23	1
Thos Bowes	1	20	1
Andw Whyte	1	19	1
Michl Laflamme	1	17	1
Martin Johnston	1	16	1
Robert Whyte	1	14	1
Wm Whyte	1	14	1
James Richey	1	13	1
Wm Richey	1	13	1
William Blair	1	15	1
James Shaw	1	11	1
William McKibbon, Sr.	1	12	1
William McKibbon, Jr.	1	12	1
George Morelon	1	10	1
Francis Hunt	1	8	1
Charles Lossen	1	7	1
Saml Alison	1	9	1
William Latimer	1	10	1
Robert Hunt	1	11	1
John McConnell	2	21	1
William Bradbury	2	22	1
Louis Brunette	2	25	1
John Goodwin	2	26	1
Wm Halpenny	2	24	1
Richard May	2	23	1
Saml Conn	2	23	1
Saml May	2	21	1
Thos Clarke	2	20	1
John Sherlock	2	16	1
Martin O'Hora	2	17	1
Patrick Herrick	2	18	1
James Herrick	2	18	1
Francis Herrick	2	18	1
John Owens	2	12	1
Robert Owens	2	12	1
Alex Wilson	2	14	1
James Wilson, Jr.	2	13	1
Noble Dean	2	8	1
Francis Gillan	2	10	1
John Howe	2	12	1
John R Wilson	2	12	1
Widow McGinley	2	11	1
Charles Gillan	2	10	1
James McViety	2	7	1
James Horey	2	7	1
Patrick Lindsay, Sr.	2	6	1
John Moorhouse	2	5	1
Arthur Ross	2	4	1
Thos Green	2	3	1
Alexr Holmes	2	4	1
John Green	2	2	1
Robert Ring	2	2	1
James Curtes	2	2	1
James Ring	2	2	1
Edward Lunny	3	[illegible]	1
John Elliott	3	17	1
Abm Miller	3	18	1
John Howe	3	25	1
Andw Sutherland	3	26	1
Thos Sutherland	3	26	1
William Hervey	3	27	1
William Body	3	20	1
Peter Wilson	3	21	1
William McKelvey	3	22	1
Widow Elliott	3	24	1
John Shannon	3	18	1
George Wilson	3	11	1
Hugh McDonald	3	12	1
John McDonald	3	12	1
Michl Smith	3	10	1
Robert Harris	3	10	1
William Story	3	8	1
David Story	3	6	1
William Granger	3	5	1
William Cavanagh	3	2	1
Thomas Smith	3	10	1
John Wilson	3	11	1
Joseph Halpenny	4	16	1
Michl O'Brien	4	16	1
James Blair	4	22	1
William Willis	4	24	1
Thos Elliott	4	26	1
William Dean	4	21	1
Charles Conners	4	20	1
William Serson	4	12	1
Patrick Curry	4	2	1
Thos McCormick	4	10	1
And. Dugean	4	10	1
Charles Murphy	4	11	1
James O'Neil	4	14	1
Charles Hunt	4	15	1
Richd Costello	4	17	1
Thos O'Neil	5	10	1
Francis O'Neil	5	10	1
Andw Devine	5	7	1
Richard Barber	5	7	1
Nicholas Reade	5	15	1
William Hunt	5	15	1
Thomas Hunt	5	13	1
James Hunt	5	16	1
Robert Taylor	5	16	1
James Riddell	5	18	1
Richard Monforte	5	21	1
Joshua Burr	5	20	1
Thos Roach	5	18	1
Thos G Somerville	5	18	1
Allan Fraser	6	11	1
William Croskey	6	10	1
Christr Armstrong	6	8	1
Henry Carry	6	8	1
Robert Grant	6	12	1
George Hunt	6	7	1
Edward Owens	6	3	1
John Hanna	6	2	1
Robert Johnston	6	1	1
Nathl Rowan	6	25	1
Francis Moran	6	17	1
John Baird	6	15	1
William Forbes	6	14	1
Andrew Forbes	6	18	1
James Steen	6	22	1
Archd Riddell	6	19	1
Robert Dickson	6	18	1
John F Ritchie	6	17	1
Michl Jeffrey	6	16	1
William Cavanagh	7	15	1
Thos Bahen	7	14	1
George Smith	7	13	1
Thos Fraser, Jr	7	12	1
Thos Fraser, Jr	7	11	1
William Anderson	7	9	1
John Grant	7	5	1
Basel Rorison	7	4	1
William Green	7	3	1
Hamilton Lowry	7	2	1
Samuel Lowry	7	2	1
Michael Lowry	7	1	1
Robert Nesbitt	7	12	1
John Stanton	7	24	1
John Moran	7	24	1
William Kyle	7	18	1
Patrick Gorrman	7	19	1
James Butler	7	16	1
W P Taylor	7	21	1
Donald McMillan	8	8	1
Nelson Smith	8	17	1
William Marshall	8	20	1
William D Pigott	8	19	1
Alexr McConnell	8	18	1
Charles Finner	8	1	1
Samuel Gourlay	8	16	1
James Patterson	8	12	1
James Stevenson	8	10	1
John Laughlin, Sr	8	11	1
Robert Walker, Jr	8	7	1
Samuel Stevenson	8	6	1
George Baird	8	5	1
Thos Baird	9	8	1
Alex McMillan	9	7	1
Samuel Young	9	5	1
Samuel Kedey	9	14	1
James Fetherston	9	15	1
William Gorman	9	19	1
George Learmouth	9	22	1
Andrew Henderson	10	26	1
John Baird	10	1	1
Denis Cavanagh	10	3	1
James Fulford	10	5	1
John Peever	10	8	1
Heman Landon	10	12	1
Nathl Latham	10	14	1
Samuel Fetherston	..	16	..
John McBride	..	16	..
Thos McBride	..	17	..
Joseph Bradley	..	14	..
Leo Brunette	..	21	..
Ford Sternsdorff	..	20	..
Patrick Lynch	..	19	..
Robert B Fripp	11	26	..
John Bradley, Jr	..	14	..
John Bradley, Sr	..	14	..
William Styles	..	12	..
John Bradley	..	11	..
William Langford	..	9	..
James Teevans	..	10	..
John McDermott	..	24	..
John Fulford	..	23	..
James Farrell	..	22	..
John Hamilton	..	21	..
George Sadlier	..	19	5
Henry Poole	..	20	..
Widow Amm	..	21	..
Patrick McMahon	..	21	..
Widow Copps	10	23	..
Donald Dow	..	19	..
Widow Pierce	12	12	..
Kenneth McLeod	..	13	..
Thos Hamilton	..	17	..
James Dolan	..	18	..
Broughton Wilson	..	19	..
Enoch Baaham	A & B		..
William Mohr	B C D		..
Thos Hogan, Sr	12	20	..
Nicholas Sparks	..	1	..
John Monroe	..	22	..
Robert Somerville,	Fitzroy Harbor		
Mordecai Lester	..	..	..
John Nicholson	..	..	..
Doctor Dubord	..	..	..
John Teevans	..	..	..
James Smith	..	..	..
Robert Shirreff	..	..	..
Mrs Wade	..	..	..
Henry Highland	..	..	..

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to

JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-130-3m

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday,

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range..........200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake..........163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range..........200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range..........200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range..........100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake..400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..........200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range..........50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range..........100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range..........300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19..........400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range..........100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range..........87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range..........100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession..........200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range..........51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5..........50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession..........284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession..........400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession..........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession..........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con......300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range....500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..........700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range..........1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range..........800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

☞ OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

WANTS.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.—A FARMER COMPETENT to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
186a Before 9 a.m., and after 4 p.m.

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

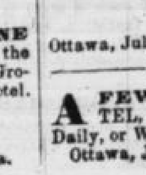
WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf



TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 23. 184d

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

AUCTION SALES.

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—

Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattresses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform Scales.

BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also, a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

☞ At the Variety Hal', No. 54, Sussex Street.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
186y General Commission Agent.

TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, SUGARS,

AND

General Fresh Groceries.

On Thursday, the 26th July,

AT THE STORES OF

MESSRS. RIMMER, GUNN & CO.,

WILL BE SOLD,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

TEAS, WINES, TOBACCOS, SUGARS,

And FRESH GROCERIES.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Sale at Ten o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
185-td Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

AMOS ROWE HAS RECEIVED IN-structions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Thursday next, the 26th inst.,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MRS. BATES, adjoining the residence of Joseph Aumond, Esq., Daly Street, all the Household Effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES, STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds & Bedding, Bureaus, LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Mahogany Wardrobe; also 1 Bureau and Bedstead to match.

Terms of sale Cash.

A. ROWE,
138y Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ES-tablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Doeskins, Cottons, Table Linen, Readymade Clothing, Satchel's Cutlery, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Terms Cash on delivery. ☜

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests young	Hyson Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

☞ All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Venetians, Bedford Cords, Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

CAUTION.—We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-●

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA. They create a healthy appetite, and strengthen the system. They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,
OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

☞ Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160●

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST.

☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1866. 110-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.

J. R. HAMILTON.

Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIV-en, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

"FREE TRADE."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "FREE TRADE," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O. Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

"PROTECTION."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "PROTECTION," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

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July 21. 185-2

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND* **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**

March 5, 1866. 65- 6

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
Executor.

174-d

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. ☞ The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

☞ Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
136-3m

Ottawa, May 28, 1866.

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chandiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpaca Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

☞ **An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand**

☞ **Orders Promptly Attended to.** ☜

O'MEARA & CO
94-tf

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.---A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE& LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1¼ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PRO-perty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IM-mediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.---That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866, 56-tf

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,
Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 123-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RE-spectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

NOTICE.--APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator,
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.--The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12f

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of, or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33¼ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650	Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)		
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600	Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650	Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434	Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300	Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400	Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784	Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800	Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN..........$66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE..........$34.25.
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons	Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE,	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK,	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec. Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

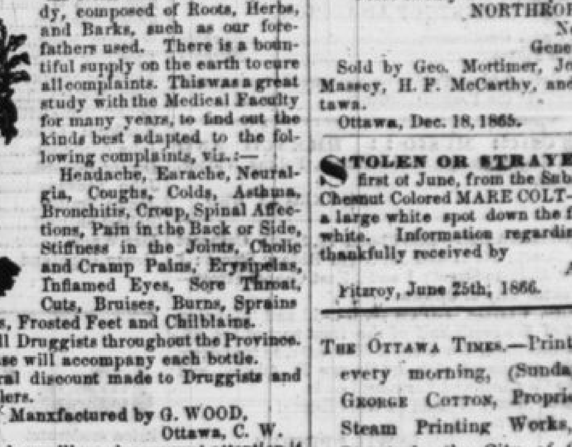
GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say; commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning; said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!

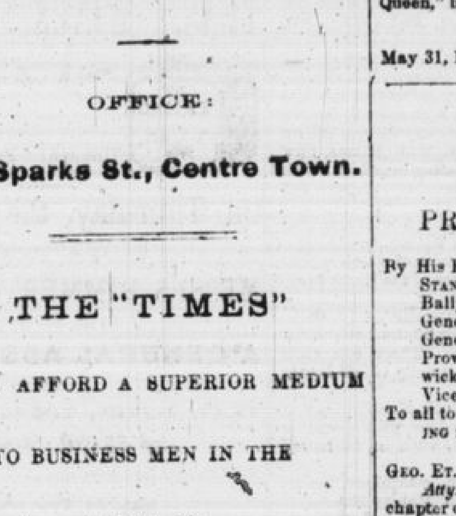


IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Amprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

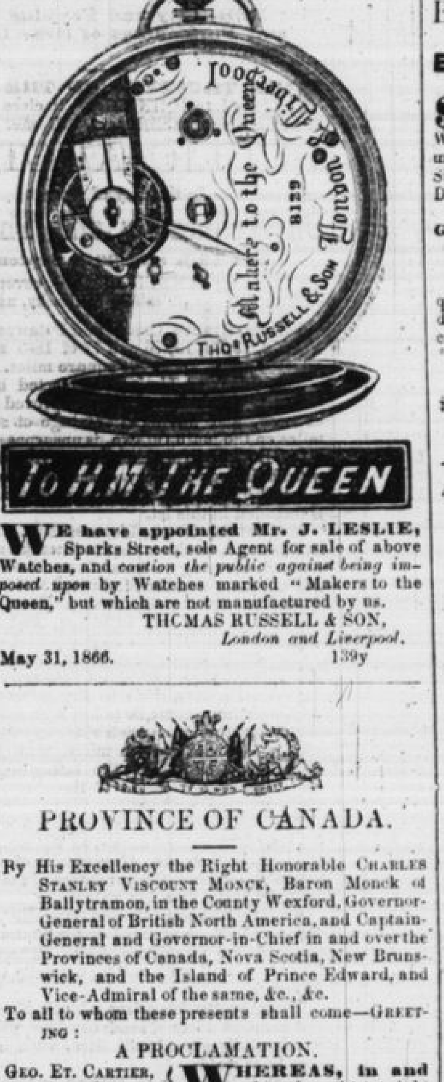
ADVERTISE!

N W is the TIME
—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THO. RUSSELL & SON



TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen.
WHEREAS, in and by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
"And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TEN-DERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!

BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,

34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

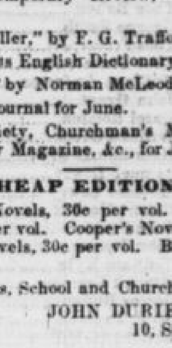
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators



FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

AT ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPE-rior lot of the very best

Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,

—AT—

PRATT & CO.'S,

No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 51-3-w

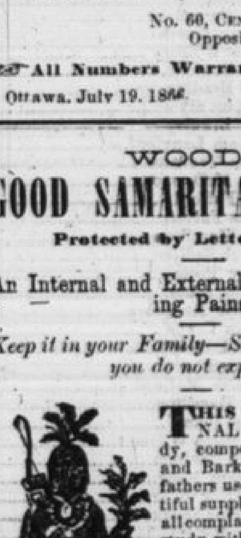
WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTER-NAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the [illegible] thereby dispensing with the old harp form of [illegible] ing by substituting straight bridges, preserving the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Barili,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THELBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in power, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versatility, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Piano ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald,* Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.

PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.

School Organs & Melodeons

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 Now in Use.

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAIN-ing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reservoir or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on the European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract the difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. H. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-d-w-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 2t-w

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

Legislative Council

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 188.

OTTAWA C. W., FRIDAY JULY 27, 1866.

PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p.m. and 8.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	2.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Metcalfe, Osgoode, &c., Daily	8.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea and Wakefield	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton & E'st Templeton	12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

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REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Jamell's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employees, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 30, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. E. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,
LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,
(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:00 a.m.	At Prescott, 9:30 a.m.
" " 1:45 p.m.	" " 5.00 p.m.
" " 6.30 p.m.	" " 9:55 p.m.
From Prescott, 7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10:05 a.m.
" " 2:20 p.m.	" " 5:00 p.m.
" " 6:00 p.m.	" " 9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

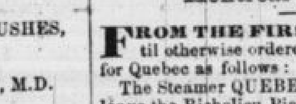
Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,........ 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains, at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
1866. 1866.



Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)........$2.50
Steerage........ 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company,
May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by
S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.
Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,
LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.
☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines

HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862.
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St.
☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to
W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

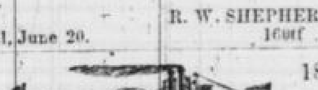
STEAMERS.

1866. 1866.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 16otf

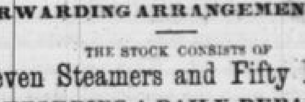
1866. 1866.



DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAT. J. RYAN.)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

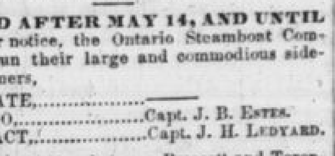
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Por Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[*Established in* 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866. 1866.



LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.



STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE,........	
ONTARIO,........	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT,........	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer
LORD ELGIN,........ — DEWITT,
EMPRESS,........ Capt. C. B. DEWITT.
For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
☞ Traveller, be not induced by loudr cies in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as
Fishing, Boating,
Croquet, Quoits,
Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley
Archery, Billiard Tables.
ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms hav been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
June 2. 141-3m Proprietors.

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE.)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and *a month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, Mrs. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge. April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Basars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Beaumont Farm—H. McLean.
Situation Wanted.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—A. Rowe.
Scaled Tenders—F. Braun.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
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The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 27, 1866.

The House meets to-day at eleven o'clock, to wait on His Excellency with the congratulatory address on the occasion of his elevation to the British Peerage, adopted on Monday last, a copy of which we published in yesterday's Parliamentary report.

A large amount of business was transacted by the House yesterday. The Militia Bill, and the Code of Civil Procedure Act of Lower Canada, passed through Committee. A number of private bills, in the hands of Ministers, passed through committee in the afternoon, and were read a third time and passed at the second sitting. The remainder of the Supplementary Estimates were passed in Committee of Supply. The hon. Minister of Finance made an important explanation on the new mode to be adopted for collection of duties of excise, a measure for which will be immediately laid before the House. A large number of private and local bills were read a third time and passed, as was also the Upper Canada Assessment Act, and the House adjourned at 12:40.

Despite this extraordinary despatch of business on Government day, the Hon. Messrs. J. S. Macdonald and Holton did not fail to put in the accustomed daily recital of their dissatisfaction with Ministers for delaying the public business.

The announcement made by the Attorney-General West last night, at the close of the debate on the Volunteer Militia Bill, with reference to the result of the investigation into the conduct of Col. Booker, will no doubt be hailed with satisfaction. That officer, we are assured, has been proved to have acted in a most praiseworthy and soldier-like manner, notwithstanding the many accusations that have been brought against him. The report of the Commission, with the evidence, has been ordered to be printed, so that the public will soon have an opportunity of passing its own judgment on the case. It is to be hoped that no local jealousies or personal rivalries will be allowed to influence the press in its criticisms, but we fear the contrary, as we have already seen the Commission denounced as a white-washing affair, and the mode of conducting the investigation condemned as being unfair to others concerned in the result, as well as Col. Booker. The publication of the report, with the evidence, will at all events give an opportunity to form an opinion of the justice of these imputations, and lead, we hope, to the restoration of Colonel Booker's military reputation, tarnished for a while by the imputations cast upon it.

Those who take exception to the fifth clause of the new Volunteer Militia bill, granting permission to municipalities to assist in the equipment and maintenance of the volunteers when on actual service, and to provide for the wounded, or the families of the slain, are blinded to the full force of the arguments they urge against it, *from the appearance* of fairness and impartiality they present on the surface. That the general government should provide drill sheds, armouries, arms and accoutrements; that it should pay the volunteers well when on actual service; that it should take care of the maimed, and provide for the families of the killed in battle, are propositions so evidently fair and just that any man who builds upon them his opposition to another mode of maintaining the volunteers may well be excused for believing his argument unanswerable. Why, as was urged by the member for Carleton yesterday afternoon, should the volunteers be exposed to the jealousies which would inevitably arise, if those from one municipality were treated more generously than those from another? And why should the loyal municipalities pay more than their just proportion? asked the member for North Leeds.

Without admitting or denying the force of these objections, let us first see the full effect of the policy of closing the door against Municipal aid to the Volunteers in case of sudden emergency. We have already learned from experience that the Government provision for the maintenance of the Volunteers in the field had hitherto been sadly deficient. We shall accept the statement that the men were inadequately paid; that they made great sacrifices in going to the front, neglecting their business, and in some cases hiring others to work in their stead; that in short they incurred, in many instances, heavy pecuniary losses, without any adequate compensation, and that all these sacrifices were made in the defence of the country at large. But must they, therefore, be paid for by the General Government, and by no other? The country is liable to be called upon at any time to face a similar emergency, such as that which was recently so gallantly met; but if the Government is to be bound to provide, beforehand, the means for a contingency of the kind, it is clear that instead of a million and a half, Parliament should have voted a much larger sum for the Militia service of the year. No doubt the country is willing to pay all that is actually necessary to maintain an efficient volunteer force; but if interest and patriotism are to be combined, through the temptation of high wages and full compensation for all damages received, the honor and the glory of the volunteer will be very much dimmed, whereas a generous supplement to his government pay from his own municipality, will be received by him as an evidence that his sacrifices for his country have been fully appreciated by those whose good opinion he values most—his own friends and neighbors. With regard to the question of pay, the Attorney-General very appropriately remarked that our volunteers would stand side by side with the British regular, in case of war, who, it is well known, is paid at a much lower rate than they are. It is not desirable, therefore, that the Government should increase the present disparity between the two classes.

And is every avenue to voluntarily contributing towards the defence of the country to be closed but one? shall the people be prohibited from giving anything but personal service as a free will offering at the shrine of patriotism? Yet, this is practically the conclusion to which they must come who argue against the municipalities assuming a share in the expenses of maintaining the volunteers. It cannot surely be a mistaken policy to extend the voluntary principle beyond the strict line of personal service, and to permit those whose circumstances enable them to do so, to assist the country with their means, at the same time that they are rewarding the devotion of the volunteer, and encouraging the growth of patriotic feeling in the country. Those municipalities which have contributed, or which shall hereafter contribute, towards the support of the Volunteers are no more unjustly dealt by, because of other municipalities not contributing, than is the man who volunteers is injured by him who does not. This permissive power conferred upon the municipalities is but an extension, and in our view of the case a very wise extension, of the voluntary system of defence, and when the day comes that the municipalities of the country refuse to avail themselves generously, in times of danger, of this power, then we predict the day of reliance upon that system will have passed. So long as the municipalities come forward with spirit to provide for the wants of the Volunteers in case of emergency, so long we may depend upon it will the country be liberally supplied with men to fight its battles; but if we base the maintenance of the force exclusively on the Parliamentary appropriation towards that purpose, we must soon expect to see the spirit of volunteering die out; because we shall then have deprived it of the best of all incentives, the active sympathy of the public, as evinced by substantial encouragement. Perhaps it would not be too much to say that many an efficient Company throughout the country owes its continued existence, in a very great degree, to the timely appropriation by some sympathising municipal corporation, of a hundred dollars or so towards the construction of a drill shed.

LOCAL NEWS.

COMMITTED.—The man arrested by Sergeant Davies, of the police force, for stealing a silver watch from a person in Hull, was yesterday taken to Aylmer, and was committed for trial at the next Assizes.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.—We learn from a very reliable source, that on the removal of the detachment of the P. C. O. Rifles, now stationed here, either a detachment of the Royal Canadian Rifles, or of the 100th Regiment, (yet to arrive,) will be sent to this station.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A man named Raitt, residing on Wellington street, while crossing the Sappers' Bridge yesterday, not being aware of the trap set for the unwary by those employed on the work, was, by the tipping up of a loose plank, thrown to the ground, a distance of over twenty feet, and severely injured. The carelessness exhibited on this occasion is deserving of strong censure.

ANOTHER DANGEROUS PASS.—At the intersection of Dalhousie and Church streets, there is, or was last night and this morning, a chasm left open, apparently for the malicious purpose of causing broken bones to the foot passengers indiscriminately. Some planks had been removed by men working there, and the place left open all night. Whether or not any casualties happened we have not heard. When will such things be properly attended to?

HIS EXCELLENCY.—At the close of the session, His Excellency the Governor-General, will leave for Montreal and Quebec, where, with his suite, and a fashionable party, His Excellency will take a pleasure trip to the Saguenay, per steamer *Queen Victoria*. Returning, he will take up his residence at Spencer Wood, until about the middle of September, then proceed home to England, returning with lady Monck and family to Quebec, where they will remain until Rideau Hall will be completed.

BODY FOUND.—By a special despatch from Clarence, we learn that the body of a man, probably one of those drowned at Buckingham, on Monday last, was found floating in the river, opposite Clarence, yesterday afternoon. The Coroner has been notified, and an inquest will probably be held to-day.

THE LOST FOUND.—On Tuesday evening last, Detective O'Neill got a trace of the gold watch and chain, that was lost at the Russell House in this city, and on Wednesday morning he started for Montreal. On arriving in that city he immediately went to work, and in a very short time ran his game down, in famed Griffintown, nailed the bird and booty, too. The party who had it in his possession is known as a map pedler, and gives his name as McGinnis. He is now safe in quod here, and will make his first bow before M. O'Gara this morning, a gentleman whom he will doubtless wish he had not the *pleasure* (that's sarcastic), of being introduced to.

THE THEATRE.—This evening is the last occasion on which the "Green Bushes," or "a hundred years ago" will be presented. Major Newdigate having kindly permitted the military and the band to be present, the drama will be performed with the same cast (the double company.). On Tuesday night it was most enthusiastically received by a crowded house. This evening, the performance will, no doubt, be better than even then, because that was the first time the two companies played together. By the bill it appears that Miss Florence Grosvenor is to have a benefit next Wednesday evening. If it prove such a one as she deserves, then it will be a full house. As an actress, she is a careful student, and never fails to give a faithful rendition of her character. In private life, her friends all speak of her as a modest, unassuming favorite of the little circle in which she moves.

POLICE COURT.—Catherine Whelan, charged with being drunk again, and in this condition wandering and lying about the streets, and by her unique behaviour attracting large crowds of such people about her as are capable of being amused at such degradation. This elderly sinner begged hard to be let off, just this once, that she might go to the "good shepherds."—His Worship, however, turned a deaf ear to her appeal, and sentenced her to a fine of $5, and costs, or one week in gaol, which place she left only a few days since. Julie Gravelle, an elderly French woman, was charged with using scandalous language to, and respecting Mary Brimer, a young girl who lives next door. The complainant proved the charge by witnesses, and the defendant sought to justify her language by three witnesses, who declared on oath that they knew nothing about it. Fine $3 and costs, amounting in all to $7.50. Odillon Mattien, a little boy, said to be charged with abusive language. Prosecutor did not appear. Alexander Chevrier, charged with selling liquor without license. Edouard Departie, sworn,—Deposed that on Sunday last he went to defendant's house and drank, and paid for strong beer. Two other witnesses were called, one of whom thought it was ginger beer, and the other, that it was spruce beer. In fact they said it was *so near dark* that it was doubtful what it was they did drink. Twice a young gentleman who had manifested considerable uneasiness during the proceedings of the court, stepped up, and in a very courteous manner, begged to know if his Worship called him, "my name, he observed is Mr. Beatty." He was told that he had not been called, and quietly resumed his seat, but was evidently very fidgety. At the close of the business he came forward again, and stated that a Mr. Patterson was to have preferred a charge of some kind against him, and he seemed puzzled to know how to act—he had come to answer the charge, and now he seemed to think that it devolved on him to make the charge himself, as Patterson had failed to do so. We don't know what it means, nor did any one else. He was requested to come to-morrow.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY PIC-NIC.

In accordance with previous announcement, the Pic-Nic of this Society took place yesterday. At 1 o'clock, the patrons and friends of the Society began to assemble in those picturesque grounds, known as the McKay estate, and on which stands Rideau Hall, the residence of His Excellency, the Governor-General. At this season of the year, the woods are peculiarly beautiful, tinged with the rich hues of midsummer, and here in this sequestered spot nature has been lavish of her bounties, and most suitably adapted these grounds for a monster pic-nic. Seats had been prepared in many places where the rich foliage of the maple, afforded a retreat from the rays of old Sol; booths had been erected, where beverages and attractive viands were spread in profusion, and where extravagant prices dare not be put on, for in this matter the Committee had taken a very proper step; swings erected; foot race ground staked and roped off, and every conceivable arrangement effected that could possibly conduce to the comfort of the Picnickers.

The band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade were early on the ground, and opened the day's proceedings with that air that causes the heart, not only of every Englishman, but every true Briton, to throb with joy and pride—"The Flag that floats over an Englishman."

At half-past two, John Rochester, Esq., President of the Society, announced the opening of the games.

There were none present to enter ponies for the first sport on the programme, consequently, this race was passed over, and the entries were then taken for the

HALF MILE FOOT RACE—*Entries.*—J. Brown, T. Foster, S. Ross. Brown came in an easy winner; Foster second.

QUARTER MILE RACE.—*Entries*—Geo. Varin, John Brown. Brown also won this race, but was well pushed for it by Varin, who is a plucky runner.

BOYS UNDER 14 YEARS, 100 YARDS.—For this there were five entries, and the race was won by A. McCulloch; E. Monahan making a capital second.

200 YARDS RACE.—For this the old opponents entered, and a sharp contest was anticipated, so much so, that the most knowing ones were shy on the bet. The men, when stripped for the work, presented the appearance of well developed athletes, indeed it would cause some hunting to find a brace of more solidly developed pedestrians than Brown and Forsyth. They got away well together, both putting their muscle to the work—down the sward they come at a telling pace for about 95 yards, when Forsyth considered they had kept company long enough, and made an extra brush, dropping Brown to the rear, and coming in winner.

A number of ponies being now on the ground, there were four entries made: Mr. Satchell's g. g.—1.1; Mr. O'Mara's b.m.—2.2; Mr. Morrison's b.g.—3.3.

CLOG DANCE.—For this old English amusement two lads entered upon the platform—erected specially for the purpose. H. Crack, (Satchell's prodigy), who was well prepared for the dance, and T. Burns. Crack was declared the *crack* dancer, and accordingly carried off the $3.00 prize.

WHEELBARROW RACE.—Entries.—G. Forsyth, G. Varin. In this race the competitors are blindfolded, and it generally excites considerable amusement; on this occasion, however, Forsyth made quick work, and was an easy winner.

The Young Canadian Blondin was now announced for the rope walking feat, and when he ascended the post in order to get on his narrow path, there could not have been less than $2,000 persons present, all of whom loudly applauded the performer.

The gay and festive dance was now entered upon, and at the hour of leaving, 7:30, all went merry as a marriage bell. On our return to the city, the road was thronged with conveyances, filled with parties, whose business connections had prevented their participating in the pleasure of the day at an earlier hour.

The dancing was kept up for a considerable time, when the party broke up.

"Each ane tak their way,
Wi' thoughts to meet anither day."

Thus has ended the St. George's Pic-Nic, leaving many pleasing recollections, fondly to be cherished until at least another re-union may take place.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, July 26th, 1866.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD announced that His Excellency, the Governor-General, had signified his pleasure to receive the congratutory address of the House, on the occasion of his elevation to the Peerage of Great Britain, to-morrow, at half-past eleven o'clock.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. GALT the House received the report of the Committee of Supply on the militia estimates.

The several items were concurred in without debate.

Hon. SOLICITOR-GENERAL LANGEVIN moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole, on bill to incorporate certain persons under the name of the St. Lawrence Navigation Company (from Legislative Council).—Carried; and bill reported without amendment.

Hon. SOLICITOR-GENERAL LANGEVIN moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole on bill to extend the powers of the Savings' Bank, known as "La Caisse d'Economie de Notre Dame de Quebec," (from Legislative Council).

Carried and bill reported without amendment.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole on bill to amend the Acts relating to the Corporation of the City of Montreal and for other purposes.

Hon. Mr. BROWN said it was utterly impossible to hear a word of what was going on, at his part of the House. He thought that on a government day especially, the business should be conducted in a tone of voice that all might be able to hear.

The House went into Committee and reported the bill without amendment.

The following bills also passed through Committee, and were reported without debate: To declare and settle the construction of the marriage settlement of Harriet Margarette Gage, and confirming assurances made thereunder.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To amend the Act passed in the 26th year of Her Majesty's reign, chap. 59, intituled, "An Act to incorporate the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Company," (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Sol. Gen. Langevin.

Further to amend the Charter of the Quebec Bank (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Sol. Gen. Langevin.

To amend the Acts relating to the Canada Landed Credit Company (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. McDougall.

To authorize the sale of the Peterborough and Chemong Lake Railway Company.—Hon. Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill to amend the Act respecting the Volunteer Militia Force.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD explained the changes proposed, in the second section of the present Act. First, repealing the limit of 35,000, formerly set to the number of volunteers which the Commander-in-Chief is empowered to raise and equip, and also that he may call out such volunteer force, or any part thereof, for actual service, whenever it is, in his opinion, advisable so to do, instead of as formerly, "in case of war, invasion, or insurrection." He instanced cases in which it might be necessary to call out the militia for the enforcement of our own laws, when neither war, invasion, nor insurrection prevailed, such as at the time of the St. Alban's raid.

The second and third clauses were adopted.

On the motion for the adoption of the fourth clause,

Mr. DUNKIN said he understood that it was the intention by the Government that the Volunteer force should be organized in all parts of the country. Now the fact was, that in consequence of whole companies being called suddenly from places where the population was sparse, great and very serious inconvenience had resulted, and parties would not be so ready to volunteer again. The suggestion he had to make was this, that a provisional enrollment of a portion of the Volunteer companies in such places might be authorized, taking a stated minority of the company, on the condition that they will not be compelled against their own pleasure to go to distant parts of the country, but in all other particulars to be subject to the general regulations. He merely wished that the Government should be clothed with legal power to adopt such a course in localities where it might be deemed advisable. He believed that the great majority of those who would only provisionally enroll themselves at first would soon become unconditional Volunteers, but the fact of these sudden calls to the frontier having interfered so much with the private interests of some of the Volunteers, and the plan he proposed would, he thought, meet the difficulty.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD made some remarks upon Mr. Dunkin's suggestion.

Mr. POWELL considered the member for Brome's proposition as exceedingly objectionable. It was a sort of mongrel arrangement which would work very unsatisfactorily. He thought there was no use in enrolling volunteers who were not willing to go to meet the enemy.

Mr. BLANCHET did not approve of the proposal of the member for Brome. If he gave a militia bill, like his Temperance bill they would find that the machinery would not work (a laugh.)

The fourth clause was adopted.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD entered into explanations regarding the fifth clause, enacting that municipalities may provide armouries, drill sheds, &c., and expend money connected with the support and encouragement of the volunteer force, or to the families of volunteers. The power thus given to the municipalities was strictly permissive; they were left free to assist the volunteers at their own pleasure.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD commented at some length on the clause, contending that provision for the maimed and wounded should be made by the general government, and not by the municipalities.

Mr. POWELL considered the clause very objectionable, and thought it should be struck out. It was a wrong principle to leave the Municipalities exposed to the rivalries which would occur, by one giving more than another, and the bad feeling which might be engendered thereby among the Volunteers. We should not copy the example of the United States when the action of the General Government had been supplemented by local bodies: we should follow the course adopted in England, rather than in the United States. He hoped the clause would be struck out.

Hon. J. H. CAMERON contended that the permissive power given to the Municipalities to contribute towards the support of the Volunteers, would not be the cause of jealousy, but of a very proper feeling.

Mr. JONES (North Leeds) believed the position assumed by the member for Carleton the correct one. The Municipalities had no right to do more than furnish the men: let the country at large pay the expenses. He did not like the idea of the Municipalities supplementing the government assistance, for that shewed that the government had not provided enough. It was not fair to allow poor and loyal Municipalities to over tax themselves, when some other Municipalities of a different feeling would perhaps neither give men nor money.

Mr. DUNKIN said the only way to induce the young men to do their duty was to show them that the older and richer people were willing to do theirs, and that could best be done by giving them power to tax themselves for the better support of the force, then the government pay would give them. He then suggested that some means ought to be devised whereby the Military authorities might know exactly what each Municipality had done towards assisting the Volunteers. An appropriation might be made for some purpose, that might be the cause of injury instead of benefit to the force, and he suggested that means should be taken to have some supervision over their actions.

Mr. RYMAL had a suggestion to make to the Minister of Militia, that the member for Brome should be put on the staff of the Adjutant-General. He knew that to carry out this might give some trouble to the Adjutant-General, but better that one should suffer than all the members of the House. (Laughter.)

Mr. ROSS (Dundas) advocated the paying of the expenses of the Volunteers by direct taxation.

Mr. WALSH said there could not be a greater compliment to the people than that they were in danger of taxing themselves too much for the support of the Volunteers. He supported the motion.

Mr. FERGUSON (Simcoe) contended that the Government pay of the Volunteer force was only a "miserable pittance," and should be increased to fifty cents per day, with rations. The present system has given great dissatisfaction, as at some places rations had cost more than at others; the proper way was to provide the rations by Government, no matter what the price. He was sure the House and the country would approve the suggestion he had made of raising the pay to fifty cents a day with rations. He had learned within the past few days that one of the Volunteer companies lately returned from duty at Prescott, were so much dissatisfied with their pay that sixteen of them had since resigned. Some of these men had to hire others to do their own work, and it was most unjust that they should be paid with twenty-five cents per day.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said there were many questions connected with this subject which might be gone into, but it would soon have to undergo revision under the Confederate Government of British North America. He had to remind the hon. member, however, that the Volunteers and the Militia of Canada, would have in case of war to fight side by side with Her Majesty's Regular forces—a body of men who were under a much smaller rate of pay than the Canadian Volunteers. He then replied to the objections of the member for Carleton, referring to cases where in times of trial the people had come to the assistance of the government, by making the most liberal contributions for the support of those who had been disabled by war. He hoped the clause would meet the approval of the House and the country. (Hear.)

Mr. SHANLY moved that the fifth clause be amended by further empowering the Municipalities to exempt Volunteers from the payment of all Municipal rates or taxes, and the performance of statute labor.—Carried.

The fifth clause was adopted.

On the sixth clause indemnifying Municipalities for the assistance already extended to Volunteers, some discussion took place, which lasted until six o'clock. The clause was adopted and the House rose.

Second Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past seven o'clock.

Several petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. HOWLAND introduced an Act to amend the Post-Office Act (founded on the resolutions published on Wednesday).

Hon. Mr. COCKBURN moved that the petition of the Cobourg and Peterborough Railway Company, for an Act, be now received.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON said that was not the motion the hon. gentleman had put upon the paper, that motion was for an extension of the time for receiving the petition to the 30th, and for introducing the bill to the 6th August. He thought this a most extraordinary way of telling the House that ordinary business was to be continued up to and beyond that time.

Hon. Mr. COCKBURN.—The hon. gentleman must have been driven to his wits' end for a cause of complaint. The bill his motion referred to was a private bill, and no inference could be drawn from it as to the progress of the Government business. The mention of 6th August was a mistake, it should have been Monday next.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD again complained of the Government allowing the time which should be devoted to public affairs, to be wasted upon private bills to the very end of the session. Here was a member of the Government now asking that another bill of the kind be considered a week hence, when the promised measures of the Government were not yet brought down. He protested against this course and would continue to do so.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied in a humorous and sarcastic vein. The majority of the House represented the majority of the country, and if the majority of the country preferred these little private, local bills, about the building of a canal, or a railway, or the taking out of a patent, things so far beneath the notice of the member for Cornwall, to those great questions which engaged his attention, that hon. gentleman would be compelled to submit.

Hon. Mr. COCKBURN'S motion was then agreed to as printed on the paper, that the time for receiving the petition of the Cobourg and Peterborough Railway Company for an act, be extended till Monday, the 30th inst., and that the time for introducing the bill on such petition be extended till Monday, the 6th day of August next. After which Messrs. Holton and J. S. Macdonald withdrawing their objection, the motion to receive the petition was carried.

The petition was accordingly received.

The bills which passed through committee this afternoon (enumerated above) were then read a third time and passed.

The House again went into Committee on the Volunteer Militia bill.

A good deal of discussion took place on the subject, each speaker ventilating his own peculiar views.

Mr. RANKIN argued in favor of strict discipline, and against high pay for the volunteers; it would be no credit to a man to volunteer for the purpose of bettering his condition. He also regretted that the Government had seen fit to reduce the active force so much as they had, for he did not believe that the country was yet out of danger. He urged upon the Government the propriety of organizing a small force of Service Militia, as provided for in the 11th clause by Voluntary Enlistment, as a wise precautionary measure, and alluded to the charges preferred against some of the officers of the volunteer force during the late troubles.

The committee having agreed to all the clauses, reported the bill with amendments, the only important one being that of Mr. Shanly, to the fifth clause.

Mr. POWELL gave notice that at the third reading he intended to suggest the striking out of the clause relating to Municipalities.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied to the remarks of the member for Essex, that the appropriation for the service, though large, would not warrant the organization of a Service Militia force, under present circumstances. As to the allusion made to the conduct of our Volunteer Officers at Lime Ridge, the officer who had been most deeply implicated by the charges made, had demanded a full investigation into his conduct. A commission had been appointed by His Excellency, and the investigation had now taken place. The report of the Commission, with the evidence in full, had been ordered to be published, and he was very happy to state that Colonel Booker had been found to have acted in a most praiseworthy and soldier-like manner.

The report was received, and the bill ordered to a third reading to-morrow.

On motion of Hon. Mr. CARTIER, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the bill respecting the Code of Civil Procedure of Lower Canada, (and resolutions.)

The Committee rose and reported the bill respecting the Inspection of Registry Offices and of the making of the plans and books of reference for registration purposes in Lower Canada.

Hon. Mr. LAFRAMBOISE moved the three months' hoist, and a long debate ensued.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER said the object of the bill was to provide a fund from local sources to pay for the inspection of Registry Offices, and the making of plans and books for the purposes of registration. This fund was to be created by the imposition of a small duty on instruments registered, and he contended that it was not proper that the expenses in question should be paid for out of the general resources of the country. One of the hon. gentlemen opposite, (Hon. Mr. Dorion,) who professed himself to be a free trader, had complained against this bill, that it was the introduction of the system of direct taxation in Lower Canada, yet if he was really a free trader he must be in favor of direct taxation.

After further debate, the members were called in and the House divided, when the amendment was lost, yeas 19; nays 64.

The bill was then read a second time.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved that the House go again into committee of supply. It was his intention to proceed with the remaining items of the estimates.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON submitted whether it was fair at this late hour to ask the House to go into committee of supply, when only a few items remained, and these involving large amounts and very important questions.

Hon. Mr. GALT did not see that any of the items ought to involve serious debate, but if so the discussion could take place on the concurrence without delaying the business before the House at this stage.

Hon. Mr. DORION said several members were absent who generally took an active part in discussing supplies, (Messrs. Brown and McKenzie.)

Hon. Mr. CAUCHON thought business ought to be proceeded with as fast as possible, and if hon. members were absent it was their own fault.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON asked why the Education Bill for Lower Canada had not been brought down to-day according to promise? What had become of the measure to settle the accounts between Upper and Lower Canada which had been promised on a former occasion? and why had not the Attorney-General West gone on with the election law instead of asking the House to go into committee of supply at this late hour?

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied, the Government had announced their measures, but they would take their own time to press them on the attention of the House. They had not the satisfaction, the honor, and the pride of enjoying the hon. gentleman's support, and they would not certainly arrange their business at his dictation. So long as they proceeded with the public business, whether it was the supply bill, or the Militia bill, or any other that they might select, they felt they were doing their duty.

The House then went into Committee of supply, Mr. Street in the chair.

Hon. Mr. GALT stated that it was not the intention of the Government to press the municipal claims, Lower Canada, to be hereafter paid by that Province, $35,000. Though they withdrew the item, however, it was understood that the parties holding these claims by no means gave up their right to press them against Lower Canada.

Hon. Mr. —— said if the item had not been withdrawn the Government would have been beaten by a double majority. (Oh!)

The following items were agreed to: Collection and management of Revenue Customs (exclusive of duties refunded) $330,000; Excise, $120,000; Post Office—Ordinary expenditure for the year, $321,000; do do railway and steam service, $274,000; Territorial—Surveys Upper and Lower Canada at $14,000 each, $28,000; Miscellaneous expenditure $110,000; Canadian Land and Emigration Co., (whereof $5,177.88 has been expended in 1866) $18,106.25; Stamps $5,000; Fines and forfeitures $7,000; Public Works—Maintenance $125,000; Repairs $125,000; Collection and miscellaneous $45,000.—Total for Public Works, $295,000.

On motion the Committee rose and reported progress, asking leave to sit again.

The following bills were read a second time:

To incorporate the Queen's College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kingston.—Hon Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To amend Chapter 128 of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting the Administration of Justice in the unorganized tracts of territory, (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

To enable Pearson Harris to obtain a Patent for a Machine for refining and deodorizing Crude Petroleum Oil, (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

To amend the Act respecting the Court of Impeachment in Upper Canada (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

An Act respecting persons in Custody charged with High Treason and Felony (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

To amend the Law respecting the appointment of Recorders in Upper Canada (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

To enable Casimir Stanislaus Gzowski, and the Hon. David Lewis Macpherson, to obtain Letters Patent for the invention of certain improvements in treating ores and alloys, and in obtaining metals and ores therefrom.—Hon. Atty.-Gen. Macdonald.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:—

To confirm and make valid the Will of the late George Desbarats in Upper Canada.—Mr. Street.

To incorporate the Board of Trade of the City of London.—Hon. Mr Carling.

To authorize the Corporation of St. Vincent to construct a Harbor and impose dues, and for other purposes.—Mr. Jackson.

To incorporate the St. Hyacinthe New Passenger Bridge Company.—Hon. Mr. L framboise.

To amend the Charter of the British and Canadian School Society of Montreal.—Mr. Dunkin.

To erect a new Municipality in the County of Beauharnois, under the name of "St. Etienne de Beauharnois."—Mr. Denis.

To erect the Township of Wickham into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. J. B. E. Dorion.

To incorporate the Town of Bothwell, and to define the limits thereof.—Mr. McKellar.

To authorize the Wyoming Petroleum Company, to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To authorize the New York and Canada Oil Company to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To incorporate the Simcoe County Bank.—Mr. Ferguson (South Simcoe).

To enable the Municipality of the Town of Belleville to purchase a site for a Public Cemetery, and to exempt the Roman Catholic ratepayers of the said Municipality from taxation on account of the same (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Wallbridge (North Hastings).

To authorize the issuing of letters patent of invention to Arthur Rankin for a new and hitherto unknown description of fuel, of which he has acquired knowledge by purchase from the inventor.—Mr. Rankin.

To enable Pierre Eymard Jay, and the Hon. Louis Antoine Dessaulles, to take out conjointly, patents of invention for different machines and inventions in this act mentioned.—Hon. Mr. Laframboise.

To incorporate the Village of New Edinburgh.—Mr. Currier.

To provide for the sale of the Rectory Lands in this Province.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To authorize the Trustees of the Presbyterian Congregation of the Town of Woodstock, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to sell certain lots in the said Town, held by them in trust for the said Congregation (from Legislative Council).—Mr. McKellar.

To vest certain funds in the Rector and Churchwardens of St. James' Church, Toronto (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

To legalize By-Law No. 7, appropriating a certain sum of money for the construction of gravel roads and harbors in the County of Bruce.—Mr. Dickson.

To confer on the Ottawa College the rights and powers of a University.—Mr. Currier.

To authorize the Hartford Oil Company to hold and convey certain lands.—Mr. Mackenzie.

To amend the Church Temporalities Act.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

Respecting the Assessment of Property in Upper Canada.—Mr. McKenzie.

To amend the Act respecting the Superior Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON objected to the irregular manner in which the Government had gone on with the orders; hereafter he should insist on the questions being up in the order in which they appear on the paper.

On motion of Attorney-General MACDONALD the House adjourned at 20 minutes to one, until eleven o'clock to-morrow.

—The most rev. the Lord Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan will leave for England at the beginning of last month.

—Jay Cooke, the well-known banker, returns an income for 1865, of $625,000. His tax will be over $60,000.

—About two thousand bushels of new wheat have been received and ground at Richmond. The crop is much earlier than usual.

THE BATTLE OF SADOWA.

[From the Special Correspondent (Wm. H. Russell) of *The London Times*, with the Austrian Army.]

HOHENMAUTH, July 4.— * * * * *

* * * Between 11:30 and 12 o'clock the Austrians were to all intents successful on its flanks, although the fury of the cannonade and the incessant rattle of musketry all along the front, from the front of Nechanitz to the plateau between Klum, attested the severity of the struggle and the obstinate resistance of the Prussians. Probbis, another pretty village, was now in flames; three villages burning at once, farm houses adding their contingents to the fire and smoke, caissons blowing up, shells bursting, and the slopes and hill-tops covered with grey and blue specks, each man in agony or in death. Again the cavalry moved onwards. This time one division, in three bodies, crowned the ridge and formed near the front line under the church, on the left of Klum, in the centre and left of the position, and there they waited once more. But now on the right the action awoke again, and, to our surprise, a very heavy fire of musketry, comparatively close at hand, came from the direction of Smirlintz; the Austrians on the crest of the hill moved uneasily, while many more stragglers than one cared to see pressed down towards the railroad. Whatever the cause of the agitation, the Prussians on the centre and left pressed their attack with renewed vigor, and the contest which ensued was of exceeding fierceness; but still the enemy did not prevail—the Austrians not only held their ground, but repulsed the enemy, advancing against them, took their ground, and made prisoners. From the left of Klum to the Prague road, and beyond it, all was fire and smoke.

Terrible Artillery Fire.

The tumult of voices was dreadful, and such as is never to be heard save in some such awful agony of battle. The Austrians again advanced a little nearer the big tree, and two batteries of reserve artillery could be seen driving fast to the left to strengthen the attack. But the Prussian reserves were once more called upon, and from 12:30 till nearly 1 o'clock, there was an artillery fire from centre to left for six miles or more, which could not well have been exceeded in any action of which history makes mention. That ammunition was becoming needed in the advanced position was evident from the motion of the trains of supply and reserve, and we watched the cavalry with intense interest, as it seemed to be time for them to make an impression. The Prussians were wavering. At 1 o'clock, the Prussians, however, recovered some of the ground on the right near the big tree. The Austrian artillery began to fall back over the brow of the hill, and again battalions of infantry came in sight and moved away obliquely towards the centre. Still no Prussians appeared in that direction, but they were certainly forcing the Austrians back on the right. It might have been expected that the reserves to the right would have been sent up to hold the top of the slope, but I could not see it was so. Many stragglers now appeared on the railway, the fields were spotted with them, and now and then a shell bursting in or over the infantry marching along the slope, or the reserves, struck them, or left a little pile of dead or struggling men in the voids which the opening columns displayed. I confess the advance of the Prussians in this direction appeared to me inexplicable and very serious; for although the left and centre of the Austrians might be victorious, this movement threatened, by forcing back their right, to cut them off from Konig-gratz—so, at least, was the situation as viewed from the tower; but it is strange how different a field of action appears from different points of view, as any one may find out by riding from place to place on a field day.—However, a general who saw what was visible to those in the tower would have felt uneasiness, and have turned his attention to fill the gap in his line at the centre, and to drive back the Prussians who were doubling up his right.

Horrible Scene.

While the centre advanced slowly, but surely, a space seemed to be left behind the ground they had occupied and the left of the Austrians, who were continually retiring there. The houses burning fiercely in Klum emitted volumes of smoke, which were swept away toward the right. Another village, lying apparently to the left of Prague road, named Gros Biaritz, as well as I could catch the name, was in flames. More tumbrils blew up in that direction; so that there were now six or seven villages on fire from left to right. The battle was assuming a more awful and tremendous aspect, and the faint rays of sunshine which shot at intervals through the clouds only gave the scene greater terror. Horses without riders careered among the wounded, who were crawling all over the plain, dismounted. Dragoons dragged themselves to the rear, and men came crawling along in such numbers that they appeared like a broad fringe to the edge of the battle. But where they most swarmed was over the plain, near the big tree. The rolling of musketry in the hollows beyond smothered the voice of the cannon. At last the reserves behind were pressed forward with energy. The artillery unlimbering, opened from sixteen guns into the dense blue columns which were driving the Austrians before them, and checked their advance, till the Prussian artillery, getting upon the small ridge and firing down so as to get a slight enfilade, began to knock over horses and men. The Austrians, however, here as elsewhere, stuck to their pieces admirably, and it was not till the Prussian infantry, getting into a clump of timber, opened a sharp fire on their flank that they limbered up, leaving more than one black heap to mark the position they had occupied. Meanwhile the Austrians on the left pursued their onward career. The Saxon reserves pushed up the hills in the direction of Nechanitz, and a great body of cavalry sweeping round between the left and centre pushed in wave-like columns through the smoke towards the Prussians, and menaced their artillery, against which some thirty or forty Austrian pieces in line were directing a steady and rapid fire. Prussian prisoners began to arrive at intervals between the convoys of wounded winding their way along the Prague road. Most of these belonged to the Sixth and Thirty-first regiments, to judge from the numbers on their shoulder-straps, and among them was an officer of great stature, with red moustache and whiskers, who bore his captivity with great *sang froid*, and walked along like a conqueror.

Critical Situation for the Prussians.

At this time the Austrian artillery were making splendid practice, and about 1 o'clock the whole battle-line of the Prussians could gain no more ground, and was obliged to fight hard to retain the position it had won. At one time it seemed as if it would be lost, for guns had been dismounted by the Austrian fire, and in the wooded ground the needle-gun had no fair field, and the infantry fight was very equal.

Then Prince Frederick Charles sent the 5th and 6th divisions forward. They laid down their helmets and knapsacks on the ground, and advanced to the river. The King was now near to Bistritz, and the troops cheered him loudly as they marched into battle. They went over the Sadowa bridge, disappeared into the wood, and soon the increased noise told they had begun to fight; but the Austrian gunners sent salvo after salvo among them, and they did not push the battle forward more than a few hundred yards, for they fell back themselves, and they could not reach the enemy. Not only did the fragments of the shells fly about among them, scattering death and awful gashes among their ranks, but the portions of the trees, torn by the artillery fire, flew thickly about huge ragged splinters that caused even more frightful wounds.

The Prussians Driven.

Herwarth, too, seemed checked upon the right. The smoke of his musketry and artillery, which had hitherto been pushing forward steadily, stood still for a time. Fransky's men, cut to pieces, could not be sent forward to attack the Sadowa wood, for they would have exposed themselves to be taken in the rear by the artillery on the right of the Austrian line formed in front of Lippa. All the artillery was engaged except eight batteries, and these had to be retained in case of a reverse, for at one time the firing in the Sadowa wood, and of the Prussian artillery on the slope, seemed almost as if drawing back toward Bistritz. The First Army was certainly checked in its advance, if not actually being pushed back.

Looking out for the Crown Prince.

Then the Prussian commanders began to look anxiously to the left for the coming of the Crown Prince. Some Austrian guns near Lippa were seen to be firing toward the Prussian left, and it was hoped they might be directed against the advanced guard of the Second army, but at 3 o'clock there were no signs of Prussian columns advancing against Lippa. The generals became manifestly uneasy, and they drew the infantry out of the battle; cavalry was also formed up, so that it would be available either for the pursuit of the Austrians, or for retarding their pursuit, and General von Rhetz himself went off to look for the Second army.

The Austrian Right Wavering.

As the Austrian left and centre gained ground the right yielded, and column after column of Prussians came upon the ridge, firing as they advanced, while their guns on the flanks swept the slowly retreating, but not disorderly Austrians, with shrapnel and shell. At times the Austrians halting, opened a brisk fire; once or twice several regiments formed square to receive cavalry, but I could not see any Prussian horse on the slope near them. There was a hesitation, both in the Austrians and the enemy, which was not intelligible, and several times the officers at the head of the Prussian columns riding forward, fired over their heads, and stood up in their stirrups as if to see into the hollows. A shell burst close over one of them, and when the smoke cleared away man and horse were down, and never stirred again. The folds of the ground must have hid most of the Prussians from the Austrian artillery; as they got near the big tree, for the gunners principally directed their pieces against the Prussian guns, which received accessions rapidly, and occupied their full attention. At last the Prussians were perceived, and five battalions of Austrians from the reserve, coming from the extreme right, tried to check their advance by a flanking fire. The Prussians halted for an instant a fire of surprising volume and sharpness flew along their front. The Austrians for a few minutes replied steadily, but they fell fast, and at last two battalions, with great vigor, charged up the hill, but were broken in the run, were shaken by a rolling volley, and by several rounds from the artillery in flank, and retreated in some disorder towards the left behind a spur of the ridge. The enemy pressed on anew, and soon gained the *plateau* close by the big tree, where they dipped into an undulation only to appear on the other side, and then formed up in compact squares like formations, pushing out lines of skirmishers toward Klum, from which they were about a mile distant. The Austrians below them, and nearer to Kourggratz, halted and faced round to meet a new enemy, for the Prussians now showed near the railway, and a sanguinary encounter took place around some houses in a wood, in which artillery and musketry raged for a quarter of an hour in a perfect tornado. A range of buildings, near a large factory chimney, on the very banks of the Elbe, as it seemed to me, was the scene of another very severe struggle. Another village, Trothina, burst into flames, and from under the very smoke appeared the Prussian skirmishers on the extreme right, followed by more infantry. The enemy were, indeed, quite inexhaustible in number, though still he could not hold his own on the left. Suddenly an Austrian battery, galloping from the left centre, began to mow down the Prussians on the right. They were retiring behind the burning Trothina. But their artillery was at hand again.

The Critical Moment.

From a lane above the village a battery opened on the Austrians, and at the same moment another battery, wheeling over the slope below the big tree, crossed its fire on the devoted Austrians. "*Ein Kreuz feuer! Ein Kreuz feuer!*" exclaimed the officers. "Good God! where do they come from?" Where, indeed! This combat now assumed larger proportions. The Prussian right showed in great force, and the hills were covered with their regiments advancing in the most perfect order. All over the field were hundreds of wounded limping away, and piles of dead lay in rows along the lanes and in the thick corn. The enemy, whose strength had been hidden from us by the hills, now displayed numbers which accounted for the retreat of the Austrians on the right.

Forty Thousand Fresh Cavalry.

Even yet there was hope for the Austrians. There on the Prussian front wheeled a force of horse with which a Murat or a Kellerman or a Seidlitz could have won a battle and saved an empire. There, still unshaken, were at least forty thousand men, of whom scarcely one had fired a shot. The indomitable Austrian artillery still turned hundreds of muzzles on the enemy's guns, and girt their men in a band of fire. To let slip that cavalry on both sides of Klum, to crash through infantry and guns; seemed really worth doing, though failure would have made the difference between a defeat and a rout. It would have been a supreme deed fit for such a force to accomplish, or to perish in attempting. And there were no natural obstacles visible from the tower to a grand charge. The Prussian right, separated from its centre and left, would have been rolled down into the valley among the Austrians and utterly crushed, and the Austrian centre and left have been liberated to continue their contest with the enemy. Moments were precious. The Prussian fire became more severe, the wavering of the Austrian greater.

The Retreat Commences.

The falling of trees on the Prague road, the rush of the fugitives, the near approach of the Prussian shells to the place, some of them bursting over the railway station, were awful warnings of the state of the battle. All the roads were blocked up with retreating trains and wagons. Men were throwing down their arms and wading through the inundations.—The Austrian gunners on the causeway began to catch a sight of the Prussians near at hand in the woods, and opened on them with shrapnel and shell. It was now somewhere about 2:30, but it was not possible to note time when such things were going on so near. Scarce could the glass be directed to one point ere an exclamation from a bystanding officer or an awful clamor carried it to another. Seconds were of inestimable value—not only that hundreds were falling, but that they were falling in vain—that all the issues for which an empire had summoned its might, and the Kaiser his people to the field were being decided, and that the toils of generations of emperors, warriors and statesmen were about being lost forever. The genius of the Prussians was in the ascendant.

Fearful Slaughter.

Once an Austrian column, separating itself from the great multitude below, with levelled bayonets, led by its officers in front waving caps and sabres, went straight at the wood around Klum and drove back the Prussian Tirailleurs, but were staggered by fearful volleys of musketry. Their officers were all killed or wounded. They fell sullenly back. Down came the Prussians, but they were received on the bayonet point and with clubbed muskets, and were driven back to the shelter of the wood, and some were carried off prisoners in the retreating column. Indeed, handfuls of Prussians were coming into the town behind us all the day, showing how close the fight was, and a considerable body of the Twenty-seventh regiment, with some officers are now in the Grosser Ring. Coesta and Visa were now burning, so that from right to left the flame of ten villages, and the flashes of guns and musketry, contended with the sun that pierced the clouds for the honor of illuminating the seas of steel and the fields of carnage. It was 3 o'clock.

The Retreat.

Leitomischl, July 5.—All night the Austrian army, or what is left of it—still a prodigious host—has been pouring through this town, and still pours on. Camps are formed all along the road, and efforts are made to reform the regiments, which are aided by the men, anxious in all cases to get under their colors again. Count Mensdorff has just arrived, and is now walking up and down the humble inn where I am quartered, speaking to the soldiers, and giving the weary, foot-sore men little gifts of money to get food and tobacco. As yet there are no orders from the headquarters to move; but directions have been issued to send all the railway rolling-stock down south, and the station at Bohmisch Trubau, whither we had wanted to go, is declared unsafe, and is closed and abandoned. Such a sight as Leitomischl and all the woods, as I am told, for twenty miles around present would be worth a pilgrimage *en masse* of all the Royal Academy.

Benedek Relieved.

2 P.M.—We hear that Benedek is relieved of his command, and that Count Henichstein, chief of his staff, is removed. There is a report that several of the generals are to be tried by a military commission. The army is to fall back in a southerly direction, probably to Olmutz, in Moravia, to reform, and wait events, and, as it seems impossible to communicate with England except through Vienna, I have resolved to proceed there, if possible, and for that purpose have got a military pass to Zwittau, where there is an available railway station.

Confusion all Around.

ZWITTAU, 4 P.M.—Just arrived; town full of soldiers, baggage and wounded. All the trains taken up for the latter. No trains for passengers. The engines and carriages are leaving for the

south (Brunn), which is 38 miles away. There are no post-horses on the road, we hear. Just as I was about to take the chance of our own tired horses, worn out by repeated marchings, being able to drag us to Brunn, Professor Dumreicher, the great Viennese surgeon; came as *deus ex machina*. He wanted a carriage to go to headquarters, and had none, but he offered to let me and my companion go down in a train full of wounded men and surgeons just about to start for Brunn, if we would lend him the carriage and horses and driver. The bargain was struck. It looked well.

July 6, 4 a.m.—Alas! Here we are eighteen miles from Zwittau. We have been *travelling!* at the rate of one and a half miles an hour, and the train will not get into Brunn till nine o'clock a.m., if even then. The place is choked with carriages and engines: all is confusion and delay. I must close my letter and trust to fortune now, for nothing can be done but resign oneself to its favors and frowns.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

New York, July 25.—By the fire which broke out in Kelley's stables, in Jersey City, last evening, five dwelling houses, two stables, ten horses and a mule were destroyed.—Loss, $60,000.

New York, July 26.—The cholera is again increasing with the return of warm weather. 16 new cases are reported, of which several have been fatal. A very bad state of affairs prevail in Ward's Island—several persons have died of cholera, and there are now eleven hopeless cases there. It was believed, however, that the epidemic could be controlled. A cholera nest has been discovered in State street, and at No. 113 Berry street, there were four cases of cholera in one room.

In Brooklyn, eleven cases are reported. No new cases on Governor's Island. The number of burial permits, since Sunday last, was 420, and the number of fatal cases of cholera 20, which gives a more favorable report than during the same number of days last week.

Four Fenians, named Dillon, Ellis, Carney, and Kirke, were discharged from custody at Toronto, yesterday. It is probable that several more will soon be released.

The Canadian militia, it is officially announced, will be armed with repeating rifles.

Washington, July 26.—The report of the Select Committee, appointed to investigate all matters connected with the Memphis riots and massacre, made its report last night.

The report recapitulated the number of colored people killed at 46; white 2; wounded 75; rapes on colored women 5; maltreated 10; robberies 100; houses and cabins burned 91; churches 4; school-houses 12. Value of property destroyed, $130,981. The state of affairs in Memphis is very much what it was before the breaking out of the rebellion. There is little loyalty to the Government and flag. The committee deliberately state that in their judgment there will be no safety to loyal men, either white or black, should the troops be withdrawn, and no military protection afforded.

New York, 26.—The steamer *Bellona* from London and Havre has arrived. News anticipated.

Havre de Grace, Md., 26.—A terrible tornado visited this vicinity about seven o'clock yesterday evening, uprooting trees, prostrating houses, and doing much other damage. The loss cannot fall short of $20,000, and is perhaps much greater.

New York, 26.—The steamer *Louisiana* from Liverpool has arrived. News anticipated.

Only six cases of cholera reported this morning, three of which were fatal.

Eight more were reported in Brooklyn, thirty of which were fatal.

Savannah, Ga., 25th.—Thirteen deaths from cholera occurred among the soldiers on Tybee Island to-day, and 28 new cases are reported.

A soldier at Tybee Island, was shot to-day, while trying to desert.

Philadelphia, 26th.—The wigwam for the accommodation of the great National Convention is already in process of construction, on Broad and Wallace streets. It is to be a monster in size, covering the whole block, and having three entrances.

St. Louis, Mo., advices from Fort Scully, says that the Indians with whom a treaty was recently made, had driven back a party of soldiers sent to build a fort in the interior.

COMMERCIAL

STATEMENT OF LUMBER

Passed through the Chaudiere Slides of the Ottawa at Ottawa, for the week ending July 24, 1866:

	Pcs.		Pcs.
White Pine,	34,901	Elm,	0
Red Pine,	3,749	Ash,	11
Tamarac,	117	Birch,	0
Basswood,	7	Spars,	24
Oak,	38	Maple,	0

New York Markets.

New York, July 26.

STOCKS—Better. Money on call at 4 and 5 per cent.

GOLD—Opened at 149¼ and closed at 149¼.

COTTON—Dull and 36 for middling.

FLOUR—Receipts 13,597 barrels at $5.50 @ 7.40 superfine State; $6.70 @ 7.95 for extra State; $8.00 @ 9.50c for choice do; $5.50 @ 7.40 for superfine Western; $6.70 @ $8.30 for common to good extra Western, and $8.00 @ 9.40c for common to good shipping brands, extra R. H. O. Canadian Flour dull at $8.25 @ 9.65c for common, and $9.75 @ 12.15c for good to choice extra.

WHEAT—Receipts 10,270 bushels. Market firmer, with rather more doing—in part. Speculative sales at $2 25c for old Amber Michigan; $2 75c for new Amber Maryland; $1 50c for rejected Milwaukie; $1 75c for good Chicago Spring; and $1 95 @ $2 for new No. 1 Milwaukie.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."

N. Germain, Sussex Street.
D. McGrath, York Street.

For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER!
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-6m

The Great Eastern, Steamship.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" there never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantaneously, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 20 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 184a

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation.

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.

Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

BEAUMONT FARM.

H. McLEAN OFFERS FOR sale in one or in two lots, the above desirable property. The first Lot, well adapted for a Gentleman's country residence, consists of 40 acres, more or less, of good pasture and table land, well fenced, with good Stone Cottage, 50x60, a large prolific Orchard, Barn, Stable, &c. The House stands from 80 to 100 feet above the level of the Ottawa river, distant half a mile. The view from the House and land is magnificent, including the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, an extensive view of the river and Lower Canada, with the mountains in the distance. This Lot is well adapted for building purposes.

The Second Lot consists of 90 acres of good arable land, abutting on the Ottawa. There is a Cottage and Barn, &c.; there is brick earth on the edge of the river. This Lot would be divided into two Lots, for two purchasers, if required.

For further particulars apply to Mr. McLean, Ottawa. 188b

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 31st INST., at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MR. JULYAN, in the rear of the Russell Hotel, on the corner of Queen and Elgin Streets, all the household effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES,

STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CROCKERY, and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding,
Bureaus, Looking Glasses, &c.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Dressing Glass.

Terms of Sale Cash, and Goods removed during the day.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

138y

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned will be received at this office, until Saturday, the 5th day of August next, at noon, for the construction and completion of the following works, required to be done at

Rideau Hall, Ottawa, viz.:

For the erection and completion of a Conservatory or Green House.

For the erection and completion of a Coach House and Stables.

For altering, adapting and fitting up the present Stables as a Laundry, &c., &c.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Of the several new works and alterations may be seen at this office, on and after

MONDAY, THE 30th INSTANT.

A SEPARATE TENDER

Must be given for each work, and on the envelope thereof must be endorsed the nature of the Tender.

PARTIES TENDERING

Must give their names and address in full, and also the signature of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the works.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 27. 188td

ARMY CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS IN DUPLICATE—the service or supply being marked on the envelope—will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th AUGUST next, for the following supplies and services, at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

GENERAL SERVICE.
FRESH MEAT, at per 100 lbs.
BREAD, at per do.
FIREWOOD, at per cord.
FORAGE, at per ration.
COAL OIL, at per Gallon.
WICKS, for Coal Oil Lamps, at per dozen.
WATER, for Troops, at per 100 gallons.
LAND TRANSPORT—Cartage.

Separate Tenders will be required for each of the above services.

The conditions of the several Contracts (to which particular attention is invited,) the probable quantity of each article required, or the nature of the service to be performed, forms of tender, and all other necessary information, can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

No Tenders, except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures must be bona fide those of the principals and sureties.

Commissariat, Kingston, C.W.,
23rd July, 1866.
A. M. FESTING,
D. A. C. G.

Commissariat Officer in charge Kingston District.
Ottawa, July 26. 187-t.f.m.w.f.m.w.f.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager......*John Townsend.*

GLORIOUS SUCCESS OF THE GREEN BUSHES.

Notice.—Family Tickets for three, will, in future, be issued to the Boxes for $1.

Double company, amateur and professional, positively for one more night only.

By the kind permission of Major Newdigate, commanding detachment 4th Battalion Prince Consort's Own Rifle Brigade, the amateurs of the corps will make their third, and last, appearance in Ottawa, assisted by the professional Ladies and Gentlemen of the company.

On Friday ev'g., July 27th, 1866,

When will be presented for the last time Buckstone's great and ever popular drama, in 3 acts, entitled the

GREEN BUSHES:
OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

The magnificent Band of the Battalion will, by the kind permission of Major Newdigate and the officers, be in attendance, and play in the course of the evening several popular overtures.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.

A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

Song and chorus by the Band.

To conclude with the laughable Farce of

SLASHER AND CRASHER.

Characters by the double Company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 26. 187

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman,..........................75 cents
Single Ticket,..........................50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183td

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AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range,..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ½ of 17 in the 5th range 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range,..........200 acres

WESTMEATH.
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake,..........163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range,..........200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range,..........200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range,..........100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake..400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..........200 acres

ONSLOW.
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range..........50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range..........100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range..........300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19,..........400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.
South ½ s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range..........100 acres

EARDLEY.
Lot 14, in the 6th range..........87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range..........100 acres

CUMBERLAND.
Lot 3, in the 8th concession..........200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range..........51 acres

BRISTOL.
N W ½ of Lot 17, range 5..........50 acres
N W ½ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ½ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ½ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession..........284 acres
N E ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ½ and S W ½ of 15, in the 8th concession..........400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession..........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession..........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ½ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con..........300 acres

CLARENDON.
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ½ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..........700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range..........1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½ s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range..........800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

Office—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

WANTS.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.—A FARMER COMPETENT to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
186a Before 9 a.m., and after 4 p.m.

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf

TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 23. 184d

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

AUCTION SALES.

The Hudson Bay Company's
BUFFALO ROBES.
THE FIRST ANNUAL SALE
WILL TAKE PLACE
AT THE COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,
17, Common Street,
ON WEDNESDAY, 8th AUGUST, 1866.

Catalogues will be prepared, and further particulars shortly announced.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, July 26. 187td

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—

Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattrasses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades.
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform Scales.

BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also, a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

At the Variety Hal', No. 54, Sussex Street.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
186y General Commission Agent.

TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, SUGARS,

AND

General Fresh Groceries.

On Thursday, the 26th July,

AT THE STORES OF

MESSRS. RIMMER, GUNN & CO.,

WILL BE SOLD,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

TEAS, WINES, TOBACCOS, SUGARS,

And FRESH GROCERIES.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at Ten o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
185-td Auctioneers.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Venetians, Bedford Cords, Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for Dyspepsia. They create a *healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system. They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST..

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars,

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26. 1866. 110-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.

J. R. HAMILTON.
Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-tf

"FREE TRADE."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "FREE TRADE," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O. Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

"PROTECTION."—We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "PROTECTION," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.

W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O., Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a *motto*. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.

July 21. 185-2

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

March 5, 1866. 65-

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m
Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
☞ Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.
My19-130-3m

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Extraordinary Merit
Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture
—OF—
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,
Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—
A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—
LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—
A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests young	Hyson Tea.	
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.
ALSO
100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.
AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.
☞ All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

FANS.
PALM LEAF FANS!
Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.
AT THE
SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD
We Raise from our Ashes!!
REMOVAL.
THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.
PEG TOP DEPOT!
On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,
JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.
ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,
All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. ☞ I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
☞ Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

Prime Imported Stock
J. ROOS
26½ SPARKS ST.,
☞ NORTH SIDE, ☜
Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of
Pure Virginia Tobacco,
AND A QUANTITY OF
A 1 "La Creme" Cigars,
ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.
☞ Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26. 1866. 110-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

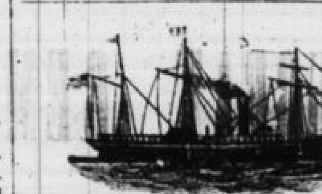
[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1866. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33¼ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650	Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)		
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600	Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650	Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434	Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300	Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400	Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784	Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800	Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.
☞RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

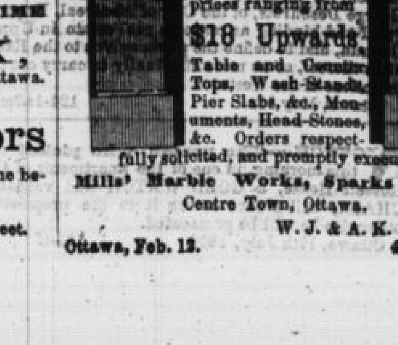
GLASGOW LINE.
ST. DAVID, 1650 tons .... Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons ...... Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons ...... Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons ...... Capt. Trocks.
The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country; and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

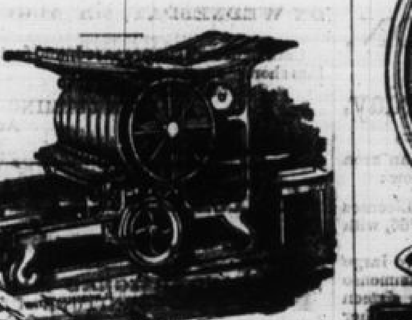
Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



fully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT *"A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. The Queen

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen. } **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, Intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.
THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
☞ Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!
Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.
How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.
AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF
Ice Box Refrigerators

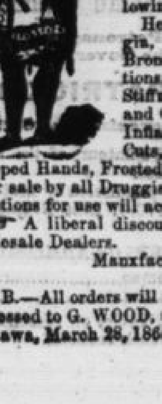
FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.
"**THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer** Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.
CHEAP EDITIONS.
Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

GOOD HEALTH!
SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

COTTON YARN!
JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPErior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
☞ All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19. 1866. 31-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
☞ A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT
ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in **Tune**, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Berill,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano-Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal versimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of DRIGG's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.
PATENT
Automatic Organs.
$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.
AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.
The Automatic Organ.
In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.
The Melodeon and School Organ.
For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.
Caution to Purchasers.
All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dw-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.—ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 189. — OTTAWA C. W., SATURDAY JULY 28, 1866. — PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East & West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa "	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa "	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Kelly's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c. "	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa,	8.00 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
Manotick, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea and Wakefield,	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Portland & East Templeton,	2.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Sumner's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery; Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
January 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employés, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
... COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the ... lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

J. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 17, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.
Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.
WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. ... Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, ...; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and ... Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully cured, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office:—Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,
BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,
Roofing Contractor, &c
CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,
IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
☞ Agent for "Glencross' Report of Fashions."
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,
General Commission Agent,
AND
BROKER.
Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W.—A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,
PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.
March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.
MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL.
(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,)
YORK STREET, OTTAWA.
R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.
R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

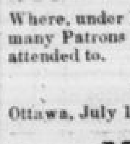
THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
39 RIDEAU STREET.

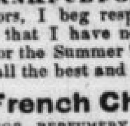
SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
JUST RECEIVED!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New



Drug Store.
67, Sparks Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply
Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,
and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.
J. BROWN, Licentiate Apothecary.
Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CAREY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,
COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,
GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. ☞ Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,
(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)
General Commission Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER.
☞ Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.
☞ Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.
OFFICE: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.
THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.
APPLY TO
H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA
HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.
J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.
Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

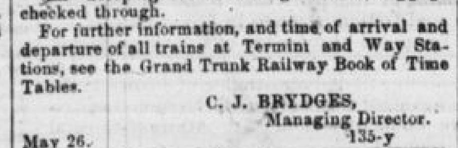
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.80 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

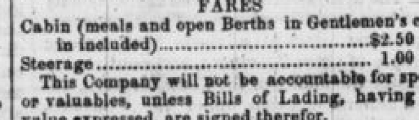
STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.
1866. 1866.



Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.
FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.
The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.
FARES
Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cab in included) $2.50
Steerage 1.00
This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.
J. B. LAMERE, General Manager.
Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.



UNION FORWARDING
AND
Railway Company.
UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!
CHANGE OF TIME!
FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.
On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.
Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.
For further particulars apply to
G. R. NASH, MANAGER, Aylmer, C. E.
Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field,
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.
For sale by S. CHRISTIE,
my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by
S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.
N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & CO.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SHOWER	BATHS.	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!
WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.
DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!
For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!
THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.
BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!
LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!
COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

☞ We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!
WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!
☞ CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.
"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,
Fresco Painters!
—AND—
GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,
OTTAWA, C.W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,
CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.
December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,
J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.
This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,
LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.
☞ Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.
Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
LOCK STITCH
Sewing Machines
HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the
World's Fair, London, 1862,
The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865.
As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson.
Office and Saleroom:--37, Sparks St.
☞ Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired.
111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL
ARE THOSE
Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,
AND CHEAP,
AT THE RED BOOT!
THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at
THE RED BOOT.
A splendid assortment of
Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!
In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at
THE RED BOOT.
Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the
RED BOOT!
And you can hardly fail to be suited.
☞ The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*
WM. A. LAMB.
Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.
PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.
Apply for information, (post paid) to W. B. HEALEY,
Or to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

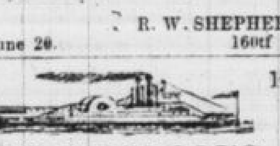
PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

STEAMERS.

1866. 1866.

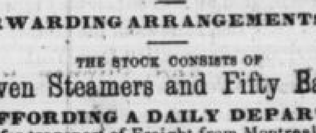
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.
OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.
The new fast sailing Steamers
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.
"PRINCE OF WALES,"
H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.
STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.
The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.
Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.
Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.
Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.
Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.
R. W. SHEPHERD.
Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.



DICKINSON'S
Rideau Passage & Freight Line,
BETWEEN
OTTAWA-CITY & KINGSTON.
THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS
"CITY OF OTTAWA,"
(CAPT. J. RYAN,)
"BY-TOWN,"
(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)
THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.
"CITY OF OTTAWA"
Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a.m., the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p.m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p.m.
"BY-TOWN"
Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.
Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p.m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p.m.
Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.
These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.
Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.
Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Por Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.
Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!
[Established in 1844.]
DICKINSON'S
OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,
AND
1866. 1866.



LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.
FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866
THE STOCK CONSISTS OF
Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,
AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*
The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between
OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,
Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.
The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.
The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.
In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT-LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.
For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;
Or to the Proprietor,
M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO
1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.
ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious side-wheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ...	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
ONTARIO, ...	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.
CATARACT, ...	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and
Ottawa & Prescott Railway Wharf at 1:10 p.m
Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN, ...	— DeWitt,
EMPRESS, ...	Capt. C. B. DeWitt.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.
Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.
This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to
J. H. KELLY, AGENT,
☞ Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.
P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.
H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.
May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend
AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.
St. George's Hotel,
CACOUNA.
THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER REsort for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.
OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing,	Boating,
Croquet,	Quoits,
Lawn Billiards,	Bowling Alley
Archery,	Billiard Tables.

ALSO,
Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms has been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.
Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.
O'NEILL & ABBOTT, Proprietors.
June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,
(SEASIDE)
SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - LESSEE
Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal:
THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING REleased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.
TADOUSSAC is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the SAGUENAY, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and HA! HA! BAY, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.
Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.
SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.
June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
ST. LOUIS STREET,
QUEBEC.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.
The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 300 to 400 guests.
It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL
QUEBEC.
The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.
W. RUSSELL & SON.
Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND,
TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.
MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow), whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.
The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. Drawing, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and a *month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.
REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.
April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.
HOWE & SON
BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS
WE ARE NOW SELLING
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!
Now is the Time for Bargains
G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-u

German Leather Work
OF A NEW DESIGN, AND
WAX FLOWERS!
A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.
MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.
RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.
Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Cheap Sale of Black and Fancy Silks—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Sealed Tenders—F. Braun.
Insolvent Act of 1864—C. Sparrow, Jr.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.
Nurse Wanted—Mrs. E. A. Meredith.
Attorneys-at-Law, &c.—Ross & Parsons.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(Published every Friday morning.)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line, ... 10c
all subsequent insertions, per line, ... 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 28, 1866.

After disposing of a few items on the notice paper yesterday afternoon, the House resumed the adjourned debate on the Local Constitutions. To meet the objections formerly raised by the member for South Oxford that the first Lieutenant-Governors would necessarily have to be appointed before the Confederate Government had secured the confidence of Parliament, and ought not therefore to hold office for five years, the Attorney-General West added an amendment, to the first resolution, providing that these appointments should be strictly provisional. Before six o'clock he also announced the proposed plan of adjustment of accounts between Upper and Lower Canada. This is to be effected by arbitration after Confederation shall have been accomplished. The Imperial Act is to provide that Upper and Lower Canada will each appoint one arbitrator, and the Confederate Government the third who is not a resident of either Upper or Lower Canada.

In the evening the debate was resumed and took a most irregular and desultory turn. The Opposition contended that the full details of the Local Constitutions, instead of the mere skeleton submitted, should be elaborated by the present Parliament. Mr. M. C. Cameron objected that there had been no provision made for a Local Executive Council, and Mr. McKenzie took exception to the proposed duration of the Local Parliaments. Ministers professed their willingness to entertain suggestions for the improvement of the resolutions so that the Local Constitutions should be made as perfect as possible, and to give a full opportunity for considering the matter, moved the adjournment of the debate. To this strong exception was taken by the Opposition, and they actually divided the House on the motion, which was carried by 70 to 18. The final vote will be taken on Thursday.

The elevation of His Excellency the Governor-General to the dignity of a Peer of the United Kingdom has been appropriately made the occasion for the presentation of congratulatory addresses from both Houses of Parliament, that of the Assembly having been presented yesterday morning, and that of the Council in the afternoon. The reply of His Excellency, so happily conceived, does justice to the universal feeling of Parliament and of the country, in associating his administration of public affairs in Canada with the occasion of his being made the recipient of so high an honor at the hands of Her Most Gracious Majesty. The political changes which have taken place since the advent of Lord Monck as Governor-General have been of a character to put his administrative talents to a severe test, and we can well understand with what hearty satisfaction he now receives the most positive assurance of the complete success which has attended his administration, not only from the Queen, as a mark of the confidence and approval of the Imperial Government, but from the representatives of the Canadian people, as an evidence of their sense of his signal services [illegible] the country in trying and critical times, and their appreciation of his strict impartiality and conciliatory manner, in his intercourse with all political parties.

It has been Lord Monck's fortune to witness the last years of the long party struggle, when the strength of the contestants was so evenly balanced that the merest accident might upset a ministry. It was his lot to be brought into direct official contact with the leaders on both sides, at the very time when the feelings of antagonism were the hottest; yet he can look back with pride, as the leaders of both the parties now do with pleasure, to the fact, that in all the changes which then occurred, involving as they did, so many nice points of constitutional practice and official etiquette, there is not an instance of his ever having failed to discharge his delicate and responsible trust to the entire satisfaction of the people's leaders, and of the whole country. The evident sincerity with which those members of the Assembly whose experience during the period to which we refer gave them the fullest right to speak, bore testimony to the fact we have just mentioned, could not but suggest the reflection that some of Lord Monck's predecessors had not been equally successful, under circumstances that did not appear to have been so fraught with difficulty. It was a fitting compliment, therefore, to his superior administrative ability, that the fusion of the hitherto discordant elements which had so long kept the country in a ferment, should have taken place during his incumbency; and that he should have had the additional honor of seeing matured, the great scheme of Confederation, which will distinguish his Governorship as the closing chapter of the separate history of Canada, and the introduction to the bright record of progress and prosperity which we all hope may attend the future career of British North America.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEW FIRM.—We [illegible] to direct attention [illegible] the card [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] and Parsons, attornies-at-law, &c. Their office is on Elgin street, opposite the Russell House.

THE BAND [illegible].—The Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade will, weather permitting, play a selection of popular airs, on the Major Hill, [illegible] to eight.

CRICKET.—The [illegible] match played to-day, on the Ottawa Cricket Ground, between the New Comers and Old Country; the wickets are to be pitched at 12 o'clock. This match will no doubt be very interesting as the two elevens are evenly balanced.

THE HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—A contemporary, in publishing the list of prizes awarded at this exhibition, might have given the *whole list*. Mr. John Hanafin, of the Post Office Department, obtained a prize for his house plants, and they were really deserving of it.

THE THEATRE LAST EVENING.—At this establishment last evening, it was plain that a screw was loose somewhere in the machinery. For the advertised bill, "Green Bushes," we had "Othello," and for "Slasher and Crasher," "Naval Engagements," playing the latter piece first. What's up?

AND STILL ANOTHER.—Yes, we are yet to have another Pic-Nic, and *the one* that will be *the* Pic-Nic of *this season*. The [illegible] is now being arranged, and in a day or two we shall be able to place the particulars before our readers. In the meantime we say prepare for the best. *Vive Le Canada.*

PERSONAL.—Among the arrivals yesterday, at the Capital, we have to announce that of Dr. Barnhard, the Provisional Warden of the county of Peel, and George Graham, Esq., County Treasurer, delegated by the council they represent, to look after the interests of the County, in reference to its early separation from York.

WHO [illegible] IT?—On the evening of the 25th inst., one of the Band of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, when returning to quarters from the Skating Rink, where they had been playing, lost the mouth-piece of a Trombone. As it is of no value to any one but the possessor of the instrument—the finder will confer a favor by returning it to the owner.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Yesterday afternoon, as the P.C.O. Band was passing Elgin St. Mr. Laporte, who was driving in his buggy, the horses being moved by the magic power of the music, reared and brought the wheels under the buggy when they plunged vigorously forward upsetting the vehicle. Mr. Laporte was thrown out, but fortunately not hurt.

SERIOUS INJURY.—The young man, Hogan, who performed the rope-walking feat on Thursday, went yesterday to take down his aerial path, and when letting loose the end of the hawser, it slipped, and struck him across the head, which stunned him, at the same time inflicting a severe wound on the scalp. He was taken to Dr. Riel's, on Sussex street, and there received proper attention.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. Andrew Carr, engineer at the buildings, met with an accident yesterday, which, if great care be not taken, may cause him to loose a leg. It appears that he went to examine the air fan, which was thought to be out of order, and when passing the engine slipped and fell, when the lever struck him across the leg breaking the bone. The doctor who examined and set it are of opinion, that if kept quiet and out of the heat, his leg may be saved.

A LARGE RAFT.—Yesterday, Mr. Poupore invited a number of members of Parliament, and others, with their ladies, to visit some of his timber rafts for Quebec, just ready to be taken in tow. The party was entertained in primitive style to pea soup, &c., &c., all of first quality. About forty men are required to work the raft, which is worth from $22,000 to $25,000, and is of first quality. It is expected to reach Quebec in ten or twelve days.

ANOTHER UPSET.—As Mrs. Mulloy, of Templeton, was returning home on Thursday last, with her son Thomas, a boy about 15 years of age, the cart was upset by the wheel passing over a heap of stones, with which the street is being repaired. The woman escaped, but the poor boy was thrown down at the horse's heels and was badly cut about the head, but no bones were broken. In the course of the afternoon they were able to proceed slowly towards home.

A POPULAR BENEFIT.—It is with pleasure we learn, that those young ladies, the Misses Loraine and St. Clair, who, for some time past, have not only been the leading feature, but spirit of Mr. Townsend's company, are to receive a benefit some evening this week. An excellent bill will be furnished for this occasion, in which will be "Uncle Tom's Cabin," singing, dancing, and a capital farce. We hope to see the building filled thoroughly, for these young ladies are deserving of all the patronage that can be given. To add to the evening's attraction, the excellent amateurs of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade have kindly volunteered their services for this occasion.

FIRE YESTERDAY.—About twenty minutes past two, yesterday afternoon, smoke was discovered issuing from the window of a building on the south side of Albert, near Metcalf street, occupied by some person named Fisette. The Central Hook and Ladder Company were quickly on the ground, but strange to say, on entering the premises, by both females and males, there efforts were opposed, and some of the Centrals had to make them understand that they would go in and do their duty, no matter what the results, and they did so, quelling the fire in a very few minutes, but all the time opposed and interfered with. The Chaudiere Engine was on the ground early, but her services were not required. An examination of the premises leaves no doubt that the place was set on fire, and that too by some of the inmates. Detective O'Neil, after examining the locality of the fire's origin, came to the above conclusion, and commenced to question some of the ladies, when a person of the male persuasion stepped up and very abruptly ordered the women to go down stairs and let de police go to de devil, and tell them notin', be gar. O'Neil asked this individual his name, and the fellow had the impudence to try and palm himself off for a gentleman and a member of Parliament—stating that his name was L. M. Viger. An investigation will take place to-day, and this gent—member or no—will find that the police in Ottawa, are a shade different to those in Quebec. We have just learned that the occupant had insurance effected in that safe company, the Hartford, to the amount of $1600, and that viewing the circumstances over, Mr. Wade, the agent, has, and justly, notified the parties in an official manner that the policy is cancelled.

POLICE COURT.

John McGinnis was brought up, charged with having on the [illegible] stolen from the Russell House a gold watch, with gold chain and two gold rings attached, belonging to Angus Morrison, M. P. P., then boarding there.

Mr. Morrison sworn, said, on the morning of the 18th I was very unwell and went to the closet, and left the watch on the seat. I then went to the bar and got a little port wine, and then went up stairs and laid down again, when directly I remembered having left my watch on the seat. I returned immediately to the closet, but the watch was gone. I then, within five minutes, caused three or four notices to be put up in the most public parts of the hotel.

Charles St. Jean sworn.—I keep the books at the Russell House. McGinnis was boarding there on the 18th; had been staying there three or four days. Left on the 18th by the 6:30 p.m. train for Prescott. Saw him in the house in the morning, but can't say at what time. Immediately on the discovery of the loss we put up three or four notices in the most public parts of the house. Think the prisoner wore a blue coat. Have no recollection of a respectably dressed young man without beard or whiskers—might if his name were given.

Detective O'Neil sworn.—I went to Montreal about this watch on Wednesday last, and before night I arrested the prisoner. I got the watch from Detective Cullen to whom I had telegraphed. I started to come home with the prisoner yesterday (Thursday) morning. On our way the prisoner asked me what evidence there was against him; or how his having the watch was accounted for, seeing he had bought it in Prescott? I answered that he had been seen by workmen to go to the closet after Mr. Morrison had been there. He said, Mr. Morrison, I don't know. I went to the closet that morning, but others went there too. I never saw the watch there. I bought the watch from a man in Prescott, who was standing alone on the corner of a street; he held out his hand to me with the watch in it, and said, buy this off me for $75, I am hard up. He was a decent fellow. I had never seen him before, nor have I since. I paid him $75 for it. He told me this purchase left him so hard up that he was obliged to pawn his maps on the boat to pay his passage. He said the watch was purchased by him on the evening of the 18th, think the train arrived about nine o'clock. Prisoner said he had seen the loss of a watch advertised in Montreal. Cross examined by Mr. Boulton—Prisoner always told the same story about his having bought the watch. Mr. Boulton requested that certain letters be put in evidence. One of these letters was written by prisoner to Mr. Todd, in Ottawa, to request that gentleman to communicate with Mr. Morrison, with a view to giving up the property to its owner on receiving the $75 paid for it at Prescott.

Mr. Morrison recalled—to Mr. Boulton. I received a telegraph from Mr. Penton, Chief of Police, Montreal, stating "I have your watch and chain," asking for a full description. Half an hour after Mr. Todd had a telegraph, announcing that the description was correct, and the watch was handed to the Detective; also that it had been shamefully used.

James Gouin, Russell House, sworn—Knows prisoner, he was boarding at the Russell for a few days. He left on the 18th, about 6 p.m. Before he left, he called me aside, put his hand in his pocket and gave me $4. I said never mind, you can pay me next time you come, he said he would give me another dollar; he pulled out three quarters and gave me. I charge him half-price. I keep no account against him; he keeps his own account. Have known him several years, always thought him honest and trustworthy. Saw no money on him, but what he gave me, observed nothing unusual about him, he was perhaps a little hurried.

Charles St. Jean, recalled—Produced the books. McGinnis owed a balance of $3.75 when he left. His bill for the last occasion was $3.50, but there was an account standing against him from last April.

His Worship called the prisoner up and read the charge and evidence; to which he answered, that they would not give him time to send the watch back, as he had agreed to do, but he was assailed by the police. It was his intention to do so had he not been stopped.

Major Ross sworn,—I know prisoner. He had transactions with all the offices in the Government, he has been selling maps for eight or nine years, and bears a good character. To O'Neil—cannot remember the sums of money paid him, nor the dates. On referring to the book could tell. Witness then went up to the office for the purpose, and on returning, said that on the 18th he was paid $36, by official cheque.

Mr. Boulton addressed his Worship, contending that there was no case for a jury, and he doubted if it would ever be sent to a jury, even if his Worship committed the prisoner. His Worship thought he ought to send him for trial, and he was committed to take his trial at the next Recorders Court. The bail, was fixed at £100, and two sureties in £50 each. Mr. Morrison and Charles St. Jean were bound to appear for the Crown.

Ann Edwards was charged by Mary Saxton, with using abusive and slanderous language towards her, and calling her such names as she was ashamed to repeat. Defendant had also sent another woman, named Margaret Williams, to abuse her. The Police Magistrate took this opportunity of stating that people could not only not abuse and make false imputations against others, but they must not even tell them the truth offensively; fine $2 and costs.

Presentation of an Address to the Governor-General.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, July 27th, 1866.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half past eleven, a. m., and the House immediately proceeded to wait on His Excellency, with the congratulatory address adopted on Wednesday.

The members of the Legislative Assembly, headed by Attorneys-General Macdonald and Cartier, left the Chamber and went in procession, followed by the Speaker and principal officers of the House, to the office of the Attorney-General West, in the Eastern Block Departmental Buildings, where, according to arrangement, the address was to be presented. A large representation of the Legislative Assembly was present, including the principal members of the opposition. In front of the Western entrance through which the procession passed, the three companies of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade were drawn up, as a guard of honor, and as the Speaker, preceded by the Mace, approached, the band played an appropriate salute.

His Excellency was seated in the chair of State, facing the entrance of the apartment, and surrounded by his staff. Col. MacDougall, the Adjutant-General, Lieut.-Col. Wiley, Commandant Ottawa District, and other officers being present in uniform.

The members of the Assembly on entering, filed off to either side, and the SPEAKER advancing to the centre of the room, accompanied on the right and left, by the mover and seconder of the address—Hon J. H. Cameron and Hon. A. A. Dorion,—read the following address, in English and French, which was afterwards handed to His Excellency:

To His Excellency the Right Honorable *Charles Stanley*, Viscount *Monck*, Baron *Monck* of Ballytrammon, in the County of Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

May it please Your Excellency,

We, Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Provincial Commons of Canada, in Provincial Parliament assembled, beg leave to approach Your Excellency with the expression of our most sincere congratulations upon the elevation of Your Excellency to the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

In this Gracious act of our beloved Queen, we recognise with the warmest satisfaction and gratitude, Her Majesty's appreciation, and acknowledgment of the services of Your Excellency, in your faithful administration of the Government of this Province, and we hope and pray that by the blessing of Divine Providence, Your Excellency may enjoy for long years the honor which has been so well and worthily conferred.

LORD MONCK, then in a clear and distinct voice, and in both languages, read the following

REPLY.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I thank you most heartily for the Address of congratulation which you have just presented to me, on the occasion of my receiving the mark of Her Royal favor, which our Sovereign has been graciously pleased lately to confer on me.

I am well aware that the terms in which you speak of my official conduct, are not intended by you as a mere formal and ceremonial expression of your opinion.

I rejoice to [illegible] those who have had the best means of observing my acts and who are most deeply interested in their results, should feel themselves at liberty to record their cordial approbation of my manner of administering the duties of my office during a period not uneventful in the annals of the Province, whether we look at its external relations or its domestic condition.

I value the feelings you entertain towards me if possible more highly on public grounds. This community is just about to enter on a new and noble phase of political existence.

The proceedings of this day afford a happy augury for the future in the illustration which they supply of the harmonious working of the elements of which our constitutional system is composed.

Your Address to me is a conclusive proof that our earnest and honest endeavour to apply here those principles of Government, which have long been recognised as sound in England, will secure at once the approval of the Crown and the favor of the Commons.

I think I shall best evince my gratitude for the many marks of consideration which I have received at your hands, culminating in the Address which you have now presented to me by promising that so long as it may be Her Majesty's pleasure that I shall continue your Governor my actions shall be guided by the same principles which have secured for me, your commendation, and that when official connection shall cease I will use [illegible] position which the favor of the Queen has conferred upon me to promote in the Imperial Legislature those views which I conscientiously believe best adapted to advance the true and permanent interests of the people of Canada.

This reply was then handed to the Speaker, and the Assembly withdrew from the Vice-Regal presence, the Speaker leading the procession back to the Chamber, where he again took the chair.

His Excellency's Reply being then formally communicated to the House, the House immediately adjourned.

SCENE ON THE FIELD OF BATTLE—BURYING THE DEAD.

(From the Military Correspondent of the London Times with the Prussian army.)

HORITZ, July 4.— * * * The field of battle this morning shows the severity of the fight. The wounded have all been moved, but few of the dead have been buried, for the number of wounded was so great that every man who could be spared from duty was required to look after them. All night long the "Krankenfrager" have been at work, and have been assisted by a large number of soldiers. Every village near the field of battle has all its standing houses converted into hospitals, and all the surgeons in the army have been busy all night long. In the woods and in the broken ground the bodies of Austrians and Prussians are tolerably equal in number, generally lying in stoups of four or five of either nation together, marking the spot where a shell has burst; but in the open ground and down the reverse side of the Lipa slope the Austrians lie terribly thick, and hardly a Prussian uniform is to be seen. Wherever the Austrians fought unprotected by cover, and wherever the Prussian riflemen, armed with needle-guns, could see their enemies, the disproportion of the dead becomes immediately apparent. The corn is trodden down all over the field as flat as if it were straw laid on a stable floor, and the ground is ploughed up and dug into holes by shells so thickly that it is hardly possible to ride in a straight direction for twenty yards.

On the top of the Lipa ridge, and near the village, stand a large number of the captured guns, with all their wagons and carriages beside them, and on the slope away from Sadowa [illegible] placed under the charge of the corps of the Guard, which in the Crown Prince's [illegible] the batteries. Everywhere [illegible] field fatigue parties are digging [illegible] in which the Austrian and Prussian killed are being laid side by side, clothed in their [illegible]. No other tombstone is put to mark [illegible] than a plain wooden cross, on which is [illegible] the number of the regiment that lies below. The officers are placed in single graves near beside the men. But here and there a few are seen silently carrying some comrade to a more retired spot. On one part of the field a Prussian general with his staff was burying his son, who had fallen in the attack on the Austrian right. Close by, the wife of a private soldier who had found her husband's body on the field had it buried by some soldiers, had hung an oak branch on the wooden cross at the head, and was sitting on the freshly turned earth sobbing her heart out with his shattered helmet in her lap. She had followed his regiment in order to be near him from the beginning of the campaign, through all the long marches the army has made.

The less seriously wounded have been moved to Horitz, from which, on the approach of the Prussians, the inhabitants had nearly all fled. The vacated houses have been converted into hospitals, and at nearly every window and every door [illegible] are hanging about listlessly, with heads or [illegible] up, with a half stupified look [illegible] not yet recovered from the [illegible] blow which had disabled them. Many Austrians, and are prisoners of war; but the greatest liberty seems to be accorded them, for they are allowed to wander about the streets and to mix freely with the Prussian soldiers.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, July 27th, 1866.

Afternoon Sitting.

The Speaker took the chair at half-past three o'clock.

Mr. McKENZIE moved that the returns respecting leaves of absence granted to the Judges of Lower Canada, and the report and papers connected with the case of Mr. Justice Coursol, be referred back to the Printing Committee for reconsideration. He said he found several members very anxious to have these documents printed, and he desired them to be referred back with that end in view.

A long discussion took place, and the motion was carried.

Hon. W. MACDOUGALL presented the report of the Chief Superintendent of Upper Canada for the past year.

The same was ordered to be printed.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD that it be resolved that the Governor in Council may appoint a Registrar of Deeds, in the Judicial District of Nipissing, who shall register all Deeds and other conveyances and agreements relating to lands situate in any part of the said Judicial District and laid out and surveyed by the Crown; that his fees shall be the same as those appointed by the Consolidated Statutes for Upper Canada respecting the registration of Instruments; or the Governor in Council may order an annual Salary, not exceeding eight hundred dollars, to be paid to the Registrar out of the Consolidated Fund, in lieu of such fees, which fees in such case shall be paid into such revenue.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. GALT moved the reception of the Report of the Committee of Ways and Means, on the resolution which the House had considered in committee the other night, and upon which he would found a bill. The following is the resolution:

1. That it is expedient to provide that the Governor in Council may, at his discretion, authorize the manufacture in bond of such goods as he may, from time to time see fit to designate, and in the production of which spirits or other articles subject to duties of customs or excise are used, by persons licensed to that effect, and under regulations to be made by the Governor in Council, and that such articles when so manufactured shall, if taken out of Bond for consumption within the Province, be subject to duties of excise equal to the duties of customs to which they would be subject, if imported into the Province from British or Foreign Markets, and entered for consumption;—and that for every such license or renewal thereof, there shall be paid a duty of $50; such license to be renewable yearly, on the thirteenth day of June.

Hon. Mr. GALT explained that the object of the resolution was to permit certain articles to be manufactured for exportation. Of course very great vigilance should be exercised in carrying out the plan proposed, and every care would be taken to make the regulations as effective as possible.

The motion was carried.

Hon. Mr. GALT then moved the concurrence of the House in the report of the Committee [illegible] passed last night.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER moved the reception by the House of the report of the Committee of the whole on Bill respecting the code of Civil Procedure of Lower Canada.—Carried, and bill ordered for third reading at the sitting to-night.

The following bills were passed through Committee and were ordered to be read a third time at the sitting to-night:—Respecting the inspection of Registry Offices and the making of the plans and books of reference for registration purposes in Lower Canada.

To amend chapter 128 of the Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada, intituled, "An Act respecting the Administration of Justice in the unorganized tracts of territory (from Legislative Council).—Hon. Mr. Attorney-General Macdonald.

To amend the Act respecting the Court of Impeachment in Upper Canada (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

An Act respecting persons in custody charged with High Treason and Felony (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

To amend the law respecting the appointment of Recorders in Upper Canada (from Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD resumed the debate on the resolutions providing for the Local Constitutions. He moved the adoption of the first resolution, with the following addition, "and it is further resolved, that in the opinion of this House, the appointment of the first Lieutenant-Governor should be provisional, and that he should hold office strictly during pleasure." He proposed this amendment to meet the objection raised by the member for S. Oxford, when this question was formerly before the House, that the first Lieutenant-Governor, who of necessity would be appointed by a Government, not then having received the confidence of Parliament, should hold office five years. The amendment rendered the office merely provisional, as he could be removed at any time, and without assigning any cause. The first Government would of necessity have to be a provisional one. The Governor-General must select his advisers from among the people of these Provinces, and continue to administer the affairs of the Confederation, until by a general election, under the Constitution, a Parliament can be convened, and give effect to the constitutional system of administration.

Hon. Mr. BROWN expressed his satisfaction with the manner in which the Attorney-General had considered the point to which he had called attention on a former occasion. In fact the whole course of the Attorney-General in treating this question, had been exceedingly satisfactory. He had expressed his willingness to accept changes or amendments where they might be deemed necessary, and he (Mr. Brown) would be exceedingly glad to see the discussion carried on in the same good spirit to the end. He hoped the members from Upper and Lower Canada would each abstain from interfering with the provisions which only applied to the other section. For his part he would have great reluctance in interfering in any way with the Local Constitution of Lower Canada; he thought they ought to make it to suit themselves. With regard to the amendment proposed, he (Mr. B.) thought the difficulty might better be got over, making the Governor-General, also the Governor of the Provinces, until the Lieutenant-Governor could be constitutionally appointed.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD had not the slightest doubt but that the whole machinery of both the General and Local Governments could be set in motion without difficulty. But it was not desirable that they should attempt to provide for too many small details. They must provide for a General Government and a Local Government, to take effect at once, though there was no reason why the present Governors in the other Provinces should not administer the affairs of these Provinces, until an appointment could be made by a General Government, enjoying the confidence of Parliament.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD thought the amendment in the right direction, but the time would come when the people of the country would demand a voice in the appointment of Lieutenant-Governors, as it might be tasteful in future to see it in the hands of the General Government. A difficulty, might arise from his not being removable without a cause being assigned, as in case of difference with his cabinet the General Government might retain him in the position.

Hon. Mr. DORION spoke briefly on the point, and was replied to by Hon. Mr. Brown, when it being within a few minutes of the dinner hour, six o'clock was called.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON.—If they called this 6, he would like to know at what time it would be half-past seven, as members did not desire to be kept waiting. (A laugh.)

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said as he had previously informed the House in reply to the hon. member for South Oxford, that a plan would be proposed for the adjustment of accounts between Upper and Lower Canada, he would state before the House rose that he would, after the resolutions were disposed of, move a resolution providing for the division of assets, and a general settlement between Upper and Lower Canada. It was a very difficult question to deal with, and in his judgment could not properly be entered upon until it had first been settled as to what amount of the common property of Canada would be assumed by the general government. It could not therefore take place until after Confederation had been accomplished, and he proposed to provide for it by moving a resolution to the effect that in any act which the Imperial Parliament may pass for the purpose of uniting the several Provinces of British North America under one Confederate government, it is the opinion of this House that there should be provision made for the adjustment of the debts, credits, liabilities, property and assets of Canada, between Upper and Lower Canada, by arbitration, that one arbitrator shall be appointed by Upper Canada, another by Lower Canada, and the third by the general government, but that said arbitrators shall not be appointed until after the Local Constitutions shall have gone into effect, nor shall the third arbitrator be a resident of Upper or Lower Canada.'

Evening Sitting.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half past seven o'clock.

The bills which passed through Committee in the [illegible] were read a third time and passed.

The debate on the resolutions was resumed.

In reply to a question,

Hon. J.A. MACDONALD explained that it would be necessary to embody these resolutions as passed by Parliament, in an address to Her Majesty.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON contended that according to the fair meaning of the Quebec resolutions, it was provided that the existing government should frame the Local Constitutions; and that the resolution before the House, presenting but a mere skeleton, did not fulfil that condition.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied that the general principles upon which the Confederation of the Provinces was to take place, had been agreed to, and embodied in the form of resolutions, and it was well understood that the general principles of the Local Constitutions should be presented in the same way. The Government had strictly followed the well understood terms of the Quebec resolutions, with regard to the Local Constitutions. Were we to undertake to make an act for the Imperial Parliament to pass? The hon. gentleman day after day had reproached the government for not going on with these measures; now, when they were going on with them here, he was throwing every obstruction in their way, determined if possible to defeat Confederation.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD contended that the Government should elaborate as many of the details of the Local Constitutions as possible, and submit them for the consideration of this House and not go home with these resolutions so indefinitely framed, and construct whatever sort of constitution they chose. The people should have some guarantee that within a few months after the abolition of our present form of government, they would be permitted to meet in the Confederate and Local Parliaments.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said as he had remarked before, they must deal with only one case at a time. They should look to the question before them, and settle that before raising other issues. Already the general principles of the Confederate Constitution had been determined; now, they were called upon to settle the general principles of the Local Constitutions. With regard to Lower Canada, the matter was very simple, as the present constitution of Canada had been adopted in its entirety, with the single exception of a nominated, instead of an elective Upper House. In Upper Canada they had aimed at a greater change—yet it was only a change in one particular, the adoption of one chamber instead of two. This, then, was the great question to discuss in these resolutions, and the other was whether they should or should not have Responsible Government in conjunction with a single chamber. As to the general course of proceeding, the first step after the passing of the Imperial Act would be the sending out of a Viceroy or Governor-General, under whatever title Her Majesty may be pleased to give him. And his first duty would be to issue the writs for a general election for the Confederate Parliament, and to appoint Provisional Lieut.-Governors that they might issue writs for an election for the Local Parliaments. Of course it was well-known that it would be quite impossible to submit this measure to the Imperial Parliament before the next session, which would be in January, or early in February next.

Hon. Mr. CAUCHON contended that there was no danger of any changes being made from the [illegible] in the resolutions because they had not given their own government any authority to change them, and the Imperial Government would not introduce such changes without their consent. It must follow therefore that any changes are proposed, the Government must bring them before the Parliament of this country, and have its sanction before they can be introduced into the Imperial [illegible]. He also referred to the provisions of the Quebec resolutions regarding the formation of the Local Constitutions, saying that the meaning evidently was that while existing Governments should settle the general principles of the Local Constitutions, separate Provinces would be empowered to amend them thereafter within the provisions of the general Constitution.

Mr. O'HALLORAN said when the Quebec resolutions were before the House Ministers had promised details on the bringing down of the Local Constitutions, but now they had only laid a ghastly skeleton before the House.

Mr. M. C. CAMERON found no provision made in these resolutions for a Local Executive Council. He should like to know whether the government intended to make any change, so that this might be remedied. The resolutions did not actually provide for Local Government, only for a Local Governor. Now a government, as he understood it, consisted of Governor and Executive Council.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD explained that the general terms of the well understood principles of the British Constitution were sufficiently explicit to define the necessity for a constitutional Ministry. But the number of departments had been left to be determined by the Local Parliaments.

Hon. Mr. BROWN thought that with the experience, and ability which the House possessed it ought to prepare as many of the details of the Local Constitutions as possible. The union act of '41 had provided that the heads of the Departments should form the executive, and he thought that some provision should be made for a Local Executive. If the point were left to the Local Parliaments, there would be a great temptation to multiply offices to too great an extent.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER defended the resolutions as framed, and argued that the Local Executive was sufficiently provided for by the general declaration of the principle of government. The resolutions upon which the Union Act had been founded, did not make any exact definition as to the Executive Council.

Hon. Mr. LABRAMBOISE addressed the House in opposition to the resolutions, saying that England would not regard the feelings of French Canadians. She would do again what she did in 1840, impose it upon the people.

Mr. RANKIN thought the discussion had hitherto been conducted in a most irregular manner. They had already made known, in a constitutional way, their views as to Confederation, in the resolutions embodying what was called the Quebec Scheme, which would, no doubt, be adopted without change, and the only thing that remained for us was to settle our Local Constitution. He thought the course pursued by the Government in regard to these, had been a proper one.

After a most irregular discussion, it was suggested that the debate be adjourned.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD said the vote should take place to-night.

Mr. DUNKIN and Mr. SCOBLE said the resolutions had not yet been properly discussed, and the debate ought to be adjourned.

Mr. PERRAULT said discussion was useless. Members dare not change their votes for fear of an appeal to the country.

Hon. A. A. DORION said that many members had already left, and in a few days more would be going, and he wished to see the vote taken that the business of the country might be proceeded with.

Hon. Mr. BROWN desired to see these resolutions discussed fully and gravely, and if any amendments were found necessary, they should be made. He submitted that hon. gentlemen opposed to these resolutions put themselves in an awkward position, by insisting on the vote being taken to-night. They forgot that the important subject of the distribution of the seventeen new seats in Upper Canada had not yet been even referred to in the debate.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD said the Government had only one view in framing these resolutions: to leave behind them as perfect a measure as possible. They would not, therefore, be hurried, nor would the majority of the House be hurried, in coming to a decision upon them. It was not a question of a day, but a question that would affect Upper and Lower Canada, perhaps for all time to come. It should therefore be carefully considered. The hon. member for South Oxford had said there were improvements to be suggested, and it was the intention of the Government to give the fullest opportunity to consider them. But hon. gentlemen opposite who were opposed to Confederation had said it was going to bring ruin upon Canada now desired to hurry it on. They would rush into the danger to avoid the apprehension.

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL said the subject was a very important one. The Government had laid it before the House, without professing that it was altogether perfect, that it might be fully and fairly discussed, and that, if need be, its imperfections remedied. The Government would be very glad to consider any suggestions to that end from any side of the House. The gentlemen opposite had, after all their anxiety to find fault, been unable to discover anything in these resolutions, upon which they could base a reasonable objection.

Hon. Mr. DORION again charged the Government with improperly delaying business.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD replied, dwelling on the importance of the subject, and saying that the member for Hochelaga had a number of amendments in his desk, which he desired to bring upon the House as a surprise, and perhaps create some embarrassment to the Government.

Hon. Mr. DORION said he had already informed the House that he had several amendments to move, and had not attempted to surprise the House.

Hon. J. A. MACDONALD.—Then why does not the hon. gentleman have his amendments published? It was most unfair to ask members to vote upon such a serious question as an amendment to the Constitution, without giving some time to consider it. Hon. Mr. McD. expressed that he would press the motion for the adjournment of the debate which would be resumed on Tuesday, though the final vote which would bind the House to the resolutions would not be taken till Thursday.

Mr. McKENZIE approved the course of the Government, and thought the suggestion to print important amendments ought to be followed.

Hon. M. C. CAMERON, though opposed to Confederation from the first, and though he had not seen anything to make him regard it more favorably, considered now that it had become a fixed fact, it was the duty of all to endeavour to make it work as well as possible. The Provincial Secretary had said it was a grave subject, but he thought the grave part would be when we buried Canada, still he did not wish to have too much crying at the funeral. He thought the course of the Government in adjourning the debate the proper one.

The members were then called in and the House divided on the motion to adjourn, which was carried.—Yeas, 70. Nays, 18.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. Howland, the House went into Committee of the whole to consider the resolutions, providing certain amendments to the Post Office act.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON called the attention of the Postmaster-General, to the provision making it a felony to sell stamps without special permission. He considered if he bought $100 worth of stamps at their face value, it would be a great hardship if he would not be permitted to sell them again for his own money.

Hon Mr. HOWLAND said the explanations would be given on the second reading of the bill.

The Committee rose and reported the resolutions without amendment.

On motion of Mr. Howland, the bill to amend the Post Office act was read a second time.

The following bills were also read a second time:

To incorporate the Cobourg, Peterboro and Marmora Railway and Mining Company.—Sol.-Gen. Cockburn.

To enable compensation to be made to the heirs of Elizabeth McKay, for the loss suffered by the erroneous issue of a patent for lands, to which she was entitled.—Atty.-General Macdonald.

On motion of Hon. J. A. Macdonald the House went into Committee of the whole on a resolution empowering the Governor in Council to appoint a Registrar for the Judicial District of Nipissing.

The Committee rose and reported the resolution without amendment, and the House adjourned at 11.40.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Promotions in the United States Army and Navy.

Riot and Boiler Explosion in Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Senate, to-day, confirmed the nomination of Major-General T. W. Sherman, to be Lieutenant-Gen'l of the army of the United States, vice Lieut.-Gen. Grant, promoted to be General of the army, and that of Rear-Admiral D. D. Porter to be vice-Admiral to the Navy in place of vice-Admiral Farragut, promoted to rear-Admiral of the navy.

The President, to-day, sent to the House a message in reply to two resolutions of the House, the first requesting him to urge upon the Canadian authorities and also the British Government, the release of the Fenian prisoners, recently captured in Canada, and the second requesting him to cause the procedure instituted in the United States, against the Fenians, to be discontinued, if not incompatible with the public interest.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—This a. m., a serious riot took place in the Seventh Ward. An officer attempted to arrest a man for assaulting a policeman. An attack was made upon the policeman, and some persons among the crowd fired pistols. Two officers were wounded; the police returned the fire; one shot instantly killing a boy named Edward Shoyden.

A boiler exploded at the Yarn Factory of John Yendall to-day. Several persons were killed.

NEW YORK, July 27th.—The Portland Relief Committee have received in all, $100,800.

WASHINGTON, 27.—The British Government has proposed to the United States, through the Dept. of State, a reciprocity of agreement between the two countries, in substance as follows. England agrees to send home to the United States all distressed American seamen in British waters. The United States to follow suit. In order to effect the consummation it will be necessary for Congressional action.

Col. Ashley was arrested to-day while passing through the city, for the crime of treason, but was bailed out in the sum of $3000.

NEW YORK, 26th.—Police Justice Mansfield of this city, is reported to have been drowned while on a pleasure trip in Oregon County.

ST. LOUIS, 26th.—Gen Blair has commenced a suit for libel against *The Democrat*, for publishing a despatch from its Washington correspondent, stating that the fact would soon be published, showing that Blair had been appropriating silverware and china to his own private use, while with the army in South Carolina. He has instituted a similar suit against James Lindsay, of Iron County, for publishing a letter charging him with cotton stealing while with the army. Damages to the amount of $100,000 are claimed in each suit.

CINCINNATI, 27th.—Rev. R. H. Gardner, a Methodist missionary to the Freedmen of Kentucky, was mobbed and ducked by men at Gerrardtown, Kentucky, last Tuesday, for preaching to the negroes.

NEW YORK, 27th.—*The Tribune's* Leavenworth, Kansas, despatch says, the Indians have been committing depredations on Smoky Hill route. Three men were murdered eight miles west of Kansas. The Government is taking active measures for the defence of the Kansas country. Great excitement exists among border settlers. The time for the Indian attack was when the corn is ripe.

NEW YORK, 27th.—There is good reason to believe that Gen. Sickles will be appointed naval officer for New York.

The Post's money article says, the stock exchange exhibits a continuance of speculative activity. Loan market easy without special change. Stocks stronger with more activity. Government bonds in active demand for investors. R. R. shares strong. N. Y. Central 108¾; Erie, 64¼; Hudson river, 119; M. C., 109¾; M. S., 83¾; Ill. Central 119¼.

Seven cases and 4 deaths by cholera, are reported in this city, and 9 cases and 5 deaths are reported in Brooklyn.

—George Mitchell, of Turner, Maine, the inventor of the copper toes for children's shoes, and his son, six years of age, were drowned near their residence, on Thursday last. The father was endeavoring to save the life of his son, who had gone beyond his depth.

TRAVELLERS' DIRECTORY.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Mail Train leaves Ottawa at ...... 7.00, a.m.
Mail Train ...... 6.30, p.m.
Accommodation Train [illegible] ...... 1.45, p.m.
Arriving Morning Mail ...... 10.5, a.m.
Mail, Evening ...... 5.00, p.m.
" Night ...... 9.00, p.m.

These Trains connect at Prescott Junction with Trains on Grand Trunk Railway for the East and West, and at Prescott with Ferry for Ogdensburgh—again connecting with Railroads for all parts of the U. S.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

OTTAWA TO KINGSTON.—The Steamer City of Ottawa leaves at 7 a.m. every Monday and Thursday. The steamer Bytown at 7 a.m., every Wednesday and Saturday.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.—The Steamer Queen Victoria leaves the foot of Sussex Street every morning at 6:30.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

OTTAWA, July 27, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$8 00	@	9 00
No. 1	7 25	@	7 75
No. 2	6 50	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	5 00	@	0 00
" Spring "	3 87½	@	0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs	None offering.		
Barley " 48 lbs	"		
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 50	@	1 60
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@	0 90
Peas " 60 lbs	0 85	@	0 90
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32
Beans " 60 lbs	0 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@	25 50
Prime Mess per do	20 00	@	20 50
Hog per 100 lbs	9 00	@	10 00
Hams	0 15	@	17 00
Beef	9 00	@	10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@	0 0[illegible]
Veal— " "	0 10	@	0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@	0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@	0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 6[illegible]
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 21	@	0 2[illegible]
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 1[illegible]
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 17
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@	0 4[illegible]
HAY—Per ton	11 00	@	0 12
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	0 00
GREEN PEAS—per Peck	0 46	@	0 00

Yesterday's Montreal Markets.

Montreal, July 27.

FLOUR—Super Extra	$8 50	@	8 75
Extra	7 75	@	8 00
Fancy	7 25	@	7 50
Welland Canal Superfine	6 50	@	6 60
Bag Flour	3 50	@	3 65
WHEAT—Super No. 1 Canada	6 40	@	6 60
No 1 Western	0 00	@	0 00
No. 2 "	6 10	@	6 30
Canada Wheat	1 50	@	1 52
Western "	1 45	@	1 50
OATS—Per 32 lbs	36	@	37
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs	50	@	55
BUTTER—Dairy	17	@	18
Store-Packed	16	@	17
ASHES—Pots	5 40	@	5 42
Pearls	7 00	@	7 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mortimer's Remedy for Cholera and Diarrhœa.

We certify that Mr. G. Mortimer's "Cholera Remedy" has speedily removed several attacks of Bowel Complaint and symptoms of Cholera, with which we were lately seized."
N. GERMAIN, Sussex Street.
D. McGRATH, York Street.
For sale at 41, Sussex Street. 129-3m

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER
Beware of Counterfeits and WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-6m

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.—Unlike any other exhibition, we believe the sight of this noble vessel has given good satisfaction to the thousands of persons who travelled to Quebec to view her, and well repaid them for their outlay; and it is just so with the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" there never was anything that gave such satisfaction; it relieves pain almost instantaneously, and is the finest thing in the world for rheumatism, neuralgia, and pains in the stomach, &c. 20 cents will buy a bottle of it. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 184a

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn, London. 184d

Perry Davis' Pain Killer has been used in severe cases of cholera, and never has failed in a single case where it was thoroughly applied on the first appearance of the symptoms.

The late Rev. Dr. Granger repeatedly expressed his belief that he owed his life to the timely use of Perry Davis' Pain Killer. During his recent visit to the Mission in Burmah, he had a severe attack of the cholera, and was immediately relieved by the use of the Pain Killer.

Rev. Samuel J. Gonsalves, writing from Portuguese Colony, July 1, 1857, says:

"Your excellent medicine, the Pain Killer, has done great good among the exiles of Maderia. It is now and has been for five years, the great family medicine with us. We have found it excellent in fever and ague, in coughs, colds, dyspepsia, chronic and inflammatory rheumatism, croup, worms, piles, nervous headache, gravel, etc. The introduction of the Pain Killer has been a great blessing to the whole colony. 184a

Habitual Constipation—Words of Comfort.—Dr. Cyrus W. Nelson, of Boston, Mass., author of "Clinical Observations on the Treatment of Abdominal Diseases," says, in a letter dated February 27th, 1862: "I consider Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills the best remedy for Chronic Constipation at present known. With me they have never failed, and I have prescribed them in at least fifty instances." He also states: "That for all irregularities of the digestive functions, the liver and the bowels, they are by far the most useful medicine I have ever prescribed—perfectly safe and eminently reliable." Similar testimony is volunteered by Dr. Humphrey Lettsom, of Chicago, Ill., who enumerates thirty cases, with names and dates, in which he has administered the Pills, with entire success, for habitual costiveness and piles. Wherever they have been used as a remedy for liver and bowel complaints, the result has been equally satisfactory. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the Pills. 184a

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B.—Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 144-6m

NOTICE.—The Municipal Corporation of Gloucester will proceed on the 18th DAY of AUGUST, A.D., 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to pass a By-law establishing a Public Highway, forty feet wide, extending lengthwise through Lot No. Seven, in the Junction Gore of Gloucester, in or near the centre of said Lot, in the place where the present road has been laid out, and extending from the Rideau River to the base line, in the rear of said lot.
C. BILLINGS, T. C.
Gloucester, July 7. 173-1-w30-6

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation,

The Great Dandruff Preventative.

IT IS WELL KNOWN TO THOSE WHO have carefully studied the peculiar diseases of the hair that DANDRUFF collects on the skin by its incapacity of throwing off those grosser particles of perspirable matter deposited upon it. The consequence is the skin becomes contracted, scales and peels off; and the heat which is on its surface, weakens that nutriment which feeds the HAIR, it soon falls off, and BALDNESS is imminent.

This preparation at once renders the skin soft and flexible, and thus prevents that perspirable matter from collecting on its surface. It not only renovates the hair, but imparts to it

A BEAUTIFUL GLOSS.

It should be on every Lady's and Gentleman's toilet, both as a DRESSING and RENOVATOR.

Prepared by
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, July 2, 1866. 181y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED A NURSE.--TO ASSIST in the care of children. Good references required. Must be a Protestant. Apply to
MRS. E. A. MEREDITH.
189-3 Ashburnham Hill.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.--The creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the office of Messrs. Fitzpatrick and Moore, in the city of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of AUGUST next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to name an assignee.
C. SPARROW, Jr.
Dated at the City of Ottawa, In the County of Carleton, This 27th of July, A.D., 1866. 189td

ROSS & PARSONS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

AUCTION SALE
OF
Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN has received instructions to sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, at ten o'clock a. m., on the vacant lot adjoining the store of Mr. J. Boyden, Sussex Street, a large quantity of

Good Second-Hand Furniture!

NEARLY NEW.

ALSO, A LOT OF DRY GOODS.

The whole will be sold without reserve. Terms Cash.
H. McLEAN,
189td Auctioneer.

SEALED TENDERS

IN DUPLICATE, the Service and Supply being marked on the Envelope, will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until noon, on

Thursday, 16th August Next,

For the following supplies, &c., at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

FOR MILITARY HOSPITALS.

1. Provisions to Military Hospitals.
2. Washing Bedding and Clothing.
3. Emptying Privies—At per Privy per time. Emptying Cesspools—At per Cesspool per time.
4. Emptying Ashpits—At so much per annum to be paid quarterly, and emptied as often as demanded. Contract to cease if buildings are given up.
5. Taking down, Cleansing and repairing Stoves and Stove Pipes.—At per Stove per time.
6. Sweeping Chimnies—At per Flue per time.

Separate Tenders will be required for each service as above mentioned.

The conditions of the several contracts (to which particular attention is invited) forms of tenders, and all other necessary information can be obtained at the Commissariat Office at Ottawa.

No tenders except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures thereto must be bona fide those of principal and surties.
A. M. FESTING,
D.A.C-G.
Commissariat Officer in charge, Kingston District.
25th July, 1866. 189-114a

FANS.

PALM LEAF FANS!

Black, White, and Scarlet Fans.

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.
Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.
S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.
G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.

THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO
160 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
600 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF
LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.
JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

AMUSEMENTS.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager.......John Townsend.

The Free List entirely suspended, the public Press excepted.

NOTICE.—Family Tickets for three, will, in future, be issued to the Boxes for $1.

The Manager has much pleasure in announcing that in compliance with numerous requests

MR. G. W. LESTER

Will perform positively one night only

On Saturday ev'g., July 28th, 1866;

In two of his great characters, supported by Miss Florence Grosvenor, Mrs. Townsend, Mr. Lyon, Mr. Harry Townsend and the company.

A Gentleman Amateur will make his first appearance on this occasion.

Gowan's Band will be in attendance, and perform several favorite pieces during the evening.

Being Saturday night, the performance will not commence until 8:30 p.m.

This Evening, SATURDAY, July 28th, '66,

Will be produced the admirable Drama (translated from the French) entitled the

CONSCRIPT OF PALERMO,

OR, PAUVRE MONSIEUR JACQUES.

Monsieur Jacques..........Mr. G. W. Lester.
Nina..........Miss F. Grosvenor.
Other characters by the Company.

After which Pas Suel by Miss Bertha Loraine.
Favorite Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.
Overture by Gowan's Band.

To conclude with the admirable Comedietta (in two acts) called

Irish Mesmerism, or on his Last Legs.

O'Callaghan (a man of genius on his last legs..........Mr. G. W. Lester.
Charles Rivers (his first appearance on any stage)..........By an Amateur.
Mrs. Montague..........Mrs. Townsend.
Julia..........Miss F. Grosvenor.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Ottawa, July 28. 188

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman,..........75 cents
Single Ticket,..........50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183td

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned will be received at this office, until Saturday, the 5th day of August next, at noon, for the construction and completion of the following works, required to be done at

Rideau Hall, Ottawa, viz.:

For the erection and completion of a Conservatory or Green House.

For the erection and completion of a Coach House and Stables.

For altering, adapting and fitting up the present Stables as a Laundry, &c., &c.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Of the several new works and alterations may be seen at this office, on and after

MONDAY, THE 30th INSTANT.

A SEPARATE TENDER

Must be given for each work, and on the envelope thereof must be endorsed the nature of the Tender.

PARTIES TENDERING

Must give their names and address in full, and also the signature of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the works.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest, or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 27. 188td

ARMY CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS IN DUPLICATE —the service or supply being marked on the envelope—will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th AUGUST next, for the following supplies and services, at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

GENERAL SERVICE.

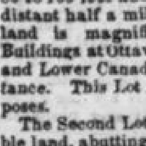
FRESH MEAT, at per 100 lbs.
BREAD, at per do.
FIREWOOD, at per cord.
FORAGE, at per ration.
COAL OIL, at per Gallon.
WICKS, for Coal Oil Lamps, at per dozen.
WATER, for Troops at per 100 gallons.
LAND TRANSPORT—Cartage.

Separate Tenders will be required for each of the above services.

The conditions of the several Contracts (to which particular attention is invited,) the probable quantity of each article required, or the nature of the service to be performed, forms of tender, and all other necessary information, can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

No Tenders, except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures must be bona fide those of the principals and sureties.
Commissariat, Kingston, C.W., 23rd July, 1866.
A. M. FESTING,
D. A. C. G.,
Commissariat Officer in charge Kingston District.
Ottawa, July 26. 187-t.f.m.w.f.m.w.f.m.

BEAUMONT FARM.



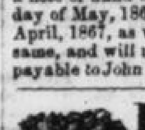
H. McLEAN OFFERS FOR sale in one or in two lots, the above desirable property. The first Lot, well adapted for a Gentleman's country residence, consists of 40 acres, more or less, of good pasture and table land, well fenced, with good Stone Cottage, 50x60, a large prolific Orchard, Barn, Stable, &c. The House stands from 80 to 100 feet above the level of the Ottawa river, distant half a mile. The view from the House and land is magnificent, including the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, an extensive view of the river and Lower Canada, with the mountains in the distance. This Lot is well adapted for building purposes.

The Second Lot consists of 90 acres of good arable land, abutting on the Ottawa. There is a Cottage and Barn, &c.; there is brick earth on the edge of the river. This Lot would be divided into two Lots, for two purchasers, if required.

For further particulars apply to Mr. McLean, Ottawa. 188b

TO LET.--Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 23. 184d

CAUTION.--We, Duncan McGregor and Duncan John McGregor, of the Township of Huntley, forbid any person or persons from purchasing a note of hand made by us, dated about the First day of May, 1866, and payable the First day of April, 1867, as we have received no value for the same, and will not pay for it. This note is made payable to John Fee, of Goulburn. 182 1-32-3



FOR SALE.--That eligible property known as WOODROOFE, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

WANTS.

WANTED.--A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.--A FARMER COMPETENT to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to
JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
186a Before 9 a.m., and after 4 p.m.

WANTED.--By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.--A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.--IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.--A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf

AUCTION SALES.

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range,..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ½ of 17 in the 5th range..500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range,..........200 acres

WESTMEATH.
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake,..........163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range,..........200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range,..........200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range,..........100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake...400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..........200 acres

ONSLOW.
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range..........50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range..........100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range..........300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19,..........400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.
South ½s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range..........100 acres

EARDLEY.
Lot 14, in the 6th range,.......... 87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range..........100 acres

CUMBERLAND.
Lot 3, in the 8th concession..........200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range,.......... 51 acres

BRISTOL.
N W ½ of Lot 17, range 5..........50 acres
N W ½ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ½ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ½ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession..........284 acres
N E ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ½ and S W ½ of 15, in the 8th concession..........400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ½ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con......300 acres

CLARENDON.
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ½ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..........700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range..........1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range..........800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from
MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.
Office—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.
Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 165-tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
OF
Household Furniture, &c, &c.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 31st INST., at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MR. JULYAN, in the rear of the Russell Hotel, on the corner of Queen and Elgin Streets, all the household effects of the deceased, consisting of
SOFAS,
CHAIRS,
TABLES,
CARPETS,
CURTAINS,
PICTURES,
STOVES and PIPES,
GLASSWARE, CHINA,
CROCKERY, and
KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding,

BUREAUS, LOOKING GLASSES, &c.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Dressing Glass.

Terms of Sale Cash, and Goods removed during the day.
A. ROWE,
138y Auctioneer.

The Hudson Bay Company's

BUFFALO ROBES.

THE FIRST ANNUAL SALE

WILL TAKE PLACE
AT THE COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,
17, COMMON STREET,
ON WEDNESDAY, 8th AUGUST, 1866.

Catalogues will be prepared, and further particulars shortly announced.
Sale at TWO o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, July 26. 187td

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—
Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattrasses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform Scales.

BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also, a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

At the Variety Hal', No. 54, Sussex Street.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
186y General Commission Agent.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

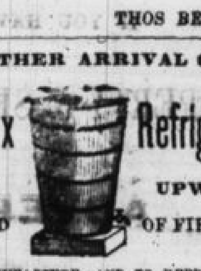
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF



Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.

"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.

"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.

"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.

"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.

Chamber's Journal for June.

London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.

Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

BOARDING.--MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing on Monday

Next, 16th Instant,

AND CONTINUING UNTIL OUR LARGE

STOCK OF REMNANTS,

(IN ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS)

ARE CLEARED OUT.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

No. 20, Sparks Street.

OTTAWA, July 11, 1866.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They create a healthy appetite, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS,..........from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST.

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26. 1865. 110-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.
J. R. HAMILTON.
Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.--NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.--APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.--The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-t

"FREE TRADE."--We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "FREE TRADE," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.
W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O. Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a motto. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.
July 21. 185-2

"PROTECTION."--We hereby offer a PRIZE of $50.00 for the best Essay on "PROTECTION," as adaptable to the present condition of Canada and the other British North American Provinces—length not to exceed twenty letter pages of ordinary manuscript. They must reach us by 6th August. The Essay to which the Prize shall be awarded will become our property and be published in the INTERCOLONIAL JOURNAL OF COMMERCE—a new weekly TRADE PAPER, the first number of which will be issued in a few days. The names of the Judges will be made known in about a week.
W. B. CORDIER & CO.,
Montreal, P.O., Drawer 401.

N.B.—Each writer, instead of his name, will use a motto. When sending in his MS. he will please enclose his name in a separate Envelope bearing the motto used in the Essay.
July 21. 185-2

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
March 5, 1866. 65-

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

[illegible] Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.
JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal.
B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.
JOHN C. .T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those ent tled to receive the same.
Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.
C. O'KELLY,
174-d Executor.

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9. 18

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.
Ottawa, June 19. J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chandiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MN S' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand.

Orders Promptly Attended to.

ALEXR. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.—THE WEST-erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jr2-141-tf

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PRO-perty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IM-mediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 33 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa. Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, VILLA LOTS 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-139-3m Chaudiere, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as Woodburn, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.
Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.
For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Febr 10, 1866. 6-tf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
35 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Extraordinary Merit
Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with
BUCHANAN'S
Unrivalled Mixture
—OF—
MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA
COFFEES,
Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.
Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.
JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.
Ottawa, May 10. 131-tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

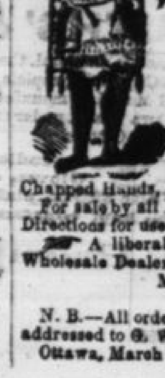
ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF
Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.
CHEAP EDITIONS.
Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

COTTON YARN!
JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPE-rior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 66, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa. July 19. 1866. 31-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Ouring Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTER-NAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1855, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed,] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33½ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.
200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME
MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.
Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN .... $66.75 to $86.75
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE $34.25
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

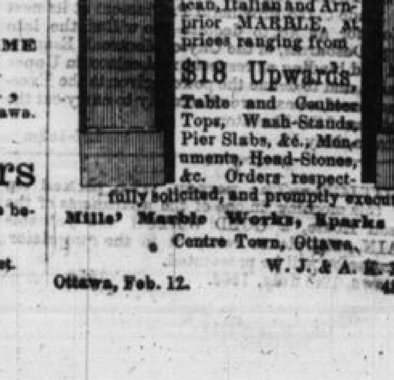
ST. DAVID, 1650 tons		Capt. Aird
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons		Capt. Smith
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons		Capt. Scott
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons		Capt. Trocks

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

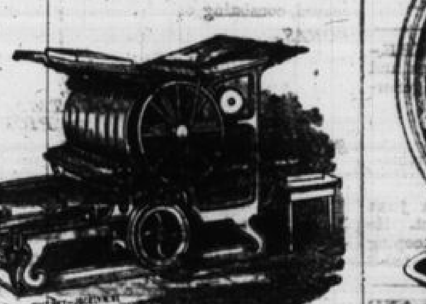
CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $8.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW.
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!


Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM

Printing Works!
OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen. **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

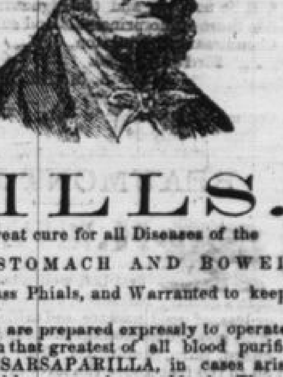
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED-ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria Vaults!
Wellington Street.
THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TEN-DERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!
Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each articles varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.
How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.
AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 44-6m

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use
DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER
WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be
USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,
By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of
Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,
And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for
SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.
It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,
And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst form.
It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with
BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.
The great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS,
Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.
These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:
Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.
Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

GOOD HEALTH!
SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-●

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT
ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of string ing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*A. Baril,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano-Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verisimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald*, Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and excels them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's
PATENT
Automatic Organs.
$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY-NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.
AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAIN-ing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.
The Automatic Organ.
In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of "swell") a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.
The Melodeon and School Organ.
For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.
Caution to Purchasers.
All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dw-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.—ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I. NO.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTA[WA]
DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAI[LS]

MAILS.	DELIV'RD
[E]ast and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p. and 6.00 p. 8.00 a. and 12.30 p.
[...]r & N. Shore of Ottawa	
[...]prior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.
[...]'s Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.,	5.30 p.
[...]ingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a.
[...]pville, Osgoode, &c., Daily	6.00 p.
[...]and Wakefield,	5.30 p.
[...]pton & E'st Templeton,	2.30 p.

RATES OF POSTAGE.
[To] all parts of Canada, if pre-paid [...], if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Colu[mbia] [...] for British Columbia, Germany [...] [Co]untries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID. [To] the United States 10 cts—pre-p[aid]
[Eng]lish Mails, per H. & A. Allan's [steam]ships, via Portland, close at [...] Tuesday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New [York] [...] Saturday, at Noon, postage [...] every alternate Monday, at Noo[n] REGISTERED LETTERS must be prepaid [...] thirty minutes prior to the closing [...] Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, P[.M.]

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Sol[icitor] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Offi[ce] [...]'s Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ott[awa] Ottawa, April 27.

JOSEPH J. MURP[HY]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Sol[icitor in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. O[ffice] [...] York Street, two doors from Sus[sex] Ottawa, March 20, 1866.

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Sol[icitor in] Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Suss[ex] Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HAYC[OCK]
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Soli[citors in] Chancery, Conveyancers, Notarie[s] OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin S[treet] E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. February 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCHETT[E]
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17 [...] Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette w[ill be] prepared to attend promptly to any [...] Government employes, and the publi[c] [who m]ay entrust him. Mr. B. attends regul[arly] [...] in and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & WRIGH[T]
ADVOCATES, Barristers, a[nd Attor]neys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on T[...] Fridays of every week. [...] COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

J. P. MACPHERSO[N]
BARRISTER, &c., Ottaw[a] Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe St[reet] Ottawa, March 10, 1866.

AUGUSTUS KEEF[ER]
BARRISTER and Attorne[y] Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyance[r] Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin [Street] [...] lately occupied as the Custom H[ouse] Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW. Sol[icitor in] Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, R[ideau] Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL MATH[ESON]
BARRISTER, Attorney, Sol[icitor] OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, co[rner] [of Rideau] and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Low[er Canada] OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer [...] C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in t[...] [Ottawa,] February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEMMEL[L]
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, [...] Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottaw[a] ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. G[EMMELL] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DARTN[ELL]
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Att[orney,] Notary Public, Clerk of the Peac[e,] Crown Attorney, for the United Count[ies] [of Pres]cott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orig[nal] January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & NELL[ES]
BARRISTERS and Attorne[ys] Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveya[ncers,] [Pu]blic, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, M[etcalfe St.] WM. CLEGG. THOS. [...] [Ottaw]a, Feb. 7, 1866.

MESSRS. DUCK & B[...]
BARRISTERS and Attorne[ys] Solicitors in Chancery, Notari[es] Conveyancers. OFFICE: Lang's Building, opposite Central Ottawa. [...] DUCK: JUL[...] [Ottaw]a, Feb. 7, 1866.

T. G. HURD,
LAND Agent and Broker, N[...] [...] has removed his office to N[...] a few doors to the South of Dan Goo[...] is prepared to transact any busi[ness] with the Crown Lands Department, Land claims, taking out Patents, a[...] any for parties having busi[ness] [with] the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MAR[...]
DENTIST. Office: Sparks [Street, Cen]tral Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. MART[...]
DENTIST. Office: Sussex [Street,] Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Gr[...] Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., [...]
HOMŒPATHIC Physicia[n] and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Ca[...] [Be] seen at night. References: Rev. George Lawren[ce,] John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. [...] Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., [...] John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, [...] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. WOLFF
LATE of Quebec. Residen[ce] [...] Square. D[...]

DR. C. LEGG[E]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and [...] Office: Hunton's Block, Spar[ks Street]

JOHN SWEETLAN[D]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon an[d] attending Physician to the [...] [Hospi]tal. Office and residence, corne[r] [of] Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite [...] [Char]lie's. Entrance on Mosgrove Stre[et] Ottawa, May 5.

DR. O. C. WO[OD]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon an[d] [...] Ottawa, C. W. Day office [...] Sparks Street, Center Town; 2 [...] Residence, Maria Street, Center [...] CANCERS CURED, without the [knife,] new, but certain, speedy, and al[ways] [...] References given to p[ersons] treated, if required. *The cure gu[aranteed]* Ottawa, April 14.

DR. W. J. HEN[...]
WELLINGTON Street, Be[...] of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. O'REILL[Y]
YORK Street, opposite [...] [Ho]tel. Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 190. | OTTAWA C. W., MONDAY JULY 30, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
and West, by Rail, Daily,	12.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m.	6.30 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
ner & N. Shore of Ottawa	8.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.
Rivière, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a.m.	9.30 a.m.
Carleton, Richmond, Perth, &c.,	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Montreal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, Aylmer (Sundays), &c., Daily	8.00 a.m. 6.00 p.m.	6.30 p.m. 7.30 a.m.
Gatineau and Wakefield,	3.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Gatineau & N. Templeton,	2.30 p.m.	12.30 p.m.

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English Mails, per R. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 3 p.m. every Tuesday—postpaid 12½ cts.; via New York, every Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Marseilles every alternate Monday, at Noon, Letters for France must be prepaid, and postable thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Post Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Lee's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North Street, two doors from Sussex. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa. February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. E. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE, ADVOCATE; Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec, Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec. December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT, ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law, Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Hall and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week. Aylmer, C.E. W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street. Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER, BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House. Ottawa, March 20. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street. Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON, BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD, BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa. February 7, 1866. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W. Robert Lees. John J. Gemmell. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal. February 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa. Wm. Clegg. Thos. F. Nellis. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers. Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Ottawa. Allan Duck. Jules P. Bucke. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD, LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, Ottawa. Offices to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any business for parties having business with any of the Government offices. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN, DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers. Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B., HOMEOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night. References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. Dan Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF, LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D., PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Cheapside Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffith's. Entrance on Musgrove Street. Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD, PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hanton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town. Chronic Cases, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.* Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY, WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY, YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP, ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church. Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR, ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Cresent, Upper Town, Ottawa. Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO., AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street. Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store. The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER, BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER, BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art. RULING done to any pattern. Particular attention paid to Map Mounting. Ottawa; December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON, BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY, CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY, CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street. Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE, COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS, Roofing Contractor, &c., CHURCH ST., OTTAWA, IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 28 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him. Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN, MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street. Ottawa, May 3. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention. Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY. C. J. BOUCHETTE, P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa. P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents. Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES, PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge. Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN, PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to. They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa. Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets. W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S. F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S. Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH, General Commission Agent, AND BROKER. Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL, AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr. December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments. Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada. March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler. January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL. MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL, (FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL,) YORK STREET, OTTAWA. R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR, LATE of Hamilton's Saloon. R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept. Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store, 39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he HAS REMOVED To the premises situated next door EAST, SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to. CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa. Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S Apothecaries Hall! 41 Sussex Street, Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines! PROPERLY COMPOUNDED *AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!*

JUST RECEIVED! THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest English & French Chemicals, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &c. Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported. All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand. *ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,* With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store. 67, Sparks Street. THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses, carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply Genuine Medicines, Pure Chemicals, Choice Perfumery, and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage. J. BROWN, Licentiate Apothecary. Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA DRUG WAREHOUSE, RIDEAU STREET. 1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866. A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh. A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week. FLORIDA WATER. BOZODONT. HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS. NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c. Just being opened up. JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D. P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis. Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES. THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the Ottawa Drug Warehouse. A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received. N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co., COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES, GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co., PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal. Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co., SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal. Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK, *(Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,)* General Commission Agent AND EXCHANGE BROKER. Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society. Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey. Office: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street. Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of Four Dollars and Upwards. OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. H. V. NOEL, Manager. Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale. THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap. APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL, Or R. E. O'CONNOR. Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA HAIR DRESSING SALOON, *Opposite the Russell House "Sign—the large Colored Lamp.* J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage. Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment. DUVERNAY BROS. 5tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME. Ottawa and Prescott Railway. ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a.m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:45 p.m.	" "	5.00 p.m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening. *N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.* Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway. Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line. T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT. Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA. SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables. C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director. May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY. 1866. 1866. Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec. FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNTIL otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows: The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge. The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. Robert Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included)..... $2.50
Steerage..... 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor. For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street. J. B. LAMERE, General Manager. Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866. UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company. UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE! CHANGE OF TIME! FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City. On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson, Capt. Bockus.
Oregon, " Findlay.
Calumet, " Blondin.
Pontiac, " Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather. Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily. For further particulars apply to G. R. NASH, Manager, Aylmer, C. E. Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a Garden & Nursery Within two miles of the city, In Gloucester, Green Field, County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Excelent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq. MATHEW T. DeRINZY. Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL. For sale by S. CHRISTIE, my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by S. CHRISTIE, Sole Agent, No. 5 Sparks Street. N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr., IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Groceries, Liquors, AND PROVISIONS, Wholesale and Retail. SPARROW'S BUILDING, Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets, OTTAWA. February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!" "Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & CO. WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS,	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS,	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS,	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS,	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS! WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware. DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS! *For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.*

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves! THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS. BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP! *LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!* COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION! Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN! *WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!* CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock! IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES. "THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT. 35, *SUSSEX STREET.* H. MEADOWS & Co. Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO., Fresco Painters! AND GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS, OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE, CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor. Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge. December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL, J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean. This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors. Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE, LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, Arthur J. Lemon, Proprietor. Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors. Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE, LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support. JAMES E. GOUIN, *Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.*

JOHN MALTMAN, LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham. The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords. GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance. JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE. MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons. Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS. Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL, NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor. This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please. OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON, GEORGE STREET, Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars. Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH Sewing Machines. HIGHEST PREMIUMS AWARDED at each and all of the Great International Exhibitions of Europe, for the last five years, including the World's Fair, London, 1862. The Great Dublin Exhibition of 1865. As well as the great Association and Agricultural Fairs of the United States, from time to time. The Three Stitch and Embroidering Attachment for this Machine, by, which three different and distinct stitches are made, can be attached to any Wheeler & Wilson in use. It makes the most beautiful Embroidery of any Machine ever introduced. In fact, for quality and range of work, simplicity, and easy running, don't forget to see the Wheeler & Wilson. Office and Saleroom:—37, Sparks St. Spool Silk, Machine Oil, Needles for all Machines, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired. 111-y G. A. WALTON, Agent.

NEAT AND COOL ARE THOSE Gentlemen's Prunella Congress, AND CHEAP, AT THE RED BOOT! THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at THE RED BOOT. A splendid assortment of Ladies' Balmorals and Congress! In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at THE RED BOOT. Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the RED BOOT! And you can hardly fail to be suited. The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!* WM. A. LAMB. Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers. PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a Country Newspaper, can purchase an office quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit. Apply for information, (post paid) to W. B. HEALEY, Or to EGAR YIELDING. Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa. Ottawa, December 20, 1865. -f

STEAMERS.

1866. 1866. THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS. OTTAWA TO MONTREAL. The new fast sailing Steamers "QUEEN VICTORIA," Alex. Bowie, Commander. "PRINCE OF WALES," H. W. Shepherd, Commander. STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m. The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists. Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carillon, valid for one day, at half fare. Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal. Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings. Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer. R. W. SHEPHERD. Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866. DICKINSON'S Rideau Passage & Freight Line, BETWEEN OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON. THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS "CITY OF OTTAWA," (Capt. J. Ryan,) "BY-TOWN," (Capt. Thos. Farmer,) THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day. Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day. Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m. Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings. These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston. Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged. Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c. Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; Or to the Proprietor, M. K. DICKINSON, Canal Basin, Ottawa. Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE! [*Established in* 1844.] DICKINSON'S OTTAWA AND RIDEAU, AND 1866. 1866. LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE. FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866 THE STOCK CONSISTS OF Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges, AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and vice versa. The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between OTTAWA AND KINGSTON, Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week. The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports. The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c. In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUG-BOATS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Dan Castello's Great Show.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Birthday and Wedding Presents—E. K. MacGillivray & Co.
Provincial Telegraph Line—G. W. Carleton.
Sewing Machines—G. A. Walton.

EXCURSION!
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Greenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

Provincial Telegraph Line!
OFFICES:
59, Fr Xavier St. Montreal. | Sparks St. Ottawa. | Yonge St. Toronto.

We are happy to announce the completion of the Provincial Telegraph Line to MONTREAL.

We have now perfect connection with the United States Telegraph Lines at

Montreal, Cape Vincent Buffalo & Detroit.

Messages correctly forwarded and promptly delivered.

G. W. CARLETON, Manager.
Ottawa, July 30th 1866. 190-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 30, 1866.

Yesterday we received the very gratifying and important announcement, that the *Great Eastern* had safely arrived; having completed the successful laying of the Atlantic Cable at 9 a. m., on the 27th. The signals were perfect throughout, and Mr. Field is confident that he will have a second cable laid by the 15th of August. Though the success of this magnificent enterprise may not evoke such a burst of enthusiasm as did its supposed achievement several years ago, since the public mind had long come to regard it as a certainty, yet the linking of Europe to America by the electric wire, resulting in, as we this time hope, the successful establishment of telegraphic communication between them, is undoubtedly one of the grandest triumphs of the practical genius of the age.

Particulars of the *Great Eastern's* outward passage, will be found under our telegraphic head. She returns immediately to pick up the cable lost last year.

We present to our readers to-day a full report of, to Ottawa, the most interesting debate which has taken place in Parliament this session. Hon. Mr. LeTellier de St. Just, of the Legislative Council, the leader of the opposition there, if there is really such a thing as an opposition in that House, moved to resolve that, in the opinion of the House, all further expenditure, excepting such always as might be necessary to preserve the Public Buildings from deterioration, should be stopped. At the request of some of the members, the gentleman who has reported the Council until within a couple of weeks, consented to report the debate,(which was carried on chiefly in French) and at his solicitation we agreed to print it. We need hardly commend its perusal to our city subscribers, since the topic discussed must be one of vital interest and importance to them: nor need we call their attention to the clear and decided opinions of the Premier, and of Hon. Mr. Campbell, Commissioner of Crown Lands, in regard to the permanency of the Seat of Government in Ottawa; but we do wish them to note the very able and successful manner in which the Hon. James Skead defended them from certain unreasonable charges, and how happily he scattered the foolish doubts which some parties were attempting to raise. We have also to thank him, personally, for his defence of the press of Ottawa, and beg to confirm his statements, that if the Legislative Council had dealt with us with just precisely the same degree of encouragement, not to say of liberality, as they did with the newspapers in Toronto and Quebec, we would have reported them as faithfully as ever they were in those places. Our report of to-day is a specimen of what we were prepared to do, and we apprehend most people will think it is a very satisfactory specimen indeed. This attempt to disturb the Queen's decision, is, we suppose, about the last kick, for Hon. Mr. Ryan to the contrary, notwithstanding, who, by the way, spoke, perhaps, under a little irritation. There is not the remotest prospect that the Confederate Parliament will interfere, and less still, that if they did they would ever agree. No, Ottawa need trouble itself no more on this score, but may safely direct its energies and resources to making itself more and more worthy of the high honor of being the metropolis of all the Gulf Provinces of British North America and of the Canadas.

To-morrow, if possible, we shall give the speech of Hon. Mr. Campbell, in the Legislative Council, on Friday evening, in answer to the extraordinary, we might say monstrous, charges of Mr. Francis Jones, M. P. P., against the administration of the Crown Lands Department.

How to begin, is often a very puzzling question. It bothers everybody in almost every undertaking. It meets us at all times, and on almost every occasion, and next to how to end, is really one of the most serious problems of life.

It has come before our Legislators touching a very important question, and many of them are sadly puzzled for the answer. They see the Confederate Government in the future, and they see the Local Governments, but how are they to be set in motion? The Hon. Mr. Brown is puzzled, the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald is bewildered, and the Hon. Mr. Holton is literally enveloped in a fog. The first sees what is designed to be as perfect a system of responsible government as possible, started in a very irresponsible way, the second sees an interregnum of Tories and corruptionists and "gentlemen opposite," which will wipe away the last vestige of liberty from the face of the land, and the third—if we may be permitted to draw an inference from the number and nature of his questions upon all sorts of subjects—literally sees nothing at all.

Well, it must be confessed the prospect to such visions is not encouraging. The "great future," with so many and such varied difficulties on its threshold, must send a cold chill to the patriot's very heart. But, after all, the question of how to begin the working of the new governmental machinery is not so very difficult of solution, as these gentlemen would have the country believe. The appointment of a Lieutenant-Governor with a five years' term of office, by a Governor-General, and an executive that has not solved the question of confidence or non-confidence, need not of necessity result in placing the Local administration of any of the Provinces in unworthy hands. The question of confidence or non-confidence as to executive acts, is one of acquiescence or condemnation *after* the act, not of dictation or direction *before* it; and it it should result that a bad appointment has been made, it will be competent for the Confederate Parliament to condemn the executive therefore, and that which made the appointment "bad" will be sufficient cause to assign for the removal of the obnoxious Governor. The constitutional usage that the patronage of the Crown should not be dispensed by an executive until it has secured an expression of the confidence of the Legislature, is surely subordinate to the supreme constitutional maxim that the Queen's Government must be carried on: hence we do not see that the difficulty pointed out by the Hon. Mr. Brown, and which is proposed to be met by the amendment of the Attorney-General West on Friday afternoon, deserved to be invested with such great importance. The mere making of the first appointment "strictly provisional" has the great merit, however, that it cannot possibly do any harm, and it may very improbably do some practical good. The danger of an irresponsible oligarchical interregnum is still more shadowy. It is expressly stipulated in the Quebec Resolutions that all the laws in force in each of the Provinces, at the time of the passing of the Imperial Act, shall so remain, until altered or repealed by the new Confederate or Local Legislatures. As a consequence all administrative officers under the law will continue in the performance of their duties, until some other provision is made for the discharge of these duties. The laws of the land, made under the existing Constitutions, will still be the laws of the land until the Confederate and the Local Parliaments shall have seen fit to change them, and we earnestly hope that the honorable member for Cornwall may live for many a day, and continue to shed the light of his "twenty-five years' experience in the Canadian Parliament," within the walls of the Confederate House of Commons, undimmed by the tyrannical oppression of the gentlemen at present on the Treasury Benches, and purified from the quirks and crotchets that now obscure its brightness, until even he cannot see in their true colors many things that are plain to the vision of far less experienced mortals.

We confess ourselves at a loss how to begin to clear away the thick fog surrounding the member for Chateauguay's conceptions of the manner of inaugurating the Confederate Government. The "fair meaning" which he puts on the Quebec Resolutions becomes "foul" to any eyes but his own. Everything comes in so much at the wrong time, goes through so steadily in the wrong way, and comes out so often at the wrong end, that the task would be a hopeless one to set them all right in one short column. We can only say, of all the many queries he propounds to the House, that it would be well for the time of the members if they were—as he so dramatically expressed it over the $35,000 item in the estimates—"withdrawn! withdrawn!! withdrawn!!!" The "time of the House and the country" for the husbanding of which he professes so much anxiety, would be far better spent in dealing with the principles involved in the measures before the Legislature, than in empty discussions over forms and practices which are well understood and would be generally conformed to, without his too watchful interference, or in reopening disputes about the mode of proceeding in matters which already have almost reached maturity. His question of how to begin on the Local Constitutions has been raised to late in the day.

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Louis Peltier, adjourned from Wednesday—selling liquor without license; defendant had subsequently taken his license. The case dismissed with costs.

PROVINCIAL TELEGRAPH.—This line has now their connection completed,and their communication perfect with Montreal, and by American lines to all parts of the United States. See advertisement elsewhere.

THE CONCERT TO-NIGHT.—The grand concert, for the benefit of the Orphans of French origin, will take place this evening, at the St. Patrick's Hall. The best of artists, from Montreal and elsewhere, have arrived in town for the purpose of singing at this concert. Tickets for the gallery will be sold at the door. Price, 25 cents.

THE FIRE ON ALBERT STREET.—An inquest was opened on Saturday, for the enquiry into the origin of this fire, which is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The occupant of the premises, Mr. Joseph Fissette, has been arrested and placed in safe keeping. He will appear before the inquest, which was adjourned until to-day.

THE THEATRE.—The benefit at this establishment, for the Misses Loraine and St. Clair, will take place on Friday evening next, when the most attractive bill of the season will be presented. They have exerted themselves to their utmost to please, and we hope to se them have the best benefit of the season. The amateurs of the P. C. O., will assist on this occasion, and it will positively be their only and last performance here.

RUNAWAY.—On Saturday afternoon as Mr. La Porte's horses and buggy were standing at the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, the horses were suddenly seized with a desire to go home; and like some unprincipled people, they paid no respects to whatever lay between them and their object. Their course was rapidly cleared, and, fortunately, there was no serious injury done until the owner's place was reached, when the carriage was suddenly turned over but not much damaged.

THAT CIRCUS.—It will be seen by referring to our advertising columns, that Dan Castello's great show, in which is combined all the attractions of the ancient arena, and the very essence of all Menageries, a den or cage of the Kings of the forest, and those brought under a perfect tractability, by the most daring artiste of the age, Herr Lengel, will hold forth in this city for two days, Friday and Saturday, the 10th and 11th of August. They are now approaching from the west, and the Toronto *Globe* in noticing the performances, pronounce the exhibition as the best that has ever been witnessed in Canada. Remember this is the only Circus that will visit this section of the country this season.

THE GREAT DESIDERATUM OF THE AGE.—Is there a man with soul so dead, who to himself hath not said—"I will go and buy a Sewing Machine for my wife," if there is, let Barnum get hold of him; no, that won't do, for he would be unfit for an exhibition. Read the advertisement of Mr. G. A. Walton, in this day's issue, then go and examine those beautiful little household angels, and you will at once be convinced that no family should be without one. The machines he sells are from the manufactory of Wheeler & Wilson, and are pronounced by all competent judges, as the best ever produced, both for durability, extent, and style of work. Mr. Walton thoroughly understands the management of working these machines, and imparts the knowledge in a most intelligible manner so that a child of eight or nine years of age, in a few days will become proficient in their working.

REMARKABLE WORK OF ART.—We had the very great pleasure, on Saturday, of examining a most remarkable, ingenious and artistic portrait or mirror frame, wrought in iron by Mr. Mitford, of this city, who has long been employed upon the public buildings in doing the ornamental iron work which sets them off to so much advantage; but we had no idea, until we had seen the frame in question, to what a degree of perfection this kind of work might be brought. The frame may be 3¼ x 4¼ feet, and represents two stems of oak, covered with leaves and acorns, and each of them with all the minute tracery of views and vessels seen upon the natural branches of the tree by a very near and critical examination. Then towards the top, where the branches arch over, the workman has introduced the rose, the thistle and the shamrock, with a skill of grouping and a fidelity of imitation, which is almost incredible. To crown the whole, in the centre, our own Canadian emblematic tree, the maple, contributes a beautiful spray of leaves, so tastefully disposed as to render the whole thing one of the most charming and graceful that can possibly be imagined. We have seen leather work and carvings of very superior design and execution, but this iron work, when the material is considered, is beyond question far more beautiful. We would recommend the Minister of Agriculture, who has charge of our interests at the approaching grand exhibition, of the products of all nations at Paris, to inspect the performance of Mr. Mitford, and if he should, we shall be much surprised if he does not deem it well worthy of being sent to Paris, as a choice specimen of what the artist artisans of Canada can accomplish. The frame is valued by the maker at $300, but we very much question whether that price would pay him ordinary journeyman's wages, for we understand that he has worked, off and on upon it, for over three years.

ANOTHER FENIAN EXCITEMENT ON THE WESTERN FRONTIER.

We learn from Saturday morning's *Leader* that a telegram had been received at 4 o'clock that a. m., from Dr. Kempson, Reeve of Fort Erie, stating that the Fenians were crossing a little above that place in numbers.

General Napier had been notified and had taken charge of the telegraph for the purpose of enquiring into the matter, the result of which had not yet been made known.

Parties here who have a right to positive knowledge of facts assure us that they have not crossed in any numbers, but that a reconnoitering party of Fenians had landed, and, after a short stay, had recrossed the river.

The fact that they have been openly drilling in the streets of Buffalo for some time past, and that their numbers have daily been augmented by fresh arrivals, added to to their public expressions that they will again cross and plant the Sunburst on Canadian soil, and that the American Government shall not know when or where, leads to a strong suspicion that they shortly intend making another marauding raid upon us.

There is one point, however, which is highly gratifying ,that is that the American and Canadian Government, have a perfect understanding, as to the future dealing with these wilfully misguided men. The armed steamer *Rescue*, was at Dunville on Saturday, and had been ordered to proceed at once to the front and patrol the river.

An American steamer of war is also laying off Buffalo harbor, and ready to move at a moment's notice.

General Napier has, we are now informed, made every necessary arrangement, for the reception of these men, who appear to be ambitious of attaining the exalted position of hemp stretchers.

BRANTFORD SPECIAL DESPATCH.

BRANTFORD STATION, July 28.

Referring to the letter signed "George Wallace," and another which appeared in the Toronto *Globe* of the 27th instant, I find from the books of the Company, that the number of cars supplied to stations on the Buffalo line for 1864, exceeds by 17 per cent. the number of corresponding periods in 1863. So that with the exception of a short period anterior to the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty, Brantford station has had its corresponding proportion of the increase. The rates of freight charged were merely the current rates at the time, and no complaints from any other source have made their appearance.

Signed,
W. McLEAN,
Sec'y B. & L. H. R. R.

SUMMARY PER CITY OF "NEW YORK."

Up to noon of the 18th, *City of Boston* reached Queenstown on the night of the 18th.

The *Great Eastern* was proceeding favorably up to the noon of the 17th, and had paid out 558 miles.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Mills gave notice of questions, whether the Government intended to prosecute Governor Eyrie of Jamaica.

Mr. Stanly gave a contradiction to the rumors that England would not allow Prussia to seize Hanover.

The motion for balloting was defeated by a large majority.

In the engagement before Olmutz on the 15th, the Austrians were defeated, with the loss of 16 guns.

The Austrians were making rapid retreat out of Moravia. The Prussians occupied Lunenburg on the 17th, cutting the communications between Olmutz and Vienna, the entire Prussian force being concentrated upon Vienna. The Prussians occupied Frankfort on the 17th, the Federal army greatly demoralized.

The Italian headquarters was at Rovigo on the 18th.

The Austrian forces were retiring into fortress Venetia, but were making some preparations to defend passages into Tyrol.

The Times announces the failure of the last effort for armistice both on the Austrian and Prussian sides; even negotiations for three days, in which France failed.

Prince Napoleon has gone on a special mission to the Italian headquarters

PARIS
Bourse firmer.
Rentes 68f. 25c.

—The Board of Councilmen, New York, have re-passed over the Mayor's veto by a vote of 18 to 4, the resolution for a ten years' contract to light the city with coal gas.

—It appears from letters received that the Democrats and the Republicans in the United States are already quarrelling for the dirty favors of the Fenians.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, July 27th, 1866.

The House met at three o'clock.
After routine,

Public Buildings.

Hon. Mr. LE TELLIER DE ST. JUST moved to resolve, that in the opinion of this House, no further expenditure should be made upon the Parliamentary, Departmental or other Public Buildings in Ottawa, except what may be necessary to prevent deterioration of the same, until the proposed constitutional changes have been determined upon, and the wishes of the Parliament having the disposal of them thereafter, shall be signified respecting said buildings.

In bringing up this motion, the hon. member said that it was somewhat similar to the motion brought up by another hon. member (Hon. Mr. Bosse), a few days ago, which was ruled out of order for want of notice, but it seemed to him that the opinions it expressed were correct and reasonable. Year by year large sums were being asked for these buildings, and now when they had got so near completion another large vote was asked. In view of the fact that the Finance Minister was so embarrassed to provide funds for necessary expenses, that he had to resort to the issue of bills, he (Mr. Le Tellier) thought it would be much wiser to retrench than go on laying out more money upon these edifices. Though they were hardly so convenient as was desirable, yet they were quite sufficiently so to permit of the business of Parliament being carried on, and there was therefore no imperative necessity for any further immediate large expenditure. Then, as Confederation was really accomplished, why, he would ask, should Canada bear all the cost, which might be found needed to complete the works? By the Confederation scheme this country would have large sums to pay the Lower Provinces, and he would ask why they should not bear their part in the further expense for the purpose of their completion? The proposal looked as if the Government desired to free those Provinces altogether from any participation in the expense, and to throw the whole burden upon the people of Canada. It was his impression that if the hon. Premier, who was himself an economical man, frankly stated what his feelings were on this subject, he would agree with him, and he believed there were other members of the Government who would do the same. They knew the buildings were a great folly, and if they were, why should the folly be further increased by additional outlay. It might, perhaps, be said that it was not the proper business of this House to interfere in matters of this kind, but he thought that as this would be the only occasion upon which it could express its views and make an effective opposition to the proposed expenditure, it ought to support the motion, unless, indeed, it took the more decided step of rejecting the Supply Bill, which was hardly a thing to be thought of. If the House pronounced its opinion now, the Government might possibly reconsider the matter and so far change its course as to make it unnecessary to have recourse to so extreme a measure. In Toronto this House had, however, taken the responsibility of rejecting the Bill of Supply, because it contained an appropriation of $200,000 for public buildings at Quebec, and then there were conferences and consultations, and finally the ministry concluded to drop the item, and the bill without it was passed without any demur or delay.—The motion now before the House was not one of Want of Confidence, any more than the rejection of the Bill of Supply at Toronto, and he did not intend it as such. The government was what was called a coalition government, and they had no doubt done many things which would need the use of a sponge. We were told, we must, at all hazards, maintain our credit, but it was well known that our securities were lower now than they had ever been before, and he would ask whether it was at such a time that we should be adding to our indebtedness; was it because we had committed a great folly erecting these vast edifices that we must continue, and add to it. He thought it was quite proper on the part of the House to ask the government not to proceed further for the present, at least in making large additional outlays. The hon. member then went on to find fault with the government for not having had its measures ready, and said that a full month had been lost in waiting upon them.

The hon. member then presented the motion, and looked round for a seconder, but none immediately appearing Hon. Mr. Skead offered his services amid some laughter, but Dr. Malhiot from the other side of the House accepted the responsibility.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said he regretted the hon. member should have persisted in presenting his motion, and reviving the old vexed question of the seat of government, which had caused so much trouble to the country.

Hon. Mr. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST said he had no intention whatever of reviving that question.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU said he was glad to hear it, but the inference from his action that he wished to do so was perfectly natural. The very language of the motion suggested that this was its object, for the completion of the Public Buildings was to be deferred until the accomplishment of the contemplated constitutional changes, so that if they were not accomplished it was to remain open. Then, if accomplished the hon. member evidently wished the Confederate Government to decide whether the seat of Government was to remain in Ottawa or not. The hon. member had evidently forgotten the substance of the 52nd article of the Confederation Resolutions adopted by this House almost unanimously, and in which he believed the country had acquiesced with equal satisfaction. By the terms of the Resolution in question, Canada was to furnish the Public Buildings in a completed state, and if so was it not proper that they should be finished. If this was not the legitimate meaning of the article in question, he did not know what else it could mean. The said article was short, and in these words, "The seat of Government of the Federal Provinces shall be at Ottawa, subject to the Royal Prerogative. The hon. member desired to know perhaps what was meant to be done with the $500,000, or how the money was to be distributed. Well it was already known that by far the greater part of the amount was to meet balances due upon the work executed, and when they were paid there would be hardly $115,000 left for further necessary expenditure. There was first a sum of $42,000 for furnishing the various rooms, then a considerable sum for the means of protecting the buildings against accidents by the electric fluid, to the necessity of providing which, the hon. member himself (Mr. Le Tellier,) had called the attention of the House but a short time ago, and to whose arguments on that occasion might be due the intended appropriations.

Hon. Mr. LE TELLIER DE ST. JUST said he did not object to any really necessary expenditure.

Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU—Then there were items for gas, and for the improvement of the water works. It was well known to the hon. member, that means would have to be taken to purify the water, which now came into the buildings in anything but a fit state to be used. To finish works now in progress $153,000 would be needed, and in fact, it was feared that the gross appropriation would be insufficient to meet all the demands upon it. He believed that in view of these facts, every reasonable person would see that it was impossible to avoid voting the money asked. But the hon. member insisted that in view of the near consummation of Confederation, it was unnecessary to proceed with the works necessary to complete the edifices, and that this Province ought not to bear the whole expense, but this was again said in forgetfulness of the fact that Parliament had approved of the Confederation Resolutions, which declared that Canada was to furnish suitable buildings for the General Legislature. Then, passing on from the actual question in hand, the hon. member had insisted upon the propriety of seizing the opportunity of made a considerable retrenchment, and had alluded to the state of the public credit, to show how necessary it was to do so. Now, if the obligations of which he (Mr. Belleau) had spoken had not existed, it might be very proper to consider the hon. member's advice, but in the face of the fact, that by far the largest amount of the money asked for, was already due for work done, it was clearly impossible to do so.

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, said that as his hon. colleague had spoke in French it would perhaps be as well that he should make a few remarks in English, so that the hon. members should all be able to apprehend the precise position of the matters referred to. Now he must say at the outset he was rather surprised that the hon. member, whose views were generally characterized by practical good sense, should have consented to connect his name with a motion like that before the House. That motion took no cognizance of existing contracts for works in course of execution, and which had to be finished, but treated them as mere bagatelles. If the government had proposed to spend $500,000 upon new works he could readily understand the hon. member's objections, but there were no new works proposed, and no additions to the buildings now erected. All that was proposed was to finish the works in progress, and to pay balances due upon completed contracts. In fact the bulk of the money was already spent. Would it be maintained that the Houses were not to be furnished, or that the furniture already purchased was not to be paid for? The only new works, if they could be so called, would be the fencing and accessories, and he presumed no one would deny that those should be provided. True, the expenditure had been large, perhaps larger than it ought to have been, but should we on that account stop short, and leave the buildings unfinished. He did not wish to characterize any thing the hon. member had said as absurd, yet he hardly knew what else to call it. But the worst of the motion was that it threw doubt upon the permanency of the government in Ottawa which had now been settled for seven or eight years. By almost the common consent of both houses of Parliament, the subject had been referred to the decision of Her Majesty, and her choice had been acquiesced in by the country. The buildings were undoubtedly very fine, and were a credit to the country. They might perhaps be considered somewhat in advance of its present wants, but he hoped not of its future prospects. After Confederation they would probably not be found too large. He did not think the motion addressed itself to the good sense of the House or the country, and certainly it appeared to him to be very injudicious, to excite doubts as to the permanency of a settlement which had been arrived at with so much trouble. He hoped this Chamber would not be the first to excite an agitation upon the subject, and renew again the difficulties of by-gone years. If the agitation should be revived,the issue, if successful, could only lead to another large expenditure for buildings elsewhere. This was the only possible effect of the motion, if it were adopted. (Hear, hear.) It would immediately induce persons so disposed, to commence a new agitation, which might be fraught with many evils. But the motion, in another view, did address itself to the common sense of the House, as it was not within its perogative to control the public expenditure: which of all the hon. members present would, if he were building a residence for his family, stay his hand if a railing or few trees were wanted to complete it. The motion was contrary to the principles which guided men in their private affairs. He trusted that the House would show its determination not to encourage the agitation, which could not but result from the adoption of the proposition, but that the fine buildings would be fully completed, and that for many long years the Parliament of the United Provinces would meet and deliberate there. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. SKEAD said the motion before the House was no doubt one of very great importance, and he was glad the Government had met it with so much decision. In his opinion it would be in the highest degree inconsistent to adopt it. If carried the action could not stop there, for the House would then be compelled in order to continue in harmony with itself to reject the subsidies. It was in truth a most unreasonable thing to ask the House to assent to such a proposition. He did not very well know what the hon. member for Grandville (Mr. Le Tellier) expected to accomplish by it, unless it were to revive a cause of general excitement and disquiet. The country had been convulsed for many years with great questions which it had been found extremely troublesome to settle, such as the Seigniorial Tenure, the Clergy Reserves, and lastly the Seat of Government, but happily they had all at last been settled, and he hoped settled for ever. The Seat of Government had been found the most difficult of all, and the disputes about it seemed to be endless. At last when agreement in the Province was found impossible, the Legislature had resolved to refer it to the Queen, and no doubt the merits of the question had been fully canvassed and examined by the Imperial ministers assisted by competent persons who had finally decided that Ottawa was, upon the whole, the most eligible place. This decision, he believed, was generally satisfactory and should be so considered. It was said that the Duke of Wellington, so far back as 1820, when considering the defences of the Province with the map before him, had placed his finger upon Ottawa as the spot for the seat of its general Government. It was indeed, in respect of the cultivated portions of the country,as near to the centre as possible. The population to the east was no doubt the largest, but the west was fast filling up, and the difference would soon be equalized. Then it was far enough from the frontier for protection, and he could not see what object could be served by disturbing the settlement. And if it were disturbed who would be competent to re-settle it? Would it be possible in Canada to agree upon any particular locality? The experience of the past was an answer to that question. It would then have to be referred again to some other power, to England, and possibly some few might say to the United States, though personally he would never agree to the latter reference, (hear.) But the question had been referred, and if we left a matter to be decided by a third person, did we not feel bound in honor to abide by his decision? How much more then were we now bound to abide by the settlement,since it had been made at our own request by the highest personage in the realm—our own gracious Queen. (Hear, hear.) it had been said that there was no public opinion in Ottawa, that there were no houses to accommodate the Civil Service, and that in fact many other things were wanting. He regretted, that to some extent the objections might have some weight, but it should be remembered that Ottawa was a new place, and it could not reasonably be expected that it should suddenly become a community, with all the social advantages of old cities like Quebec, Montreal and Toronto. The people of this region came here poor, and had toiled their way up, and in good time he had no doubt Ottawa would be all that could be reasonably desired. The very proposition before the House had already excited fears as to the security of the government, and he had seen letters inquiring what it meant. The complaint had been made that the papers here were unwilling or unable to report and publish the debates, but this certainly was a very unfair objection. (Hear,hear). If the same inducements had been offered to the Ottawa papers which were given to the papers in Toronto and Quebec, there was not the least doubt that our debates would have been as readily published here as in those cities. (Hear, hear). No doubt some persons would like to have the seat of Government at Montreal, and it could not be denied that Montreal was a very fine place indeed. It was the commercial emporium of the Province, and being at the head of sea navigation possessed advantages which could not but make it a large and prosperous city. The merchants there did not want the seat of Government to go there, though possibly other parties might like to have it, but he doubted after all whether it were the best place for it. The House of Parliament had been burnt there once in a popular tumult, and might be so again. (Oh! Oh!) Quebec would be the seat of Government for Lower Canada, and Toronto for Upper Canada, and the General Government could hardly go to either of them. But Ottawa had a guarantee for permanency as the seat of the General Government, which could not be taken from it. It was the expenditure of two and a half millions of dollars, and he considered that perfectly satisfactory security. There was not the slightest fear of a removal. As to the insufficiency of accommodation in the city, in two or three years the objection would have vanished. The Government itself was not altogether free from blame for this. The contracts had been suspended; a commission was appointed at a large cost,and a considerable delay ensued before the works were resumed. The hon. member for Grandville himself who found fault with the expenditure was in part responsible for this, for he was a member of the Government at the time. These proceedings excited doubts as to the ultimate issue, and prevented many persons from building houses, who would have been prepared to do so if every thing had gone on smoothly. If there had been too large an outlay the blame did not rest with the present Government alone, for there had been two or three different Governments during the six or seven years the buildings were being erected, and it was therefore somewhat unreasonable for the House to find fault with the people of Ottawa if they had not prepared themselves as they might have done to receive the Government, when at last the removal did take place. In view of the condition of the finances, it was undoubtedly proper to exercise a rigid economy, but when the details of the $500,000 asked were examined it would be found that there was only $115,000 left to be expended, and it seemed pretty clear that that sum was barely sufficient for all that remained to be done. The motion looked like nothing else than one of want of confidence, whatever might be said to the contrary, and he thought the only way to deal with it, was to throw it out so that it might be settled in the public mind, once for all, that any change was out of the question. (Hear, hear.) A great deal had been said about the cost of heating the public buildings, and some most outrageous stories had gone abroad on the subject, yet while great portions of them were still open and exposed to the cold, the expenditure of wood was for the three blocks just 16½ cords per day, or less than $50, and he verily believed that the cost in Quebec, when all the Departments were taken into account, was larger. He was told that next winter the consumption of wood would not be over 9 or 10 cords. Now it was hardly fair that such monstrous accounts should go to the country. Things would continue to improve, and by next winter, he believed, all parties would be better satisfied. As to the delay, he thought that after all, it was not so very extraordinary as was represented. The public buildings at Washington were not as yet quite completed, and the Houses of Parliament in London, though over twenty years in course of construction, were not quite finished. In both cases the cost had largely exceeded the estimates, and it was always the case in works of this kind. Then, as to the expense of our own, though large, yet six years' tax upon the timber made in the Ottawa Valley, in a section of country 100 by 50 miles, would give a revenue of $3,000,000, and so pay off the whole cost. The money expended, besides, was not lost. It had gone into the hands of our own people, and remained in the country. It should not be forgotten that the site was chosen by the Queen herself, (hear, hear), and that long before that it had been pointed out by the Duke of Wellington, as the most suitable for the capital. Other distinguished men had came to the same conclusions, and he thought it very probable that Champlain himself, two hundred and fifty years ago, when coming up the Ottawa, and passing the bluff upon which these buildings stood, may have said to himself that at some future day it would be the spot upon which the public buildings of the Province of Canada would be erected.—(Hear, hear, and laughter.) The Stadacona was but a collection of small huts, and Hochelaga was no better, and therefore Champlain could not be particularly prepossessed in their favor, any more than in favor of Ottawa. But we had all improved a good deal since, and were going steadily on to further and greater progress. We had now a population of nearly four millions, and under Confederation it would very likely increase much faster than even it had done before. All that was wanted was to establish public confidence in the permanency of the settlement, and with this sense of security Ottawa must ere long become all that was desirable in the seat of government for the great Confederation which was on the eve of being consummated. He thought the hon. member who had placed the motion before the House would see that it was better for him to withdraw it. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. ROSS spoke low, and was very imperfectly heard, but was understood to say that if the motion prevailed it might lead to a change of the seat of government which he deprecated. For his part he had always been in favor of the alternating system, believing it was beneficial in many ways, and should have been persevered in until the mind of the people was fully made up as to which was the better locale. It had been found utterly impossible to decide the question, for when it came up, and one place was named all the others combined against it. So well satisfied was he that it could not be settled to the satisfaction of all parties, that when the question to decide upon a place came up in the House he moved an amendment in favour of the alternating system, as would appear by consulting the journals. As to the proposal to stop futher expenditure when the buildings were drawing near to completion, he thought it a most unreasonable proposition. The motion was equal to one of want of confidence, and for one, he was not prepared to assist in turning out the present government. (hear, hear.) With others he might regret the large expense, but must say he was proud of the magnificent buildings which had been erected, and he wanted them to be suitably finished. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. SANBORN, in a playful vein, said for his part he had found Ottawa a pleasant place, and had spent his time in it agreeably. As to the society, it was as good as in most other places, and he saw no reason for disparaging it. Indeed, he believed it would be an excellent society, if it were not injured by the presence of the members of Parliament. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) Like other places it had its advantages and disadvantages, but on the whole it was a very nice place. As to the motion before the House, the hon. mover had rendered good service in presenting it, since it had elicited a discussion which could not fail to be advantageous. Extravagant reports of the expenditure had been sent abroad, and the poor Commissioner of Public Works, himself, when asking for the necessary appropriations, had requested them with tears in his eyes (Laughter.) He was sorry, he said, to ask for so much, but what could he do, the money was expended, or must be expended, and must be had. Now for his (Mr. Sanborn's) part, he was not disposed to consider the expense so disproportioned to the means of the Provinces, as some hon. members. (Hear, hear,) and then we had a great many comforts for the money. He thought, however, that it was a mistake to have sacrificed convenience so much to beauty of architecture, and was of opinion that buildings of less external pretensions and greater internal comfort could have been erected for the sum first voted, viz: $900,000. The Assembly's public room would be too small for the accommodation of the Confederate Parliament, and there were not committee rooms enough in either sections. Already this House had parted with three of its rooms to accommodate the other, but they were still short. The fact was that the space towards heaven was too large while the floor space was too small (laughter.) He did not see, however, that the motion was absolutely an offence to common sense, yet, as he was not prepared to aid, by his vote, in exciting doubts as to the permanency of the Seat of Government at Ottawa, he could not support it. If it was not intended to have that effect, it at least looked that way. He did not want to get afloat again, but he would ask the Government to have mercy upon the people, and in any future necessary expenditure to exercise the most rigorous economy and the most faithful oversight, and also that they should stop further outlay within some reasonable time.—(Hear, hear.) The buildings had already cost half as much as the Victoria Bridge, and nobody could have put the cost in a more striking light than the hon member for the Rideau Division, when he said it would require the income derived from six years of the lumber tax collected in the Ottawa to pay the amount. On the whole, he was pleased with the discussion, and thought it could not fail to do good.

Hon. Mr. CHRISTIE said, that in common with other hon. members, he could not but say that there had been great extravagance in the construction of the public buildings, and he would therefore implore the Government to exercise a more rigid oversight in future over the expenditure of the money voted. He saw that £300 were spent upon the Post Office alone, and this he considered quite absurd, but it was only in keeping with other items which might be mentioned. Yet, no doubt the work must be carried on to completion, and he could not see that he would be doing his duty by voting for the motion before the House. If the motion were carried it was quite clear the House would come in collision with the Assembly. Then the vote must be of record upon our journals, and we could not then stop there. The consequence would be, in order to be consistent, a vote against the Bill of Supply, and this he was not prepared to do. (Hear, hear). This would be the inevitable result, and therefore, while protesting strongly as he did, against the extravagance in the expenditure hitherto, he could not feel that he would be doing right in assenting to the motion. (Hear, hear).

Hon. Mr. BOSSE contended that the motion could not have, as it was not intended to have, any such effect. For his part he had not blamed the government, and in his original motion had only asked for the probable cost in future of maintenance or care taking, with the view only of securing greater economy. If the government had said that the sum asked was in fact already expended, or nearly so, he would not have objected to the item, and would make no further objection to it now.

Hon. Mr. ALEXANDER remarked chiefly upon the defects which had manifested themselves in the construction of the Chambers, particularly in regard to acoustics and ventilation. It was lamentable that the members at one end of the room could not hear those at the other end speak, and that the audiences and reporters should almost be unable to catch the sense of what was said. He earnestly hoped that these defects would be remedied before the next session. The motion had not done any harm, but on the contrary had elicited opinions which would tend to settle the seat of government more firmly at Ottawa. For his part he had no objection to the place, and it certainly was not the fault of the citizens that the country around was not more settled. In time then disadvantages would vanish, and the place would be as suitable as any.

Hon. Mr. RYAN said that the hon. member for the Rideau Division (Hon. Mr. Skead) had made use of language in respect of Montreal, which was wholly uncalled for and unnecessary. He would be sorry to disturb the Seat of Government, but when the members from the other Provinces came to Parliament, they would have a right to express their opinions as to the suitableness of the place for the Confederate Government, and he therefore thought, it was very unfortunate that the hon. member should have brought up any recollections calculated to create a feeling of rivalry. Those old recollections might be discussed on two sides like all other questions, and he thought that in any comparison which might be made between the two places, Montreal was not likely to suffer. (Hear, hear.) He was delighted, however, to hear that Champlain had foreseen the greatness of Ottawa, and fixed upon it as the Seat of Government for the United Provinces. It was certainly a remarkable instance of prescience on the part of that great man. Of course all must be aware of the advantages of the situation, but yet the Confederated Parliament would, no doubt, claim to exercise their own judgment upon it. He did not remember ever having read of the opinion expressed by the Old Duke so many years back, and thought that in any future edition of the lives of Champlain, and Wellington, the facts related by the hon. member, should be carefully narrated. (Hear, hear and laughter. He was sorry for the allusions to the unfortunate events in Montreal, but the place had greatly changed since then. There were no such buildings there as those in question, but thought that if Public Buildings had been erected there, the work would have been satisfactory, as they would have been more under the public eye in course of construction, than these buildings had been in Ottawa. As to the final settlement of the Seat of Government, he maintaind that it would be for the Confederated Government to decide.

Hon. Mr. LE TELLIER DE ST. JUST said he thought his motion was the most proper way in which the House could express its opinions on the subject of the expenditure on the Public Buildings, and moreover that it was strictly in accordance with article 52 of the Resolutions on Confederation. In his opinion, that article left it open for the Confederated Parliament to say where the seat of Government would be, and he agreed with the hon. member for Victoria, (Hon. Mr. Ryan), in that respect. He (Mr. Le Tellier) had not objected to any necessary expenses, and however large he was willing they should be paid, but in the present condition of the public finances he maintained still that we ought not to plunge into any expenditure which could be avoided. He did not agree with the hon. member for Rideau that we should do as they had done, or were doing, at Washington, or London, and drag the buildings over many more years.

Hon. Mr. SKEAD, I did not say any such thing, but that the expenditure first estimated had been greatly exceeded, and that after a very much longer time than the Ottawa buildings were in construction, theirs were not yet finished.

Hon. Mr. LE TELLIER DE ST. JUST, said there were items in the statement of things yet to be done which were quite necessary, but there were some which were not so. For instance the finishing of the central tower, could not this be left over for another winter, to try whether the lower part would support the superincumbent weight. Some persons thought it would not. We were not bound to finish these buildings before Confederation. The hon. Premier had said as much as that if we did not we would not be keeping faith with the Lower Provinces, but he (Mr. Le Tellier) had not discovered any provision of this kind in the scheme. He still maintained we had done more than our share, and that the Lower Provinces ought to contribute their own which under any circumstances would be small. With the consent of the House he would now withdraw his motion.

The SPEAKER submitted to the House whether the hon. member should be allowed to do so,and it being decided in the affirmative the motion was withdrawn accordingly.

It being then 6 o'clock, the Speaker left the chair.

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS!

Arrival of the Great Eastern

Successful Landing of the Atlantic Telegraph.

The Signals Throughout are Declared Perfect.

MONTREAL, July 29th.—We have received reliable information this morning from Hearts Content, Newfoundland, via Sackville, New Brunswick, that the Atlantic Cable was successfully completed at 9 a. m., on the 27th, and that the signals throughot it were perfect.

The *Great Eastern* will return immediately to pick up the cable lost last year, and Mr. Field is confident of having a second cable completed by the 15th of August.

HEART'S CONTENT, Nfld., July 27.

The *Great Eastern* left Sheerness on Saturday at noon, June the 30th. Arrived at Bearhaven on Thursday morning, July 5th, and there received the balance of her coals and provisions. The other steamers accompanying the telegraph, joined the *Great Eastern* at Bearhaven, as follows:—The *William Corry* and *Terrible*, Friday the 6th, *Albany* 7th, *Medway* Tuesday, 10th inst. Saturday, the 7th July, the end of the small shore cable was landed from the *William Corry*, and at 2:30 the next morning laying was successfully completed, and the end buoyed in 94 fathoms of water, latitude 51.40, longitude 11.06; distance from the telegraph house at Valentia, 27½ miles; 29½ miles of cable paid out. Wednesday 11th instant, Her Majesty's steamship *Racoon*, was sent to render all the assistance in her power. Thursday the 12th the *Great Eastern*, *Medway*, *Albany*, *Terrible* and *Racoon*, sailed from Bearhaven.

Religious services were held at Valentia, and prayers offered for the successful laying of the cable.

On Friday the 13th the shore cable was spliced to the main cable on board of the *Great Eastern*, and at 2:40 p. m., the telegraph fleet started for Newfoundland, and the *Racoon* returned to Valentia. The telegraph fleet sailed in the following order: The *Terrible* ahead of the *Great Eastern* on the starboard bow; the *Medway* on the port; and the *Albany* on the starboard quarter. Weather thick and foggy, with heavy rain. Signals through cable on board the *Great Eastern*, and to the telegraph house at Valentia, 2,404 nautical miles, perfect.

SATURDAY, July 14.—Distance run, 108 miles, cable paid out, 116; Sunday 15th, distance run, 126, paid out, 139; Monday, 16th, distance 115 miles, paid out, 137; Tuesday, 17th, distance run 118, paid out, 138; Wednesday 18th, distance run 105, paid out 123; Thursday 19th, distance 122, paid out 129; Friday 20th, 117, paid out 127; Saturday 21st, distance, 122, paid out, 136; Sunday 22nd, distance, 123, paid out, 133; Monday, 23rd, distance, 121, paid out, 138; Tuesday, 24th, distance, 121, paid out, 135; Wednesday, 25th, distance, 112, paid out, 130; Thursday, 26th, distance, 128, paid out, 134; Friday, 27th, distance, 112, paid out, 118, which with shore end off Valentia, distance 27 miles, cable paid out 29 miles, makes the distance run 1669 miles, and paid out 1864 miles.

HEART'S CONTENT, 9 a. m., July 27.—The average speed of the ship from the time the splice was made until we saw land, was a little less than 5 nautical miles per hour, and the cable has been paid out at an average of 5 and a half miles per hour; total slack less than twelve per cent. The weather has been more pleasant than I have ever known it on the Atlantic at this season of the year. We have had alternate days of rain, sometimes fog and squalls. I have requested Mr Dean, Secretary of Anglo-American Telegraph Company, to send you a detailed account of the hopes and fears the ups and downs experienced in laying the cable across the Atlantic.

We are in constant communication with Valentia since the splice was made on the 14th instant, and have daily received news from Europe, which was posted up on the outside of the telegraph office, for the information of all on board the *Great Eastern*, and signalled to the other ships.

After taking in coals, the telegraph fleet will sail for the spot where the cable was lost last year and recover the end, and complete a second line between Ireland and Newfoundland, and then the *Medway* will proceed to lay the new cable across the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

The cable will be open for business in a few days, and all messages sent to Europe in the order that they are received at Heart's Content. I cannot find words suitable to convey my admiration for the men who have so ably conducted the enterprise.

(Signed,) C. W. FIELD.

To D. H. CRAIG, Esq.,
Agent Associated Press, New York.

HEART'S CONTENT, Nfld., July 27th.

To Hugh Allan, Esq., President Montreal Telegraph Company.

I congratulate you on the successful completion of telegraph communication between Ireland and Newfoundland, and hope within two weeks from this to be able to inform you that the cable lost last year has been recovered, and a second line in operation across the Atlantic. I assure you that all on board the Telegraph Fleet will do all that they can to accomplish the object.

(Signed) CYRUS W. FIELD.

European News!

Arrival of the S. S. Peruvian.

Four Days' later from Europe.

The "Peruvian" makes the passage from Londonderry in 7 days, 13 hours.

The Queen and Prince Leopold's Health.

The War News.

The Prussians have entered Damstadt

Peace Negotiations still pending.

A Reconstruction of the British Navy spoken of.

FATHER POINT, 28th.—The S. S. *Peruvian*, Captain Ballantine, arrived at 3 p.m. She was detained 9 hours by fog. She brings 256 passengers.

The *Moravian* arrived out on the 17th. The *Peruvian* left Liverpool at 2:30 p.m. July 19th and Londonderry 20th. The *City of Boston* arrived at Queenstown at 6 a. m., on the 18th and arrived at Liverpool 4 a. m., on the 19th.

The report of the *Great Eastern's* progress is favorable. At noon on the 18th 682 miles were paid out.

The health of Prince Leopold and Queen Victoria excited some apprehension.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone announced the withdrawal of the compulsory Church rates abolition bill for the present session. The Elective Franchise Bill was also withdrawn.

Sir Richard Mayne, Chief of Police, issued an order forbidding the proposed Reform gathering in Hyde Park on the 23rd as illegal. Necessary measures would be taken to prevent the assemblage.

The Daily News' city article says, the effects of the stoppage of the Birmingham Banking Company in that town, were passing away.

Preston & Co. suspended payment on the 19th. Liabilities at present unknown.

The Prussians entered Darmstadt on the 18th; the Prussian Gen. Falkenstein established his headquarters at Frankfort, and issued a proclamation announcing the assumption of the Government of Nassau, Frankfort, and occupied portions of Bavaria and Darmstadt.

Several Frankfort journals have been suppressed provisionally.

The Frankfort Senate has been dissolved in Southern Germany.

The Prussian headquarters was established at Eunenberg on the 18th.

The military correspondent of the *Times* with the Prussian army says, another reserve is about to be formed which will raise the army to 300,000, exclusive of reserves,garrisons, and fortresses.

The Times correspondent with the Austrian army says, the necessaries of the Austrians not supplied, although the army lost much confidence of its courage.

The effect produced by the needle gun actually wavering [illegible] its influence. It appears to wound [illegible] to kill. The Austrian army in front of Vienna and in the field is now for first time numerically greater than the Prussian grand army. If the latter be reduced, as we suppose it will have to be by necessity of position in keeping open its communications, and occupying captured places.

On the 17th, the Italian force attacked Borgo fort, cannonading lasting several hours. During the night the Austrians withdrew, abandoning guns, ammunition and provisions.

Rue du Pont, at Montiago and Forts Rochella and Bocede de Gondo, were destroyed by the Italian artillery.

The Italians occupied Borgo Fort, and were enthusiastically received by the inhabitants. The Italian loss was slight. The Austrian commander claims to have driven the Italians across the Acafferi river. It is said that Garibaldi was present. The Austrians captured 200 prisoners.

The London *Times* considers any grand operations at an end in Italy; there are only room left for sieges and desultory operations and petty warfare. Fleet not before Venice. While nothing is being done by sea it is unlikely that Caldini will venture any unsustained attack on the land side.

A telegram from Vienna announces the arrival of Marshal Benedek and the French ambassador. The Emperor is stated to have decided, and refused the Prussian conditions, excluding Austria from German confederation. The Prussian official *Gazette* says amicable treaty alliance between Prussia and Italy and that neither party should conclude either peace or armistice without consent.

Berlin semi official papers gives the following:

Prussia asks the establishment of a union of Her Eastern and Western Provinces, which have become indespensibly necessary.

Emperor Napoleon recognizing the justice and moderation, these demands were accepted the same as basis of peace, and had resolved to remain neutral in event of their being refused by Austria. *The Moniteur du Soir* contradicts the journals which appeared to disbelieve the French cabinet, in offering its good offices which induced Italy to conclude an armistice independently, and was preparing to take part in armed mediation in Germany. French intervention diplomaticaly creating the idea of peace by threatening measures have created fresh and more serious complications.

Prussia before consenting to the armistice demands that Austria should accept the preliminaries of peace upon which negotiation between the two powers should be based.

The Morning Post says, that France has decided to avoid any concentration of French troops on the frontiers towards the seat of war, so anxious is the Emperor to avoid the slightest indication of any fear about France being drawn into military activity.

FRANCE.

Bourse on the 18th firm.
Rentes closed 68f. 35c.

The money market funds on the 18th improved ¼ per cent. Owing to peace and harvest prosperity, the discount demand was quiet.

A deputation to the Glasgow Chamber of Commerce had an interview with the Chancellor of the Exchequer referring to the working of Banks &c.,and great damage inflicted on trade by interest. Mr. Disraeli opposed the appointment of a committee enquiring into the subject.

FURTHER BY THE "PE[illegible]

LIVERPOOL, July 17th.—The A[illegible] *Pawnee*, from Liverpool for N[illegible] grounded on Blackwater bank an[illegible] oned. She was afterwards take[illegible] by the coast guard.

The *Oregon* from San Franc[illegible] was totally lost on the 3rd [illegible] Fegee Islands, crew saved.

The *Labelle* from San Fran[illegible] Kong, was lost on Watt's Island[illegible] the treasure would probably be [illegible]

The Prince of Wales and the [illegible] burgh, paid a visit to the [illegible] ness on the 14th. After clos[illegible] the ship, they partook of lun[illegible] leaving they expressed themsel[illegible] fied with the courtesies show[illegible] American officers.

The *Manat* [illegible] and [illegible] to sail for Russia on the 16th. [illegible]

The Times, musing on the sub[illegible] urges the complete reconstructio[illegible] navy, and says the present sh[illegible] useless against Monitors, of wh[illegible] tomack is the precursor.

Parliament reassembled on th[illegible]

Few cases of cholera appe[illegible]

The Prussian headquarters a[illegible] but the troops are still advan[illegible] sions were marching on Lande[illegible] the communication between Ol[illegible] na. The Austrians are falling [illegible] burg. They had destroyed [illegible] between Dresden and Pragu[illegible] Tristan and Prague.

It is stated that negotiations [illegible] for a three days' truce, but not [illegible]

The Austrians are retreatin[illegible] and had destroyed the bridges [illegible] and Venetian railroad.

Nothing is heard concerning [illegible] tions,—the proffered mediatio[illegible] being practically disregarded [illegible] Italy.

The London *Times* thinks t[illegible] of Hapsburg have come. The[illegible] packing up his valuables an[illegible] ready to be sent to Comorn.

The *Times* says that when [illegible] be German she must become [illegible] cease to exist.

Russian papers speak stro[illegible] interference of France in Ger[illegible]

Prussia officially denies th[illegible] annexing Bohemia or Morav[illegible] nexation would only place [illegible] way of assembling the Ger[illegible]

Paris levy ordered throughou[illegible] Registery has been countarm[illegible] ing of the French fleet has b[illegible]

Vienna journals deny the r[illegible] tion in Hungary, and prepari[illegible] ing for a levy *en masse* in [illegible] event of the Prussian invasio[illegible]

Discount rates moderate.

in funds, and five-twenties [illegible]

DIED.

At Templeton, Canada East, [illegible] after a painful and distressing [illegible] only child of Lafayette and Han[illegible] 8 months and 17 days.

He's gone beyond the to[illegible]
Where fadeless plants [illegible]

NEW ADVERTIS[illegible]

Her Majesty's [illegible]

Lessee and Manager [illegible]

The greatest attraction of the [illegible]
A five act tragedy and come[illegible]
John Townsend in his cele[illegible]
Jaffier in the tragedy, and the [illegible]
Honeymoon.
Mr. W. A. Lyon in his [illegible]
Pierre.
The favorite actor, Mr. Harry [illegible]
characters.
Mrs. Townsend as Belvedia[illegible]
Miss Florence Grosvenor as [illegible]
in the Honeymoon.
Mr. Mortimer in two characte[illegible]
Mr. Masters in two pieces.
Miss Adela St. Clair in two [illegible]
songs.
Miss Bertha Loraine in two o[illegible]

On Monday ev'g., J[illegible]
Will be presented Atway's c[illegible] five acts, enti[illegible]

VENICE PRE[illegible]
OR, THE PLOT DI[illegible]

Pierre.........
Jaffier.........
Belvedia.........
Supported by the wh[illegible]
A Song by Miss Adela St. C[illegible]
A Dance by Miss Bertha L[illegible]
Gowan's Band will be in at[illegible]
several favorite pieces during[illegible]
To conclude with Tobin's c[illegible] three acts

THE HONE[illegible]
Or, How to Rul[illegible]

The Duke Aranza.........
The Duchess.........
Supported by the wh[illegible]
Doors open at 7:30; com[illegible]
quarter past 8 o'clock. Adm[illegible]
Gallery, 25 cents.
Ottawa, July 28.

GRAND C[illegible]
For the Bene[illegible]
French Canadian [illegible]
Under the Patronag[illegible]
lency the Gover[illegible]
IN ST. PATRI[illegible]
Monday evening, [illegible]
The artiste and amateurs [illegible]
dered their services.
With the kind permission [illegible]
the band of the P.C.O. Rif[illegible]
the occasion.
TICKETS OF A[illegible]
Lady and Gentleman,.........
Single Ticket,.........
A Refreshment Table, c[illegible]
be held in the French Insti[illegible]

ATTEN[illegible]
OF ALL THE MODI[illegible]
none have accomplish[illegible]
greater number than

SEWING M[illegible]
They are a blessing, Moral[illegible]
ally. Hood has sung in pa[illegible]
"With fingers weary a[illegible]
With eyelids heavy [illegible]
A woman sat in unwo[illegible]
Plying her needle a[illegible]
Stitch! stitch! stitch! [illegible]
In poverty, hunger [illegible]
And still with a voice [illegible]
She sang the 'Song [illegible]
Every philanthropist ha[illegible]
woman had been supplied [illegible]
& WILSON'S SEWING [illegible]
might have written truthf[illegible]
A woman sat in an ele[illegible]
With joyous heart [illegible]
Her delicate fingers [illegible]
And her foot was ta[illegible]
She sang the last new[illegible]
As the cast iron D[illegible]
She sewed the button[illegible]
And blessed the inv[illegible]
Who does not envy M[illegible]
the innumerable benison[illegible]
from the fair sex, whose f[illegible]
have enabled them to do [illegible]
perior manner.
The earnest seeker aft[illegible]
invest $50 more profitabl[illegible]
SEWING MACHINE. T[illegible]
household will be relieved [illegible]
What was labor will be [illegible]
will hereafter have time [illegible]
intellectual culture. Bu[illegible]
prove what everybody [illegible]
should have a Sewing Ma[illegible]
What kind to get? Th[illegible]
Which means WHEEL[illegible]
will execute in a superio[illegible]
of work; they are more s[illegible]
any other Lock Stitch Ma[illegible]
by more durable and less [illegible]
and they work with less [illegible]
other. These are facts [illegible]
by impartial judges at [illegible]
State, National, and W[illegible]
and America.
G. A. [illegible]
N. B.—Needles [illegible]
Oil, Spool Silk, etc. Al[illegible]
repaired.

FURTHER BY THE "PERUVIAN."

LIVERPOOL, July 17th.—The American ship *Favonia*, from Liverpool for Monte Video, grounded on Blackwater bank and was abandoned. She was afterwards taken into Wexford by the coast guard.

The *Ocean* from San Francisco to Sydney, was totally lost on the 3rd of April, on the Fegee Islands, crew saved.

The *Lobelia* from San Francisco to Hong Kong, was lost on Waits Island: a portion of the treasure would probably be saved.

The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, paid a visit to the *Monadnock* at Sherness on the 14th. After close inspection of the ship, they partook of lunch, and before leaving they expressed themselves much gratified with the courtesies shown them by the American officers.

The *Monadnock* and *Augusta* are expected to sail for Russia on the 18th.

The Times, musing on the subject of Monitors, urges the complete reconstruction of the British navy, and says the present ships are entirely useless against Monitors, of which the *Monadnock* is the precursor.

Parliament reassembled on the 16th.

Few cases of cholera appeared in Liverpool.

The Prussian headquarters are still at Brunn, but the troops are still advancing. Two divisions were marching on Landenburg to break the communication between Olmutz and Vienna. The Austrians are falling back on Presburg. They had destroyed communication between Dresden and Prague, and between Tristan and Prague.

It is stated that negotiations are in progress for a three days truce, but not for an armistice.

The Austrians are retreating from Vienna, and had destroyed the bridges on the Lombard and Venetian railroad.

Nothing is heard concerning peace negotiations,—the proffered mediation of Napoleon being practically disregarded by Prussia and Italy.

The London *Times* thinks that the last days of Hapsburg have come. The Emperor is busy packing up his valuables and getting them ready to be sent to Comorn.

The *Times* says that when Austria ceases to be German she must become Hungarian, or cease to exist.

Russian papers speak strongly against any interference of France in German matters.

Prussia officially denies the intervention of annexing Bohemia or Moravia. Such an annexation would only place obstacles in the way of assembling the German Parliament. Paris levy ordered throughout the Maritime Registery has been countermanded. The arming of the French fleet has been suspended.

Vienna journals deny the reports of disaffection in Hungary, and preparations are making for a levy *en masse* in Hungary, in the event of the Prussian invasion.

Discount rates moderate. Rates unchanged in funds, and five-twenties firmer.

DIED.

At Templeton, Canada East, on the 16th instant, after a painful and distressing illness, *John Levi*, only child of Lafayette and Hannah Howard, aged 8 months and 17 days.

He's gone beyond the touch of time,
Where fadeless plants forever bloom.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager .... *John Townsend.*

The greatest attraction of the Season.

A five act tragedy and comedy in one night.

John Townsend in his celebrated character of Jaffier in the tragedy, and the Duke Aranza in the Honeymoon.

Mr. W. A. Lyon in his popular character of Pierre.

The favorite actor, Mr. Harry Townsend, in three characters.

Mrs. Townsend as Belvedia.

Miss Florence Grosvenor as Juliana, the Duchess, in the Honeymoon.

Mr. Mortimer in two characters.

Mr. Masters in two pieces.

Miss Adela St. Clair in two of her most popular songs.

Miss Bertha Loraine in two of her favorite dances.

On Monday ev'g., July 30th, 1866,

Will be presented Atway's celebrated tragedy, in five acts, entitled

VENICE PRESERVED,

OR, THE PLOT DISCOVERED.

Pierre .... Mr W A Lyon
Jaffier .... Mr John Townsend
Belvedia .... Mrs Townsend

Supported by the whole company.

A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.
A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.

Gowan's Band will be in attendance, and perform several favorite pieces during the evening.

To conclude with Tobin's celebrated comedy, in three acts, of

THE HONEYMOON:

Or, How to Rule a Wife.

The Duke Aranza .... John Townsend
The Duchess .... Miss Florence Grosvenor

Supported by the whole company.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 28. 188

GRAND CONCERT!

For the Benefit of the

French Canadian Orphan Asylum,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

Monday evening, the 30th Inst.

The artists and amateurs of the city have tendered their services.

With the kind permission of Major Newdigate, the band of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade will play on the occasion.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION:

Lady and Gentleman .... 75 cents
Single Ticket .... 50 cents

A Refreshment Table, on reasonable terms, will be held in the French Institute. 183td

ATTENTION!

OF ALL THE MODERN INVENTIONS none have accomplished greater good to a greater number than

SEWING MACHINES.

They are a blessing, Morally, Mentally and Physically. Hood has sung in pathetic strains how:

With fingers weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A woman sat in unwomanly rags,
Plying her needle and thread:
Stitch! stitch! stitch!
In poverty, hunger and dirt,
And still with a voice of dolorous pitch—
She sang the 'Song of the Shirt.'

Every philanthropist has wished that this poor woman had been supplied with one of WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES, that Hood might have written truthfully of her,—

A woman sat in an elegant room,
With joyous heart and looks serene;
Her delicate fingers guided her work,
And her foot was turning a Sewing Machine.
She sang the last new Opera Song,
As the cast iron Dorcas sewed the seams,
She sewed the buttons where they belong,
And blessed the inventor of Sewing Machines.

Who does not envy Messrs. Wheeler & Wilson the innumerable benisons they must have received from the fair sex, whose former work of *weeks* they have enabled them to do in *hours*, and in a far superior manner.

The earnest seeker after domestic felicity cannot invest $50 more profitably than in the purchase of a SEWING MACHINE. The female members of his household will be relieved of their sewing drudgery. What was labor will become recreation, and they will hereafter have time for social enjoyment and intellectual culture. But we will not attempt to prove what everybody admits, that *every family should have a Sewing Machine.* The question is—What kind to get? The answer is—*Get the Best!* Which means WHEELER & WILSON'S. They will execute in a superior style, a greater variety of work; they are more simple in construction than any other *Lock Stitch* Machines, and are consequently more durable and less liable to get out of repair, and they work with less noise and friction than any other. These are facts that have been certified to by impartial judges at Town, County, Provincial, State, National, and World's Exhibitions in Europe and America.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent*,
37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

N. B.—Needles for all Machines, Machine Oil, Spool Silk, etc. All kinds of Sewing Machines repaired. 190y

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AMUSEMENTS.

DAN CASTELLO'S

Great Show!

MORAL EXHIBITION,

AND

WONDERFUL WILD ANIMALS

Remodelled, Refitted, and Greatly Improved for the Season of 1866.

JAMES M. NIXON, ... *Manager.*

Dan Castello's GREAT SHOW

WILL EXHIBIT

AT OTTAWA

Friday & Saturday, Aug. 10&11.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

Reserved Seats .... 50 cents
Children under 10 years of age .... 25 cents

Performance afternoon and evening at 2 and 8 o'clock.

Novel, Startling, and Graphic Spectacle,

The Disenthralment of a Live Lion!

THIS MAMMOTH CREATURE!

One of the finest specimens in the collection, is of recent importation, having been purchased from Batty's Zoological Institute, expressly for this establishment. Being docile, kind, and affectionate in disposition, Herr Lengel determined to so train and educate it that he could

Let it Loose in the Street!

And thus exhibit it in comparison to the fierce and sanguinary brutes in the den of which he performs such heroic exploits.

The Tame Lion Walks from his Cage among the Spectators!

Mounts a Pedestal erected on a Splendidly wrought car, and is thus borne in triumph through crowded thoroughfares, to the astonishment and delight of the assembled masses.

DAN CASTELLO

Will appear in his Motley Attire, give his humors of the hour, introduce his magnificent horse with the "Flowing Mane."

RUSSIAN CZAR,

His Sagacious Trick Steed, Andy Johnson; the irresistible Pony, the smallest and smartest in the world, JANUARY, and those irrepressible Quadrupeds, "THEM MULES."

"Artemus Ward," & "Brick Pomeroy."

New and Startling Speciality given for the first time in any exhibition in the country.

HERR LENGEL,

The most daring artiste who has ever handled the monsters of the Forest, Plains and Jungles, with the wild LIONS and LIONESSES, and give a performance that has created an unparalleled excitement throughout the country. The papers and the people have endorsed and proclaimed it to be the

Greatest Display of INTREPIDITY

Ever displayed by Mortal Being.

The Circus Company

Comprising some of the most eminent people in the Equestrian and Gymnastic departments of art, among whom are Mdlle. Palmyra Holloway, leading European Equestrian; Mrs. Dan Castello, Mistress of the Manege; Mdlle. Ella Lemoine, Histrionic Equestrienne; Mr. E. Holloway, the Lightning Leaper; Messrs. Hannon and Powers, the daring Calisthenic artistes; Mr. T. Watson, who bids fair to win the title of Champion Rider of the World; La June Burt, the Wild Horseman of the Plains; Mr. Robert Johnson, Scenic Equestrian; Mr J. Saunders, Leaping and Vaulting Rider; Young Dan Castello, the youngest and smallest Clown in the world; Mr. W. Lehman, a very expert Somersaulter; Mr. Tom Burgess, a quaint and old-fashioned clown; Mr. Horace F. Nichols, the most affable of Ring-Masters; Mr. Thos. Hodge, and others, of versatile abilities, that must in time win them fame and position.

The Richmond Whig said: Herr Lengel's feats with the wild animals furnish a wonderful evidence of what nerve, cool courage and determination can achieve. The animals are splendid specimens of the genus feline, and having been but recently captured and caged, retain the major portion of their innate ferocity. All the animals of this species that "lion kings" have handled were trained, and to a certain extent rendered docile. But these creatures know little of caressing, and appear to be opposed to either kindness or familiarity. Herr Lengel enters the den with apparent unconcern, and although they growl, spit (cat-like,) and strike at him, he makes them keep their distance. He feeds them, and absolutely tears a piece of meat from the clutches of the Lion. 'Tis when he is about to retire that the danger becomes so apparent. As he passes through the barred grate they all spring towards it, but failing to catch him they set up a series of howls and roars the most deafening. Great as the performance is, one cannot behold it without a shudder, and experience a dread lest it might end fatally.

THE GRAND PROCESSION

Will be given at 11 o'clock, a.m., and will, without exception, be found to be the largest and most gorgeous Pageant ever given as a public gratuity. Led by Heralds and Marshals—a long caravan of mounted Knights clad in steel armor attending the Ladies of the Court, attired in robes of regal splendor—will precede the Queen's Carriage of State, the only one ever imported to America, having been purchased in England by the European agent of Dan Castello's great show, for the express purpose of transporting Herr Lengel, the Lion King! Succeeding this will come the Triumphal Golden Car of Orpheus, containing Olleshaw's Cornet Band, the finest Orchestra ever attached to a travelling establishment. This will be followed by the Crusaders of the age of Chivalry, all appropriately costumed, and riding magnificent animals: then will be exhibited the Colossal Lion Den, a beautiful and exquisitely painted vehicle, drawn by four span of black Horses.

The cost of this one feature alone was $80,000. The long line of animated splendors will terminate with the blooded, highly trained Acting Horses, and the elfin Ponies and Mules.

• DAN CASTELLO'S

GREAT SHOW!

WILL PERFORM AT

Brockville, Thursday, ... Aug. 9.
Kemptville, Monday, ... Aug. 13.
Prescott, Tuesday, ... Aug. 14.
Cornwall, Wednesday, ... Aug. 15.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN has received instructions to sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, at ten o'clock a. m., on the vacant lot adjoining the store of Mr. J. Boyden, Sussex Street, a large quantity of

Good Second-Hand Furniture!

NEARLY NEW.

ALSO, A LOT OF DRY GOODS.

The whole will be sold without reserve. Terms Cash.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

189td

Important Sale of Timber Limits,

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, is unsurpassed for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, cost some £8,000.

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 28, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range .... 100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ¼ of 17 in the 5th range .... 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range .... 200 acres

WESTMEATH.

Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake .... 165 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range .... 200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range .... 200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range .... 100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake .... 400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake .... 200 acres

ONSLOW.

West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range .... 50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range .... 100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9 .... 400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range .... 300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19 .... 400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11 .... 300 acres

NEPEAN.

Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession .... 100 acres

WAKEFIELD.

South ½s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range .... 200 acres

HULL.

South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range .... 100 acres

EARDLEY.

Lot 14, in the 6th range .... 87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range .... 100 acres

CUMBERLAND.

Lot 3, in the 8th concession .... 200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.

Part of Lot 5, 2nd range .... 51 acres

BRISTOL.

N W ¼ of Lot 17, range 5 .... 50 acres
N W ¼ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ¼ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ¼ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession .... 284 acres
N E ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ¼ and S W ¼ of 15, in the 8th concession .... 400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession .... 500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession .... 300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ¼ of Lot 8, in the 11th con. .... 300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con. .... 300 acres

CLARENDON.

W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ¼ of Lot 6, 9th con. .... 250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range .... 500 acres
S W ¼ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range .... 700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range .... 1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range .... 800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.

OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

New Goods, New Goods, New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of

Broadcloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Venetians, Bedford Cords, Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK

Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.

Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.

THOROUGH BASS.

AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.

Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.—The creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the office of Messrs. Fitzpatrick and Moore, in the city of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of AUGUST next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to name an assignee.

C. SPARROW, JR.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, In the County of Carleton, This 27th of July, A.D., 1866. 189td

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AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c, &c.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 31st INST., at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MR. JULYAN, in the rear of the Russell Hotel, on the corner of Queen and Elgin Streets, all the household effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES, STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CROCKERY, and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding,

BUREAUS, LOOKING GLASSES, &c.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Dressing Glass.

Terms of Sale Cash, and Goods removed during the day.

A. ROWE, AUCTIONEER.

138y

The Hudson Bay Company's

BUFFALO ROBES.

THE FIRST ANNUAL SALE

WILL TAKE PLACE

AT THE COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,

17, COMMON STREET,

ON WEDNESDAY, 8th AUGUST, 1866.

Catalogues will be prepared, and further particulars shortly announced.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

Montreal, July 26. 187td

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—

Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattrasses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform Scales.

BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

At the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.

JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Commission Agent.

186y

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR EStablishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of

Broadcloths, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Doeskins, Cottons, Table Linen, Readymade Clothing, Satchel's Cutlery, &c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.

158d O. WARDELL & CO.

NOTICES.

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.

J. R. HAMILTON.

Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water.

Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.

Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.

Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-t

WANTS.

WANTED A NURSE.—TO ASSIST in the care of children. Good references required. Must be a Protestant. Apply to

MRS. E. A. MEREDITH, Ashburnham Hill.

189-3

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.—A FARMER COMPEtent to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
Before 9 a.m. and after 4 p.m.

186a

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS, Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf

Ottawa, July 19.

DE WITT'S

Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They *create a healthy appetite*, and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by

J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,

OTTAWA, C. W.

181-3m

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS,

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.

CIGARS, ... from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

Ottawa, June 26. 160•

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS

26½ SPARKS ST.,

NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars,

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.

Ottawa, April 26, 1863. 110-tf

INSURANCE ADVERTS.

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1.000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:

Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.

Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."

Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.

Farm property insured.

Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,

Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assets at that time will be distributed to those entitled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY, Executor.

174-d

ROSS & PARSONS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.

Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.

ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.

Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUMONT FARM.

H. McLEAN OFFERS FOR sale in one or in two lots, the above desirable property. The first Lot, well adapted for a Gentleman's country residence, consists of 40 acres, more or less, of good pasture and table land, well fenced, with good Stone Cottage, 50x60, a large prolific Orchard, Barn, Stable, &c. The House stands from 80 to 100 feet above the level of the Ottawa river, distant half a mile. The view from the House and land is magnificent, including the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, an extensive view of the river and Lower Canada, with the mountains in the distance. This Lot is well adapted for building purposes.

The Second Lot consists of 90 acres of good arable land, abutting on the Ottawa. There is a Cottage and Barn, &c.; there is brick earth on the edge of the river. This Lot would be divided into two Lots, for two purchasers, if required.

For further particulars apply to Mr. McLean, Ottawa. 188b

TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 23. 184d

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 300 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.

Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

SEALED TENDERS

IN DUPLICATE, the Service and Supply being marked on the Envelope, will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until noon, on

Thursday, 16th August Next,

For the following supplies, &c., at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

FOR MILITARY HOSPITALS.

1. Provisions to Military Hospitals.
2. Washing Bedding and Clothing.
3. Emptying Privies—At per Privy per time. Emptying Cesspools—At per Cesspool per time.
4. Emptying Ashpits—At so much per annum to be paid quarterly, and emptied as often as demanded. Contract to cease if buildings are given up.
5. Taking down, Cleansing and repairing Stoves and Stove Pipes.—At per Stove per time.
6. Sweeping Chimnies—At per Flue per time.

Separate Tenders will be required for each service as above mentioned.

The conditions of the several contracts (to which particular attention is invited) forms of tenders, and all other necessary information can be obtained at the Commissariat Office at Ottawa.

No tenders except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures thereto must be *bona fide* those of principal and sureties.

A. M. FESTING,
D.A.C.G.

Commissariat Officer in charge, Kingston District.

25th July, 1866. 189-t14a

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned will be received at this office, until Saturday, the 5th day of August next, at noon, for the construction and completion of the following works, required to be done at

Rideau Hall, Ottawa, viz.:

For the erection and completion of a Conservatory or Green House.

For the Erection and completion of a Vinery.

For the erection and completion of a Coach House and Stables.

For altering, adapting and fitting up the present Stables as a Laundry, &c., &c.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Of the several new works and alterations may be seen at this office, on and after

MONDAY, THE 30th INSTANT.

A SEPARATE TENDER

Must be given for each work, and on the envelope thereof must be endorsed the nature of the Tender.

PARTIES TENDERING

Must give their names and address in full, and also the signature of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the works.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 27. 188td

ARMY CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS IN DUPLICATE —the service or supply being marked on the envelope—will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th AUGUST next, for the following supplies and services, at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

GENERAL SERVICE.

FRESH MEAT, at per 100 lbs.
BREAD, at per do.
FIREWOOD, at per cord.
FORAGE, at per ration.
COAL OIL, at per Gallon.
WICKS, for Coal Oil Lamps, at per dozen.
WATER, for Troops, at per 100 gallons.
LAND TRANSPORT—Cartage.

Separate Tenders will be required for each of the above services.

The conditions of the several Contracts (to which particular attention is invited,) the probable quantity of each article required, or the nature of the service to be performed, forms of tender, and all other necessary information, can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

No Tenders, except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures must be bona fide those of the principals and sureties.

Commissariat, Kingston, C.W., 23rd July, 1866.

A. M. FESTING,
D. A. C. G.,

Commissariat Officer in charge Kingston District.

Ottawa, July 26. 187-t.f.m.w.f.m.w.f.m.

FOR SALE!

300	hf chests	young Hyson	Tea.
350	do	Twankay	do.
400	do	Japans	do.
100	do	Gunpowder	do.
120	do	Imperial	do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

171tf

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.

Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
155-3m

Ottawa, June 19.

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst., and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

NEW SPRING GOODS

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, and Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO

ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866. 94-t

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.--THE WEST- erly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Ayles, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

SHOP AND DWELLING- House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.
For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.
GEORGE BROWN.
Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.
Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.
ALSO,
A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1¼ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Ottawa Road, only 1¼ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.
As the road is now being Macadamised, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.
Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets
Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.
Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.
Address Bell's Corners P.O.
June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.
For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.
Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.
Terms reasonable.
Apply to EGAR YIELDING.
Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.
Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.
Money to Lend on Real Estate.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--- A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
My19-130-3m Chandiere, Ottawa.

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
—ALSO—
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.
Sold by all Druggists.
Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Dec. 9, '18

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE
Farms For Sale!

No. 1.
100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.
200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.
100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.
100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes.
For further particulars and terms of sale.
APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
Where you will find
Where you will find
A large assortment of
A large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.
122y THOS BEAMENT

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS
MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP
MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,
FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.
KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS.
COMBINERS,
SHOWER, SPONGE, PLUNGE,
Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,
Any of the above articles made to order.
Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,
At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.
Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

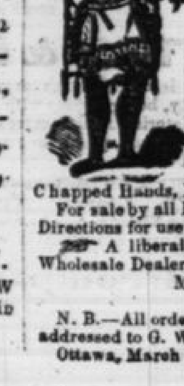
"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.
"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.
"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.
"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.
"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.
Chamber's Journal for June.
London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.
Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.
Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.
JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPE- rior lot of the very best
Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,
—AT—
PRATT & CO.'S,
No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.
All Numbers Warranted.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 1-3-w

WOOD'S
GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!
Protected by Letters Patent.
An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.
Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.



THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—
Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.
For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.
A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.
Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.
N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.
Ottawa, March 28, 1866. 15w-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.
Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.
SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.
I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.
The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.
I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances.
I have, &c.,
[Signed.] CLARENDON.
The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.
DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.
SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—
Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.
I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.
II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her enterance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadstead, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.
III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.
I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 20, 1866.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33¼ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK,
Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa.
ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF
Groceries & Liquors
Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SUMMER SERVICE.
SAILING WEEKLY.

ACADIAN	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:
CABIN: $66.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE $34.25.
RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.
ST. DAVID, 1650 tons.......Capt Aird.
ST. GEORGE, 1468 tons......Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW, 1432 tons......Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK, 1207 tons......Capt. Trocks.
The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.
Berths not secured until paid for.
For passage, or any other particulars, apply to
HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.
Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

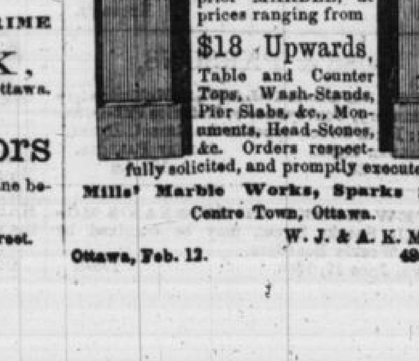
CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.
SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.
You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.
SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.
The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.
As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—
For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion; and 8 cents for every extra line.
For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.
In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.
The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.
I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.
SALE OF LANDS.
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

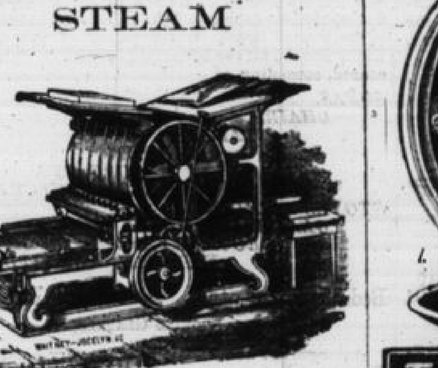
PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows: that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq, thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.
Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.
FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from
$18 Upwards,
Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.
Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 13. 48utf

THE
"OTTAWA TIMES"
STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT *"A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
PROPERTY to SELL
ADVERTISE!
Do You want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. ET. CARTIER, Atty.-Gen. **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed; AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.
MONCK.
By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.
THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

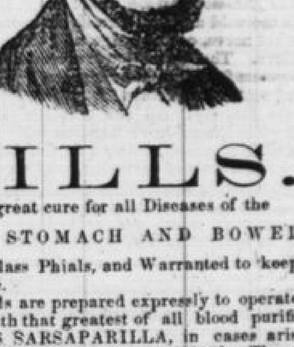
GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.
W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER
Victoria - Vaults!
Wellington Street.
THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.
H. F. BRADING & Co.
Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.
Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

GOLD AND SILVER.
AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!
Extraordinary Announcement
$2,000,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Watches' Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!
Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.
The following has been resolved, that in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid
BANKRUPTCY!
$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,
AT ANY SACRIFICE!
And for that purpose they have unanimously elected
DE TREY & Co..
34, LIBERTY STREET,
AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS
As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,
ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!
The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.
The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.
How We Shall Proceed.
We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.
The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.
AGENTS ARE WANTED
In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to
DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.
March 3, 1866. 64-6m

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use
DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER
WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be
USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,
By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of
Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,
And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for
SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.
It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA.
And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.
It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with
BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar–Coated



PILLS.
The great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS,
Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.
These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:
Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.
Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

GOOD HEALTH!
SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.
AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.
WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.
Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

PIANO-FORTES
DRIGGS' NEW PATENT
ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle.—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural, all the extraneous lumber in the body of the instrument is dispensed with; the sound boards are merely two arched planks of thin wood, like the front and back of a violin; the strings are attached to a strong iron frame, which is separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp form of stringing by substituting straight bridges, preserving at the same time the Over Strung Bass, of which Mr. Driggs is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.
They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country, among which are:

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Bartli,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strackosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SIGESMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano-Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.
WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal verisimilitude, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.
From *The N. Y. Herald,* Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.
The N. Y. Times, July 12, says:—We have now an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supercede the old style.
GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pure, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approximating closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*
Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's.
PATENT
Automatic Organs.
$52 to $552 EACH.
THIRTY NINE VARIETIES
WITH
PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS.
School Organs & Melodeons
Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases.
Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.
35,000 Now in Use.
AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINING full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.
The Automatic Organ.
In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.
Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.
Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.
The Melodeon and School Organ.
For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.
Caution to Purchasers.
All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.
P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.
Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1-y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!
Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.
THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dw-y

STOLEN OR STRAYED.--ABOUT the first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by
ALLAN FRASER.
Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 28-w 2

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. I. NO. 191. | OTTAWA C. W., FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1866. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
East and West, by Rail, Daily	12.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m. 8.00 a. m. and 12.30 p. m.	6.30 a. m. and 12.45 p. m. 12.30 p. m. and 3.30 p. m.
Aylmer & N. Shore of Ottawa		
Arnprior, Sand Point, Pembroke, &c., S. side Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	9.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, Grenville and Lower Ottawa	8.00 a. m.	6.30 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, &c. Daily	5.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Gloucester and Wakefield	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton & Ste Templeton	2.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

To all parts of Canada, if pre-paid by Stamps 5 cts, if unpaid, 7 cts. To British Columbia, 10 cts. Letters for British Columbia, Germany and Foreign Countries generally, MUST BE PRE-PAID.

To the United States 10 cts—pre-payment optional.

English Mails, per H. & A. Allan's Canadian Steamships, via Portland, close at 9 p.m. every Thursday—postage 12½ cts; via New York, every alternate Saturday, at Noon, postage 17 cts; via Boston, every alternate Monday, at Noon.

Registered Letters must be prepaid, and posted thirty minutes prior to the closing of mails.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. F. BAKER, Postmaster.

LEGAL.

W. J. SCOTT, Jr.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Mr. Jamer's Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 27. 111-tf

JOSEPH J. MURPHY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office:—North side of York Street, two doors from Sussex.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866. 78-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.

E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.

February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.

December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.

Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.

Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.

JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.

Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.

Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.

Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.

Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.

February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.

Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.

ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.

Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.

January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.

Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1865. 43-utf

MESSRS. DUCK & BUCKE,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, and Conveyancers.

Office: Lang's Building, opposite the Post Office Central Ottawa.

WILLIAM DUCK. JULIUS P. BUCKE.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. G. HURD,

LAND Agent and Broker, Notary Public, has removed his office to Nicholas Street, a few doors to the South of Dan Goode's Hotel, and is prepared to transact any business connected with the Crown Lands Department, in prosecuting Land Claims, taking out Patents, and to conduct any agency for parties having business with any of the Government offices.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.

Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.

References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. WOLFF,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa, C. W. Day office in Hunton's Block, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.

CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*

Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,

WELLINGTON Street, First Door East of Bank Street.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.

Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 10, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.

The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.

RULING done to any pattern.

Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.

Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

THOS. NELSON,

BOOT MAKER, Wellington Street, opposite Dr. Van Cortlandt's, Ottawa. Having had many years' experience in some of the best establishments in the metropolitan cities of Canada, he feels confident that all orders entrusted to his care will be executed in the best style, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Ottawa, Jan. 4, 1866. 14-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.

Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

XAVIER CHARLEBOIS,

Roofing Contractor, &c

CHURCH ST., OTTAWA,

IS PREPARED TO COVER ROOFS, with Tin, Sheet Iron, Slate, or Shingles, on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates. Having been known in this place since its first settlement, 38 years ago, he can confidently refer to his long established character, as a guarantee for the satisfactory performance of all work entrusted to him.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-3m

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church, Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.

Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.

Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.

P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.

Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.

Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.

They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.

Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.

W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.

Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHAS. E. BRUSH,

General Commission Agent, AND BROKER.

Agent for Wm. Dow & Co.'s celebrated Pale Ales; Rye Whiskey; and Highwines. Also, agent for the Canadian Inland Navigation Co., and Great Western and Vermont Central Railroads. Office: 3 Aumond's Buildings. 171tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.

December 21, 1865. 4-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

PRESCOTT, C. W., L. H. Daniels, Proprietor. Second to no House in Central Canada.

March 6, 1866. 66-6m

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.

January 11, 1866. 20-y

REMOVAL.

MR. R. R. HAMILTON, LATE OF HAMILTON'S Saloon, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, has removed to the American Hotel, (formerly Mathews' Hotel) on York street, where he will be happy to see his old friends.

HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

(FORMERLY MATTHEW'S HOTEL.)

YORK STREET, OTTAWA.

R. R. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR,

LATE OF HAMILTON'S SALOON.

R. R. H., in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him in the Saloon, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the above premises, which he has put into a thorough state of repair, repainted, and decorated, and refurnished with all the latest appliances of comfort. No exertions or expense will be spared by the Proprietor in rendering his house second to none in Ottawa, and parties favoring him with their support may rely on the strictest attention to their wishes. Good stabling in rear of the premises. Wines and Liquors of the choicest description always kept.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1866. 53-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game, etc., daily by express.

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

39 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST.

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa

Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED

AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

JUST RECEIVED!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.

All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.

ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.

With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

The New Drug Store.

67, Sparks Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened an establishment at the above address, for the sale of PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS, from first-class Houses; carefully selected by himself, and trusts that his competency as a CHEMIST and DRUGGIST will give general satisfaction, being guaranteed by a Diploma from APOTHECARIES' HALL, DUBLIN. It will be his endeavor to supply

Genuine Medicines,
Pure Chemicals,
Choice Perfumery,

and the best description of every article connected with the business; whilst the Dispensing Department under his own constant superintendence will, he trusts, secure the confidence of the profession and others who may honor him with their patronage.

J. BROWN,
Licentiate Apothecary.

Ottawa, June 11. 148-3m

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.

A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Just being opened up.

JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.

P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.

N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

MONTREAL CARDS.

BALDWIN & Co.,

COMMISSION Merchants, Importers, and Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Groceries, and Cigars, 18 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

H. E. SWALES,

GENERAL Agent for Great Western Railway of Canada. Office 30 Great St. James Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 23. 133-6m

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.

Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.

Montreal, May 26. 135-y

G. H. HERRICK,

(*Late of the Bank of Upper Canada,*)

General Commission Agent

AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

Agent for the European Life and Guarantee Society.

Agent for the estate of Morton's Distillery, Kingston, for the sale of Highwines and Whiskey.

Office: In Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 27. 162-y

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

H. V. NOEL,
Manager.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Engine for Sale.

THE CALORIC ENGINE, formerly used in the *Union* Printing Establishment. It is an 18-inch Cylinder, and will be sold cheap.

APPLY TO

H. J. FRIEL,
Or R. E. O'CONNOR.

Ottawa, March 27. 1866. 4-tf

VICTORIA

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Opposite the Russell House Sign—the large Colored Lamp.

J. P. FORTIN, GENERAL AGENT, wanting to accommodate the citizens of Ottawa, Government employees, and strangers, has opened a first-class Hair-Dressing Saloon, opposite the Russell House. He will keep always four good barbers; also a stock of perfumery; open to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

Ottawa, June 26. 161d

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after MONDAY, June 4th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Ottawa,	7:00 a. m.	At Prescott,	9:30 a.m.
" "	1:35 p.m.	" "	5.00 p m.
" "	6.30 p.m.	" "	9:55 p.m.
From Prescott,	7:00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10:05 a.m.
" "	2:20 p.m.	" "	5:00 p.m.
" "	6:00 p.m.	" "	9:00 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west. Parties leaving Toronto in the morning can arrive in Ottawa same evening.

N. B.—*These Trains run on Montreal Time.*

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, June 4. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at .... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

STEAMERS.

RICHELIEU COMPANY.

1866. 1866.

Royal Mail Line of Steamers between Montreal and Quebec.

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, AND UNtil otherwise ordered, the Steamers will leave for Quebec as follows:

The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. LABELLE, will leave the Richelieu Pier, opposite the Jacques-Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers, at Quebec, can depend on being in time in taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a Tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

The steamer MONTREAL, Capt. ROBERT NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, p.m., precisely, for Quebec, calling, going, and returning, at the Ports of Sorel, Three Rivers, and Batiscan.

FARES

Cabin (meals and open Berths in Gentlemen's cabin included) $2.50

Steerage 1.00

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless Bills of Lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information apply to the Richelieu Company's Office, 203 Commissioners Street.

J. B. LAMERE,
General Manager.

Office Richelieu Company, May 12, 1866. 124-tf

1866. 1866.

UNION FORWARDING AND Railway Company.

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE!

CHANGE OF TIME!

FOR ALL PORTS ON THE OTTAWA River, up as far as Des Joachim Rapids, 150 miles above Ottawa City.

On and after 18th June, 1866, one of the following first-class passenger steamers leaves Aylmer every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 8 o'clock, precisely:

Ann Sisson,	Capt. Bockus.
Oregon,	" Findlay.
Calumet,	" Blondin.
Pontiac,	" Duggan.

Affording one of the most delightful trips that can be taken during the hot weather.

Passengers by the Brockville and Ottawa Railway connect directly with steamers up and down the river, and vice versa daily.

For further particulars apply to

G. R. NASH, MANAGER,
Aylmer, C. E.

Aylmer, C. E. May 12. 124-tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 12 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field,

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have all sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 24, 1866 83-tf

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

NO. 1 FLOUR IN BARRELS. OATMEAL AND CORN-MEAL.

For sale by

S. CHRISTIE,

my31-139-d No. 5 Sparks Street.

DAWES' LACHINE PALE ALES AND PORTER, in wood and bottle, delivered in any part of the city, by

S. CHRISTIE,
Sole Agent,
No. 5 Sparks Street.

N. B.—Parties will please leave their orders before 4 o'clock, p.m. my31-139-d

C. SPARROW, Jr.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,

OTTAWA.

February 21, 1866. 55-y

Go to the "CAPITAL!"

"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa,

H. MEADOWS & CO.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING IN THE ABOVE PREMISES A DURABLE and CHOICE VARIETY of the following Goods, which for beauty of design, style of finish, and Superior Workmanship, *CANNOT BE SURPASSED!*

BATHS!

PLUNGE	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
SPONGE	BATHS.	THREE SIZES
SITZ	BATHS.	TWO SIZES.
FOOT	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
CHILDREN'S	BATHS.	THREE SIZES.
SHOWER	BATHS.	ONE SIZE.

WATER COOLERS!

WE ARE MAKING A NEW AND IMPROVED KIND. They will keep the water deliciously cool and sparkling. For Saloons, Public Buildings, Household or Domestic use, it stands unrivalled, being both useful and ornamental. Railway Companies, and others who have the health and comfort of themselves and people under their care in view, are solicited to CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, whether they purchase or not.

Toilet and Bed-Room Setts of Japanned Tinware.

DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

FILTERING COFFEE POTS!

For Making a Good Cup of Coffee, retaining all the Aroma.

Cooking Stoves! Cooking Stoves!

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE IN THE CITY!

IRON BEDSTEADS. IRON BEDSTEADS.

BIRD CAGES CHEAP! BIRD CAGES CHEAP!

LAMPS! CHIMNEYS!! WICKS!!!

COAL OIL! COAL OIL! COAL OIL

We give special attention to all kinds of JOBBING, ROOFING, EAVETROUGHS, STEAMBOAT WORK; and every description of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware on hand, and made to order.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Milk Pans, Milk Strainers, Pails and Strainers, Maple Sugar Kettles, Agricultural Furnaces, Farmers' Stoves, Cistern Pumps, and all kinds of Dairy Utensils made to order.

LUMBERMEN!

WILL BE DEALT LIBERALLY WITH FOR SHANTY SUPPLIES!

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS will find it to their advantage to deal at the "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT. A Liberal Discount is always allowed on all articles purchased.

Our Spring Stock!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR IT WE PURPOSE SELLING OUR PRESENT STOCK OF STOVES AT REDUCED RATES.

"THE APITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35, *SUSSEX STREET.*

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 1, 1866. 62-y

J. C. LANG & CO.,

Fresco Painters!

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATORS,

OTTAWA, C. W.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

MORTON HOUSE,

CORNER of Water and Division Streets, Ogdensburgh, N.Y., S. Slosson, Proprietor.

Omnibuses to and from the House free of charge.

December 20, 1865. 3-y

BEAVER HALL,

J. J. GARROW, Proprietor, Head Deep Cut, Nepean.

This House is situated within twenty minutes' walk of the City, and is fitted up in a first-class style. The Bar is supplied with all the choice brands of liquors.

Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 24-6m

THE WRIGHT HOUSE,

LATELY KEPT BY J. F. DORNEY, Hull Landing, ARTHUR J. LEMON, Proprietor.

Ball Room, Bowling Allies, Parlor Skates, Pic-Nic Ring, Choicest Wines and Liquors.

Hull, May, 1866. 179-tf

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.

JAMES E. GOUIN,

Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.

The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.

GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.

JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.

Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.

This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.

OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET,

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170tf

Extraordinary Merit

Must belong to that which pleases every one, and such is the case with

BUCHANAN'S

Unrivalled Mixture

—OF—

MOCHA, JAVA, AND JAMAICA

COFFEES,

Roasted and ground daily, on the premises, by steam power.

Consequently always to be had in the highest state of perfection.

JAS. BUCHANAN,
Sussex and Wellington St.

Ottawa, May 10. 122-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of the late George Levally alias Perry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE LEVALLY alias PERRY in his life-time, of Pembroke, are requested to send them to the undersigned for adjustment, within one month from the date hereof, as the assests at that time will be distributed to those ent tled to receive the same.

Dated Pembroke, 9th July, 1866.

C. O'KELLY,
Executor.

174-d

NEAT AND COOL

ARE THOSE

Gentlemen's Prunella Congress,

AND CHEAP,

AT THE RED BOOT!

THE BEST WHITE CANVAS SHOES in the city are sold at

THE RED BOOT.

A splendid assortment of

Ladies' Balmorals and Congress!

In Kid, Prunella, Seal, &c., at

THE RED BOOT.

Whenever you want GOOD BOOTS OR SHOES of any kind, go to the

RED BOOT!

And you can hardly fail to be suited.

The Sewing or Pegging of all work bought at the RED BOOT, repaired *free of charge!*

WM. A. LAMB.

Ottawa, July 147-3m

Important to Printers.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF ESTBLISHING a COUNTRY NEWSPAPER, can purchase an ffice quite complete with material for every Department, VERY CHEAP, for Cash, or on approved credit.

Apply for information, (post paid) to

W. B. HEALEY,

Or to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

PHOTOGRAPHS BY NOTMAN, FOR Sale at the Ottawa Stationery Warehouse York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, December 20, 1866. -f

STEAMERS.

1866. 1866.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA TO MONTREAL.

The new fast sailing Steamers

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

ALEX. BOWIE, Commander.

"PRINCE OF WALES,"

H. W. SHEPHERD, Commander.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA" leaves Ottawa every morning, (Sundays excepted), at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville, (Breakfast on board), thence by Railway to Carillon, connecting with Steamer "Prince of Wales," (Dinner on board) arriving at Montreal at 4:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this Line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for Tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville or Carrillon, valid for one day, at half fare.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonian Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

Single and Return Tickets to Montreal can be obtained at the office on the wharf, or on board the steamer.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

Montreal, June 20. 160tf

1866. 1866.

DICKINSON'S

Rideau Passage & Freight Line,

BETWEEN

OTTAWA CITY & KINGSTON.

THE UPPER CABIN STEAMERS

"CITY OF OTTAWA,"

(CAT. J. RYAN,)

"BY-TOWN,"

(CAPT. THOS. FARMER.)

THE ABOVE-NAMED STEAMERS will run as follows between Ottawa and Kingston, calling at all intermediate Ports, and connecting at Smith's Falls with the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad.

"CITY OF OTTAWA"

Leaves Ottawa City every Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at 11 a. m., the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m., arriving at Ottawa next evening, at 7 p. m.

"BY-TOWN"

Leaves Ottawa City every Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m., arriving at Kingston at noon the following day.

Leaves Kingston every Monday at 12, noon, and Thursday, at 3 p. m., and arriving at Ottawa on the following evening at 8 p. m.

Connecting with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers at Kingston, going upwards, every Thursday, Friday, and Sunday evenings.

These steamers connect at Kingston with the Through Line Steamers going East and West; Steamer "Bay of Quinte" for Picton, Belleville, and Trenton; and with the American steamers for Oswego, Rochester, and Lewiston.

Parties shipping freight from Ottawa will find it greatly to their advantage to send by this line, rates being low and no wharfage charged.

Passengers ticketed through to Cobourg, Por Hope, Toronto, Hamilton, &c.

Apply to JAS. SWIFT, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

OLD LINE!

[*Established in 1844.*]

DICKINSON'S

OTTAWA AND RIDEAU,

AND

1866. 1866.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ROUTE.

FORWARDING ARRANGEMENTS, 1866

THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Eleven Steamers and Fifty Barges,

AFFORDING A DAILY DEPARTURE for transport of Freight from Montreal to Ottawa, and all points on the Rideau Canal, and *vice versa.*

The two new Upper Cabin Steamers, *By-Town* and *Ottawa City*, will form a Passenger and Freight Line between

OTTAWA AND KINGSTON,

Touching at all the Ports on the Line, leaving Ottawa and Kingston four times in the week.

The steam tug *Queen of the Isles*, with Barges, will also be placed on the Rideau Canal, for the exclusive carriage of Freight to and from Ottawa and Kingston, and all way ports.

The powerful tug steamer *England* will be kept between OTTAWA and GRENVILLE for the towage of Square Timber Rafts, Saw Logs, &c.

In addition to the above, a LINE OF TUGBOATS, in connection with Barges, forming a FREIGHT LINE between Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and all ports on Lake Champlain, for the transport of Sawn Lumber, and other property.

For particulars, apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal; JAMES SWIFT, Agent, St. Lawrence Wharf, Kingston; and JAS. RATH, Smith's Falls; W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Gowan's Buildings, Peter Street, Quebec;

Or to the Proprietor,

M. K. DICKINSON,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 11. 97-s

ONTARIO

1866. 1866.

STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

AMERICAN EXPRESS LINE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 14, AND UNTIL further notice, the Ontario Steamboat Company will run their large and commodious sidewheel steamers,

BAY STATE, ...	——
ONTARIO, ...	Capt. J. B. ESTES.
CATARACT, ...	Capt. J. H. LEDYARD.

Forming a daily line between Prescott and Toronto, and all intermediate ports, leaving Ogdensburgh Railway Wharf on arrival of the train from the east at 1 p.m., and

Ottawa & Prescott ailway Wharf at 1:10 p.m

Touching at Morristown, Brockville, Alexandria Bay, Clayton, Kingston, Sackett's Harbor, Oswego, Charlotte, and Toronto; connecting at Kingston with boats for Bay of Quinte; at Oswego with the Oswego & Syracuse Railroad for Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and New York, and Binghampton Railroad, for all points South; at Charlotte for Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and the West; at Toronto with Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways. Also at Ogdensburgh with the steamer

LORD ELGIN, ...	— DEWITT,
EMPRESS, ...	Capt. C. B. DEWITT.

For Montreal; and the Ogdensburgh Railroad to all points East.

Tickets sold to Montreal and all points West for American money.

This line of steamers affords great advantages over all other lines, to the pleasure traveller or farmer moving with furniture, horses, wagons, &c., to the Great West, for speed, comfort, and safety. The boats of the Line need no comment. They are officered by men of expdrience, proverbial for their attention to the wants and comforts of their passengers. For freight or passage apply to

J. H. KELLY, AGENT,

Traveller, be not induced by loud cries in Depots to purchase your Tickets from men representing to have First Class Lines of Steamers, when they are nothing but Freight Propellers; but ask for and be sure you find the American Express Line Office.

P. V. LANKTON, General Eastern Agent.

H. N. THROOP, Gen'l Sup't, Oswego, N. Y.

May 1. 114-tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866, 81-tf.

1866. SEA BATHING. 1866.

St. George's Hotel,

CACOUNA.

THIS FAVOURITE SUMMER RESORT for health and pleasure-seekers will be re-opened for the accommodation of Families and the Travelling Public on the 15th JUNE next.

OUTSIDE SPORTS have been provided for Ladies as well as Gentlemen, such as

Fishing, Boating, Croquet, Quoits, Lawn Billiards, Bowling Alley, Archery, Billiard Tables.

ALSO,

Private Bath-Houses and Dressing-rooms have been fitted up for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Omnibuses in connection with the Hotel to and from Boats and Cars.

Polite and attentive servants only are engaged.

O'NEILL & ABBOTT,
Proprietors.

June 2. 141-3m

THE TADOUSSAC HOTEL,

(SEASIDE.)

SAMUEL BROWNING, - - - Lessee

Proprietor of the Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RE-leased the spacious Hotel at this well-known Watering-place, has thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and will be prepared to receive regular and transient visitors on or about the 15th June. This Hotel, which will accommodate about One Hundred guests, is picturesquely situated at a point commanding a magnificent view seaward; while the facilities afforded for bathing, fishing, shooting, or boating are unsurpassed. The rooms are large and airy, and have been fitted up with every requirement necessary to comfort and convenience. Arrangements have also been made for the permanent residence at the Hotel, during the summer season, of an eminent Physician. Detached from the main building are spacious and comfortable Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys; also, Cricket and Quoit Grounds, and a beautiful Lawn for children to amuse themselves on. Hot and Cold Baths can be had at all hours. Patrons may also rely on a first-class table, and good attendants.

Tadoussac is admitted to be one of the most picturesque spots in America, and probably the most desirable resort for Tourists and Invalids on this Continent. In short, the locality is now so widely known, that it is almost superfluous to describe it. But, for the benefit of such as have not made the tour of the Saguenay, it may be necessary to state that Tadoussac is situated at the junction of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence Rivers, and is the last stopping place on the route between Quebec and Ha! Ha! Bay, and between which points a daily line of steamers will ply regularly during the travelling season. The noble Bay of Tadoussac, in which whales, porpoises, &c., daily sport themselves, is immediately in front of the Hotel. Inward and outward bound vessels are distinctly observable from its windows and balconies.

Having thus the advantage of a new, capacious, and elegant Hotel, situated in a most desirable locality, of easy access, and surrounded with innumerable attractions, the Subscriber feels that it is only requisite, in order to ensure the happiness and comfort of his guests, to perform his part well. He therefore pledges himself that nothing shall be wanting on his part to conduce to that end, being determined to give his patrons the full benefit of long experience as a caterer to the public.

SAMUEL BROWNING,
Proprietor Ottawa Hotel, Montreal.

June 1. 140-3m

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

ST. LOUIS STREET,

QUEBEC.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE first-class establishment beg to draw the attention of tourists to the comfort and advantages to be found therein.

The St. Louis Hotel is undeniably the largest best fitted up hotel in Quebec, and one of the finest and best appointed houses in British North America. Encouraged by the liberal patronage extended to them by the travelling public, an addition of 60 sleeping rooms was made last fall, and the hotel is now capable of accommodating with comfort 350 to 400 guests.

It is situated in a healthy and fashionable part of the city, in the vicinity of Terraces and Gardens, from which splendid views can be had of the magnificent scenery for which Quebec is celebrated throughout the world.

RUSSELL'S HOTEL

QUEBEC.

The proprietors desire to inform their numerous friends and patrons in the Ottawa district, visiting Quebec for any length of time, that they can still be accommodated at the above establishment.

W. RUSSELL & SON.

Quebec, May 29. 137-d

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

TORQUAY, DEVONSHIRE.

MRS. BLACKMAN, AND HER SISTER, MISS BENNETT, receive for board and education a limited number of young ladies, to whose moral and religious training, on Church of England principles, they devote their utmost attention. The domestic arrangements of the establishment are under the personal superintendence of MRS. BLACKMAN (a widow); whose great experience in the management of children renders her peculiarly well adapted to promote the comfort and happiness of those entrusted to her care. The salubrity of Torquay is too well known to medical practitioners in all parts of the world to require comment.

The course of instruction comprises a thorough English education, with French. The terms, £40 sterling, per annum, payable half-yearly in advance, include seat at Church, laundress, and all other necessaries, except books. *Drawing*, (on the system pursued at the Government Schools of Art,) Music, Dancing and German, each £5 per annum extra. The vacations will be *five* weeks at midsummer, and a *month* at Christmas. Pupils remaining during the holidays £10 per annum extra. Should it be desired, MRS. BLACKMAN will be happy (her travelling expenses being paid), to meet young ladies on their arrival in England.

REFERENCES are kindly permitted to the following: The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Jamaica, Braddon, Tor Torquay; The Right Reverend G. T. Spencer, late Bishop of Madras, Edgemoor, near Buxton, Derbyshire; The Reverend J. H. Harris, D. D., Perpetual Curate of Tor Mohun, Torquay; Mrs. Arnold, Torquay; Mrs. Phillipps, wife of the Rev. H. N. Phillipps, for some time Incumbent of Christ Church, Grantham, C. W., and Head Master of the Niagara County Grammar School, having resided in the house with Mrs. Blackman and Miss Bennett during a recent visit to England, can testify from personal experience to the maternal care and attention bestowed on the children under their charge.

April 16. 101-6m

ATTENTION.

HOWE & SON

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FINDINGS

WE ARE NOW SELLING

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

WORTH OF

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

At enormously reduced prices, as we intend furnishing with an entire new Stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

Now is the Time for Bargains

G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau treet.

Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-s

German Leather Work

OF A NEW DESIGN, AND

WAX FLOWERS!

A FRAME MADE OF LEATHER, BY MRS. J. CLIFFORD, in the latest style of German Work, can now be seen at Mr. Durie's Book Store.

MRS. CLIFFORD has always on hand for Bazars, &c., a variety of Wax Flowers, Baskets for Cards, &c. She will teach the new and elegant art of GERMAN WORK, manufactured on Leather and WAX WORKS, to ladies who may feel disposed to favor her with a visit.

RESIDENCE:—Dalhousie Street, Lower Town, next door to that of Mr. Gauthier, Cabinet Maker.

Ottawa, April 4, 1866. 91-s

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Combination Filters and Coolers—Esmonde Bros.
Public Notice—W. A. Ross.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Birthday and Wedding Presents—E. K. MacGillivray & Co.
Framed Engravings for Sale—H. Sintzenich.
American Invoices—Discounts—R. S. M. Bouchette
Special Notice—Canadian Pain Destroyer.
Do do —Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills.
Do do —Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only............ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.. 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.. 2c
Yearly advertisements specially contracted with, and a liberal allowance made.

THE
Ottawa Weekly Times,
(*Published every Friday morning.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

An addition of from 30 to 50 subscribers is added every week to the subscription list of the Weekly.
Advertising in Weekly, for first insertion, per line.. 10c
All subsequent insertions, per line.................. 5c

The Daily Times is delivered every morning at Kemptville, Spencerville, and all Stations on the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, at an early hour, and at Prescott by 10 a. m. It can be had at Mr. Witherall's, at Kemptville, and at Prescott at H. M. Ormiston's News Depot. Down the river, per Steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. A. Bowie, it reaches Grenville and L'Orignal by noon, thus placing in the hands of those living at a distance of from 20 or 60 miles from the Capital, all the latest news of the day, at almost as early an hour as that of residents.

JOB PRINTING,
FROM THE
Smallest Card to a Mammoth Poster,
Furnished in the neatest style of the Art.
With fast presses, and all the appliances of modern material, competition in this branch is defied.
All orders from the country specially and promptly attended to.

EXCURSION !
THE STEAMER
QUEEN VICTORIA
Will, during the Session of Parliament, convey Passengers to Grenville, and return same day, at HALF FARE—$1.25. 152-tf

The Ottawa Times

OTTAWA, JULY 31, 1866.

The "Addenda to the Report on the State "of the Militia," a blue book of 20 pages, has just been distributed. It relates chiefly to Lower Canada, and we see with pleasure that the Ottawa volunteers are highly spoken of by those of the officers who make mention of them.

It is a pleasing incident that among the first items of intelligence brought across the Atlantic Cable we should learn that "a treaty "of Peace has been signed between Austria "and Prussia." Peace, by any channel, is always welcome news, but coming as it does almost simultaneously with the establishment of transatlantic telegraphic communication, the announcement presents something of the character of what is called "a remarkable coincidence."

The ocean steamers have now only a short gap to fill up in making the connection between their latest, and the telegraph's first intelligence, and then we shall cease to look to them as the bearers of important news from Europe. So the world moves.

Yesterday morning we called attention to the gratifying announcement which reached the city on Sunday, that the telegraph fleet had arrived at Heart's Content, Newfoundland, having successfully completed the laying of the Atlantic Cable on the morning of the 27th inst. Subsequent despatches have confirmed the pleasing news, and yesterday we were not only enabled to lay before our city readers by an "extra" issued from this office, an extract from the London *Times* of Friday morning last, but also a brief summary of important events in connection with the great conflict in Europe, for particulars of which see under our telegraphic head.

Later despatches bring us a message of congratulation from Her Most Gracious Majesty to the President of the United States which crossed the Atlantic on the 27th, and the reply of the President thereto, which we have every reason to believe has by this time reached the Queen. Both despatches breathe the spirit of good feeling between the nations, which the accomplishment of such a great result is so well calculated to inspire.

We ought not to forget on this occasion that we are soon to be one people, under one Government with our fellow Colonists of Newfoundland, and we think that as our Canadian Legislature is at present in session in what is to be the Capital of the future Confederation, the great event which brings us within a few hours' distance of the Mother Country, ought to be signalised in some formal manner.

EXPLANATION.—We sincerely regret to learn that offence has been taken at the wording of the local item noticing the fire at Mr. Fissette's boarding House. The information was put in shape as received from a party who was present, and without the slightest intention of giving offence to any nationality or to any member of the Legislature.

Yesterday, a great many private bills were advanced a stage. A good deal of discussion took place just before six o'clock, on the bill to permit the issuing of a patent for "a certain new and useful invention," in favor of Henry John Boswell. The ground gone over in debate covered the whole question of the issue of patents for inventions already in use in other countries, and a disposition appeared on the part of some members to oppose all special legislation on the subject. The view taken by the Provincial Secretary that it would not be advisable to amend our patent laws at present, in view of an early assimilation of the patent laws of all the British North American Provinces; and that, therefore, these special cases should be dealt with by the House, appears to be a reasonable one, as undoubtedly many of these bills contemplate the introduction of important private enterprises which would not, on account of the capital involved, be undertaken without the protection afforded by a patent. We do not know anything of the special merits of this particular bill, but it appears very evident that in the absence of a general provision in the patent law to meet the cases contemplated by the several bills now before the House, it would be an injury to the country to reject them merely on the general principle.

In the evening the private bill list was nearly exhausted a good many bills were passed through Committee, some seven or eight passed the second reading, and the House adjourned at a quarter to 12 o'clock.

The Grand Trunk Railway amalgamation bill, as it is generally called, passed the House of Assembly yesterday after four divisions, two of which we give in our Parliamentary report. The discussion was very brief, members having pretty well exhausted their eloquence on the bill during its previous stages, so that to-day the opposition to it was more for party or political effect in the Country, than with any hope of defeating the measure. The hostility to it appeared, from the first, to be based on political considerations, and those not of the soundest character. Thus one of the chief objections by a prominent opponent, was in the additional political power that would be wielded if these two *powerful* Corporations, the Buffalo and Lake Huron, and the Grand Trunk Companies were amalgamated; though in point of fact, it was well known to every intelligent member of the House; *first* that the two companies could have amalgamated by the law as it now stands on the statute book, had they so chosen; and secondly, that the Buffalo and Lake Huron was a helpless concern, without the means of further self-sustenance, and bound to fall either into the hands of the Grand Trunk or Great Western, or to fall into decay.

There was something almost comical in the indignation with which the member for Lambton received the announcement made by the Hon. Mr. Rose, after the third reading of the bill, that its promoters intended to reduce the harbour dues, which had formed the pretext for Col. Rankin's amendment.—The hon. gentleman looked upon it as an insult to the dignity of the House, that any such information should be given to it when it had the power to deal with the question itself. He should learn to repress his irritation in the moment of defeat; the announcement was certainly not an improper one, and the country may well hope to see it carried out, since, according to the member for Huron, the arrangement between the two Companies which this bill is framed to legalize has already saved the farmers in his constituency four cents a bushel on their grain.

The bill will, no doubt, become law during the present session, as the Upper House, having less the fear of indignant constituencies before it, will be induced to consider the measure on its merits.

LOCAL NEWS.

FRAMED ENGRAVINGS.—A splendid lot of fine engravings, framed, are now on sale at R. Eaton & Co's, Rideau Street. Call and examine them.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Wood, who has been from the city for a few days, professionally, will return to-day (Tuesday), per afternoon train.

THE CONCERT LAST EVENING.—The concert last night, in aid of the French Canadian Orphan Home, was a great success. A full report will be given in our next.

MR. LESTER'S PERFORMANCE.—A notice of Mr. Lester's performance at the theatre is unavoidably crowded out to-day; it will appear to-morrow. Several letters have also been deferred.

THE READY MONEY DOES IT.—The cash system is now, and very properly so too, superseding the old and villanous order system. Pay the ready cash for everything, and in return have the spelter for what you have to dispose of. There are some old fogies who don't believe in this—well, just let them attend the sale of valuable furniture, at Mr. Julyan's, in rear of the Russell House, to-day, and Mr. Rowe the Auctioneer, will make them understand that the ready cash is the article to command a bargain with.

DEPARTED WORTH.—It is with great pleasure we notice that the Toronto Volunteer Relief Committee, have taken proper steps to erect a monument, to the memory of the Canadian Volunteers, who fell in defence of Canada during the recent Fenian Invasion; the contributions, individually, are not allowed to exceed $1.00, in order that the sum required may be contributed from every locality in Canada. Subscription Lists for the above fund are now open at the Royal Canadian Bank, Sparks Street, and at the Bank of Upper Canada, Wellington Street. We feel confident in asserting that Ottawa will supply its quota for this noble and praiseworthy object.

ANOTHER NEW PAPER.—We have just received the first number of a new weekly paper, called the *North Wellington Times*; W. G. Culloden, Editor and Proprietor. It is a respectable sheet, and the following tells its proclivities: "Our political creed will be that of the liberal Conservative party—basing our principles on a firm attachment to our beloved Queen, an unwavering adherence to the broad principles of our admirable constitution, advocating our connection with the mother country in all its integrity, aiming to do justice to all parties, supporting all measures calculated to benefit the country, no matter from whom they emanate, to aid in practically promoting the best interests of the Province, by the introduction of capital and skilled labour, and fostering rational progress in all things." We can assure our friends in North Wellington that Mr. Culloden is just the right man, and is deserving of all the support they can bestow upon him. In supporting *The Times* they may rely upon receiving in return a paper conducted in an upright, and strictly conservative manner. We wish *The Times* and its proprietor a long and successful career.

MISS GROSVENOR'S BENEFIT.—On Wednesday evening this accomplished, and versatile young actress takes a benefit at the Theatre, under the patronage of Major Newdigate and officers of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade. The bill for the evening is a strong one, and should command a full house. "The Ticket-of-Leave Man," with Miss Grosvenor as Mary Edwards, and Mr. Harry Townsend as Bob Brierly. In the farce "The Romp," the character of Diana is also in Miss Grosvenor's hands, this added to the singing and dancing by Miss St. Clair, and Miss Loraine, furnishes a capital entertainment.

POLICE COURT.—John Boyle, a hand on the steamer *Beaver*, was charged by Mary Flood, cook on the same boat, with ill-usage. Defendant, it appears, seized the complainant by the throat to choke her; beat her about the head and face with his fist, and kicked her. Her nose gave evidence of blows, and her left leg bore a frightful black mark where she was kicked. Defendant tried to justify that part of his conduct, which he admitted, and that was very small. The magistrate regarded it as wholly unjustifiable, and fined him $10, or one month in jail. Margaret Williams, drunk and unruly; $10 and costs, or jail. Charles James, found helplessly drunk, and in that condition in which our old friend Sancho, delivered his powerful arguments against the fulling-mill adventure. Fine, $3 and costs.—Alexandre Landriaux, selling liquor on Sunday; had an excellent witness who did not know one drink from another, and was so polite that he was determined not to know what any other gentleman drank or called for. Case dismissed with a caution. Rich. Bishop, charged with having stagnant water on his lot, corner Boteler and King streets; postponed for a few days, to make arrangements to fill up the hollow spot that holds the water.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, July 30th, 1866.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine business,

Hon. Mr. ALLEYN moved the third reading of the bill to amend the Act Incorporating the Quebec Marine Insurance Company.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved the third reading of the bill to legalize and confirm an agreement made between the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, and the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

Mr. McKELLAR said he found by one of the clauses, that power was given the Grand Trunk to purchase the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, but even without the clause the bill was a most dangerous one. The hon. Provincial Secretary had said that this bill, if passed, would be dangerous to the civil and religious liberties of the country. The hon. member for Huron and Bruce had also taken, on another occasion, similar grounds against it, and with two such authorities he felt quite justified in opposing the bill. He moved that the bill be recommitted for the purpose of expunging the clause empowering the Grand Trunk to purchase the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway.

Mr. DICKSON contended that the course proposed by the member for Kent was directly opposed to the existing statute, which empowered the Grand Trunk to amalgamate with or purchase any other road connecting with it.

The members were called in and the House divided without further debate, when the amendment was lost. Yeas, 25; Nays, 49.

Mr. RANKIN then moved the recommitting of the bill to amend it by restraining the power of the company from charging excessive harbour dues on freight shipped at Goderich harbour. He contended that these dues were made high for the purpose of compelling parties to send their produce by railway.

Mr. SHANLY said the Buffalo and Lake Huron Company held the harbour under lease from the Government, in which there was a limitation to the rate of dues to be charged, and which would be equally chargeable whether the harbour were in the hands of a harbour company or a railway company.

Mr. DICKSON said it was true that the Buffalo and Lake Huron Company had obtained the lease of the harbour without the consent of the Goderich people, but it was also true that the company had expended upwards of $80,000 in improving the harbour, and the dues could not be changed without an order in Council.

After further discussion the House again divided, when the amendment was lost. Yeas 26; Nays 53.

YEAS,—Bourassa, Bowman, Burwell, Caron, Dorion, (Drummond and Arthabaska), Dorion, (Hochelaga), Dufresne, (Iberville), Geoffrion, Holton, Houde, Laframboise, Lajoie, Macdonald, (Toronto West,) Mackenzie, (Lambton), Magill, McKellar, McMonies, Munro, Oliver, Paquet, Perrault, Rankin, Rymal, Scatcherd, Wells, White.—26.

NAYS,—Alleyn, Archambeault, Ault, Beaubien, Bell, Bellerose, Blanchet, Brousseau, Carling, Cartier, (Attorney-General), Chapais, Cornellier, Coupal, Currier, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne, (Montcalm), Ferguson, (South Simcoe), Fortier, Galt, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Harwood, Haultain, Huot, Irvine, Knight, Langevin, Le Boutillier, Macdonald, (Attorney-General), McConckey, McDougall, McIntyre, Morrison, O'Halloran, Pinsonneault, Pouliot, Raymond, Remillard, Robitaille, Rose, Ross, (Champlain), Shanley, Smith, (East Durham), Somerville, Taschereau, Tremblay, Webb, Wood.—53.

Hon. Mr. HOLTON moved that the bill be recommitted for the purpose of amending the seventh clause, so that the assent of a two thirds majority of the bondholders of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall be necessary to give effect to the bill. He thought it extraordinary that the assent of the bondholders of the Grand Trunk should be made a condition, and that the bondholders of the other company were not to be consulted.

After a few words of explanation from Hon. Mr. Rose, the House again divided, when the amendment was lost. Yeas 29; Nays 50.

The House then divided on the third reading which was carried. Yeas 50; Nays 30.

YEAS,—Alleyn, Archambeault, Ault, Bell, Bellerose, Biggar, Bourassa, Brousseau, Cartier, (Atty.-General), Chapais, Cornellier, Coupal, Currier, De Boucherville, Denis, De Niverville, Dickson, Duckett, Dufresne, (Montcalm), Ferguson, (South Simcoe), Fortier, Galt, Gaucher, Gaudet, Gibbs, Harwood, Huot, Irvine, Knight, Langevin, Le Boutillier, Macdonald, (Attorney-General), McDougall, McIntyre, Morrison, O'Halloran, Pinsonneault, Pouliot, Raymond, Remillard, Robitaille, Rose, Ross, (Champlain), Shanley, Smith, (East Durham), Somerville, Taschereau, Tremblay, Webb, Wood.—50.

NAYS,—Bowman, Bown, Burwell, Carling, Caron, Dorion, (Drummond and Arthabaska), Dorion, (Hochelaga), Dufresne, (Iberville), Geoffrion, Haultain, Holton, Houde, Laframbois, Lajoie, Macdonald, (Toronto West), Mackenzie, (Lambton), Magill, McConkey, McKellar, McMonies, Munro, Oliver, Paquet, Perrault, Rankin, Rymal, Scatcherd, Scoble, Wells, White.—30.

The bill was then read a third time.

Hon. Mr. ROSE moved an amendment to the first clause providing that the existing rights of creditors of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway shall be in no way injuriously affected by the provisions of the bill.

Hon. Mr. ROSE stated that he was authorized by the promoters of the bill to say that they intended to reduce the harbour tolls, and a schedule would be submitted to the Governor in Council, to that effect.

Mr. McKENZIE said such a promise was an insult to the intelligence of the House.

The amendment was agreed to and the bill as amended was passed.

Mr. WALSH moved the House into Committee of the whole on the bill to permit the issuing of a patent, for a certain new and useful invention to John Henry Boswell.

In reply to Mr. McKENZIE,

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL stated that it was his intention to move an amendment to the effect that the applicant shall give notice for two months in the Official *Gazette*, that he is about applying for such patent, and is prepared to prove the allegations set forth in the act.

Mr. McKENZIE protested against this sort of legislation as most extraordinary, and highly detrimental to the best interests of the country. He would not oppose the going into Committee, but would certainly move some amendments.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD also opposed special legislation upon such subjects.

Hon. M. C. CAMERON said there might be some reason for setting aside the general provisions of the patent law, in favor of parties about to start large manufactures in the country, and who would not invest their capital, but these bills had been passed through the private bills Committee without any proper information having been given regarding them.

The House then went into committee.

In reply to Col. Haultain,

Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL stated that last year it had been considered that some amendment of the general patent law was desirable, to admit of the granting of patents for certain inventions in use in other countries. As however, it was very probable that the patent laws of all the Provinces would be assimilated in a year or two it was not deemed advisable to change the general law at present, hence the Government had consented to the passing of these acts to meet the few special cases which it seemed desirable to provide for. He intended, as he had said before, to move an amendment which would compel the applicant to give sufficient notice and proof of the allegations made.

Mr. FORD JONES opposed the bill, and moved that the Committee rise, which was lost by 23 to 25.

The Committee rose and reported the bill as amended, which was ordered to a third reading on Wednesday next.

Hon. Mr. McDOUGALL presented certain returns, and it being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

After Recess.

The following bills passed through Committee:

To vest the Protestant Burial Ground at Hudson, in the Incumbent and Church Wardens of St. James' Church, Vaudreuil.—Hon. Mr. Abbott.

To authorise the issue to Messrs. J. D. Whelply and J. J. Storer, of Letters Patent for a new and improved system of treating Metallic Ores.—Mr. Shanly.

To incorporate the Crystal Lake Cemetery Company.—Mr. Knight.

To enable John Ault to sell certain Real Estate.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

To remove doubts as to the legality of a Canon of the Synod of the Diocese of Quebec, respecting the Parish and Chapelries of Quebec.—Mr. Irvine.

To erect the County of Peel into a separate County for Judicial purposes.—Hon. Mr. Cameron.

This bill was also read a third time.

To naturalize John Rogers.—Mr. Irvine.

To divide the Municipality of "Gaspe Bay, South and York" into two separate Municipalities.—Mr. Le Boutillier.

To extend the provisions of the Act 25th Vic., Chap. 40, intituled An Act to confirm and establish certain Roads in the Township of Reach.—Mr. M. C. Cameron.

To amend certain errors in a conveyance from one Alexander Dixon, deceased, to W. M. Westmacott, dated 1st September, 1854, and to confirm a sale of certain lands thereunder.—Hon. Mr Cameron.

To erect the Parish of St. Bonaventure into a separate Municipality.—Mr. Geoffrion.

To authorize the admission of William Lynn Smart, as a Barrister in Upper Canada.—Mr. Powell.

The Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company Capitalization Arrear Act, 1866.—Mr. Wood.

To incorporate the Belleville and Marmora Railway Company (from Legislative Council). Mr. Morrison.

To incorporate "The Dresden Great Western Oil Company."—Mr. Magill.

To incorporate the Roxton Mining Company. —Mr. Geoffrion.

To amend the Charter of the Quebec Fire Assurance Company.—Hon. Mr. Alleyn.

To incorporate the Union Fire, Ocean and Inland Marine Insurance Company.—Hon. Mr. Rose.

Further to amend the Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada.—(from the Legislative Council) (Reported).—Mr. Street.

To amend the act incorporating the City of Three Rivers.—Mr. DeNiverville.

To extend the time for the completion of the works of the North Shore Railway and St. Maurice Land and Navigation Company.—Mr. DeNiverville.

Hon. J. S. MACDONALD opposed the going into Committee on this bill. He said it was ten years since the land had first been granted to this Company, and as the mover was the supporter of the gentlemen opposite, no doubt they would support the bill, and grant him six years more. He moved the three months' hoist.

Hon. Mr. CARTIER stated that upwards of ten thousand pounds had already been expended by the Company towards making the road, and had it not been for the untimely death of Mr. Turcotte, that road would now have been in working order. He explained the importance of the road in opening up the valley of the St. Maurice for settlement, and favoring the lumber trade.

The amendment was declared lost on division, and the bill passed through Committee, as did the following:

To authorise the construction of a Tramway or Railroad from the Village of Orangeville, in the County of Wellington, to some point on the Grand Trunk Railway, west of Toronto.—Mr. Parker.

To further amend the Act to incorporate the International Bridge Company.—Mr. Morrison.

To authorize the sale of certain lands belonging to the estate of the late Honorable Peter Adamson.—Mr. MacFarlane.

To amend the Act to amend and consolidate the provisions contained in the Acts and Ordinances, relating to the incorporation of, and the supply of water to the City of Quebec.—Hon. Mr. Cauchon.

An Act to provide for ascertaining what persons have rights in the "Commons of Berthier and Isle du Pads," (from Legislative Council).—Mr. Dufresne (Montcalm.)

An Act to incorporate the Ursuline Academy of Chatham (from Legislative Council). —Mr. McKellar.

To consolidate the indebtedness of the Town of Stratford, in the County of Perth.—Mr. McFarlane.

For improvement of the Napanee River.—Mr. Cartwright.

An Act to place the Wesleyan Methodist Church and property situated on the South side of Queen Street, in the City of Toronto, under the direction of the "Model Deed" of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, in connection with the English conference for the better management thereof, and to vest the same in certain Trustees under said Deed (from the Legislative Council.)—Mr. Cameron (North Ontario.)

The authorize Margaret Bessarer to sell a block of land in Ottawa, for the benefit of her son the Devisee, a minor.—Mr. Currier.

To adjust the Boundary lines and settle the titles in certain ranges of the Township of Grenville.—Hon. Mr. Abbott.

To amend the Act to incorporate l' Institut Canadien Francais de la Cite d' Ottawa.—Mr. Currier.

The following bills were read a second time:

To authorize compensation for certain claims in respect of an erroneous survey of the line between the sixth and seventh concessions of the Township of Hamilton, by the issue of land scrip therefor.—Mr. J. Shuter Smith.

To erect a new Municipality in the County of Megantic by the name of the Municipality of St. Pierre Baptiste.—Mr. Taschereau.

To amend the Act incorporating the Canada Central Railway Company.—Mr. Powell.

To enable the Honorable Phillip H. Moore to obtain a patent for the invention of a new method of manufacturing peat into coal by process of steam (from Legislative Council.) Mr. Shanly.

An act to repeal the act to legalize certain assessments in the city of Toronto, and to enable the said city to recover taxes rated and charged.—(From Legislative Council.)—Mr. Macdonald, of Toronto.

To incorporate the Canadian Loan and Interest Company [Limited].—Mr. Morrison.

To incorporate the Caisse d'Epargne de la Section St. Joseph de la Societe de Temperance de Montreal.—Mr. Denis.

For establishing the boundary lines between certain Ranges in the Township of Onslow.—Mr. Poupore.

The House adjourned at a quarter to 12 o'clock.

The anticipated truce between the Prussians and Bavarians has not yet been concluded.

The Federal troops defeated at Aschaffenberg are forming a junction with the Bavarians.

The head-quarters of Prince Alexander of Hesse Darmstadt, are at Wadunsee.

INQUEST ON ALBERT STREET FIRE.

On Saturday evening last, Dr. VanCortland having received a requisition to cause an inquest to investigate the cause of the above fire, summoned a jury to meet for that purpose at the City Hall on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock. At 7 o'clock the names were called, and the court was opened.

The Coroner stated that it would be necessary to view the premises—several jurors who had already seen it thought it could be dispensed with, but the Coroner, with firmness, insisted on that proceeding as the first step. On arriving at the house the jury were admitted into the house and proceeded to examine the room, after which they returned to the City Hall.

E. J. O'Neill sworn.—Yesterday, about two o'clock, heard the fire bells, went immediately to the house where the fire was; it is occupied by Mr. Fissette, saw smoke issuing from the front window. Went up stairs, and saw fire in the room just visited; saw a box in the closet under the shelves, which was on fire; a fireman threw a pail of water on it. There were thirty persons there before I arrived. Coming out of the room I met Patrick Buckley and Mr. Wade, of the Insurance Company. Buckley said I am the owner of these premises; I am not insured; some person has tried to set it on fire, will you please to look into it; I answered yes. The agent of the Insurance Company said this man is insured with me to a large amount for his furniture—a much larger amount than the furniture I see here is worth. Mr. Viger, who told me he was a member of Parliament, told the persons there not to answer me anything, and ordered the servant girl down stairs, for fear she should say anything to criminate any one; told Viger I was a policeman, and he said he did not care; he would recommend every one there to tell me nothing; he did not care for all the police in Ottawa. To a juror—He said he would answer me no questions, and recommended others not. To the Coroner—Viger did not seem to be much excited. I was in a fair way to find out all about the fire, until he interfered. Mr. Dufour, a boarder in the house up to that morning, said he had moved out all his things, (clothing, &c.) Mr. Nesbitt, a boarder, told me he was the first to break open the door, which was locked. Joseph Fissette said to witness: I locked the door myself, at about 2 o'clock, and gave my wife the key. Witness produced two pieces of partially charred boards which were on fire in the room. Went this morning with Serjeant Davis to inquire Mr. Fissette's name; asked a person there if Mr. Fissette was in, and he told me there was no such person living there. Don't know whether I pronounced the name correctly or not. Sent Davis down stairs, who brought up Fissette. The person told Fissette not to tell his name. To the Foreman—Have no doubt but I should have arrived at the origin of the fire.

Francis Graham, sworn.—Yesterday about two o'clock went to the fire on Albert Street, in my capacity as fireman; found my company there, they were raising a ladder to a window, from which smoke was issuing; I went up the ladder, and got in at the window; saw several persons there, some of them were women, also William Porter, and another person whom I should know again; looked round to see where the fire came from and saw smoke coming from under the door, when Porter and I tried to open the door. The parties in the room tried to prevent us, I cautioned them not to interrupt me in the discharge of my duty, that I was Captain of the company and in charge of the fire; I paid no attention to their saying the fire was out, but ordered the men to bring up water and axes. Before the water and axes arrived the closet door had been broken open; Porter said it was he who broke it open. I entered on my hands and knees, and saw a box there; it was on fire; I desired Wm. Young to break the lath and plaster, when the man with the black moustache, and the women, tried to prevent it, saying there was no fire there; was satisfied that the fire was between the lath and plaster because the wall was so hot; went down stairs to see if there were any means by which fire could be communicated, but found no flue nor any other means by which fire could be communicated from without the closet. To Foreman.—Don't know what caused the fire nor its origin.

William Young sworn.—Went to the fire yesterday afternoon; saw last witness going up a ladder, heard him afterwards call for axes and buckets; went up stairs; saw a smoke coming out of a cupboard; ordered to break lath and plaster—did so; heard a hissing noise of water thrown on fire; saw something on fire like a box; handed pieces to captain; believe the pieces here shown are the same; was obstructed by parties in the room. The witness further corroborated the testimony of the last one; would know the parties who interfered. To a juror.—There was no clothing in the closet, nor furniture in the room; saw no blaze but a great deal of smoke; the stovepipe holes were stopped with paper. There being no more witnesses present, the Court was adjourned till 2 o'clock Monday, and the coroner issued his warrant for the apprehension of Jos. Fissette, on a charge of wilfully setting fire to the premises now occupied by him.

The prisoner was brought up in a few minutes by Sergeant Davis, and committed by the Coroner to gaol, until 2 o'clock p.m., Monday.

Monday's Sitting,

Was opened at 3 o'clock, when the Coroner said—

Mr. Foreman and Gentlemen of the jury. You will remember that I cautioned you on the occasion of our last meeting to consider all matters in connection with this inquest coolly and dispassionately, and this measure becomes more necessary because an impression exists since we last met that this enquiry is the result of prejudice.

The Foreman suggested that those belonging to the house should be examined first.

Louis Labreche Viger, Sworn—Lives with Mr. Fissette since the beginning of the session, 7th June. Hon. Littellier, Mr. Choffers and myself occupied four rooms on the upper flat. On Friday last in the morning went out for about an hour and a half, from 10 to 11:30. From 11:30 was in the house till the fire broke out. It was then about 3 or a quarter past, was standing in the dining room where I had remained after lunch, reading. At about a quarter past 3 Mr. Nesbitt, another of the boarders, rushed into the house, informing me that it was on fire. He was quite excited and went up stairs immediately. I came out of the dining room and met at the foot of the stairs Mr. Fissette, his wife, and am not sure if the children were there or not. We all went up stairs together. Mr. Fisette opened the door of the room, which was then vacant, Mr. Dufour who had previously occupied it having left it in the morning. The door is locked with a spring lock. When Mr. Fissette had opened the door we found the smoke so dense that we could not get in. I advised Mr. Fisette at once to shut the door, and I believe that he mentioned that he was going for the firemen; at all events I advised him to do so at once, and he left, running immediately. I then went down into my own bedroom to pack up my clothes, which I did. Before I had sent away all the trunks in my room I heard some stating that the fire was out. It was, perhaps, 5 or 6 minutes after I went up. I went up at once to ascertain the fact. There were a great many persons in the room when I went in. I tried to see where the fire had been, but was prevented by the number of persons standing in the door of the wardrobe. I have since seen the interior of the wardrobe, but the shelves which I had been told were on fire had been taken away. I could therefore form no exact opinion of the state of things when the fire was put out. By the Coroner—Am sure Fissette left me under the impression that he was going for the firemen. Never saw the interior of the closet before. To Foreman—Fissette unlocked the door. Saw evidences of fire afterwards. To a Juror—Saw a person who said he was O'Neil, he was putting questions to parties in the house. He wore no uniform nor badge to shew his official character. I had seen him speaking to Mrs. Fissette, but had not heard a single word. I saw him requesting the presence of a charwoman, who was there to go with him into a room; thought he was seeking information about the origin of the fire. It at once struck me that in their then excited state, it would be dangerous for the inmates to answer questions put by a very cool man, lest they should commit themselves unwittingly or involve others. Saw plainly that the man was seeking to make a criminal case out of this accident. I ordered the charwoman down into the kitchen, whereupon O'Neil asked me why I was interfering. I answered by asking why he was making investigations here? He said he was sent by a Magistrate. I asked him to show his powers, when he discovered a badge under his coat collar. I told him that was not sufficient to empower him to open an investigation. He told me I should learn that he had power. I went down stairs, where he followed me, and we had a few words to the same purpose as our conversation before.

[Mr. Dunning, Prisoners Counsel, said he would ask a few questions with permission; at first it was agreed too, then rejected.]

By a Juror.—Has no conception of the origin of the fire.

Hector Dufour—I left Mr. Fissette's on the morning of the 27th, up to which time I occupied the room which was afterwards on fire, took away my effects about half-past seven, and left three quarters after eight, in company with Mr. Casgrain. To Foreman—I left the door open and put the key on a little shelf outside, I had one key and Mrs. Fissette had another. I smoke a great deal, may have smoked in the room, may have dropped a match. Can't say if a match ignited at six in the morning would cause a fire and continue to burn so long as between 7 o'clock and till the time the fire broke out. Think the shelves were in their proper places when I left.

Thomas Nesbitt, a boarder, Civil Service. About 20 minutes past 2 when I left the Bureau of Agriculture to go to my room for a dictionary. I thought there was some smoke in the second flat, tried to ascertain where it came from, and thought it might come from outside. Went to Mr. Murphy's room adjoining the closet. Saw the smoke issuing from the keyhole. Called loudly for Mr. Fisette, who came running up, when I told him what I had seen. He ran down again for the key and ran up again with intense excitement, so that he could hardly put the key in the door. The smoke was so dense I was afraid of being smothered. He started again to go below, but I checked him to have him help me, and he carried one of my trunks down stairs, and ran panting and greatly excited for water. On my way back saw Fissette running very fast towards the engine house. Mr. Fissette, M. Viger, myself and the women were the only persons who then knew of the fire, consequently it must have been Fissette who gave the alarm. The window of the room left by Dufour was closed. Mrs. Parisien opened the windows after two previous ineffectual attempts to get through the smoke. I then went to aid M. Viger. I forgot to say I took a pail of water up. Saw Fissette take up one, too, immediately on returning from informing the fire company. I was informed there was no fear of the fire spreading, advised the parties to close and even lock the doors. Heard Mr. Fissette advise parties to break the wall, am not sure whether there is a door to the closet. Thought it was a curtain. Gave the water I took up to a woman, who, in her excitement, threw it down in the room where there was no fire. By Coroner—Fissette evinced every disposition to put the fire out. Saw some burnt matches and a match box. This was after the fire was said to be extinguished. To a Juror—While I was looking after Mr. Murphy's room that gentleman was looking to the safety of his things below.

William Wade, agent for the Hartford Fire Insurance Company sworn.—On or about 25th June I issued a policy of insurance to the amount of $1,600 to Joseph Fissette on his household goods and furniture; had not examined the goods. On Friday afternoon last, was informed there was a fire at Mr. Buckley's; went there when the fire was out; went in, and from what I saw and heard there, concluded I had issued too large a policy for the goods in the place; made up my mind that the fire was an incendiary fire; notified Fissette that his insurance was cancelled from that time; tendered him a proportionate sum of the unexpired policy, which he accepted. To a juror.—Concluded it was an incendiary fire, because I was informed that the fire had occurred in a room where there was no stove or other mode by which fire could enter, the house having been vacated that morning by a boarder.

Hermengilde Casgrain, boarder.—My room is back of the closet; was with Mr. Dufour; he came into my room and smoked; he smoked while he was moving his things; my clothes were in the closet; I moved them after the fire; they were not burnt; think the insurance covered the value of the furniture; know nothing of the origin of the fire.

John Murphy, boarder.—Was not in at the time of the fire; when I arrived the fire was out; a coat of mine was in the closet; took it out; never saw anything about likely to take fire.

Adjourned to half-past seven.

The jury retired at half-past 11 o'clock, and brought in, at 1 o'clock, the following

Verdict.

"That in the opinion of the jury, the fire which occurred on Friday last, in the house occupied by Joseph Fissette, belonging to Mr. Patrick Buckley, on the south side of Albert street, in the City of Ottawa, was the work of an incendiary, but there is not evidence to implicate any party or parties."

TELEGRAPHIC

(Per Montreal Line.)

The Cable at Work !

A Treaty of Peace Signed between Austria and Prussia.

An Armistice of Six Days agreed to on the 23rd.

NEW YORK, 29th, 2:30 a. m.—The following despatches have just been received from C. W. Field:—

HEART'S CONTENT, July 27th.—We arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, all well, thank God. The cable has been laid and is in perfect working order.

(Signed.) C. W. FIELD.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28th.—We are in constant communication with Ireland. The cable is in perfect order.

(Signed,) C. W. FIELD.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 28th.—England and America are again united by telegraph. The cable is in perfect order. We have been receiving and sending messages through the cable ever since the splice on the 13th off Valentia.

(Signed,) C. W. FIELD.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 29th.—The London *Times* of 27th says, of the telegraph, it is a great work and the glory of the age and nation, and those who have achieved it deserve to be honored as benefactors of the race.

A treaty of peace has been signed between Austria and Prussia. A telegram says, that a five days armistice between Austria commenced at noon on the 23rd.

There was fighting on the 22nd, the Austrians claiming a victory.

The Earl of Shaftesbury had protested, in the Commons, against Reform meetings.

In a discussion on the tariff, Sir John Packington admitted that England was behind other nations.

A severe engagement took place on the 20th, off the Island of Liss. The Austrians claimed a victory. They sunk the Italian ironclads running down one and blowing up three vessels.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 27th, 1866.

To His Excellency President Johnson, Washington,—

SIR,—The Atlantic Cable was successfully completed this morning. I hope it will prove a blessing to England and the United States, and increase the intercourse between our own country and the eastern hemisphere.

Yours faithfully,
CYRUS W. FIELD.

WASHINGTON, 29th.—To C. W. Field, Heart's Content—Sir, I heartily congratulate you, and trust that your enterprise may be as successful as your efforts have been persevering. May the cable under the sea tend to promote harmony between the Republic of the West and the Governments of the Eastern Hemisphere.

(Signed,) A. JOHNSON.

HEART'S CONTENT, 27th.—To W. H. Seward, Washington.—Sir, The telegraph cable has been successfully completed between Ireland and Newfoundland, and I remember with gratitude your services in the Senate of the United States in the winter of 1857, and I recollect with pleasure the efforts you made in favor of the telegraph bill. That you may never have reason to regret what you have done to establish communication across the Atlantic, is the sincere wish of your friend.

(Signed) C. W. FIELD.

WASHINGTON, July 29.

To C. W. Field, Heart's Content:

Acknowledgments and congratulations. If the Atlantic Cable had not failed in 1858, the European States would not have been led in 1861 into the great error of supposing that civil war in America could either perpetuate African slavery, or divide this Republic. Your great achievement constitutes, I trust, a treaty of international neutrality and non-intervention.

(Signed) W. H. SEWARD.

The following is a list of the directors of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Co.:—Peter Cooper, Cyrus W. Field, Moses Taylor, Marshall O. Roberts, Wilson G. Hunt. The officers of the company are Peter Cooper, President; Cyrus W. Field, Vice-President, Moses Taylor, Treasurer, Robt. W. Lowder, Secretary.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 29th.—C. W. Field says there have been riots in London on account of the refusal of the Government to allow reform meetings to be held in Hyde Park.

A daily paper has been published on the *Great Eastern*.

ASPY BAY, C. B., July 29th.—All despatches from Europe *via* Heart's Content and Port au Basque, being mainly relative to the successful laying of the cable, have been forwarded by telegraph from this point, and the news yacht sailed this afternoon on her return to Port au Basque.

Another vessel will arrive to-morrow (Monday) morning from Port au Basque, with further advices from the cable and Europe. The telegraph lines are in good working order.

Rejoicings in Boston in honor of the Atlantic Cable.

Message from Her Majesty to the President of the United States.

Reply of President Johnson.

BOSTON, July 30th.—Governor Bullock ordered a salute of one hundred guns to be fired on Boston Common to-day, to celebrate the completion of the Atlantic Cable.

ASPY BAY, July 30th.—The Superintendent of the Newfoundland line arrived here at nine o'clock this morning, with a message from the Queen of Great Britain to the President of the United States.

LONDON, July 27th, 1866.

To the President of the United States, Washington:

The Queen congratulates the President on the successful completion of an enterprise which she hopes may serve as an additional bond of union between the United States and England.

To which the following reply was sent:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 30th, 11:30 A. M.

To Her Majesty, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

The President of the United States acknowledges with profound gratification the receipt of Her Majesty's despatch, and cordially reciprocates the hope that the cable which now unites the Eastern and Western hemispheres, may serve to strengthen and preserve peace and amity between the Governments of England and the Republic of the United States.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

Arrival of the Steamship "China."

HALIFAX, July 30.—The steamship *China*, from Liverpool 21st, via Queenstown 22nd, has arrived.

The *Java* arrived at Queenstown on the 20th, and the *Arago* at Southampton on same day.

AUSTRIA.

Prussia had accepted a proposal for the suspension of hostilities for five days, and it was expected to result in an armistice for six weeks.

Great preparations were making at St. Petersburg to give Assistant-Secretary Fox a grand reception.

The announcement that Austria had accepted proposals for a suspension of hostilities, caused great buoyancy in all markets. The prevailing opinion, especially among the Germans, being that peace is almost certain to be completed, and consequently there will be no resumption of hostilities.

The Italian answer had not yet been received.

There were no reports of further fighting.

LIVERPOOL, July 22nd.—In the great naval engagement off Lipo, the Italian iron clad *Re D'Italie*, was crushed by collision at the commencement of the battle.

An iron clad blew up with all on board, amid cries of "Long live the King and Italy," from the crew.

Italian accounts state that the Austrian squadron returned after one man-of-war and two steamers had been sunk.

A Vienna despatch says the Italian fleet was driven back and was being pursued by the Austrians in the direction of Ancona.

It is asserted in Paris that Austria has assented to retire from the German Confederation.

It is stated that Frankfort will have to pay a further war contribution of 25,000,000 florins.

Paris Bourse excited.

The Observer says that Parliament will be required at almost the last moment of the session, to give its concurrence to the Confederation of the North American Provinces, including the plan for the continuance of the Grand Trunk Railway.

FURTHER BY "PERUVIAN."

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—The funds on the 18th improved one-quarter per cent., owing to peace and harvest prospects. Discount demand is quiet.

LONDON, July 20th.—The Prussians have commenced a regular seige of the fortress of Metz.

The Italian fleet, consisting of some iron clad vessels, and several steamers opened an attack on the Island of Lissa on the coast of Dalmatia. After several hours obstinate fighting Admiral Persano, with eight iron-clad vessels engaged the Fort of St. George. The powder magazine in the fort was blown up during the engagement.

Vice Admiral Albani joined the squadron of Admiral Persano, who was about to give orders for a disembarkation, when he was apprised of an Austrian squadron approaching to prevent this design being carried out. The Italian fleet was soon after preparing for an engagement with the Austrian squadron.

Twelve thousand Austrians have left Trent for Junspruck.

The Italian vanguard was at Pivas on Wednesday.

The Austrians on Mount Domino, attacked the Italian guards, but soon retired from the fire of the Italian artillery.

The Swiss Federal Assembly has resolved an immediate adoption of breech loaders for the Swiss army.

Frankfort has paid a contribution of three million florins, towards the maintenance of the troops.

CHEAP SALE of BLACK & FANCY SILKS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE DETERMINED TO OFFER ON MONDAY, 30TH, AND FOLLOWING DAYS, THEIR WHOLE STOCK OF

RICH BLACK AND FANCY SILKS !

AT VERY GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

THEIR STOCK COMPRISES THE NEWEST DESIGNS, IMPORTED BY THEMSELVES, THIS SEASON, FROM PARIS DIRECT.

This is a favorable opportunity for parties requiring Silks to procure

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS AT VERY LOW PRICES!

They have also in stock a very choice lot of newest designs in

Fancy Dress Goods, Shawls and Mantles.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA, July 28. 189y

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Destructive Fire in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, 30th.—The steamer *City of Buffalo* which arrived from Chicago on Saturday night, with 72,000 bushels oats, was burnt this noon, while unloading at Sturge's elevator. She was valued at about $74,000. Insurance $45,000. The fire communicated to Sturge's elevator which, with its contents, about 15,000 bushels of grain, mostly oats, was entirely destroyed. Loss on elevator and grain estimated at $250,000. The fire is now spreading to the shipping yard of H. H. Hale.

SAN FRANCISCO, 25th.—The ship *Silas Greenman*, from Hong Kong, brings the account of the loss of the barque *Le Belle*, on an uninhabited reef called Lake Island, where the passengers and crew remained three weeks, but finding no water they started in the ship's long boat for the Ladrone Islands, in charge of the first mate—the captain and 8 passengers taking the gig. The former were saved, but the latter have not been heard from. Madame Anna Bishop and party were among the passengers. A schooner has been sent in search of the missing boat, and to bring away $94,000 in treasure, which was saved and buried on the island. The cargo was valued at $300,000.

A British ship stranded on Gaspar shoal on the 25th of May. Fate of the crew unknown.

The Coolie ship *Yargo*, was burned off the Java coast on the 16th of April. A mutiny had previously occurred on board. The chief mate, apprentice and 140 emigrants were lost.

An expedition of English gunboats against the pirates on the West coast has been very successful, having captured a masked battery of 12 guns at Namanic.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26th.—Hong Kong advices contradict the reported murder of Dr. Hanbon of the English Council at Chefoo.

NEW YORK, July 30.—*The Post's* money article says the prevailing opinion is, that the success of the Atlantic cable will tend to equalize prices. Increased animation has been imparted to Government bonds by the prospect of peace. Same cause has depressed gold. Loan market quiet at 5 per cent.

Fourteen cases and four deaths by cholera in this city.

Three deaths in Blackwell's Island and fourteen cases, and eight deaths in Brooklyn are reported this morning.

Six cases and two deaths have occurred in King's County Penitentiary.

Havana dates of the 19th states that the Empress of Mexico arrived there on the 17th, on her way to Europe.

Mexican advices state that the condition of the Empire is daily growing more critical.

A French steamer arrived at Vera Cruz with 200 troops of the Foreign Legion.

Diario del Emperio says the Empress has gone to Europe to treat about the interests of Mexico, and is expected back in November.

Prince Salm Salm has been made colonel in the staff of the auxilliary division.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the TIMES.*)

OTTAWA, July 30, 1866.

FLOUR—Extra	$8 00	@ 8 75
No. 1	7 00	@ 7 50
No. 2	6 25	@ 6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 75	@ 0 00
" Spring "	3 75	@ 0 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@ 5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@ 4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	None offering.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	"	
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 50	@ 1 60
Spring " "	1 50	@ 1 60
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 80	@ 0 90
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 85	@ 0 90
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@ 0 33
Beans " 60 lbs.	0 00	@ 1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	25 00	@ 25 50
Prime Mess per do.	20 00	@ 20 50
Hog per 100 lbs.	9 00	@ 10 00
Hams	0 15	@ 17 00
Beef	9 00	@ 10 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 9	@ 0 00
Veal— " "	0 10	@ 0 11
Geese—Each	0 60	@ 0 65
Turkeys—Each	0 87	@ 0 95
Fowl—Per pair	0 40	@ 0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 21	@ 0 23
No. 1 Firkin	0 18	@ 0 20
No. 2 do	0 00	@ 0 00
Eggs	0 18	@ 0 20
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 37	@ 0 40
New Potatoes, per gal.	0 10	@ 0 08
Peas, Green, "	0 08	@ 0 00
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@ 0 10
New Hay	8 00	@ 0 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@ 0 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

RUSSELL, OF THE TIMES, DENOUNCED.—Mr. Russell, of *The Times*, does not appear to have given satisfaction either to the Northerners or Southerners, but you do not hear of any one being dissatisfied with the Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is sufficient proof that it is what it is represented to be. Price only 25 cents per bottle. 190a

Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer,

Taken internally, cures sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nursing sore mouth, canker, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp or pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painters' colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhea and dysentery.

Applied externally, cures felons, boils, and old sores, severe burns and scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains, swelling of the joints, ringworm and tetter, broken breasts, frosted feet, and chilblains, toothache, pains in the face, neuralgia, and rheumatism, [See Directions accompanying each Bottle.]

Is Health worth the Trouble of an Experiment ?—If you think so, sick reader, you are invited to follow in the footsteps of the great multitude who have found relief, when they had almost ceased to hope for it, in **Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills**. The scope of their remedial operation is wide. Not only do they produce the most beneficial effects in all immediate diseases of the stomach, the liver, and the bowels, but in a great number of contingent complaints. In spasms and fits of every description they are considered by medical men of eminence, as well as by non-professionals, the most thorough of all remedies. They renovate the general system, while they gently relax the bowels, and hence, in cases of physical prostration, whether arising from age, a weak constitution, or a specific ailment, they are invaluable. Where other purgatives would exhaust and sicken the patient, they recuperate and refresh. Their effect upon the appetite is most remarkable. Ordinary aperients create a distaste for food, but they produce a desire for it. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA should be used in connection with the pills. 190a

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA in CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers at 25 cents a bottle. Office, 48 Dey Street, New York, and 205 High Holborn London. 184d

DIED.

In this city, on the 30th inst., George Francis, infant son of R. Waller, aged 2 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that default having been made in the payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in certain mortgage deeds made by Daniel McCurdy, of the Township of Russell, in the County of Russell, Yeoman, to James Keays of the said Township of Russell, Esquire, on the North East and North West quarters of Lot number Twenty, in the Second Concession of the said Township of Russell, which said mortgage deeds were duly assigned by the said James Keays to Michael Stevenson, of the city of Quebec, Esquire, the said lands and premises will, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage deeds, be sold by public auction at the law office of Messrs. Scott & Ross, in the City of Ottawa, THURSDAY, the SIXTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST next, at twelve o'clock noon.

The sale being under a Power the said Michael Stevenson will covenant against his own acts only.

All Searches, Abstracts, Deeds and Conveyancing charges will be at the expense of the purchaser.

Dated this Twenty-eighth day of July, 1866.

W. A. ROSS,
191td Solicitor for Michael Stevenson.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF FILTERS, AND THE
Combination Filters and Coolers!
ARE DAILY EXPECTED.
STOVES, TINWARE, ETC.,
AT THE USUAL FAVORABLE TERMS, AT
ESMONDE BROS.,
SPARKS STREET,
(OPPOSITE ONTARIO BANK.)
Ottawa, July 31. 191y

Framed Engravings for Sale.

A LOT OF FINE STEEL PLATE ENGRAVINGS (framed), are offered for sale for a few days at R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau Street. This is an excellent opportunity for those desiring to purchase.
H. SINTZENICH.
Ottawa, July 31. 191-3

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager...... John Townsend.

NOTICE.—Miss Florence Grosvenor's tickets only will be admitted to-night, to be had of her at the Theatre, of the Manager, or at the Russell House.

NOTICE.—Family tickets will, in future, be issued to the Boxes at $1.

Under the patronage of Major Newdigate and the officers of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade.

For the Benefit of Miss Flo . Grosvenor.

On Wednesday ev'g., August 1st,

Will be presented for positively the only time this season, Tom Taylor's great sensational drama, in 4 acts, entitled

THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN!

Mary Edwards..............Miss Florence Grosvenor
Supported by the whole company.
A Song by Miss Adela St. Clair.
A Dance by Miss Bertha Loraine.
To conclude with the laughable farce of

THE ROMP;

Or, the Imp of Mischief.

Diana (the romp)..........Miss Florence Grosvenor

On Friday next a grand entertainment for the joint benefit of Miss Adela St. Clair and Miss Bertha Loraine.

Doors open at 7:30; commence precisely at a quarter past 8 o'clock. Admission: Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Ottawa, July 31. 191

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, July 27, 1866.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 33½ per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Birthday & Wedding Presents

AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E.K. MacGILLIVRAY & CO,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS
AND JEWELLERS.

Ottawa, July 17. 1-y

Provincial Telegraph Line!

OFFICES:

69, Fcs Xavier St. Montreal. | Sparks St. Ottawa. | Yonge St. Toronto.

We are happy to announce the completion of the Provincial Telegraph Line to MONTREAL.

We have now perfect connection with the United States Telegraph Lines at

Montreal, Cape Vincent Buffalo & Detroit.

Messages correctly forwarded and promptly delivered.

G. W. CARLETON, *Manager.*
Ottawa, July 30th 1866. 190-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE

PAIN KILLER!

AT THE OLD PRICE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND **WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.**

March 5, 1866. 65

AMUSEMENTS.

DAN CASTELLO'S

Great Show!

MORAL EXHIBITION

AND

WONDERFUL WILD ANIMALS

Remodelled, Refitted, and Greatly Improved for the Season of 1866.

JAMES M. NIXON,............Manager.

Dan Castello's GREAT SHOW

WILL EXHIBIT

AT OTTAWA

Friday & Saturday, Aug. 10&11.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

Reserved Seats..........................50 cents
" Children under 10 years of age....25 cents

Performance afternoon and evening at 2 and 8 o'clock.

Novel, Startling, and Graphic Spectacle,

The Disenthralment of a Live Lion!

THIS MAMMOTH CREATURE!

One of the finest specimens in the collection, is of recent importation, having been purchased from Batty's Zoological Institute, expressly for this establishment. Being docile, kind, and affectionate in disposition, Herr Lengel determined to so train and educate it that he could

Let it Loose in the Street!

And thus exhibit it in comparison to the fierce and sanguinary brutes in the den of which he performs such heroic exploits.

The Tame Lion Walks from his Cage among the Spectators!

Mounts a Pedestal erected on a Splendidly wrought car, and is thus borne in triumph through crowded thoroughfares, to the astonishment and delight of the assembled masses.

DAN CASTELLO

Will appear in his Motley Attire, give his humors of the hour, introduce his magnificent horse with the "Flowing Mane,"

RUSSIAN CZAR,

His Sagacious Trick Seed, Andy Johnson; the irresistible Pony, the smallest and smartest in the world, JANUARY, and those irrepressible Quadrupeds, "THEM MULES."

"Artemus Ward," & "Brick Pomeroy."

New and Startling Speciality given for the first time in any exhibition in the country.

HERR LENGEL,

The most daring artiste who has ever handled the monsters of the Forest, Plains and Jungles, with the wild LIONS and LIONESSES, and give a performance that has created an unparalleled excitement throughout the country. The papers and the people have endorsed and proclaimed it to be the

Greatest Display of INTREPIDITY

Ever displayed by Mortal Being.

The Circus Company

Comprising some of the most eminent people in the Equestrian and Gymnastic departments of art, among whom are Mdlle. Palmyra Holloway, leading European Equestrian; Mrs. Dan Castello, Mistress of the Manege; Mdlle. Ella Lemoine, Histrionic Equestrienne; Mr. E. Holloway, the Lightning Leaper; Messrs. Hannon and Powers, the daring Calisthenic artistes; Mr. T. Watson, who bids fair to win the title of Champion Rider of the World; La June Burt, the Wild Horseman of the Plains; Mr. Robert Johnson, Scenic Equestrian; Mr. J. Saunders, Leaping and Vaulting Rider; Young Dan Castello, the youngest and smallest Clown in the world; Mr. W. Lehman, a very expert Somersaulter; Mr. Tom Burgess, a quaint and old-fashioned clown; Mr. Horace F. Nichols, the most affable of Ring-Masters; Mr. Thos. Hodge, and others, of versatile abilities, that must in time win them fame and position.

The Richmond Whig said: Herr Lengel's feats with the wild animals furnish a wonderful evidence of what nerve, cool courage and determination can achieve. The animals are splendid specimens of the genus feline, and having been but recently captured and caged, retain the major portion of their innate ferocity. All the animals of this species that "lion kings" have handled were trained, and to a certain extent rendered docile. But these creatures know little of caressing, and appear to be opposed to either kindness or familiarity. Herr Lengel enters the den with apparent unconcern, and although they growl, spit (cat-like,) and strike at him, he makes them keep their distance. He feeds them, and absolutely tears a piece of meat from the clutches of the Lion. 'Tis when he is about to retire that the danger becomes so apparent. As he passes through the barred grate they all spring towards it, but failing to catch him they set up a series of howls and roars the most deafening. Great as the performance is, one cannot behold it without a shudder, and experience a dread lest it might end fatally.

THE GRAND PROCESSION

Will be given at 11 o'clock, a.m., and will, without exception, be found to be the largest and most gorgeous Pageant ever given as a public gratuity. Led by Heralds and Marshals—a long caravan of mounted Knights clad in steel armor attending the Ladies of the Court, attired in robes of regal splendor—will precede the Queen's Carriage of State, the only one ever imported to America, having been purchased in England by the European agent of Dan Castello's great show, for the express purpose of transporting Herr Lengel, the Lion King! Succeeding this will come the Triumphal Golden Car of Orpheus, containing Ollershaw's Cornet Band, the finest Orchestra ever attached to a travelling establishment. This will be followed by the Crusaders of the age of Chivalry, all appropriately costumed, and riding magnificent animals; then will be exhibited the Colossal Lion Den, a beautiful and exquisitely painted vehicle, drawn by four span of black Horses.

The cost of this one feature alone was $80,000. The long line of animated splendors will terminate with the blooded, highly trained Acting Horses, and the elfin Ponies and Mules.

DAN CASTELLO'S

GREAT SHOW!

WILL PERFORM AT

Brockville, Thursday,......Aug. 9.
Kemptville, Monday,......Aug. 13.
Prescott, Tuesday,.........Aug. 14.
Cornwall, Wednesday,....Aug. 15.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
OF

Household Furniture!

HECTOR McLEAN has received instructions to sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, at ten o'clock a. m., on the vacant lot adjoining the store of Mr. J. Boyden, Sussex Street, a large quantity of

Good Second-Hand Furniture!

NEARLY NEW.

ALSO, A LOT OF DRY GOODS.

The whole will be sold without reserve. Terms Cash.
189td H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Important Sale of Timber Limits.

Saw Mills, City and Farming Property, and Furnishings of large Lumbering Business.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE of the late JOHN EGAN, to close the Trust of this extensive establishment, will offer by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

In the City of Ottawa,

On Wednesday and Thursday.

The 19th and 20th September,

the following TIMBER LIMITS, covering an area of some 700 square miles, in Blocks, as below:

Bessets, Grant's Creek and Petawawa, Licenses Nos. 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 of 1865 and '66, with a total area of about 225 square miles.

This Block of Limits, intersected by two large streams, which have been improved at immense expense, and having a frontage of some sixteen miles on the main Ottawa, *is unsurpassed* for either SAW-LOG or TIMBER MANUFACTURE, a depot with buildings of every description, together with a Small Farm and four to five hundred acres of land, is included in this lot.

Madawaska Block, Licenses Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228 and 229, on the main Madawaska and Opeongo Branch, covering an area of some 220 square miles, has a frontage on the Madawaska of 15 miles, and 10 on the Opeongo Branch; a Farm of some 200 acres, with excellent buildings, and a Grist Mill with this lot.

The Little Bonnechere Block, Licenses Nos. 219 220, 221, 222, 223, and 224, of 1865 and 1866, extending from Cuchene Lake to the sources of the Little Bonnechere, some 20 miles, with a depth of from five to eight miles on each side, and embracing an area of some 216 square miles, with Farms, Saw Mills, Dams and Slides, the latter of which, with the other improvements of the river through the limits, *cost some £8,000.*

The above limits are all supplied with material for next winter's operations, as Horses, Oxen, Pork, Flour, Hay, Oats, &c., (Inventories of which will be furnished); these, the purchaser of the limits is required to take at a fair valuation.

Pontiac Mill property and Saw Mills, (if not previously sold) are situated on the Chatts Falls at the head of the Chaudiere Lake. There are some fifty saws in all, with cutting capacity of 800 logs in 24 hours.

The property comprises a block of some four to five hundred acres of land, together with a number of splendidly placed mill sites, with an unlimited supply of water.

Real Estate, City of Ottawa, comprises Lot 18 North Baird Street; 18, South McKay Street; 23 and 24, South Sparks Street, and 23 and 24 North Queen Street—will be sold "en bloc." Lot 19, South Boteler Street; Lots 10, 12, and 14, South Victoria Terrace; Lot 22, North Besserer Street; Lot 26, South Ottawa Street; Lot 6, Block D, Le Breton's Flat; also, Block on North side Sparks Street, opposite the Russell House, having a frontage on Sparks Street of 118 ft. 6in., and on Wellington Street 122ft. 6in.

In the above are some of the finest sites in the City for private residences or business purposes.

FARMING LANDS.

TOWNSHIP OF LITCHFIELD.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 8th range,..........100 acres
Lots 10, 16, & N W ½ of 17 in the 5th range 500 acres
Lot 19, in the 4th range,..........................200 acres

WESTMEATH.
Lot 10, Range A, Cologne Lake,..............163 acres
Lot 7, 2nd Range,....................................200 acres
Lot 7, 3d Range,......................................200 acres
West ½ 10, 1st range,................................100 acres
Lots 6 and 7, 3d range, Musk Rat Lake....400 acres
Lot 5, 4th range, Musk Rat Lake..............200 acres

ONSLOW.
West ½ Lot 15, in the 4th range................50 acres
South ½ Lot 4, in the 7th range................100 acres
North ½ of Lots 23, 25, 26 & 27, in range 9..400 acres
North ½ of Lot 12, S ½ of 13, & S ½ of 24, Tenth range...300 acres
S ½ of Lots 10, 11, 18, and whole of 19.......400 acres
½ Lot 13, S ½ of 12, & N ½ of 14, range 11..300 acres

NEPEAN.
Rear ½ of Lot 27, in the 4th concession......100 acres

WAKEFIELD.
South ½ s of Lots 13 and 14, 10th range......200 acres

HULL.
South ½ of Lot 28, in the 8th range...........100 acres

EARDLEY.
Lot 14, in the 6th range.............................87 acres
Lots 12, (165 acres), 13, (133 acres), and W ½ of 11, 12th range.................................100 acres

CUMBERLAND.
Lot 3, in the 8th concession.......................200 acres

ALLUMETTE ISLAND.
Part of Lot 5, 2nd range.............................51 acres

BRISTOL.
N W ½ of Lot 17, range 5............................50 acres
N W ½ of Lot 13, (100 acres), N W ½ of 18, (100 acres), and N W ½ of 19, (84 acres) in the 7th concession...........................284 acres
N E ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of 7, N E ½ and S W ½ of 15, in the 8th concession...............400 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of 3, rear ½ of 5, and Lot 16, in the 9th concession.........500 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, and rear ½ of Lot 4, in the 10th concession..........300 acres
Lot 1, and S E ½ of Lot 8, in the 11th con..300 acres
Lot 3, and front ½ of Lot 6, in 12th con......300 acres

CLARENDON.
W ½ of Lot 4, and N W ½ of Lot 6, 9th con..250 acres
Lot 1, front ½ of Lot 3, rear ½ of Lot 11, front ½ of Lots 12 and 13, 10th range...500 acres
S W ½ of Lot 1, rear ½ of Lot 3, W ½ of Lot 11, and Lots 22 and 24, in the 11th range..700 acres
Rear ½ of Lot 4, W ½ of Lots 12 and 13, rear ½ of Lots 14, and 15, front ½ of Lots 16 and 18 in the 12th range.............................1000 acres
Lots 12, 14, 17, and rear ½ s of Lots 20 and 21, 13th range...800 acres

Terms for city property and lands:—One fourth down, balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest at 7 per cent.

Some of the above Lands are timbered, others are improved, and all are valuable, from their superior position, and facilities of access, to both lumbering and Ottawa market.

The Stock consists of very superior Draught Horses, an immense quantity of Chains, Ropes, Boats, Anchors, and a couple of hundred pairs of Blankets.

The Sale will commence at one p.m. each day.

Further terms will be made known previous to Sale.

Plans of the above properties can be seen and further information obtained. In Montreal, from HENRY McKAY, Exchange Court. In Aylmer, from HENRY CHEPMELL, at the Office of the Trustees. In Quebec, from JOHN FORAN, Esqr., and in Ottawa, from

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN.
OFFICE—Opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks Street. 180-td

New Goods. New Goods. New Goods.

PEG TOP DEPOT!

On Elgin St., opposite the Post Office,

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL supply of
Broadcloths, Doeskins,
Cassimeres, Venetians,
Bedford Cords,
Cricketing Flannels, &c.

ALSO, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,

All of which will be made up cheap, and in good style. I respectfully request the patronage of the members of the Legislature.

G. M. HOLBROOK
Late of the Peg Top Depot, Quebec.
Ottawa, May 2, 1866. 115-y

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.

THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.—The creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the office of Messrs. Fitzpatrick and Moore, in the city of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of AUGUST next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the forenoon, to receive statements of his affairs, and to name an assignee.

C. SPARROW, JR.

Dated at the City of Ottawa, In the County of Carleton, This 27th of July, A.D., 1866. 189td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture, &c., &c.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, THE 31st INST., at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the late MR. JULYAN, in the rear of the Russell Hotel, on the corner of Queen and Elgin Streets, all the household effects of the deceased, consisting of

SOFAS, CHAIRS, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, PICTURES,
STOVES and PIPES, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CROCKERY, and KITCHEN FURNITURE,

Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding,

BUREAUS, LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

Amongst the above articles is a very handsome Dressing Glass.

Terms of Sale Cash, and Goods removed during the day.

A. ROWE,
138y AUCTIONEER.

The Hudson Bay Company's

BUFFALO ROBES.

THE FIRST ANNUAL SALE

WILL TAKE PLACE

AT THE COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,

17, COMMON STREET,

ON WEDNESDAY, 8th AUGUST, 1866.

Catalogues will be prepared, and further particulars shortly announced.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, July 26. 187td

VARIETY HALL!

No. 54, Sussex Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING Purchased the FURNITURE of Two Private Dwellings, now offers the same for sale, and will

Give Decided Bargains!

Until the whole is disposed of.

The Stock consists of the following, viz:—
Brussells and Union Carpets.
Hall and Stair Carpets.
Tables and Sofas; Parlor Chairs.
Iron and Marble Parlor Stands; Centre Tables.
Beautiful Easy Chair, Velvet Covered.
Several large Mirrors in Gilt Mahogany.
12 beautiful Engravings, well framed.
Hair Mattrasses; Bedsteads; Washstands.
Toilet Tables; Pembroke Tables.
Sideboards, Bureaus, Window Cornices & Shades
Door and Table Mats; Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture. Also,
1 first-class Refrigerator; and 1 Platform Scales.

BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Also, a first-class assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

At the Variety Hall, No. 54, Sussex Street.
JOSEPH BOYDEN,
186y General Commission Agent.

NOTICE.

A NEW FIRM JUST OPENED.

O. WARDELL & Co.

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR Establishment, in Proderick's New Block, Sussex Street, where they will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Every evening at 7 o'clock.

Their stock consists of
Broadcloths,
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Doeskins,
Cottons,
Table Linen,
Readymade Clothing,
Satchel's Cutlery,
&c., &c., &c.

Terms Cash on delivery.
158d O. WARDELL & CO.

NOTICES.

NOTICE!

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE R. R. Hamilton, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise proceedings will be taken against them.

J. R. HAMILTON.
Ottawa, July 26th, 1866. 186-b

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Provincial Parliament, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Ottawa Water Works Company, for the supply of the city of Ottawa with water
Ottawa, January 30. 36-tf

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made to the Provincial Parliament at its next session, for an Act to declare the will of the late George Desbarats, of the City of Montreal, Esquire, valid and binding as respects real estate in Upper Canada, and to define the powers given to the Executors thereof, so as more effectually to carry out the intentions of the Testator.
Ottawa, May 12. 124-1a2m

NOTICE.—The person who picked up this morning, in one of the apartments of the Russell House, a GOLD WATCH and valuable CHAIN, will please return it to the proprietor otherwise he will be prosecuted.
Ottawa, 19th July, 1866. 181-t

WANTS.

WANTED A NURSE.—TO ASSIST in the care of children. Good references required. Must be a Protestant. Apply to
MRS. E. A. MEREDITH,
189-3 Ashburnham Hill.

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK for a Hotel. Must bring good recommendations as to character, &c. Apply at Hamilton's Hotel, York street. 186-tf.

WANTED.—A FARMER COMPETENT to take charge of a small farm and stock. He will be required to make himself generally useful. Apply to
JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont, Aylmer Road,
186a Before 9 a.m., and after 4 p.m.

WANTED.—By a young man just from England, some light employment. He is well educated, and understands Book-keeping thoroughly. Address A.Z., Ottawa, P.O. 185-3

TO DRY GOODS MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—Walter H. Lindsay, head clerk at Cunningham & Lindsay's, having terminated his engagement with that firm, is desirous of obtaining a similar situation with a dry goods or other mercantile house.

Correspondents will address W. H. L., Post Office. 161tf

WANTED.—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply at this office. 153tf

WANTED.—IMMEDIATELY, a First-Class COOK. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, April 23. 107-tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,
J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.
Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

WANTED.—A SITUATION in a GROCERY or GENERAL STORE, by a young man who is experienced in the business. Apply at this office.
Ottawa, April 14. 100 tf

ATTENTION!

OF ALL THE MODERN INVENTIONS none have accomplished greater good to a greater number than

SEWING MACHINES.

They are a blessing, Morally, Mentally and Physically. Hood has sung in pathetic strains how:

"With fingers weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A woman sat in unwomanly rags,
Plying her needle and thread;
Stitch! stitch! stitch!
In poverty, hunger and dirt,
And still with a voice of dolorous pitch—
She sang the 'Song of the Shirt.'"

Every philanthropist has wished that this poor woman had been supplied with one of WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES, that Hood *might* have written truthfully of her,—

A woman sat in an elegant room,
With joyous heart and looks serene;
Her delicate fingers guided her work,
And her foot was turning a Sewing Machine.
She sang the last new Opera Song,
As the cast iron Dorcas sewed the seams,
She sewed the buttons where they belong,
And blessed the inventor of Sewing Machines.

Who does not envy Messrs. Wheeler & Wilson the innumerable benisons they must have received from the fair sex, whose former work of *weeks* they have enabled them to *do in hours,* and in a far superior manner.

The earnest seeker after domestic felicity cannot invest $50 more profitably than in the purchase of a SEWING MACHINE. The female members of his household will be relieved of their sewing drudgery. What *was* labor will become *recreation,* and they will hereafter have time for social enjoyment and intellectual culture. But we will not attempt to prove what everybody admits, that *every family should have a Sewing Machine.* The question is—What kind to get? The answer is—*Get the Best!* Which means WHEELER & WILSON'S. They will execute in a superior style, a greater variety of work; they are more simple in construction than any other *Lock Stitch* Machines, and are consequently more durable and less liable to get out of repair, and they work with less noise and friction than any other. These are facts that have been certified to by impartial judges at Town, County, Provincial, State, National, and World's Exhibitions in Europe and America.

G. A. WALTON, *Agent.*
37 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

N. B.—Needles for all Machines, Machine Oil, Spool Silk, etc. All kinds of Sewing Machines repaired. 190y

DE WITT'S
Anti-Dyspeptic Tonic Bitters!

These BITTERS are a certain cure for DYSPEPSIA.
They *create a healthy appetite,* and strengthen the system.
They are in use and for sale at all Druggists, Grocers, Hotels and Restaurants.

Prepared from the Original Receipt by
J. J. VAUGHAN & Co.,
OTTAWA, C. W.
Ottawa, July 19. 181-3m

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TOBACCOS.

J. G. ZIMMERMAN

DEALER IN

Tobaccos, Cigars,

FANCY GOODS.

Meerschaum Briar, Gutta Percha Pipes, &c.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

TOBACCOS!

From 20 cts up to $1.50 cts per pound.
CIGARS,..........................from 2 cts up to 10 cts.

Orders will be taken for a new musical Cigar stand, delivered in 4 weeks from the day the order is given.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
Ottawa, June 26. 160*

Prime Imported Stock

J. ROOS
26½ SPARKS ST.,
NORTH SIDE,

Has just received by express this day a fresh supply of

Pure Virginia Tobacco,

AND A QUANTITY OF

A 1 "La Creme" Cigars.

ALSO, CHOICE MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, and CLAY PIPES.

Call and examine the stock. It can't be equalled in this city.
Ottawa, April 26. 1865. 110-tf

INSURANCE ADVERT'S.

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE!

Capital, £1,000,000 stg.

DIRECTORS:
Chairman,—William Workman, Esq., President City Bank.
Jno. Redpath, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Montreal. | B. H. LeMoine, Esq., Cashier "La Banque du Peuple."
Alexander M. Delisle, Esq.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:
104 *St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.*

Insures all descriptions of Property against loss or damage by fire.
Farm property insured.
Life business transacted with liberal conditions at low rates.

JOHN C. T COCHRANE,
OTTAWA, AGENT,
Office:—Elgin St., opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, May 9. 121-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUMONT FARM.

H. McLEAN OFFERS FOR sale in one or in two lots, the above desirable property. The first Lot, well adapted for a Gentleman's country residence, consists of 40 acres, more or less, of good pasture and table land, well fenced, with good Stone Cottage, 50x60, a large prolific Orchard, Barn, Stable, &c. The House stands from 80 to 100 feet above the level of the Ottawa river, distant half a mile. The view from the House and land is magnificent, including the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, an extensive view of the river and Lower Canada, with the mountains in the distance. This Lot is well adapted for building purposes.

The Second Lot consists of 90 acres of good arable land, abutting on the Ottawa. There is a Cottage and Barn, &c.; there is brick earth on the edge of the river. This Lot would be divided into two Lots, for two purchasers, if required.

For further particulars apply to Mr. McLean, Ottawa. 188b

TO LET.—Two new cottages on Sandy Hill, 7 rooms each, and good stone cellars.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
The Tea Pot, Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 23. 184d

FOR SALE.—That eligible property known as WOODROOFS, owned by the late Captain Baker, beautifully situated on the Richmond Road, within five miles from Ottawa, containing 500 acres or thereabouts, being composed of the broken Lots 24 and 25 in 1st Concession Ottawa, Front on Nepean.

Also Pew No. 62, in Christ Church, Ottawa.

For terms and particulars, apply to the Revd. Charles Forrest, Merrickville, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, Ottawa.
Feby 10, 1866. 6-tf

SEALED TENDERS

IN DUPLICATE, the Service and Supply being marked on the Envelope, will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until noon, on

Thursday, 16th August Next,

For the following supplies, &c., at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

FOR MILITARY HOSPITALS.

1. Provisions to Military Hospitals.
2. Washing Bedding and Clothing.
3. Emptying Privies—At per Privy per time. Emptying Cesspools—At per Cesspool per time.
4. Emptying Ashpits—At so much per annum to be paid quarterly, and emptied as often as demanded. Contract to cease if buildings are given up.
5. Taking down, Cleaning and refixing Stoves and Stove Pipes.—At per Stove per time.
6. Sweeping Chimnies—At per Flue per time.

Separate Tenders will be required for each service as above mentioned.

The conditions of the several contracts (to which particular attention is invited) forms of tenders, and all other necessary information can be obtained at the Commissariat Office at Ottawa.

No tenders except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures thereto must be *bona fide* those of principal and surities.

A. M. FESTING,
D.A.C.G.
Commissariat Officer in charge, Kingston District.
25th July, 1866. 189-t14a

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned will be received at this office, until Saturday, the 5th day of August next, at noon, for the construction and completion of the following works, required to be done at

Rideau Hall, Ottawa, viz.:

For the erection and completion of a Conservatory or Green House.
For the Erection and completion of a Vinery.
For the erection and completion of a Coach-House and Stables.
For altering, adapting and fitting up the present Stables as a Laundry, &c., &c.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Of the several new works and alterations may be seen at this office, on and after

MONDAY, THE 30th INSTANT.

A SEPARATE TENDER

Must be given for each work, and on the envelope thereof must be endorsed the nature of the Tender.

PARTIES TENDERING

Must give their names and address in full, and also the signature of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the works.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest, or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 27. 188td

ARMY CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS IN DUPLICATE—the service or supply being marked on the envelope—will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, Kingston District, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th AUGUST next, for the following supplies and services, at Ottawa, for one year from 1st October, 1866, to 30th September, 1867, viz.:

GENERAL SERVICE.
FRESH MEAT, at per 100 lbs.
BREAD, at per do.
FIREWOOD, at per cord.
FORAGE, at per ration.
COAL OIL, at per Gallon.
WICKS, for Coal Oil Lamps, at per dozen.
WATER, for Troops, at per 100 gallons.
LAND TRANSPORT—Cartage.

Separate Tenders will be required for each of the above services.

The conditions of the several Contracts (to which particular attention is invited,) the probable quantity of each article required, or the nature of the service to be performed, forms of tender, and all other necessary information, can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Ottawa.

No Tenders, except those on the printed forms will be noticed, and the signatures must be bona fide those of the principals and sureties.

Commissariat, Kingston, C.W., 23rd July, 1866.
A. M. FESTING,
D. A. C. G.,
Commissariat Officer in charge Kingston District.
Ottawa, July 26. 187-t.f.m.w.f.m.w.f.m.

FOR SALE!

300 hf chests young Hyson Tea.
350 do Twankay do.
400 do Japans do.
100 do Gunpowder do.
120 do Imperial do.

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS, &c.

ALSO

100 puns. Highwines.
25 hhds. Gin.
25 qr. casks Gin.
300 Green cases Gin.
300 Red do do.
800 Brandy do.
500 Claret do.
75 Champagne Green Seal.

AND A GENERAL STOCK OF

LIQUORS.

All having escaped the late duties.

JOSEPH PHELAN,
171tf 535 and 537 Paul Street, Montreal.

LIKE THE PHŒNIX OF OLD

We Raise from our Ashes!!

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED REspectfully tender their thanks to their numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed upon them, and at the same time intimate that they have, since the recent fire on Rideau Street, opened the store in the building, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Messrs. Workman & Griffin's, where they will constantly keep on hand a superior stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, &c., which they will sell at the very lowest prices.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE.
Ottawa, July 12, 1866. 175-3m

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

At the Sign of the Golden Sheep,

96 & 98,

Sussex Street, opposite Clarence St.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME

RETURNS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN general for the liberal patronage which he has received from them up to the present time, and takes this opportunity to announce that he has just opened out, in the same building, next door to his old store, A NEW STORE OF

CLOTHS & TWEEDS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &C.

Together with a TAILOR SHOP of the First Class.

Where he will execute promptly, and in the latest style, all orders that he may be favored with.

The undersigned would also give notice that he will have always on hand at HIS OLD STORE, a complete assortment of

Dry Goods!

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

HOSIERY, CLOAKS, MANTLES,

LIQUORS, &c.,

And he has determined to sell out all his stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY, HOSIERY, LIQUORS, &c., and at

Reduced Prices!

Being desirous of discontinuing this branch of trade. The Liquors will only be sold wholesale.

N. B.—The public are invited to visit these two stores, and judge for themselves of the excellent quality and cheapness of the articles which are offered for sale.

J. T. PRUD'HOMME.
Ottawa, June 19. 155-3m

COTTONS. PRINTS. COTTONS.

SECOND WEEK OF GREAT SALE OF

COTTON GOODS!

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

On MONDAY, the 28th inst, and following days, we will offer our large stock of COTTON GOODS,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Sale each day from 9 a.m. till 7 p.m.

Customers will find this a rare chance for buying Cottons by the piece.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, May 28, 1866. 136-3m

NEW SPRING GOODS. — NEW SPRING GOODS.

New Spring Goods.

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PEOPLE IN GENERAL THAT THEIR

SPRING STOCK!

IS NOW COMPLETE

In all its Departments!

AND INVITE INSPECTION OF THE SAME AT EARLIEST CONVENIENCE.

Union Block, cor. of Sussex & York

STREETS, LOWER TOWN.

Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-y

ESTABLISHED 1844.

1866) Spring Importations. (1866

O'MEARA & CO.,

50, SPARKS STREET,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER one of the largest and best assorted Stock of DRY GOODS ever brought to the city. Thankful for past favors, they desire to inform their friends that their Stock is now complete in every Department of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

And will be found replete with every NOVELTY OF THE HOME AND CONTINENTAL MARKETS, imported expressly for this season.

O'MEARA & CO.,

Manufacturers of Clothing,

Invite an inspection of their Magnificent Stock of CLOTHS, Imported expressly for this Market, comprising all the newest designs and materials in BROADCLOTHS, PLAIN & FANCY SILK MIXTURES, COATINGS, do., do., TROWSERINGS.

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds.

Comprising Chaudiere Tweeds, Halifax Grass, Bedford Cords; also Plain and Fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres, in all colors and qualities; Black and Colored Alpacas Coatings; Fancy Flannels, and a full assortment of GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING. They would also direct special attention to their Stock of

MENS' YOUTHS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

Which is, as usual, the largest and best assorted in the City, being replete with every novelty of design and Material, manufactured EXPRESSLY for the Ottawa Trade, under the superintendence of experienced Cutters.

An endless variety of Hats, Caps, Gloves, Collars, Neck-Ties, White Shirts, plain and striped half Hose, &c., kept constantly on hand

Orders Promptly Attended to.

O'MEARA & CO
ALEXR. DUFF.
OTTAWA, APRIL 7 1866 94-t

POOR COPY

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

SHOP AND DWELLING-House for Sale in the village of Richmond, 18 miles from the City of Ottawa. An excellent opening for a General Merchant.

For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises.

GEORGE BROWN.

Richmond, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

Lot No. 7 South side of Murray Street, with Double House and large Yard and Stables. This is one of the best stands in the City for a Tavern or Boarding House.

ALSO,

A handsome stone Cottage, with about 1½ acres of land, and outhouses attached, beautifully situated on the Montreal and Gatawa Road, only 1½ miles from Ottawa, and commanding a view of the City and surrounding country.

As the road is now being Macadamized, this is a valuable investment. To be sold very cheap.

Apply to J. J. MURPHY,
Solicitor, corner of York and Sussex Streets

Ottawa, May 23. 133-tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side, Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell) One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell.

Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf

RURAL RESIDENCES. The Subscriber offers for sale Lots to suit purchasers, in the immediate vicinity of Ottawa. The property is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ottawa River, along the Richmond Road, within 3 miles of the city. Parties desirous of building a Country Residence will find these Lots in every way suitable, being but a short distance out of the city, and where they would be free from heavy taxes.

For further information, apply to
J. & W. THOMSON.

Ottawa, May 17. 128-3m

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other Buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10, South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866.

FOR SALE.—ON SOUTH side Rideau Street, (nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's,) a good three storey Stone House, with a good dwelling and shop below. The building is covered with tin, and extends from front to rear, 74 feet. It is a good business stand.

Terms reasonable.

Apply to EGAR YIELDING.

Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1866. 42-6m

FOR SALE.—Lots 12 and 13, South Cathcart Street; 26, 27 and 28, North Rideau Street; 1 West Augusta Street; 1 and 2 East Chapel Street—all in the City of Ottawa.

Also, **VILLA LOTS** 10, 11, 12 and 13, being part of the South half of the front part of Lot 20, Junction Gore, Township of Gloucester, as laid down in the registered plan by George F. Austin—and other City Lots and Farming Lands.

Money to Lend on Real Estate.

Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--- A FINE Stone Building. One of the best chances in Canada for a Grocer of capital, or for an hotel. Price moderate. Apply to
JOHN MACAULAY,
Chaudiere, Ottawa.

My19-130-3m

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

—ALSO—

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

LIFE, GROWTH AND BEAUTY.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing invigorate, strengthen and lengthen the hair. They act directly upon the roots of the hair, supplying required nourishment, and natural color and beauty returns. Grey hair disappears, bald spots are covered, hair stops falling, and luxuriant growth is the result. Ladies and Children will appreciate the delightful fragrance and rich, glossy appearance imparted to the hair, and no fear of soiling the skin, scalp, or most elegant head-dress.

Sold by all Druggists.

Depot 198 & 200 Greenwich St. N. Y.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Dec. 9, 18

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE

Farms For Sale!

No. 1.

100 ACRES OF THE PROPERTY known as the OSSIAN HALL FARM, situated in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession, Rideau Front. There is an extensive clearing on the lot of at least 50 acres, and the remainder is covered with a fine Hardwood Bush. The Farm is within *five miles* of the City, and is beautifully situated on the banks of the Rideau River, thus having an approach to the city either by land or water. The land is of a superior quality, and yields excellent crops.

No. 2.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being Lot No. 12, in the 7th concession. There is about 20 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with wood.

No. 3.

200 ACRES OF LAND, SITUATED in the Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton, Rideau Front, being Lot No. 20, in the 4th concession. There is about 25 acres of this Farm cleared, the remainder is covered with a good Hardwood Bush. This is a good Farm, and will be sold at reasonable rates.

No. 4.

100 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE Township of Osgoode, County of Carleton. This Farm is situated within Two miles of the Gloucester Church, and within Eleven miles of Ottawa City. There is about 40 acres of this Farm cleared and under cultivation.

No. 5.

100 ACRES OF LAND IN THE Township of Gloucester, County of Carleton, being the East half of Lot No. 21, in 2nd concession. This is a good Farm and will be sold cheap.

—ALSO—

A TWO AND A-HALF STORY HOUSE, situated on Lot No. 6, north side of Cathcart Street. The building is nearly new, and finished—30x36. There is also a good Frame Dwelling on the Lot—24x24, which rents at $100 per annum. It is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Terminus, and is a very desirable place for a private residence.

—ALSO—

LOTS NOS. 2 AND 3 ON THE NORTH side of Wilbrod Street. These lots are situated opposite St. Joseph's College, (Sandy Hill,) and are well suited for the erection of private dwellings.

—ALSO—

A NUMBER OF LOTS SITUATED IN different parts of the city, well adapted either for private residences or business purposes. For further particulars and terms of sale.

APPLY TO H. J. FRIEL & CO.,
Or. to H. McLEAN,
Land Agent.

Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-tf

CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!
CALL! CALL!! CALL!!!

AT THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!
THE OTTAWA SHIRT STORE!

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT
THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

Where you will find
Where you will find

A large assortment of
A large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!
PLAIN AND FANCY SHIRTS!

Also, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Wristbands, Braces, at 25 Sparks Street.

122y THOS BEAMENT

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Ice Box Refrigerators

FROM $8 UPWARDS.
WARRANTED OF FIRST CLASS

MANUFACTURE, AND TO KEEP

MEATS, BUTTER, ETC.,

FRESH IN WARM WEATHER.

KEDZIE and other Filters,
COOLERS,
MILITARY TUB BATHS,
COMBINERS,
SHOWER SPONGE, PLUNGE,

Foot, Hip, and Slipper Baths,

Any of the above articles made to order.

Stoves, Tinware, &c., &c.,

At ESMONDE BROS.,
Sparks Street,
Opposite Ontario Bank.

Ottawa, July 6, 1866. 172-y

NEW BOOKS.

"THE Argosy," Bound, Midsummer Volume, $1.50.

"The Contemporary Review," Bound, Dean Alford.

"Phemie Keller," by F. G. Trafford.

"The Students English Dictionary," by Oglevie.

"Eastward," by Norman McLeod, D.D.

Chamber's Journal for June.

London Society, Churchman's Magazine, Good Words, Sunday Magazine, &c., for July.

CHEAP EDITIONS.

Waverley Novels, 30c per vol. Tales of the Borders, 30c per vol. Cooper's Novels, 30c per vol. Marryatt's Novels, 30c per vol. Bulwer's Novels, 50c per vol.

Miscellaneous, School and Church Booksellers.

JOHN DURIE & SON,
12y 10, Sparks Street.

COTTON YARN!

JUST RECEIVED A VERY SUPErior lot of the very best

Dundas and American Cotton Yarn,

—AT—

PRATT & CO.'S,

No. 60, CENTRAL OTTAWA,
Opposite Bishop's Hotel.

All Numbers Warranted.

Ottawa, July 19. 1866. 51-3-w

WOOD'S

GOOD SAMARITAN BALM!

Protected by Letters Patent.

An Internal and External Remedy for Curing Pains.

Keep it in your Family—Sickness comes when you do not expect it.

THIS IS AN INTERNAL and external Remedy, composed of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, such as our forefathers used. There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints. This was a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the following complaints, viz.:—

Headache, Earache, Neuralgia, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back or Side, Stiffness in the Joints, Cholic and Cramp Pains, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sprains Chapped Hands, Frosted Feet and Chilblains.

For sale by all Druggists throughout the Province. Directions for use will accompany each bottle.

A liberal discount made to Druggists and Wholesale Dealers.

Manufactured by G. WOOD,
Ottawa, C. W.

N. B.—All orders will receive prompt attention if addressed to G. WOOD, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 28, 1866 15w-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

January 1, 1866. 12tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed* Vessels be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances. I have, &c.,

[Signed,] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent; and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.

The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.

Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-tf

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

"TIMES" BUILDING, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandizing, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,
Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

B. PETERS, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 21w-3m

FOR SALE.

200 BBLS. OF MESS AND PRIME

MESS PORK,

Packed and inspected by R. Kinly, Esq., of Ottawa,

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries & Liquors

Country Merchants would do well to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

D. WHELAN,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, January 4. 29tf

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SUMMER SERVICE.

SAILING WEEKLY

ACADIAN,	(Building)	2650 Tons
AUSTRIAN	(Building)	
PERUVIAN	Capt. Ballantine	2600 Tons
MORAVIAN	Capt. Aiton	2650 Tons
HIBERNIAN	Capt. Dutton	2434 Tons
NOVA-SCOTIAN	Capt. Wylie	2300 Tons
BELGIAN	Capt. Brown	2400 Tons
NORTH-AMERICAN,	Capt. Kerr	1784 Tons
DAMASCUS	Capt. Watt	1800 Tons

Passengers Booked to Liverpool & Londonderry.

Rates of Through Passage from OTTAWA to LIVERPOOL or LONDONDERRY:

CABIN .... $68.75 to $86.75.
(According to accommodation.)
STEERAGE .... $34.25.

RETURN TICKETS GRANTED AT REDUCED RATES.

GLASGOW LINE.

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons	Capt. Aird.
ST. GEORGE,	1468 tons	Capt. Smith.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 tons	Capt. Scott.
ST. PATRICK,	1207 tons	Capt. Trocks.

The steamers of this Line will sail at regular intervals between the Clyde and Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

For passage, or any other particulars, apply to

HEUBACH & COWARD.
AGENTS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May, 14. 125-y

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements connot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion; and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servent
A. C. BUCHANAN,
Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

Insolvent Act of 1864.

SALE OF LANDS.

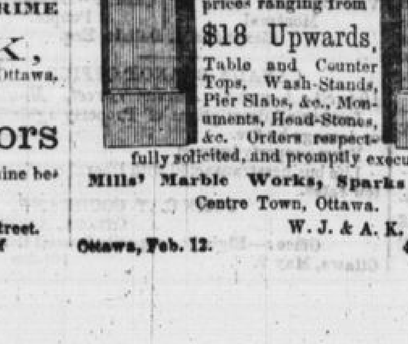
IN RE, THOMAS STORY, AN INSOLVENT.

PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE IN that behalf, public notice is hereby given that on the Fifteenth day of August next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned Lands and Tenements, being the property of the said Insolvent, (subject to a Mortgage thereon in favor of Alexander Christie,) will be sold by Public Auction at my office, on Elgin street, in the City of Ottawa: Being composed of Villa Lots, Numbers One, Two, and Three, fronting the Rideau Canal, and Lots Numbers Four, Five and Six, fronting the Concession Line, or allowance for road between Concessions C and D, in the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, as laid out and marked on a plan drawn by George F. Austin, Provincial Land Surveyor, and deposited in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, of that portion of the Northerly half of Lot lettered G, in Concession C, Rideau Front, (the said Northerly half being formed by dividing the said Lot up the centre, from front to rear,) situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal; also that other portion of the said Northerly half of Lot lettered G, situate, lying and being on the Easterly side of the Rideau Canal, which said part is butted and bounded, or may be otherwise known as follows; that is to say, commencing at a point on the Westerly side of the Concession Road, between Concessions C and D, in said Township, distant eight hundred and fifty-two and one half links, in a Southerly direction from the Northeast angle of Lot lettered G, aforesaid, thence Southerly along the said Concession Road, two hundred and seven and one half links, more or less, to the land owned by George Patterson, Esq., thence Westerly, parallel with the division line between said Lot G and Lot F, in the said Concession, and along the Northern boundary of the said George Patterson's land, nine hundred and forty-nine links, more or less, to the Queen's highway, running along the East side of the Rideau Canal, thence Northerly along the said highway two hundred and eight links, thence Easterly, parallel with the said division line, between said Lots G and F, one thousand and six links, to the place of beginning, said last described portion of Land containing, by admeasurement, two acres more of less.

Dated at the City of Ottawa this Third day of May, A. D., 1866.

FRANCES CLEMOW,
117-3m OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Mantle-Pieces!



IN MARBELIZED SLATE, American, Italian and Arnprior MARBLE, at prices ranging from

$18 Upwards,

Table and Counter Tops, Wash-Stands, Pier Slabs, &c., Monuments, Head-Stones, &c. Orders respectfully solicited, and promptly executed.

Mills' Marble Works, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

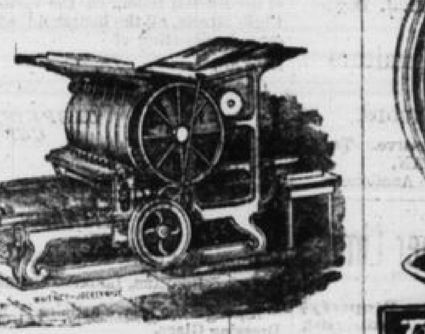
W. J. & A. K. MILLS.

Ottawa, Feb. 12. 48utf

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL.

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

PROPERTY to SELL

ADVERTISE!

Do You want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

A PROCLAMATION.

GEO. ET. CARTIER, *Atty.-Gen.* **WHEREAS, in and** by the thirty-eight chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of this Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation: and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months or for any shorter period in such Proclamation expressed: AND WHEREAS, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of this Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these presents, and that the same do and shall continue in force for and during the period of 6 Calendar Months from the date hereof, unless this Proclamation be soon revoked and recalled under the provisions of the said Act: Of all which, Her Majesty's loving subjects, and all others whom these presents do or may in anywise concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the CITY OF OTTAWA, in the said Province, this TENTH day of April, in the the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and in the Twenty Ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

MONCK.

By Command,
WM. McDOUGALL, Secretary. 124-tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
148tf Clerk Executive Council.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

February 28, 1866. 66-tf

ALES & PORTER

Victoria Vaults!

Wellington Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHILST TENDERING their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally, for their steady and increasing patronage and support, would beg to draw their attention to the fact that, having now supplied the city for eighteen months, their experience has enabled them to select such a stock of ALES as shall please the most fastidious taste, while their increased facilities for Bottling and delivering will ensure the promptest attention to all orders they may be favored with.

H. F. BRADING & Co.

Waggons will be sent regularly, twice a week to Aylmer, Richmond, and Chelsea.

Ottawa, March 27, 1866. 83-3m

A FEW ROOMS AT DUIGNAN'S HOTEL, Sparks Street, may be obtained by Daily, or Weekly Boarders.

Ottawa, June 19, 1866. 155-tf

GOLD AND SILVER.

AWFUL SACRIFICE!
BUT
BANKRUPTCY AVOIDED!

Extraordinary Announcement

$2,500,000 WORTH OF Gold and Silver Splendid Jewelry, French Clocks, Diamond Rings, Pianos, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Silver Ware, &c., &c., to be disposed of at TWO DOLLARS, each article, without regard to Value!

Grand International Meeting of Manufacturers of Watches and Jewelry.

The following has been resolved, in consequence of the great Stagnation of Trade, and in order to relieve from pecuniary embarrassments occasioned by a distressing War, and to avoid

BANKRUPTCY!

$2,000,000 worth of goods from their Stock, must be sold in the course of six months,

AT ANY SACRIFICE!

And for that purpose they have unanimously elected

DE TREY & Co.,
34, LIBERTY STREET,

AS THEIR EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

As a preliminary they would remark that they manufacture and sell no brass or imitation of Jewelry,

ALL ARE WARRANTED GOLD
OF THE
FINEST WORKMANSHIP!

The articles to sell at TWO DOLLARS each, no matter how costly it may be, and consist of Splendid Hunting case Gold and Silver Watches, French Clocks, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls and other precious Stones (Solitaire and in clusters) Ladies' Setts of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear Rings of the most fashionable and recherche style, Gold and Enamelled Bracelets, Studs and Sleeve Buttons, Chains of all descriptions, &c., &c. Silver Ware, (extra plated) comprising Castors, Butter Dish, beautifully chased and engraved, Table and Tea Spoons, Goblets, &c., &c., Pianos, Melodeons and Sewing Machines of the best makers.

The price of each article varies from SIX TO EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS.

How We Shall Proceed.

We have adopted the plan of sale now so popular of charging a uniform price, and this price will be $2 for each article, regardless of value. The expenses of conducting our Agency are paid by the sale of certificates, or coupons, representing the various articles. These certificates are sold at FIFTY CENTS each or 5 for $2.00, and each certificate will show the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to on payment of an addition $2.00.

The expenses of Freight and Packing Pianos or Sewing Machines will be Paid by the Parties who are Entitled to them.

AGENTS ARE WANTED

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and on application a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Drafts, to our order. Please write your Name, Town, County and State plainly, and address all orders to

DE TREY & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
34 Liberty St., New York.

March 3, 1866. 64-6m

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use
DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

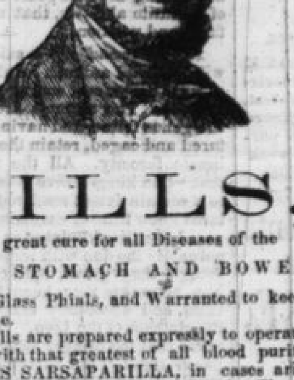
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS,

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

GOOD HEALTH!

SECURED AND RETAINED BY THE use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATERS to be had fresh from the Springs, and delivered daily in the city by the Agents, in any quantity.

AGENTS.—L. N. Nye, Sussex Street; Wm. Massey, Sparks Street; and John Nicholson, Rideau Street.

WM. RODDEN,
Proprietor.

Plantagenet Springs, 13th July, '66. 180-b

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses, &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

PIANO-FORTES

DRIGGS' NEW PATENT

ARE THE ONLY INSTRUMENTS constructed on a truly Scientific Principle—They have greater strength, and will remain longer in Tune, than any other Piano. The construction is simple and natural. The [illegible] the body of the [illegible] two arched plates [illegible] sound boards front and back of a [illegible] wood, [illegible] attached to a strong iron frame, which [illegible] separated and entirely independent of the case, thereby dispensing with the old harp [illegible] ing by substituting straight bridges, [illegible] the [illegible] Mr. DRIGGS is the Inventor. By these improvements we gain much more vibratory power, at the same time preserving all its purity and richness of tone.

They have received the highest testimonials from the press, and all the principal artists in the country.

Harry Sanderson,	*L. M. Gottschalk,*
Max Maretzek,	*S. Thalberg,*
Theodore Eisfeld,	*Wm. Mason,*
Herman Wollenhaupt,	*J. Benti,*
Francis H. Brown,	*M. Strakosch,*
Wm. Henry Fry,	*Chas. Fradel*

MR. SEGISMUND THALBERG, the great pianist, says:—I have examined your new Piano-Fortes, and I cordially approve of its system of construction. Its principle, by which great increase of vibratory power is obtained, being very simple and perfectly philosophical. The tone is grand and noble; it has great capacity for sustaining the sound for singing, and its volume of tone or power I have never heard excelled in depth, purity, and sympathetic sweetness.

WM. HENRY FRY, late musical critic of *The N. Y. Tribune* says:—I have examined your newly invented Piano-Fortes. They merit all the praise given to them by Messrs. Thalberg, Gottschalk, Strackosch, Mason and others. As regards structure, they are original and philosophical; in purity, volume, and continuity of tone; in vocal sostenuto, that crowning excellence which enables the pianists to "sing" on the instrument. Your Pianos ever deserve the highest rank. Your invention, in my opinion, is destined to work radical changes in the manufacture of Pianos throughout the world.

From *The N. Y. Herald,* Sept. 5.—Upon a careful examination of Driggs's Piano Forte, we find the results obtained are a very fine singing tone, great purity and brilliancy throughout the entire instrument, not often found in Pianos constructed upon the old plan.

The N. Y. Times, July 12, says.—We have not an instrument without an equal. It can sing with a smooth delicacy, perfectly unattainable on any other instrument; an ordinary player obtains with no exertion, the fullness of a Grand Piano-Forte, and they must speedily supersede the old style.

GENTLEMEN:—Having thoroughly examined and tested the Piano-Fortes, invented and patented by Mr. S. B. Driggs, I am of the opinion that the tone resulting from his improvements as exhibited in the instruments under examination, in point of richness, depth and brilliancy, equals that of the best Grand Piano-Fortes, and *excels* them in pulse, musical intonation and *actual* tone, power thus approaching closer to what I consider *perfection in the instrument than has yet been achieved by any other system of manufacture.*

Yours respectfully,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

SOLE AGENTS
WM. HALL & SON,
543 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Before purchasing, send for a descriptive catalogue, with price.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Geo. A. Prince & Co's

PATENT

Automatic Organs.

$52 to $552 EACH.

THIRTY NINE VARIETIES

WITH

PATENT BASSO TENUTO OR SUB-BASS

School Organs & Melodeons

Finished in Elegant Rosewood, Walnut or oak cases

Every Instrument Warranted for Five Years—No Charge for Boxing or Shipping.

35,000 Now in Use.

AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE CONTAINing full description of style, and testimonials of the most eminent musicians, as to the superior excellence of our instruments—will be sent free to any address.

The Automatic Organ.

In presenting the AUTOMATIC ORGAN, we boldly announce the greatest triumph in musical instruments of the age. During the past half century, the French and Germans have manufactured reed instruments with double bellows, and two pedals for the feet to operate, but the want of the reversed or EXHAUSTED BELLOWS, (which is the only bellows used in our instruments,) made it impossible for them to produce the mellow, rich and musical tone for which our instruments are celebrated.

Another objection to this method of blowing was, that both feet being occupied, no opportunity was offered for the management of the swell. Within the past two years, instruments constructed on this European plan of "double blowers," have been manufactured in this country, and to counteract this difficulty (want of a swell) a lever has been projected from the centre of the instrument, to act upon the swell, AND OPERATED BY THE KNEE. The inconvenience and contortion necessary to effect this object are disagreeable enough to a gentleman, but to a lady the use of such an appendage is nearly impossible.

Our AUTOMATIC device obviates this difficulty entirely, the simple act of blowing with more or less force giving the desired increase or decrease in the volume of the tone.

The Melodeon and School Organ.

For seventeen years the superior excellence of our Melodeons has not been questioned, and for two years past the enormous demand has made it impossible for us to meet our orders promptly. With our increased facilities, we feel warranted in assuring our patrons that their orders will be promptly met, and solicit a continuance of their patronage.

Caution to Purchasers.

All of our instruments have upon the name-board, in full, "GEO. A. PRINCE & CO." When a dealer represents any other instrument as "the same as ours," it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a large profit.

P.S.—A liberal discount to Churches, Clergymen and Schools. Address

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

Ottawa, Dec. 18th, 1865. 1y

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach. Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-dwy

STOLEN OR STRAYED.---ABOUT THE first of June, from the Subscriber's premises, a Chesnut Colored MARE COLT—two years old—has a large white spot down the face—both hind legs white. Information regarding said colt will be thankfully received by

ALLAN FR

Fitzroy, June 25th, 1866. 2-w

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

POOR COPY